1	AN ACT	
2	RELATING TO LICENSING OF OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND	
3	OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS; AMENDING, REPEALING AND	
4	ENACTING SECTIONS OF CHAPTER 61, ARTICLE 10 NMSA 1978;	
5	PROVIDING FOR PENALTIES; AMENDING THE PHARMACIST PRESCRIPTIVE	
6	AUTHORITY ACT TO REQUIRE THE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE TO	
7	ADOPT REGULATIONS FOR OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS WHO SUPERVISE	
8	PHARMACY CLINICIANS; PROVIDING FOR DELAYED REPEAL.	
9		
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:	
11	SECTION 1. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10	
12	NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:	
13	"SHORT TITLEChapter 61, Article 10 NMSA 1978 may be	
14	cited as the "Osteopathic Medicine Act"."	
15	SECTION 2. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10	
16	NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:	
17	"DEFINITIONSAs used in the Osteopathic Medicine Act:	
18	A. "administer" means to apply a prepackaged drug	
19	to the body of a patient by any means;	
20	B. "board" means the board of osteopathic	
21	medicine;	
22	C. "dispense" means to deliver a drug directly to	
23	a patient and includes the compounding, labeling and	
24	repackaging of a drug from a bulk or original container;	
25	D. "distribute" means to administer or supply	SB 78 Page l

directly to a patient under the direct care of the distributing osteopathic physician's assistant one or more doses of drugs prepackaged by a licensed pharmacist and excludes the compounding or repackaging from a bulk or original container;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

23

24

25

E. "health care practitioner" means an individual licensed, certified or otherwise authorized or permitted by law to provide health care in the ordinary course of business or practice of a profession;

F. "osteopathic medicine" means the complete system or school of osteopathic medicine governed by the Osteopathic Medicine Act;

G. "osteopathic physician" means a physician
licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in New Mexico;

H. "osteopathic physician assistant" means a skilled person licensed by the board as being qualified by academic and practical training to provide patient services under supervision as provided by the Osteopathic Medicine Act;

20 I. "pharmacist clinician" means a pharmacist who 21 exercises prescriptive authority pursuant to the Pharmacist 22 Prescriptive Authority Act;

J. "prescribe" means to issue an order individually for the person for whom prescribed, either directly from the prescriber to the pharmacist or indirectly SB 78

Page 2

by means of a written order signed by the prescriber, bearing
 the name and address of the prescriber, the prescriber's
 license classification, the name and address of the patient
 and the name of the drug prescribed, directions for its use
 and the date of its issue; and

K. "supervising physician" means a physician licensed under the Medical Practice Act or an osteopathic physician."

6

7

8

9

10

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

SECTION 3. Section 61-10-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1974, Chapter 78, Section 16) is amended to read:

11 "61-10-2. CRIMINAL OFFENDER'S CHARACTER EVALUATION.--12 The provisions of the Criminal Offender Employment Act shall 13 govern any consideration of criminal records required or 14 permitted by the Osteopathic Medicine Act."

SECTION 4. Section 61-10-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 117, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-10-3. LICENSE.--It is unlawful for any person to practice as an osteopathic physician in this state without a license issued by the board; provided that any license or certificate previously issued under the laws of this state authorizing its holder to practice osteopathic medicine shall in no way be affected by the provisions of the Osteopathic Medicine Act."

24 SECTION 5. Section 61-10-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933,
25 Chapter 117, Section 4, as amended) is repealed and a new

1 Section 61-10-5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

2 "61-10-5. BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE--APPOINTMENT--3 TERMS--MEETINGS--MEMBERSHIP--EXAMINATIONS--DUTIES--POWERS.--The "board of osteopathic medicine" is created. Α. 4 The board shall be administratively attached to the 5 regulation and licensing department. The board shall consist 6 of seven members appointed by the governor as follows: 7 8 (1) five members with at least two years of experience in their respective fields immediately preceding 9 their appointment who are licensed as follows: 10 (a) four members who are osteopathic 11 physicians licensed in good standing pursuant to 12 Section 61-10-8 NMSA 1978; and 13 (b) one member who is an osteopathic 14 physician assistant licensed in good standing pursuant to the 15 Osteopathic Medicine Act; and 16 (2) two public members. The public members 17 of the board shall not: 18 (a) have been licensed as osteopathic 19 physicians or as osteopathic physician assistants; or 20 (b) have any significant financial 21 interest, direct or indirect, in the occupation regulated. 22 Β. The governor shall appoint board members who 23 are osteopathic physicians and osteopathic physician 24 assistants respectively from a list of five qualified 25

1 osteopathic physicians and five osteopathic physician 2 assistants that the New Mexico osteopathic medical 3 association or its authorized governing body or council provides. 4 C. The board shall: 5 (1) issue licenses to individuals who meet 6 the qualifications for licensure as osteopathic physicians or 7 8 osteopathic physician assistants; discipline osteopathic physicians and (2) 9 osteopathic physician assistants for incompetence or 10 unprofessional or dishonorable conduct; 11 (3) protect the public from the unauthorized 12 practice of osteopathy; 13 (4) enforce and administer the provisions of 14 the Osteopathic Medicine Act; 15 (5) adopt and promulgate in accordance with 16 the Uniform Licensing Act and the State Rules Act all rules 17 for the implementation and enforcement of the Osteopathic 18 Medicine Act. Rulemaking shall include adoption and 19 promulgation of rules related to the management of pain based 20 on a review of national standards for pain management; 21 (6) adopt and use a seal; 22 (7) administer oaths to applicants, 23 witnesses and others appearing before the board, as the board 24 deems appropriate; 25 SB 78 Page 5

