LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 873

Introduced by Urban Affairs Committee: Wayne, 13, Chairperson; Crawford, 45; Hansen, 26; Howard, 9; Larson, 40; Quick, 35; Riepe, 12.

Read first time January 05, 2018

Committee:

1	A BILL FOR	AN ACT rela	ating to c	cities and	villages;	to amend	sections
2	19-201,	19-402, 1	9-403, 19-	-404, 19-40	95, 19-409,	19-411,	19-412,
3	19-413,	19-416, 1	9-417, 19-	-419, 19-42	21, 19-422,	19-423,	19-432,
4	19-433,	19-502, 1	9-503, 19-	-601, 19-60	93, 19-604,	19-605,	19-606,
5	19-607,	19-608, 19	-609, 19-6	510, 19-611	, 19-612, 1	19-613, 19	9-613.01,
6	19-615,	19-616, 1	9-617, 19-	-618, 19-61	19, 19-620,	19-645,	19-646,
7	19-647,	19-648, 1	9-662, 19-	-701, 19-70	92, 19-703,	19-704,	19-705,
8	19-706,	19-707, 1	9-708, 19-	-709, 19-71	10, 19-901,	, 19-902,	19-903,
9	19-904,	19-904.01,	19-905, 1	9-907, 19-	908, 19-909), 19-910,	19-911,
10	19-912,	19-912.01,	19-913, 1	9-914, 19-	915, 19-916	õ, 19-917,	19-918,
11	19-919,	19-920, 1	9-921, 19-	-923, 19-92	25, 19-927,	19-928,	19-929,
12	19-930,	19-931, 19-	932, 19-11	L03, 19-1104	4, 19-1301,	19-1302,	19-1303,
13	19-1304,	19-1305,	19-1306,	19-1307,	19-1308,	19-1309,	19-1310,
14	19-1311,	19-1312,	19-1401,	19-1402,	19-1403,	19-1404,	19-1501,
15	19-1502,	19-1826,	19-1829,	19-1830,	19-1833,	19-1834,	19-1836,
16	19-1839,	19-1846,	19-2101,	19-2102,	19-2103,	19-2104,	19-2105,
17	19-2106,	19-2201,	19-2202,	19-2203,	19-2302,	19-2303,	19-2304,
18	19-2401,	19-2403,	19-2405,	19-2406,	19-2410,	19-2411,	19-2412,
19	19-2413,	19-2414,	19-2416,	19-2417,	19-2419,	19-2420,	19-2421,
20	19-2422,	19-2423,	19-2424,	19-2425,	19-2426,	19-2428,	19-2429,
21	19-2430,	19-2432,	19-2701,	19-2901,	19-2902,	19-2904,	19-2905,
22	19-2907,	19-2908,	19-2909,	19-3052,	19-3101,	19-3302,	19-3303,

1	19-3304, 19-3305, 19-3306, 19-3307, 19-3308, 19-3309, 19-3310,
2	19-3311, 19-3312, 19-3313, 19-3314, 19-3315, 19-3315.01, 19-3316,
3	19-3317, 19-3318, 19-3319, 19-3320, 19-3321, 19-3322, 19-3323,
4	19-3324, 19-3325, 19-3326, 19-3327, 19-3701, 19-3801, 19-4017.01,
5	19-4019, 19-4021, 19-4022, 19-4032, 19-4033, 19-4035, 19-4036,
6	19-4629, 19-4630, 19-4632, 19-4633, 19-4634, 19-4636, 19-4638,
7	19-4701, and 19-5001, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, sections
8	16-238, 16-305, 16-308, 19-922, 19-2402, 19-2404, 19-2407, 19-2418,
9	19-2427, 19-4017, 19-4018, 19-4026, 19-4027, 19-4028, 19-4029,
10	19-4029.01, 19-4029.04, 19-4029.05, 19-4034, and 19-4037, Revised
11	Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, and sections 17-108.02,
12	17-121, 19-401, 19-415, 19-418, 19-602, 19-926, 19-1101, 19-1102,
13	19-1827, 19-3501, 19-4030, 19-4031, 32-538, and 32-539, Revised
14	Statutes Supplement, 2017; to change provisions relating to cities
15	of particular classes and villages; to correct and include
16	references as prescribed; to eliminate obsolete provisions; to
17	repeal definitions; to harmonize provisions; to repeal the original
18	sections; and to outright repeal sections 19-101, 19-104, 19-407,
19	and 19-924, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections
20	19-102 and 19-103, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017.

21 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

-2-

Section 1. Section 16-238, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2016, is amended to read:

3 16-238 A city of the first class may make regulations to prevent the 4 introduction and spread of contagious, infectious, or malignant diseases 5 into the city. In cities with a commission form of government as provided in the Municipal Commission Plan of Government Act Chapter 19, article 4, 6 7 and cities with a city manager plan of government as provided in Chapter 19, article 6, a board of health shall be created consisting of five 8 9 members: The mayor, who shall be chairperson, a physician, who shall be medical adviser, the chief of police, who shall be secretary and 10 quarantine officer, and two other members. In all other cities, a board 11 of health shall be created consisting of five members: The mayor, who 12 shall be chairperson, a physician, who shall be medical adviser, the 13 14 chief of police, who shall be secretary and quarantine officer, the president of the city council, and one other member. A majority of such 15 16 board shall constitute a quorum and shall enact rules and regulations, 17 having the force and effect of law, to safeguard the health of the people of such city and prevent nuisances and unsanitary conditions, enforce the 18 19 same, and provide fines and punishments for the violation of such rules and regulations. 20

Sec. 2. Section 16-305, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
22 2016, is amended to read:

23 16-305 All officers and employees of the city shall receive such 24 compensation as the mayor and city council may fix at the time of their appointment or employment, subject to the limitations set forth in this 25 section. The city council may at its discretion by ordinance combine and 26 merge any elective or appointive office or employment or any combination 27 28 of duties of any such offices or employments, except mayor and city council member, with any other elective or appointive office or 29 employment so that one or more of such offices or employments or any 30 combination of duties of any such offices or employments may be held by 31

-3-

1 the same officer or employee at the same time. The city manager in a city 2 under the city manager plan of government as provided in the City Manager <u>Plan of Government Act Chapter 19, article 6</u>, may in his or her 3 4 discretion combine and merge any elective or appointive office or 5 employment or any combination of duties of any such offices or employments, except mayor and city council member, with any other 6 7 elective or appointive office or employment so that one or more of such offices or employments or any combination of duties of any such offices 8 9 or employments may be held by the same officer or employee at the same time. The offices or employments so merged and combined shall always be 10 construed to be separate, and the effect of the combination or merger 11 shall be limited to a consolidation of official duties only. The salary 12 13 or compensation of the officer or employee holding the merged and combined offices or employments or offices and employments shall not be 14 in excess of the maximum amount provided by law for the salary or 15 16 compensation of the office, offices, employment, or employments so merged 17 and combined.

Sec. 3. Section 16-308, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

16-308 Each city of the first class shall have such departments and 20 appointed officers as shall be established by ordinance passed by the 21 city council, which shall include a city clerk, treasurer, engineer, and 22 attorney, and such officers as may otherwise be required by law. Except 23 24 as provided in the City Manager Plan of Government Act Chapter 19_{τ} 25 article 6, the mayor may, with the approval of the city council, appoint the necessary officers, as well as an administrator, who shall perform 26 such duties as prescribed by ordinance. Except as provided in the City 27 28 Manager Plan of Government Act Chapter 19, article 6, the appointed officers may be removed at any time by the mayor with approval of a 29 majority of the city council. The office of administrator may not be held 30 by the mayor. The appointed administrator may concurrently hold any other 31

-4-

1 appointive office provided for in this section and section 16-325.

Sec. 4. Section 17-108.02, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
amended to read:

4 17-108.02 (1) All officers and employees of a city of the second 5 class shall receive such compensation as the mayor and city council may 6 fix at the time of their appointment or employment subject to the 7 limitations set forth in this section.

8 (2) The city council may at its discretion by ordinance combine and 9 merge any elective or appointive office or employment or any combination 10 of duties of any such offices or employments, except mayor and city 11 council member, with any other elective or appointive office or 12 employment so that one or more of such offices or employments or any 13 combination of duties of any such offices or employments may be held by 14 the same officer or employee at the same time.

(3) The city manager in a city of the second class under the city 15 16 manager plan of government as provided in the City Manager Plan of 17 Government Act Chapter 19, article 6, may in his or her discretion combine and merge any elective or appointive office or employment or any 18 19 combination of duties of any such offices or employments, except mayor and city council member, with any other elective or appointive office or 20 employment so that one or more of such offices or employments or any 21 22 combination of duties of any such offices or employments may be held by the same officer or employee at the same time. 23

24 (4) The offices or employments merged and combined under subsection 25 (2) or (3) of this section shall always be construed to be separate, and the effect of the combination or merger shall be limited to a 26 consolidation of official duties only. The salary or compensation of the 27 28 officer or employee holding the merged and combined offices or employments or offices and employments shall not be in excess of the 29 maximum amount provided by law for the salary or compensation of the 30 office, offices, employment, or employments so merged and combined. 31

-5-

(5) For purposes of this section, volunteer firefighters and
 ambulance drivers shall not be considered officers.

3 Sec. 5. Section 17-121, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
4 amended to read:

5 17-121 (1) A city of the second class shall have the power to make 6 regulations to prevent the introduction and spread of contagious, 7 infectious, or malignant diseases into the city, to make quarantine laws 8 for that purpose, and to enforce such regulations.

9 (2) In cities of the second class with a commission form of government as provided in the Municipal Commission Plan of Government Act 10 Chapter 19, article 4, and cities of the second class with a city manager 11 plan of government as provided in the City Manager Plan of Government Act 12 Chapter 19, article 6, a board of health shall be created consisting of 13 five members: The mayor, who shall be chairperson, and four other 14 members. One member shall be a physician or health care provider, if one 15 16 can be found who is willing to serve. Such physician or health care provider, if appointed, shall be the board's medical advisor. If the city 17 manager has appointed a chief of police, the chief of police shall serve 18 19 on the board as secretary and guarantine officer.

(3) In all other cities of the second class, a board of health shall 20 be created consisting of four members: The mayor, who shall be 21 chairperson, the president of the city council, and two other members. 22 23 One member shall be a physician or health care provider, if one can be 24 found who is willing to serve. Such physician or health care provider, if 25 appointed, shall be the board's medical advisor. If the mayor has appointed a chief of police, the chief of police shall serve on the board 26 as secretary and quarantine officer. 27

(4) A majority of the board of health shall constitute a quorum and
shall enact rules and regulations, which shall have the force and effect
of law, to safeguard the health of the people of such city, may enforce
them, and may provide fines and punishments for the violation of such

-6-

rules and regulations. The board of health shall have power to and shall 1 2 make all necessary rules and regulations relating to matters of sanitation of such city, including the removal of dead animals, the 3 4 sanitary condition of the streets, alleys, vacant grounds, stockyards, 5 wells, cisterns, privies, waterclosets, cesspools, and all buildings and places not specified where filth, nuisances, or offensive matter is kept 6 7 or is liable to or does accumulate. The board of health may regulate, suppress, and prevent the occurrence of nuisances and enforce all laws of 8 9 the state and ordinances of the city relating to nuisances or to matters 10 of sanitation of such city. The board of health shall also have control of hospitals, dispensaries, places for treatment of sick, and related 11 matters under such restrictions and provisions as may be provided by 12 13 ordinance of such city.

14 Sec. 6. Section 19-201, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

16 19-201 The mayor and <u>city</u> council in any city of the metropolitan 17 <u>class</u> or <u>city of the</u> first class shall have power to license and regulate the keeping of toll bridges within or terminating within the city, for 18 19 the passage of persons and property over any river passing wholly or in part within or running by and adjoining the corporate limits of any such 20 city, to fix and determine the rates of toll over any such bridge, or 21 over the part thereof within the city, and to authorize the owner or 22 owners of any such bridge to charge and collect the rates of toll so 23 24 fixed and determined from all persons passing over or using the same.

25 Sec. 7. Section 19-401, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 26 amended to read:

27 19-401 Sections 19-401 to 19-433 shall be known and may be cited as
28 the Municipal Commission Plan of Government Act.

Any city in this state having not less than two thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census

-7-

1 may adopt the commission <u>plan</u> form of government and be governed 2 thereunder by proceeding as provided in <u>the act</u> sections 19-401 to 3 19-433.

Sec. 8. Section 19-402, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-402 If a petition to adopt the commission plan of government is 6 7 filed with the city clerk of any city meeting the requirements of section 19-401, signed by registered voters equal in number to at least twenty-8 9 five percent of the votes cast for all candidates for mayor at the last 10 preceding general city election, the mayor of the city shall, by appropriate proclamation and notice within twenty days after such filing, 11 12 call and proclaim a special election to be held upon a date fixed in such 13 proclamation—and notice, which date shall not be less than fifteen nor more than sixty days after the date and issuance of such proclamation. 14 After the filing of any petition provided for in this section, no signer 15 of such petition thereon shall be permitted to withdraw his or her name 16 17 from such petition therefrom. At such special election the proposition of adopting the commission plan of government provisions of sections 19-401 18 19 to 19-433 shall be submitted to the registered voters of the city, and such proposition shall be stated as follows: Shall the city of (name of 20 city) adopt the provisions of (naming the charter of the published law 21 22 containing such sections) called the commission plan of city government? The special election shall be held and conducted, the vote canvassed, and 23 24 the result declared in the same manner as provided for the holding and 25 conducting of the general city election in any such city. All officers charged with any duty respecting the calling, holding, and conducting of 26 27 such general city election shall perform such duties for and at such 28 special election.

29 Sec. 9. Section 19-403, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 19-403 If the proposition <u>of adopting the commission plan of</u>

-8-

<u>government</u> is not adopted at <u>the</u> any such special election <u>under section</u>
 <u>19-402</u> by a majority vote, the question of adopting it shall not be again
 submitted in any such city within two years thereafter.

Sec. 10. Section 19-404, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-404 If the proposition under section 19-402 is adopted for the 6 commission plan of city government at least sixty days prior to the next 7 general city election in the city, then at the next general city election 8 9 provided by law in such city, <u>city</u> council members shall be elected as 10 provided in section 32-539. If the proposition is not adopted at least sixty days prior to the date of holding the next general city election in 11 such city, then such city shall continue to be governed under its 12 existing laws until <u>city</u> council members are elected as provided in 13 section 32-539 at the next general city election thereafter occurring in 14 15 any such city.

16 Sec. 11. Section 19-405, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

18 19-405 (1) Any person desiring to become a candidate for the office 19 of <u>city</u> council member <u>under the commission plan of government</u> provided 20 for in section 19-404 shall file a candidate filing form as provided in 21 sections 32-606 and 32-607 and pay the filing fee as provided in section 22 32-608.

(2) Candidates <u>for city council under the commission plan of</u>
<u>government</u> shall be nominated at large either at the statewide primary
election or by filing a candidate filing form if there are not more than
two candidates who have filed for each position or if the <u>city</u> council
waives the requirement for a primary election.

(3) The <u>city</u> council may waive the requirement for a primary
election by adopting an ordinance prior to January 5 of the year in which
the primary election would have been held. If the <u>city</u> council waives the
requirement for a primary election, all candidates filing candidate

-9-

1 filing forms by August 1 prior to the date of the general election as 2 provided in subsection (2) of section 32-606 shall be declared nominated. If the <u>city</u> council does not waive the requirement for a primary election 3 4 and if there are not more than two candidates filed for each position to 5 be filled, all candidates filing candidate filing forms by the deadline prescribed in subsection (1) of section 32-606 shall be declared 6 7 nominated as provided in subsection (1) of section 32-811 and their names shall not appear on the primary election ballot. 8

9 Sec. 12. Section 19-409, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

19-409 (1) In a city under the commission plan of government, the 11 The two candidates for city council member receiving the highest number 12 13 of votes at the primary election shall be placed upon the official ballot for such position at the statewide general election. If no candidates 14 appeared on the primary election ballot or if the <u>city</u> council waived the 15 primary election under section 19-405, all persons filing pursuant to 16 17 section 19-405 shall be the only candidates whose names shall be placed upon the official ballot for such position at the statewide general 18 19 election.

20 (2) If excise members are to be elected, the six candidates 21 receiving the highest number of votes for excise members at the primary 22 election or all candidates, if there are less than six on the primary 23 election ballot or if no primary election is held, shall be the only 24 candidates whose names shall be placed upon the official ballot for 25 excise members at the statewide general election in any such city.

26 (2) (3) Terms for <u>city</u> council members <u>under the commission plan of</u> 27 <u>government</u> shall begin on the date of the first regular meeting of the 28 <u>city</u> council in December following the statewide general election. The 29 <u>terms of council members holding office on August 28, 1999, shall be</u> 30 <u>extended to the first regular meeting of the council in December</u> 31 <u>following the statewide general election</u>. The changes made to this section by Laws 1999, LB 250, shall not change the staggering of the
 terms of <u>city</u> council members in cities that have adopted the commission
 plan of government prior to January 1, 1999.

Sec. 13. Section 19-411, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-411 The city council members in a city under the commission plan 6 of government and excise members shall qualify and give bond in the 7 manner and amount provided by the existing laws governing the city in 8 9 which they are elected. If any vacancy occurs in the office of city 10 council member, the vacancy shall be filled as provided in section 32-568. If any vacancy occurs in the office of excise members, the 11 12 remaining members of the excise board shall appoint a person to fill such vacancy for the remainder of the term. The terms of office of all other 13 elective or appointive officers in force within or for any such city 14 shall cease as soon as the city council selects or appoints their 15 successors and such successors qualify and give bond as by law provided 16 17 or as soon as such <u>city</u> council by resolution declares the terms of any such elective or appointive officers at an end or abolishes or 18 discontinues any of such offices. 19

20 Sec. 14. Section 19-412, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

19-412 (1) The officers and employees of <u>a</u> the city <u>under the</u>
 <u>commission plan of government</u> shall receive such compensation as the
 mayor and <u>city</u> council shall fix by ordinance.

(2) The <u>salary emoluments</u> of any elective officer <u>in a city under</u> <u>the commission plan of government</u> shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which he or she was elected, except that when there are officers elected to a <u>city</u> council, board, or commission having more than one member and the terms of one or more members commence and end at different times, the compensation of all members of such <u>city</u> council, board, or commission may be increased or diminished at the beginning of

-11-

the full term of any member thereof. No person who has resigned or vacated any office shall be eligible to <u>be elected or appointed to such</u> <u>office the same</u> during the time for which he or she was elected when, during the same time, the <u>salary has</u> <u>emoluments have</u> been increased.

5 (3) The salary or compensation of all other officers or employees of 6 <u>a city under the commission plan of government the city</u> shall be 7 determined when they are appointed or elected by the <u>city</u> council, board, 8 or commission and shall be payable at such times or for such periods as 9 the <u>city</u> council, board, or commission shall determine.

Sec. 15. Section 19-413, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-413 The city council in a city under the commission plan of 12 13 government herein provided for, upon taking office, shall have, possess, and exercise, by itself or through such methods as it may provide, all 14 15 executive or legislative or judicial powers and duties previously theretofore held, possessed, or exercised under the then existing laws 16 17 governing any such city, by the mayor or mayor and city council or water commissioners, or water board, or water and light commissioner, or 18 19 board of fire and police commissioners, $\Theta +$ park commissioners, or park board. The or excise board, or members thereof, or fire warden; and the 20 21 powers, duties, and office of such fire warden and of all such boards and 22 the members thereof shall then and thereupon cease and terminate, \div and the powers and duties and officers of all other boards created by statute 23 24 for the government of any such city shall also thereupon cease and 25 terminate. Nothing ; Provided, however, nothing herein contained in this section shall be so construed as to interfere with the powers, duties, 26 27 authority, and privileges that have been, are, or may be hereafter conferred and imposed upon the water board in cities of the metropolitan 28 class cities as prescribed by law or shall affect the power of city 29 school or school district officers, nor of any office or officer named in 30 the state Constitution of Nebraska exercising office, powers, or 31

-12-

functions within any such city. Such city council, upon taking office, 1 2 shall have and may exercise all executive or legislative or judicial powers possessed or exercised by any other officer or board theretofore 3 4 provided by law for or within any such city, except officers named in the 5 state Constitution of Nebraska ; Provided, however, the excise board 6 herein provided for, upon taking office, shall possess and exercise by 7 itself all of the duties and powers theretofore possessed or exercised by the excise board under the existing laws governing any such city except 8 9 the appointment, removal and control of the police force, which power 10 shall be vested in the council.

11 Sec. 16. Section 19-415, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 12 amended to read:

13 19-415 In cities of the metropolitan class <u>under the commission plan</u> of government, the city council shall consist of the mayor who shall be 14 superintendent of the department of public affairs, one <u>city</u> council 15 16 member to be superintendent of the department of accounts and finances, one city council member to be superintendent of the department of police, 17 and public safety, one city council member to 18 sanitation, be 19 superintendent of the department of fire protection and water supply, one city council member to be superintendent of the department of street 20 cleaning and maintenance, one <u>city</u> council member to be superintendent of 21 the department of public improvements, and one <u>city</u> council member to be 22 superintendent of parks and public property. 23

24 In cities under the commission plan of government containing at 25 least forty thousand and less than three hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent 26 revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, the 27 city council shall consist of the mayor who shall be superintendent of 28 the department of public affairs, one <u>city</u> council member to be 29 superintendent of the department of accounts and finances, one city 30 council member to be superintendent of the department of public safety, 31

-13-

one <u>city</u> council member to be superintendent of the department of streets
 and public improvements, and one <u>city</u> council member to be superintendent
 of the department of parks and public property.

4 In cities under the commission plan of government containing at least two thousand and less than forty thousand inhabitants as determined 5 by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 6 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, the city 7 council shall consist of the mayor who shall be commissioner of the 8 9 department of public affairs and public safety, one city council member to be commissioner of the department of streets, public improvements and 10 public property, one city council member to be commissioner of the 11 department of public accounts and finances, one <u>city</u> council member to be 12 commissioner of the department of public works, and one city council 13 member to be commissioner of the department of parks and recreation. 14

In all of such cities, the commissioner of the department of accounts and finances shall be vice president of the city council and shall, in the absence or inability of the mayor to serve, perform the duties of the mayor. In case of vacancy in the office of mayor by death or otherwise, the vacancy shall be filled as provided in section 32-568.

20 Sec. 17. Section 19-416, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-416 The city council in a city under the commission plan of <u>government</u> shall, at its first meeting, or as soon as possible 23 24 thereafter, elect as many of the city officers provided for by the laws or ordinances governing any such city as may, in the judgment of the city 25 council, be essential and necessary to the economical but efficient and 26 27 proper conduct of the government of the city and shall at the same time fix the salaries of the officers so elected either by providing that such 28 salaries shall remain the same as <u>previously</u> fixed by the laws or 29 ordinances for such officers or may then raise or lower the existing 30 salaries of any such officers. The city ; and the council may modify the 31

-14-

powers or duties of any such officers, as provided by the laws or 1 2 ordinances, or may completely define and fix such powers or duties, anew. Any such officers or any assistant or employee elected or appointed by 3 4 the city council may be removed by the city council at any time, except that ; Provided, however, in cities of the metropolitan class no member 5 6 or officer of the fire department or department of fire protection and 7 water supply shall be discharged for political reasons, nor shall any a person be employed in or taken into either of such department departments 8 9 for political reasons. Before any such officer or employee can be 10 discharged, charges must be filed against him or her before the city council and a hearing had thereon, and an opportunity given such officer 11 or employee to defend against such charges. This , but this provision 12 13 shall not be construed to prevent peremptory suspension of such officer or employee member by the city council in case of misconduct, or neglect 14 of duty, or disobedience of orders. Whenever any such suspension is made, 15 charges shall be at once filed by the <u>city</u> council with the officer 16 17 having charge of the records of the <u>city</u> council and a trial had thereon at the second meeting of the <u>city</u> council after such charges are filed. 18 19 For the purpose of hearing such charges the <u>city</u> council shall have power to enforce attendance of witnesses and τ the production of books and 20 papers τ and to administer oaths to witnesses in the same manner and with 21 22 like effect and under the same penalty, as in the case of magistrates exercising civil and criminal jurisdiction under the statutes of the 23 24 State of Nebraska.

25 Sec. 18. Section 19-417, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 19-417 The <u>city</u> council <u>in a city under the commission plan of</u> 28 <u>government</u> shall have power to discontinue any employment or abolish any 29 office at any time, when, in the judgment of the <u>city</u> council, such 30 employment or office is no longer necessary. The <u>city</u> council shall have 31 power, at any time and at any meeting, to create any office or board it

-15-

deems necessary, including the office of city manager, and fix salaries. <u>The city council</u> ; and it may create a board of three or more members composed of other officers of the city_{τ} and confer upon such board any power not required to be exercised by the <u>city</u> council itself. <u>The city</u> <u>council</u> It may require such officers to serve upon any such board and perform the services required of it with or without any additional pay for such additional service.

8 Sec. 19. Section 19-418, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
9 amended to read:

19-418 In cities under the commission plan of government, the The 10 regular meetings of the city council in cities of the metropolitan class 11 shall be held at least once in each week and upon such day and hour as 12 the city council may designate. In all other cities under the commission 13 14 plan of government having a population of two thousand or more as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent 15 revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, the 16 regular meetings of the city council shall be held at such intervals and 17 upon such day and hour as the city council may by ordinance or resolution 18 19 designate. Special ; and special meetings of the city council in any of such cities may be called, from time to time, by the mayor or two <u>city</u> 20 council members, giving notice in such manner as may be fixed or defined 21 by law or ordinance in any of such cities or as shall be fixed by 22 23 ordinance or resolution by such city council. A majority of such city 24 council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, 25 but it shall require a majority vote of the city council in any such city to pass any measure or transact any business. 26

27 Sec. 20. Section 19-419, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 19-419 The mayor and <u>city</u> council members <u>in a city</u> under the 30 <u>commission plan of government</u> shall maintain offices at the city hall, \div 31 and the mayor shall <u>regularly</u> \rightarrow in a general way, constantly investigate

-16-

all public affairs concerning the interest of the city and investigate and ascertain, in a general way, the efficiency and manner in which all departments of the city government are being conducted<u>. The</u> ; and the mayor shall recommend to the city council all such matters as in his or her judgment should receive the investigation, consideration, or action of <u>the city council that body</u>.

Sec. 21. Section 19-421, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 19-421 All petitions provided for in the Municipal Commission Plan 10 of Government Act sections 19-401 to 19-433 shall be subject to and meet the requirements of sections 32-628 to 32-630. Upon the filing of a 11 petition or supplementary petition, a city, upon passage of a resolution 12 13 by the city council, and the county clerk or election commissioner of the county in which such city is located may by mutual agreement provide that 14 the county clerk or election commissioner shall ascertain whether the 15 petition or supplementary petition is signed by the requisite number of 16 17 legal voters. The city shall reimburse the county for any costs incurred 18 by the county clerk or election commissioner.

Sec. 22. Section 19-422, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

19-422 All general state laws governing cities described in section 19-401 shall, according to the <u>classification of such city</u> class within which it is embraced, apply to and govern any city <u>under the commission</u> <u>plan of government</u> adopting sections 19-401 to 19-433 and electing officers thereunder so far, and only so far, as such laws are applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions, intents, and purposes of <u>the</u> <u>Municipal Commission Plan of Government Act</u> said sections.

28 Sec. 23. Section 19-423, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

19-423 If at the beginning of the term of office of the first <u>city</u>
 council elected under sections 19-401 to 19-409 the appropriations or

-17-

distribution of the expenditures of the city government for the current fiscal year have been made, the <u>city</u> council shall have power, by ordinance, to revise, repeal, or change such distribution or to make additional appropriation, within the limit of the total taxes levied for such year.

Sec. 24. Section 19-432, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-432 Any city which shall have operated for more than four years 8 9 under the commission plan of government provisions of sections 19-401 to 10 19-433 may abandon organization thereunder, and accept the provisions of the general law of the state then applicable to cities of its population, 11 by proceeding as follows: Upon a petition, signed by such number of the 12 qualified electors of any such city as equals at least twenty-five 13 percent of the highest vote cast for any of the <u>city</u> council members 14 elected at the last preceding general or regular election in any such 15 city, being filed with and found sufficient by the city clerk or clerk of 16 such council, a special election shall be called in any such city, at 17 which special election the following proposition only shall be submitted: 18 19 Shall the city of (name of city) abandon its organization under the commission plan of government Chapter 19, article 4, and become a city 20 under the general laws of the state governing cities of like population? 21 22 If a majority of the votes cast at any such special election are in favor of such proposition, the officers elected at the next succeeding general 23 24 city election in any such city shall be those then prescribed by the 25 general laws of the state for cities of like population, and upon the qualification of such officers, according to the terms of such general 26 state law, such city shall become a city governed by and under such 27 28 general state law. If ; Provided, if such special election is not held and the result thereof declared at least sixty days before the election 29 date in any such city, then such city shall continue to be governed under 30 the commission plan of government provisions of said sections until the 31

second general city election occurring after the date of such special election, and at such general city election the officers provided by such general state law for the government of any such city shall be elected, and, upon their qualification, the terms of office of the <u>city</u> council members elected under the <u>commission plan of government</u> provisions of this article shall cease and terminate.

Sec. 25. Section 19-433, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 19-433 (1) Within ten days after the date of filing the petition 10 asking for a special election on the issue of discontinuing the commission plan of government, the city clerk shall examine it and, with 11 the assistance of the election commissioner or county clerk, ascertain 12 whether the petition is signed by the requisite number of registered 13 voters. If necessary, the city council shall allow the city clerk extra 14 help for the purpose of examining the petition. No new signatures may be 15 added after the initial filing of the petition. If the petition contains 16 the requisite number of signatures, the city clerk shall promptly submit 17 the petition to the <u>city</u> council. 18

(2) Upon receipt of the petition, the <u>city</u> council shall promptly order and fix a date for holding the special election, which date shall not be less than thirty nor more than sixty days from the date of the <u>city</u> clerk's certificate to the <u>city</u> council showing the petition sufficient. The special election shall be conducted in the same manner as provided for the election of <u>city</u> council members under <u>the Municipal</u> Commission Plan of Government Act sections 19-401 to 19-433.

26 Sec. 26. Section 19-502, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

19-502 The city clerk shall not begin the publication of any proposed charter or amendments, as required by the <u>Constitution of</u> <u>Nebraska constitution</u>, in less than thirty days from the time of the completion of the work of <u>the</u> said charter convention, \div and the work of

-19-

<u>the</u> said charter convention shall be deemed completed whenever its certified copy of charter or amendments shall be delivered to the city clerk, together with twenty-five correct copies thereof. <u>Such Said</u> copies shall when filed be open to the inspection of any elector of <u>such</u> said city.

Sec. 27. Section 19-503, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-503 Whenever any petition, as above provided in section 19-501, 8 9 shall be filed with the city clerk and shall contain the required number 10 of bona fide electoral signatures of qualified electors, asking for the submission of additional or alternative articles or sections in the 11 complete form in which such articles or sections are to read as amended, 12 13 such articles or sections they shall be deemed to be proposed for adoption by the qualified electors of the said city with the same force 14 and effect as if proposed by the charter said convention, and the article 15 or section which receives the majority of all the votes cast for and 16 17 against such said additional or alternative articles or sections shall be declared adopted, and certified to the Secretary of State, a copy 18 deposited in the archives of the city, and shall become the charter or 19 part thereof, of such said city. 20

21 Sec. 28. Section 19-601, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

23 19-601 (1) Sections 19-601 to 19-648 shall be known and may be
24 cited as the City Manager Plan of Government Act.

25 (2) For purposes of the act, city means The term city as used in
 26 sections 19-601 to 19-648 includes any city having a population of one
 27 thousand or more and less than two hundred thousand.

28 Sec. 29. Section 19-602, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 29 amended to read:

30 19-602 For the purposes of the City Manager Plan of Government Act
 31 sections 19-601 to 19-648, the population of a city shall be the number

-20-

of inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census
 or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of
 the Census.

Sec. 30. Section 19-603, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

6 19-603 <u>In any city which adopts the city manager plan of government</u> 7 <u>as provided in the City Manager Plan of Government Act, the</u> The charter 8 and all general laws governing <u>such any</u> city shall continue in full force 9 and effect, except that <u>if insofar as</u> any provisions <u>of such charter or</u> 10 <u>laws thereof</u> are inconsistent with <u>the act sections 19-601 to 19-648</u>, the 11 same shall be superseded <u>in any city upon the taking effect of sections</u> 12 <u>19-601 to 19-648 therein</u>.

Sec. 31. Section 19-604, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 19-604 All valid ordinances, resolutions, orders, or other regulations of a city which adopts the city manager plan of government, 16 17 or any authorized body or official of such city thereof, existing at the time the city manager plan becomes sections 19-601 to 19-648 become 18 applicable in to the city, and not inconsistent with the City Manager 19 Plan of Government Act their provisions, shall continue in full force and 20 effect until amended, repealed, or otherwise superseded. 21

22 Sec. 32. Section 19-605, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 23 amended to read:

24 19-605 Whenever the electors of any city, equal in number to twenty 25 percent of those who voted at the last regular city election, shall file a petition with the city clerk, asking that the question of organizing 26 the city under the <u>city manager</u> plan of government provided in sections 27 19-601 to 19-648 be submitted to the electors of such city, the city 28 thereof, said clerk shall within one week certify that fact to the <u>city</u> 29 council of the city, and the city council shall, within thirty days, 30 adopt a resolution to provide for submitting such question at a special 31

-21-

1 election to be held not less than thirty days after the adoption of the 2 resolution except as provided in this section. Any such election shall be conducted in accordance with the Election Act general election laws of 3 the state except as otherwise provided in the City Manager Plan of 4 Government Act sections 19-601 to 19-648. If such petition is filed not 5 more than one hundred eighty days nor less than seventy days prior to the 6 7 regular municipal statewide primary or statewide general election, the city council shall adopt a resolution to provide for submitting such 8 9 question at the next such election.

