### LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

### ONE HUNDRED THIRD LEGISLATURE

### SECOND SESSION

# LEGISLATIVE BILL 751

Final Reading

Introduced by Conrad, 46; Mello, 5.

Read first time January 09, 2014

Committee: Banking, Commerce and Insurance

## A BILL

- FOR AN ACT relating to corporations; to amend section 84-511, Revised

  Statutes Supplement, 2013; to adopt the Nebraska Benefit

  Corporation Act; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal
  the original section.
- 5 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 14 of this act shall be known

- 2 and may be cited as the Nebraska Benefit Corporation Act.
- 3 Sec. 2. (1) The Nebraska Benefit Corporation Act applies
- 4 to all benefit corporations.
- 5 (2) The existence of a provision of the Nebraska Benefit
- 6 Corporation Act does not of itself create an implication that a
- 7 contrary or different rule of law is applicable to a business
- 8 corporation that is not a benefit corporation. The act does not
- 9 affect a statute or rule of law that is applicable to a business
- 10 <u>corporation that is not a benefit corporation.</u>
- 11 (3) Except as otherwise provided in the Nebraska Benefit
- 12 Corporation Act, the Business Corporation Act is generally applicable
- 13 to all benefit corporations. The specific provisions of the Nebraska
- 14 Benefit Corporation Act control over the general provisions of the
- 15 Business Corporation Act. A benefit corporation may be subject
- 16 <u>simultaneously to the Nebraska Benefit Corporation Act and one or</u>
- 17 more other statutes that provide for the incorporation of a specific
- 18 type of business corporation.
- 19 (4) A provision of the articles of incorporation or
- 20 bylaws of a benefit corporation may not limit, be inconsistent with,
- 21 or supersede a provision of the Nebraska Benefit Corporation Act.
- 22 Sec. 3. The following words and phrases when used in the
- 23 Nebraska Benefit Corporation Act have the meanings given to them in
- 24 this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 25 (1) Benefit corporation means a business corporation:

1	(a) Which has elected to become subject to the act; and
2	(b) The status of which as a benefit corporation has not
3	been terminated;
4	(2) Benefit director means the director designated as the
5	benefit director of a benefit corporation under section 9 of this
6	act;
7	(3) Benefit enforcement proceeding means any claim or
8	action or proceeding for:
9	(a) Failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or create
10	general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose set forth
11	in its articles of incorporation; or
12	(b) Violation of any obligation, duty, or standard of
13	conduct under the act;
14	(4) Benefit officer means the officer designated as the
15	benefit officer of a benefit removation under resting 11 of this
	benefit officer of a benefit corporation under section 11 of this
16	act;
16 17	
	act;
17	act; (5) Business corporation means a domestic corporation as
17 18	<pre>act;</pre>
17 18 19	<pre>act;</pre>
17 18 19 20	(5) Business corporation means a domestic corporation as defined in section 21-2014;  (6) General public benefit means a material positive impact on society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed
17 18 19 20 21	<pre>act;</pre>

25 <u>corporation</u>. Serving as benefit director or benefit officer does not

1 make an individual not independent. A material relationship between

- 2 an individual and a benefit corporation or any of its subsidiaries
- 3 will be conclusively presumed to exist if:
- 4 (a) The individual is, or has been within the last three
- 5 years, an employee other than a benefit officer of the benefit
- 6 <u>corporation or a subsidiary;</u>
- 7 (b) An immediate family member of the individual is, or
- 8 <u>has been within the last three years, an executive officer other than</u>
- 9 a benefit officer of the benefit corporation or a subsidiary; or
- 10 (c) There is beneficial or record ownership of five
- 11 percent or more of the outstanding shares of the benefit corporation,
- 12 <u>calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity interests</u>
- in the benefit corporation had been exercised, by:
- 14 (i) The individual; or
- 15 <u>(ii) An entity:</u>
- 16 (A) Of which the individual is a director, an officer, or
- 17 a manager; or
- 18 (B) In which the individual owns beneficially or of
- 19 record five percent or more of the outstanding equity interests,
- 20 calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity interests
- 21 <u>in the entity had been exercised;</u>
- 22 (8) Minimum status vote means:
- 23 (a) In the case of a business corporation, in addition to
- 24 any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the
- 25 <u>following conditions:</u>

