LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 795

Introduced by Wayne, 13.

Read first time January 18, 2023

Committee:

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Uniform Controlled Substances Act; to
- amend section 28-470, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022;
- 3 to provide for immunity for administration of naloxone or other
- 4 federally approved opioid antagonists as prescribed; to eliminate
- 5 and provide definitions; and to repeal the original section.
- 6 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 28-470, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 2 2022, is amended to read:
- 3 28-470 (1) A health professional who is authorized to prescribe or
- 4 dispense an opioid antagonist naloxone, if acting with reasonable care,
- 5 may prescribe, administer, or dispense <u>an opioid antagonist</u> naloxone to
- 6 any of the following persons without being subject to administrative
- 7 action or criminal prosecution:
- 8 (a) A person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to
- 9 experience an opioid-related overdose; or
- 10 (b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist
- 11 a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to experience an
- 12 opioid-related overdose.
- 13 (2) A family member, friend, or other person who is in a position to
- 14 assist a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to
- 15 experience an opioid-related overdose, other than an emergency responder
- 16 or peace officer, is not subject to actions under the Uniform
- 17 Credentialing Act, administrative action, or criminal prosecution if the
- 18 person, acting in good faith, obtains an opioid antagonist naloxone from
- 19 a health professional or a prescription for an opioid antagonist naloxone
- 20 from a health professional and administers the opioid antagonist naloxone
- 21 obtained from the health professional or acquired pursuant to the
- 22 prescription to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related
- 23 overdose.
- 24 (3) An emergency responder who, acting in good faith, obtains an
- 25 <u>opioid antagonist naloxone</u> from the emergency responder's emergency
- 26 medical service organization and administers the opioid antagonist
- 27 naloxone to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related
- 28 overdose shall not be:
- 29 (a) Subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution; or
- 30 (b) Personally liable in any civil action to respond in damages as a
- 31 result of his or her acts of commission or omission arising out of and in

- 1 the course of his or her rendering such care or services or arising out
- 2 of his or her failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical
- 3 treatment or care for the person who is apparently experiencing an
- 4 opioid-related overdose, unless the emergency responder caused damage or
- 5 injury by his or her willful, wanton, or grossly negligent act of
- 6 commission or omission. This subdivision shall not affect the liability
- 7 of such emergency medical service organization for the emergency
- 8 responder's acts of commission or omission.
- 9 (4) A peace officer or law enforcement employee who, acting in good
- 10 faith, obtains an opioid antagonist naloxone from the peace officer's or
- 11 employee's law enforcement agency and administers the opioid antagonist
- 12 naloxone to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related
- 13 overdose shall not be:
- 14 (a) Subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution; or
- 15 (b) Personally liable in any civil action to respond in damages as a
- 16 result of his or her acts of commission or omission arising out of and in
- 17 the course of his or her rendering such care or services or arising out
- 18 of his or her failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical
- 19 treatment or care for the person who is apparently experiencing an
- 20 opioid-related overdose, unless the peace officer or employee caused
- 21 damage or injury by his or her willful, wanton, or grossly negligent act
- 22 of commission or omission. This subdivision shall not affect the
- 23 liability of such law enforcement agency for the peace officer's or
- 24 employee's acts of commission or omission.
- 25 (5) For purposes of this section:
- 26 (a) Administer has the same meaning as in section 38-2806;
- (b) Dispense has the same meaning as in section 38-2817;
- 28 (c) Emergency responder means an emergency medical responder, an
- 29 emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician,
- 30 or a paramedic licensed under the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act
- 31 or practicing pursuant to the EMS Personnel Licensure Interstate Compact;

- 1 (d) Health professional means a physician, physician assistant,
- 2 nurse practitioner, or pharmacist licensed under the Uniform
- 3 Credentialing Act;
- 4 (e) Law enforcement agency means a police department, a town
- 5 marshal, the office of sheriff, or the Nebraska State Patrol;
- 6 (f) Law enforcement employee means an employee of a law enforcement
- 7 agency, a contractor of a law enforcement agency, or an employee of such
- 8 contractor who regularly, as part of his or her duties, handles,
- 9 processes, or is likely to come into contact with any evidence or
- 10 property which may include or contain opioids;
- 11 (g) <u>Opioid antagonist means naloxone hydrochloride or any other</u>
- 12 <u>opioid antagonist that is approved by the United States Food and Drug</u>
- 13 Administration for emergency reversal of known or suspected opioid
- 14 <u>overdose</u> Naloxone means naloxone hydrochloride; and
- (h) Peace officer has the same meaning as in section 49-801.
- 16 Sec. 2. Original section 28-470, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 17 Supplement, 2022, is repealed.