Sec. 33. Section 19-606, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-606 The proposition to adopt or to abandon the city manager plan 12 13 of government provided in sections 19-601 to 19-648, shall not be submitted to the electors of any city later than sixty days before a 14 15 regular municipal election. If, in any city, a sufficient petition is filed requiring that the question of adopting the commission plan of city 16 17 government, or the question of choosing a convention to frame a <u>city</u> charter, be submitted to the electors of such city thereof, or if an 18 19 ordinance providing for the election of such a charter convention is passed by the city council, the proposition to adopt the city manager 20 plan of government provided in sections 19-601 to 19-648 shall not be 21 22 submitted in such that city so long as the question of adopting the commission such plan of government, or of choosing a charter such 23 24 convention, or adopting a charter framed by such convention it, is 25 pending.

26 Sec. 34. Section 19-607, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

19-607 In submitting the question of adopting the <u>city manager</u> plan of government<u>, provided in sections 19-601 to 19-648</u> the city council shall cause to be printed on the ballots the following question: Shall the city manager plan of government as provided in <u>the City Manager Plan</u>

-22-

of Government Act (giving the legal designation of sections 19-601 to 1 2 19-648 as published) be adopted? Immediately following such question there shall be printed on the ballots the following propositions in the 3 4 order here set forth: For the adoption of the city manager plan of government and Against the adoption of the city manager plan of 5 government. Immediately to the left of each proposition shall be placed 6 7 an oval or a square in which the electors may vote by making a cross (X)or other clear, intelligible mark. 8

9 Sec. 35. Section 19-608, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

19-608 If the city manager plan of government provided in sections 11 19-601 to 19-648 is approved by a majority of the electors voting 12 13 thereon, such plan it shall go into effect immediately, insofar as it applies to the nomination and election of officers provided for in 14 sections 19-612 to 19-613.01 herein, and in all other respects such plan 15 it shall go into effect on the first Monday following the next regular 16 17 municipal election. If the proposition to adopt the <u>city manager plan of</u> government provisions of sections 19-601 to 19-648 is rejected by the 18 19 electors, it shall not again be submitted in such that city within two years after the proposition is rejected thereafter. 20

21 Sec. 36. Section 19-609, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

19-609 Any city which has shall have operated four years under the 23 city manager plan of government for at least four years provided in 24 25 sections 19-601 to 19-648 may abandon such organization and either accept the provisions of the general law applicable to such city, or adopt any 26 other optional plan or organization open to such city thereto. The 27 28 petition for abandonment shall designate the plan desired, and the proposition shall be submitted: Shall 29 following the city of (.....) abandon the city manager plan of government and adopt the 30 (name of plan) as provided in (giving the legal designation of the law as 31

-23-

published)? If a majority of the votes cast thereon be in favor of such proposition, the officers elected at the next regular municipal election shall be those prescribed by the laws designated in the petition, and upon the qualification of such officers the city shall become organized under <u>such said</u> law. Such change shall not affect the property right or ability of any nature of such city, but shall extend merely to its form of government.

8 Sec. 37. Section 19-610, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 9 amended to read:

10 19-610 Nothing in <u>the City Manager Plan of Government Act</u> sections 11 19-601 to 19-648 shall be construed to interfere with or prevent any city 12 at any time from framing and adopting a charter for its own government as 13 provided by the <u>state</u> Constitution<u>of Nebraska</u>. In exercising the right 14 to frame its own charter, it shall not be obligatory upon any city to 15 adopt or retain <u>the city manager plan of government</u> any of the provisions 16 of sections 19-601 to 19-648.

Sec. 38. Section 19-611, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

19 19-611 The governing body of <u>a</u> the city <u>which has adopted the city</u> 20 <u>manager plan of government</u> shall be the city council, which shall 21 exercise all the powers which have been or may be conferred upon the city 22 by the Constitution <u>of Nebraska</u> and laws of the state, except as herein 23 otherwise provided <u>in the City Manager Plan of Government Act</u>.

24 Sec. 39. Section 19-612, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

19-612 City council members in a city under the city manager plan <u>of</u> <u>government</u> shall be nominated and elected as provided in section 32-538. The terms of office of all such members shall commence on the first regular meeting of such <u>city council</u> board in December following their election.

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Sec. 40. Section 19-613, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

-24-

2 19-613 Members of the city council in a city under the city manager 3 plan <u>of government shall</u> be residents and registered voters of the city 4 and shall hold no other employment with the city. Any <u>city</u> council member 5 who ceases to possess any of the qualifications required by this section 6 or who has been convicted of a felony or of any public offense involving 7 the violation of the oath of office of such member while in office shall 8 forthwith forfeit such office.

9 Sec. 41. Section 19-613.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

19-613.01 Any <u>city</u> council member in a city under the city manager 11 <u>plan of government</u> to be elected from a ward, or an appointed successor 12 in the event of a vacancy, shall be a resident and a registered voter of 13 such ward. The city council member shall be nominated and elected in the 14 same manner as provided for at-large candidates, except that only 15 16 residents and registered voters of the ward may participate in the signing of nomination petitions. All nominating petitions and ballots 17 shall clearly identify the ward from which such person shall be a 18 19 candidate. The ballots within a ward shall not contain the names of ward candidates from other wards. 20

21 Sec. 42. Section 19-615, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

19-615 At the first regular meeting in December following the 23 24 general election in every even-numbered year, the city council in a city under the city manager plan of government shall meet in the usual place 25 for holding meetings and the newly elected city council members shall 26 assume the duties of their office. Thereafter the <u>city</u> council shall meet 27 28 at such time and place as it may prescribe by ordinance, but not less frequently than twice each month in cities of the first class. The mayor, 29 any two <u>city</u> council members, or the city manager may call special 30 meetings of the <u>city</u> council upon at least six hours' written notice. The 31

-25-

meetings of the <u>city</u> council and sessions of committees of the <u>city</u> council shall be public. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum, but a majority vote of all the members elected shall be required to pass any measure or elect to any office.

5 Sec. 43. Section 19-616, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 6 amended to read:

7 19-616 The annual compensation of the mayor and <u>city</u> a council members member in cities under the city manager plan of government 8 9 adopting sections 19-601 to 19-648 shall be payable quarterly in equal 10 installments and shall be fixed by the <u>city</u> council. The <u>salary</u> emoluments of any appointive or elective officer shall not be increased 11 or diminished during the term for which such officer was elected or 12 13 appointed, except that when there are officers elected or appointed to the city council_{au} or a board or commission having more than one member 14 and the terms of one or more members commence and end at different times, 15 16 the compensation of all members of such <u>city</u> council, board, or 17 commission may be increased or diminished at the beginning of the full term of any member thereof. No person who has resigned or vacated any 18 19 office shall be eligible to be elected or appointed to such office the same during the time for which he or she such person was elected or 20 appointed when, during the same time, the salary has emoluments have been 21 22 increased. For each absence from regular meetings of the <u>city</u> council, 23 unless authorized by a two-thirds vote of all members of the city council 24 thereof, there shall be deducted a sum equal to two percent of such 25 annual salary.

26 Sec. 44. Section 19-617, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

19-617 At the first regular meeting in December following the general election in every even-numbered year, the <u>city</u> council <u>in a city</u> under the city manager plan of government shall elect one of its members as president, who shall be ex officio mayor, and another as vice

-26-

1 president, who shall serve in the absence of the president. In the 2 absence of the president and the vice president, the city council may elect a temporary chairperson. The president shall preside over the city 3 4 council and have a voice and vote in its proceedings but no veto. The president shall be recognized as the official head of the city for all 5 ceremonial purposes, by the courts for the purpose of serving civil 6 7 process, and by the Governor for military purposes. In addition, the president shall exercise such other powers and perform such duties, not 8 9 inconsistent with the City Manager Plan of Government Act sections 19-601 10 to 19-648, as are conferred upon the mayor of the city.

11 Sec. 45. Section 19-618, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13 19-618 The city council in a city under the city manager plan of 14 government shall choose a city manager, a city clerk, and, where required, a civil service commission, but no member of the <u>city</u> council 15 16 shall be chosen as manager or as a member of the civil service 17 commission. Neither the city council nor any of its committees or members shall dictate the appointment of any person to office or employment by 18 19 the city manager or in any manner seek to prevent him or her from exercising his or her own judgment in the appointment of officers and 20 employees in the administrative service. Except for the purpose of 21 22 inguiry, the <u>city</u> council and its members shall deal with the 23 administrative service solely through the city manager, and neither the city council nor any member thereof shall give orders to any of the 24 subordinates of the city manager, either publicly or privately. The city 25 council, or a committee thereof, may investigate the affairs of any 26 department or the official acts and conduct of any city officer. The city 27 28 council It shall have power to administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers and may punish for 29 contempt any person failing to obey its subpoena or refusing to testify. 30 No person shall be excused from testifying, but his or her testimony 31

-27-

shall not be used against him or her in any criminal proceeding other
 than for perjury.

3 Sec. 46. Section 19-619, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 19-619 If, at the beginning of the term of office of the first <u>city</u> 6 council elected under <u>the city manager plan of government</u> sections 19-601 7 to 19-648, the appropriations or distribution of the expenditures of the 8 city government for the current fiscal year have been made, the <u>city</u> 9 council shall have power, by ordinance, to repeal or revise such 10 distribution, or to make additional appropriations within the limit of 11 the total taxes levied for the year.

12 Sec. 47. Section 19-620, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

19-620 The city council in a city under the city manager plan of 14 government shall have authority, subject to the City Manager Plan of 15 Government Act provisions of sections 19-601 to 19-648, to create and 16 17 discontinue departments, offices, and employments, and by ordinance or resolution to prescribe, limit, or change the compensation of such 18 19 officers and employees. Nothing in this section ; Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to interfere with or to 20 affect the office or powers of city school or school district officers, 21 22 or of any officer named in the state Constitution of Nebraska.

Sec. 48. Section 19-645, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-645 The chief executive officer of <u>a</u> the city <u>under the city</u> <u>manager plan of government</u> shall be a city manager, who shall be responsible for the proper administration of all affairs of the city. He <u>or she</u> shall be chosen by the <u>city</u> council for an indefinite period, solely on the basis of administrative qualifications, and need not be a resident of the city or state when appointed. He <u>or she</u> shall hold office at the pleasure of the <u>city</u> council, and receive such salary as <u>the city</u>

-28-

<u>council</u> it shall fix by ordinance. During the absence or disability of
 the city manager, the <u>city</u> council shall designate some properly
 qualified person to perform the duties of the <u>city manager</u> office.

Sec. 49. Section 19-646, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-646 The powers and duties of the city manager shall be (1) to see 6 7 that the laws and ordinances of the city are enforced, (2) to appoint and remove all heads of city departments and all subordinate officers and 8 9 employees in such the departments in both the classified and unclassified 10 service, which appointments shall be upon merit and fitness alone, and in the classified service all appointments and removals shall be subject to 11 the civil service provisions of the Civil Service Act, (3) to exercise 12 13 control over all <u>city</u> departments and divisions thereof that may be created by the <u>city</u> council, (4) to attend all meetings of the <u>city</u> 14 15 council with the right to take part in the discussion but not to vote, (5) to recommend to the <u>city</u> council for adoption such measures as he or 16 17 she may deem necessary or expedient, (6) to prepare the annual \underline{city} budget and keep the <u>city</u> council fully advised as to the financial 18 condition and needs of the city, and (7) to perform such other duties as 19 may be required of him or her by the City Manager Plan of Government Act 20 sections 19-601 to 19-648 or by ordinance or resolution of the city 21 22 council.

Sec. 50. Section 19-647, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-647 The city manager may investigate at any time the affairs of any <u>city</u> department or the conduct of any officer or employee<u>of</u> the <u>city</u>. <u>The city manager</u> He</u>, or any person or persons appointed by him <u>or</u> <u>her</u> for <u>such</u> the purpose</u>, shall have the same power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers and other evidence, and to punish for contempt, <u>granted</u> to <u>which</u> has herein been <u>conferred</u> upon the <u>city</u> council<u>pursuant</u> to <u>section</u> 19-618.

-29-

Sec. 51. Section 19-648, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 19-648 Before taking office the city manager shall file with the 4 city clerk a surety company bond, conditioned upon the honest and 5 faithful performance of his <u>or her</u> duties, in such sum as shall be fixed 6 by the <u>city</u> council. The premium of <u>such</u> this bond shall be paid by the 7 city.

8 Sec. 52. Section 19-662, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 9 amended to read:

10 19-662 Whenever electors of any city under the city manager plan of government, equal in number to thirty percent of those who voted at the 11 last regular city election, shall file a petition with the city clerk, 12 13 asking that the question of abandoning the city manager plan of government provided by the provisions of Chapter 19, article 6, be 14 submitted to the electors thereof, the city such clerk shall within one 15 week certify that fact to the city council of the city, and the city 16 17 council shall, within thirty days, adopt a resolution to provide for submitting such question at the next regular municipal election after 18 adoption of the resolution. When such a petition is filed with the city 19 clerk within a seventy-day period prior to a regular municipal election, 20 the resolution adopted by the city council shall provide for the 21 22 submission of such question at the second regular municipal election thereafter as provided by law. 23

24 Sec. 53. Section 19-701, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

19-701 Whenever the qualified electors of any city of the primary class, city of the first class, city of the second class, or village shall vote at any general or special election to acquire and appropriate, by an exercise of the power of eminent domain, any waterworks, waterworks system, electric light plant, electric light and power plant, heating plant, street railway, or street railway system, located or operating

-30-

1 within or partly within and partly without such city or village, together with real and personal property needed or useful in connection therewith, 2 if the main part of such works, plant, or system be within any such city 3 or village and even though a franchise for the construction and operating 4 5 of any such works, plant, or system may or may not have expired, then any such city or village shall possess and have the power and authority, by 6 an exercise of the power of eminent domain to appropriate and acquire, 7 for the public use of any such city or village, any such works, plant, 8 9 railway, pipelines, or system. If any public utility properties supplying different kinds of service to such a city or village are operated as one 10 unit and under one management, the right to acquire and appropriate, as 11 provided in sections 19-701 to 19-707, shall cover and extend to the 12 13 entire property and not to any divided or segregated part thereof, and the duly constituted authorities of any such city or village shall have 14 the power to submit such question or proposition, in the usual manner, to 15 16 the qualified electors of any such city or village at any general city or 17 village election or at any special city or village election and may submit the proposition in connection with any city or village special 18 election called for any other purpose, and the votes cast thereon shall 19 be canvassed and the result found and declared as in any other city or 20 village election. Such city or village authorities shall submit such 21 question at any such election whenever a petition asking for such 22 23 submission, signed by the legal voters of such a city or village equaling 24 in number fifteen percent of the votes cast at the last general city or village election, and filed in the city <u>clerk's</u> or village clerk's office 25 at least sixty days before the election at which the submission is 26 presented asked, but if the question of acquiring any particular plant or 27 system has been submitted once, the same question shall not again be 28 submitted to the voters of such a city or village until two years shall 29 have elapsed from and after the date of the findings by the board of 30 31 appraisers regarding the value of the property and the city's or

-31-

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village's rejection of <u>such question</u> the same.

Sec. 54. Section 19-702, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

4 19-702 If the election at which the question is submitted pursuant to section 19-701 is a special election and sixty percent of the votes 5 cast upon such proposition are in favor thereof, or if the election at 6 7 which the question is submitted is a general election and a majority of the votes cast upon such proposition are in favor thereof, then the city 8 9 council or village board of trustees or officer possessing the power and 10 duty to ascertain and declare the result of such election shall certify such result immediately to the Supreme Court-of the state. The Supreme 11 Court shall, within thirty days after the receipt of such certificate, 12 13 appoint three district judges from three of the judicial districts of the state, and <u>such</u> said three judges shall constitute a court 14 of condemnation for the ascertainment and finding of the value of any such 15 plant, works, or system, and the said Supreme Court shall enter an order 16 17 requiring such judges to attend as a court of condemnation at the county seat in which such city or village is located within such time as may be 18 stated in such order. The Said district judges shall so attend as 19 ordered, and such court of condemnation at such time it meets shall 20 organize and proceed with its duties. The court of condemnation It may 21 22 adjourn from time to time, and it shall fix a time for the appearance 23 before it of all such corporations or persons as the court may deem 24 necessary to be made parties to such condemnation proceedings or which 25 the city, the village, or the corporation or persons owning any such plant, system, or works may desire to have made a party to such 26 proceedings. If such time of appearance shall occur after any proceedings 27 have begun, they shall be reviewed by the court, as it may direct, to 28 give all parties full opportunity to be heard. All corporations or 29 persons, including all mortgagees, bondholders, trustees for bondholders, 30 and leaseholders, or any other party or person claiming any interest in 31

-32-

or lien upon any such works, plant, or system may be made parties to such 1 2 condemnation proceedings, and shall be served with notice of such proceedings and the time and place of the meeting of the court of 3 4 condemnation in the same manner and for such length of time as the 5 service of a summons in cases begun in the district court of the state, either by personal service or service by publication, and actual personal 6 7 service of notice within or without the state shall supersede the necessity of notice by publication. 8

9 Sec. 55. Section 19-703, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

19-703 Any Such court of condemnation appointed pursuant to section 11 <u>19-702</u> shall have full power to summon and swear witnesses, take 12 evidence, order the taking of depositions, and require the production of 13 any and all books and papers deemed necessary for a full investigation 14 and ascertainment of the value of any such works, plant, or system to be 15 16 acquired pursuant to section 19-701. When any ; Provided, that when part 17 of the public utilities appropriated under sections 19-701 to 19-707 extends beyond the territory within which the city or village exercising 18 19 the right of eminent domain has a right to operate such utilities the same, the court of condemnation, in determining the damages caused by the 20 appropriation thereof, shall take into consideration the fact that such 21 22 portion of the utility beyond such territory is being detached and not appropriated by the city or village, and the court of condemnation shall 23 24 award damages by reason of such detachment and the destruction in value 25 and usefulness of the detached and unappropriated property as it will remain and be left after the detachment and appropriation. Such court of 26 condemnation may appoint a reporter of its proceedings who shall report 27 28 and preserve all evidence introduced before it. Such court of condemnation shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of 29 commissioners in the condemnation and ascertainment of the value and in 30 making of an award of all property of any such works, $plant_{\perp}$ or system. 31

-33-

The clerk of the district court, in the county where such city or village 1 2 is located, shall attend upon such said court of condemnation and perform such duties, as the clerk thereof, as such condemnation court may direct. 3 4 The sheriff of any such county τ or any of his or her deputies shall attend upon such said court of condemnation and shall have power to serve 5 summons, subpoenas, and all other orders or papers ordered to be served 6 by such court of condemnation—court. In case of vacancy in such said 7 court of condemnation, such vacancy shall be filled by the Supreme Court 8 9 if the vacancy occurs while the court is in session, and if it occurs while the court is not in session, then by the Chief Justice of the 10 Supreme Court said court. 11

12 Sec. 56. Section 19-704, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

19-704 Upon the determination and filing of a finding of the value 14 of any such plant, works, or system by <u>a</u> the said court of condemnation 15 pursuant to section 19-702, the such city or village shall then have the 16 17 right and power by ordinance duly passed by the city council or village board of trustees its duly constituted authorities, to elect to abandon 18 19 such condemnation proceedings. If such city or village it does not elect to abandon such proceedings within ninety days after the finding and 20 filing of value, then the person or corporation owning any such plant, 21 22 works, or system may appeal from the finding of value and award by the said court of condemnation to the district court by filing within twenty 23 24 days from the expiration of such the said time given the city or village to exercise its rights of abandonment, with the city clerk of any such 25 city or the village clerk of any such village, a bond, to be approved by 26 such clerk him, conditioned for the payment of all costs which may be 27 made on any such appeal, and by filing in the said district court, within 28 ninety days after such bond is filed, a transcript of the proceedings 29 before such condemnation court including the evidence taken before it 30 certified by the clerk, reporter, and judges of such court. The appeal in 31

-34-

1 the district court shall be tried and determined upon the pleadings, 2 proceedings, and evidence embraced in such transcript. If ; Provided, that if such appeal is taken the city or village, upon tendering the 3 4 amount of the value and award made by such condemnation court, to the party owning any such plant, works, or system, shall, notwithstanding 5 such appeal, have the right and power to take immediate possession of any 6 such plant, works, or system, and the city or village authorities, 7 without vote of the people, shall have the power, if necessary, to issue 8 9 and sell bonds of the city or village to provide funds to make such 10 tender.

11 Sec. 57. Section 19-705, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13 19-705 Upon the hearing of <u>an</u> such appeal in the district court pursuant to section 19-704, judgment shall be pronounced, as in ordinary 14 cases, for the value of any such works, plant, or system. The city, 15 village, party, or corporation owning any such plant, works, or system 16 17 may appeal to the Court of Appeals. Upon a final judgment being pronounced as to the value of any such plant, works, or system, the <u>city</u> 18 19 council of duly constituted authorities of any such city or village board of trustees of such village shall issue and sell bonds of the any such 20 city or village to pay the amount of such value and judgment without a 21 22 vote of the people.

Sec. 58. Section 19-706, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-706 The district judges constituting the aforesaid court of condemnation <u>appointed pursuant to section 19-702</u> shall each receive from and be paid by such city or village fifteen dollars per day for their services and their necessary traveling expenses, hotel bills, and all other necessary expenses incurred while in attendance upon the sittings of such court of condemnation, with reimbursement for expenses to be made as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177 <u>for state employees</u>, and the

-35-

1 city or village shall pay the reporter that may be appointed by such said 2 court such an amount as such said court of condemnation shall allow him or her. The <u>county</u> sheriff shall serve all such summons, subpoenas, or 3 4 other orders or papers ordered issued or served by such condemnation 5 court of condemnation at the same rate and compensation for which he or she serves like papers issued by the district court, but shall account 6 7 for all such compensation to the county as is required by him or her under the law governing his or her duties as county sheriff of the 8 9 county. The court of condemnation shall have power to apportion the cost 10 made before it, between the city or village and the corporation or party owning any such plant, works, or system, and the city or village shall 11 provide for and pay all such costs or portion of costs as the said court 12 13 shall order, and shall also make provisions for the necessary funds and expenses to carry on the proceedings of such condemnation court, from 14 time to time while such proceedings are in progress, but in the event the 15 city or village elects to abandon the condemnation proceedings pursuant 16 17 to section 19-704, as aforesaid, then the city or village shall pay all the costs made before such condemnation court. If ; Provided, if services 18 19 of expert witnesses are secured then their fees or compensation to be taxed and paid as costs shall be only such amount as the said 20 condemnation court shall fix, notwithstanding any contract between such 21 22 experts and the party producing them to pay them more, but a contract to 23 pay them more than the court shall allow as costs may be enforced between 24 any such experts and the litigant or party employing them. The costs made 25 by any such appeal or appeals shall be adjudged against the party defeated in such appeal in the same degree and manner as is done under 26 27 the general court practice relating to appellate proceedings.

28 Sec. 59. Section 19-707, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

30 19-707 The powers herein vested in <u>cities and villages under</u>
 31 <u>sections 19-701 to 19-707</u> the city or village shall be conferred upon

-36-

cities of the primary class, cities of the first class, cities of the
 <u>second class, and</u>, first or second classes or villages, whether or not
 such city or village is operating under a home rule charter adopted
 pursuant to Article XI, Constitution of Nebraska.

5 Sec. 60. Section 19-708, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 6 amended to read:

7 19-708 Whenever the local distribution system of any public utility, has been acquired by any city or village under the provisions of Chapter 8 9 19, article 7, the condemnee, if it is also the owner of any transmission 10 system, whether by wire, pipeline, or otherwise, from any other point to such city or village shall, at the option of such city or village, be 11 required to render wholesale service to such city or village whether 12 otherwise acting as wholesaler or not. If ; Provided, that if the 13 14 condemnee is a public power district subject to the provisions of section 70-626.01, the obligations of the public power district to the condemner 15 16 under this section shall be no greater than to other cities and villages 17 under said section 70-626.01.

18 Sec. 61. Section 19-709, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

19-709 The mayor and city council of any city of the first <u>class</u> or 20 city of the second class or the chairperson and members of the village 21 22 board of trustees of any village shall have power to purchase or appropriate private property or school lands for the use of the city or 23 24 village for streets, alleys, avenues, parks, parkways, boulevards, 25 sanitary sewers, storm water sewers, public squares, public auditoriums, public fire stations, training facilities for firefighters, market 26 places, public heating plants, power plants, gas works, electric light 27 28 plants, wells, or waterworks, including mains, pipelines, and settling basins therefor, and to acquire outlets and the use of streams for sewage 29 disposal. When necessary for the proper construction of any of the works 30 described in this section above provided, the right of appropriation 31

-37-

shall extend such distance as may be necessary from the corporate limits 1 2 of the city or village, except that no city of the first class, city of the or second class, or village may acquire through the exercise of the 3 4 power of eminent domain or otherwise any real estate within the zoning 5 jurisdiction of any other city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or village for any of the works enumerated in this section if the 6 7 use for which the real estate is to be acquired would be contrary to or would not be a use permitted by the existing zoning ordinances and 8 9 regulations of such other city or village, but such real estate may be acquired within the zoning jurisdiction of another city of the first 10 class, city of the or second class, or village for such contrary or 11 nonpermitted use if the governing body of such other city or village 12 13 shall approve such acquisition and use. Such power shall also include the 14 right to appropriate for any of the above purposes described in this section any plant or works already constructed, or any part thereof, 15 whether such plant or works lie the same lies wholly within the city or 16 17 village or part within and part without the city or village or beyond the corporate limits of such city or village, including all real estate, 18 buildings, machinery, pipes, mains, hydrants, basins, and reservoirs, and 19 all appurtenances reasonably necessary thereto and a part thereof, or 20 connected with such works or plants, and all franchises to own and 21 22 operate the same, if any. The procedure to condemn property shall be exercised in the manner set forth in sections 76-704 to 76-724, except as 23 24 to property specifically excluded by section 76-703 and as to which 25 sections 19-701 to 19-707 or the Municipal Natural Gas System Condemnation Act is applicable. 26

27 Sec. 62. Section 19-710, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

19-710 In cases of appeal from an action of the city council
condemning real property as a nuisance or as dangerous under the police
powers of the city, the owners of the adjoining property may intervene in

-38-

1 the action at any time before trial.

Sec. 63. Section 19-901, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-901 (1) For the purpose of promoting health, safety, morals, or 4 the general welfare of the community, the city council of a city 5 legislative bodies in cities of the first class or city of the and second 6 class or the village board of trustees of a village and in villages may 7 adopt zoning regulations which regulate and restrict the height, number 8 9 of stories, and size of buildings and other structures, the percentage of lots lot that may be occupied, the size of yards, courts, and other open 10 spaces, the density of population, and the location and use of buildings, 11 structures, and land for trade, industry, residence, or other purposes. 12

13 (2) Such powers shall be exercised only after the city council or village board of trustees municipal legislative body has established a 14 planning commission, received from its planning commission a recommended 15 16 comprehensive development plan as defined in section 19-903, adopted such comprehensive development plan, and received the specific recommendation 17 of the planning commission on the adoption or amendment of zoning 18 19 regulations. The planning commission shall make a preliminary report and hold public hearings on its recommendations regarding the adoption or 20 repeal of the comprehensive development plan and zoning regulations and 21 shall hold public hearings thereon before submitting its final report to 22 23 the <u>city council or village board of trustees</u> legislative body. 24 Amendments to the comprehensive plan or zoning regulations shall be 25 considered at public hearings before submitting recommendations to the city council or village board of trustees legislative body. 26

(3) A comprehensive development plan as defined in section 19-903 which has been adopted and not rescinded by <u>a city council or village</u> <u>board of trustees</u> such legislative body prior to May 17, 1967, shall be deemed to have been recommended and adopted in compliance with the procedural requirements of this section when, prior to the adoption of

-39-

the plan by the <u>city council or village board of trustees</u> legislative body, a recommendation thereon had been made to the <u>city council or</u> <u>village board of trustees</u> legislative body by a zoning commission in compliance with the provisions of section 19-906, or by a planning commission appointed under the provisions of Chapter 19, article 9, regardless of whether the planning commission had been appointed as a zoning commission.

8 (4) The requirement that a planning commission be appointed and a 9 comprehensive development plan be adopted shall not apply to cities of 10 the first <u>class, cities of the</u> and second class, and villages which have 11 legally adopted a zoning ordinance prior to May 17, 1967, and which have 12 not amended the zoning ordinance or zoning map since May 17, 1967. Such 13 city or village shall appoint a planning commission and adopt the 14 comprehensive plan prior to amending the zoning ordinance or zoning map.

Sec. 64. Section 19-902, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 19-902 (1) For any or all of the purposes designated in section 19-901, the city council or village board <u>of trustees</u> may divide the 18 municipality into districts of such number, shape, and area as may be 19 deemed best suited to carry out the purposes of sections 19-901 to 19-914 20 and may regulate and restrict the erection, construction, reconstruction, 21 alteration, repair, or use of buildings, structures, or land within such 22 the districts. All such regulations shall be uniform for each class or 23 24 kind of buildings throughout each district, but the regulations 25 applicable to one district may differ from those applicable to other districts. If a regulation affects the Niobrara scenic river corridor as 26 defined in section 72-2006 and is not incorporated within the boundaries 27 28 of the municipality, the Niobrara Council shall act on the regulation as provided in section 72-2010. 29

30 (2)(a) The city council or village board <u>of trustees</u> shall not adopt
 31 or enforce any zoning ordinance or regulation which prohibits the use of

-40-

land for a proposed residential structure for the sole reason that the 1 2 proposed structure is a manufactured home if such manufactured home bears an appropriate seal which indicates that it was constructed in accordance 3 4 with the standards of the Uniform Standard Code for Manufactured Homes and Recreational Vehicles, the Nebraska Uniform Standards for Modular 5 Housing Units Act, or the United States Department of Housing and Urban 6 7 Development. The city council or village board of trustees may require that a manufactured home be located and installed according to the same 8 standards for foundation system, permanent utility connections, setback, 9 and minimum square footage which would apply to a site-built, single-10 family dwelling on the same lot. The city council or village board of 11 trustees may also require that manufactured homes meet the following 12 standards: 13

14 (i) The home shall have no less than nine hundred square feet of15 floor area;

16 (ii) The home shall have no less than an eighteen-foot exterior 17 width;

(iii) The roof shall be pitched with a minimum vertical rise of twoand one-half inches for each twelve inches of horizontal run;

20 (iv) The exterior material shall be of a color, material, and scale 21 comparable with those existing in residential site-built, single-family 22 construction;

(v) The home shall have a nonreflective roof material which is or
simulates asphalt or wood shingles, tile, or rock; and

(vi) The home shall have wheels, axles, transporting lights, and
removable towing apparatus removed.

(b) The city council or village board <u>of trustees may not require</u>
additional standards unless such standards are uniformly applied to all
single-family dwellings in the zoning district.

30 (c) Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to supersede any31 valid restrictive covenants of record.

-41-

1 (3) For purposes of this section, manufactured home shall mean (a) a factory-built structure which is to be used as a place for human 2 3 habitation, which is not constructed or equipped with a permanent hitch 4 or other device allowing it to be moved other than to a permanent site, which does not have permanently attached to its body or frame any wheels 5 or axles, and which bears a label certifying that it was built in 6 compliance with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety 7 Standards, 24 C.F.R. 3280 et seq., promulgated by the United States 8 9 Department of Housing and Urban Development, or (b) a modular housing unit as defined in section 71-1557 bearing a seal in accordance with the 10 Nebraska Uniform Standards for Modular Housing Units Act. 11

(4) Subdivision regulations and building, plumbing, electrical,
housing, fire, or health codes or similar regulations and the adoption
thereof shall not be subject to sections 19-901 to 19-915.

Sec. 65. Section 19-903, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 19-903 The regulations and restrictions authorized by sections 18 19-901 to 19-915 shall be in accordance with a comprehensive development 19 plan which shall consist of both graphic and textual material and shall 20 be designed to accommodate anticipated long-range future growth which 21 shall be based upon documented population and economic projections. The 22 comprehensive development plan shall, among other possible elements, 23 include:

(1) A land-use element which designates the proposed general
distributions, general location, and extent of the uses of land for
agriculture, housing, commerce, industry, recreation, education, public
buildings and lands, and other categories of public and private use of
land;

(2) The general location, character, and extent of existing and
 proposed major roads, streets, and highways, and air and other
 transportation routes and facilities;

-42-

1 (3) The general location, type, capacity, and area served of present 2 and projected or needed community facilities including recreation 3 facilities, schools, libraries, other public buildings, and public 4 utilities and services;

(4) When a new comprehensive plan or a full update to an existing 5 comprehensive plan is developed on or after July 15, 2010, but not later 6 7 than January 1, 2015, an energy element which: Assesses energy infrastructure and energy by sector, including residential, 8 use 9 commercial, and industrial sectors; evaluates utilization of renewable 10 energy sources; and promotes energy conservation measures that benefit the community. This subdivision shall not apply to villages; and 11

(5)(a) When next amended after January 1, 1995, an identification of 12 sanitary and improvement districts, subdivisions, industrial tracts, 13 commercial tracts, and other discrete developed areas which are or in the 14 future may be appropriate subjects for annexation and (b) a general 15 review of the standards and qualifications that should be met to enable 16 17 the municipality to undertake annexation of such areas. Failure of the plan to identify subjects for annexation or to set out standards or 18 19 qualifications for annexation shall not serve as the basis for any challenge to the validity of an annexation ordinance. 20

Regulations adopted pursuant to sections 19-901 to 19-915 shall be 21 designed to lessen congestion in the streets; to secure safety from fire, 22 panic, and other dangers; to promote health and the general welfare; to 23 24 provide adequate light and air; to prevent the overcrowding of land; to secure safety from flood; to avoid undue concentration of population; to 25 facilitate the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, 26 schools, parks, and other public requirements; to protect property 27 28 against blight and depreciation; to protect the tax base; to secure economy in governmental expenditures; and to preserve, protect, and 29 enhance historic buildings, places, and districts. 30

31 Such regulations shall be made with reasonable consideration, among

-43-

other things, for the character of the district and its peculiar
 suitability for particular uses and with a view to conserving the value
 of buildings and encouraging the most appropriate use of land throughout
 such municipality.

