LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 681

Introduced by Blood, 3; Brewer, 43. Read first time January 03, 2018 Committee:

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to physical therapy; to amend sections 38-131
2	and 38-3208, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to adopt the
3	Physical Therapy Licensure Compact; to require criminal background
4	checks; to authorize practice for purposes of the Respiratory Care
5	Practice Act; and to repeal the original sections.

6 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

LB681 2018

Section 1. Section 38-131, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 38-131 (1) An applicant for an initial license to practice as a registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse, a physical therapist, or 4 <u>a physical therapy assistant</u> or to practice a profession which is 5 authorized to prescribe controlled substances shall be subject to a 6 criminal background check. Except as provided in subsection (3) of this 7 section, the applicant shall submit with the application a full set of 8 9 fingerprints which shall be forwarded to the Nebraska State Patrol to be submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal 10 history record information check. The applicant shall authorize release 11 of the results of the national criminal history record information check 12 to the department. The applicant shall pay the actual cost of the 13 fingerprinting and criminal background check. 14

(2) This section shall not apply to a dentist who is an applicant for a dental locum tenens under section 38-1122, to a physician or osteopathic physician who is an applicant for a physician locum tenens under section 38-2036, or to a veterinarian who is an applicant for a veterinarian locum tenens under section 38-3335.

20 (3) An applicant for a temporary educational permit as defined in 21 section 38-2019 shall have ninety days from the issuance of the permit to 22 comply with subsection (1) of this section and shall have his or her 23 permit suspended after such ninety-day period if the criminal background 24 check is not complete or revoked if the criminal background check reveals 25 that the applicant was not qualified for the permit.

26 Sec. 2. Section 38-3208, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

28 38-3208 The Respiratory Care Practice Act shall not prohibit:

(1) The practice of respiratory care which is an integral part of
the program of study by students enrolled in approved respiratory care
education programs;

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(2) The gratuitous care, including the practice of respiratory care,
 of the ill by a friend or member of the family or by a person who is not
 licensed to practice respiratory care if such person does not represent
 himself or herself as a respiratory care practitioner;

5 (3) The practice of respiratory care by nurses, physicians, 6 physician assistants, physical therapists, or any other professional 7 <u>required to be</u>licensed under the Uniform Credentialing Act when such 8 practice is within the scope of practice for which that person is 9 licensed to practice in this state;

10 (4) The practice of any respiratory care practitioner of this state 11 or any other state or territory while employed by the federal government 12 or any bureau or division thereof while in the discharge of his or her 13 official duties;

(5) Techniques defined as pulmonary function testing 14 and the 15 administration of aerosol and inhalant medications to the cardiorespiratory system as it relates to pulmonary function technology 16 17 administered by a registered pulmonary function technologist credentialed by the National Board for Respiratory Care or a certified pulmonary 18 function technologist credentialed by the National Board for Respiratory 19 Care; or 20

(6) The performance of oxygen therapy or the initiation of 21 22 noninvasive positive pressure ventilation by а registered polysomnographic technologist relating to the study of sleep disorders if 23 24 such procedures are performed or initiated under the supervision of a 25 licensed physician at a facility accredited by the American Academy of Sleep Medicine. 26

Sec. 3. <u>The State of Nebraska adopts the Physical Therapy Licensure</u>
<u>Compact in the form substantially as follows:</u>

29 <u>ARTICLE I</u>

30 <u>PURPOSE</u>

31 <u>a. The purpose of the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact is to</u>

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1	facilitate interstate practice of physical therapy with the goal of
2	improving public access to physical therapy services. The practice of
3	physical therapy occurs in the state where the patient or client is
4	located at the time of the patient or client encounter. The Compact
5	preserves the regulatory authority of states to protect public health and
6	safety through the current system of state licensure.
7	b. This Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:
8	1. Increase public access to physical therapy services by providing
9	for the mutual recognition of other member state licenses;
10	2. Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and
11	<u>safety;</u>
12	3. Encourage the cooperation of member states in regulating
13	multistate physical therapy practice;
14	4. Support spouses of relocating military members;
15	5. Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and
16	disciplinary information between member states; and
17	<u>6. Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services with a</u>
18	compact privilege in that state accountable to that state's practice
19	<u>standards.</u>
20	ARTICLE II
21	DEFINITIONS
22	As used in the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact, and except as
23	otherwise provided, the following definitions shall apply:
24	<u>1. Active duty military means full-time duty status in the active</u>
25	uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National
26	Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 1209 and
27	<u>1211.</u>
28	2. Adverse action means disciplinary action taken by a physical
29	therapy licensing board based upon misconduct, unacceptable performance,
30	or a combination of both.
31	3. Alternative program means a nondisciplinary monitoring or