1 (8) take testimony on matters within the 2 board's jurisdiction; 3 (9) adopt and promulgate rules relating to the oversight of osteopathic physicians who supervise 4 pharmacist clinicians; 5 (10) keep an accurate record of all of its 6 meetings, receipts and disbursements; 7 8 (11) maintain records in which the name, address and license number of all licensees shall be 9 recorded, together with a record of all license renewals, 10 suspensions, revocations, probations, stipulations, censures, 11 reprimands and fines; 12 (12) grant, deny, review, suspend and revoke 13 licenses to practice osteopathic medicine and censure, 14 reprimand, fine and place on probation and stipulation 15 licensees and applicants in accordance with the Uniform 16 Licensing Act for any cause stated in the Osteopathic 17 Medicine Act; 18 (13) hire or contract with investigators as 19 it deems necessary to investigate possible violations of the 20 Osteopathic Medicine Act; 21 (14) establish continuing medical education 22 requirements that coincide with continuing medical education 23 cycles of the American osteopathic association for licensed 24 osteopathic physicians and osteopathic physician assistants; 25

1 and 2 (15) establish committees as it deems 3 necessary for executing board duties. D. The board may adopt and enforce rules for 4 osteopathic physician assistants for: 5 (1) establishing qualifications of 6 education, skill and experience for licensure of a person as 7 8 an osteopathic physician assistant and providing forms and procedures for licensure and for biennial registration of 9 supervision; 10 (2) examining and evaluating applicants for 11 licensure as an osteopathic physician assistant as to their 12 skill, knowledge and experience in the field of medical care; 13 (3) establishing when and for how long an 14 osteopathic physician assistant is permitted to prescribe, 15 administer and distribute dangerous drugs other than 16 controlled substances in Schedule I of the Controlled 17 Substances Act after consultation with the board of pharmacy; 18 (4) allowing a supervising osteopathic 19 physician to temporarily delegate supervisory 20 responsibilities for an osteopathic physician assistant to 21 another supervising physician; 22 (5) allowing an osteopathic physician 23 assistant to temporarily serve under a supervising physician 24 other than the supervising physician of record; and 25

(6) the purpose of carrying out all other
 provisions of the Osteopathic Medicine Act.

3 Ε. Board members shall be appointed for staggered terms of four years so that not more than three members' 4 terms expire in any one year. A board member shall not serve 5 more than two consecutive terms. The vacancy of the term of 6 a member shall be filled by appointment by the governor to 7 8 the unexpired portion of the four-year term. A board member whose term has expired shall serve until the member's 9 successor is appointed. 10

F. The board shall meet at the call of the chair at least three times a year and may hold other meetings as the chair deems necessary. A majority of the board constitutes a quorum.

15 G. The board shall have an annual election of a 16 chair and a vice chair and other officers as it deems 17 necessary.

H. The chair shall preside over the meetings and
affairs of the board. The vice chair shall perform those
duties that the chair assigns and shall serve as chair when
the chair is absent.

I. Members of the board are entitled to receive
per diem and mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage
Act, but shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or
allowance, for each day necessarily spent in the discharge of

their duties.

1

2 A board member failing to attend three J. 3 consecutive meetings, either regular or special, shall automatically be removed as a member of the board unless 4 excused for reasons established in board rules." 5 SECTION 6. Section 61-10-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, 6 Chapter 117, Section 5, as amended) is repealed and a new 7 Section 61-10-6 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 8 "61-10-6. LICENSURE--REQUIREMENTS.--9 A. The board may consider for licensure an 10 individual who: 11 (1) is a graduate of a school of osteopathic 12 medicine accredited by the commission on osteopathic college 13 accreditation and recognized by the American osteopathic 14 association; 15 (2) has successfully passed all three levels 16 of the comprehensive osteopathic medical licensing 17 examination, its predecessor examination or the United States 18 medical licensing examination; provided that the board shall 19 not grant a license to an applicant who has not passed the 20 final level of the respective examination within seven years 21 of having successfully passed the first level of that 22 examination; 23 (3) provides evidence to the board of having 24 completed at least two years of a board-approved nationally 25 SB 78

Page 9

1 accredited post-graduate training program; and 2 (4) makes an application in accordance with 3 board rules and pays the fees required pursuant to Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978. 4 B. An applicant who has not completed two years of 5 a board-approved nationally accredited post-graduate training 6 program, but who otherwise meets all other licensing 7 8 requirements, may present evidence to the board of the applicant's other professional experience for consideration 9 by the board in lieu of the approved post-graduate program 10 required pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this 11 section. 12 C. As a condition of licensure, the board may 13 require an applicant for licensure to: 14 appear personally before the board or (1) 15 its designated agent for an interview; or 16 (2) be fingerprinted and supply any other 17 information necessary to obtain a state or national criminal 18 background check; provided that an applicant shall pay any 19 fees for a criminal background check directly to the 20 screening entity that performs the check." 21 SECTION 7. Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 22 1989, Chapter 371, Section 3) is repealed and a new 23 Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 24 "61-10-6.1. FEES.--The board may charge the following 25