5 Sec. 66. Section 19-904, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 6 amended to read:

7 19-904 The city council or village board of trustees legislative body of a such municipality which adopts zoning regulations and 8 9 restrictions pursuant to sections 19-901 to 19-915 shall provide for the manner in which such regulations and restrictions, and the boundaries of 10 such districts established pursuant to section 19-902, 11 shall be determined, established, and enforced, and from time to time amended, 12 supplemented, or changed. The city council or village board of trustees 13 legislative body shall receive the advice of the planning commission 14 before taking definite action on any contemplated amendment, supplement, 15 change, modification, or repeal. No such regulation, restriction, or 16 boundary shall become effective until after separate public hearings are 17 held by both the planning commission and the city council or village 18 19 board of trustees legislative body in relation thereto, at which parties in interest and citizens shall have an opportunity to be heard. Notice of 20 the time and place of such hearing shall be given by publication thereof 21 22 in a legal newspaper in or paper of general circulation in such municipality at least one time ten days prior to such hearing. 23

24 Sec. 67. Section 19-904.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

19-904.01 The use of a building, structure, or land, existing and lawful at the time of the adoption of a zoning regulation, or at the time of an amendment of a regulation, may, except as provided in this section, be continued, although such use does not conform with provisions of such regulation or amendment. Such ; and such use may be extended throughout the same building if no structural alteration of such building is

-44-

1 proposed or made for the purpose of such extension. If such nonconforming use is in fact discontinued for a period of twelve months, such right to 2 the nonconforming use shall be forfeited and any future use of the 3 4 building and premises shall conform to the regulation. The city council 5 or village board of trustees municipal legislative body may provide in any zoning regulation for the restoration, reconstruction, extension, or 6 7 substitution of nonconforming uses upon such terms and conditions as may be set forth in the zoning regulations. The city council or village board 8 of trustees municipal legislative body may, in any zoning regulation, 9 10 provide for the termination of nonconforming uses, either by specifying the period or periods in which nonconforming uses shall be required to 11 cease, or by providing a formula whereby the compulsory termination of a 12 13 nonconforming use may be so fixed as to allow for the recovery of 14 amortization of the investment in the nonconformance, except that in the case of a legally erected outdoor advertising sign, display, or device, 15 no amortization schedule shall be used. 16

17 Sec. 68. Section 19-905, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 amended to read:

19-905 Regulations, restrictions, and boundaries authorized to be 19 created pursuant to sections 19-901 to 19-915 may from time to time be 20 amended, supplemented, changed, modified, or repealed. In case of a 21 protest against such change, signed by the owners of twenty percent or 22 more either of the area of the lots included in such proposed change, or 23 24 of those immediately adjacent on the sides and in the rear thereof extending three hundred feet therefrom, and of those directly opposite 25 thereto extending three hundred feet from the street frontage of such 26 in accordance with 27 opposite lots, and such change is not the comprehensive development plan, such amendment shall not become effective 28 except by the favorable vote of three-fourths of all the members of the 29 city council or village board of trustees legislative body of such 30 municipality. The provisions of section 19-904 relative to public 31

-45-

hearings and official notice shall apply equally to all changes or 1 2 amendments. In addition to the publication of the notice as provided in section 19-904 therein prescribed, a notice shall be posted in a 3 4 conspicuous place on or near the property on which action is pending. 5 Such notice shall not be less than eighteen inches in height and twentyfour inches in width with a white or yellow background and black letters 6 7 not less than one and one-half inches in height. Such posted notice shall be so placed upon such premises that it is easily visible from the street 8 9 nearest the same and shall be so posted at least ten days prior to the date of such hearing. It shall be unlawful for anyone to remove, 10 mutilate, destroy, or change such posted notice prior to such hearing. 11 Any person so doing shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. If the 12 13 record title owners of any lots included in such proposed change be nonresidents of the municipality, then a written notice of such hearing 14 shall be mailed by certified mail to them addressed to their last-known 15 16 addresses at least ten days prior to such hearing. At the option of the city council or village board of trustees legislative body of the 17 municipality, in place of the posted notice provided in this section 18 above, the owners or occupants of the real estate to be zoned or rezoned 19 and all real estate located within three hundred feet of the real estate 20 to be zoned or rezoned may be personally served with a written notice 21 thereof at least ten days prior to the date of the hearing, if they can 22 be served with such notice within the county where such real estate is 23 24 located. Where such notice cannot be served personally upon such owners 25 or occupants in the county where such real estate is located, a written notice of such hearing shall be mailed to such owners or occupants 26 addressed to their last-known addresses at least ten days prior to such 27 hearing. The provisions of this section in reference to notice shall not 28 apply (1) in the event of a proposed change in such regulations, 29 restrictions, or boundaries throughout the entire area of an existing 30 zoning district or of such municipality, or (2) in the event additional 31

-46-

or different types of zoning districts are proposed, whether or not such
 additional or different districts are made applicable to areas, or parts
 of areas, already within a zoning district of the municipality, but only
 the requirements of section 19-904 shall be applicable.

5 Sec. 69. Section 19-907, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 6 amended to read:

7 19-907 Except as provided in section 19-912.01, the <u>city council or</u> 8 <u>village board of trustees of a municipality which has adopted zoning</u> 9 <u>regulations pursuant to sections 19-901 to 19-915</u> local legislative body 10 shall provide for the appointment of a board of adjustment. Any actions 11 taken by the board of adjustment shall not exceed the powers granted by 12 section 19-910.

Sec. 70. Section 19-908, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-908 The board of adjustment appointed pursuant to section 19-907 15 shall consist of five regular members, plus one additional member 16 17 designated as an alternate who shall attend and serve only when one of the regular members is unable to attend for any reason, each to be 18 appointed for a term of three years and removable for cause by the 19 appointing authority upon written charges and after public hearings. 20 Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term of any member whose term 21 becomes vacant. One member only of the board of adjustment shall be 22 23 appointed from the membership of the planning commission, and the loss of 24 membership on the planning commission by such member shall also result in 25 his or her immediate loss of membership on the board of adjustment and the appointment of another planning commissioner to the board of 26 adjustment. After September 9, 1995, the first vacancy occurring on the 27 28 board of adjustment shall be filled by the appointment of a person who resides in the extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of the city or 29 village at such time as more than two hundred persons reside within such 30 31 area. Thereafter, at all times, at least one member of the board of

-47-

1 adjustment shall reside outside of the corporate boundaries of the city 2 or village but within its extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction. The board of adjustment shall adopt rules in accordance with the provisions of any 3 4 ordinance adopted pursuant to sections 19-901 to 19-914. Meetings of the 5 board of adjustment shall be held at the call of the chairperson and at such other times as the board may determine. Such chairperson, or in his 6 or her absence the acting chairperson, may administer oaths and compel 7 the attendance of witnesses. All meetings of the board of adjustment 8 9 shall be open to the public. The board <u>of adjustment</u> shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, 10 or, if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact, and shall keep 11 records of its examinations and other official actions, all of which 12 13 shall be immediately filed in the office of the board and shall be a public record. 14

15 Sec. 71. Section 19-909, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 16 amended to read:

19-909 Appeals to the board of adjustment may be taken by any person 17 aggrieved or by any officer, department, board, or bureau of the 18 19 municipality affected by any decision of the administrative officer. Such appeal shall be taken within a reasonable time, as provided by the rules 20 of the board of adjustment, by filing with the officer from whom the 21 appeal is taken and with the board of adjustment a notice of appeal 22 23 specifying the grounds for such appeal thereof. The officer from whom the 24 appeal is taken shall forthwith transmit to the board of adjustment all 25 the papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed from was taken. An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action 26 appealed from, unless the officer from whom the appeal is taken certifies 27 to the board of adjustment, after the notice of appeal shall have been 28 filed with him<u>or her</u>, that by reason of facts stated in the certificate 29 a stay would, in his or her opinion, cause imminent peril to life or 30 property. In such case proceedings shall not be stayed otherwise than by 31

-48-

a restraining order which may be granted by the board of adjustment or by a court of record on application on notice to the officer from whom the appeal is taken and on due cause shown. The board of adjustment shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal, give public notice thereof, as well as due notice to the parties in interest, and decide the same within a reasonable time. Upon the hearing any party may appear in person or by agent or by attorney.

8 Sec. 72. Section 19-910, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 9 amended to read:

19-910 (1) The board of adjustment appointed pursuant to section 10 19-907 shall, subject to such appropriate conditions and safeguards as 11 may be established by the <u>city council or village board of trustees</u> 12 13 legislative body, have only the following powers: (a) To hear and decide appeals when it is alleged there is error in any order, requirement, 14 decision, or determination made by an administrative official or agency 15 16 based on or made in the enforcement of any zoning regulation or any regulation relating to the location or soundness of structures, except 17 that the authority to hear and decide appeals shall not apply to 18 decisions made under subsection (3) of section 19-929; (b) to hear and 19 decide, in accordance with the provisions of any zoning regulation, 20 requests for interpretation of any map; and (c) when by reason of 21 exceptional narrowness, shallowness, or shape of a specific piece of 22 23 property at the time of the enactment of the zoning regulations, or by 24 reason of exceptional topographic conditions or other extraordinary and 25 exceptional situation or condition of such piece of property, the strict application of any enacted regulation under this section and sections 26 19-901, 19-903 to 19-904.01, and 19-908 would result in peculiar and 27 28 exceptional practical difficulties to or exceptional and undue hardships upon the owner of such property, to authorize, upon an appeal relating to 29 the property, a variance from such strict application so as to relieve 30 such difficulties or hardship, if such relief may be granted without 31

-49-

substantial detriment to the public good and without substantially
 impairing the intent and purpose of any <u>zoning regulation</u> ordinance or
 resolution.

4 (2) No such variance shall be authorized by the board of adjustment 5 unless it finds that: (a) The strict application of the zoning regulation would produce undue hardship; (b) such hardship is not shared generally 6 7 by other properties in the same zoning district and the same vicinity; (c) the authorization of such variance will not be of substantial 8 9 detriment to adjacent property and the character of the district will not be changed by the granting of the variance; and (d) the granting of such 10 variance is based upon reason of demonstrable and exceptional hardship as 11 distinguished from variations for purposes of convenience, profit, or 12 13 caprice. No variance shall be authorized unless the board of adjustment finds that the condition or situation of the property concerned or the 14 intended use of the property is not of so general or recurring a nature 15 as to make reasonably practicable the formulation of a general regulation 16 17 to be adopted as an amendment to the zoning regulations.

(3) In exercising the powers granted in this section, the board of 18 19 adjustment may, in conformity with sections 19-901 to 19-915, reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision, 20 or determination appealed from, and may make such order, requirement, 21 decision, or determination as ought to be made, and to that end shall 22 have all the powers of the officer from whom the appeal is taken. The 23 24 concurring vote of four members of the board <u>of adjustment</u> shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision, or determination 25 of any such administrative official, or to decide in favor of the 26 applicant on any matter upon which it is required to pass under any such 27 regulation or to effect any variation in such regulation. 28

29 Sec. 73. Section 19-911, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31

-50-

19-911 Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 19-907 and 19-908,

1 the village board of trustees legislative body of a village may, except as set forth in section 19-912.01, provide by ordinance that it shall 2 constitute a board of adjustment, and in the regulations and restrictions 3 4 adopted pursuant to the authority of sections 19-901 to 19-905 may provide that as such board of adjustment it may exercise only the powers 5 granted to boards of adjustment by section 19-910. As such board of 6 adjustment, the village board of trustees it shall adopt rules and 7 procedures that are in harmony with sections 19-907 to 19-910, and shall 8 9 have the powers and duties therein provided for the board of adjustment, and other parties shall have all the rights and privileges therein 10 provided for. The concurring vote of two-thirds of the members of the 11 village <u>board of trustees</u> legislative body acting as a board of 12 adjustment shall decide any question upon which it is required to pass as 13 14 such board of adjustment.

Sec. 74. Section 19-912, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 19-912 Any person or persons, jointly or severally, aggrieved by any decision of the board of adjustment, or any taxpayer, or any officer, 18 19 department, board, or bureau of the municipality, may present to the district court a petition duly verified, setting forth that such decision 20 is illegal, in whole or in part, and specifying the grounds of such 21 illegality. Such petition must be presented to the court within fifteen 22 23 days after the filing of the decision in the office of the board of 24 adjustment. Upon the filing of such petition a summons shall be issued and be served upon the board of adjustment, together with a copy of the 25 petition. Return of service shall be made within four days after the 26 issuance of the summons. Within ten days after the return day of such 27 summons, the board of adjustment shall file an answer to such said 28 petition which shall admit or deny the substantial allegations averments 29 of the petition, and shall state the contentions of the board of 30 adjustment with reference to the matters in dispute as disclosed by the 31

-51-

1 petition. The answer shall be verified in like manner as required for the 2 petition. At the expiration of the time for filing answer, the court shall proceed to hear and determine the cause without delay and shall 3 render judgment thereon according to the forms of law. If, upon the 4 hearing, it shall appear to the court that testimony is necessary for the 5 proper disposition of the matter, the court it may take evidence or 6 appoint a referee to take such evidence as it may direct and report the 7 same to the court with his or her findings of fact and conclusions of 8 law, which shall constitute a part of the proceedings upon which the 9 determination of the court shall be made. The court may reverse or 10 affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the decision brought up for 11 review. Such Said appeal to the district court shall not stay proceedings 12 upon the decision appealed from, but the court may, on application, on 13 notice to the board of adjustment and on due cause shown, grant a 14 restraining order. Any appeal from such judgment of the district court 15 shall be prosecuted in accordance with the general laws of the state 16 17 regulating appeals in actions at law.

Sec. 75. Section 19-912.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-912.01 The zoning board of adjustment of a county that has 20 adopted a comprehensive development plan, as defined by section 21 23-114.02, and is enforcing zoning regulations based upon such a plan, 22 23 shall, upon request of the governing body of a village or second-class city of the second class or village, serve as the zoning board of 24 25 adjustment for such village or city of the second class or village in that county. A city of the first class may request that the county zoning 26 board of adjustment of the county in which it is located serve as that 27 city's zoning board of adjustment, and such county government shall 28 comply with that request within ninety days. A municipality located in 29 more than one county shall be served by request or otherwise only by the 30 county zoning board of adjustment of the county in which the greatest 31

-52-

area of the municipality is located, and the jurisdiction of such county zoning board of adjustment shall include all portions of the municipality and its area of extraterritorial <u>zoning jurisdiction control</u>, regardless of county lines. In a county <u>in which where there is</u> a city of the primary class<u>is located</u>, the board of zoning appeals, created under section 23-174.09, may serve in the same capacity for all cities of the second class and villages in place of a zoning board of adjustment.

8 Sec. 76. Section 19-913, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 9 amended to read:

10 19-913 The city council or village board of trustees local legislative body may provide by ordinance for the enforcement of sections 11 19-901 to $19-915_{\tau}$ and of any ordinance, regulation, or restriction made 12 13 thereunder. A violation of such sections or of such ordinance or 14 regulation is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor, and such city council or village board of trustees local legislative body may provide for the 15 punishment thereof by fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars for any 16 17 one offense, recoverable with costs, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed thirty days. Each day such violation 18 19 continues after notice of violation is given to the offender may be considered a separate offense. In case any building or structure is 20 erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted, or 21 maintained, or any building, structure, or land is used in violation of 22 23 such said sections or of any ordinance or other regulation made under 24 sections 19-901 to 19-915 authority conferred hereby, the proper local authorities of the municipality, in addition to other remedies, may 25 institute any appropriate action or proceedings to prevent such unlawful 26 erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, conversion, 27 28 maintenance, or use, to restrain, correct, or abate such violation, to prevent the occupancy of such said building, structure, or land, or to 29 prevent any illegal act, conduct, business, or use in or about such 30 31 premises.

-53-

Sec. 77. Section 19-914, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 19-914 Whenever the regulations made pursuant to under authority of sections 19-901 to 19-905 require a greater width or size of yards, 4 courts, or other open spaces, or require a lower height of building or 5 less number of stories, or require a greater percentage of lot to be left 6 7 unoccupied, or impose other higher standards than are required in any other statute, local ordinance, or regulation, the provisions of the 8 9 regulations made under authority of such said sections shall govern. 10 Wherever the provisions of any other statute or local ordinance or regulation require a greater width or size of yards, courts, or other 11 open spaces, or require a lower height of building or a less number of 12 13 stories, or require a greater percentage of lot to be left unoccupied, or 14 impose other higher standards than are required by the regulations made under authority of such said sections, the provisions of such statute, 15 local ordinance, or regulation shall govern. 16

17 Sec. 78. Section 19-915, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 amended to read:

19 19-915 (1) When any city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or any village has enacted zoning regulations pursuant to sections 20 21 <u>19-901 to 19-915</u> in accordance with statutory authority and as a part of 22 such regulations has bounded and defined the various zoning or building districts with reference to a zoning map_ such zoning or building 23 24 districts may from time to time_{τ} be changed, modified, or terminated, or 25 additional or different zoning or building districts may from time to time be created, changed, modified, or terminated, by an appropriate 26 amendatory action which describes the changed, modified, terminated, or 27 28 created zone or district or part thereof by legal description or metes and bounds, or by republishing a part only of the original zoning map, 29 and without republishing the original zoning map as a part of the 30 amendatory action and without setting forth and repealing the entire 31

-54-

section or ordinance adopting the rezoning maps, or a part of the zoning
 map, as a part of the amendatory action, notwithstanding the provisions
 of section 16-404 or 17-614.

4 (2) When any city of the first <u>class</u>, <u>city of the</u> or second class, 5 or any village has, prior to March 21, 1969, changed the boundaries of a 6 zoning or building district without compliance with section 16-404 or 7 17-614, any such amendments of the zoning ordinances shall stand as valid 8 and subsisting amendments until repealed and the action of any such city 9 or village in executing any such amendment is expressly ratified by the 10 Legislature.

11 Sec. 79. Section 19-916, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13 19-916 (1) The city council of any city of the first class or city of the second class or the village board of trustees local legislative 14 body shall have power by ordinance to provide the manner, plan, or method 15 by which land within the corporate limits of any such city or village 16 17 municipality, or land within the area designated by a city of the first class pursuant to subsection (1) of section 16-902 or within the area 18 19 designated by a city of the second class or village pursuant to subsection (1) of section 17-1002, may be subdivided, platted, or laid 20 out, including a plan or system for the avenues, streets, or alleys to be 21 laid out within or across such land, and to compel the owners of any such 22 land that are subdividing, platting, or laying out such land to conform 23 24 to the requirements of the ordinance and to lay out and dedicate the 25 avenues, streets, and alleys in accordance with the ordinance as provided in sections 16-901 to 16-905 and sections 17-1001 to 17-1004. No addition 26 shall have any validity, right, or privileges as an addition, and no plat 27 28 of land or, in the absence of a plat, no instrument subdividing land within the corporate limits of any such municipality or of any land 29 within the area designated by a city of the first class pursuant to 30 subsection (1) of section 16-902 or within the area designated by a city 31

-55-

of the second class or village pursuant to subsection (1) of section 17-1002, shall be recorded or have any force or effect, unless the plat or instrument is approved by the <u>city council or village board of</u> <u>trustees</u> legislative body, or its designated agent, and the legislative body's or agent's approval <u>of the city council or village board of</u> <u>trustees, or its agent,</u> is endorsed on such plat or instrument.

7 (2) The <u>city council or village board of trustees</u> legislative body 8 may designate by ordinance an employee of such city or village to approve 9 further subdivision of existing lots and blocks whenever all required 10 public improvements have been installed, no new dedication of public 11 rights-of-way or easements is involved, and such subdivision complies 12 with the ordinance requirements concerning minimum areas and dimensions 13 of such lots and blocks.

(3) All additions laid out contiguous or adjacent to the corporate 14 limits of a city of the first class, city of the second class, or village 15 16 may be included within the corporate limits and become a part of such 17 municipality for all purposes whatsoever if approved by the city council or village board of trustees legislative body of the city or village 18 19 under this subsection. The proprietor or proprietors of any land within the corporate limits of any city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or 20 second class, or village, or of any land contiguous or adjacent to the 21 corporate limits of such city or village, may lay out such land into 22 lots, blocks, streets, avenues, alleys, and other grounds under the name 23 24 of Addition to the City or Village of, and shall cause an accurate map or plat thereof to be made out, designating 25 explicitly the land so laid out and particularly describing the lots, 26 blocks, streets, avenues, alleys, and other grounds belonging to such 27 28 addition. The lots shall be designated by numbers, and streets, avenues, and other grounds, by names or numbers. Such plat shall be acknowledged 29 before some officer authorized to take the acknowledgments of deeds, 30 shall contain a dedication of the streets, alleys, and public grounds 31

-56-

1 therein to the use and benefit of the public, and shall have appended a 2 survey made by some competent surveyor with a certificate attached, certifying that he or she has accurately surveyed such addition and that 3 4 the lots, blocks, streets, avenues, alleys, parks, commons, and other 5 grounds are well and accurately staked off and marked. The addition may become part of the municipality at such time as the addition is approved 6 by the city council or village board of trustees legislative body if (a) 7 after giving notice of the time and place of the hearing as provided in 8 9 section 19-904, the planning commission and the city council or village board of trustees legislative body both hold public hearings on the 10 inclusion of the addition within the corporate limits and (b) the city 11 council or village board of trustees legislative body votes to approve 12 the inclusion of the addition within the corporate boundaries of the 13 14 municipality in a separate vote from the vote approving the addition. Such hearings shall be separate from the public hearings held regarding 15 approval of the addition. If the <u>city council or village board of</u> 16 trustees legislative body includes the addition within the corporate 17 limits, the inhabitants of such addition shall be entitled to all the 18 rights and privileges and shall be subject to all the laws, ordinances, 19 rules, and regulations of the municipality to which such land is an 20 addition. When such map or plat is made out, acknowledged, and certified, 21 and has been approved by the city council or village board of trustees 22 23 local legislative body, the map or plat shall be filed and recorded in 24 the office of the register of deeds and county assessor of the county. If the city council or village board of trustees legislative body includes 25 the addition within the corporate limits, such map or plat shall be 26 equivalent to a deed in fee simple absolute to the municipality from the 27 proprietor of all streets, avenues, alleys, public squares, parks, and 28 commons, and of such portion of the land as is therein set apart for 29 public and municipal use, or is dedicated to charitable, religious, or 30 31 educational purposes.

-57-

Sec. 80. Section 19-917, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 A city of the first class, city of the second class, or 19-917 4 village may vacate Power is hereby given to such municipality through its governing body by proper ordinance therefor duly enacted to vacate any 5 such existing plat and addition to such the municipality or such part or 6 7 parts thereof as such municipality may deem advantageous and best for its interests, and the power hereby granted shall be exercised by such 8 9 municipality upon the petition of the owner or all the owners of lots or lands in such plat or addition. Such ordinance vacating such plat or 10 addition shall specify whether, and, if any, what public highways, 11 streets, alleys, and public grounds thereof are to be retained by such 12 13 municipality. Any ; otherwise such ways, streets, and public grounds not 14 retained shall upon such vacation revert to the owner or owners of lots or lands abutting such ways, streets, and public grounds the same in 15 proportion to the respective ownerships of such lots or grounds. In case 16 17 of total or partial vacation of such plat or addition, the ordinance providing therefor shall be, at the cost of the owner or owners, 18 19 certified to the office of the register of deeds and be there recorded by the owner or owners. The register of deeds Whereupon said officer shall 20 note such total or partial vacation of such plat or addition by writing 21 22 in plain and legible letters upon such plat or portion thereof so vacated 23 the word vacated, and also make on the same reference to the volume and 24 page in which such said ordinance of vacation is recorded, $\dot{\tau}$ and the 25 owner or owners of the lots and lands in a plat so vacated shall cause the same and the proportionate part of the abutting highway, streets, 26 alleys, and public grounds so vacated to be replatted and numbered by the 27 28 city <u>surveyor</u> or county surveyor. When such replat so executed is acknowledged by such owner or owners and is recorded in the office of the 29 register of deeds of such county, such property so replatted may be 30 conveyed and assessed by the numbers given in such replat. 31

-58-

Sec. 81. Section 19-918, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-918 No owner of real estate within the corporate limits of $\underline{a \ city}$ 3 4 of the first class, city of the second class, or village such 5 municipality shall be permitted to subdivide, plat, or lay out such said real estate into blocks, lots, streets, or other portions of the same 6 7 intended to be dedicated for public use, or for the use of the purchasers or owners of lots fronting thereon or adjacent thereto, without first 8 9 having obtained the approval thereof of the city council or village board of trustees governing body of such municipality or its agent designated 10 pursuant to section 19-916. Any and all additions to be made to the 11 municipality shall be made, so far as such additions the same relate to 12 the avenues, streets, and alleys therein, under and in accordance with 13 the provisions of sections 19-916 to 19-918. 14

Sec. 82. Section 19-919, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 19-919 No plat of or instruments effecting the subdivision of real property described in section 19-918 shall be recorded or have any force 18 19 and effect unless such plat is the same be approved by the city council or village board of trustees governing body of such municipality or its 20 agent designated pursuant to section 19-916. The city council or village 21 board of trustees governing body of such municipality shall have power, 22 by ordinance, to provide the manner, plan, or method by which real 23 24 property in any such area may be subdivided, platted, or laid out, including a plan or system for the avenues, streets, or alleys to be laid 25 out within or across the same $\pm \dot{\tau}$ and to prohibit the sale or offering for 26 sale of, and the construction of buildings and other improvements on, any 27 28 lots or parts of real property not subdivided, platted, or laid out as required in sections 19-918 and 19-920. 29

30 Sec. 83. Section 19-920, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

-59-

1 19-920 The <u>city council of any city of the first class or city of</u> 2 <u>the second class or the board of trustees of any village governing body</u> 3 shall have power to compel the owner of any real property described in 4 section 19-918 in subdividing, platting, or laying out the same to 5 conform to the requirements of the ordinance and to lay out and dedicate 6 the avenues, streets, and alleys in accordance therewith.

Sec. 84. Section 19-921, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 19-921 For the purposes of sections 16-901 to 16-905 and 19-916 to 10 19-920, in the area where a city of the first class, city of the second class, or village the municipality has a comprehensive plan and has 11 adopted subdivision regulations pursuant thereto, subdivision shall mean 12 13 the division of lot, tract, or parcel of land into two or more lots, sites, or other divisions of land for the purpose, whether immediate or 14 future, of ownership or building development, except that the division of 15 land shall not be considered to be a subdivision when the smallest parcel 16 17 created is more than ten acres in area.

Sec. 85. Section 19-922, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

20 19-922 Any <u>standard</u> code adopted and approved by a city <u>of the first</u> 21 <u>class, city of the second class,</u> or village as provided in section 18-132 22 and the building permit requirements or occupancy permit requirements 23 imposed by any such code or by section 19-913 shall apply to all of the 24 city or village and within the <u>extraterritorial unincorporated area where</u> 25 <u>a city or village has been granted</u> zoning jurisdiction <u>of such city or</u> 26 <u>village and is exercising such jurisdiction</u>.

27 Sec. 86. Section 19-923, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

19-923 (1) In order to provide for orderly school planning and
 development, a <u>city of the first class, city of the second class, or</u>
 <u>village municipality</u> considering the adoption or amendment of a zoning

-60-

ordinance or approval of the platting or replatting of any development of real estate shall notify the board of education of each school district in which the real estate, or some part thereof, to be affected by such a proposal lies, of the next regular meeting of the planning commission at which such proposal is to be considered and shall submit a copy of the proposal to the board of education at least ten days prior to such meeting.

(2) When a city of the first class, city of the second class, or 8 9 village municipality is considering the adoption or amendment of a zoning 10 ordinance or the approval of the platting or replatting of any development of real estate, <u>such city or village</u> the municipality shall 11 notify any military installation which is located within the corporate 12 13 boundary limits or the extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of the city or village municipality if the city or village municipality has received 14 a written request for such notification from the military installation. 15 The city or village municipality shall deliver the notification to the 16 17 military installation at least ten days prior to the meeting of the 18 planning commission at which the proposal is to be considered.

19 (3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to zoning, 20 rezoning, or approval of plats by any city of the metropolitan or primary 21 class, which has adopted a comprehensive subdivision ordinance pursuant 22 to sections 14-115 and 14-116, or Chapter 15, articles 9 and 11. Plats of 23 subdivisions approved by the agent of a <u>city or village municipality</u> 24 designated pursuant to section 19-916 shall not be subject to the notice 25 requirements in this section.

26 Sec. 87. Section 19-925, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

19-925 Any <u>city of the first class, city of the second class, or</u>
 <u>village municipality</u> is hereby authorized and empowered to make, adopt,
 amend, extend, and carry out a municipal plan as provided in sections
 <u>19-925</u> 19-924 to 19-933 and to create by ordinance a planning commission

-61-

1 with the powers and duties set forth in such sections. The planning 2 commission of a city shall be designated <u>the city planning commission</u> or 3 city plan commission, and the planning commission of a village shall be 4 designated the village planning commission or village plan commission.

5 Sec. 88. Section 19-926, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 6 amended to read:

19-926 (1) The planning commission of a city of the first class, 7 city of the second class, or village shall consist of nine regular 8 9 members who shall represent, insofar as far as is possible, the different 10 professions or occupations in the city or village municipality and shall be appointed by the mayor τ by and with the approval of a majority vote of 11 the members of elected to the city council or by the chairperson of the 12 13 village board by and with the approval of a majority vote of the members of the village board of trustees. Two of the regular members may be 14 residents of the area designated pursuant to section 16-902 or 17-1001 15 16 over which the city or village is exercising extraterritorial zoning 17 jurisdiction area over which the municipality is authorized to exercise 18 extraterritorial zoning and subdivision regulation. When there is a 19 sufficient number of residents in such area over which the city or village is exercising the area over which the municipality exercises 20 extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction and subdivision regulation, one 21 regular member of the commission shall be a resident from such area. If 22 it is determined by the city council or village board of trustees that a 23 24 sufficient number of residents reside in such area the area subject to 25 extraterritorial zoning or subdivision regulation, and no such resident is a regular member of the commission, the first available vacancy on the 26 commission shall be filled by the appointment of such an individual. For 27 28 purposes of this section, a sufficient number of residents shall mean: (a) For a village, two hundred residents; (b) for a city of the second 29 class, five hundred residents; and (c) for a city of the first class, one 30 31 thousand residents. A number of commissioners equal to a majority of the

-62-

1 number of regular members appointed to the commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business. All regular members of the 2 commission shall serve without compensation. The term of each regular 3 4 member shall be three years, except that three regular members of the 5 first commission to be so appointed shall serve for terms of one year, three for terms of two years, and three for terms of three years. All 6 7 regular members shall hold office until their successors are appointed. Any member may, after a public hearing before the city council or village 8 9 board<u>of trustees</u>, be removed by the mayor with the consent of a majority vote of the members of elected to the city council or by the chairperson 10 of the village board with the consent of a majority vote of the members 11 of the village board of trustees for inefficiency, neglect of duty or 12 13 malfeasance in office, or other good and sufficient cause. Vacancies 14 occurring otherwise than through the expiration of term shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by <u>appointment by</u> the mayor<u>or the</u> 15 chairperson of the village board of trustees. 16

17 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the planning commission for any city of the second class or 18 village may have either five, seven, or nine regular members as the city 19 council or village board of trustees establishes by ordinance. If a city 20 or village planning commission has either five or seven regular members, 21 approximately one-third of the regular members of the first commission 22 23 shall serve for terms of one year, one-third for terms of two years, and 24 one-third for terms of three years.

(3) A city of the first <u>class</u>, <u>city of the</u> or second class</u>, or a village may, by ordinance, provide for the appointment of one alternate member to the planning commission who shall be chosen by the mayor with the approval of a majority vote of the <u>elected</u> members of the <u>city</u> council or <u>by the chairperson of the village board with the approval of a majority vote of the members of the shall serve without compensation. The term of the second class, or a village board with the approval of the second class, or a member shall serve without compensation.</u>

-63-

alternate member shall be three years, and he or she shall hold office 1 2 until his or her successor is appointed and approved. The alternate member may be removed from office in the same manner as a regular member. 3 If the alternate member position becomes vacant other than through the 4 5 expiration of the term, the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by the mayor with the approval of a majority vote of 6 7 the elected members of the city council or by the chairperson of the village board with the approval of a majority vote of the members of the 8 9 village board of trustees. The alternate member may attend any meeting 10 and may serve as a voting and participating member of the commission at any time when less than the full number of regular commission members is 11 present and capable of voting. 12

(4) A regular or alternate member of the planning commission may hold any other municipal office except (a) mayor, (b) a member of the city council or village board of trustees, (c) a member of any community redevelopment authority or limited community redevelopment authority created under section 18-2102.01, or (d) a member of any citizen advisory review committee created under section 18-2715.

Sec. 89. Section 19-927, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

19-927 The planning commission of a city of the first class, city of 21 22 the second class, or village shall elect its chairperson from its members and create and fill such other of its offices as it may determine. The 23 24 term of the chairperson shall be one year, and he or she shall be 25 eligible for reelection. The commission shall hold at least one regular meeting in each calendar quarter, except the city council or village 26 board of <u>trustees</u> municipal governing body may require the commission to 27 28 meet more frequently and the chairperson of the commission may call for a meeting when necessary to deal with business pending before the 29 commission. The commission shall adopt rules and regulations for the 30 31 transaction of business and shall keep a record of its resolutions,

-64-

1 transactions, findings, and determinations, which shall be a public 2 record.

3 Sec. 90. Section 19-928, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 19-928 The <u>city</u> council <u>or village board of trustees</u> may provide the 6 funds, equipment, and accommodations necessary for the work of the 7 <u>planning</u> commission <u>of a city of the first class</u>, <u>city of the second</u> 8 <u>class</u>, <u>or village</u>, but the expenditures of the commission, exclusive of 9 gifts, shall be within the amounts appropriated for that purpose by the 10 <u>city</u> council <u>or village board of trustees</u>. No ; <u>and no</u> expenditures nor 11 agreements for expenditures shall be valid in excess of such amounts.