(i) The shareholders of every class or series are 1 2 entitled to vote separately on a corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the articles of incorporation or bylaws on the 3 4 voting rights of any class or series; and 5 (ii) The corporate action must be approved by a vote of 6 the shareholders of each class or series entitled to cast at least 7 two-thirds of the votes that all shareholders of the class or series 8 are entitled to cast on the action; and 9 (b) In the case of a domestic entity other than a 10 business corporation, in addition to any other required approval, vote, or consent, the satisfaction of the following conditions: 11 12 (i) The holders of every class or series of equity 13 interests in the entity that are entitled to receive a distribution of any kind from the entity are entitled to vote separately on or 14 consent to the action regardless of any otherwise applicable 15 16 limitation on the voting or consent rights of any class or series; 17 and (ii) The action must be approved by a vote or consent of 18 the holders described in subdivision (i) of this subdivision entitled 19 20 to cast at least two-thirds of the votes or consents that all of 21 those holders are entitled to cast on the action; (9) Publicly traded corporation means a business 22

corporation that has shares listed on a national securities exchange

or traded in a market maintained by one or more members of a national

23

24

25

securities association;

1	(10) Specific public benefit includes:
2	(a) Providing low-income or underserved individuals or
3	communities with beneficial products or services;
4	(b) Promoting economic opportunity for individuals or
5	communities beyond the creation of jobs in the normal course of
6	business;
7	(c) Protecting or restoring the environment;
8	(d) Improving human health;
9	(e) Promoting the arts, sciences, or advancement of
10	knowledge;
11	(f) Increasing the flow of capital to entities with a
12	purpose to benefit society or the environment; and
13	(g) Conferring any other particular benefit on society or
14	the environment;
15	(11) Subsidiary means in relation to a person, an entity
16	in which the person owns beneficially or of record fifty percent or
17	more of the outstanding equity interests; and
18	(12) Third-party standard means a recognized standard for
19	defining, reporting, and assessing corporate social and environmental
20	<pre>performance that is:</pre>
21	(a) Comprehensive because it assesses the effect of the
22	business and its operations upon the interests listed in subdivisions
23	(1)(a)(ii), (iii), (iv), and (v) of section 8 of this act;
24	(b) Developed by an entity that is not controlled by the
25	benefit corporation;

1	(c) Credible because it is developed by an entity that
2	both:
3	(i) Has access to necessary expertise to assess overall
4	corporate social and environmental performance; and
5	(ii) Uses a balanced multistakeholder approach to develop
6	the standard, including a reasonable public comment period; and
7	(d) Transparent because the following information is
8	<pre>publicly available:</pre>
9	(i) About the standard:
10	(A) The criteria considered when measuring the overall
11	social and environmental performance of a business; and
12	(B) The relative weightings, if any, of those criteria;
13	<u>and</u>
14	(ii) About the development and revision of the standard:
15	(A) The identity of the directors, officers, material
16	owners, and governing body of the entity that developed and controls
17	revisions to the standard;
18	(B) The process by which revisions to the standard and
19	changes to the membership of the governing body are made; and
20	(C) An accounting of the revenue and sources of financial
21	support for the entity, with sufficient detail to disclose any
22	relationships that could reasonably be considered to present a
23	potential conflict of interest.
24	Sec. 4. A benefit corporation shall be incorporated in
25	accordance with the Business Corporation Act, but its articles of

- 1 incorporation must also state that it is a benefit corporation.
- 2 Sec. 5. (1) An existing business corporation may become a
- 3 benefit corporation under the Nebraska Benefit Corporation Act by
- 4 amending its articles of incorporation so that they contain, in
- 5 addition to the requirements of section 21-2018, a statement that the
- 6 corporation is a benefit corporation. In order to be effective, the
- 7 <u>amendment must be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.</u>
- 8 (2) An entity that is not a benefit corporation may
- 9 become a benefit corporation pursuant to subsection (1) of this
- 10 section if the entity is (a) a party to a merger or conversion or (b)
- 11 an exchanging entity in a share exchange, and the surviving, new, or
- 12 resulting entity in the merger, conversion, or share exchange is to
- be a benefit corporation. In order to be effective, a plan of merger,
- 14 conversion, or share exchange subject to this subsection must be
- 15 adopted by at least the minimum status vote.
- 16 Sec. 6. (1) A benefit corporation may terminate its
- 17 <u>status as such and cease to be subject to the Nebraska Benefit</u>
- 18 Corporation Act by amending its articles of incorporation to delete
- 19 the provision required by section 4 or 5 of this act to be stated in
- 20 the articles of a benefit corporation. In order to be effective, the
- 21 amendment must be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.
- 22 <u>(2) If a plan of merger, conversion, or share exchange</u>
- 23 would have the effect of terminating the status of a business
- 24 corporation as a benefit corporation, the plan must be adopted by at
- 25 least the minimum status vote in order to be effective. Any sale,

