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HOUSE BILL 60

50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2012

INTRODUCED BY

Ray Begaye

AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL LAW; PROVIDING THAT THE CRIME OF THIRD DEGREE AGGRAVATED BATTERY INCLUDES STRANGULATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 30-3-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1963, Chapter 303, Section 3-5, as amended) is amended to read:

"30-3-5. AGGRAVATED BATTERY.--

- A. Aggravated battery consists of the unlawful touching or application of force to the person of another with intent to injure that person or another.
- B. Whoever commits aggravated battery inflicting an injury to the person [which] that is not likely to cause death or great bodily harm but does cause painful temporary disfigurement or temporary loss or impairment of the functions of any member or organ of the body, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

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2	a third degree felony if the aggravated battery is committed:		
3	(1) by inflicting great bodily harm; [or does		
4	so]		
5	(2) with a deadly weapon; [or does so]		
6	(3) by strangulation; or		
7	(4) in any manner whereby great bodily harm or		
8	death can be inflicted [is guilty of a third degree felony].		
9	D. As used in this section, "strangulation" means		
10	the compression of or application of pressure to a person's		
11	neck or throat that obstructs the person's blood flow or		
12	ability to breathe."		
13	SECTION 2. Section 30-3-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1995,		
14	Chapter 221, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:		
15	"30-3-16. AGGRAVATED BATTERY AGAINST A HOUSEHOLD		
16	MEMBER		
17	A. Aggravated battery against a household member		
18	consists of the unlawful touching or application of force to		
19	the person of a household member with intent to injure that		
20	person or another.		
21	B. Whoever commits aggravated battery against a		
22	household member by inflicting an injury to that person that is		
23	not likely to cause death or great bodily harm, but that does		
24	cause painful temporary disfigurement or temporary loss or		
25	impairment of the functions of any member or organ of the body,		

C. Whoever commits aggravated battery is guilty of

is guilty of a misdemeanor.

- C. Whoever commits aggravated battery against a household member <u>is guilty of a third degree felony if the aggravated battery is committed:</u>
- (1) by inflicting great bodily harm; [or doing so]
 - (2) with a deadly weapon; [or doing so]
 - (3) by strangulation; or
- (4) in any manner whereby great bodily harm or death can be inflicted [is guilty of a third degree felony].
- D. Upon conviction pursuant to Subsection B of this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete a domestic violence offender treatment or intervention program approved by the children, youth and families department pursuant to rules promulgated by the department that define the criteria for such programs.
- E. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if a sentence imposed pursuant to the provisions of Subsection B of this section is suspended or deferred in whole or in part, the period of probation may extend beyond three hundred sixty-four days but may not exceed two years. If an offender violates a condition of probation, the court may impose any sentence that the court could originally have imposed and credit shall not be given for time served by the offender on probation; provided that the total period of

new	delete
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ability to breathe."

incarceration shall not exceed three hundred sixty-four days			
and the combined period of incarceration and probation shall			
not exceed two years.			
F. As used in this section, "strangulation" means			
the compression of or application of pressure to a person's			
neck or throat that obstructs the person's blood flow or			

- 4 -

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