12 Sec. 91. Section 19-929, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

19-929 (1) Except as provided in sections 19-930 to 19-933, the 14 planning commission of a city of the first class, city of the second 15 class, or village shall (a) make and adopt plans for the physical 16 17 development of the <u>city or village</u> municipality, including any areas outside its boundaries which in the commission's judgment bear relation 18 to the planning of such city or village municipality and including a 19 comprehensive development plan as defined by section 19-903, (b) prepare 20 and adopt such implemental means as a capital improvement program, 21 subdivision regulations, building codes, and a zoning ordinance in 22 cooperation with other interested municipal departments, and (c) consult 23 24 with and advise public officials and agencies, public utilities, civic organizations, educational institutions, and citizens with relation to 25 the promulgation and implementation of the comprehensive development plan 26 27 and its implemental programs. The commission may delegate authority to 28 any such group to conduct studies and make surveys for the commission, make preliminary reports on its findings, and hold public hearings before 29 submitting its final reports. The city council or village board of 30 31 trustees municipal governing body shall not take final action on matters

-65-

relating to the comprehensive development plan, capital improvements, 1 2 building codes, subdivision development, the annexation of territory, or zoning until it has received the recommendation of the planning 3 4 commission if such commission in fact has been created and is existent. The city council or village board of trustees governing body shall by 5 ordinance set a reasonable time within which the recommendation from the 6 planning commission is to be received. A recommendation from the planning 7 commission shall not be required for subdivision of existing lots and 8 9 blocks whenever all required public improvements have been installed, no new dedication of public rights-of-way or easements is involved, and such 10 subdivision complies with the ordinance requirements concerning minimum 11 areas and dimensions of such lots and blocks, if the governing body has 12 designated, by ordinance, an agent pursuant to section 19-916. 13

14 (2) The <u>planning</u> commission may, with the consent of the <u>city</u> 15 <u>council or village board of trustees</u> governing body, in its own name (a) 16 make and enter into contracts with public or private bodies, (b) receive 17 contributions, bequests, gifts, or grant funds from public or private 18 sources, (c) expend the funds appropriated to it by the <u>city or village</u> 19 municipality, (d) employ agents and employees, and (e) acquire, hold, and 20 dispose of property.

The <u>planning</u> commission may on its own authority make arrangements consistent with its program, conduct or sponsor special studies or planning work for any public body or appropriate agency, receive grants, remuneration, or reimbursement for such studies or work, and at its public hearings, summon witnesses, administer oaths, and compel the giving of testimony.

(3) The <u>planning</u> commission may grant conditional uses or special
exceptions to property owners for the use of their property if the <u>city</u>
<u>council or village board of trustees</u> municipal governing body has,
through a zoning ordinance or special ordinance, generally authorized the
commission to exercise such powers and has approved the standards and

-66-

1 procedures adopted by the commission for equitably and judiciously granting such conditional uses or special exceptions. The granting of a 2 conditional use permit or special exception shall only allow property 3 4 owners to put their property to a special use if it is among those uses 5 specifically identified in the zoning ordinance as classifications of uses which may require special conditions or requirements to be met by 6 the owners before a use permit or building permit is authorized. The 7 power to grant conditional uses or special exceptions shall be the 8 9 exclusive authority of the commission, except that the city council or village board of trustees municipal governing body may choose to retain 10 for itself the power to grant conditional uses or special exceptions for 11 those classifications of uses specified in the zoning ordinance. The city 12 council or village board of trustees municipal governing body may 13 exercise such power if it has formally adopted standards and procedures 14 for granting such conditional uses or special exceptions in a manner that 15 16 is equitable and will promote the public interest. An appeal of a decision by the commission or the city council or village board of 17 trustees municipal governing body regarding a conditional use or special 18 19 exception shall be made to the district court.

20 Sec. 92. Section 19-930, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-930 (1)For any matter within the jurisdiction of а municipality's planning commission of a city of the first class, city of 23 the sec<u>ond class, or village</u>relating to that portion of 24 the <u>extraterritorial</u> <u>municipality's</u> zoning jurisdiction <u>of the city or</u> 25 village as defined in section 16-901 or 17-1001 outside the corporate 26 limits of the municipality which is within a county other than the county 27 28 in which the <u>city or village municipality</u> is located, the powers, duties, responsibilities, and functions of the planning commission of the city or 29 village municipality with regard to such matter shall be assumed by the 30 municipality's interjurisdictional planning commission of the city or 31

-67-

<u>village</u> established under section 19-931 when the formation of such a commission is requested by either the <u>city or village</u> municipality or the county within which the <u>city or village</u> municipality is not located as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

5 (2) Any <u>city or village</u> municipality exercising <u>extraterritorial</u> zoning jurisdiction as defined in section 16-901 or 17-1001 outside its 6 7 corporate limits but within a county other than the county within which the city or village municipality is located or the county within which 8 9 such city or village municipality is exercising extraterritorial such 10 zoning jurisdiction may, by formal resolution of a majority of the voting members of the city council or village board of trustees its governing 11 body, request the formation of an interjurisdictional planning commission 12 13 to exercise the jurisdiction granted by sections 19-930 to 19-933. Such 14 resolution shall be transmitted to the appropriate city or village municipality or county and its receipt formally acknowledged. 15

16 Sec. 93. Section 19-931, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

19-931 The interjurisdictional planning commission of a city of the 18 first class, city of the second class, or village municipality shall 19 consist of six members. Three members shall be chosen from the membership 20 of the planning commission of the city or village by the mayor of the 21 municipality with the approval of the city council or by the chairperson 22 23 of the village board of trustees with the approval of the village board 24 of trustees from the membership of the municipality's planning 25 commission. Three members shall be chosen by the county board of the county within which the <u>city or village</u> municipality exercises zoning 26 jurisdiction under the circumstances specified in section 19-930. The 27 28 three members chosen by the county board shall be members of the county planning commission as described in section 23-114.01. Members of the 29 interjurisdictional planning commission shall serve without compensation 30 and without reimbursement for expenses incurred pursuant to carrying out 31

-68-

sections 19-930 to 19-933 for terms of one year. Members shall hold office until their successors are appointed and qualified. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the body which appointed the member creating the vacancy.

5 Sec. 94. Section 19-932, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 6 amended to read:

19-932 A <u>city or village</u> municipality exercising <u>extraterritorial</u> 7 zoning jurisdiction under the circumstances set out in section 19-930 8 9 shall create an interjurisdictional planning commission by ordinance within sixty days after the formal passage of a resolution pursuant to 10 subsection (2) of section 19-930. All matters filed with the city or 11 village municipality within ninety days after such date which are 12 13 properly within the jurisdiction of the interjurisdictional planning commission shall, after the effective date of the ordinance, be referred 14 to such commission until such time as both the city or village 15 16 municipality and the county agree by majority vote of each governing body 17 to eliminate the interjurisdictional planning commission and transfer its jurisdiction to the planning commission of the city or village 18 municipality. 19

20 Sec. 95. Section 19-1101, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-1101 The city treasurer or village treasurer of each city or village that has a population of not more than one hundred thousand 23 24 inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or 25 the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census shall prepare and publish annually within sixty days after the 26 close of its municipal fiscal year a statement of the receipts and 27 28 expenditures of funds of the city or village for the preceding fiscal year. The statement shall also include the information required by 29 subsection (3) of section 16-318 or subsection (2) of section 17-606. Not 30 more than the legal rate provided for in section 33-141 shall be charged 31

-69-

Sec. 96. Section 19-1102, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
amended to read:

19-1102 It shall be the duty of each village or city clerk or 4 village clerk in every village or city or village having a population of 5 not more than one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most 6 recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 7 count by the United States Bureau of the Census to prepare and publish 8 9 the official proceedings of the village or city board, council, or 10 village board of trustees commission within thirty days after any meeting of the <u>city</u> board, council, or <u>village board of trustees</u> commission. The 11 publication shall be in a <u>legal</u> newspaper in or of general circulation in 12 the village or city or village, shall set forth a statement of the 13 proceedings of the meeting, and shall also include the amount of each 14 claim allowed, the purpose of the claim, and the name of the claimant, 15 except that the aggregate amount of all payroll claims may be included as 16 one item. Between July 15 and August 15 of each year, the employee job 17 titles and the current annual, monthly, or hourly salaries corresponding 18 19 to such job titles shall be published. Each job title published shall be descriptive and indicative of the duties and functions of the position. 20 The charge for the publication shall not exceed the rates provided for in 21 22 section 23-122.

Sec. 97. Section 19-1103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-1103 Publication under sections 19-1101 and 19-1102 shall be made in one legal newspaper <u>in or</u> of general circulation in such village or city or village. If no legal newspaper <u>in or of general circulation</u> is published in the village or city <u>or village</u>, then such publication shall be made in one legal newspaper published <u>in</u> or of general circulation within the county in which such village or city <u>or village</u> is located. The cost of publication shall be paid out of the general funds of such

-70-

1

2 Sec. 98. Section 19-1104, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 3 amended to read:

19-1104 Any village or city clerk, village clerk, city treasurer, or
village treasurer, failing or neglecting to comply with the provisions of
sections 19-1101 to 19-1103 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and
shall, upon conviction, be fined, not to exceed twenty-five dollars, and
be liable, in addition to removal from office for such failure or
neglect.

Sec. 99. Section 19-1301, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-1301 All cities of the first <u>class, cities of the</u> and second 12 13 class, and all villages, are hereby empowered to receive money or property by donation, bequest, gift, devise, or otherwise for the benefit 14 15 of any one or more of the public purposes for which sinking funds are established by the provisions of sections 19-1301 to 19-1304, 16 as 17 stipulated by the donor. <u>Title</u> The title to <u>any the</u> money or property so donated shall vest in the city council or village board of trustees local 18 governing bodies of such said cities or villages, or in their successors 19 in office, who shall become the owners thereof in trust to the uses of 20 such said sinking fund or funds. In the event of a ; Provided, if the 21 donation of be real estate, such city councils or village boards of 22 trustees said local governing bodies may manage such real estate the same 23 24 as in the case of real estate donated to their respective municipalities 25 for municipal library purposes under the provisions of sections 51-215 and 51-216. 26

27 Sec. 100. Section 19-1302, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

19-1302 The <u>city council</u> local governing body of any city of the
first <u>class</u> or <u>city of the</u> second class or <u>the village board of trustees</u>
<u>of</u> any village, subject to all the limitations set forth in sections

-71-

1 19-1301 to 19-1304, shall have the power to levy a tax of not to exceed 2 ten and five-tenths cents on each one hundred dollars in any one year 3 upon the taxable value of all the taxable property within such municipality for a term of not to exceed ten years, in addition to the 4 5 amount of tax which may be annually levied for the purposes of the adopted budget statement of such municipality, for the purpose of 6 establishing a sinking fund for the construction, purchase, improvement, 7 extension, original equipment, or repair, not including maintenance, of 8 9 any one or more of the following public improvements, including acquisition of any land incident to the making thereof: Municipal 10 libraries library; municipal auditoriums auditorium or community houses 11 house for social or recreational purposes; city or village halls hall; 12 municipal public libraries library, auditoriums auditorium, or community 13 14 houses house in a single building; municipal swimming pools pool and 15 appurtenances thereto; municipal jails jail; municipal fire stations 16 building to house equipment or personnel of a fire department, together 17 with firefighting equipment or apparatus; municipal parks park; municipal <u>cemeteries</u> <u>cemetery</u>; municipal medical <u>buildings</u> <u>clinic</u> <u>building</u>, 18 19 together with furnishings and equipment; or municipal hospitals hospital. No such city or village shall be authorized to levy the tax or to 20 establish the sinking fund as provided in this section if, having bonded 21 22 indebtedness, such city or village has been in default in the payment of 23 interest thereon or principal thereof for a period of ten years prior to 24 the date of the passage of the resolution providing for the submission of 25 the proposition for establishment of the sinking fund as required in section 19-1303. 26

27 Sec. 101. Section 19-1303, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

19-1303 Before any sinking fund or funds shall be established or
before any annual tax shall be levied for planned municipal <u>improvements</u>
improvement mentioned in section 19-1302, by <u>a</u> any such city or village,

-72-

1 the city council or village board of trustees its local governing body shall declare its purpose by resolution to submit to the qualified 2 electors of the city or village at the next general municipal election 3 the proposition to provide such city or village with the specific 4 5 municipal improvement planned for consummation under sections 19-1301 to 19-1304. Such resolution of submission shall, among other things, set 6 forth a clear description of the improvement planned, the estimated cost 7 according to the prevailing costs, the amount of annual levy over a 8 9 definite period of years, not exceeding ten years, required to provide such cost, and the specific name or designation for the sinking fund 10 sought to be established to carry out the planned improvement, together 11 with a statement of the proposition for placement upon the ballot at such 12 13 election. Notice of the submission of the proposition, together with a 14 copy of the official ballot containing such proposition the same, shall be published in its entirety three successive weeks before the day of the 15 election in a legal newspaper in or of general circulation published in 16 17 the municipality or, if no legal newspaper is in or of general circulation in the municipality published therein, in a some legal 18 19 newspaper in or of general circulation published in the county in which such city or village is located and of general circulation. If no legal 20 21 newspaper is published in the county, such notice shall be published in 22 some legal newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the 23 municipality is located. No such sinking fund shall be established unless 24 the same shall have been authorized by a majority or more of the legal 25 votes of such city or village cast for or against the proposition. If less than a majority of the legal votes favor the establishment of the 26 sinking fund, the planned improvement shall not be made, no annual tax 27 shall be levied therefor, and no sinking fund or sinking funds shall be 28 established in connection therewith, but such resolution of submission 29 shall immediately be repealed. If the proposition shall carry at such 30 election in the manner prescribed in this section, the city council or 31

1 village board of trustees local governing body and its successors in 2 office shall proceed to do all things authorized under such resolution of submission but never inconsistent with sections 19-1301 to 19-1304. The 3 4 election provided for under this section shall be conducted as provided 5 under the Election Act Provisions of the statutes of this state relating 6 to election of officers, voting places, election apparatus and blanks, 7 preparation and form of ballots, information to voters, delivery of ballots, conduct of elections, manner of voting, counting of votes, 8 9 records and certificates of elections, and recounts of votes, so far as 10 applicable, shall apply to voting on the proposition under this section.

11 Sec. 102. Section 19-1304, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13 19-1304 All funds received by the city treasurer or village treasurer municipal treasurers, donation or by tax levy, 14 by as hereinbefore provided in sections 19-1301 to 19-1304, shall, as they 15 accumulate, be immediately invested by such said treasurer, with the 16 written approval of the city council or village board of trustees local 17 governing body, in the manner provided in section 77-2341. Whenever 18 investments of such said sinking fund or funds are made, as aforesaid, 19 the nature and character of the same shall be reported to the city 20 council or village board of trustees local governing body, and such said 21 investment report shall be made a matter of record by the <u>city clerk or</u> 22 23 village *municipal* clerk in the proceedings of such city council or village <u>board of trustees</u> local governing body. The sinking fund, or 24 25 sinking funds, accumulated under the provisions of sections 19-1301 to 19-1304, shall constitute a special fund, or funds, for the purpose or 26 purposes for which such fund the same was authorized and shall not be 27 28 used for any other purpose unless authorized by sixty percent of the qualified electors of such said municipality voting at a general election 29 favoring such change in the use of such said sinking fund or sinking 30 funds. The ; Provided, that the question of the change in the use of such 31

1 said sinking fund or sinking funds, when it shall fail to carry, shall 2 not be resubmitted in substance for a period of one year from and after 3 the date of <u>such</u> said election.

Sec. 103. Section 19-1305, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-1305 Any city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or 6 any village in the State of Nebraska, which owns and operates public 7 utilities consisting of a waterworks plant, water system, sanitary sewer 8 9 system, gas plant, gas system, electric light and power plant, or electric distribution system, may pay for extensions and improvements to 10 any of such said public utilities by issuing and selling its combined 11 12 revenue bonds and securing the payment thereof by pledging and hypothecating the revenue and earnings of any two or more of such said 13 public utilities and may enter into such contracts in connection 14 therewith as may be necessary or proper. Such combined revenue bonds 15 shall not be general obligations of the city or village issuing the bonds 16 17 same and no taxes shall be levied for their payment but such said bonds shall be a lien only upon the revenue and earnings of the public 18 19 utilities owned and operated by the municipality and which are pledged for their payment. 20

21 Sec. 104. Section 19-1306, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

19-1306 The city council or village board of trustees of a governing 23 24 body of such city or village seeking to issue revenue bonds pursuant to 25 section 19-1305 shall first cause plans and specifications for such said proposed extensions and improvements and an estimate of the cost thereof 26 to be made by the city <u>engineer</u> or village engineer or by a special 27 28 engineer employed for that purpose. Such plans, specifications, and estimate of cost, after being approved and adopted by the city council or 29 village board of <u>trustees</u> governing body, shall be filed with the city 30 <u>clerk</u> or village clerk and be open to public inspection. The <u>city council</u> 31

-75-

1 or village board of trustees governing body shall then, by resolution 2 entered in the minutes of their proceedings, direct that public notice be given in regard thereto. This notice shall state: (1) The general nature 3 4 of the improvements or extensions proposed to be made; (2) that the 5 plans, specifications, and estimate thereof are on file in the office of the city <u>clerk</u> or village clerk and are open to public inspection; (3) 6 7 the estimated cost thereof; (4) that it has proposed to pay for the same by combined revenue bonds; (5) the principal amount of such said bonds 8 9 which it proposes to issue; (6) the maximum rate of interest which such bonds will bear; (7) that the payment of such said bonds will be a lien 10 upon and will be secured by a pledge of the revenue and earnings of 11 certain public utilities; (8) the names of the utilities whose revenue 12 13 and earnings are to be so pledged; (9) that any qualified elector of the city or village may file written objections to the issuance of such said 14 bonds with the city <u>clerk</u> or village clerk within twenty days after the 15 first publication of such said notice; (10) that if such objections are 16 17 filed within such said time by qualified electors of the city or village, equal in number to forty percent of the electors of the city or village 18 who voted at the last preceding general municipal election, the bonds 19 will not be issued unless the issuance of such bonds is otherwise 20 authorized in accordance with law; and (11) that if such objections are 21 not so filed by such percentage of such electors, the city council or 22 village board of trustees governing body of such city or village proposes 23 24 to pass an ordinance authorizing the sale of such said bonds and making 25 such contracts with reference thereto as may be necessary or proper. Such notice shall be signed by the city <u>clerk</u> or village clerk and be 26 published three consecutive weeks in a legal newspaper published in or of 27 28 general circulation in such city or village. Once combined revenue bonds have been issued pursuant to this section or section 18-1101, the 29 procedure outlined in this section shall not be required to issue 30 additional combined revenue bonds unless an additional public utility not 31

-76-

1 previously included is to be combined with the bonds contemplated to be 2 issued.

Sec. 105. Section 19-1307, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

5 19-1307 If the electors of <u>a</u> such city or village, equal in number to forty percent of the electors of such said city or village voting at 6 7 the last preceding general municipal election, file written objections to proposed issuance of combined revenue bonds pursuant to section 19-1305 8 9 with the city <u>clerk</u> or village clerk within twenty days after the first publication of the said notice given pursuant to section 19-1306, the 10 city council or village board of trustees governing body shall submit 11 such proposition of issuing such bonds to the electors of such city or 12 13 village at a special election called for that purpose or at a general city or village election, notice of which shall be given by publication 14 in a legal newspaper published <u>in</u> or of general circulation in such city 15 or village three consecutive weeks. If a majority of the qualified 16 17 electors of such city or village, voting upon the proposition, vote in favor of issuing such bonds, the city council or village board of 18 19 trustees governing body may issue and sell such combined revenue bonds and pledge, for the payment of same, the revenue and earnings of the 20 public utilities owned and operated by the city or village, as proposed 21 22 in such notice, and enter into such contracts in connection therewith as may be necessary or proper. Such bonds shall draw interest from and after 23 24 the date of the issuance thereof. In the event the electors fail to 25 approve the proposition by such majority vote, such proposition shall not be again submitted to the electors for their consideration until one year 26 has elapsed from the date of <u>such</u> said election. 27

Sec. 106. Section 19-1308, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

30 19-1308 Sections 19-1305 to 19-1308 are supplementary to existing
 31 statutes and confer upon and give to cities of the first <u>class, cities of</u>

-77-

<u>the</u> and second class, and villages powers not heretofore granted, and sections 19-1305 to 19-1308 shall not be construed as repealing or amending any existing statute.

Sec. 107. Section 19-1309, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-1309 Notwithstanding any other provision of law provisions in the 6 7 statutes of Nebraska to the contrary, for any fiscal year the governing body of any city of the first class, city of the second class, or village 8 9 may decide to certify to the county clerk for collection one all-purpose 10 levy required to be raised by taxation for all municipal purposes instead of certifying a schedule of levies for specific purposes added together. 11 Subject to the limits in section 77-3442, such the all-purpose levy shall 12 13 not exceed an annual levy of eighty-seven and five-tenths cents on each one hundred dollars for cities of the first class and one dollar and five 14 cents on each one hundred dollars for cities of the second class and 15 villages upon the taxable valuation of all the taxable property in such 16 17 city or village. Otherwise authorized extraordinary levies to service and pay bonded indebtedness of such municipalities may be made by such 18 municipalities in addition to such all-purpose levy. 19

20 Sec. 108. Section 19-1310, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

19-1310 If the method provided in section $19-1309_{\tau}$ is followed in municipal financing, the <u>city or village</u> municipalities shall allocate the amount so raised to the several departments of <u>such city or village</u> the municipality in its annual budget and appropriation ordinance, or in other legal manner, as the governing body of such <u>city or village</u> municipality shall deem wisest and best.

Sec. 109. Section 19-1311, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

30 19-1311 Should any <u>municipality</u> of such municipalities elect to
 31 follow the method provided in section 19-1309, <u>such municipality</u> it shall

-78-

be bound by that election during the ensuing fiscal year but may abandon such method in succeeding fiscal years.

Sec. 110. Section 19-1312, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-1312 If it is necessary to certify the amount <u>of an all-purpose</u>
<u>levy under section 19-1309</u> to county officers for collection, <u>such levy</u>
the same shall be certified as a single amount for general fund purposes.

8 Sec. 111. Section 19-1401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

10 19-1401 <u>Cities of the primary class, cities of the first class,</u> 11 <u>cities of the second class</u> Primary cities, first-class cities, second- 12 class cities, and villages shall have the power to purchase, construct, 13 maintain, and improve heating and lighting systems and ice plants for the 14 use of their respective municipalities and the inhabitants thereof.

Sec. 112. Section 19-1402, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 19-1402 The cost of purchasing, constructing, maintaining, and improving such utilities under section 19-1401 may be defrayed by the 18 levy of a tax of not to exceed three and five-tenths cents on each one 19 hundred dollars upon the taxable value of all the taxable property in 20 such city or village in any one year for a heating or lighting plant and 21 22 of not to exceed two and one-tenth cents on each one hundred dollars upon the taxable value of all the taxable property in such city or village in 23 any one year for an ice plant, or when such tax is insufficient for the 24 25 purpose, the cost of such utilities may be defrayed by the issuance of bonds of the municipality. 26

27 Sec. 113. Section 19-1403, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 19-1403 The question of issuing bonds for any of the purposes 30 mentioned in section 19-1401 shall be submitted to the electors at an 31 election held for that purpose after not less than thirty days' notice

-79-

thereof has been given (1) by publication in a legal some newspaper 1 2 published in or and of general circulation in the such municipality or (2) if no <u>legal</u> newspaper is published <u>in or of general circulation in</u> 3 4 such municipality therein, by posting in five or more public places in 5 such municipality therein. Such bonds may be issued only when a majority of the electors voting on the question favor their issuance. Such bonds 6 7 They shall bear interest, payable annually or semiannually, and shall be payable at any time the municipality may determine at the time of their 8 9 issuance but in not more than twenty years after their issuance. The aggregate amount of bonds that may be issued for the construction or the 10 purchase of a heating or lighting plant shall not exceed four percent of 11 the taxable value of the assessed property and, for the construction or 12 13 purchase of an ice plant, shall not exceed one percent of the taxable value of the assessed property within such municipality, as shown by the 14 last annual assessment. The <u>city</u> council or <u>village</u> board <u>of trustees</u> 15 shall levy annually a sufficient tax to maintain, operate, and extend any 16 17 system or plant and to provide for the payment of the interest on and principal of any bonds that may have been or shall be issued as provided 18 in this section. 19

20 Sec. 114. Section 19-1404, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

19-1404 When any such utility shall have been established <u>pursuant</u> <u>to section 19-1401</u>, the municipality shall provide by ordinance for the management thereof, the rates to be charged, and the manner of payment for service or for the product.

26 Sec. 115. Section 19-1501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

19-1501 In all cases where a primary city of the primary class, a city of the first class, city of the or second class, or village has heretofore entered into a contract for paving or otherwise improving a street or streets therein, or for the construction or improvement of a

-80-

1 system of waterworks or sanitary or storm sewers, and the contract has 2 not been completed on account of any order or regulation issued by the 3 United States or any board or agency thereof, such city or village may 4 accept that part of the work which has been completed, levy special 5 assessments and taxes, and issue bonds to pay the cost of the work so 6 completed and accepted, in the same manner and on the same conditions as 7 if such said contract had been fully completed.

8 Sec. 116. Section 19-1502, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

10 19-1502 Section 19-1501 shall be construed as granting additional 11 authority and not as repealing any <u>existing statutory authority</u> law now 12 in force.

Sec. 117. Section 19-1826, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 19-1826 As used in the Civil Service Act, unless the context 16 otherwise requires:

17 (1) Agreement means an agreement pursuant to the Interlocal
18 Cooperation Act;

19 (1) Commission shall mean a civil service commission created 20 pursuant to the Civil Service Act, and commissioner shall mean a member 21 of such commission;

22 (2) Appointing authority means shall mean: (a) In a mayor and council form of government, the mayor with the approval of the <u>city</u> 23 24 council, except to the extent that the appointing authority is otherwise 25 designated by ordinance to be the mayor or city administrator; (b) in a commission plan form of government, the mayor and city council or village 26 27 board<u>of trustees;</u> (c) in a village form of government, the village board 28 of trustees; and (d) in a city manager plan of government, the city manager; 29

30 (3) Appointment means shall mean all means of selecting, appointing,
 31 or employing any person to hold any position or employment subject to

-81-

civil service;
 (4) Commission means a civil service commission created pursuant to
 the Civil Service Act;

4 (5) Commissioner means a member of the commission;

5 (6) Existing commission means a civil service commission of a city
6 of the first class as it existed immediately prior to the effective
7 creation of a merged commission;

8 (7) Full-time firefighter means a duly appointed firefighter who is 9 paid regularly by a municipality and for whom firefighting is a full-time 10 career, but does not include any clerical, custodial, or maintenance 11 personnel who is not engaged in fire suppression;

12 (4) Municipality shall mean all cities and villages specified in 13 subsection (1) of section 19-1827 having full-time police officers or 14 full-time firefighters;

(5) Governing body shall mean: (a) In a mayor and council form of government, the mayor and council; (b) in a commission form of government, the mayor and council or village board; (c) in a village form of government, the village board; and (d) in a city manager plan of government, the mayor and council;

(8) (6) Full-time police officer means a police officer in a
 position which requires officers shall mean police officers in positions
 which require certification by the Nebraska Law Enforcement Training
 Center, created pursuant to section 81-1402, who has have the power of
 arrest, who is are paid regularly by a municipality, and for whom law
 enforcement is a full-time career, but does shall not include any
 clerical, custodial, or maintenance personnel;

27 (9) Governing body means: (a) In a mayor and council form of 28 government, the mayor and city council; (b) in a commission form of 29 government, the mayor and city council or village board of trustees; (c) 30 in a village form of government, the village board of trustees; and (d) 31 in a city manager plan of government, the mayor and city council;

1	(10) Merged commission means a civil service commission resulting
2	from the merger of two or more commissions pursuant to section 19-1848;
3	(11) Municipality means all cities and villages specified in
4	subsection (1) of section 19-1827 having full-time police officers or
5	<u>full-time firefighters;</u>
6	<u>(12) Position means an individual job which is designated by an</u>
7	official title indicative of the nature of the work; and
8	<u>(13) Promotion or demotion means changing from one position to</u>
9	another, accompanied by a corresponding change in current rate of pay.
10	(7) Full-time firefighter shall mean duly appointed firefighters who
11	are paid regularly by a municipality and for whom firefighting is a full-
12	time career, but shall not include clerical, custodial, or maintenance
13	personnel who are not engaged in fire suppression;
14	(8) Promotion or demotion shall mean changing from one position to
15	another, accompanied by a corresponding change in current rate of pay;
16	(9) Position shall mean an individual job which is designated by an
17	official title indicative of the nature of the work;
18	(10) Merged commission shall mean a civil service commission
19	resulting from the merger of two or more commissions pursuant to section
20	19-1848;
21	(11) Agreement shall mean an agreement pursuant to the Interlocal
22	Cooperation Act; and
23	(12) Existing commission shall mean a civil service commission of a
24	city of the first class as it existed immediately prior to the effective
25	creation of a merged commission.
26	Sec. 118. Section 19-1827, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
27	amended to read:
28	19-1827 (1) There is hereby created, in cities in the State of
29	Nebraska having a population of more than five thousand inhabitants as
30	determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent
31	revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census and

-83-

having full-time police officers or full-time firefighters, a civil 1 2 service commission, except in cities with a population in excess of forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 3 4 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 5 Bureau of the Census which have or may adopt a home rule charter pursuant to sections 2 to 5 of Article XI of the Constitution of Nebraska this 6 7 state. Any city or village having a population of five thousand inhabitants or less as determined by the most recent federal decennial 8 9 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 10 Bureau of the Census may adopt the Civil Service Act and create a civil service commission by a vote of the electors of such city or village. If 11 any city of the first class which established a civil service commission 12 13 decreases in population to less than five thousand, as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 14 count by the United States Bureau of the Census, and continues to have 15 16 full-time police officers or full-time firefighters, the civil service 17 commission shall be continued for at least four years, and thereafter continued at the option of the governing body of such city or village. 18 The members of such commission shall be appointed by the appointing 19 authority. 20

(2) The governing body shall by ordinance determine if the 21 commission shall be comprised of three or five members. The members of 22 the civil service commission shall serve without compensation. No person 23 24 shall be appointed a member of such commission who is not a citizen of 25 the United States, a resident of such city or village municipality for at least three years immediately preceding such appointment, and an elector 26 of the county wherein such person resides. If the commission is comprised 27 of three members, the term of office of such commissioners shall be six 28 years, except that the first three members of such commission shall be 29 appointed for different terms, as follows: One to serve for a period of 30 two years, one to serve for a period of four years, and one to serve for 31

-84-

a period of six years. If the commission is comprised of five members, 1 2 the term of office of such members shall be for five years, except that the first members of such commission shall be appointed for different 3 4 terms, as follows: One to serve for a period of one year, one to serve for a period of two years, one to serve for a period of three years, one 5 to serve for a period of four years, and one to serve for a period of 6 7 five years. If the city or village municipality determines by ordinance to change from a three-member commission to a five-member commission, or 8 9 from a five-member commission to a three-member commission, the members of the commission serving before the effective date of such ordinance 10 shall hold office until reappointed or their successors are appointed. 11

(3) Any member of the civil service commission may be removed from 12 office for incompetency, dereliction of duty, malfeasance in office, or 13 other good cause by the appointing authority, except that no member of 14 the commission shall be removed until written charges have been made 15 16 preferred, due notice given such member, and a full hearing had before the appointing authority. Any member so removed shall have the right to 17 appeal to the district court of the county in which such commission is 18 19 located, which court shall hear and determine such appeal in a summary manner. Such an appeal shall be only upon the ground that such judgment 20 or order of removal was not made in good faith for cause, and the hearing 21 22 on such appeal shall be confined to the determination of whether or not it was so made. 23

24 (4) The members of the civil service commission shall devote due 25 time and attention to the performance of the duties specified and imposed upon them by the Civil Service Act. Two commissioners in a three-member 26 commission and three commissioners in a five-member commission shall 27 28 constitute a guorum for the transaction of business. Confirmation of the appointment or appointments of commissioners, made under subsection (1) 29 of this section, by any other legislative body shall not be required. At 30 the time of any appointment, not more than two commissioners of a three-31

-85-

member commission, or three commissioners of a five-member commission,
 including the one or ones to be appointed, shall be registered electors
 of the same political party.

Sec. 119. Section 19-1829, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-1829 The Civil Service Act shall only apply to full-time 6 firefighters or full-time police officers of each municipality, including 7 any paid full-time police chief or fire chief of such department. All 8 9 appointments to and promotions in such department shall be made solely on merit, efficiency, and fitness, which shall be ascertained by open 10 competitive examination and impartial investigation. If the appointing 11 authority fills a vacancy in a position subject to the Civil Service Act, 12 the appointing authority shall consider factors including, but not 13 14 limited to:

(1) The multiple job skills recently or currently being performed bythe applicant which are necessary for the position;

17 (2) The knowledge, skills, and abilities of the applicant which are18 necessary for the position;

(3) The performance appraisal of any applicant who is already
employed in the department, including any recent or pending disciplinary
actions involving the employee;

(4) The employment policies and staffing needs of the department
together with contracts, ordinances, and statutes related thereto;

(5) Required federal, state, or local certifications or licenses
 necessary for the position; and

(6) The qualifications of the applicants who are already employed in the department and have successfully completed all parts of the examination for the position. No person shall be reinstated in or transferred, suspended, or discharged from any such position or employment contrary to the Civil Service Act.

31 Sec. 120. Section 19-1830, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

-86-

1 amended to read:

19-1830 (1) Immediately after the appointment of the commission, and 2 annually thereafter, the commission shall organize by electing one of its 3 members chairperson. The commission shall hold meetings as may be 4 required for the proper discharge of its duties. The commission shall 5 appoint a secretary and a chief examiner who shall keep the records of 6 the commission, preserve all reports made to it, superintend and keep a 7 record of all examinations held under its direction, and perform such 8 9 other duties as the commission may prescribe. The commission may merge the positions of secretary and chief examiner and appoint one person to 10 perform the duties of both positions. If the municipality has a personnel 11 officer, the commission shall appoint such personnel officer as secretary 12 and chief examiner, if requested to do so by the appointing authority. 13 The secretary and chief examiner shall be subject to suspension or 14 discharge upon the vote of a majority of the appointed members of the 15 16 commission.

(2) The commission shall adopt and promulgate procedural rules and 17 regulations consistent with the Civil Service Act. Such rules and 18 19 regulations shall provide in detail the manner in which examinations may be held and any other matters assigned by the appointing authority. At 20 least one copy of the rules and regulations, and any amendments, shall be 21 made available for examination and reproduction by members of the public. 22 One copy of the rules and regulations and any amendments shall be given 23 24 to each full-time firefighter and full-time police officer.

(3) The commission shall provide that all tests shall be practical and consist only of subjects which will fairly determine the capacity of persons who are to be examined to perform the duties of the position to which an appointment is to be made and may include, but not be limited to, tests of physical fitness and of manual skill and psychological testing.