1 lease, exchange, or other disposition of all or substantially all of

- 2 the assets of a benefit corporation, unless the transaction is in the
- 3 usual and regular course of business, is not effective unless the
- 4 transaction is approved by at least the minimum status vote.
- 5 Sec. 7. (1) A benefit corporation shall have a purpose of
- 6 creating general public benefit. This purpose is in addition to its
- 7 purpose under section 21-2024.
- 8 (2) The articles of incorporation of a benefit
- 9 corporation may identify one or more specific public benefits that it
- 10 is the purpose of the benefit corporation to create in addition to
- 11 its purposes under section 21-2024 and subsection (1) of this
- 12 <u>section</u>. The identification of a specific public benefit under this
- 13 <u>subsection does not limit the purpose of a benefit corporation to</u>
- 14 create general public benefit under subsection (1) of this section.
- 15 (3) The creation of general public benefit and specific
- 16 public benefit under subsections (1) and (2) of this section is in
- 17 the best interests of the benefit corporation.
- 18 (4) A benefit corporation may amend its articles of
- 19 incorporation to add, amend, or delete the identification of a
- 20 specific public benefit that it is the purpose of the benefit
- 21 corporation to create. In order to be effective, the amendment must
- 22 <u>be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.</u>
- 23 Sec. 8. (1) In discharging the duties of their respective
- 24 positions and in considering the best interests of the benefit
- 25 corporation, the board of directors, committees of the board, and

	1	individual	directors	of a	benefit	corporation:
--	---	------------	-----------	------	---------	--------------

- 2 (a) Shall consider the effects of any action or inaction
- 3 upon:
- 4 (i) The shareholders of the benefit corporation:
- 5 (ii) The employees and work force of the benefit
- 6 corporation, its subsidiaries, and its suppliers;
- 7 (iii) The interests of customers as beneficiaries of the
- 8 general public benefit or specific public benefit purposes of the
- 9 <u>benefit corporation;</u>
- 10 (iv) Community and societal factors, including those of
- 11 each community in which offices or facilities of the benefit
- 12 <u>corporation</u>, its subsidiaries, or its suppliers are located;
- 13 (v) The local and global environment;
- 14 <u>(vi) The short-term and long-term interests of the</u>
- 15 benefit corporation, including benefits that may accrue to the
- 16 benefit corporation from its long-term plans and the possibility that
- 17 these interests may be best served by the continued independence of
- 18 the benefit corporation; and
- 19 (vii) The ability of the benefit corporation to
- 20 accomplish its general public benefit purpose and any specific public
- 21 <u>benefit purpose;</u>
- 22 (b) May consider other pertinent factors or the interests
- of any other group that they deem appropriate; and
- 24 (c) Need not give priority to the interests of a
- 25 particular person or group referred to in subdivision (a) or (b) of

1 this subsection over the interests of any other person or group

- 2 unless the benefit corporation has stated in its articles of
- 3 <u>incorporation its intention to give priority to certain interests</u>
- 4 related to its accomplishment of its general public benefit purpose
- 5 or of a specific public benefit purpose identified in its articles of
- 6 incorporation.
- 7 (2) The consideration of interests and factors in the
- 8 manner required by subsection (1) of this section does not constitute
- 9 <u>a violation of section 21-2095.</u>
- 10 (3) Except as provided in the articles of incorporation
- 11 or bylaws, a director is not personally liable for monetary damages
- 12 <u>for:</u>
- 13 (a) Any action or inaction in the course of performing
- 14 the duties of a director under subsection (1) of this section if the
- 15 <u>director performed the duties of office in compliance with section</u>
- 16 <u>21-2095</u> and this section; or
- 17 (b) Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or
- 18 <u>create general public benefit or specific public benefit.</u>
- 19 (4) A director does not have a duty to a person that is a
- 20 beneficiary of the general public benefit purpose or a specific
- 21 <u>public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the</u>
- 22 status of the person as a beneficiary.
- 23 <u>(5) A director who makes a business judgment in good</u>
- 24 <u>faith fulfills the duty under this section if the director:</u>
- 25 (a) Is not interested in the subject of the business

