1	HOUSE BILL 315
2	51st legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2013
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	James R.J. Strickler
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO TAXATION; AMENDING THE GROSS RECEIPTS AND
12	COMPENSATING TAX ACT; PROVIDING FOR SPECIAL AGREEMENTS TO ALLOW
13	PAYMENT OF TAXES BY A PERSON OTHER THAN THE TAXPAYER; REMOVING
14	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FROM A DEDUCTION REGARDING SALES TO
15	MANUFACTURERS; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
18	SECTION 1. A new section of the Tax Administration Act is
19	enacted to read:
20	"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SPECIAL AGREEMENTSALTERNATIVE GROSS
21	RECEIPTS TAXPAYER
22	A. To allow the payment of gross receipts tax by a
23	person who is not the liable taxpayer, the secretary may
24	approve a request by a person to assume the liability for gross
25	receipts tax or governmental gross receipts tax owed by another
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1 provided that the person requesting approval agrees to assume 2 the rights and responsibilities as taxpayer pursuant to the Tax Administration Act for: 3 an agreement to collect and pay over taxes 4 (1)5 for persons in a business relationship, which is an agreement that may be entered into by persons who wish to remit gross 6 7 receipts tax on behalf of another person with whom the taxpayer has a business relationship; 8 9 (2) an agreement to collect and pay over taxes for a direct sales company: 10 (a) which agreement may be entered into 11 12 by a direct sales company that has distributors of tangible personal property in New Mexico; and 13 14 (b) in which the direct sales company agrees to pay the gross receipts tax liability of the 15 distributor at the same time the company remits its own gross 16 receipts tax; and 17 a manufacturer's agreement to pay gross (3) 18 19 receipts tax or governmental gross receipts tax on behalf of a 20 utility company, which agreement: (a) allows a person engaged in 21 manufacturing in New Mexico to pay gross receipts tax or 22 governmental gross receipts tax on behalf of a utility company 23 on receipts from sales of utilities that are: 1) not consumed 24 in the manufacturing process; or 2) not otherwise deductible; 25 .190715.2SA

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and

(b) is only applicable to transactions
between a manufacturer and a utility company that are
associated with the gross receipts tax deduction pursuant to
Subsection B of Section 7-9-46 NMSA 1978.

B. To enter into the agreements authorized in this section, a person shall complete a form prescribed by the secretary and provide any additional information or documentation required by department rules or instructions that will assist in the approval of agreements listed in Subsection A of this section.

C. Once approved, an agreement shall be effective only for the period of time specified in each agreement. Any person entering into an agreement to pay tax on behalf of another person shall fulfill all of the requirements set out in the agreement. Failure to fulfill all of the requirements set out in the agreement may result in the revocation of the agreement by the department. An approved agreement may only be revoked prior to expiration by written notification to all persons who are party to the agreement and shall be applied beginning on the first day of a month that occurs at least one month following the date on which the agreement is revoked.

D. A person approved by the secretary to pay the gross receipts tax or governmental gross receipts tax pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall be deemed to be the

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1 taxpayer with respect to that tax pursuant to the Tax 2 Administration Act with respect to all rights and 3 responsibilities related to that tax, except that: the person shall not be entitled to take 4 (1) any credit against the tax for which the person has assumed 5 liability pursuant to this section; and 6 7 (2) the person shall not claim a refund of tax 8 on the basis that the person is not statutorily liable to pay 9 the tax. Ε. The department shall relieve from liability and 10 hold harmless from the payment of a tax assumed by another 11 12 person pursuant to an agreement approved pursuant to this section a taxpayer that would otherwise be liable for that 13 14 tax." SECTION 2. Section 7-1-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 15 Chapter 248, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: 16 "7-1-3. DEFINITIONS.--Unless the context clearly 17 18 indicates a different meaning, the definitions of words and 19 phrases as they are stated in this section are to be used, and 20 whenever in the Tax Administration Act these words and phrases appear, the singular includes the plural and the plural 21 includes the singular: 22 "automated clearinghouse transaction" means an 23 Α. electronic credit or debit transmitted through an automated 24 25 clearinghouse payable to the state treasurer and deposited with

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1 the fiscal agent of New Mexico;

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"department" means the taxation and revenue Β. department, the secretary or any employee of the department exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by the secretary;

