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SENATE BILL 191

51ST LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2013

INTRODUCED BY

Phil A. Griego

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AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES; AMENDING THE FACTORS THAT CAUSE PERMANENT DISQUALIFICATION FROM OBTAINING A COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 66-5-68 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 14, Section 17, as amended) is amended to read:

"66-5-68. DISQUALIFICATION. --

- The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for at least thirty days if the federal motor carrier safety administration reports to the division that the person poses an imminent hazard.
- В. The department shall disqualify a person who holds a commercial driver's license or who is required to hold a commercial driver's license from driving a commercial motor

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vehicle for a period of not less than one year, which shall run concurrently with any revocation or suspension action for the same offense, if the person:

- refuses to submit to a chemical test when (1) requested pursuant to the provisions of the Implied Consent Act;
- is twenty-one years of age or more and submits to chemical testing pursuant to the Implied Consent Act and the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of eight one hundredths or more;
- (3) submits to chemical testing pursuant to the Implied Consent Act and the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of four one hundredths or more if the person is driving a commercial motor vehicle;
- is less than twenty-one years of age and submits to chemical testing pursuant to the Implied Consent Act and the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of two one hundredths or more; or
 - is convicted of a violation of:
- driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs in violation of Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978, an ordinance of a municipality of this state or the law of another state;
- leaving the scene of an accident (b) involving a commercial motor vehicle driven by the person in .190880.1

violation of Section 66-7-201 NMSA 1978 or an ordinance of a municipality of this state or the law of another state;

- (c) using a motor vehicle in the
 commission of a felony;
- (d) driving a commercial motor vehicle after the driver's commercial driver's license is revoked, suspended, disqualified or canceled for violations while operating a commercial motor vehicle; or
- (e) causing a fatality in the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle pursuant to Section 66-8-101 NMSA 1978.
- C. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than three years if any of the violations specified in Subsection B of this section occur while transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded.
- D. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if convicted of two or more violations of any of the offenses specified in Subsection B of this section, or any combination of those offenses, arising from two or more separate incidents, but the secretary may issue regulations establishing guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification for life under this subsection may be reduced to a period of not less than ten years. This subsection applies only to those offenses .190880.1

committed after July 1, 1989.

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- The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if the person uses a [commercial] motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution or dispensing of a controlled substance or the possession with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance.
- The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than sixty days if convicted of two serious traffic violations or one hundred twenty days if convicted of three serious traffic violations, if the violations were committed while driving a [commercial] motor vehicle, arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.
- The department shall disqualify a person from G. driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of:
- not less than one hundred eighty days nor more than two years if the person is convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded pursuant to the federal Hazardous Materials Transportation Act or while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport more than fifteen passengers, including the driver;
- (2) not more than one year if the person is convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order; or .190880.1

(3) not less than three years nor more than
five years if, during any ten-year period, the person is
convicted of any subsequent violations of out-of-service
orders, in separate incidents, while transporting hazardous
materials required to be placarded pursuant to that act or
while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport more than
fifteen passengers, including the driver.

- H. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for sixty days if:
- (1) the person has been convicted of two serious traffic violations in separate incidents within a three-year period; and
- (2) the second conviction results in revocation, <u>disqualification</u>, cancellation or suspension of the person's commercial driver's license or noncommercial motor vehicle driving privileges for sixty days.
- I. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for one hundred twenty days, in addition to any other period of disqualification, if:
- (1) the person has been convicted of more than two serious traffic violations within a three-year period; and
- (2) the third or a subsequent conviction results in the revocation, <u>disqualification</u>, cancellation or suspension of the person's commercial driver's license or noncommercial motor vehicle driving privileges.

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- J. When a person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle, any commercial driver's license held by that person is invalidated without a separate proceeding of any kind and the driver is not eligible to apply for a commercial driver's license until the period of time for which the driver was disqualified has elapsed.
- Κ. The department shall disqualify a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for not less than:
- (1) sixty days if the person is convicted of a first violation of a railroad-highway grade crossing violation;
- one hundred twenty days if, during any (2) three-year period, the person is convicted of a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation in a separate incident; and
- one year if, during any three-year period, (3) the person is convicted of a third or subsequent railroadhighway grade crossing violation in a separate incident.
- L. After disqualifying, suspending, revoking or canceling a commercial driver's license, the department shall, within ten days, update its records to reflect that action. After disqualifying, suspending, revoking or canceling a nonresident commercial driver's privileges, the department shall, within ten days, notify the licensing authority of the state that issued the commercial driver's license.
- When disqualifying, suspending, revoking or Μ. .190880.1

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canceling a commercial driver's license, the department shall treat a conviction received in another state in the same manner as if it was received in this state.

- The department shall post and enforce any disqualification sent by the federal motor carrier safety administration to the department that indicates that a commercial motor vehicle driver poses an imminent hazard.
- The federal transportation security administration of the department of homeland security shall provide for an appeal of a disqualification for a commercial driver's license hazardous materials endorsement on the basis of a background check, and the department shall provide to a hazardous materials applicant a copy of the procedures established by the transportation security administration, on request, at the time of application.
- New Mexico shall conform to the federal Ρ. transportation security administration of the department of homeland security rules and shall "look back" or review a maximum of seven years for a background check."
- EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the SECTION 2. provisions of this act is July 1, 2013.

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