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(4) The commission shall provide, by the rules and regulations, for

-87-

a credit of ten percent in favor of all applicants for an appointment 1 2 under civil service who, in time of war or in any expedition of the armed forces of the United States, have served in and been discharged or 3 4 otherwise separated with a characterization of honorable or general 5 (under honorable conditions) from the armed forces of the United States and who have equaled or exceeded the minimum qualifying standard 6 established by the appointing authority. These credits shall only apply 7 to entry-level positions as defined by the appointing authority. 8

9 (5) The commission may conduct an investigation concerning and 10 report upon all matters regarding the enforcement and effect of the Civil Service Act and the rules and regulations prescribed. The commission may 11 institutions, 12 inspect all departments, positions, and employments 13 affected by such act to determine whether such act and all such rules and 14 regulations are being obeyed. Such investigations may be conducted by the commission or by any commissioner designated by the commission for that 15 16 purpose. The commission shall also make a like investigation on the 17 written petition of a citizen, duly verified, stating that irregularities or abuses exist or setting forth, in concise language, the necessity for 18 19 such an investigation. The commission may be represented in such investigations by the <u>city attorney or village</u> municipal attorney, if 20 authorized by the appointing authority. If the city attorney or village 21 22 municipal attorney does not represent the commission, the commission may be represented by special counsel appointed by the commission in any such 23 24 investigation. In the course of such an investigation, the commission, 25 designated commissioner, or chief examiner shall have the power to administer oaths, to issue subpoenas to require the attendance of 26 witnesses and the production by them of books, papers, documents, and 27 28 accounts appertaining to the investigation, and to cause the deposition of witnesses, residing within or without the state, to be taken in the 29 manner prescribed by law for like depositions in civil actions in the 30 courts of this state. The oaths administered and subpoenas issued shall 31

-88-

1 have the same force and effect as the oaths administered by a district 2 judge in a judicial capacity and subpoenas issued by the district courts of Nebraska. The failure of any person so subpoenaed to comply shall be 3 4 deemed a violation of the Civil Service Act and be punishable as such. No 5 investigation shall be made pursuant to this section if there is a written accusation concerning the same subject matter against a person in 6 7 the civil service. Such accusations shall be handled pursuant to section 8 19-1833.

9 (6) The commission shall provide that all hearings and investigations before the commission, designated commissioner, or chief 10 examiner shall be governed by the Civil Service Act and the rules of 11 practice and procedure to be adopted by the commission. In the conduct 12 13 thereof, they shall not be bound by the technical rules of evidence. No informality in any proceedings or hearing or in the manner of taking 14 testimony shall invalidate any order, decision, rule, or regulation made, 15 16 approved, or confirmed by the commission, except that no order, decision, 17 rule, or regulation made by any designated commissioner conducting any hearing or investigation alone shall be of any force or effect unless it 18 19 is concurred in by a majority of the appointed members of the commission, including the vote of any commissioner making the investigation. 20

(7) The commission shall establish and maintain a roster of officersand employees.

(8) The commission shall provide for, establish, and hold
competitive tests to determine the relative qualifications of persons who
seek employment in any position and, as a result thereof, establish
eligible lists for the various positions.

(9) The commission shall make recommendations concerning a reduction-in-force policy to the governing body or city manager in a city manager plan of government. The governing body or city manager in a city manager plan of government shall consider such recommendations, but shall not be bound by them in establishing a reduction-in-force policy. Prior

-89-

11

to the adoption of a reduction-in-force policy, the governing body or, in the case of a city manager plan, the city manager and the governing body shall, after giving reasonable notice to each police officer and firefighter by first-class mail, conduct a public hearing.

5 (10) The governing body shall in all municipalities, except those 6 with a city manager plan in which the city manager shall, adopt a 7 reduction-in-force policy which shall consider factors including, but not 8 limited to:

9 (a) The multiple job skills recently or currently being performed by10 the employee;

(b) The knowledge, skills, and abilities of the employee;

(c) The performance appraisal of the employee including any recent
 or pending disciplinary actions involving the employee;

(d) The employment policies and staffing needs of the department
 together with contracts, ordinances, and statutes related thereto;

16 (e) Required federal, state, or local certifications or licenses;17 and

18 (f) Seniority.

(11) The commission shall keep such records as may be necessary forthe proper administration of the Civil Service Act.

21 Sec. 121. Section 19-1833, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

19-1833 (1) No person in the civil service who shall have been permanently appointed or inducted into civil service under the Civil Service Act shall be removed, suspended, demoted, or discharged except for cause and then only upon the written accusation of the police <u>chief</u> or fire chief, <u>the appointing authority</u>, or any citizen or taxpayer.

(2) The governing body of the municipality shall establish by
ordinance procedures for acting upon such written accusations and the
manner by which suspensions, demotions, removals, discharges, or other
disciplinary actions may be imposed by the appointing authority. At least

-90-

1 one copy of the rules and regulations, and any amendments to such rules 2 and regulations, shall be made available for examination and reproduction 3 by members of the public. One copy of the rules and regulations and any 4 such amendments shall be given to each full-time firefighter and full-5 time police officer.

(3) Any person so removed, suspended, demoted, or discharged may, 6 within ten days after being notified by the appointing authority of such 7 removal, suspension, demotion, or discharge, file with the commission a 8 9 written demand for an investigation, whereupon the commission shall conduct such investigation. The governing body of the municipality shall 10 establish procedures by ordinance consistent with this section by which 11 the commission shall conduct such investigation. At least one copy of the 12 rules and regulations, and any amendments to such rules and regulations, 13 shall be made available for examination and reproduction by members of 14 the public. One copy of the rules and regulations and any such amendments 15 16 shall be given to each full-time firefighter and full-time police 17 officer. Such procedures shall comply with minimum due process requirements. The commission may be represented in such investigation and 18 19 hearing by the city attorney or village municipal attorney if authorized by the appointing authority. If the <u>city attorney or village</u> municipal 20 attorney does not represent the commission, the commission may be 21 represented by special counsel appointed by the commission for any such 22 23 investigation and hearing. The investigation shall be confined to the 24 determination of the question of whether or not such removal, suspension, 25 demotion, or discharge was made in good faith for cause which shall mean that the action was not arbitrary or capricious and was not made for 26 political or religious reasons. 27

(4) After such investigation, the commission shall hold a public
hearing after giving reasonable notice to the accused of the time and
place of such hearing. Such hearing shall be held not less than ten or
more than twenty days after filing of the written demand for an

-91-

investigation and a decision shall be rendered no later than ten days 1 2 after the hearing. At such hearing the accused shall be permitted to appear in person and by counsel and to present his or her defense. The 3 4 commission may affirm the action taken if such action of the appointing 5 authority is supported by a preponderance of the evidence. If it shall find that the removal, suspension, demotion, or discharge was made for 6 7 political or religious reasons or was not made in good faith for cause, it shall order the immediate reinstatement or reemployment of such person 8 9 in the position or employment from which such person was removed, 10 suspended, demoted, or discharged, which reinstatement shall, if the commission in its discretion so provides, be retroactive and entitle such 11 person to compensation and restoration of benefits and privileges from 12 the time of such removal, suspension, demotion, or discharge. 13 The 14 commission upon such hearing, in lieu of affirming the removal, suspension, demotion, or discharge, may modify the order of removal, 15 16 suspension, demotion, or discharge by directing a suspension, with or 17 without pay, for a given period and the subsequent restoration to duty or demotion in position or pay. The findings of the commission shall be 18 19 certified in writing to and enforced by the appointing authority.

(5) If such judgment or order be concurred in by the commission or a 20 majority thereof, the accused or governing body may appeal to the 21 district court. Such appeal shall be taken within forty-five days after 22 the entry of such judgment or order by serving the commission with a 23 written notice of appeal stating the grounds and demanding that a 24 certified transcript of the record and all papers, on file in the office 25 of the commission affecting or relating to such judgment or order, be 26 filed by the commission with such court. The commission shall, within ten 27 28 days after the filing of such notice, make, certify, and file such transcript with and deliver such papers to the district court. The 29 district court shall proceed to hear and determine such appeal in a 30 summary manner. The hearing shall be confined to the determination of 31

-92-

whether or not the judgment or order of removal, discharge, demotion, or suspension made by the commission was made in good faith for cause which shall mean that the action of the commission was based upon a preponderance of the evidence, was not arbitrary or capricious, and was not made for political or religious reasons. No appeal to such court shall be taken except upon such ground or grounds.

7 If such appeal is taken by the governing body and the district court affirms the decision of the commission, the municipality shall pay to the 8 9 employee court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred as a result 10 of such appeal and as approved by the district court. If such appeal is taken by the governing body and the district court does not affirm the 11 decision of the commission, the court may award court costs and 12 reasonable attorney's fees to the employee as approved by the district 13 14 court.

Sec. 122. Section 19-1834, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 19-1834 The municipality shall afford the commission and its members and employees all reasonable facilities and assistance to inspect all 18 19 papers, documents, and accounts applying or in any way books, appertaining to any and all positions and employments subject to civil 20 service and shall produce such books, papers, documents, and accounts. 21 22 All city or village municipal officers and employees shall attend and 23 testify whenever required to do so by the commission, the accused, or the appointing authority. 24

25 Sec. 123. Section 19-1836, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 19-1836 All positions subject to the Civil Service Act shall be 28 created or eliminated by the governing body of the municipality. The 29 Civil Service Act shall not be construed to infringe upon the power and 30 authority of (1) the governing body of the municipality to establish 31 pursuant to section 16-310, 17-108, or 17-209 the salaries and

-93-

compensation of all employees employed hereunder or (2) the city manager, pursuant to <u>the City Manager Plan of Government Act</u> Chapter 19, article **6**, to establish the salaries and compensation of employees within the compensation schedule or ranges established by the governing body for the positions.

Sec. 124. Section 19-1839, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-1839 It shall be the duty of the commission to begin and conduct 8 9 all civil suits which may be necessary for the proper enforcement of the 10 Civil Service Act and of the rules of the commission. The commission may be represented in such suits and all investigations pursuant to the Civil 11 Service Act by the city attorney or village municipal attorney if 12 13 authorized by the appointing authority. If the <u>city attorney or village</u> municipal attorney does not represent the commission, the commission may 14 be represented by special counsel appointed by it in any particular case. 15 Sec. 125. Section 19-1846, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 16 17 amended to read:

19-1846 It shall be the duty of each municipality subject to the 18 Civil Service Act to appropriate each fiscal year, from the general funds 19 of such municipality, a sum of money sufficient to pay the necessary 20 expenses involved in carrying out the purposes of such act, including, 21 22 but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees for any special counsel appointed by the commission when the <u>city attorney or village</u> municipal 23 24 attorney is not authorized by the appointing authority to represent the 25 commission. The appointing authority may establish the hourly or monthly rate of pay of such special counsel. 26

27 Sec. 126. Section 19-2101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 19-2101 Cities of the first class, cities of the second class, and 30 villages shall have the power to purchase, construct, maintain, and 31 improve garbage disposal plants <u>or</u> τ systems or solid waste disposal

-94-

areas, and purchase equipment for the operation thereof, for the use of their respective municipalities and the inhabitants thereof, and are hereby authorized and empowered to lease or to take land in fee within their corporate limits or without their corporate limits by donation, gift, devise, purchase, or appropriation for rights-of-way and for construction and operation of such a disposal plant, system, or solid waste disposal area.

8 Sec. 127. Section 19-2102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

10 19-2102 The cost <u>to purchase</u>, <u>construct</u>, <u>maintain</u>, <u>and improve</u> 11 <u>garbage disposal plants or systems or solid waste disposal areas pursuant</u> 12 <u>to section 19-2101</u> thereof may be defrayed by the levy of a tax not to 13 exceed ten and five-tenths cents on each one hundred dollars upon the 14 taxable value of all the taxable property in such city or village in any 15 one year or, when such tax is insufficient for such purpose, by the 16 issuance of bonds of the <u>city or village municipality</u>.

Sec. 128. Section 19-2103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

19 19-2103 The question of issuing bonds for the purpose of section <u>19-2102</u> herein contemplated shall be submitted to the electors at any 20 election held for that purpose, after not less than thirty days' notice 21 22 thereof shall have been given by publication in a legal some newspaper published in or and of general circulation in such municipality or, if no 23 24 <u>legal</u> newspaper is <u>in or of general circulation in such municipality</u> 25 published therein, then by posting in five or more public places therein. Such bonds may be issued only when a majority of the electors voting on 26 the question approve their issuance. The bonds shall bear interest 27 28 payable annually or semiannually, and shall be payable at any time the municipality may determine at the time of their issuance, but in not more 29 than twenty years after their issuance. The aggregate amount of bonds 30 that may be issued for the construction, installation, or purchase of a 31

-95-

1 garbage disposal plant<u>or</u> system or solid waste disposal area shall not 2 exceed five percent of the taxable value of the property within such 3 municipality as shown by the last annual assessment.

Sec. 129. Section 19-2104, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-2104 In a city of the first class, city of the second class, or 6 village which purchases, constructs, maintains, or improves garbage 7 disposal plants or systems or solid waste disposal areas pursuant to 8 section 1<u>9-2101, the city</u> The council or village board of trustees shall 9 10 levy annually a sufficient tax to maintain and operate such plant or system, plant or solid waste disposal area and to provide for the payment 11 of the interest on and principal of any bonds that may have been issued 12 as herein provided in section 19-2103. 13

Sec. 130. Section 19-2105, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-2105 In a city of the first class, city of the second class, or 16 17 village which purchases, constructs, maintains, or improves garbage disposal <u>plants or systems or solid waste disposal areas pursuant to</u> 18 19 section 19-2101, the city The council or village board of trustees of such municipality may also make and enter into a contract or contracts 20 21 with any person, firm, or corporation for the construction, maintenance, 22 or operation of a garbage disposal plant <u>or</u> system or solid waste 23 disposal area.

24 Sec. 131. Section 19-2106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

19-2106 When <u>a garbage disposal plant or system or solid waste</u> <u>disposal area</u> such system shall have been established <u>pursuant to section</u> <u>19-2101</u>, the municipality may provide by ordinance for the management and operation thereof, the rates to be charged for such service, including collection and disposal_{τ} <u>and</u> the manner of payment and collection thereof_{μ} and prescribe penalties for the violation of such ordinance, and

-96-

1 do whatever is necessary to protect the general health in the matter of 2 removal and disposal of garbage.

3 Sec. 132. Section 19-2201, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 19-2201 When any part of a city of the first class, city of the or second class, or village shall have been platted (1) the plat having been 6 7 recorded with the register of deeds of the proper county for more than ten years; (2) the streets and alleys having been dedicated to the public 8 9 and such city or village having accepted such dedication by maintenance and use of such the said streets and alleys, and the inhabitants of that 10 part of such city or village having been subject to taxation including 11 the levy of such city or village and having had the right of franchise in 12 all the elections of such city or village for a period of more than ten 13 years; and (3) such part of such city or village is contiguous and 14 adjacent to such corporate city or village or a properly annexed addition 15 thereto; but, when there is error in the platting thereof or the 16 17 proceeding to annex the part of such city or village which renders the annexation ineffectual or where there is a total lack of an attempted 18 19 annexation of record, the <u>city</u> council or <u>village</u> board of trustees of such city or village may by resolution correct the corporate limits, if 20 adopted by a two-thirds vote of all members of such <u>city</u> council or 21 village board of trustees. The resolution shall describe the part of such 22 city or village in general terms_{τ} and direct the proper officers of the 23 24 city or village to make application to the district court of the county 25 in which such territory lies for the correction and reestablishment of the corporate limits of such city or village. The resolution, and the 26 vote thereon, shall be recorded in the minutes spread upon the records of 27 the <u>city</u> council or <u>village</u> board of trustees. 28

Sec. 133. Section 19-2202, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

31

-97-

19-2202 The application presented pursuant to section 19-2201 to the

district court of the county in which the territory lies shall: (1) 1 2 Contain a recital of the resolution of the city council or village board of trustees for correction and reestablishment of the corporate limits 3 4 and the vote thereon; (2) set forth the name of the plat or plats, the 5 date of record, the book and page of the record book in which such plat or plats have been recorded, and the book and page of the record in which 6 the original charter and annexations, if any there be, are recorded; (3) 7 describe in general terms the area contained within the corporate limits 8 9 and the territory affected by the corrections and reestablishment sought; (4) set forth the streets and alleys of such area which are maintained or 10 used; and (5) be supported by exhibits consisting of a certificate of the 11 county treasurer of the county in which the territory lies showing the 12 years for which the real estate and the property therein situated shall 13 have been subject to the tax levy of such city or village and a 14 certificate of the city <u>clerk</u> or village clerk or other officer having 15 custody of the sign-in registers for elections of the city or village in 16 17 which the territory lies showing the years during which the inhabitants thereof enjoyed the right of franchise in the elections of such city or 18 village. The application shall pray for an order of the district court 19 correcting and reestablishing the corporate limits of the city or village 20 to include such territory. 21

Sec. 134. Section 19-2203, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

24 19-2203 If it shall appear to the judge of the district court that the such application presented pursuant to section 19-2201 is properly 25 filed, he or she shall make an order directing all persons owning real 26 estate or having an interest in real estate situated in such part of such 27 28 city or village, giving the name of the plat as recorded as well as a general description of the territory affected by the proposed correction 29 and reestablishment of corporate limits, to appear before him or her at a 30 time and place to be specified, not less than four and not more than ten 31

-98-

weeks from the time of making such order, to show cause why a decree 1 2 correcting and reestablishing the corporate limits of such city or village should not be entered. The notice of such order to show cause 3 4 shall be made by publication in a legal newspaper in or of general 5 circulation published in such city or village. If there is no legal newspaper in or of general circulation in such city or village, then such 6 7 notice shall be published if there is any printed in such city or village and, if there is not, in some legal newspaper in or of printed in the 8 county having general circulation in the county in which such city or 9 10 village is located such city or village. If no legal newspaper is printed in the county, such notice shall be published in a legal newspaper having 11 12 general circulation in such city or village. The notice shall be 13 published four consecutive weeks in such legal newspaper and shall 14 contain a summary statement of the object and prayer of the application, mention the court where it is filed, and notify the persons interested 15 16 when they are required to appear and show cause why such decree should 17 not be entered.

Sec. 135. Section 19-2302, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-2302 The proceeds derived from the use of the parking meters or 20 other similar mechanical devices, established pursuant to referred to in 21 sections 19-2301 to 19-2304, shall be placed in the traffic and safety 22 fund and shall be used by such a city or village referred to in section 23 24 19-2301 (1) ; first, for the purpose of the acquisition, establishment, 25 erection, maintenance, and operation of the system; second, (2) for the purpose of making the system effective; and third, and (3) for the 26 27 expenses incurred by and throughout such a city or village in the 28 regulation and limitation of vehicular parking, traffic relating to parking, traffic safety devices, signs, signals, markings, policing, 29 lights, traffic surveys, and safety programs. 30

31 Sec. 136. Section 19-2303, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

-99-

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2 19-2303 As used in sections 19-2301 to 19-2304, unless the context otherwise requires: Proceeds shall mean any money collected from or by 3 4 reason of parking meters or other similar mechanical devices installed by 5 any city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or village, including revenue received by reason of any schedule of accelerated 6 7 charges, to be fixed by ordinance. Accelerated charges may include, but need not be limited to, charges fixed by ordinance for parking in 8 9 controlled or regulated areas without payment in advance of required 10 parking fees or payments, but shall not include judicially imposed fines and penalties. 11

12 Sec. 137. Section 19-2304, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

14 19-2304 Nothing contained in sections 19-2301 to 19-2304 shall 15 prohibit the governing body of any city of the first class, city of the 16 second class, or village from employing any and all other ways and means 17 to regulate and control vehicular parking in such a city or village 18 either in conjunction with a system of meters or devices or exclusive and 19 independent thereof.

20 Sec. 138. Section 19-2401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

19-2401 (1) Any city of the first <u>class</u>, <u>city of the</u> Θr second class, or village, when constructing any municipal improvement or public works, may combine two or more similar pending projects although authorized by separate ordinances and located in separate improvement districts for the purpose of advertising for bids for the construction of such projects, and for the further purpose of awarding one contract for the construction of such two or more similar pending projects.

(2) The published notice may set forth the engineer's lump-sum
estimate of the total cost for the aggregate of all work to be performed
in the combined districts and shall (a) enumerate the estimated

-100-

1 quantities of work to be done in each separate district; and (b) call for 2 an aggregate bid on all work to be performed in the combined districts, broken down in such a manner as will accurately reflect unit prices for 3 4 such estimated quantities, so that, notwithstanding that such a submitted 5 aggregate or alternate aggregate bid may be accepted, the actual cost of the construction of each of such projects may be allocated by any such 6 7 city or village to the improvement district in which it is located for the purpose of levying any authorized special assessments to defray, in 8 9 whole or in part, such cost of construction of such projects.

10 (3) Any such city or village may also request alternate aggregate11 bids for such projects.

Sec. 139. Section 19-2402, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

19-2402 (1) Whenever the city council of any city of the first <u>class</u> 14 or city of the or second class or the village board of trustees of a 15 village deems it necessary and advisable to extend municipal water 16 service or municipal sanitary sewer service to territory beyond the 17 existing systems, such municipal officials may, by ordinance, create a 18 19 district or districts to be known as sanitary sewer extension districts or water extension districts for such purposes, and such district or 20 districts may include properties within the corporate limits of the 21 municipality and the extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction as established 22 pursuant to section 16-901 or 17-1002. 23

(2) The owners of lots and lands abutting upon a street, avenue, or alley, or part thereof, may petition the <u>city</u> council or <u>village</u> board <u>of</u> <u>trustees</u> to create a sanitary sewer extension district or a water extension district. The petition shall be signed by owners representing at least two-thirds of the front footage abutting upon the street, avenue, or alley, or part thereof, within the proposed district, which will become subject to an assessment for the cost of the improvement.

31 (3) If creation of <u>such</u> the district is not initiated by petition, a

-101-

vote of at least three-fourths of all the members of the <u>city</u> council or
 <u>village</u> board <u>of trustees</u> shall be required to adopt the ordinance
 creating the district.

(4) Such ordinance shall state the size and kind of sewer mains or 4 water mains proposed to be constructed in such district and shall 5 designate the location and terminal points thereof. Such ordinance shall 6 7 also refer to the plans and specifications for such utility extensions which shall have been made and filed with the city clerk or village 8 9 municipal clerk by the city engineer or village municipal engineer prior to the introduction of the ordinance, and the city engineer or village 10 engineer at the time of filing such plans and specifications shall make 11 and file an estimate of the total cost of the proposed utility extension. 12 13 The ordinance shall also state the outer boundaries of the district or districts in which it is proposed to make special assessments. 14

(5) Upon creation of an extension district, whether by vote of the governing body or by petition, the <u>city</u> council or <u>village</u> board <u>of</u> <u>trustees</u> shall order the sewer extension main or water extension main laid and, to the extent of special benefit, assess the cost thereof against the property which abuts upon the street, avenue, or alley, or part thereof, which is located in the district.

21 Sec. 140. Section 19-2403, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

19-2403 (1) When the extension of the sewer or water service involved in an extension district created pursuant to section 19-2402 is completed, the municipality shall compel all proper connections of occupied properties in the district with the extension and may provide a penalty for failure to comply with regulations of the municipality pertaining to the district.

(2) In case any property owner neglects or fails, for ten days after
 notice, either by personal service or by publication in <u>a legal</u> some
 newspaper <u>in or published and</u> of general circulation in the municipality,

-102-

to comply with municipal regulations pertaining to municipal water service or municipal sanitary service extensions or to make connections of his or her property with such utility service, the city council or <u>village</u> board of trustees may cause the same to be done, assess the cost thereof against the property, and collect the same in the manner provided for the collection of general municipal taxes.

Sec. 141. Section 19-2404, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

9 19-2404 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, special assessments for sanitary sewer extension mains or water extension 10 mains in a district shall be levied at one time and shall become 11 delinquent in equal annual installments over a period of years equal to 12 13 the number of years for which the bonds for such project were issued 14 pursuant to section 19-2405. The first installment becomes delinquent fifty days after the making of such levy. Subsequent installments become 15 delinquent on the anniversary date of the levy. Each installment, except 16 17 the first, shall draw interest at the rate set by the city council or village board of trustees from the time of such levy until such 18 installment becomes delinquent. After an installment becomes delinquent, 19 interest at the rate specified in section 45-104.01, as such rate may 20 from time to time be adjusted by the Legislature, shall be paid thereon 21 until such installment is collected and paid. Such special assessments 22 23 shall be collected and enforced as in the case of general municipal taxes 24 and shall be a lien on such real estate from and after the date of the 25 levy. If three or more of such installments become delinquent and unpaid on the same property, the city council or the village board of trustees 26 may by resolution declare all future installments on such delinquent 27 property to be due on a future fixed date. The resolution shall set forth 28 the description of the property and the name of its record title owner 29 and shall provide that all future installments shall become delinguent 30 upon the date fixed. A copy of such resolution shall be published one 31

-103-

time in a legal newspaper <u>in or of general circulation published</u> in the municipality or, if none is published in such municipality, in a legal newspaper of general circulation in the municipality. After the fixed date such future installments shall be deemed to be delinquent and the municipality may proceed to enforce and collect the total amount due including all future installments.

7 (2) If the city or village incurs no new indebtedness pursuant to 8 section 19-2405 for any water service extension or sanitary sewer 9 extension in a district, the special assessments for such improvements 10 shall be levied at one time and shall become delinquent in equal annual 11 installments over such period of years as the city council or <u>village</u> 12 board of trustees determines at the time of making the levy to be 13 reasonable and fair.

Sec. 142. Section 19-2405, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

16 19-2405 For the purpose of paying the cost of any such water service 17 extension or sanitary sewer service extension, in an extension any such district created pursuant to section 19-2402, the city council or village 18 board of trustees may, by ordinance, cause bonds of the municipality to 19 be issued, called district water service extension bonds of district 20 No. or district sanitary sewer service extension bonds of district 21 22 No. ..., payable in not exceeding twenty years from date and to bear interest payable annually or semiannually with interest coupons attached. 23 24 The ordinance effectuating the issuance of such bonds shall provide that 25 the special tax and assessments shall constitute a sinking fund for the payment of such bonds and interest. If a written protest, signed by 26 27 owners of the property located in the improvement district and representing a majority of the front footage which may become subject to 28 29 assessment for the cost of the improvement, is filed with the city municipal clerk or village clerk within three days before the date of the 30 31 meeting for the consideration of such ordinance, such ordinance shall not

-104-

be passed. The entire cost of such water extension mains or sanitary 1 2 sewer extension mains in any such street, avenue, or alley may be chargeable to the private property therein and may be paid by the owner 3 4 of such property within fifty days from the levy of such special taxes and assessments, and thereupon such property shall be exempt from any 5 lien for the special taxes and assessments. The bonds shall not be sold 6 for less than their par value. If the assessment or any part thereof 7 fails or for any reason is invalid, the city council or village board of 8 trustees governing body of the municipality may, without further notice, 9 10 make such other and further assessments on the lots and lands as may be required to collect from the lots and lands the cost of the improvement, 11 properly chargeable as provided in this section. In lieu of such general 12 13 obligation bonds, the municipality may issue revenue bonds as provided in 14 section 18-502, to pay all or part of the cost of the construction of 15 such improvement.

16 Sec. 143. Section 19-2406, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

19-2406 For the purpose of making partial payments as the work 18 19 progresses in an extension district created pursuant to section 19-2402, warrants may be issued by the mayor and <u>city</u> council or the <u>chairperson</u> 20 chairman and village board of trustees, as the case may be, upon 21 certificates of the engineer in charge showing the amount of work 22 23 completed and materials necessarily purchased and delivered for the 24 orderly and proper continuation of the project, in a sum not exceeding ninety-five percent of the cost thereof and upon the completion and 25 acceptance of the work issue a final warrant for the balance due the 26 contractor, which warrants shall be redeemed and paid upon the sale of 27 28 the bonds issued and sold as provided in section 19-2405, and which shall 29 bear interest at such rate as the mayor and city council or chairperson chairman and village board of trustees, as the case may be, shall order. 30 The city or village shall pay to the contractor interest at the rate of 31

-105-

1 eight percent per annum on the amounts due on partial and final payments 2 beginning forty-five days after the certification of the amounts due by the engineer in charge and approval by the <u>city council or village board</u> 3 4 of trustees governing body, and running until the date that the warrant 5 is tendered to the contractor. Such Said warrants shall be registered in the manner provided for the registration of other warrants_{τ} and called 6 7 and paid whenever there are funds available for that purpose in the manner provided for the calling and paying of other warrants. For the 8 9 purpose of paying such said warrants and the interest thereon from the 10 time of their registration until paid, the special assessments as hereinbefore provided in section 19-2404 for shall be kept as they are 11 paid and collected in a fund to be designated as the sewer and water 12 13 service extension fund.

Sec. 144. Section 19-2407, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

16 19-2407 Special assessments may be levied by the mayor and city 17 council or chairperson and village board of trustees, as the case may be, for the purpose of paying the cost of constructing extension water mains 18 or sanitary service connections, as provided in sections 19-2402 to 19 19-2407. Such assessments shall be levied on the real property lying and 20 being within the utility main district in which such extension mains may 21 22 be situated to the extent of benefits to such property by reason of such 23 improvement. The benefits to such property shall be determined by the 24 mayor and <u>city</u> council, or chairperson and <u>village</u> board of trustees, as 25 the case may be, sitting as a board of equalization after notice to property owners, as provided in other cases of special assessment. After 26 the mayor and <u>city</u> council, or chairperson and <u>village</u> board of trustees, 27 28 sitting as such board of equalization, shall find such benefits to be equal and uniform, such levy may be made according to the front footage 29 of the lots or real estate within such utility district, or according to 30 such other rule as the board of equalization may adopt for the 31

-106-

distribution or adjustment of such cost upon the lots or real estate in such district benefited by such improvement. All such special assessments shall be collected in the same manner as general municipal taxes and shall be subject to the same penalty.

5 Sec. 145. Section 19-2410, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is6 amended to read:

19-2410 Whenever a petition, signed by sixty percent of the owners 7 of all real property in a the proposed improvement district, is presented 8 9 to the city council or village board of trustees of the village setting 10 forth (1) the property to be included in the improvement district, (2) the improvement or improvements authorized by the Combined Improvement 11 Act which they desire made in such district in reasonable detail and 12 stating the location of each, and (3) an estimate of the cost of the 13 improvement or improvements, which estimate does not exceed the dollar 14 limitations in section 19-2408, the city council or village board of 15 trustees of the village shall cause the petition to be examined and the 16 estimate of cost of the improvement or improvements verified. If the 17 petition is found correct, the city council or village board of trustees 18 19 of the village shall by ordinance create an improvement district consecutively numbered, known as Improvement District No., and 20 cause the improvements to be made if such can be done within such dollar 21 22 limitations.

23 Sec. 146. Section 19-2411, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

19-2411 The city council or <u>village</u> board of trustees of a village may without petition create an improvement district and cause one or more of the improvements specified in section 19-2409 to be made in <u>such</u> the district. The ordinance shall designate the property included within the district or the outer boundaries thereof, the improvement or improvements to be made in the district, and the total estimated cost of the improvements, which shall not exceed the dollar limitations in section

-107-

19-2408. After passage, approval, and publication of the ordinance, the 1 2 city clerk or village clerk shall cause notice of the creation of such district to be published for two consecutive weeks in a <u>legal</u> newspaper 3 4 in published or of general circulation in the city or village, or in lieu of publication cause such notice to be served personally or by certified 5 mail on all owners of real property located within the district. If a 6 7 majority of the owners of all the real property in the district file written objections to the creation of the district with the city <u>clerk</u> or 8 9 village clerk within twenty days after the first publication of such 10 notice or within twenty days after the date of mailing or service of written notice on the property owners in the district, the city or 11 village shall not proceed further and shall repeal such ordinance. If no 12 13 such objections are filed, the city shall proceed with making the improvements. 14

Sec. 147. Section 19-2412, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 19-2412 <u>Contracts for improvements made under the Combined</u> Improvement Act The contract shall be let and the improvements made in 18 19 the same manner as required for street improvements. The city council or village board of trustees of the village may direct the improvements to 20 be made under a single contract or that separate bids be taken for the 21 22 street improvement, installation of water mains, and installation of sewers, but the aggregate of such said contracts shall not exceed the 23 24 estimate as shown in the ordinance creating the district. For the purpose 25 of making partial payment as the work progresses, warrants may be issued by the mayor and city council or the village board of trustees of the 26 village upon certificate of the engineer in charge showing the amount of 27 28 the work completed and materials necessarily purchased and delivered for the orderly and proper continuance of the project in an amount not 29 exceeding ninety-five percent of the cost thereof, which warrants shall 30 be redeemed and paid from the amounts received on the special assessments 31

-108-

or from the sale of bonds issued to pay the cost of the project as 1 2 provided in section 19-2414. The city or village shall pay to the contractor interest, at the rate of eight percent per annum on the 3 4 amounts due on partial and final payments, beginning forty-five days 5 after the certification of the amounts due by the engineer in charge and approval by the city council or village board of trustees governing body 6 7 and running until the date that the warrant is tendered to the contractor. 8

9 Sec. 148. Section 19-2413, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

19-2413 On the completion and acceptance of the improvement or 11 improvements made under the Combined Improvement Act, the mayor and city 12 13 council or the village board of trustees of the village may cause special 14 assessments to be levied against the property in the district specially benefited by the improvement or improvements to the extent that such said 15 16 property is specially benefited in the manner and form provided for 17 levying special assessments for street improvements under the provisions of sections <u>16-617 to 16-655 or 17-509</u> to 17-515, and the special 18 19 assessments shall mature and bear interest the same as provided for special assessments for paving. 20

21 Sec. 149. Section 19-2414, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

23 19-2414 After the completion and acceptance of the improvement or 24 improvements made under the Combined Improvement Act, the city or village 25 may issue and sell its negotiable coupon bonds to be known as public improvement bonds in an amount not exceeding the balance of the unpaid 26 cost of the improvement or improvements. The bonds shall be payable in 27 28 not to exceed twenty years from date and bear interest payable annually or semiannually. All money collected from the special assessments shall 29 be placed in a sinking fund to pay the cost of the improvement or 30 improvements and the bonds issued under the Combined Improvement Act. 31

-109-

Sec. 150. Section 19-2416, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 19-2416 The governing body of any city of the first class, city of 4 the or second class, or of any village may by ordinance create a limited 5 street improvement district for the sole purpose of grading, curbing, and guttering any unpaved street or streets or curbing and guttering any 6 7 paved or unpaved street or streets in the city or village and each district shall be designated as Street Grading, Curbing, and Guttering 8 9 District No. or as Curbing and Guttering District No., as the case may be. The city clerk or village mayor or chairman of the board of 10 trustees and clerk shall, after the passage, approval, and publication of 11 such ordinance, publish notice of the creation of any such district or 12 13 districts one time each week for three weeks in a legal daily or weekly 14 newspaper in or of general circulation in the city or village. After the passage, approval, and publication of such ordinance and the publication 15 of such notice, the procedure of the mayor and <u>city</u> council or 16 17 chairperson chairman and village board of trustees in reference to such improvement shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of 18 19 sections 16-620 to 16-655 or 17-508 to 17-520.

