LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 977

Introduced by Wayne, 13. Read first time January 10, 2018 Committee:

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to crimes and offenses; to amend sections
2	29-2204.02 and 29-2308, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
3	section 83-1,122.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016,
4	and section 28-105, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017; to change
5	provisions relating to sentencing for Class IV felonies and the
6	jurisdiction of the Board of Parole; to provide for applicability of
7	changes; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original
8	sections.

9 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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1	Section 1. Se	ection 28-105, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
2	amended to read:	
3	28-105 (1) Fo	or purposes of the Nebraska Criminal Code and any
4	statute passed by t	the Legislature after the date of passage of the code,
5	felonies are divid	ed into ten classes which are distinguished from one
6	another by the foll	owing penalties which are authorized upon conviction:
7	Class I felony	Death
8	Class IA felony	Life imprisonment
9	Class IB felony	Maximum—life imprisonment
10		Minimum—twenty years imprisonment
11	Class IC felony	Maximum—fifty years imprisonment
12		Mandatory minimum—five years imprisonment
13	Class ID felony	Maximum—fifty years imprisonment
14		Mandatory minimum—three years imprisonment
15	Class II felony	Maximum—fifty years imprisonment
16		Minimum—one year imprisonment
17	Class IIA felony	Maximum—twenty years imprisonment
18		Minimum—none
19	Class III felony	Maximum—four years imprisonment and two years
20		post-release supervision or
21		twenty-five thousand dollars fine, or both
22		Minimum—none for imprisonment and nine months
23		post-release supervision if imprisonment is imposed
24	Class IIIA felony	Maximum—three years imprisonment
25		and eighteen months post-release supervision or
26		ten thousand dollars fine, or both
27		Minimum—none for imprisonment and nine months
28		post-release supervision if imprisonment is imposed
29	Class IV felony	Maximum—two years imprisonment and twelve
30		months post-release supervision or

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1	ten thousand dollars fine, or both
2	Minimum—none for imprisonment and, nine months
3	$post-release$ supervision if imprisonment is imposed_
4	post-release supervision at the discretion of
5	<u>the judge</u>

6 (2) All sentences for maximum terms of imprisonment for one year or 7 more for felonies shall be served in institutions under the jurisdiction 8 of the Department of Correctional Services. All sentences for maximum 9 terms of imprisonment of less than one year shall be served in the county 10 jail.

11 (3) Nothing in this section shall limit the authority granted in 12 sections 29-2221 and 29-2222 to increase sentences for habitual 13 criminals.

(4) A person convicted of a felony for which a mandatory minimum
 sentence is prescribed shall not be eligible for probation.

(5) All sentences of post-release supervision shall be served under
the jurisdiction of the Office of Probation Administration and shall be
subject to conditions imposed pursuant to section 29-2262 and subject to
sanctions authorized pursuant to section 29-2266.02.

(6) Any person who is sentenced to imprisonment for a Class I, IA,
IB, IC, ID, II, or IIA felony and sentenced concurrently or consecutively
to imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony shall not be subject
to post-release supervision pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

(7) Any person who is sentenced to imprisonment for a Class III,
IIIA, or IV felony committed prior to August 30, 2015, and sentenced
concurrently or consecutively to imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or
IV felony committed on or after August 30, 2015, shall not be subject to
post-release supervision pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

(8) The changes made to the penalties for Class III, IIIA, and IV
felonies by Laws 2015, LB605, do not apply to any offense committed prior
to August 30, 2015, as provided in section 28-116.