Page 10

SB 78

fees; provided that all fees are nonrefundable and shall be 1 2 used by the board to carry out its duties: 3 A. pertaining to osteopathic physicians: (1) an application fee not to exceed one 4 thousand dollars (\$1,000) for triennial licensure of an 5 osteopathic physician pursuant to Section 61-10-12 NMSA 1978; 6 a triennial osteopathic physician (2) 7 8 licensure renewal fee not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000); 9 a fee not to exceed seventy-five dollars (3) 10 (\$75.00) for placing an osteopathic physician license on 11 inactive status; 12 a late fee not to exceed: (4) 13 (a) two hundred dollars (\$200) for 14 osteopathic physicians who fail to renew their licenses on or 15 before July 1 of the year in which their triennial licenses 16 are due for renewal but who renew on or before September 29 17 of that year; and 18 (b) four hundred dollars (\$400) for 19 osteopathic physicians who renew their licenses after 20 September 29; 21 (5) a reinstatement fee not to exceed five 22 hundred dollars (\$500) for reinstatement of a revoked, 23 suspended or inactive osteopathic physician license; 24 (6) a temporary license fee not to exceed 25 SB 78

Page 11

1 one hundred dollars (\$100); 2 a post-graduate osteopathic physician (7) 3 training license fee not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00); an osteopathic physician telemedicine (8) 4 triennial license fee not to exceed four hundred dollars 5 (\$400); and 6 (9) an impaired physician fee not to exceed 7 8 one hundred dollars (\$100); B. pertaining to osteopathic physician assistants: 9 a biennial license fee not to exceed (1) 10 four hundred fifty dollars (\$450); 11 (2) a registration of new supervision fee 12 that is equal to one-half of the biennial license fee for 13 osteopathic physician assistants; 14 a late fee not to exceed twenty-five (3) 15 dollars (\$25.00) for osteopathic physician assistants who 16 fail to renew their licenses on or before July 1 of the year 17 in which their biennial licenses are due for renewal; 18 an impaired osteopathic physician (4) 19 assistant fee not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100); and 20 (5) a fee for an osteopathic physician 21 assistant license on inactive status not to exceed 22 seventy-five dollars (\$75.00); and 23 C. pertaining to osteopathic physician and 24 osteopathic physician assistant licensees or applicants: 25 SB 78

Page 12

1 (1) a fee not to exceed five hundred dollars 2 (\$500) for reprocessing an application or renewal that 3 includes errors that would otherwise be subject to investigation and possible disciplinary action; and 4 (2) a reasonable administrative fee that the 5 board establishes by rule for verification of license, 6 publications and copying charges." 7 8 SECTION 8. Section 61-10-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 155, Section 1) is repealed and a new Section 61-10-7 9 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 10 "61-10-7. TEMPORARY LICENSE--QUALIFICATIONS.--11 A. In the interim between regular board meetings, 12 the board's chair or an authorized representative of the 13 board shall issue a temporary license to practice as an 14 osteopathic physician or osteopathic physician assistant to a 15 qualified applicant who has filed a complete application for 16 licensure in accordance with the Osteopathic Medicine Act and 17 board rules. The temporary license shall expire on the date 18 of the next regular meeting of the board, at which time the 19 board shall grant final approval. 20 Upon written application, accompanied by proof Β. 21 of qualifications as specified by board rules, the board may 22 issue a temporary license to an applicant who seeks temporary 23 licensure to: 24

25

(1) provide services at an organized youth

1 camp or school; provided that the practice of osteopathic 2 medicine shall be confined to enrollees, leaders and 3 employees of the camp or school; (2) assist in teaching; 4 (3) conduct research; 5 (4) perform a specialized diagnostic and 6 treatment procedure; 7 8 (5) implement new technology; or (6) pursue an educational purpose. 9 C. The board shall grant a temporary license only 10 to an applicant who: 11 submits a written application and (1) 12 accompanies the application with proof of qualifications as 13 specified in board rules; 14 (2) pays a temporary license fee pursuant to 15 Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978; and 16 (3) is supervised by an osteopathic 17 physician who is licensed in New Mexico and who submits an 18 affidavit attesting to the qualifications of the applicant 19 and the activities that the applicant will perform. 20 D. The board shall issue a temporary license that 21 is valid for a period not to exceed three months from the 22 date of issuance. A temporary license may be renewed up to 23 six times for a period not to exceed eighteen months. 24 E. A temporary license shall: 25 SB 78

Page 14

1 (1)describe the activities to which the 2 licensee shall be limited; and 3 (2)identify the osteopathic physician who will supervise the applicant during the time the applicant 4 practices osteopathic medicine in the state." 5 SECTION 9. Section 61-10-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, 6 Chapter 117, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read: 7 "61-10-8. PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION.--8 A. After July 1, 2016, a first-time applicant for 9 licensure to practice as an osteopathic physician shall: 10 (1) be a graduate of a college of 11 osteopathic medicine accredited by the commission on 12 osteopathic college accreditation and recognized by the 13 American osteopathic association; and 14 (2) have completed at least two years of 15 post-graduate training approved by the American osteopathic 16 association or the accreditation council for graduate medical 17 education. 18 B. An osteopathic physician who has been licensed 19 in this state or another state of the United States before 20 July 1, 2016 shall have completed at least one year of 21 post-graduate training approved by the American osteopathic 22 association or the accreditation council for graduate medical 23 education." 24 SECTION 10. Section 61-10-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 25 SB 78

Page 15

1933, Chapter 117, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read: "61-10-11. LICENSE ISSUED.--The board shall issue to each applicant for a license to practice as provided in the Osteopathic Medicine Act who has the required education qualifications and meets the requirements of that act a license that carries with it the title doctor of osteopathic medicine and osteopathic physician with right to practice as taught and practiced in the standard colleges of osteopathic medicine."