- 1 judgment;
- 2 (b) Is informed with respect to the subject of the
- 3 <u>business judgment to the extent the director reasonably believes to</u>
- 4 be appropriate under the circumstances; and
- 5 (c) Rationally believes that the business judgment is in
- 6 the best interests of the benefit corporation.
- 7 Sec. 9. (1) The board of directors of a benefit
- 8 corporation that is a publicly traded corporation shall, and the
- 9 board of any other benefit corporation may, include a director, who:
- 10 (a) Shall be designated the benefit director; and
- 11 (b) Shall have, in addition to the powers, duties,
- 12 rights, and immunities of the other directors of the benefit
- 13 corporation, the powers, duties, rights, and immunities provided in
- 14 this section.
- 15 (2) The benefit director shall be elected and may be
- 16 removed in the manner provided by the Business Corporation Act. The
- 17 benefit director shall be an individual who is independent. The
- 18 benefit director may serve as the benefit officer at the same time as
- 19 serving as the benefit director. The articles of incorporation or
- 20 bylaws of a benefit corporation may prescribe additional
- 21 qualifications of the benefit director not inconsistent with this
- 22 subsection.
- 23 (3) The benefit director shall prepare, and the benefit
- 24 corporation shall include in the annual benefit report to
- 25 shareholders required by section 13 of this act, the opinion of the

- 1 benefit director on all of the following:
- 2 (a) Whether the benefit corporation acted in accordance
- 3 with its general public benefit purpose and any specific public
- 4 benefit purpose in all material respects during the period covered by
- 5 the benefit report;
- 6 (b) Whether the directors and officers complied with
- 7 <u>subsection (1) of section 8 of this act and subsection (1) of section</u>
- 8 10 of this act, respectively; and
- 9 (c) If, in the opinion of the benefit director, the
- 10 benefit corporation or its directors or officers failed to act or
- 11 comply in the manner described in subdivisions (3)(a) and (b) of this
- 12 <u>subsection</u>, a <u>description</u> of the ways in which the benefit
- 13 corporation or its directors or officers failed to act or comply.
- 14 (4) The action or inaction of an individual in the
- 15 <u>capacity of a benefit director constitutes for all purposes an action</u>
- 16 or inaction of that individual in the capacity of a director of the
- 17 benefit corporation.
- 18 (5) Regardless of whether the articles of incorporation
- 19 or bylaws of a benefit corporation include a provision eliminating or
- 20 limiting the personal liability of directors authorized by section
- 21 21-2018, a benefit director is not personally liable for an act or
- 22 omission in the capacity of a benefit director unless the act or
- 23 omission constitutes self-dealing, willful misconduct, or a knowing
- 24 <u>violation of law.</u>
- 25 Sec. 10. (1) Each officer of a benefit corporation shall

1 consider the interests and factors described in subsection (1) of

- 2 section 8 of this act in the manner provided in that subsection if:
- 3 (a) The officer has discretion to act with respect to a
- 4 matter; and
- 5 (b) It reasonably appears to the officer that the matter
- 6 may have a material effect on the creation by the benefit corporation
- 7 of general public benefit or a specific public benefit identified in
- 8 the articles of incorporation of the benefit corporation.
- 9 (2) The consideration of interests and factors in the
- 10 manner described in subsection (1) of this section does not
- 11 constitute a violation of section 21-2099.
- 12 <u>(3) Except as provided in the articles of incorporation</u>
- or bylaws, an officer is not personally liable for monetary damages
- 14 for:
- 15 (a) An action or inaction as an officer in the course of
- 16 performing the duties of an officer under subsection (1) of this
- 17 section if the officer performed the duties of the position in
- 18 compliance with section 21-2099 and this section; or
- 19 (b) Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or
- 20 create general public benefit or specific public benefit.
- 21 (4) An officer does not have a duty to a person that is a
- 22 beneficiary of the general public benefit purpose or a specific
- 23 public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the
- 24 status of the person as a beneficiary.
- 25 (5) An officer who makes a business judgment in good