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LB977 2018 (9) The changes made to this section by this legislative bill shall 1 2 <u>apply to:</u> (a) Offenses committed on or after the effective date of this act; 3 4 and (b) Offenses committed prior to the effective date of this act and 5 on or after August 30, 2015, for which a final judgment has not been 6 7 entered. Sec. 2. Section 29-2204.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 8 9 amended to read: 10 29-2204.02 (1) Except when a term of probation is required by law as provided in subsection (2) of this section or except as otherwise 11 provided in subsection (5) (4) of this section, in imposing a sentence 12 13 upon an offender for a Class III or Class τ IIIA, or IV felony, the court shall: 14 15 (a) Impose a determinate sentence of imprisonment within the applicable range in section 28-105; and 16 17 (b) Impose a sentence of post-release supervision, under the jurisdiction of the Office of Probation Administration, within the 18 applicable range in section 28-105. 19 (2) Except when a term of probation is required by law as provided 20 in subsection (3) of this section or except as otherwise provided in 21 subsection (5) of this section, in imposing a sentence upon an offender 22 for a Class IV felony, the court: 23 24 (a) Shall impose a determinate sentence of imprisonment within the 25 applicable range in section 28-105; and (b) May impose a sentence of post-release supervision, under the 26 jurisdiction of the Office of Probation Administration, within the 27 applicable range in section 28-105. 28 29 (3) (2) If the criminal offense is a Class IV felony, the court shall impose a sentence of probation unless: 30 (a) The defendant is concurrently or consecutively sentenced to 31

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1 imprisonment for any felony other than another Class IV felony;

2 (b) The defendant has been deemed a habitual criminal pursuant to3 section 29-2221; or

4 (c) There are substantial and compelling reasons why the defendant 5 cannot effectively and safely be supervised in the community, including, 6 but not limited to, the criteria in subsections (2) and (3) of section 7 29-2260. Unless other reasons are found to be present, that the offender 8 has not previously succeeded on probation is not, standing alone, a 9 substantial and compelling reason.

10 (4) (3) If a sentence of probation is not imposed, the court shall 11 state its reasoning on the record, advise the defendant of his or her 12 right to appeal the sentence, and impose a sentence as provided in 13 subsection (1) or (2) of this section.

(5) (4) For any sentence of imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or 14 IV felony for an offense committed on or after August 30, 2015, imposed 15 consecutively or concurrently with (a) a sentence for a Class III, IIIA, 16 17 or IV felony for an offense committed prior to August 30, 2015, or (b) a sentence of imprisonment for a Class I, IA, IB, IC, ID, II, or IIA 18 19 felony, the court shall impose an indeterminate sentence within the applicable range in section 28-105 that does not include a period of 20 post-release supervision, in accordance with the process set forth in 21 22 section 29-2204.

23 (6) (5) For any sentence of imprisonment for a misdemeanor imposed 24 consecutively or concurrently with a sentence of imprisonment for a Class 25 III, IIIA, or IV felony for an offense committed on or after August 30, 2015, the court shall impose a determinate sentence within the applicable 26 range in section 28-106 unless the person is also committed to the 27 28 Department of Correctional Services in accordance with section 29-2204 for (a) a sentence of imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony 29 committed prior to August 30, 2015, or (b) a sentence of imprisonment for 30 a Class I, IA, IB, IC, ID, II, or IIA felony. 31

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1 (7) (6) If the defendant was under eighteen years of age at the time 2 he or she committed the crime for which he or she was convicted, the 3 court may, in its discretion, instead of imposing the penalty provided 4 for the crime, make such disposition of the defendant as the court deems 5 proper under the Nebraska Juvenile Code.

6 (8)(a) (7)(a) When imposing a determinate sentence upon an offender
 7 under this section, the court shall:

8 (i) Advise the offender on the record the time the offender will 9 serve on his or her term of imprisonment before <u>any his or her</u> term of 10 post-release supervision <u>or parole</u> assuming that no good time for which 11 the offender will be eligible is lost;

(ii) Advise the offender on the record <u>of any the</u> time the offender
will serve on <u>a his or her</u> term of post-release supervision; and

(iii) When imposing a sentence following revocation of post-release supervision, advise the offender on the record the time the offender will serve on his or her term of imprisonment, including credit for time served, assuming that no good time for which the offender will be eligible is lost.

(b) If a period of post-release supervision is required but not
imposed by the sentencing court, the term of post-release supervision
shall be the minimum provided by law.

(c) If the court imposes more than one sentence upon an offender or imposes a sentence upon an offender who is at that time serving another sentence, the court shall state whether the sentences are to be concurrent or consecutive.

(d) If the offender has been sentenced to two or more determinate
sentences and one or more terms of post-release supervision, the offender
shall serve all determinate sentences before being released on postrelease supervision.

30 (9) The changes made to this section by this legislative bill shall
 31 apply to:

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(a) Offenses committed on or after the effective date of this act;
 and

3 (b) Offenses committed prior to the effective date of this act and
4 on or after August 30, 2015, for which a final judgment has not been
5 entered.