"electronic payment" means a payment made by C. automated clearinghouse deposit, any funds wire transfer system or a credit card, debit card or electronic cash transaction 8 9 through the internet;

"employee of the department" means any employee D. of the department, including the secretary, or any person acting as agent or authorized to represent or perform services for the department in any capacity with respect to any law made subject to administration and enforcement under the provisions of the Tax Administration Act;

"financial institution" means any state or Ε. federally chartered, federally insured depository institution;

F. "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as that code may be amended or its sections renumbered;

G. "levy" means the lawful power, hereby invested in the secretary, to take into possession or to require the present or future surrender to the secretary or the secretary's delegate of any property or rights to property belonging to a delinquent taxpayer;

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1 н. "local option gross receipts tax" means a tax 2 authorized to be imposed by a county or municipality upon the taxpayer's gross receipts, as that term is defined in the Gross 3 Receipts and Compensating Tax Act, and required to be collected 4 by the department at the same time and in the same manner as 5 the gross receipts tax; "local option gross receipts tax" 6 7 includes the taxes imposed pursuant to the Municipal Local Option Gross Receipts Taxes Act, Supplemental Municipal Gross 8 9 Receipts Tax Act, County Local Option Gross Receipts Taxes Act, Local Hospital Gross Receipts Tax Act, County Correctional 10 Facility Gross Receipts Tax Act and such other acts as may be 11 12 enacted authorizing counties or municipalities to impose taxes on gross receipts, which taxes are to be collected by the 13 department in the same time and in the same manner as it 14 collects the gross receipts tax; 15

I. "managed audit" means a review and analysis conducted by a taxpayer under an agreement with the department to determine the taxpayer's compliance with a tax administered pursuant to the Tax Administration Act and the presentation of the results to the department for assessment of tax found to be due;

J. "net receipts" means the total amount of money paid by taxpayers to the department in a month pursuant to a tax or tax act less any refunds disbursed in that month with respect to that tax or tax act;

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1 К. "overpayment" means an amount paid, pursuant to 2 any law subject to administration and enforcement under the provisions of the Tax Administration Act, by a person to the 3 department or withheld from the person in excess of tax due 4 from the person to the state at the time of the payment or at 5 the time the amount withheld is credited against tax due; 6 7 L. "paid" includes the term "paid over"; "pay" includes the term "pay over"; Μ. 8 "payment" includes the term "payment over"; 9 N. 0. "person" means any individual, estate, trust, 10 receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, 11 12 firm, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, joint venture, syndicate, other association or 13 gas, water or electric utility owned or operated by a county or 14 municipality; "person" also means, to the extent permitted by 15 law, a federal, state or other governmental unit or 16 subdivision, or an agency, department or instrumentality 17 thereof; and "person", as used in Sections 7-1-72 through 18 7-1-74 NMSA 1978, also includes an officer or employee of a 19 20 corporation, a member or employee of a partnership or any individual who, as such, is under a duty to perform any act in 21 respect of which a violation occurs; 22 23

Ρ. "property" means property or rights to property;

"property or rights to property" means any Q. tangible property, real or personal, or any intangible property .190715.2SA - 7 -

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1 of a taxpayer;

R. "return" means any tax or information return, declaration of estimated tax or claim for refund, including any amendments or supplements to the return, required or permitted pursuant to a law subject to administration and enforcement pursuant to the Tax Administration Act and filed with the secretary or the secretary's delegate by or on behalf of any person;

"return information" means a taxpayer's name, 9 s. address, government-issued identification number and other 10 identifying information; any information contained in or 11 12 derived from a taxpayer's return; any information with respect to any actual or possible administrative or legal action by an 13 14 employee of the department concerning a taxpayer's return, such as audits, managed audits, denial of credits or refunds, 15 assessments of tax, penalty or interest, protests of 16 assessments or denial of refunds or credits, levies or liens; 17 or any other information with respect to a taxpayer's return or 18 19 tax liability that was not obtained from public sources or that 20 was created by an employee of the department; but "return information" does not include statistical data or other 21 information that cannot be associated with or directly or 22 indirectly identify a particular taxpayer; 23

T. "secretary" means the secretary of taxation and revenue and, except for purposes of Subsection B of Section .190715.2SA

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7-1-4 NMSA 1978 and Subsection E of Section 7-1-24 NMSA 1978, also includes the deputy secretary or a division director or deputy division director delegated by the secretary;