SECTION 11. Section 61-10-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 117, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

13 "61-10-12. LICENSE WITHOUT EXAMINATION.--The board may, 14 in its discretion, issue a license without examination to an 15 osteopathic physician who has been licensed in any country, 16 state, territory or province and who is a graduate of a 17 standard college of osteopathic medicine upon the following 18 conditions:

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

A. that the applicant is of good moral character;

B. that the requirements to practice in the country, state, territory or province in which the applicant is already licensed are equal to those of this state; and

C. that the applicant shall be required to pay the fee designated for such license in Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978.

1 The board may also, in its discretion, issue a license 2 without examination to an osteopathic physician who is a 3 graduate of a standard college of osteopathic medicine and who has passed an examination for admission into the medical 4 corps of any branch of the armed forces of the United States 5 or the United States public health service." 6 SECTION 12. Section 61-10-15 NMSA 1978 (being 7 8 Laws 1933, Chapter 117, Section 13, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 61-10-15 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 9 "61-10-15. REFUSAL AND REVOCATION OF LICENSE.--10 A. Upon satisfactory proof being made to the board 11 that an applicant for or holder of a license to practice 12 osteopathic medicine has been guilty of unprofessional or 13 dishonorable conduct, the board may: 14 refuse to issue a license to an (1) 15 applicant; 16 (2) revoke or suspend a license; or 17 fine, censure or reprimand a licensee. (3) 18 Β. The board may, in its discretion and for good 19 cause shown, place a licensee on probation on the terms and 20 conditions it deems proper for protection of the public or 21 for the purpose of rehabilitation of the probationer, or 22 both. Upon expiration of the term of probation, if a term is 23 set, the board may abate further proceedings if the licensee 24 furnishes the board with evidence that the licensee is 25

competent to practice and has complied with the terms of probation.

3 C. If evidence fails to establish to the satisfaction of the board that the licensee is competent or 4 if evidence shows that the licensee has not complied with the 5 terms of probation, the board may revoke or suspend the 6 licensee's license. If the board suspends a license, the 7 8 licensee shall not practice during the term of suspension. A licensee whose license has been revoked or is in suspension 9 and who thereafter practices or attempts or offers to 10 practice in the state is guilty of a fourth degree felony and 11 shall be sentenced under the provisions of the Criminal 12 Sentencing Act to imprisonment for a definite period not to 13 exceed eighteen months and, in the discretion of the 14 sentencing court, to a fine not to exceed five thousand 15 dollars (\$5,000), or both, unless: 16 (1)the period of suspension has expired; 17 (2) the board has modified the suspension to 18 permit the practice of osteopathic medicine; or 19 (3) the board has reinstated the license. 20 D. The board shall not refuse to issue or renew a 21

22 license nor shall it suspend or revoke a license for 23 unprofessional or dishonorable conduct unless the person 24 accused has been provided:

25

1

2

(1) at least twenty days' notice in writing SB 78

Page 18

of the charge against that person; and

1

25

2 a public hearing by the board, with (2) 3 right of review of the board's decision by the district court of the first judicial district by certiorari, on petition of 4 the party against whom the board's decision is rendered. 5 Ε. The board may compel the attendance of 6 witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers for 7 8 the investigation of matters that may come before it, and the presiding officer of the board may administer the requisite 9 The board has the same authority to compel the giving 10 oaths. of testimony that is conferred on courts of justice. 11 F. As used in this section: 12 "fee splitting" means offering, (1) 13 delivering, receiving or accepting any unearned rebate, 14 refund, commission preference, patronage dividend, discount 15 or other unearned consideration, whether in the form of money 16 or otherwise, as compensation or inducement for referring 17 patients, clients or customers to a person or organization, 18 irrespective of any membership, proprietary interest or 19 co-ownership in or with a person to whom the patients, 20 clients or customers are referred; and 21 (2)"unprofessional or dishonorable conduct" 22 means conduct that the board has proscribed by rule and 23 includes the following conduct of a licensee: 24

(a) procuring, aiding or abetting an

Page 19

SB 78

1 illegal procedure; 2 (b) employing a person to solicit 3 patients for the licensee; representing to a patient that a (c) 4 5 manifestly incurable condition of sickness, disease or injury can be cured; 6 (d) obtaining a fee by fraud or 7 8 misrepresentation; (e) willfully or negligently divulging 9 a professional confidence; 10 (f) conviction of an offense punishable 11 by incarceration in a state penitentiary or federal prison or 12 conviction of a misdemeanor associated with the practice of 13 the licensee. A copy of the record of conviction, certified 14 by the clerk of the court entering the conviction, is 15 conclusive evidence of conviction; 16 (g) habitual or excessive use of 17 intoxicants or drugs; 18 (h) fraud or misrepresentation in 19 applying for or procuring a license to practice in this state 20 or in connection with applying for or procuring renewal, 21 including cheating on or attempting to subvert a licensing 22 examination; 23 making false or misleading (i) 24 statements regarding the skill of the licensee or the 25 SB 78 Page 20