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practice remediation process approved by a physical therapy licensing 1 2 board. This includes, but is not limited to, substance abuse issues. 3 4. Commission means the Physical Therapy Compact Commission which is the national administrative body whose membership consists of all states 4 5 that have enacted the Compact. 5. Compact privilege means the authorization granted by a remote 6 7 state to allow a licensee from another member state to practice as a physical therapist or work as a physical therapist assistant in the 8 9 remote state under its laws and rules. The practice of physical therapy 10 occurs in the member state where the patient or client is located at the time of the patient or client encounter. 11 12 6. Continuing competence means a requirement, as a condition of license renewal, to provide evidence of participation in, or completion 13 of, educational and professional activities relevant to practice or area 14 of work. 15 7. Data system means a repository of information about licensees, 16 17 including examination, licensure, investigative, compact privilege, and 18 adverse action. 8. Encumbered license means a license that a physical therapy 19 20 licensing board has limited in any way. 9. Executive board means a group of directors elected or appointed 21 22 to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the 23 Commission. 24 10. Home state means the member state that is the licensee's primary 25 state of residence. 11. Investigative information means information, records, and 26 documents received or generated by a physical therapy licensing board 27 pursuant to an investigation. 28 12. Jurisprudence requirement means the assessment of an 29 individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of 30

31 physical therapy in a state.

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1	<u>13. Licensee means an individual who currently holds an</u>
2	authorization from the state to practice as a physical therapist or to
3	work as a physical therapist assistant.
4	14. Member state means a state that has enacted the Compact.
5	<u>15. Party state means any member state in which a licensee holds a</u>
6	current license or compact privilege or is applying for a license or
7	<u>compact privilege.</u>
8	<u>16. Physical therapist means an individual who is licensed by a</u>
9	state to practice physical therapy.
10	<u>17. Physical therapist assistant means an individual who is licensed</u>
11	or certified by a state and who assists the physical therapist in
12	selected components of physical therapy.
13	18. Physical therapy, physical therapy practice, and the practice of
14	physical therapy mean the care and services provided by or under the
15	direction and supervision of a licensed physical therapist.
16	<u>19. Physical therapy licensing board means the agency of a state</u>
17	that is responsible for the licensing and regulation of physical
18	therapists and physical therapist assistants.
19	<u>20. Remote state means a member state, other than the home state,</u>
20	where a licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the compact
21	<u>privilege.</u>
22	21. Rule means a regulation, principle, or directive promulgated by
23	the Commission that has the force of law.
24	22. State means any state, commonwealth, district, or territory of
25	the United States that regulates the practice of physical therapy.
26	ARTICLE III
27	STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT
28	a. To participate in the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact, a state
29	<u>must:</u>
30	<u>1. Participate fully in the Commission's data system, including</u>
31	using the Commission's unique identifier as defined in rules;

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2. Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating
<u>complaints about licensees;</u>
3. Notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms of the
Compact and rules, of any adverse action or the availability of
investigative information regarding a licensee;
4. Fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a
timeframe established by rule, by receiving the results of the Federal
Bureau of Investigation record search on criminal background checks and
use the results in making licensure decisions in accordance with this
<u>Article;</u>
5. Comply with the rules of the Commission;
<u>6. Utilize a recognized national examination as a requirement for</u>
licensure pursuant to the rules of the Commission; and
7. Have continuing competence requirements as a condition for
<u>license renewal.</u>
<u>b. Upon adoption of this statute, the member state shall have the</u>
authority to obtain biometric-based information from each physical
therapy licensure applicant and submit this information to the Federal
Bureau of Investigation for a criminal background check in accordance
with 28 U.S.C. 534 and 34 U.S.C. 40316.
<u>c. A member state shall grant the compact privilege to a licensee</u>
holding a valid unencumbered license in another member state in
accordance with the terms of the Compact and rules.
<u>d. Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact privilege.</u>
ARTICLE IV
COMPACT PRIVILEGE
a. To exercise the compact privilege under the terms and provisions
of the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact, the licensee shall:
<u>1. Hold a license in the home state;</u>
2. Have no encumbrance on any state license;
<u>3. Be eligible for a compact privilege in any member state in</u>