1	faith	fulfills	the	duty	under	this	section	if	the	officer
---	-------	----------	-----	------	-------	------	---------	----	-----	---------

- 2 (a) Is not interested in the subject of the business
- 3 judgment;
- 4 (b) Is informed with respect to the subject of the
- 5 business judgment to the extent the officer reasonably believes to be
- 6 appropriate under the circumstances; and
- 7 (c) Rationally believes that the business judgment is in
- 8 the best interests of the benefit corporation.
- 9 Sec. 11. (1) A benefit corporation may have an officer
- 10 <u>designated the benefit officer.</u>
- 11 (2) A benefit officer shall have:
- 12 <u>(a) The powers and duties relating to the purpose of the</u>
- 13 corporation to create general public benefit or specific public
- 14 benefit provided:
- 15 <u>(i) By the bylaws; or</u>
- 16 (ii) Absent controlling provisions in the bylaws, by
- 17 resolutions or orders of the board of directors; and
- 18 (b) The duty to prepare the annual benefit report
- 19 required by section 13 of this act.
- 20 Sec. 12. (1)(a) Except in a benefit enforcement
- 21 proceeding, no person may bring an action or assert a claim against a
- 22 benefit corporation or its directors or officers with respect to:
- 23 (i) Failure to pursue or create general public benefit or
- 24 <u>a specific public benefit set forth in its articles of incorporation;</u>
- 25 <u>or</u>

1 (ii) Violation of an obligation, duty, or standard of

- 2 conduct under the Nebraska Benefit Corporation Act.
- 3 (b) A benefit corporation is not liable for monetary
- 4 damages under the act for any failure of the benefit corporation to
- 5 pursue or create general public benefit or a specific public benefit.
- 6 (2) A benefit enforcement proceeding may be commenced or
- 7 <u>maintained only:</u>
- 8 <u>(a) Directly by the benefit corporation; or</u>
- 9 (b) Derivatively in accordance with the Business
- 10 <u>Corporation Act by:</u>
- 11 (i) A person or group of persons that owned beneficially
- 12 or of record at least two percent of the total number of shares of a
- 13 class or series outstanding at the time of the act or omission
- 14 complained of;
- 15 (ii) A director;
- 16 (iii) A person or group of persons that owned
- 17 beneficially or of record five percent or more of the outstanding
- 18 equity interests in an entity of which the benefit corporation is a
- 19 subsidiary at the time of the act or omission complained of; or
- 20 (iv) Other persons as specified in the articles of
- 21 <u>incorporation or bylaws of the benefit corporation.</u>
- 22 (3) For purposes of this section, a person is the
- 23 beneficial owner of shares or equity interests if the shares or
- 24 equity interests are held in a voting trust or by a nominee on behalf
- 25 <u>of the beneficial owner.</u>

1	Sec. 13. (1) A benefit corporation shall prepare an
2	annual benefit report including all of the following:
3	(a) A narrative description of:
4	(i) The ways in which the benefit corporation pursued
5	general public benefit during the year and the extent to which
6	general public benefit was created;
7	(ii) Both:
8	(A) The ways in which the benefit corporation pursued a
9	specific public benefit that the articles of incorporation state it
10	is the purpose of the benefit corporation to create; and
11	(B) The extent to which that specific public benefit was
12	<pre>created;</pre>
13	(iii) Any circumstances that have hindered the creation
14	by the benefit corporation of general public benefit or specific
15	<pre>public benefit; and</pre>
16	(iv) The process and rationale for selecting or changing
17	the third-party standard used to prepare the benefit report;
18	(b) An assessment of the overall social and environmental
19	performance of the benefit corporation against a third-party
20	standard:
21	(i) Applied consistently with any application of that
22	standard in prior benefit reports; or
23	(ii) Accompanied by an explanation of the reasons for:
24	(A) Any inconsistent application; or
25	(B) The change to that standard from the one used in the

