
RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY; CREATING A PRE-KINDERGARTEN CLASSROOM FACILITIES INITIATIVE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of the Public School Capital Outlay Act is enacted to read:

"PRE-KINDERGARTEN CLASSROOM FACILITIES INITIATIVE.--

- A. The council shall develop guidelines for a pre-kindergarten classroom facilities initiative in accordance with this section, including establishing and adopting pre-kindergarten classroom standards.
- B. The authority shall rank all applications it receives for the pre-kindergarten classroom facilities initiative according to the methodology adopted by the council for that purpose.
- C. After a public hearing, and to the extent that money is available in the fund for that purpose, the council may make pre-kindergarten classroom facilities initiative grants to school districts that the council determines are willing and able to pay for the portion of the total cost not funded with grant assistance from the fund according to those applicants' rankings.
- D. The state share of the cost of an approved pre-kindergarten classroom facilities initiative shall be

calculated according to the methodology outlined in Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978.

E. A school district that receives a grant in accordance with this section shall expend the money within three years after the grant allocation, or the money shall revert to the fund."

SECTION 2. Section 22-24-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 235, Section 4, as amended by Laws 2017, Chapter 142, Section 1 and by Laws 2018, Chapter 71, Section 3) is amended to read:

"22-24-4. PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND CREATED-USE.--

- A. The "public school capital outlay fund" is created. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert.
- B. Except as provided in Subsections G and I through Q of this section, money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed necessary by the council for an adequate educational program.
- C. The council may authorize the purchase by the authority of portable classrooms to be loaned to school districts to meet a temporary requirement. Payment for these purchases shall be made from the fund. Title to and custody of the portable classrooms shall rest in the authority. The council shall authorize the lending of the portable

classrooms to school districts upon request and upon finding that sufficient need exists. Application for use or return of state-owned portable classroom buildings shall be submitted by school districts to the council. Expenses of maintenance of the portable classrooms while in the custody of the authority shall be paid from the fund; expenses of maintenance and insurance of the portable classrooms while in the custody of a school district shall be the responsibility of the school district. The council may authorize the permanent disposition of the portable classrooms by the public school facilities authority with prior approval of the state board of finance.

- D. Applications for assistance from the fund shall be made by school districts to the council in accordance with requirements of the council. Except as provided in Subsection K of this section, the council shall require as a condition of application that a school district have a current five-year facilities plan, which shall include a current preventive maintenance plan to which the school adheres for each public school in the school district.
- E. The council shall review all requests for assistance from the fund and shall allocate funds only for those capital outlay projects that meet the criteria of the Public School Capital Outlay Act.
 - F. Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

of the department of finance and administration on vouchers signed by the secretary of finance and administration following certification by the council that an application has been approved or an expenditure has been ordered by a court pursuant to Section 22-24-5.4 NMSA 1978. At the discretion of the council, money for a project shall be distributed as follows:

- (1) up to ten percent of the portion of the project cost funded with distributions from the fund or five percent of the total project cost, whichever is greater, may be paid to the school district before work commences with the balance of the grant award made on a cost-reimbursement basis; or
- the council may authorize payments (2) directly to the contractor.
- Balances in the fund may be annually appropriated for the core administrative functions of the authority pursuant to the Public School Capital Outlay Act, and, in addition, balances in the fund may be expended by the authority, upon approval of the council, for project management expenses; provided that:
- the total annual expenditures from the (1) fund for the core administrative functions pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed five percent of the average annual grant assistance authorized from the fund during the

H. The fund may be expended by the council for building system repair, renovation or replacement initiatives with projects to be identified by the council pursuant to Section 22-24-4.6 NMSA 1978; provided that money allocated pursuant to this subsection shall be expended within three years of the allocation.

- I. The fund may be expended annually by the council for grants to school districts for the purpose of making lease payments for classroom facilities, including facilities leased by charter schools. The grants shall be made upon application by the school districts and pursuant to rules adopted by the council; provided that an application on behalf of a charter school shall be made by the school district, but, if the school district fails to make an application on behalf of a charter school, the charter school may submit its own application. The following criteria shall apply to the grants:
- (1) the amount of a grant to a school district shall not exceed:
- (a) the actual annual lease payments owed for leasing classroom space for schools, including