1 efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment or remedy 2 prescribed or administered by the licensee or at the 3 direction of the licensee in the treatment of a disease or other condition of the human body or mind; 4 5 (i) impersonating another licensee, permitting or allowing a person to use the license of the 6 licensee or practicing as a licensee under a false or assumed 7 8 name; aiding or abetting the practice of (k) 9 a person not licensed by the board; 10 (1) gross negligence in the practice of 11 a licensee; 12 manifest incapacity or incompetence (m) 13 to practice as a licensee; 14 discipline imposed on a licensee by (n) 15 another state, including denial, probation, suspension or 16 revocation, based upon acts by the licensee similar to acts 17 described in this section. A certified copy of the record of 18 suspension or revocation of the state making the suspension 19 or revocation is conclusive evidence; 20 (o) the use of a false, fraudulent or 21 deceptive statement in a document connected with the practice 22 of a licensee; 23 fee splitting; (p) 24 the prescribing, administering or (q) 25 SB 78 Page 21

1 dispensing of narcotic, stimulant or hypnotic drugs for other 2 than accepted therapeutic purposes; 3 (r) conduct likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public; 4 5 (s) repeated similar negligent acts; employing abusive billing (t) 6 practices; 7 8 (u) failure to report to the board any adverse action taken against the licensee by: 1) another 9 licensing jurisdiction; 2) a peer review body; 3) a health 10 care entity; 4) a professional or medical society or 11 association; 5) a governmental agency; 6) a law enforcement 12 agency; or 7) a court for acts or conduct similar to acts or 13 conduct that would constitute grounds for disciplinary 14 action; 15 (v) failure to report to the board 16 surrender of a license or other authorization to practice in 17 another state or jurisdiction or surrender of membership on 18 any medical staff or in any medical or professional 19 association or society following, in lieu of and while under 20 disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or 21 bodies for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that 22 would constitute grounds for disciplinary action; 23 failure to furnish the board, its (w) 24 investigators or representatives with information requested 25

1 by the board; 2 abandonment of a patient; (x) 3 (y) being found mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction; 4 5 (z) injudicious prescribing, administering or dispensing of a drug or medicine; 6 (aa) failure to adequately supervise, 7 8 as provided by board rule, an osteopathic physician or osteopathic physician assistant; 9 (bb) sexual contact with a patient or 10 person who has authority to make medical decisions for a 11 patient, other than the spouse of the licensee; 12 (cc) conduct unbecoming in a person 13 licensed to practice or detrimental to the best interests of 14 the public; 15 the surrender of a license or (dd) 16 withdrawal of an application for a license before another 17 state licensing board while an investigation or disciplinary 18 action is pending before that board for acts or conduct 19 similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for 20 action pursuant to this section; 21 (ee) sexual contact with a former 22 patient of the licensee, other than the spouse of the 23 licensee, within one year from the end of treatment; 24 (ff) sexual contact with a patient when SB 78 25 Page 23

1 the licensee uses or exploits treatment, knowledge, emotions 2 or influence derived from the previous professional 3 relationship; (gg) improper management of medical 4 records, including failure to maintain timely, accurate, 5 legible and complete medical records; 6 (hh) failure to provide pertinent and 7 8 necessary medical records to another health care practitioner, to the patient of the osteopathic physician or 9 to any other person in a timely manner when legally requested 10 or authorized to do so by the patient or by a legally 11 designated representative of the patient; 12 interaction with osteopathic (ii) 13 physicians, hospital personnel, patients, family members or 14 others that interferes with patient care or could reasonably 15 be expected to adversely impact the quality of care rendered 16 to a patient; or 17 (jj) willfully or negligently divulging 18 privileged information or a professional secret." 19 SECTION 13. Section 61-10-17 NMSA 1978 (being 20 Laws 1933, Chapter 117, Section 15, as amended) is amended to 21 read: 22 "61-10-17. RECORDS.--The board shall keep a record, 23 which shall be open to all proper parties for inspection at 24 all reasonable times, of its proceedings relating to the 25

issuance, refusal, renewal, suspension or revocation of licenses to practice in accordance with the Osteopathic Medicine Act. This record shall also contain the name, place of business and residence, the date and the number of the license of every osteopathic physician and osteopathic physician assistant licensed under the Osteopathic Medicine Act."

SECTION 14. Section 61-10-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 117, Section 16) is amended to read:

"61-10-18. NO ADDITIONAL POWER CONFERRED ON PRIOR LICENSEES.--Nothing contained in the Osteopathic Medicine Act shall be construed as conferring any powers or authority not previously vested in osteopathic physicians or osteopathic physician assistants who hold licenses to practice osteopathic medicine under any pre-existing law or regulation unless such licensees are likewise licensed under the provisions of the Osteopathic Medicine Act."

