SENATE BILL 319

51ST LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2013

INTRODUCED BY

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.191066.1

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; PROVIDING FOR USE OF A SINGLE SALES FACTOR BY TAXPAYERS WHOSE PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY IS MANUFACTURING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 7-4-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 153, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-4-10. APPORTIONMENT OF BUSINESS INCOME.--

A. Except as provided in Subsection B of this section, all business income shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor and the denominator of which is three.

[B. For taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2020, a taxpayer whose principal business activity is

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manufacturing may elect to have business income apportioned to
this state by multiplying the income by a fraction, the
numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll
factor plus twice the sales factor and the denominator of which
is four. To elect the method of apportionment provided by this
subsection, the taxpayer shall notify the department of the
election, in writing, no later than the date on which the
taxpayer files the return for the first taxable year to which
the election will apply. The election will apply to that
taxable year and to each taxable year thereafter until the
taxpayer notifies the department, in writing, that the election
is terminated, except that the taxpayer shall not terminate the
election until the method of apportioning business income
provided by this subsection has been used by the taxpayer for
at least three consecutive taxable years, including a total of
at least thirty-six calendar months. Notwithstanding any
provisions of this subsection to the contrary, the taxpayer
shall use the method of apportionment provided by Subsection A
of this section for the taxable year unless:

(1) the taxpayer's corporate income tax liability for the taxable year, computed by the same method of apportionment used in the preceding taxable year, exceeds the corporate income tax liability for the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable year; or

(2) the sum of the taxpayer's payroll factor

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and property factor for the taxable year exceeds the sum of the taxpayer's payroll factor and property factor for the taxpayer's base year. For purposes of this paragraph, "base year" means the taxpayer's first taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1991.

B. A taxpayer whose principal business activity is manufacturing may elect to have business income apportioned to this state in the taxable year by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer in New Mexico during the taxable year and the denominator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer from any location within or outside of the state during the taxable year. To elect the method of apportionment provided by this subsection, the taxpayer shall notify the department of the election, in writing, no later than the date on which the taxpayer files the return for the first taxable year to which the election will apply. The election shall apply to that taxable year and to each taxable year thereafter until the taxpayer notifies the department, in writing, that the election is terminated, provided that the taxpayer shall not terminate the election until the method of apportioning business income provided by this subsection has been used by the taxpayer for at least three consecutive taxable years, including a total of at least thirty-six calendar months.

C. For purposes of this section, "manufacturing" .191066.1

means combining or processing components or materials to increase their value for sale in the ordinary course of business, but does not include:

- (1) construction;
- (2) farming;
- (3) power generation, except for electricity generation at a facility other than one for which both location approval and a certificate of convenience and necessity are required prior to commencing construction or operation of the facility, pursuant to the Public Utility Act; or
- (4) processing natural resources, including hydrocarbons."

SECTION 2. APPLICABILITY.--The provisions of this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is January 1, 2014.

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