Sec. 3. Section 29-2308, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

29-2308 (1) In all criminal cases that now are or may hereafter be 8 9 pending in the Court of Appeals or Supreme Court, the appellate court may 10 reduce the sentence rendered by the district court against the accused when in its opinion the sentence is excessive, and it shall be the duty 11 12 of the appellate court to render such sentence against the accused as in its opinion may be warranted by the evidence. No judgment shall be set 13 aside, new trial granted, or judgment rendered in any criminal case on 14 the grounds of misdirection of the jury or the improper admission or 15 rejection of evidence or for error as to any matter of pleading or 16 17 procedure if the appellate court, after an examination of the entire cause, considers that no substantial miscarriage of justice has actually 18 occurred. 19

(2) In all criminal cases based on offenses subject to determinate
sentencing under subsection (3) (2) of section 29-2204.02, the appellate
court may determine that a sentence is excessive because the district
court did not provide substantial and compelling reasons for imposing a
sentence other than probation.

Sec. 4. Section 83-1,122.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
26 2016, is amended to read:

27 83-1,122.01 (1) The board does not have jurisdiction over a person 28 who is committed to the department in accordance with section 29-2204.02 29 for a Class III<u>or Class</u> $_{\tau}$ IIIA, or IV felony committed on or after 30 August 30, 2015, unless the person is also committed to the department in 31 accordance with section 29-2204 for:

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1	(a) <u>A</u> a sentence of imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony
2	committed prior to August 30, 2015; $_{ au}$ or
3	(b) <u>A</u> a sentence of imprisonment for a Class I, IA, IB, IC, ID, II,
4	or IIA felony.
5	<u>(2) The board does not have jurisdiction over a person who is</u>
6	committed to the department in accordance with section 29-2204.02 for a
7	<u>Class IV felony committed on or after August 30, 2015, unless:</u>
8	<u>(a) The sentence does not include a term of post-release</u>
9	supervision; or
10	(b) The person is also committed to the department in accordance
11	with section 29-2204 for:
12	<u>(i) A sentence of imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony</u>
13	<u>committed prior to August 30, 2015; or</u>
14	<u>(ii) A sentence of imprisonment for a Class I, IA, IB, IC, ID, II,</u>
15	<u>or IIA felony.</u>
16	<u>(3)</u> (2) The board does not have jurisdiction over a person committed
17	to the department for a misdemeanor sentence imposed consecutively or
18	concurrently with a Class III or Class $_{ au}$ IIIA, or IV felony sentence for
19	an offense committed on or after August 30, 2015, unless the person is
20	also committed to the department in accordance with section 29-2204 for:
21	(a) <u>A</u> a sentence of imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony
22	committed prior to August 30, 2015; $_{ au}$ or
23	(b) <u>A</u> a sentence of imprisonment for a Class I, IA, IB, IC, ID, II,
24	or IIA felony.
25	(4) The board does not have jurisdiction over a person committed to
26	the department for a misdemeanor sentence imposed consecutively or
27	concurrently with a Class IV felony sentence for an offense committed on
28	<u>or after August 30, 2015, unless:</u>
29	<u>(a) The sentence does not include a term of post-release</u>
30	supervision; or
31	<u>(b) The person is also committed to the department in accordance</u>

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1	with section 29-2204 for:
2	<u>(i) A sentence of imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony</u>
3	<u>committed prior to August 30, 2015; or</u>
4	<u>(ii) A sentence of imprisonment for a Class I, IA, IB, IC, ID, II,</u>
5	<u>or IIA felony.</u>
6	(5) The changes made to this section by this legislative bill shall
7	<u>apply to:</u>
8	<u>(a) Offenses committed on or after the effective date of this act;</u>
9	<u>or</u>
10	(b) Offenses committed prior to the effective date of this act and
11	<u>on or after August 30, 2015, for which a final judgment has not been</u>
12	entered.
13	Sec. 5. Original sections 29-2204.02 and 29-2308, Reissue Revised
14	Statutes of Nebraska, section 83-1,122.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative
15	Supplement, 2016, and section 28-105, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017,

16 are repealed.