SECTION 15. Section 61-10-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 140, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

21 22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

"61-10-19. RENEWAL OF LICENSE--CERTIFICATE--FEE.--

A. All osteopathic physicians legally licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in this state shall, on or before July 1 of the third year after first-time licensure or the last licensure renewal, submit proof of completion of

continuing education requirements as required by the board and pay to the secretary of the board a triennial renewal fee as provided in Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978 for the renewal of a license to practice osteopathic medicine. Upon payment of fees and proof of completion of continuing education requirements, the board shall issue a certificate of triennial renewal of license.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 B. All osteopathic physician assistants legally licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in this state 9 shall, on or before July 1 of the second year after 10 first-time licensure or the last licensure renewal, submit 11 proof of completion of continuing education requirements as 12 required by the board and pay to the secretary of the board a 13 biennial renewal fee as provided in Section 61-10-6.1 14 NMSA 1978 for the renewal of a license to practice 15 osteopathic medicine. Upon payment of fees and proof of 16 completion of continuing education requirements, the board 17 shall issue a certificate of biennial renewal of license. 18

C. The chair of the board shall send a written 19 notice to every osteopathic physician and osteopathic 20 physician assistant holding a legal certificate to practice 21 osteopathic medicine in this state at least thirty days prior 22 to July 1 of the year in which the osteopathic physician or 23 osteopathic physician assistant is due for renewal of 24 licensure. The notice shall be directed to the last known 25

address of the licensee, and notify the licensee that it will be necessary to pay the license renewal fee. Proper forms shall accompany the notice, and the licensee shall make application for the renewal of the licensee's certificate on these forms. The fact that a licensee has not received the licensee's blank form from the board shall not, however, relieve the licensee of the duty to register on or before July 1 of the year of renewal nor shall the board's failure to mail the forms operate to exempt the osteopathic physician or osteopathic physician assistant from the penalties provided in the Osteopathic Medicine Act."

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

SECTION 16. Section 61-10-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 140, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-10-20. POST-GRADUATE EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS.--For 15 the purpose of protecting the health and well-being of the 16 citizens of this state and for maintaining and continuing 17 informed professional knowledge and awareness, the board 18 shall establish mandatory continuing educational requirements 19 for osteopathic physicians and osteopathic physician 20 assistants licensed in this state. In establishing these 21 requirements, the board shall recognize and give weight to 22 existing educational methods, procedures, devices and 23 programs in use among the various medical specialties and 24 other recognized medical groups and the consensus of the 25

1 members of the medical community. This section does not 2 abrogate or affect the status, force or operation of the 3 Uniform Licensing Act. The board shall not establish and enforce these requirements if they will reduce the 4 availability of osteopathic physicians or osteopathic 5 physician assistants in a community to an extent that 6 adequate medical care is jeopardized." 7

8 SECTION 17. Section 61-10-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1945, Chapter 79, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

9

10

11

12

13

"61-10-21. FAILURE TO COMPLY--CANCELLATION OF LICENSE--REINSTATEMENT--TEMPORARY CANCELLATION AT LICENSEE'S REQUEST.--

In the event any osteopathic physician or Α. 14 osteopathic physician assistant licensed to practice 15 osteopathic medicine in New Mexico fails to comply with the 16 requirements of Section 61-10-19 NMSA 1978, the licensee 17 shall, upon order of the board, forfeit the licensee's right 18 to practice osteopathic medicine in this state and the 19 licensee's license and certificate shall be canceled; 20 provided, however, that the chair of the board may reinstate 21 the licensee upon the payment of all fees due and upon the 22 presentation of satisfactory evidence of the attendance at an 23 educational program as provided for in the Osteopathic 24 Medicine Act. 25

1 Β. It is further provided that any osteopathic 2 physician or osteopathic physician assistant licensed to 3 practice osteopathic medicine in New Mexico desiring to withdraw from the active practice of osteopathic medicine in 4 5 this state shall have the right to apply to the chair of the board for a temporary suspension of the licensee's 6 certificate to practice osteopathic medicine in this state, 7 8 with the right to renew and reinstate the certificate if the licensee so desires, upon a showing that the licensee has 9 paid the appropriate fees on or before July 1 of the year in 10 which the license is due for renewal." 11

SECTION 18. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"PRACTICING WITHOUT LICENSE--PENALTY.--

12

13

14

A. A person who practices osteopathic medicine or who attempts to practice osteopathic medicine without first complying with the provisions of the Osteopathic Medicine Act and without being the holder of a license entitling the person to practice osteopathic medicine in New Mexico is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

B. A person who practices osteopathic medicine
across state lines or who attempts to practice osteopathic
medicine across state lines without first complying with the
provisions of the Osteopathic Medicine Act and without being
the holder of a telemedicine license entitling the person to

practice osteopathic medicine across state lines is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

C. A person convicted pursuant to Subsection A or B of this section shall be sentenced under the provisions of the Criminal Sentencing Act to imprisonment for a definite period not to exceed eighteen months and, in the discretion of the sentencing court, to a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or both. Each occurrence of practicing osteopathic medicine or attempting to practice osteopathic medicine without complying with the Osteopathic Medicine Act shall be a separate violation."