1	charter schools, in the school district; or
2	(b) seven hundred dollars (\$700)
3	multiplied by the MEM using the leased classroom facilities;
4	provided that in fiscal year 2009 and in each subsequent
5	fiscal year, this amount shall be adjusted by the percentage
6	change between the penultimate calendar year and the
7	immediately preceding calendar year of the consumer price
8	index for the United States, all items, as published by the
9	United States department of labor;
10	(2) a grant received for the lease payments
11	of a charter school may be used by that charter school as a
12	state match necessary to obtain federal grants if required;
13	(3) at the end of each fiscal year, any
14	unexpended or unencumbered balance of the appropriation shall
15	revert to the fund;
16	(4) no grant shall be made for lease
17	payments due pursuant to a financing agreement under which
18	the facilities may be purchased for a price that is reduced
19	according to the lease payments made unless:
20	(a) the agreement has been approved
21	pursuant to the provisions of the Public School Lease
22	Purchase Act; and
23	(b) the facilities are leased by a
24	charter school;
25	(5) if the lease payments are made pursuant

to a financing agreement under which the facilities may be purchased for a price that is reduced according to the lease payments made, neither a grant nor any provision of the Public School Capital Outlay Act creates a legal obligation for the school district or charter school to continue the lease from year to year or to purchase the facilities nor does it create a legal obligation for the state to make subsequent grants pursuant to the provisions of this subsection; and

(6) as used in this subsection:

(a) "MEM" means: 1) the average full-time-equivalent enrollment using leased classroom facilities on the second and third reporting dates of the prior school year; or 2) in the case of an approved charter school that has not commenced classroom instruction, the estimated full-time-equivalent enrollment that will use leased classroom facilities in the first year of instruction, as shown in the approved charter school application; provided that, after the second reporting date of the school year, the MEM shall be adjusted to reflect the full-time-equivalent enrollment on that date; and

(b) "classroom facilities" or
"classroom space" includes the space needed, as determined by
the minimum required under the statewide adequacy standards,
for the direct administration of school activities.

1 In addition to other authorized expenditures 2 from the fund, up to one percent of the average grant 3 assistance authorized from the fund during the three previous fiscal years may be expended in each fiscal year by the 4 authority to pay the state fire marshal, the construction 5 industries division of the regulation and licensing 6 department and local jurisdictions having authority from the 7 8 state to permit and inspect projects for expenditures made to permit and inspect projects funded in whole or in part under 9 the Public School Capital Outlay Act. The authority may 10 enter into contracts with the state fire marshal, the 11 construction industries division or the appropriate local 12 authorities to carry out the provisions of this subsection. 13 Such a contract may provide for initial estimated payments 14 from the fund prior to the expenditures if the contract also 15 provides for additional payments from the fund if the actual 16 expenditures exceed the initial payments and for repayments 17 back to the fund if the initial payments exceed the actual 18 expenditures. Money distributed from the fund to the state 19 fire marshal or the construction industries division pursuant 20 to this subsection shall be used to supplement, rather than 21

K. Pursuant to guidelines established by the council, allocations from the fund may be made to assist school districts in developing and updating five-year

supplant, appropriations to those entities.

22

23

24

facilities plans required by the Public School Capital Outlay Act; provided that:

(1) no allocation shall be made unless the council determines that the school district is willing and able to pay the portion of the total cost of developing or updating the plan that is not funded with the allocation from the fund. Except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this subsection, the portion of the total cost to be paid with the allocation from the fund shall be determined pursuant to the methodology in Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978; or

(2) the allocation from the fund may be used to pay the total cost of developing or updating the plan if:

(a) the school district has fewer than an average of six hundred full-time-equivalent students on the second and third reporting dates of the prior school year; or

the following requirements: 1) the school district has fewer than an average of one thousand full-time-equivalent students on the second and third reporting dates of the prior school year; 2) the school district has at least seventy percent of its students eligible for free or reduced-fee lunch; 3) the state share of the total cost, if calculated pursuant to the methodology in Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978, would be less than fifty percent; and 4) for all educational

purposes, the school district has a residential property tax rate of at least seven dollars (\$7.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value, as measured by the sum of all rates imposed by resolution of the local school board plus rates set to pay interest and principal on outstanding school district general obligation bonds.

- L. Upon application by a school district, allocations from the fund may be made by the council for the purpose of demolishing abandoned school district facilities; provided that:
- (1) the costs of continuing to insure an abandoned facility outweigh any potential benefit when and if a new facility is needed by the school district;
- (2) there is no practical use for the abandoned facility without the expenditure of substantial renovation costs; and
- (3) the council may enter into an agreement with the school district under which an amount equal to the savings to the district in lower insurance premiums are used to reimburse the fund fully or partially for the demolition costs allocated to the district.
- M. Up to ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) of the fund may be expended each year for an education technology infrastructure deficiency corrections initiative pursuant to Section 22-24-4.5 NMSA 1978; provided that funding allocated

pursuant to this section shall be expended within three years of its allocation.