20 Sec. 151. Section 19-2417, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-2417 The mayor and <u>city</u> council of any city of the first class or city of the second class or the village board of trustees of any village 23 24 shall have the power to construct, replace, repair, or otherwise improve 25 sidewalks within such city or village. Whenever the mayor and city council of a city or village board of trustees of a village shall by 26 resolution passed by a three-fourths vote of all members of such city 27 28 council or village board of trustees determine the necessity for sidewalk improvements, the mayor and <u>city</u> council or <u>village</u> board of trustees 29 shall by ordinance create a sidewalk district, and shall cause such 30 improvements to be made, and shall contract therefor. 31

Sec. 152. Section 19-2418, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2016, is amended to read:

19-2418 The mayor and city council or village board of trustees 3 shall levy special assessments on the lots and parcels of land abutting 4 5 on or adjacent to the sidewalk improvements specially benefited thereby in any sidewalk district created pursuant to section 19-2417 such 6 district in proportion to the benefits, to pay the cost of such 7 improvements improvement. All special assessments shall be a lien on the 8 9 property on which levied from the date of the levy until paid. The special assessment for the sidewalk improvement shall be levied at one 10 time and shall become delinguent as follows: One-seventh of the total 11 assessment shall become delinquent in ten days after such levy; one-12 13 seventh in one year; one-seventh in two years; one-seventh in three 14 years; one-seventh in four years; one-seventh in five years; and oneseventh in six years. Each of such installments, except the first, shall 15 16 draw interest at the rate of not exceeding the rate of interest specified 17 in section 45-104.01, as such rate may from time to time be adjusted by the Legislature, from the time of the levy until the installment becomes 18 delinquent. If the installment becomes delinquent, interest at the rate 19 specified in section 45-104.01, as such rate may from time to time be 20 adjusted by the Legislature, shall be paid thereon as in the case of 21 22 other special assessments. All such special assessments shall be made and 23 collected in accordance with the procedure established for paving 24 assessments for such the particular city or village.

Sec. 153. Section 19-2419, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

27 19-2419 For the purpose of paying the cost of sidewalk improvements 28 in any sidewalk district <u>created pursuant to section 19-2417</u>, the mayor 29 and <u>city</u> council or <u>village</u> board of trustees shall have the power and 30 may, by ordinance, cause to be issued bonds of the city or village, to be 31 called Sidewalk Bonds of District No. ..., payable in not exceeding six

-111-

years from date, and to bear interest annually or semiannually, with 1 2 interest coupons attached. Such bonds shall be general obligations of the city or village, with principal and interest payable from a fund made up 3 of the special assessments collected and supplemented by transfers from 4 the general fund to make up any deficiency in the collection of the 5 special assessments. For the purpose of making partial payments as the 6 7 work progresses, warrants bearing interest may be issued by the mayor and city council, or the village board of trustees, upon certificate of the 8 9 engineer in charge showing the amount of the work completed and materials 10 necessarily purchased and delivered for the orderly and proper continuance of the project, in a sum not exceeding ninety-five percent of 11 the cost thereof, which warrants shall be redeemed and paid upon the sale 12 13 of the bonds issued and sold as aforesaid. The city or village shall pay to the contractor interest, at the rate of eight percent per annum on the 14 amounts due on partial and final payments, beginning forty-five days 15 16 after the certification of the amounts due by the engineer in charge and approval by the city council or village board of trustees governing body 17 and running until the date that the warrant is tendered to the 18 19 contractor.

20 Sec. 154. Section 19-2420, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-2420 A city of the first class or city of the second class may acquire by gift or purchase from the federal government or any agency 23 24 thereof sewer lines and sewage disposal systems, waterworks, and water 25 distribution systems, whether within or without the corporate limits, and operate and extend the same, even though such system or systems are or 26 may be and continue to be wholly disconnected and separate from any such 27 28 utility system already belonging to such city, when, in the judgment of the mayor and <u>city</u> council of such a city not having a board of public 29 works or of its board of public works in such a city having such board, 30 it is beneficial to any such city to do so. For the purpose of acquiring, 31

-112-

maintaining, operating, and extending any such system, any such city of the first or second class may use funds from any sewer, water, or electrical system presently owned and operated by it, without prior appropriation of such funds, and any other funds lawfully available for such purpose.

Rates charged for the use of any system or works so acquired <u>under</u>
<u>this section</u> shall be reasonable and based on cost properly allocable to
the customers of any such system.

9 Sec. 155. Section 19-2421, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

19-2421 The mayor and <u>city</u> council of any city of the first <u>class</u> or 11 city of the second class, and the chairperson chairman and village board 12 of trustees of any village, in addition to other powers granted by law, 13 may enter into contracts for lease of real or personal property for any 14 purpose for which the city or village is authorized by law to purchase 15 property or construct improvements. Such leases shall not be restricted 16 17 to a single year τ and may provide for the purchase of the property in 18 installment payments.

Sec. 156. Section 19-2422, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-2422 Any owner of real property who feels aggrieved by the levy 21 22 of any special assessment by any city of the first class, city of the or second class, or village may appeal from such assessment, both as to the 23 24 validity and amount thereof, to the district court of the county where 25 such assessed real property is located. The issues on such appeal shall be tried de novo. The district court may affirm, modify, or vacate the 26 special assessment $_{\tau}$ or may remand the case to the local board of 27 equalization for rehearing. 28

29 Sec. 157. Section 19-2423, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 19-2423 The owner appealing <u>a special assessment pursuant to section</u>

-113-

1 <u>19-2422</u> shall, within ten days from the levy of such special assessment, 2 file a notice of appeal with the city <u>clerk</u> or village clerk_{au} and shall 3 post a bond in the amount of two hundred dollars conditioned that such 4 appeal shall be prosecuted without delay and the appellant shall pay all 5 costs charged against him<u>or her</u>.

Sec. 158. Section 19-2424, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

8 19-2424 (1) Upon the request of the owner appealing a special assessment pursuant to section 19-2422 and the payment by him or her of 9 the estimated cost of preparation of the transcript to the city <u>clerk</u> or 10 village clerk or such clerk's designee, the city clerk or village clerk 11 shall cause a complete transcript of the proceedings before such city or 12 13 village to be prepared. The cost of preparing the transcript shall be 14 calculated in the same manner as the calculation of the fee for a court reporter for the preparation of a bill of exceptions as specified by 15 rules of practice prescribed by the Supreme Court. At such time as the 16 completed transcript is provided to the appellant, the appellant shall 17 pay the amount of the cost of preparation which is in excess of the 18 estimated cost already paid or shall receive a refund of any amount in 19 excess of the actual cost. An appellant determined to be indigent shall 20 not be required to pay any costs associated with such transcript 21 22 preparation.

23 (2) For purposes of this section, indigent means the inability to 24 financially pursue the appeal without prejudicing the appellant's ability 25 to provide economic necessities for the appellant or the appellant's family. Indigency shall be determined by the court having jurisdiction 26 over the appeal upon motion of the appellant. The court shall make a 27 28 reasonable inquiry to determine the appellant's financial condition and shall consider such factors as the appellant's income, the availability 29 to the appellant of other resources, including real and personal 30 property, bank accounts, social security benefits, and unemployment or 31

-114-

other benefits, the appellant's normal living expenses, the appellant's
 outstanding debts, the number and age of the appellant's dependents, and
 other relevant circumstances.

Sec. 159. Section 19-2425, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

6 19-2425 The <u>owner appealing a special assessment pursuant to section</u> 7 <u>19-2422</u> appellant shall file his <u>or her</u> petition on appeal in the 8 district court, together with a transcript of the proceedings before <u>the</u> 9 such city or village, within thirty days from the date of the levy of 10 such special assessment.

11 Sec. 160. Section 19-2426, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13 19-2426 Any first- or second-class city of the first class, city of the second class, or village may wall, enclose, or cover in a manner that 14 will not restrict or impair the intended purpose, function, or operation 15 of a segment of any irrigation or drainage ditch, canal, or lateral, 16 17 whether on public or private property, which lies within the corporate limits of such city or village, and for this purpose may acquire and hold 18 land or an interest in land. Nothing in this section shall be construed 19 to authorize the taking of property without payment of compensation when 20 required by law. Such city or village may undertake and finance a project 21 22 authorized by this section either independently or jointly with any person owning or operating such irrigation ditch, canal, or lateral. If \div 23 24 Provided, that if such project is undertaken independently, the owner or operator of such irrigation ditch, canal, or lateral shall approve the 25 design of the project prior to any construction. 26

Sec. 161. Section 19-2427, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
28 2016, is amended to read:

19-2427 Any city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or
village may include land adjacent to such city or village when creating
an improvement district, such as a sewer, paving, water, water extension,

-115-

or sanitary sewer extension district. The city council or <u>village</u> board
 of trustees may levy a special assessment for the costs of such
 improvements upon the properties found specially benefited thereby,
 except as provided in sections 19-2428 to 19-2431.

Sec. 162. Section 19-2428, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-2428 (1) Whenever the <u>city council</u> governing body of a city of 7 the first class or city of the second class or the village board of 8 9 trustees of a village creates an improvement district as specified in 10 section 19-2427 which includes land adjacent to such city or village and such adjacent land is within an agricultural use zone and is used 11 exclusively for agricultural use, the owners of record title of such 12 13 adjacent land may apply for a deferral from special assessments pursuant to sections 19-2428 to 19-2431. 14

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(2) For purposes of sections 19-2428 to 19-2431:

(a) Agricultural use means the use of land as described in section
77-1359, so that incidental use of the land for nonagricultural or
nonhorticultural purposes shall not disqualify the land; and

Agricultural use zone means designation of land 19 (b) any predominantly for agricultural or horticultural use by any political 20 subdivision pursuant to sections <u>19-925</u> 19-924 to 19-933, Chapter 14, 21 article 4, Chapter 15, article 9, Chapter 16, article 9, Chapter 17, 22 article 10, or Chapter 23, article 1. The primary objective of the 23 24 agricultural use zoning shall be to preserve and protect agricultural 25 activities and the potential for the agricultural, horticultural, or open use of land. Uses to be allowed on such lands include primarily 26 agricultural-related or horticultural-related uses, and nonagricultural 27 or nonhorticultural industrial, commercial, or residential uses allowed 28 on such lands shall be restricted so that they do not conflict with or 29 detract from this objective. 30

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Sec. 163. Section 19-2429, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

-116-

1 amended to read:

19-2429 (1) Any owner of record title eligible for the deferral 2 granted by section 19-2428 shall, to secure such assessment, make 3 4 application to the city council or board of trustees of any city of the 5 first class or city of the second class or the village board of trustees of any village within ninety days after creation of an improvement 6 7 district as specified in section 19-2427 which includes land adjacent to such city or village which is within an agricultural use zone and is used 8 9 exclusively for agricultural use.

10 (2) Any owner of record title who makes application for the deferral 11 provided by sections 19-2428 to 19-2431 shall notify the county register 12 of deeds of such application in writing prior to approval by the city 13 council or <u>village</u> board of trustees.

14 (3) The city council or <u>village</u> board of trustees shall approve the 15 application of any owner of record title upon determination that the 16 property (a) is within an agricultural use zone and is used exclusively 17 for agricultural use and (b) the owner has complied with subsection (2) 18 of this section.

Sec. 164. Section 19-2430, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

21 19-2430 The deferral provided for in sections 19-2428 to 19-2431
22 shall be terminated upon any of the following events:

(1) Notification by the owner of record title to the city council or
 village board of trustees to remove such deferral;

(2) Sale or transfer to a new owner who does not make a new
application within sixty days of the sale or transfer, except as provided
in subdivision (3) of this section;

(3) Transfer by reason of death of a former owner to a new owner who
does not make application within one hundred twenty-five days of the
transfer;

31 (4) The land is no longer being used as agricultural land; or

-117-

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(5) Change of zoning to other than an agricultural zone.

Sec. 165. Section 19-2432, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

4 19-2432 (1) Whenever a tract of land against which a special assessment has been levied is divided or subdivided by any platting, 5 replatting, or other form of division creating separate lots or tracts, 6 7 the city council governing body of any city of the first class or τ city of the second class_{τ} or the village board of trustees of any village 8 9 which has levied such special assessments may (a) on application of the owner of any part of the tract or (b) on its own motion, determine the 10 apportionment of such special assessment remaining unpaid among the 11 various lots and parcels in the tract resulting from the division or 12 13 subdivision. Any such reapportionment shall be on such fair and equitable 14 terms as the <u>city council or village board of trustees</u> governing body shall determine after notice and hearing on the reapportionment. No 15 16 reapportionment of a special assessment shall be done on a tract of land if a tax sale certificate has been issued for such tract or if the 17 special assessment being reapportioned is delinquent. 18

19 (2) Notice of hearing on the reapportionment shall be given by 20 publication one time in a <u>legal</u> newspaper <u>in</u> published or of general 21 circulation in the city or village not less than ten days prior to the 22 hearing. Notice of the hearing shall be sent by mail to the owners of 23 record title of each lot or parcel affected by any proposed or determined 24 reapportionment in the same manner as is required under section 25 25-520.01.

(3) In making the determination as to reapportionment, the <u>city</u> <u>council or village board of trustees</u> governing body shall take into consideration its own requirements as to security for payment of the amounts owing and may, if determined appropriate, allocate based upon either front footage or square footage or other such method or reapportionment as may be determined appropriate based upon the facts and

-118-

1 circumstances. No such reapportionment shall result in a reduction or 2 remittance of the total amount originally assessed and then remaining 3 outstanding and unpaid. Notice of the reapportionment when determined 4 shall be sent by mail to the owners of record title of each lot or parcel 5 affected by the reapportionment.

6 (4) Any notice required under this section may be waived in writing7 by any owner of any lot or parcel affected by any reapportionment.

8 (5) Any owner of real property who feels aggrieved by the 9 reapportionment of any special assessment under this section may appeal 10 such reapportionment in the same manner as applies for appeals from 11 special assessments under sections 19-2422 to 19-2425, but only matters 12 related to such reapportionment shall be considered upon any such appeal.

(6) The <u>city council or village board of trustees</u> governing body
shall file notice of any reapportionment of a special assessment with the
county treasurer of the county where the lot or parcel is located.

16 Sec. 166. Section 19-2701, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

19-2701 A city of the first class or city of the second class may 18 19 enter into a contract or contracts to sell electric, water, or sewer service to persons beyond the corporate limits of such a city when, in 20 the judgment of the mayor and <u>city</u> council of such a city not having a 21 board of public works or of its board of public works in such a city 22 23 having such board, it is beneficial to any such city to do so. No such 24 contract shall run for a period in excess of twenty-five years. Such a city is hereby authorized and empowered to enter into contracts for the 25 furnishing of electric service to persons, firms, associations, and 26 corporations beyond the corporate limits of such a city. 27

Sec. 167. Section 19-2901, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

30 19-2901 Sections 19-2901 to 19-2909 <u>shall be known and may be cited</u>
31 as the Nebraska Municipal Auditing Law.

-119-

1 Sec. 168. Section 19-2902, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 2 amended to read: 3 19-2902 For purposes of the Nebraska Municipal Auditing Law, unless 4 the context otherwise requires: 5 (1) Accountant means a duly licensed public accountant or certified public accountant who otherwise is not an employee of or connected in any 6 7 way with the municipality involved; (2) Annual audit report means the written report of the accountant 8 9 and all appended statements and schedules relating thereto presenting or 10 recording the findings of an examination or audit of the financial transactions, affairs, or financial condition of a municipality and its 11 proprietary functions for the fiscal year immediately prior to the making 12 13 of such annual report; (3) Fiscal year means the fiscal year for the particular 14 municipality involved or the fiscal year established in section 18-2804 15 for a proprietary function if different than the municipal fiscal year; 16 17 (4) Municipal authority means the city council, the village board of trustees, or any other body or officer having authority to levy taxes, 18 19 make appropriations, or approve claims for any municipality; and (5) Municipality means any incorporated city of the first class, 20 city of the second class, or village in this state. 21 22 (1) Municipality or municipalities shall mean and include all incorporated cities of the first class, cities of the second class, and 23 24 villages in this state; 25 (2) Municipal authority shall mean the city council, board of trustees of a village, or any other body or officer having authority to 26 27 levy taxes, make appropriations, or approve claims for any municipality; 28 (3) Accountant shall mean a duly licensed public accountant or certified public accountant who otherwise is not an employee of or 29 30 connected in any way with the municipality involved; 31 (4) Annual audit report shall mean the written report of the 1 accountant and all appended statements and schedules relating thereto 2 presenting or recording the findings of an examination or audit of the 3 financial transactions, affairs, or financial condition of a municipality 4 and its proprietary functions for the fiscal year immediately prior to 5 the making of such annual report; and

6 (5) Fiscal year shall mean the fiscal year for the particular
7 municipality involved or the fiscal year established in section 18-2804
8 for a proprietary function if different than the municipal fiscal year.

9 Sec. 169. Section 19-2904, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

19-2904 The annual audit report shall set forth, insofar 11 as possible, the financial position and results of financial operations for 12 13 each fund or group of accounts of the municipality. When the accrual method is selected for the annual audit report, such report shall be in 14 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The annual 15 audit report shall also include the professional opinion of the 16 17 accountant with respect to the financial statements, or, if an opinion cannot be expressed, a declaration that the accountant is unable to 18 19 express such an opinion with an explanation of the reasons why he or she cannot do so. 20

21 Sec. 170. Section 19-2905, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

23 19-2905 At least three copies of the such annual audit report shall 24 be properly signed and attested by the accountant \dot{t} two copies shall be filed with the clerk of the municipality involved, and one copy shall be 25 filed with the Auditor of Public Accounts. The copy of the annual audit 26 report submitted to the Auditor of Public Accounts shall be accompanied 27 by a supplemental report, if appropriate, by the accountant making the 28 audit identifying any illegal acts or indications of illegal acts 29 discovered as a result of the audit. 30

31 The annual audit report filed, together with any accompanying

-121-

1 comment or explanation, shall become a part of the public records of the 2 clerk of the municipality involved and shall at all times thereafter be 3 open and subject to public inspection. The copies filed with the auditor 4 shall be kept as a part of the public records in that office for at least 5 five years and shall at all times be subject to public inspection.

Sec. 171. Section 19-2907, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-2907 Should any municipality fail or refuse to cause an such 8 annual audit to be made of all of its functions, activities, and 9 transactions for the fiscal year within a period of six months following 10 the close of such fiscal year, then and in such event, any resident 11 taxpayer may make a written demand on the city council or village board 12 13 of trustees governing body of such municipality to commence such annual audit within thirty days, and if such demand is ignored, a mandamus 14 action may be instituted by any taxpayer or taxpayers residing in such 15 16 municipality against the then municipal authorities of such municipality 17 requiring the municipality to proceed forthwith to cause such audit to be made, and if such action is decided in favor of the taxpayer or taxpayers 18 19 instituting the same, the then municipal authorities of such municipality shall be personally, and jointly and severally, liable for the costs of 20 such action, including a reasonable <u>attorney's attorney</u> fee to be allowed 21 by the court for the attorney employed by the taxpayer or taxpayers and 22 23 who prosecuted the action. Upon a failure, refusal, or neglect to cause 24 such annual audit to be made as required by sections 19-2903 and 19-2904, 25 and a failure to file a copy thereof with the Auditor of Public Accounts as required by section 19-2905, the Auditor of Public Accounts shall, 26 after due notice and a hearing to show cause by such city or village, 27 notify the State Treasurer of such failure to file a copy with the 28 Auditor of Public Accounts. The State Treasurer shall, upon receipt of 29 such notice, withhold distribution of all money to which such city or 30 31 village may be entitled under the provisions of sections 39-2511 to

-122-

1 39-2520, until such annual audit shall have been made and have been filed with the Auditor of Public Accounts. If such annual audit is not filed 2 within a period of six months from the time of the order and notice of 3 delinquency given by the Auditor of Public Accounts to the State 4 Treasurer, the amount so withheld shall be distributed to the other 5 cities and villages in the county where such delinguent city is located. 6 Upon compliance with the law requiring annual audits, the delinguent city 7 or village shall again become entitled to distribution of all money to 8 9 which it is entitled from the State Treasurer beginning with the date of 10 such compliance.

11 Sec. 172. Section 19-2908, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

19-2908 The Nebraska Municipal Auditing Law provisions of sections 13 19-2901 to 19-2909 shall not be construed to relieve any officer of any 14 duties now required by law of him or her with relation to public accounts 15 of a municipality or the disbursement of public funds of a municipality 16 the same. Failure of the municipality to comply with any provisions of 17 the Nebraska Municipal Auditing Law sections 19-2901 to 19-2909 shall not 18 affect the legality of taxes levied for any of the funds of such 19 municipality or any special assessments levied in connection with public 20 21 improvements.

22 Sec. 173. Section 19-2909, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 23 amended to read:

24 19-2909 The expenses of the audit required by the Nebraska Municipal 25 Auditing Law in sections 19-2901 to 19-2909 shall be paid by the municipal authorities of the municipality involved from appropriate 26 27 municipal funds; Provided, that if any municipality has completed its 28 annual budget and passed its appropriation ordinance before March 30, 29 1959, then such expenses may be paid from the general fund of such municipality for the first annual audit made under the provisions of 30 31 sections 19-2901 to 19-2909.

-123-

Sec. 174. Section 19-3052, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 19-3052 (1) For purposes of this section, municipality means shall
4 mean any city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or village
5 which elects members of its governing board by districts.

(2) Any municipality which annexes territory and thereby brings 6 sufficient new residents into such municipality so as to require that 7 election districts be redrawn to maintain substantial population equality 8 between districts shall redistrict its election districts so that such 9 districts are substantially equal in population within one hundred and 10 eighty days after the effective date of the ordinance annexing the 11 territory. Such redistricting shall create election districts which are 12 substantially equal in population as determined by the most recent 13 federal decennial census. 14

(3) No municipality which proposes to annex territory and thereby bring new residents into the municipality shall annex such territory unless the redistricting required by subsection (2) of this section will be accomplished at least eighty days prior to the next primary election in which candidates for the governing body of the municipality are nominated.

(4)(a) No city of the first <u>class</u> or <u>city of the</u> second class shall annex any territory during the period from eighty days prior to any primary election in which candidates for the governing body of the city <u>council</u> are nominated until the date of the general election of the same year if such annexation would bring sufficient new residents into such city so as to require that election districts be redrawn to maintain substantial population equality between districts.

(b) No village shall annex any territory during the period eighty
days prior to the election at which members of the governing body of the
village <u>board of trustees</u> are chosen until the date of such election if
such annexation would bring sufficient new residents into such village so

-124-

as to require that election districts be redrawn to maintain substantial
 population equality between districts.

3 (5)(a) No proposed annexation by a municipality shall be restricted 4 or governed by this section unless such annexation would bring sufficient 5 new residents into such municipality so as to require the election 6 districts of the municipality to be redrawn to maintain substantial 7 population equality between districts.

8 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a 9 municipality to redraw the boundaries of its election districts following 10 an annexation unless such annexation brought sufficient new residents 11 into such municipality so as to require such redistricting to maintain 12 substantial population equality between districts.

(c) For the purposes of this section only, a municipal annexation shall be held to have brought sufficient new residents into such municipality so as to require that its election districts be redrawn to maintain substantial population equality between districts if, following such annexation, the total range of deviation from the mean population of each election district, according to the most recent federal decennial census, exceeds ten percent.

20 Sec. 175. Section 19-3101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-3101 In all cities of the first class, cities of the and second <u>class</u>, classes and villages, regardless of the form of government, in 23 24 addition to the events listed in section 32-560 and any other reasons for 25 a vacancy provided by law, after notice and a hearing, a vacancy on the city council or village board of trustees shall exist if a member is 26 absent from more than five consecutive regular meetings of the city 27 28 council or village board of trustees unless the absences are excused by a majority vote of the remaining members. 29

30 Sec. 176. Section 19-3302, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

-125-

19-3302 As used in <u>the Offstreet Parking District Act</u> sections
 19-3301 to 19-3326, unless the context otherwise requires,
 <u>offstreet</u> :Offstreet parking facilities includes parking lots, garages,
 buildings, and multifloor buildings for the parking of motor vehicles.

5 Sec. 177. Section 19-3303, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is6 amended to read:

7 19-3303 In addition to matters specifically elsewhere set forth in 8 <u>the Offstreet Parking District Act, cities of the primary class, cities</u> 9 <u>of the first class, and cities of the second class are authorized to</u> 10 <u>conduct sections 19-3301 to 19-3326, such sections authorize and include</u> 11 the following <u>activities</u>:

12 (1) The formation of offstreet parking districts;

13 (2) The acquisition of lands, property, and rights-of-way necessary
14 or convenient for use as offstreet parking facilities;

(3) The acquisition of lands, property, and rights-of-way necessary
or convenient for the opening, widening, straightening, or extending of
streets or alleys necessary or convenient for ingress to and egress from
any offstreet parking facility;

19 (4) The acquisition by condemnation, purchase, or gift of property 20 or any interest therein. Any lands or property necessary or convenient 21 for offstreet parking facilities may be acquired in fee simple by 22 condemnation or otherwise;

(5) The improvement of any acquired lands by the construction 23 24 thereon of garages or other buildings, including multifloor buildings, or 25 improvements necessary or convenient for offstreet parking facilities including paying from revenue received pursuant to the Offstreet Parking 26 27 District Act sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 all or a portion of the cost of a covered or uncovered mall to be constructed in a street or alley 28 pursuant to city authority to construct such improvements in connection 29 with paving and street improvements; 30

31 (6) The improvement of parking places and any alleys, streets, or

-126-

ways necessary or convenient for ingress to or egress from offstreet
 parking facilities;

3 (7) The issuance, sale, and payment of bonds to pay the cost and
4 expense of any acquisition or improvement authorized by <u>the Offstreet</u>
5 <u>Parking District Act</u> sections 19-3301 to 19-3326;

6 (8) The administration, maintenance, operation, and repair of such
7 offstreet parking facilities, including the maintenance of parking meters
8 thereon;

9 (9) The collection of fees or charges to pay all or any part of the 10 cost of improving, repairing, maintaining, or operating offstreet parking 11 facilities and of acquiring and improving offstreet parking facilities;

(10) The employment of engineers, attorneys, and other persons
 necessary or convenient for the doing of any acts authorized by <u>the</u>
 <u>Offstreet Parking District Act</u> sections 19-3301 to 19-3326; and

(11) The doing of all acts and things necessary or convenient for the accomplishment of the purpose of <u>the Offstreet Parking District Act</u> sections 19-3301 to 19-3326. The enumeration of specific authority in <u>the</u> <u>Offstreet Parking District Act</u> sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 does not limit in any way the general authority granted by <u>the act</u> sections 19-3301 to 19-3326.

21 Sec. 178. Section 19-3304, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

19-3304 Whenever any notice is to be given or posted pursuant to the Offstreet Parking District Act provisions of sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 and the officer to give or post notice is not designated, the notice shall be given or posted by the city engineer. Any notice or posting shall not be invalidated because <u>such notice or posting are given</u> or done by an officer other than those whose duty it is to give the notice or perform the posting.

30 Sec. 179. Section 19-3305, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

-127-

1 19-3305 Any proceedings taken, taxes or assessments levied, or bonds 2 issued pursuant to <u>the Offstreet Parking District Act</u> sections 19-3301 to 3 19-3326 shall not be held invalid for failure to comply with the <u>act</u> 4 provisions of sections 19-3301 to 19-3326.

5 Sec. 180. Section 19-3306, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is6 amended to read:

19-3306 Any procedure not expressly set forth in <u>the Offstreet</u>
Parking District Act sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 but deemed necessary or
convenient to carry out any of <u>the its</u> purposes <u>of the act</u> is authorized.

Sec. 181. Section 19-3307, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 19-3307 The remedies provided in <u>the Offstreet Parking District Act</u> 13 sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 for the enforcement of taxes or assessments 14 levied or bonds issued pursuant to the <u>act provisions of sections 19-3301</u> 15 to 19-3326 are not exclusive <u>and additional remedies may be provided at</u> 16 any time.

Sec. 182. Section 19-3308, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 19-3308 The curative clauses of <u>the Offstreet Parking District Act</u>
 20 sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 are cumulative, and each is to be given full
 21 effect.

Sec. 183. Section 19-3309, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-3309 <u>The Offstreet Parking District Act does</u> Sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 do not affect any other law relating to the same or any similar subject but <u>provides</u> provide an alternative authority and procedure for the subject to which <u>it relates</u> they relate. When proceeding under <u>the</u> <u>act sections 19-3301 to 19-3326</u>, <u>only the their</u> provisions <u>of the act</u> only need be followed.

30 Sec. 184. Section 19-3310, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

-128-

19-3310 <u>The Offstreet Parking District Act</u> Sections 19-3301 to
 19-3326 shall be liberally construed.

3 Sec. 185. Section 19-3311, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 19-3311 Notwithstanding the provisions of any home rule charter and in addition to the powers set out in sections 15-269 to 15-276 and 16-801 6 7 to 16-811, any city of the primary class, city of the first class, or city of the , first or second class in Nebraska is hereby authorized to 8 9 own, purchase, construct, equip, lease, either as lessee or lessor, or 10 operate within such city, offstreet parking facilities for the use of the 11 general public and to refund bonds of the city issued pursuant to the Offstreet Parking District Act sections 19-3301 to 19-3326, or in a city 12 13 of the first class to refund outstanding bonds issued to purchase, construct, equip, or operate such offstreet parking facilities pursuant 14 to sections 16-801 to 16-811. Except as otherwise provided in any home 15 rule charter, the grant of power in this section herein does not include 16 17 power to engage, directly or indirectly, in the sale of gasoline, oil, or other merchandise or in furnishing of any service other than of parking 18 19 motor vehicles as provided in the act sections 19-3301 to 19-3326. Any such city shall have the authority to acquire by grant, contract, or 20 purchase, or through condemnation, as provided by law or by any home rule 21 charter for such acquisition, all real or personal property, including a 22 site or sites on which to construct such offstreet parking facility, 23 24 necessary or convenient in carrying out of this grant of power. 25 Property ; Provided, that property now used or hereafter acquired for public offstreet motor vehicle parking by a private operator in such 26 27 <u>cities</u> shall not be subject to condemnation. Before any such city may 28 commence a program to construct, purchase, or acquire by other means a proposed offstreet parking facility or facilities, notice shall be given, 29 by publication once each week for not less than thirty days, inviting 30 application for private ownership and operation of offstreet parking 31

1 facilities, which notice shall fix a date for a public hearing on any 2 application received. If no application or applications have been received or if received, the same have been disapproved by the <u>city</u> 3 council governing body of such city after a public hearing concerning 4 such applications, then such city may proceed in the exercise of the 5 powers herein granted in this section. The procedure to condemn property 6 shall be exercised in the manner set forth in sections 76-701 to 76-724, 7 except as to properties specifically excluded by section 76-703, and as 8 9 to which sections 19-701 to 19-707 are applicable. The duties set forth for the mayor and city council in sections 19-3312 to 19-3325 shall be 10 the duties and responsibilities of the city council in any city which by 11 law or by home rule charter has exclusively vested all legislative powers 12 13 of the city in such <u>city</u> council.

14 Sec. 186. Section 19-3312, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

16 19-3312 The mayor and city council may fix and establish by resolution pursuant to the Offstreet Parking District Act provisions of 17 sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 the boundaries of a proposed offstreet 18 parking district, which boundaries shall include all the land in the 19 district which in the opinion of the mayor and city council will be 20 specially benefited thereby. Notice of the time and place of a hearing 21 before the city council on the creation of such district and of protests 22 and objections to the creation of the district as set forth in the notice 23 24 shall be given by publication one time each week for not less than three weeks in a legal daily or weekly newspaper in or of general circulation 25 published in the city. The notice shall also set forth in addition the 26 proposed boundaries of the district and the engineer's estimate of the 27 sum of money to be expended in the acquisition of property and the 28 construction of the offstreet parking facility. Not later than the hour 29 set for the hearing any owner or any person interested in any real estate 30 within the proposed district may severally or with other owners file with 31

the city clerk written objections to the thing proposed to be done, the extent of the proposed district, or both, and every person so interested shall have a right to protest on any grounds and to object to his <u>or her</u> real estate being included in the district, and at such hearing all objections and protests shall be heard and passed upon by the mayor and city council.

Sec. 187. Section 19-3313, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 19-3313 If the owners of the record title representing more than fifty percent of the taxable valuation of all of the taxable real 10 property included in <u>a</u> such proposed <u>offstreet parking</u> district or 11 districts <u>under the Offstreet Parking District Act,</u> and who were such 12 13 owners at the time the notice of hearing on objections to the creation of the district was first published, file with the city clerk within twenty 14 days of the first publication of the notice written objections to the 15 formation of the district, such district shall not be formed. If 16 17 objections are not filed by owners of such fifty percent of the taxable valuation of all of the taxable real property and if the mayor and city 18 19 council find, after considering any other protests and objections that may be filed and after considering the evidence presented at the hearing, 20 that the public health, welfare, convenience, or necessity requires the 21 formation of such an offstreet parking district and facilities, then such 22 district shall be formed by ordinance. If the mayor and city council find 23 24 that the boundaries as set forth in the resolution and notice include land which should not be included, then the ordinance shall fix the 25 boundaries of the district so as to exclude such land. Each district 26 formed pursuant to this section shall be numbered and the designation of 27 28 the district shall be called, using appropriate numbers, Vehicle Offstreet Parking District No. of the City of, 29 Nebraska. The ordinance creating the district need not designate the 30 exact location of the proposed offstreet parking facility but shall 31

-131-

1 designate the engineer's estimate of the sum of money to be expended in 2 the acquisition of property and construction of such offstreet parking 3 facility or the share of such project as will be borne by the district. 4 The total cost and expenses shall include:

5 (1) The amounts estimated to be paid for the property to be6 acquired;

7 (2) All costs and expenses in construction of the offstreet parking8 facility;

9 (3) All engineering expense; and

(4) The estimated expense of issuing and selling bonds and all other
expenses which the city would not have except for the creation of such
offstreet parking district.