U. "secretary or the secretary's delegate" means the secretary or any employee of the department exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by the secretary;

V. "security" means money, property or rights to property or a surety bond;

W. "state" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico and any territory or possession of the United States;

X. "tax" means the total amount of each tax imposed and required to be paid, withheld and paid or collected and paid under provision of any law made subject to administration and enforcement according to the provisions of the Tax Administration Act and, unless the context otherwise requires, includes the amount of any interest or civil penalty relating thereto; "tax" also means any amount of any abatement of tax made or any credit, rebate or refund paid or credited by the department under any law subject to administration and enforcement under the provisions of the Tax Administration Act to any person contrary to law and includes, unless the context requires otherwise, the amount of any interest or civil penalty relating thereto;

Y. "taxpayer" means a person liable for payment of .190715.2SA

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1 any tax, a person responsible for withholding and payment or 2 for collection and payment of any tax $[\sigma r]$, a person to whom an 3 assessment has been made, if the assessment remains unabated or the amount thereof has not been paid, or a person who entered 4 into a special agreement to assume the liability of gross 5 receipts tax or governmental gross receipts tax of another 6 7 person and the special agreement was approved by the secretary pursuant to the Tax Administration Act; and 8

9 z. "tax return preparer" means a person who prepares for others for compensation or who employs one or more 10 persons to prepare for others for compensation any return of 11 12 income tax, a substantial portion of any return of income tax, any claim for refund with respect to income tax or a 13 substantial portion of any claim for refund with respect to 14 income tax; provided that a person shall not be a "tax return 15 preparer" merely because such person: 16

(1) furnishes typing, reproducing or other mechanical assistance;

(2) is an employee who prepares an income tax return or claim for refund with respect to an income tax return of the employer, or of an officer or employee of the employer, by whom the person is regularly and continuously employed; or

(3) prepares as a trustee or other fiduciary an income tax return or claim for refund with respect to income tax for any person."

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SECTION 3. Section 7-9-46 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 144, Section 36, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-9-46. DEDUCTION--GROSS RECEIPTS TAX--GOVERNMENTAL GROSS RECEIPTS--SALES TO MANUFACTURERS.--

A. Receipts from selling tangible personal property may be deducted from gross receipts or from governmental gross receipts if the sale is made to a person engaged in the business of manufacturing who delivers a nontaxable transaction certificate to the seller. The buyer delivering the nontaxable transaction certificate must incorporate the tangible personal property as an ingredient or component part of the product that the buyer is in the business of manufacturing.

B. Receipts from selling tangible personal property that is used in such a way that it is consumed in the manufacturing process of a product, provided that the tangible personal property is not a tool or equipment used to create the manufactured product, to a person engaged in the business of manufacturing that product and who delivers a nontaxable transaction certificate to the seller may be deducted in the following percentages from gross receipts or from governmental gross receipts:

(1) twenty percent of receipts received priorto January 1, 2014;

(2) forty percent of receipts received in calendar year 2014;

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(3) sixty percent of receipts received in
 calendar year 2015;
 (4) eighty percent of receipts received in
 calendar year 2016; and
 (5) one hundred percent of receipts received

(5) one hundred percent of receipts received on or after January 1, 2017.

C. The purpose of the deductions provided in this section is to encourage manufacturing businesses to locate in New Mexico and to reduce the tax burden, including reducing pyramiding, on the tangible personal property that is consumed in the manufacturing process and that is purchased by manufacturing businesses in New Mexico.

[D. The department shall annually report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee the aggregate amount of deductions taken pursuant to this section, the number of taxpayers claiming each of the deductions and any other information that is necessary to determine that the deductions are performing the purposes for which they are enacted.

E. A taxpayer deducting gross receipts pursuant to this section shall report the amount deducted separately for each deduction provided in this section and attribute the amount of the deduction to the appropriate authorization provided in this section in a manner required by the department that facilitates the evaluation by the legislature of the benefit to the state of these deductions.]"

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	1	SECTION 4. APPLICABILITYThe provisions of this act
[bracketed material] = delete	2	apply to gross receipts or governmental gross receipts received
	3	in tax periods beginning on or after May 1, 2013.
	4	SECTION 5. EMERGENCYIt is necessary for the public
	5	peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.
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