- N. For each fiscal year from 2018 through 2022, twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) of the public school capital outlay fund is reserved for appropriation by the legislature to the instructional material fund or to the transportation distribution of the public school fund. The secretary shall certify the need for the issuance of supplemental severance tax bonds to meet an appropriation from the public school capital outlay fund to the instructional material fund or to the transportation distribution of the public school fund. Any portion of an amount of the public school capital outlay fund that is reserved for appropriation by the legislature for a fiscal year, but that is not appropriated before the first day of that fiscal year, may be expended by the council as provided in this section.
- O. Up to ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) of the fund may be expended in each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022 for school security system project grants made in accordance with Section 22-24-4.7 NMSA 1978.
- P. The fund may be expended in each of fiscal years 2020 through 2024 for a pre-kindergarten classroom facilities initiative in accordance with Section 1 of this 2019 act.

1	Q. The council may fund pre-kindergarten
2	classrooms with a qualifying, awarded standards-based
3	project; provided that pre-kindergarten classroom space shall
4	not be included in the project prioritization calculation
5	adopted by the council pursuant to Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978.
6	The council shall develop pre-kindergarten classroom
7	standards to use when funding pre-kindergarten space."
8	SECTION 3. Section 22-25-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975
9	(S.S.), Chapter 5, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
10	"22-25-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Public School
11	Capital Improvements Act:
12	A. "program unit" means the product of the program
13	element multiplied by the applicable cost differential
14	factor, as defined in Section 22-8-2 NMSA 1978; and
15	B. "capital improvements" means expenditures,
16	including payments made with respect to lease-purchase
17	arrangements as defined in the Education Technology Equipment
18	Act or the Public School Lease Purchase Act but excluding any
19	other debt service expenses, for:
20	(1) erecting, remodeling, making additions
21	to, providing equipment for or furnishing public school
22	buildings and pre-kindergarten classroom facilities;
23	(2) purchasing or improving public school or
24	pre-kindergarten grounds;

(3) maintenance of public school buildings

program

1 or public school or pre-kindergarten grounds, including the 2 purchasing or repairing of maintenance equipment and 3 participating in the facility information management system as required by the Public School Capital Outlay Act and 4 including payments under contracts with regional education 5 cooperatives for maintenance support services and 6 expenditures for technical training and certification for 7 8 maintenance and facilities management personnel, but excluding salary expenses of school district employees; 9 (4) purchasing activity vehicles for 10 transporting students to extracurricular school activities; 11 (5) purchasing computer software and 12 hardware for student use in public school classrooms; and 13 (6) purchasing and installing education 14 technology improvements, excluding salary expenses of school 15 district employees, but including tools used in the 16 educational process that constitute learning and 17 administrative resources, and that may also include: 18 (a) satellite, copper and fiber-optic 19 transmission; computer and network connection devices; 20 digital communication equipment, including voice, video and 21 data equipment; servers; switches; portable media devices, 22 such as discs and drives to contain data for electronic 23

storage and playback; and the purchase or lease of software

licenses or other technologies and services, maintenance,

24

equipment and computer infrastructure information, techniques and tools used to implement technology in schools and related facilities; and

(b) improvements, alterations and modifications to, or expansions of, existing buildings or tangible personal property necessary or advisable to house or otherwise accommodate any of the tools listed in this paragraph."

SECTION 4. Section 22-26-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 163, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-26-2. DEFINITION.--As used in the Public School Buildings Act, "capital improvements" means expenditures, including payments made with respect to lease-purchase arrangements as defined in the Education Technology Equipment Act but excluding any other debt service expenses, for:

A. erecting, remodeling, making additions to, providing equipment for or furnishing public school buildings, including pre-kindergarten classrooms belonging to the school district or charter school located in the school district;

B. payments made pursuant to a financing agreement entered into by a school district or a charter school for the leasing of a building or other real property with an option to purchase for a price that is reduced according to payments made;

- C. purchasing or improving public school grounds;
- D. purchasing activity vehicles for transporting students to and from extracurricular school activities; provided that this authorization for expenditure does not apply to school districts with a student MEM greater than sixty thousand;
- E. administering the projects undertaken pursuant to Subsections A and C of this section, including expenditures for facility maintenance software, project management software, project oversight and district personnel specifically related to administration of projects funded by the Public School Buildings Act; provided that expenditures pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed five percent of the total project costs; and
- F. purchasing and installing education technology improvements, excluding salary expenses of school district employees, but including tools used in the educational process that constitute learning and administrative resources, and that may also include:
- (1) satellite, copper and fiber-optic transmission; computer and network connection devices; digital communication equipment, including voice, video and data equipment; servers; switches; portable media devices, such as discs and drives to contain data for electronic storage and playback; and purchase or lease of software

2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24

1

licenses or other technologies and services, maintenance,
equipment and computer infrastructure information, techniques
and tools used to implement technology in schools and related
facilities; and

(2) improvements, alterations and modifications to, or expansions of, existing buildings or tangible personal property necessary or advisable to house or otherwise accommodate any of the tools listed in this subsection."

SB 230 Page 16