SECTION 19. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"TELEMEDICINE LICENSE.--

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A. The board shall issue a telemedicine license to allow the practice of osteopathic medicine across state lines to an applicant who holds a full and unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine in another state or territory of the United States. The board shall establish by rule the requirements for licensure; provided the requirements shall not be more restrictive than those required for licensure by endorsement.

B. A telemedicine license shall be issued for a period not to exceed three years and may be renewed upon application, payment of fees as provided in the Osteopathic

1 Medicine Act and compliance with other requirements 2 established by rule of the board." 3 SECTION 20. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 4 "LICENSURE--SUMMARY SUSPENSION--SUMMARY RESTRICTION--5 GROUNDS.--6 Α. The board may suspend or restrict a license to 7 8 practice osteopathic medicine in New Mexico issued by the board without a hearing, simultaneously or at any time after 9 the initiation of proceedings for a hearing provided pursuant 10 to the Uniform Licensing Act, if the board finds that 11 evidence in its possession indicates that the licensee: 12 (1) poses a clear and immediate danger to 13 the public health and safety if the licensee continues to 14 practice; 15 (2) has been adjudged mentally incompetent 16 by a final order or adjudication by a court of competent 17 jurisdiction; or 18 (3) has pled guilty to or has been found 19 guilty of any offense relating to the practice of osteopathic 20 medicine or any violent criminal offense in this state or a 21 substantially equivalent criminal offense in another 22 jurisdiction. 23 A licensee shall not be required to comply with Β. 24

a summary suspension or restriction of a license until notice SB 78 Page 31

25

1 has been served in accordance with procedures established in 2 board rules or the licensee has actual knowledge of an order 3 of suspension or restriction, whichever occurs first. C. A licensee whose license is suspended or 4 restricted pursuant to this section shall be entitled to a 5 hearing before the board pursuant to the Uniform Licensing 6 Act within fifteen days from the date the licensee requests a 7 8 hearing." SECTION 21. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 9 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 10 "BOARD COMMUNICATION--PROTECTED ACTIONS.--11 A. A report to the board regarding actual or 12 potential disciplinary action, including a complaint, shall 13 be a confidential communication and is not a public record 14 for the purposes of the Inspection of Public Records Act. 15 B. Any data, communication or information that the 16 board acquires, prepares or disseminates relating to actual 17 or potential disciplinary action or its investigation of a 18 complaint shall not be disclosed except to the extent 19 necessary to: 20 (1) carry out the duties of the board; 21 (2) make a judicial appeal of a board 22 action; or 23 (3) refer a case to a law enforcement 24 agency, a national database clearinghouse or another 25

1 2

3

4

7

8

17

19

20

21

licensing board.

C. Information contained in a complaint filed with the board may be disclosed when the board or a court acts on a complaint and:

5 (1) issues a notice of contemplated action; or 6

(2) reaches a settlement before issuing a notice of contemplated action.

D. A person shall not be subject to any civil 9 damages or criminal prosecution for providing information to 10 the board, whether as a report, a complaint or as testimony." 11

SECTION 22. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 12 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read: 13

"OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT--LICENSURE--SCOPE OF 14 AUTHORITY--REGISTRATION OF SUPERVISION--CHANGE OF 15 SUPERVISION. --16

Α. No person shall perform or attempt to perform as an osteopathic physician assistant without first applying 18 for and obtaining a license from the board as an osteopathic physician assistant and having the person's supervision registered in accordance with board regulations.

Β. Osteopathic physician assistants may prescribe, 22 administer and distribute dangerous drugs other than 23 controlled substances in Schedule I of the Controlled 24 Substances Act pursuant to regulations adopted by the board 25

after consultation with the board of pharmacy if the prescribing, administering and distributing are done under the direction of a supervising physician; provided that such prescribing, administering and distributing are within the parameters of a board-approved formulary and guidelines established pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection D of Section 61-10-5 NMSA 1978. The distribution process shall comply with state laws concerning prescription packaging, labeling and recordkeeping requirements.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 C. An osteopathic physician assistant shall 11 perform only those acts and duties assigned by a supervising 12 physician that are within the scope of practice of such 13 physician.

D. An applicant for a license as an osteopathic physician assistant shall complete application forms that the board supplies and pay a fee as provided in Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978. Upon licensing by the board, the applicant shall have the applicant's name and address and other pertinent information enrolled by the board on a roster of osteopathic physician assistants.

E. Each osteopathic physician assistant shall
biennially submit proof of completion of continuing education
as required by the board and register the osteopathic
physician assistant's name and current address, the name and
office address of the supervising physician and such

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

21

22

23

24

25

additional information as the board deems necessary.

F. In addition to the biennial requirements regarding the osteopathic physician assistant's supervising physician in Subsection E of this section, each osteopathic physician assistant has an ongoing duty to notify the board of a termination of supervision and to register the name and office address of a new supervising physician and the date on which supervision will commence. Each biennial registration or registration of new supervision shall be accompanied by a fee as provided in Section 61-10-6.1 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 23. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS--INACTIVE LICENSE.--

A. An osteopathic physician assistant who notifies
the board in writing on forms prescribed by the board may
elect to place the osteopathic physician assistant's license
on an inactive status. An osteopathic physician assistant
with an inactive license shall be excused from payment of
renewal fees and shall not practice as an osteopathic
physician assistant.