Sec. 188. Section 19-3314, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-3314 In the ordinance creating an offstreet parking district 15 pursuant to the Offstreet Parking District Act the district, the mayor 16 17 and city council shall provide that in addition to the levy of taxes and pledge of revenue all or a portion of the cost of acquisition, including 18 construction, maintenance, repair, and reconstruction of any offstreet 19 parking facility may be paid for by special assessment against the real 20 estate located in such district in proportion to the special benefit of 21 22 each parcel of real estate. The amounts of such special assessments shall be determined by the mayor and city council sitting as a board of 23 24 equalization. Notice of a hearing on any special assessments to be levied 25 under section 19-3315 shall be given to the landowners in such district by publication of the description of the land, the amount proposed to be 26 assessed, and the general purpose for which such assessment is to be made 27 28 one time each week for three weeks in a legal daily or weekly newspaper 29 in or of general circulation published in the city. The notice shall provide the date, time, and place of hearing to determine any objection 30 or protest by landowners in the district as to the amount of assessment 31

made against their land. An appeal by writ of error or direct appeal to the district court of the county in which such city is located may be taken from the decision of the city council in the same manner and under like terms and conditions as appeals may be taken from the amount of special assessments levied in street improvement districts of such city as now provided by law.

Sec. 189. Section 19-3315, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 19-3315 The mayor and city council may by resolution levy and assess 10 taxes and assessments <u>under the Offstreet Parking District Act</u> as 11 follows:

(1) A property tax within any <u>offstreet parking</u> district of not to 12 exceed thirty-five cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation 13 of taxable property within such district subject to section 77-3443 to 14 pay all or any part of the cost to improve, repair, maintain, 15 reconstruct, operate, or acquire any offstreet parking facility and to 16 pay principal and interest on any bonds issued for an offstreet parking 17 facility for such district. Such tax shall be levied and collected at the 18 same time and under the same provisions as the regular general city tax. 19 The taxes collected from any such district shall be used only for the 20 benefit of such district. For purposes of subsection (2) of section 21 77-3443, the tax shall be counted in the allocation by the city 22 23 proportionately, by dividing the total taxable valuation of the taxable 24 property within the district by the total taxable valuation of the 25 taxable property within the city multiplied by the levy of the district;

(2) A special assessment against the real property located in <u>an</u> offstreet parking such district to the extent of the special benefit thereto for the purpose of paying all or any part of the total costs and expenses of acquisition, including construction, of an offstreet parking facility in such district. The special assessment shall be levied as provided in section 19-3314. In the event that subsequent to the levy of

-133-

assessments the use of any parcel of land changes so that, had the new 1 2 use existed at the time of making such levy, the assessment on such parcel would have been higher than the assessment actually made, an 3 4 additional assessment may be made on such parcel by the mayor and city 5 council taking into consideration the new and changed use of the property. The total amount of assessments levied under this subdivision 6 shall not exceed the total costs and expenses of acquiring a facility 7 defined in section 19-3313. The levy of an additional assessment shall 8 9 not reduce or affect in any manner the assessments previously levied. Additional assessments shall be levied as provided in section 19-3314, 10 except that published notice may be omitted if notice is personally 11 served on the owner at least twenty days prior to the date of hearing. 12 13 All assessments levied under this subdivision shall constitute a sinking 14 fund for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued for such facility as provided by section 19-3317 until such bonds and interest are 15 fully paid; and 16

(3) A special assessment against the real property located in an 17 offstreet parking such district to the extent of special benefit thereto 18 19 for the purpose of paying all or any part of the costs of maintenance, repair, and reconstruction of such offstreet parking facility in the 20 district. The mayor and city council may levy such assessments under 21 either of the following methods: (a) The mayor and city council may, not 22 more frequently than annually, determine the costs of maintenance, 23 24 repair, and reconstruction of such facility and such costs shall be 25 assessed to the real property located in such district as provided by section 19-3314. At the hearing on such assessments, objections may be 26 made to the total costs and the proposed allocation of such costs among 27 the parcels of real property in such district; or (b) after notice is 28 given to the owners as provided in section 19-3314, the mayor and city 29 council may establish and may change from time to time the percentage of 30 such costs of maintenance, repair, and reconstruction which each parcel 31

-134-

1 of real property in any district shall pay. Thereafter, the mayor and 2 city council shall annually determine the total amount of such costs for each period since costs were last assessed and shall after a hearing 3 4 assess such costs to the real property in the district in accordance with 5 the percentages previously established or as established at such hearing. Notice of such hearing shall be given as provided in section 19-3314 and 6 7 shall state the total cost and percentage to be assessed to each parcel of real property. Unless written objections are filed with the city clerk 8 9 at least five days before the hearing, all objections to the amount of total costs and the assessment percentages shall be deemed to have been 10 waived and assessments shall be levied as stated in such notice unless 11 the mayor and city council reduce any assessment. At such hearing, the 12 13 assessment percentage for the assessment of costs in the future may be 14 changed.

Sec. 190. Section 19-3315.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,is amended to read:

17 19-3315.01 (1) In addition to uses otherwise authorized in the 18 Offstreet Parking District Act, any money available from taxes or 19 assessments levied pursuant to section 19-3315 or revenue derived from 20 the operation of an offstreet parking facility may be used in <u>an</u> 21 <u>offstreet parking the</u> district for any one or more of the following 22 purposes as determined by a vote of the majority of the city council:

(a) Improvement of any public place or facility, including
landscaping, physical improvements for decoration or security purposes,
and plantings;

(b) Construction or installation of pedestrian shopping malls or 26 plazas, sidewalks or moving sidewalks, parks, meeting and display 27 bus stop shelters, lighting, benches or other seating 28 facilities, furniture, sculptures, trash receptacles, shelters, 29 foundations, skywalks, and pedestrian and vehicular overpasses and underpasses, and 30 any useful or necessary public improvements; 31

-135-

1 (c) Leasing, acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, extending, 2 maintaining, or repairing parking lots or parking garages, both above and 3 below the ground, or other facilities for the parking of vehicles, 4 including the power to install such facilities in public areas, whether 5 such areas are owned in fee or by easement;

6 (d) Creation and implementation of a plan for improving the general7 architectural design of public areas;

8 (e) Development of any public activities and promotion of public 9 events, including the management, promotion, and advocacy of retail trade 10 activities or other promotional activities;

(f) Maintenance, repair, and reconstruction of any publicly owned
 improvements or facilities;

(g) The creation by ordinance and operation of a revolving loan fund
for the purpose of providing financing upon appropriate terms and
conditions for capital improvements to privately owned facilities,
subject to the following conditions:

17 (i) No loan from such fund shall exceed an amount equivalent to
18 forty-nine percent of the total cost of the improvements to be financed
19 by the loan;

(ii) The city shall require and receive appropriate security toguarantee the repayment of the loan; and

(iii) The proposed improvements to be financed shall serve to foster
the purposes of the <u>Offstreet Parking District Act</u> act, promote economic
activity, or contribute to the public health, safety, and welfare;

(h) Any other project or undertaking for the betterment of the
public facilities, whether the project is capital or noncapital in
nature;

28 (i) Enforcement of parking regulations and the provision of 29 security; and

30 (j) Employing or contracting for personnel, including
 31 administrators, for any improvement program under the <u>Offstreet Parking</u>

-136-

<u>District Act</u> act, and providing for any service as may be necessary or
 proper to carry out the purposes of the act.

3 (2) If any part of the revenue from fees and charges on the use of an offstreet parking facility or from onstreet parking meters within the 4 5 district has been dedicated for the payment of principal or interest on bonds issued pursuant to section 19-3317 or has been pledged as security 6 for such bonds, such revenue shall not be used for the purposes set forth 7 in subsection (1) of this section until such time as such bonds have been 8 9 fully paid or sufficient revenue has been placed in the sinking fund to guarantee such repayment. 10

(3) If the city council proposes to exercise the authority granted 11 by subsection (1) of this section for any one or more of the purposes set 12 forth in such subsection within the boundaries of a district in existence 13 prior to September 13, 1997, the city clerk shall give notice of the city 14 council's intention to exercise such authority by publishing notice of 15 such intent in a legal newspaper in or of general circulation in the city 16 17 once a week for two consecutive weeks. The notice shall describe the proposed new uses for district revenue and shall specify the time for 18 hearing objections to such uses, which time shall be at least fifteen 19 days after the date of publication of the notice. The city clerk shall 20 accept written protests or objections to the approval of the proposed new 21 uses of district revenue. If the owners of real property representing 22 more than fifty percent of the actual valuation of all real property in 23 24 the district file a written protest or objection within twenty days after the date of publication of the notice, district revenue shall not be 25 applied to such uses. 26

27 Sec. 191. Section 19-3316, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

19-3316 Special assessments levied pursuant to section 19-3315 shall
become due in fifty days after the date of such levy and shall become
delinquent in one or more installments over a period of not to exceed

-137-

1 twenty years, in such manner as the mayor and city council shall 2 determine at the time of making the levy. The first installment may become delinquent in fifty days after the date of levy if so specified by 3 the mayor and the city council. Each of such installments shall draw 4 interest before due date of not more than the rate of interest specified 5 in section 45-104.01, as such rate may from time to time be adjusted by 6 7 the Legislature, and after delinquency at the rate specified in section 45-104.01, as such rate may from time to time be adjusted by the 8 9 Legislature, as the mayor and city council shall determine at the time the levy shall be made, except that any installment may be paid within 10 fifty days of the date of such levy without interest being charged 11 thereon. If three or more of such installments become delinquent and 12 unpaid on the same property, the mayor and city council may by resolution 13 14 declare all future installments on such delinguent property to be due on a future fixed date. The resolution shall set forth the description of 15 16 the property and the name of its record title owner and shall provide 17 that all future installments shall become delinquent upon such fixed date. A copy of such resolution shall be published one time each week for 18 19 not less than twenty days in a legal newspaper in or of general circulation published in the city or, if none is published in the city, a 20 legal newspaper of general circulation in such city. After the fixed 21 date, such future installments shall be deemed to be delinquent and the 22 city may proceed to enforce and collect the total amount due and all 23 24 future installments. Except as otherwise provided, all special 25 assessments levied under section 19-3315 shall be liens on the property and shall be certified for collection and be collected in the same manner 26 as special assessments made for improvements in street improvement 27 districts in the city are collected. 28

Sec. 192. Section 19-3317, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

31

19-3317 For the purpose of paying the cost of such offstreet parking

-138-

1 facility, or any portion thereof, or to refund all or a portion of any 2 outstanding bonds of the city authorized to be refunded by the Offstreet 3 Parking District Act sections 19-3301 to 19-3326, the mayor and city 4 council shall have power and may, by ordinance, cause to be issued general obligation bonds of the city, to be called Offstreet Parking 5 Bonds of the City of, Nebraska, payable in not exceeding twenty 6 years from date and bearing interest, payable either annually or 7 semiannually, not exceeding a rate of twelve percent per annum with 8 9 interest coupons attached. In such cases they shall also provide that special taxes levied within the district pursuant to section 19-3315 10 shall constitute a sinking fund for the payment of such bonds and the 11 mayor and city council may, in the ordinance, pledge all or any part of 12 13 the revenue from fees and charges on the use of the parking facility or fees and charges from onstreet parking meters within the district not 14 already pledged as security for such bonds. There shall be levied upon 15 all the taxable property in such city a tax which, together with such 16 17 sinking fund derived from special assessments and other revenue pledged for the payment of the bonds and interest thereon, shall be sufficient to 18 19 meet payments of interest and principal as the same become due. All such 20 bonds shall bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times, be in such denominations, be in such form either coupon or registered, carry 21 such registration privileges, be executed in such manner, and be payable 22 23 in such medium of payment τ and at such place or places within or without 24 the State of Nebraska as such ordinance may provide. No proceedings for 25 the issuance of bonds of any city shall be required other than those required by the Offstreet Parking District Act provisions of sections 26 19-3301 to 19-3326. Such bonds may be issued either before or after the 27 completion of the acquisition or construction of the offstreet parking 28 facility, as the mayor and city council may determine best. For the 29 purpose of paying costs of an offstreet parking facility prior to 30 issuance of bonds, warrants may be issued by the mayor and city council 31

-139-

1 upon such terms as the mayor and city council may determine, which 2 warrants shall be redeemed and paid upon the sale of bonds authorized in 3 this section.

Sec. 193. Section 19-3318, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-3318 The owners of the record title of any real property within a 6 7 given area in any city of the first class or city of the second class representing fifty-five percent of the total taxable valuation of all of 8 9 the taxable real property within the proposed district to be formed, which district must consist of contiguous lands and lots, may petition 10 the mayor and city council to create a vehicle offstreet parking district 11 by ordinance, which district shall be consecutively numbered, and to 12 13 acquire property and construct an offstreet parking facility thereon as provided in the Offstreet Parking District Act. For purposes of the act, 14 property separated by streets or alleys shall be deemed to be contiguous. 15

16 The petition shall contain:

17 (1) A general description of the exterior boundaries of the proposed18 district;

(2) A general statement of the estimated amount of money involved in
the acquisition of the land and property and construction of the
facility;

(3) A general description of the improvements proposed to be made orconstructed; and

24 (4) A statement that the petition is filed pursuant to this section.

The petition may consist of any number of separate instruments, but a description of the real property represented by each petitioner shall be included either opposite the signature or by separate instrument.

When the petition is filed, the city clerk shall check or cause it to be checked. If it is signed by qualified signers representing the required percentage of the total taxable valuation, the <u>city</u> clerk shall make a certificate to that effect and present the petition and

-140-

1 certificate to the mayor and city council.

Sec. 194. Section 19-3319, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

4 19-3319 When such petition is presented to the mayor and city 5 council <u>pursuant to section 19-3318</u>, it shall be the duty of the mayor 6 and city council to proceed as provided in sections 19-3312 and 19-3313 7 as upon the passage of a resolution for the creation of an offstreet 8 parking district. The same procedure for publication of notice and 9 objections to the creation of the district shall apply.

Sec. 195. Section 19-3320, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-3320 Whether the ordinance creating an the offstreet parking 12 13 district is passed on the initiative of the <u>city</u> council or on the petition of landowners, the city council shall not change the boundaries, 14 except after notice of intention to do so given by the <u>city</u> clerk by one 15 insertion in the legal newspaper in which the ordinance and notice were 16 17 published. The notice shall describe the proposed change and specify the time for hearing objections, which shall be at least fifteen days after 18 19 publication of the notice.

20 Sec. 196. Section 19-3321, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-3321 If a the change proposed pursuant to section 19-3320 is to include additional land in the district, the <u>city</u> clerk also shall mail a 23 24 copy of the notice to each person to whom land in the area proposed to be added is assessed as shown in the office of the register of deeds or the 25 county clerk at such person's last-known address. The notice shall be 26 mailed by certified mail at least fifteen days prior to the time set for 27 28 hearing objections. If the boundaries are changed, objection or protest made by owners of lands excluded by the change shall not be counted in 29 computing a protest but written objection or protest made by owners of 30 the remaining assessable land in the district, including assessable land 31

-141-

added by the change and filed with the <u>city</u> clerk not later than the time set for hearing, objecting to the proposed change shall be included in computing the protest. If owners of real property representing more than fifty percent of the taxable valuation of all real property in such new proposed district after the change of boundaries file a written protest within twenty days after the notice is published in such newspaper, then such district may not be changed.

8 Sec. 197. Section 19-3322, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

10 19-3322 Any land which in the judgment of the mayor and city council 11 will not be benefited shall not be included in <u>an offstreet parking the</u> 12 district <u>under the Offstreet Parking District Act</u>.

Sec. 198. Section 19-3323, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-3323 If the proceedings for the creation of an original offstreet 15 parking district or for an offstreet parking district under which the 16 17 boundaries have been changed, are terminated by a protest to the citycouncil, a proceeding under the Offstreet Parking District Act provisions 18 19 of sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 for the same or substantially the same acquisition and improvement shall not be commenced within one year 20 thereafter, except on petitions signed by owners of the record title 21 representing a majority of the total land area in the district. 22

Sec. 199. Section 19-3324, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-3324 Any protest or objection made pursuant to the <u>Offstreet</u> <u>Parking District Act</u> provisions of sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 or any signature to such objection or protest may be withdrawn by a written withdrawal signed by the person or persons who signed the protest or objection or who affixed the signature to be withdrawn and filed with the <u>city</u> clerk at any time prior to the determination of the mayor and city council as to whether or not a protest exists. Any protest, objection, or

-142-

1 signature withdrawn shall not be counted in computing the protest.

Sec. 200. Section 19-3325, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-3325 Proceedings under the Offstreet Parking District Act 4 sections 19-3301 to 19-3326 shall not be attacked after the hearing upon 5 any grounds not stated in an objection or protest filed pursuant to the 6 7 act provisions of sections 19-3301 to 19-3326. Any owner of real estate or person interested in any real estate within the district is estopped 8 9 to attack the proceedings upon any ground not stated in the protest filed 10 by him or her pursuant to the Offstreet Parking District Act provisions of sections 19-3301 to 19-3326. 11

Sec. 201. Section 19-3326, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-3326 (1) After the issuance of bonds under the Offstreet Parking 14 <u>District Act</u> hereunder by a city of the first <u>class</u> or <u>city of the</u> second 15 class, a certificate shall be issued by the city clerk certifying the 16 17 same to the county treasurer of the county in which such city is located and the annual taxes within the district shall be handled in the same 18 manner and collected in the same manner as intersection bonds for street 19 paving in the cities of the first class or cities of the second class in 20 21 Nebraska and to be paid to the city for use as provided by the act 22 sections 19-3301 to 19-3326.

23 (2) After the issuance of bonds <u>under the Offstreet Parking District</u> 24 <u>Act hereunder</u> by a city of the primary class, a certificate shall be 25 issued by the city clerk. Taxes shall be handled and collected as 26 otherwise provided by law or by home rule charter for such city_{\perp} and 27 those taxes paid to the city shall be used as provided in <u>the act</u> 28 <u>sections 19-3301 to 19-3327</u>.

29 Sec. 202. Section 19-3327, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 19-3327 Any city of the primary class, city of the first class, or

-143-

1 city of the , first, or second class, after the creation of an offstreet 2 parking district pursuant to the Offstreet Parking District Act, shall have the power to own, purchase, construct, equip, lease, or operate 3 within such city any offstreet parking facility in addition to any 4 offstreet parking facility contemplated at the time of the creation of 5 the district if the mayor and city council are of the opinion that the 6 district will be benefited thereby. Whenever the city council deems it 7 advisable to own, purchase, construct, equip, lease, or operate such 8 9 additional facility, the city council shall by resolution set forth the engineer's estimate of the sum of money to be expended in the acquisition 10 of property and the construction of the offstreet parking facility and a 11 description of the facility to be constructed, and if such resolution 12 proposes to acquire by grant, contract, or purchase τ or through 13 condemnation any offstreet parking facility, the resolution shall state 14 the price and conditions and how such facility shall be acquired, and if 15 16 assessments are to be levied, the resolution shall state the proposed 17 boundaries of the area in the district in which the special assessments shall be levied. Notice of the time and place of a hearing before the 18 city council on such resolution shall be given by publication one time 19 each week for two weeks in a legal daily or weekly newspaper in or of 20 general circulation published in the city. The publication shall contain 21 the entire resolution. The last publication shall not be less than five 22 23 days nor more than two weeks prior to the date set for such hearing. Not 24 later than the hour set for the hearing, any owner or any person 25 interested in any real property within the proposed area may file with the city clerk written objections to the resolution, the extent of the 26 proposed area, or both, and every person so interested shall have a right 27 to protest on any grounds and to object to his or her real property being 28 included in the area. At such hearing all objections and protests shall 29 be heard and passed upon by the mayor and city council. If the owners of 30 record title representing more than sixty percent of the taxable 31

-144-

valuation of all of the taxable real property included in such proposed area and who were such owners at the time the notice of hearing on objections to the creation of the facility was first published file a petition with the city clerk within three days of the date set for the hearing, such resolution shall not be passed.

Sec. 203. Section 19-3501, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
amended to read:

19-3501 (1) The city council governing body of cities of the first 8 9 class and cities of the second class and the village board of trustees of and second classes and villages may, by appropriate ordinance or proper 10 resolution, establish a pension plan designed and intended for the 11 benefit of the regularly employed or appointed full-time employees of the 12 13 city or village. Any recognized method of funding a pension plan may be 14 employed. The plan shall be established by appropriate ordinance or proper resolution, which may provide for mandatory contribution by the 15 16 employee. The city or village may also contribute, in addition to any 17 amounts contributed by the employee, amounts to be used for the purpose of funding employee past service benefits. Any two or more cities of the 18 19 first class, cities of the second class, and second classes and villages may jointly establish such a pension plan by adoption of appropriate 20 ordinances or resolutions. Such a pension plan may be integrated with old 21 22 age and survivors insurance, otherwise generally known as social 23 security.

24

(2) Beginning December 31, 1998, through December 31, 2017:

(a) The <u>city clerk or village</u> clerk of a city or village with a retirement plan established pursuant to this section and section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code shall file with the Public Employees Retirement Board an annual report on such plan and shall submit copies of such report to the Auditor of Public Accounts. The Auditor of Public Accounts may prepare a review of such report pursuant to section 84-304.02 but is not required to do so. The annual report shall be in a

-145-

form prescribed by the Public Employees Retirement Board and shall
 contain the following information for each such retirement plan:

3 (i) The number of persons participating in the retirement plan;

4 (ii) The contribution rates of participants in the plan;

5 (iii) Plan assets and liabilities;

6 (iv) The names and positions of persons administering the plan;

7 (v) The names and positions of persons investing plan assets;

8 (vi) The form and nature of investments;

9 (vii) For each defined contribution plan, a full description of 10 investment policies and options available to plan participants; and

(viii) For each defined benefit plan, the levels of benefits of participants in the plan, the number of members who are eligible for a benefit, and the total present value of such members' benefits, as well as the funding sources which will pay for such benefits.

15 If a plan contains no current active participants, the city <u>clerk</u> or 16 village clerk may file in place of such report a statement with the 17 Public Employees Retirement Board indicating the number of retirees still 18 drawing benefits, and the sources and amount of funding for such 19 benefits; and

(b) If such retirement plan is a defined benefit plan which was open 20 to new members on January 1, 2004, in addition to the reports required by 21 22 section 13-2402, the city council or village board of trustees shall cause to be prepared an annual report and shall file the same with the 23 24 Public Employees Retirement Board and the Nebraska Retirement Systems 25 Committee of the Legislature and submit to the Auditor of Public Accounts a copy of each report. The Auditor of Public Accounts may prepare a 26 review of such report pursuant to section 84-304.02 but is not required 27 28 to do so. If the city council or village board of trustees does not submit a copy of the report to the Auditor of Public Accounts within six 29 months after the end of the plan year, the Auditor of Public Accounts may 30 audit, or cause to be audited, the city or village. All costs of the 31

-146-

1 audit shall be paid by the city or village. The report shall consist of a full actuarial analysis of each such retirement plan established pursuant 2 to this section. The analysis shall be prepared by an independent private 3 4 organization or public entity employing actuaries who are members in good 5 standing of the American Academy of Actuaries, and which organization or entity has demonstrated expertise to perform this type of analysis and is 6 7 unrelated to any organization offering investment advice or which provides investment management services to the retirement plan. The 8 9 report to the Nebraska Retirement Systems Committee shall be submitted 10 electronically.

(3) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to firefighters 11 or police officers who are included under an existing pension or 12 13 retirement system established by the municipality employing such firefighters or police officers or the Legislature. If a city of the 14 first class decreases in population to less than five thousand, as 15 16 determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, any 17 police officer or firefighter employed by such city on or prior to the 18 date such city becomes a city of the second class shall retain the level 19 of benefits established by the Legislature for police officers or 20 firefighters employed by a city of the first class on the date such city 21 22 becomes a city of the second class.

Sec. 204. Section 19-3701, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-3701 All ordinances for the government of any city of the first class, city of the or second class, or of any village, adopted by the voters of such said city or village after submission to them by either initiative or referendum petition, shall become immediately effective thereafter. No ; but no ordinance for the government of any such city or village except as provided in sections 16-405 and 17-613, which has been adopted by such city or village without submission to the voters of such

-147-

city or village, shall go into effect until fifteen days after the
 passage of such ordinance.

Sec. 205. Section 19-3801, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

5 19-3801 Any city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or any village may, under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act 6 7 or Joint Public Agency Act, enter into a contract with the county board of its county for police services to be provided by the county sheriff. 8 9 The county board shall enter into such a contract when requested by a 10 village to do so. Whenever any such contract has been entered into, the sheriff shall, in addition to his or her other powers and duties, have 11 all the powers and duties of peace officers within and for the city or 12 13 village so contracting.

Sec. 206. Section 19-4017, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,2016, is amended to read:

16 19-4017 Cities of the metropolitan <u>class</u>, primary <u>class</u>, first 17 <u>class</u>, and second class in the state at present have business areas in 18 need of improvement and development, but lack the funds with which to 19 provide and maintain such improvements. The purpose of the Business 20 Improvement District Act is to provide a means by which such cities may 21 raise the necessary funds to be used for the purpose of providing and 22 maintaining the improvements authorized by the act.

Sec. 207. Section 19-4017.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

25 19-4017.01 For purposes of the Business Improvement District Act:

(1) <u>Assessable unit means front foot, square foot, equivalent front</u>
 foot, or other unit of assessment established under the proposed method
 of assessment set forth in the ordinance creating a business improvement
 <u>district</u> Record owner shall mean the fee owner of real property as shown
 in the records of the register of deeds office in the county in which the
 business area is located. A contract purchaser of real property shall be

1 considered the record owner and the only person entitled to petition
2 pursuant to section 19-4026 or 19-4029.03 or protest pursuant to section
3 19-4027 or 19-4029.04, if the contract is recorded in the register of
4 deeds office in the county in which the business area is located;

5 (2) <u>Business area means an established area of the city zoned for</u> 6 <u>business, public, or commercial purposes</u> Assessable unit shall mean front 7 foot, square foot, equivalent front foot, or other unit of assessment 8 established under the proposed method of assessment set forth in the 9 ordinance creating a business improvement district;

10 (3) Record owner means the fee owner of real property as shown in the records of the register of deeds office in the county in which the 11 business area is located. A contract purchaser of real property shall be 12 13 considered the record owner and the only person entitled to petition pursuant to section 19-4026 or 19-4029.03 or protest pursuant to section 14 15 19-4027 or 19-4029.04, if the contract is recorded in the register of deeds office in the county in which the business area is located Space 16 17 shall mean the square foot space wherein customers, patients, clients, or 18 other invitees are received and space from time to time used or available for use in connection with a business or profession of a user, excepting 19 20 all space owned or used by political subdivisions; and

(4) Space means the square foot space wherein customers, patients,
clients, or other invitees are received and space from time to time used
or available for use in connection with a business or profession of a
user, excepting all space owned or used by political subdivisions
Business area shall mean an established area of the city zoned for
business, public, or commercial purposes.

Sec. 208. Section 19-4018, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
28 2016, is amended to read:

19-4018 Pursuant to the Business Improvement District Act, cities of
 the metropolitan<u>class</u>, primary<u>class</u>, first<u>class</u>, or second class may
 impose (1) a special assessment upon the property within a business

-149-

improvement district in the city or (2) a general business occupation tax 1 2 on businesses and users of space within a business improvement district. 3 After March 27, 2014, any occupation tax imposed pursuant to this section 4 shall make a reasonable classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of transactions for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no 5 occupation tax shall be imposed on any transaction which is subject to 6 7 tax under section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under section 8 9 77-2704.24. The proceeds or other available funds may be used for the 10 purposes stated in section 19-4019.

Sec. 209. Section 19-4019, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

13 19-4019 Any money available under section 19-4018 may be used for14 any one or more of the following purposes:

(1) The acquisition, construction, maintenance, and operation of
 public offstreet parking facilities for the benefit of the <u>business</u>
 <u>improvement</u> district area;

18 (2) Improvement of any public place or facility in the <u>business</u>
 19 <u>improvement</u> district area, including landscaping, physical improvements
 20 for decoration or security purposes, and plantings;

(3) Construction or installation of pedestrian shopping malls or
plazas, sidewalks or moving sidewalks, parks, meeting and display
facilities, bus stop shelters, lighting, benches or other seating
furniture, sculptures, trash receptacles, shelters, fountains, skywalks,
and pedestrian and vehicular overpasses and underpasses, and any useful
or necessary public improvements in the business improvement district
<u>area;</u>

(4) Leasing, acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, extending,
maintaining, or repairing parking lots or parking garages, both above and
below ground, or other facilities for the parking of vehicles, including
the power to install such facilities in public areas, whether such areas

-150-

1 are owned in fee or by easement, in the <u>business improvement</u> district 2 area;

3 (5) Creation and implementation of a plan for improving the general
4 architectural design of public areas in the <u>business improvement</u>
5 district;

6 (6) The development of any public activities and promotion of public 7 events, including the management and promotion and advocacy of retail 8 trade activities or other promotional activities, in the <u>business</u> 9 <u>improvement_district area;</u>

(7) Maintenance, repair, and reconstruction of any improvements or
 facilities authorized by the Business Improvement District Act;

12 (8) Any other project or undertaking for the betterment of the
13 public facilities in the <u>business improvement</u> district area, whether the
14 project be capital or noncapital in nature;

(9) Enforcement of parking regulations and the provision of security
within the <u>business improvement</u> district area; and

17 (10) Employing or contracting for personnel, including 18 administrators for any improvement program under the act, and providing 19 for any service as may be necessary or proper to carry out the purposes 20 of the act.

21 Sec. 210. Section 19-4021, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 22 2016, is amended to read:

23 19-4021 The mayor, with the approval of the city council, shall 24 appoint a business improvement board consisting of property owners, residents, business operators, or users of space within the business area 25 to be improved. The boundaries of the business area shall be declared by 26 resolution of the city council at or prior to the time of the appointment 27 28 of the business improvement board. The business improvement board shall make recommendations to the city council for the establishment of a plan 29 or plans for improvements in the business area. If it is found that the 30 improvements to be included in one business area offer benefits that 31

-151-

cannot be equitably assessed together under the Business Improvement 1 2 District Act, more than one business improvement district as part of the same plan for improvements for that business area may be proposed. The 3 4 business improvement board may make recommendations to the city as to the 5 use of any occupation tax funds collected, and may administer such funds if so directed by the mayor and city council. The business improvement 6 7 board shall also review and make recommendations to the city regarding expansion of the boundaries of the business improvement district under 8 9 sections 19-4029.02 to 19-4029.05.

Sec. 211. Section 19-4022, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 19-4022 The <u>business improvement</u> board shall consist of five or more 13 members to serve such terms as the city council, by resolution, 14 determines. The mayor, with the approval of the city council, shall fill 15 any vacancy for the term vacated. A board member may serve more than one 16 term. The board shall select from its members a chairperson and a 17 secretary.

Sec. 212. Section 19-4026, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

19-4026 In the event that the city council has not acted to call a hearing to create a <u>business improvement</u> district as provided in section 19-4029, it shall do so when presented with a petition signed by the record owners of thirty percent of the assessable front footage in a business area or by the users of thirty percent of space in a business area.

26 Sec. 213. Section 19-4027, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 27 2016, is amended to read:

28 19-4027 Whenever a hearing is held under section 19-4029, the city 29 council shall:

30 (1) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the31 proposed action;

-152-

(2) Rule upon all written protests received prior to the close of
 the hearing, which ruling shall be final; and

3 (3) Continue the hearing from time to time as the city council may4 deem necessary.

5 If a special assessment is to be used, proceedings shall terminate if written protest is made prior to the close of the hearing by the 6 7 record owners of over fifty percent of the assessable units in the proposed business improvement district. If an occupation tax is to be 8 9 used, proceedings shall terminate if protest is made by users of over 10 fifty percent of the space in the proposed <u>business improvement</u> district. Sec. 214. Section 19-4028, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 11 2016, is amended to read: 12

13 19-4028 If the city council decides to change the boundaries of the proposed business improvement district or to change the proposed 14 modifications to the boundaries of an existing business improvement 15 district or districts from those recommended by the business improvement 16 board, the hearing shall be continued to a time at least fifteen days 17 after such decision and the notice shall be given as prescribed in 18 19 section 19-4029.01, showing the boundary amendments. The city council may expand the proposed boundaries recommended by the 20 not business improvement board without the <u>city</u> council's proposed boundaries being 21 22 considered by the business improvement board.

Sec. 215. Section 19-4029, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
24 2016, is amended to read:

19-4029 Upon receiving <u>a</u> the recommendation from <u>a</u> the business improvement board, the city council may create one or more business improvement districts. The city council, following a hearing, may establish or reject any proposed <u>business improvement</u> district or districts. If the city council decides to establish any <u>business</u> improvement district, it shall adopt an ordinance to that effect. This ordinance shall contain the following information:

-153-

(1) A statement that notice of hearing was given, including the date
 or dates on which it was given, in accordance with section 19-4029.01;

3 (2) The time and place the hearing was held concerning the formation
4 of such <u>business improvement</u> district;

5 (3) A statement that a business improvement district has been6 established;

7 (4) The purposes of the <u>business improvement</u> district, and the 8 public improvements and facilities to be included in such district;

9 (5) The description of the boundaries of <u>the business improvement</u>
10 such district;

11 (6) A statement that the businesses and users of space in the 12 <u>business improvement</u> district shall be subject to the general business 13 occupation tax or that the real property in the <u>business improvement</u> 14 district will be subject to the special assessment authorized by the 15 Business Improvement District Act;

16 (7) The proposed method of assessment to be imposed within the 17 <u>business improvement</u> district or the initial rate of the occupation tax 18 to be imposed; and

19 (8) Any penalties to be imposed for failure to pay the tax or20 special assessment.

The ordinance shall recite that the method of raising revenue shall be fair and equitable. In the use of a general occupation tax, the tax shall be based primarily on the square footage of the owner's and user's place of business. In the use of a special assessment, the assessment shall be based upon the special benefit to the property within the <u>business improvement</u> district.