- 1 immediately prior benefit report;
- 2 (c) The name of the benefit director and the benefit
- 3 officer, if any, and the address to which correspondence to each of
- 4 them may be directed;
- 5 (d) The compensation paid by the benefit corporation
- 6 during the year to each director in the capacity of a director;
- 7 <u>(e) The statement of the benefit director described in</u>
- 8 <u>subsection (3) of section 9 of this act; and</u>
- 9 (f) A statement of any connection between the
- 10 organization that established the third-party standard, or its
- 11 directors, officers, or any holder of five percent or more of the
- 12 governance interests in the organization, and the benefit corporation
- or its directors, officers, or any holder of five percent or more of
- 14 the outstanding shares of the benefit corporation, including any
- 15 <u>financial or governance relationship which might materially affect</u>
- 16 the credibility of the use of the third-party standard.
- 17 (2) If, during the year covered by a benefit report, a
- 18 benefit director resigned from or refused to stand for reelection to
- 19 the position of benefit director, or was removed from the position of
- 20 benefit director, and the benefit director furnished the benefit
- 21 corporation with any written correspondence concerning the
- 22 circumstances surrounding the resignation, refusal, or removal, the
- 23 benefit report shall include that correspondence as an exhibit.
- 24 (3) Neither the benefit report nor the assessment of the
- 25 performance of the benefit corporation in the benefit report required

1 by subdivision (1)(b) of this section needs to be audited or

- 2 certified by a third-party standards provider.
- 3 Sec. 14. (1) A benefit corporation shall send its annual
- 4 benefit report to each shareholder:
- 5 (a) Within one hundred twenty days following the end of
- 6 the fiscal year of the benefit corporation; or
- 7 (b) At the same time that the benefit corporation
- 8 <u>delivers any other annual report to its shareholders.</u>
- 9 (2) A benefit corporation shall post all of its benefit
- 10 reports on the public portion of its Internet web site, if any,
- 11 except that the compensation paid to directors and financial or
- 12 proprietary information included in the benefit reports may be
- omitted from the benefit reports as posted.
- 14 (3) If a benefit corporation does not have an Internet
- 15 web site, the benefit corporation shall provide a copy of its most
- 16 recent benefit report, without charge, to any person that requests a
- 17 copy, except that the compensation paid to directors and financial or
- 18 proprietary information included in the benefit report may be omitted
- 19 <u>from the copy of the benefit report provided.</u>
- 20 (4)(a) Concurrently with the delivery of the benefit
- 21 report to shareholders under subsection (1) of this section, the
- 22 benefit corporation shall deliver a copy of the benefit report to the
- 23 Secretary of State for filing, except that the compensation paid to
- 24 directors and financial or proprietary information included in the
- 25 benefit report may be omitted from the benefit report as delivered to

- 1 the Secretary of State.
- 2 (b) The Secretary of State shall charge a fee in the
- 3 amount prescribed in subdivision (1)(y) of section 21-2005 for filing
- 4 a benefit report. The fee shall be remitted to the State Treasurer
- 5 for credit to the Corporation Cash Fund.
- 6 Sec. 15. Section 84-511, Revised Statutes Supplement,
- 7 2013, is amended to read:
- 8 84-511 The Secretary of State may provide for the
- 9 electronic transmission and filing of documents delivered for filing
- 10 under (1) the Business Corporation Act, the Nebraska Benefit
- 11 Corporation Act, the Nebraska Limited Cooperative Association Act,
- 12 the Nebraska Nonprofit Corporation Act, the Nebraska Professional
- 13 Corporation Act, the Nebraska Uniform Limited Liability Company Act,
- 14 the Nebraska Uniform Limited Partnership Act, the Nonstock
- 15 Cooperative Marketing Act, the Uniform Partnership Act of 1998, and
- 16 the Trademark Registration Act and (2) any filing provisions of
- 17 sections 21-1301 to 21-1306, 21-1333 to 21-1339, and 87-208 to
- 18 87-219.01. The Secretary of State shall adopt and promulgate rules
- 19 and regulations to implement this section.
- 20 Sec. 16. Original section 84-511, Revised Statutes
- 21 Supplement, 2013, is repealed.