B. An osteopathic physician assistant who engages in practice while the osteopathic physician assistant's license is lapsed or on inactive status is practicing without a license and is subject to discipline pursuant to the Osteopathic Medicine Act.

C. An osteopathic physician assistant requesting
 restoration from inactive status shall pay the current
 renewal fee and fulfill the requirement for renewal pursuant
 to the Osteopathic Medicine Act."
 SECTION 24. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10

SECTION 24. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS--EXEMPTION FROM

6

7

8

A. An osteopathic physician assistant student
enrolled in a physician assistant or osteopathic physician
assistant educational program accredited by the commission on
accreditation of allied health education programs or by its
successor shall be exempt from licensure while functioning as
an osteopathic physician assistant student.

B. An osteopathic physician assistant employed by the federal government while performing duties incident to that employment is not required to be licensed as an osteopathic physician assistant pursuant to the Osteopathic Medicine Act."

20 SECTION 25. A new section of Chapter 61, Article 10 21 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

22 "RESPONSIBILITY.--Every osteopathic physician using, 23 supervising or employing a registered osteopathic physician 24 assistant shall be individually responsible and liable for 25 the performance of the acts and omissions delegated to the

osteopathic physician assistant. Nothing in the Osteopathic Medicine Act shall be construed to relieve the osteopathic physician assistant of responsibility and liability for any of the osteopathic physician assistant's own acts and omissions. An osteopathic physician assistant shall be supervised by an osteopathic physician in accordance with board rules."

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

25

SECTION 26. Section 61-10-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 36, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-10-22. TERMINATION OF AGENCY LIFE--DELAYED REPEAL.--The board of osteopathic medicine is terminated on July 1, 2021 pursuant to the Sunset Act. The board shall continue to operate according to the provisions of the Osteopathic Medicine Act until July 1, 2022. Effective July 1, 2022, the Osteopathic Medicine Act is repealed."

SECTION 27. Section 61-11B-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 191, Section 3) is amended to read:

"61-11B-3. PHARMACIST CLINICIAN PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY.--

A. A pharmacist clinician planning to exercise prescriptive authority in practice shall have on file at the 22 place of practice written guidelines or protocol. The guidelines or protocol shall authorize a pharmacist clinician to exercise prescriptive authority and shall be established

1 and approved by a practitioner in accordance with regulations 2 adopted by the board. A copy of the written guidelines or 3 protocol shall be on file with the board. The practitioner who is a party to the guidelines or protocol shall be in 4 5 active practice and the prescriptive authority that the practitioner grants to a pharmacist clinician shall be within 6 the scope of the practitioner's current practice. 7 Β. The guidelines or protocol required by 8 Subsection A of this section shall include: 9 (1) a statement identifying the practitioner 10 authorized to prescribe dangerous drugs and the pharmacist 11 clinician who is a party to the guidelines or protocol; 12 (2) a statement of the types of prescriptive 13 authority decisions that the pharmacist clinician is 14 authorized to make, which may include: 15 (a) a statement of the types of 16 diseases, dangerous drugs or dangerous drug categories 17 involved and the type of prescriptive authority authorized in 18 each case; and 19 (b) a general statement of the 20 procedures, decision criteria or plan the pharmacist 21 clinician is to follow when exercising prescriptive 22 authority; 23 (3) a statement of the activities the 24 pharmacist clinician is to follow in the course of exercising 25 SB 78 Page 38

1 prescriptive authority, including documentation of decisions 2 made and a plan for communication or feedback to the 3 authorizing practitioner concerning specific decisions made. Documentation may occur on the prescriptive record, patient 4 5 profile, patient medical chart or in a separate log book; and (4) a statement that describes appropriate 6 mechanisms for reporting to the practitioner monitoring 7 8 activities and results. C. The written guidelines or protocol shall be 9 reviewed and shall be revised every two years if necessary. 10 D. A pharmacist clinician planning to exercise 11 prescriptive authority in practice shall be authorized to 12 monitor dangerous drug therapy. 13 The board shall adopt regulations to carry out Ε. 14 the provisions of the Pharmacist Prescriptive Authority Act. 15 F. For the purpose of the Pharmacist Prescriptive 16 Authority Act, the New Mexico medical board and the board of 17 osteopathic medicine shall adopt rules concerning the 18 guidelines and protocol for their respective practitioners 19 defined in Subsection D of Section 61-11B-2 NMSA 1978." 20 SECTION 28. TEMPORARY PROVISION--BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC 21 MEDICAL EXAMINERS--BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE.--The name 22 of the board of osteopathic medical examiners is changed to 23 the "board of osteopathic medicine". On the effective date 24 of this act, all references in law to the board of 25

osteopathic medical examiners shall be construed to be references to the board of osteopathic medicine. All references in law to the chair or members of the board of osteopathic medical examiners shall be construed to be references to the chair or members of the board of osteopathic medicine. SECTION 29. REPEAL.--Sections 61-10-1, 61-10-13 and 61-10A-1 through 61-10A-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 117, Sections 1 and 11, Laws 1979, Chapter 26, Sections 1 through 4, Laws 1989, Chapter 9, Section 8, Laws 1997, Chapter 187, Sections 12 and 13 and Laws 1979, Chapter 26, Sections 5 through 7, as amended) are repealed. SECTION 30. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2016._____ SB 78 Page 40