Sec. 216. Section 19-4029.01, Revised Statutes CumulativeSupplement, 2016, is amended to read:

19-4029.01 (1) At least ten days prior to the date of any hearing under sections 19-4029, 19-4029.02, and 19-4029.03, notice of such hearing shall be given by:

-154-

(a) One publication of the notice of hearing in a <u>legal</u> newspaper <u>in</u>
 <u>or</u> of general circulation in the city;

3 (b) Mailing a copy of the notice of hearing to each owner of taxable 4 property as shown on the latest tax rolls of the county treasurer for 5 such county;

6 (c) Providing a copy of the notice of hearing to any neighborhood 7 association registered pursuant to subsection (2) of this section in the 8 manner requested by such neighborhood association; and

9 (d) If an occupation tax is to be imposed, mailing a copy of the 10 notice of hearing to each user of space in the proposed district.

(2) The notice required by subdivision (1)(c) of this section shall 11 be provided to any neighborhood association which is registered pursuant 12 13 to this subsection and whose area of concern is located, in whole or in part, within a one-mile radius of the existing or proposed boundaries of 14 the district. Each neighborhood association desiring to receive such 15 16 notice shall register with the city the area of concern of such association and provide the name of and contact information for the 17 individual who is to receive notice on behalf of such association and the 18 requested manner of service, whether by email or regular, certified, or 19 registered mail. The registration shall be in accordance with any rules 20 adopted and promulgated by the city. 21

(3) Any notice of hearing for any hearing required by section19-4029 shall contain the following information:

24 (a) A description of the boundaries of the proposed <u>business</u>
 25 <u>improvement</u>district;

(b) The time and place of a hearing to be held by the city council
to consider establishment of the <u>business improvement</u> district;

(c) The proposed public facilities and improvements to be made or
 maintained within any <u>business improvement</u> such district; and

30 (d) The proposed or estimated costs for improvements and facilities
 31 within the proposed <u>business improvement</u> district and the method by which

-155-

1 the revenue shall be raised. If a special assessment is proposed, the 2 notice shall also state the proposed method of assessment.

3 (4) Any notice of hearing for any hearing required by sections
4 19-4029.02 and 19-4029.03 shall contain the following information:

5 (a) A description of the boundaries of the area to be added to the 6 existing business improvement district and a description of the new 7 boundaries of the modified <u>business improvement</u> district;

8 (b) The time and place of a hearing to be held by the city council 9 to consider establishment of the modified <u>business improvement</u> district;

(c) The new public facilities and improvements, if any, to be made
 or maintained within any <u>business improvement</u> such district; and

12 (d) The proposed or estimated costs for new and existing 13 improvements and facilities within the proposed modified <u>business</u> 14 <u>improvement</u> district and the method by which the revenue shall be raised. 15 If a special assessment is proposed, the notice shall also state the 16 proposed method of assessment.

Sec. 217. Section 19-4029.04, Revised Statutes CumulativeSupplement, 2016, is amended to read:

19 19-4029.04 Whenever a hearing is held to expand <u>business improvement</u>
 20 district boundaries under section 19-4029.02 or 19-4029.03, the city
 21 council shall:

(1) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against theproposed action;

(2) Rule upon all written protests received prior to the close ofthe hearing, which ruling shall be final; and

26 (3) Continue the hearing from time to time as the city council may27 deem necessary.

If a special assessment is to be used, proceedings shall terminate if written protest is made prior to the close of the hearing by the record owners of over fifty percent of the assessable units in the modified <u>business improvement</u> district as proposed. If an occupation tax

-156-

1 is to be used, proceedings shall terminate if protest is made by users of 2 over fifty percent of space in the modified <u>business improvement</u> district 3 as proposed.

Sec. 218. Section 19-4029.05, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

6 19-4029.05 The city council, following a hearing under section 7 19-4029.02 or 19-4029.03, may expand the boundaries of any <u>business</u> 8 <u>improvement</u> district or districts. If the city council decides to expand 9 the boundaries, it shall adopt an ordinance to that effect. This 10 ordinance shall contain the following information:

(1) The name of the <u>business improvement</u> district whose boundaries
 will be expanded;

(2) A statement that notice of hearing was given, including the date
 or dates on which it was given, in accordance with section 19-4029.01;

(3) The time and place the hearing was held concerning the new
boundaries of <u>the business improvement</u> such district;

17 (4) The purposes of the boundary expansion and any new public
18 improvements and facilities to be included in <u>the business improvement</u>
19 such district;

20 (5) The description of the new boundaries of <u>the business</u>
 21 <u>improvement</u> such district;

(6) A statement that the businesses and users of space in the modified <u>business improvement</u> district established by the ordinance shall be subject to the general business occupation tax or that the real property in the modified <u>business improvement</u> district will be subject to the special assessment authorized by the Business Improvement District Act;

(7) The proposed method of assessment to be imposed within the
 <u>business improvement</u> district or the initial rate of the occupation tax
 to be imposed; and

31 (8) Any penalties to be imposed for failure to pay the tax or

-157-

1 special assessment.

The ordinance shall recite that the method of raising revenue shall be fair and equitable. In the use of a general occupation tax, the tax shall be based primarily on the square footage of the owner's and user's place of business. In the use of a special assessment, the assessment shall be based upon the special benefit to the property within the business improvement district.

8 Sec. 219. Section 19-4030, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is9 amended to read:

10 19-4030 A city may levy a special assessment against the real estate located in a business improvement district, to the extent of the special 11 12 benefit thereto, for the purpose of paying all or any part of the total 13 costs and expenses of performing any authorized work, except maintenance, repair, and reconstruction costs, within the business improvement such 14 district. The amount of each special assessment shall be determined by 15 the city council sitting as a board of equalization. Assessments shall be 16 17 levied in accordance with the method of assessment proposed in the ordinance creating the business improvement district. If the city council 18 finds that the proposed method of assessment does not provide a fair and 19 equitable method of apportioning costs, then it may assess the costs 20 under such method as the city council finds to be fair and equitable. 21 22 Notice of a hearing on any special assessments to be levied under the Business Improvement District Act shall be given to the landowners in the 23 24 business improvement such district by publication of the description of 25 the land, the amount proposed to be assessed, and the general purpose for which such assessment is to be made one time each week for three weeks in 26 a legal daily or weekly newspaper in or of general circulation published 27 in the city. The notice shall provide the date, time, and place of 28 hearing to hear any objections or protests by landowners in the business 29 improvement district as to the amount of assessment made against their 30 land. A direct appeal to the district court of the county in which such 31

city is located may be taken from the decision of the city council in the 1 2 same manner and under like terms and conditions as appeals may be taken from the amount of special assessments levied in street improvement 3 4 districts in such city as now provided by law. All special assessments 5 levied under the act shall be liens on the property and shall be certified for collection and collected in the same manner as special 6 7 assessments for improvements and street improvement districts of the city are collected. If any part of a business improvement district overlaps 8 9 with a riverfront development district in which a special assessment is 10 already being levied pursuant to section 19-5313, the city creating the business improvement district shall not impose the business improvement 11 12 district's special assessment within the overlapping area.

Sec. 220. Section 19-4031, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is amended to read:

19-4031 (1) In addition to or in place of the special assessments 15 authorized by the Business Improvement District Act, a city may levy a 16 17 general business occupation tax upon the businesses and users of space within a business improvement district established for acquiring, 18 constructing, maintaining, operating public offstreet 19 or parking facilities and providing therewith 20 in connection other public improvements and facilities authorized by the Business Improvement 21 22 District Act, for the purpose of paying all or any part of the total cost and expenses of any authorized improvement or facility within the 23 24 business improvement such district. Notice of a hearing on any such tax 25 levied under the Business Improvement District Act shall be given to the businesses and users of space of the business improvement such districts, 26 and appeals may be taken, all in the manner provided in section 19-4030. 27

(2) After March 27, 2014, any occupation tax imposed pursuant to
this section shall make a reasonable classification of businesses, users
of space, or kinds of transactions for purposes of imposing such tax,
except that no occupation tax shall be imposed on any transaction which

-159-

is subject to tax under section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 1 2 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The collection of a tax imposed pursuant to this 3 4 section shall be made and enforced in such a manner as the city council 5 shall by ordinance determine to produce the required revenue. The city council may provide that failure to pay the tax imposed pursuant to this 6 7 section shall constitute a violation of the ordinance and subject the violator to a fine or other punishment as provided by ordinance. 8

9 (3) If any part of a business improvement district overlaps with a 10 riverfront development district in which a general business occupation 11 tax is already being levied pursuant to section 19-5312, the city 12 creating the business improvement district shall not impose the business 13 improvement district's occupation tax within the overlapping area.

14 Sec. 221. Section 19-4032, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

16 19-4032 If, subsequent to the levy of taxes or assessments under the 17 Business Improvement District Act, the use of any parcel of land shall change so that, had the new use existed at the time of making such levy, 18 19 the assessment or levy on such parcel would have been higher than the levy or assessment actually made, an additional assessment or levy may be 20 made on such parcel by the city council taking into consideration the new 21 22 and changed use of the property. Reassessments or changes in the rate of levy of assessments or taxes may be made by the city council after notice 23 24 and hearing as provided in section 19-4030. The city council shall adopt 25 a resolution of intention to change the rate of levy at least fifteen days prior to the hearing required for changes. This resolution shall 26 specify the proposed change and shall give the time and place of the 27 hearing. 28

Sec. 222. Section 19-4033, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

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19-4033 The total amount of <u>special</u>assessments or general business

-160-

1 occupation taxes levied under the Business Improvement District Act shall 2 not exceed the total costs and expenses of performing the authorized 3 work. The levy of any additional assessment or tax shall not reduce or 4 affect in any manner the assessments previously levied. The assessments 5 or taxes levied must be for the purposes specified in the ordinances and 6 the proceeds shall not be used for any other purpose.

Sec. 223. Section 19-4034, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

9 19-4034 A city may levy a general business occupation tax, or a 10 special assessment against the real estate located in a business improvement district to the extent of special benefit to such real 11 estate, for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of 12 maintenance, repair, and reconstruction, including utility costs of any 13 14 improvement or facility in the <u>business improvement</u> district. Districts 15 created for taxation or assessment of maintenance, repair, and 16 reconstruction costs, including utility costs of improvements or 17 facilities which are authorized by the Business Improvement District Act, but which were not acquired or constructed pursuant to the act, may be 18 taxed or assessed as provided in the act. Any occupation tax levied under 19 this section shall be limited to those improvements and facilities 20 authorized by section 19-4030. After March 27, 2014, any occupation tax 21 22 imposed pursuant to this section shall make a reasonable classification 23 of businesses, users of space, or kinds of transactions for purposes of 24 imposing such tax, except that no occupation tax shall be imposed on any 25 transaction which is subject to tax under section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or which is 26 exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The city council may levy such 27 28 taxes or assessments under either of the following methods:

29 (1) The city council, sitting as a board of equalization, may, not 30 more frequently than annually, determine the costs of maintenance or 31 repair, and reconstruction_{τ} of a facility. Such costs shall be either

-161-

assessed to the real estate located in the business improvement such 1 2 district in accordance with the proposed method of assessment, or taxed against the businesses and users of space in the business improvement 3 4 district, whichever may be applicable as determined by the ordinance 5 creating the <u>business improvement</u> district. However, if the city council finds that the method of assessment proposed in the ordinance creating 6 7 the <u>business improvement</u> district does not provide a fair and equitable method of apportioning such costs, then it may assess the costs under 8 9 such method as the city council finds to be fair and equitable. At the 10 hearing on such taxes or assessments, objections may be made to the total cost and the proposed allocation of such costs among the parcels of real 11 estate or businesses in the business improvement such district; or 12

13 (2) After notice is given to the owners or businesses as provided in section 19-4030 the city council may establish and may change from time 14 15 to time, the percentage of such costs for maintenance, repair, and 16 reconstruction which each parcel of real estate or each business or user 17 of space in any business improvement district shall pay. The city council shall annually determine the total amount of such costs for each period 18 since costs were last taxed or assessed, and shall, after a hearing, tax 19 or assess such costs to the real estate in the business improvement 20 district in accordance with the percentages previously established at 21 such hearing. Notice of such hearing shall be given as provided in 22 section 19-4030 and shall state the total costs and percentage to be 23 24 taxed or assessed to each parcel of real estate. Unless objections are 25 filed with the city clerk at least five days before the hearing, all objections to the amount of total costs and the assessment percentages 26 should be deemed to have been waived and the assessments shall be levied 27 28 as stated in such notice, except that the city council may reduce any assessment percentage. 29

30 Sec. 224. Section 19-4035, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

-162-

1 19-4035 The city council may <u>dissolve</u> <u>disestablish</u> a <u>business</u> 2 <u>improvement</u> district by ordinance after a hearing before the city 3 council. The city council shall adopt a resolution of intention to 4 <u>dissolve</u> <u>disestablish</u> the <u>business improvement district</u> area at least 5 fifteen days prior to the hearing required by this section. The 6 resolution shall give the time and place of the hearing.

Sec. 225. Section 19-4036, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 19-4036 Upon <u>dissolution</u> disestablishment of a <u>business improvement</u> 10 district, any proceeds of <u>any general business occupation</u> the tax or the 11 <u>special</u> assessment, or assets acquired with such proceeds, shall be 12 subject to disposition as the city council shall determine.

Sec. 226. Section 19-4037, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

15 19-4037 <u>Any The city which has established one or more business</u> 16 <u>improvement districts</u> is authorized to receive, administer, and disburse 17 donated funds or grants of federal or state funds for the purposes of and 18 in the manner authorized by the Business Improvement District Act.

Sec. 227. Section 19-4629, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

19-4629 (1) <u>A</u> The resolution of intent <u>pursuant to section 19-4628</u>
shall describe the property subject to the proposed condemnation,
including the types of property and facilities to be subject to the
condemnation and the extent and amount of property to be appropriated.
The resolution of intent shall set forth one or more of the following:

(a) A description of the acts and omissions of the utility regarding
natural gas safety which the city believes have created or may create a
material threat to the health and safety of the public in the city and a
description of the nature of the threat;

30 (b) A description of the acts and omissions of the utility regarding31 the terms, conditions, and quality of natural gas service to natural gas

-163-

ratepayers in the city which the city believes fail to meet generally
 accepted standards of customer service within the natural gas industry;

3 (c) A comparison of the rates for natural gas charged by the utility 4 to ratepayers in the city and of the rates charged to similarly situated 5 ratepayers in comparably sized cities in Nebraska and neighboring states 6 which are served by the same or different utilities, which comparison the 7 city believes shows that the rates charged in the city are excessive; or

8 (d) A description of recent or contemporaneous events or disclosures 9 regarding the utility, including, but not limited to, changes in 10 ownership, corporate structure, financial stability, or debt rating or 11 any other factor which the city believes indicates financial instability 12 in the utility which may materially impair its ability to maintain 13 appropriate levels of safety and consumer service in the city.

(2) If the resolution of intent contains provisions as set out in 14 subdivision (1)(a) or (b) of this section, the resolution shall describe 15 the efforts by the city to inform the utility of the utility's acts or 16 17 omissions regarding safety or service and shall describe the opportunities afforded the utility to remedy the stated defects. 18

19 (3) The resolution of intent shall not contain any provision 20 regarding nor make any references to any expected or anticipated revenue 21 to be derived by the city in consequence of the city's condemnation or 22 operation of the gas system.

23 Sec. 228. Section 19-4630, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

19-4630 (1) <u>A</u> The resolution of intent to pursue condemnation pursuant to section 19-4628 shall be presented to the governing body of the city at a regular meeting of such governing body. At that meeting the governing body may adopt the resolution of intent and, if it does so, shall set a time at least forty-five days after the date of the meeting at which the resolution of intent was adopted at which time the governing body of the city shall hold a public hearing.

-164-

1 (2) At the public hearing, the sole item of business to be conducted 2 shall be the public hearing on the resolution of intent at which the 3 public shall be permitted to comment on the proposed condemnation, the 4 utility shall be permitted to respond to the statements set out in the 5 resolution of intent and any comments made at the public hearing, and the 6 governing body may act as provided in section 19-4631.

7 (3) The <u>city</u> clerk of the city shall transmit a copy of the resolution of intent and notice of the date and time of the public 8 9 hearing to the utility by United States registered mail with signature confirmation within seven days after the meeting at which the resolution 10 of intent was adopted. At least thirty days prior to the public hearing, 11 the city shall publish notice of the time and place of the public hearing 12 and a summary of the resolution of intent in a legal newspaper published 13 in or of general circulation in the city. 14

(4) The utility may present to the city a description of portions of 15 16 the gas system which (a) are not described as part of the gas system being condemned by the city and (b) are served through the town border 17 station of the city. The utility may require the city to include in its 18 description of the gas system being condemned any or all of those 19 portions of the system if the proposed condemnation would sever those 20 portions of the system from the utility's distribution facilities and 21 would require the utility to create new infrastructure to link these 22 23 portions to its existing delivery system outside the city. If the utility 24 chooses to require the city to include additional portions of the gas 25 system in the description of the property being condemned, it shall do so prior to the adjournment of the public hearing. 26

27 Sec. 229. Section 19-4632, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

19-4632 Following the adoption of <u>a the motion pursuant to section</u>
 <u>19-4631</u>, including an override of any veto, if necessary, the <u>city</u> clerk
 of the city shall transmit to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

-165-

1 notice of the decision of the city to pursue condemnation of the gas 2 system. The Supreme Court shall, within thirty days after the receipt of such notice, appoint three judges of the district court from three of the 3 4 judicial districts of the state to constitute a court of condemnation to 5 ascertain and find the value of the gas system being taken. The Supreme Court shall enter an order requiring the judges to attend as a court of 6 7 condemnation at the county seat of the county in which the city is located, within such time as may be stated in the order, except upon 8 9 stipulation by all necessary parties as to the value of the gas system filed with the Supreme Court prior to such date. The judges shall attend 10 11 as ordered and at the first meeting shall select a presiding judge, organize, and proceed with the court's duties. The court may adjourn from 12 13 time to time and shall fix a time for the appearance before it of all such corporations or persons as the court may deem necessary to be made 14 parties to such condemnation proceedings or which the city or the utility 15 16 may desire to have made a party to the proceedings. If such time of 17 appearance shall occur after any proceedings have begun, the proceedings shall be reviewed by the court, as it may direct, to give all parties 18 19 full opportunity to be heard. All corporations or persons, including all mortgagees, bondholders, trustees for bondholders, leaseholders, or other 20 parties or persons claiming any interest in or lien upon the gas system, 21 may be made parties to the proceedings. All parties shall be served with 22 23 notice of the proceedings and the time and place of the meeting of the 24 court of condemnation in the same manner and for such length of time as 25 the service of a summons in cases begun in the district court, either by personal service or service by publication, and actual personal service 26 of notice within or without the state shall supersede the necessity of 27 notice by publication. 28

29 Sec. 230. Section 19-4633, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31

-166-

19-4633 In all proceedings before it, the court of condemnation

1 shall appoint a reporter of its proceedings who shall report and preserve all evidence introduced before it. The clerk of the district court, in 2 the county where the city is located, shall attend upon the court of 3 4 condemnation and perform the duties of the clerk thereof, as the court of condemnation may direct. The sheriff of the county or any of his or her 5 6 deputies shall attend upon the court of condemnation and shall have power to serve summonses, subpoenas, and all other orders or papers ordered to 7 be served by the court. In case of a vacancy on the court, the vacancy 8 9 shall be filled by the Supreme Court if the vacancy occurs while the Supreme Court is in session, and if it occurs while the Supreme Court is 10 not in session, then by the Chief Justice. The judges constituting the 11 court of condemnation shall be paid by the city a per diem for their 12 13 services in an amount to be established by rule of the Supreme Court and the city shall pay their necessary traveling expenses, accommodation 14 bills, and all other necessary expenses incurred while in attendance upon 15 16 the sittings of the court of condemnation, with reimbursement for expenses to be made as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177. The city 17 shall pay the reporter that is appointed by the court of condemnation the 18 amount that is set by such the court. The sheriff shall serve all 19 summonses, subpoenas, or other orders or papers ordered issued or served 20 by the court of condemnation at the same rate and compensation for which 21 he or she serves like papers issued by the district court, but shall 22 23 account to the county for all compensation as required of him or her 24 under the law governing his or her duties as sheriff.

25 Sec. 231. Section 19-4634, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 19-4634 (1) In ascertaining the value of the gas system, the court 28 of condemnation shall have full power to summon witnesses, administer 29 oaths, take evidence, order the taking of depositions, and require the 30 production of any and all books and papers deemed necessary for a full 31 investigation and ascertainment of the value of any portion of the gas

-167-

system. When part of the gas system appropriated under the Municipal 1 2 Natural Gas System Condemnation Act extends beyond the territory within which the city exercising the power of eminent domain has a right to 3 operate the gas system, the court of condemnation, in determining the 4 5 damages caused by the appropriation, shall take into consideration the fact that the portion of the gas system beyond that territory is being 6 7 detached and not appropriated by the city, and the court of condemnation shall award damages by reason of the detachment and the destruction in 8 9 value and usefulness of the detached and unappropriated property as it will remain and be left after the detachment and appropriation. The court 10 of condemnation shall have all the necessary powers and perform all the 11 necessary duties in the condemnation and ascertainment of the value and 12 13 in making an award of the value of the gas system.

(2) The court of condemnation shall have power to apportion the 14 costs of the proceedings before it between the city and the utility and 15 the city shall provide for and pay the costs as ordered by such the 16 17 court. The city shall make provisions for the necessary funds and expenses to carry on the proceedings of the court of condemnation while 18 the proceedings are in progress. If the governing body of the city elects 19 to abandon the condemnation proceedings, the city shall pay all the costs 20 made before the court of condemnation. 21

(3) If the services of expert witnesses or attorneys are secured by 22 the utility, their fees or compensation as billed to the utility are to 23 24 be taxed and paid as costs by the city to the extent that the court of 25 condemnation determines that the fees and compensation sought (a) reflect the prevailing industry or professional charges for such services in 26 cases of the size involved in the condemnation and (b) were reasonably 27 necessary to a just and accurate determination of the value of the gas 28 system. The costs of any appeal shall be adjudged against the party 29 defeated in the appeal in the same degree and manner as is done under the 30 31 general court practice relating to appellate proceedings.

-168-

Sec. 232. Section 19-4636, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 19-4636 Upon the hearing of an the appeal pursuant to section 4 <u>19-4635</u> in the district court, judgment shall be pronounced, as in 5 ordinary cases, for the value of the gas system. The city or utility may appeal the judgment to the Supreme Court. All actions and proceedings 6 7 under the Municipal Natural Gas System Condemnation Act which are heard by the district court or the Supreme Court shall be expedited for hearing 8 9 and decision by the appropriate court as soon as the issues and parties are properly before such court. Such proceedings and actions shall be 10 preferred over all other civil cases irrespective of their position on 11 the calendar. 12

Sec. 233. Section 19-4638, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-4638 If an the election pursuant to section 19-4637 at which the 15 question is submitted is a special election and sixty percent of the 16 17 votes cast upon such proposition are in favor, or if such the election at which the question is submitted is a general election and a majority of 18 19 the votes cast upon such proposition are in favor, then the officer possessing the power and duty to ascertain and declare the result of the 20 election shall certify the result immediately to the governing body of 21 22 the city. The governing body of the city may then proceed to tender the 23 amount of the value and award made by the court of condemnation, the 24 district court, or the Supreme Court to the utility owning the gas system 25 and shall have the right and power to take immediate possession of the gas system upon the tender. 26

27 Sec. 234. Section 19-4701, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

19-4701 A city of the metropolitan <u>class</u> or primary class may
 acquire, purchase, and operate a professional baseball organization.

31 Sec. 235. Section 19-5001, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

-169-

1 amended to read:

19-5001 (1) A city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class,
or village shall provide written notice of a proposed annexation to the
owners of property within the area proposed for annexation in the manner
set out in this section.

(2) Initial notice of the proposed annexation shall be sent to the 6 owners of property within the area proposed for annexation by regular 7 United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address of each owner of such 8 9 property as it appears in the records of the office of the register of deeds or as the address is determined from another official source, 10 postmarked at least ten working days prior to the planning commission's 11 public hearing on the proposed change with a certified letter to the 12 13 clerk of any sanitary and improvement district if the annexation includes property located within the boundaries of such district. Such notice 14 shall describe the area proposed for annexation, including a map showing 15 the boundaries of the area proposed for annexation, and shall contain the 16 date, time, and location of the planning commission's hearing and how 17 further information regarding the annexation can be obtained, including 18 the telephone number of the pertinent city or village official and an 19 electronic mail or Internet address if available. 20

(3) A second notice of the proposed annexation shall be sent to the 21 22 same owners of property who were provided with notice under subsection 23 (2) of this section. Such notice shall be sent by regular United States 24 mail, postage prepaid, to the owner's address as it appears in the 25 records of the office of the register of deeds or as the address is determined from another official source, postmarked at least ten working 26 days prior to the public hearing of the city council or village board of 27 28 trustees on the annexation. Such notice shall describe the area proposed for annexation, including a map showing the boundaries of the area 29 proposed for annexation, and shall contain the date, time, and location 30 of the hearing and how further information regarding the annexation can 31

-170-

be obtained, including the telephone number of the pertinent city or
 village official and an electronic mail or Internet address if available.

3 (4) No additional or further notice beyond that required by 4 subsections (2) and (3) of this section shall be necessary if the 5 scheduled public hearing by the planning commission or city council or 6 village board <u>of trustees</u> on the proposed annexation is adjourned, 7 continued, or postponed until a later date.

(5) Except for a willful or deliberate failure to cause notice to be 8 9 given, no annexation decision made by a city of the first class, city of the or second class, or village to accept or reject a proposed 10 annexation, either in whole or in part, shall be void, invalidated, or 11 affected in any way because of any irregularity, defect, error, or 12 13 failure on the part of the city or village or its employees to cause 14 notice to be given as required by this section if a reasonable attempt to comply with this section was made. No action to challenge the validity of 15 the acceptance or rejection of a proposed annexation on the basis of this 16 17 section shall be filed more than one year following the date after the formal acceptance or rejection of the annexation by the city council or 18 19 village board of trustees.

(6) Except for a willful or deliberate failure to cause notice to be 20 given, the city of the first <u>class, city of the</u> or second class, or 21 village and its employees shall not be liable for any damage to any 22 23 person resulting from failure to cause notice to be given as required by 24 this section if a reasonable attempt was made to provide such notice. No 25 action for damages resulting from the failure to cause notice to be provided as required by this section shall be filed more than one year 26 following the date of the formal acceptance or rejection of the proposed 27 28 annexation, either in whole or in part, by the city council or village board of trustees. 29

30 (7) For purposes of this section, owner means the owner of a piece31 of property as indicated on the records of the office of the register of

-171-

deeds as provided to or made available to the city of the first <u>class</u>,
<u>city of the</u> or second class, or village no earlier than the last business
day before the twenty-fifth day preceding the public hearing by the
planning commission on the annexation proposed for the subject property.
Sec. 236. Section 32-538, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is

5 Sec. 236. Section 32-538, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017,
6 amended to read:

7 32-538 (1) In a city which adopts the city manager plan of government pursuant to the City Manager Plan of Government Act sections 8 9 19-601 to 19-610, the number of city council members shall be determined 10 by the class and population of the city. In cities having one thousand or more but not more than forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the 11 most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 12 13 count by the United States Bureau of the Census, there shall be five 14 members, and in cities having more than forty thousand but less than two hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal 15 16 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 17 States Bureau of the Census, there shall be seven members, except that in cities having between twenty-five thousand and forty thousand inhabitants 18 19 as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, 20 the city council may by ordinance provide for seven members. Council 21 members shall be elected from the city at large unless the city council 22 23 by ordinance provides for the election of all or some of its council 24 members by wards, the number and boundaries of which are provided for in 25 section 16-104. Council members shall serve for terms of four years or until their successors are elected and qualified. The council members 26 shall meet the qualifications found in sections 19-613 and 19-613.01. 27

The first election under an ordinance changing the number of council members or their manner of election shall take place at the next regular city election. Council members whose terms of office expire after the election shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for

-172-

which they were elected and until their successors are elected and 1 2 qualified. At the first election under an ordinance changing the number of council members or their manner of election, one-half or the bare 3 4 majority of council members elected at large, as the case may be, who 5 receive the highest number of votes shall serve for four years and the other or others, if needed, for two years. At such first election, one-6 7 half or the bare majority of council members, as the case may be, who are elected by wards shall serve for four years and the other or others, if 8 9 needed, for two years, as provided in the ordinance. If only one council 10 member is to be elected at large at such first election, such member shall serve for four years. 11

12 (2) Commencing with the statewide primary election in 1976, and 13 every two years thereafter, those candidates whose terms will be expiring 14 shall be nominated at the statewide primary election and elected at the 15 statewide general election.

16 Sec. 237. Section 32-539, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 17 amended to read:

32-539 (1) In a city which adopts the commission plan of government 18 pursuant to the Municipal Commission Plan of Government Act sections 19 19-401 to 19-433, the number of city council members shall be determined 20 by the class and population of the city. In cities having two thousand or 21 22 more but not more than forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 23 24 count by the United States Bureau of the Census, there shall be five members, in cities of the primary class, there shall be five members, and 25 in cities of the metropolitan class, there shall be seven members. 26 27 Council members shall be elected from the city at large. In cities of the primary class, three excise members shall be elected in addition to the 28 five council members. Nomination and election of all council members 29 shall be by nonpartisan ballot. The mayor shall be elected for a four-30 year term. 31

-173-

1 (2) In cities containing two thousand or more but not more than 2 forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal 3 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 4 States Bureau of the Census, at the city council election in 1980, the 5 council member elected as the commissioner of the department of public 6 works and the council member elected as the commissioner of the 7 department of parks and recreation shall each serve a term of four years. If a city elects to adopt the commission plan of government—after 1980, 8 9 the council member elected as the commissioner of the department of 10 public works and the council member elected as the commissioner of the department of public accounts and finances shall each serve a term of 11 four years and the council member elected as the commissioner of the 12 13 department of streets, public improvements, and public property and the 14 council member elected as the commissioner of the department of parks and recreation shall each serve a term of two years. Upon the expiration of 15 such terms, all council members shall serve terms of four years and until 16 17 their successors are elected and gualified.

(3) Commencing with the statewide primary election in 2000, and
every two years thereafter, candidates shall be nominated at the
statewide primary election and elected at the statewide general election
except as otherwise provided in section 19-405.

22 Original sections 19-201, 19-402, 19-403, 19-404, 19-405, Sec. 238. 19-409, 19-411, 19-412, 19-413, 19-416, 19-417, 19-419, 19-421, 19-422, 23 24 19-423, 19-432, 19-433, 19-502, 19-503, 19-601, 19-603, 19-604, 19-605, 25 19-606, 19-607, 19-608, 19-609, 19-610, 19-611, 19-612, 19-613, 19-613.01, 19-615, 19-616, 19-617, 19-618, 19-619, 26 19-620, 19-645, 27 19-646, 19-647, 19-648, 19-662, 19-701, 19-702, 19-703, 19-704, 19-705, 28 19-706, 19-707, 19-708, 19-709, 19-710, 19-901, 19-902, 19-903, 19-904, 19-905, 19-907, 19-908, 19-909, 19-910, 29 19-904.01, 19-911, 19-912, 19-913, 19-914, 19-915, 19-916, 19-917, 19-912.01, 19-918, 19-919, 30 19-920, 19-921, 19-923, 19-925, 19-927, 19-928, 19-929, 19-930, 19-931, 31

1	19-932,	19-1103,	19-1104,	19-1301,	19-1302,	19-1303,	19-1304,	19-1305,
2	19-1306,	19-1307,	19-1308,	19-1309,	19-1310,	19-1311,	19-1312,	19-1401,
3	19-1402,	19-1403,	19-1404,	19-1501,	19-1502,	19-1826,	19-1829,	19-1830,
4	19-1833,	19-1834,	19-1836,	19-1839,	19-1846,	19-2101,	19-2102,	19-2103,
5	19-2104,	19-2105,	19-2106,	19-2201,	19-2202,	19-2203,	19-2302,	19-2303,
6	19-2304,	19-2401,	19-2403,	19-2405,	19-2406,	19-2410,	19-2411,	19-2412,
7	19-2413,	19-2414,	19-2416,	19-2417,	19-2419,	19-2420,	19-2421,	19-2422,
8	19-2423,	19-2424,	19-2425,	19-2426,	19-2428,	19-2429,	19-2430,	19-2432,
9	19-2701,	19-2901,	19-2902,	19-2904,	19-2905,	19-2907,	19-2908,	19-2909,
10	19-3052,	19-3101,	19-3302,	19-3303,	19-3304,	19-3305,	19-3306,	19-3307,
11	19-3308,	19-3309,	19-3310,	19-3311,	19-3312,	19-3313,	19-3314,	19-3315,
12	19-3315.	01, 19-3	316, 19-	3317, 19	-3318, 1	9-3319,	19-3320,	19-3321,
13	19-3322,	19-3323,	19-3324,	19-3325,	19-3326,	19-3327,	19-3701,	19-3801,
14	19-4017.	01, 19-4	019, 19-	4021, 19	-4022, 1	9-4032,	19-4033,	19-4035,
15	19-4036,	19-4629,	19-4630,	19-4632,	19-4633,	19-4634,	19-4636,	19-4638,
16	19-4701,	and 19-	5001, Rei	ssue Revi	ised Stat	utes of	Nebraska,	sections
17	16-238,	16-305,	16-308,	19-922, 1	L9-2402,	19-2404,	19-2407,	19-2418,
18	19-2427,	19-401	7, 19-40	18, 19-4	4026, 19	-4027,	19-4028,	19-4029,
19	19-4029.	01, 19-4	029.04,	19-4029.0	5, 19-40	34, and	19-4037,	Revised
20	Statutes	Cumulati	ve Supple	ement, 20	16, and s	sections	17-108.02,	17-121,
21	19-401,	19-415,	19-418,	19-602,	19-926,	19-1101,	19-1102,	19-1827,
22	19-3501,	19-4030	, 19-403	1, 32-53	88, and	32-539,	Revised	Statutes
23	Supplement, 2017, are repealed.							

Sec. 239. The following sections are outright repealed: Sections 19-101, 19-104, 19-407, and 19-924, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 19-102 and 19-103, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017.

-175-