accordance with paragraphs d, g, and h of this Article; 1 2 4. Have not had any adverse action against any license or compact 3 privilege within the previous two years; 5. Notify the Commission that the licensee is seeking the compact 4 privilege within a remote state; 5 6. Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the compact 6 7 privilege; 7. Meet any jurisprudence requirements established by the remote 8 9 state in which the licensee is seeking a compact privilege; and 10 8. Report to the Commission adverse action taken by any nonmember state within thirty days from the date the adverse action is taken. 11 12 b. The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date of the home license. The licensee must comply with the requirements of paragraph 13 a of this Article to maintain the compact privilege in the remote state. 14 15 c. A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state under the compact privilege shall function within the laws and regulations of the 16 17 remote state. d. A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state is 18 subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in 19 accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a licensee's 20 21 compact privilege in the remote state for a specific period of time, 22 impose fines, or take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens. The licensee is not eligible for a compact 23 24 privilege in any state until the specific time for removal has passed and 25 all fines are paid. e. If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall lose 26 the compact privilege in any remote state until the following occur: 27 28 1. The home state license is no longer encumbered; and 2. Two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse action. 29 30 f. Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored to good standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of paragraph a of this 31

1	<u>Article to obtain a compact privilege in any remote state.</u>
2	g. If a licensee's compact privilege in any remote state is removed,
3	the individual shall lose the compact privilege in any remote state until
4	the following occur:
5	<u>1. The specific period of time for which the compact privilege was</u>
6	removed has ended;
7	2. All fines have been paid; and
8	3. Two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse action.
9	<u>h. Once the requirements of paragraph g of this Article have been</u>
10	met, the licensee must meet the requirements in paragraph a of this
11	<u>Article to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.</u>
12	ARTICLE V
13	ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR SPOUSES
14	<u>A licensee who is active duty military or is the spouse of an</u>
15	individual who is active duty military may designate one of the following
16	<u>as the home state:</u>
17	<u>a. Home of record;</u>
18	<u>b. Permanent change of station (PCS); or</u>
19	<u>c. State of current residence if it is different than the PCS state</u>
20	<u>or home of record.</u>
21	ARTICLE VI
22	ADVERSE ACTIONS
23	<u>a. A home state shall have exclusive power to impose adverse action</u>
24	against a license issued by the home state.
25	<u>b. A home state may take adverse action based on the investigative</u>
26	information of a remote state, so long as the home state follows its own
27	procedures for imposing adverse action.
28	c. Nothing in the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact shall override
29	<u>a member state's decision that participation in an alternative program</u>
30	may be used in lieu of adverse action and that such participation shall
31	remain nonpublic if required by the member state's laws. Member states

must require licensees who enter any alternative programs in lieu of 1 2 discipline to agree not to practice in any other member state during the term of the alternative program without prior authorization from such 3 other member state. 4 d. Any member state may investigate actual or alleged violations of 5 the statutes and rules authorizing the practice of physical therapy in 6 7 any other member state in which a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant holds a license or compact privilege. 8 9 e. A remote state shall have the authority to: 10 1. Take adverse actions as set forth in paragraph d of Article IV against a licensee's compact privilege in the state; 11 12 2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require 13 the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a physical therapy licensing board in a 14 15 party state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of evidence from another party state, shall be enforced in the 16 17 latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in 18 proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any 19 witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the 20 service statutes of the state where the witnesses or evidence are 21 22 located; and 3. If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the licensee 23 24 the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any 25 adverse action taken against that licensee. f. Joint Investigations 26

In addition to the authority granted to a member state by its
 respective physical therapy practice act or other applicable state law, a
 member state may participate with other member states in joint
 investigations of licensees.

31 <u>2. Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or</u>

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compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual 1 2 investigation initiated under the Compact. 3 ARTICLE VII ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PHYSICAL THERAPY COMPACT COMMISSION 4 a. The member states hereby create and establish a joint public 5 agency known as the Physical Therapy Compact Commission: 6 7 1. The Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact states. 2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the 8 9 Commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of 10 competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to 11 the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute 12 13 resolution proceedings. 3. Nothing in the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact shall be 14 15 construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity. b. Membership, Voting, and Meetings 16 17 1. Each member state shall have and be limited to one delegate 18 selected by that member state's physical therapy licensing board. 19 2. The delegate shall be a current member of the physical therapy licensing board, who is a physical therapist, a physical therapist 20 assistant, a public member, or the administrator of the physical therapy 21 22 licensing board. 3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided 23 24 by the law of the state from which the delegate is appointed. 25 4. The member state physical therapy licensing board shall fill any vacancy occurring in the Commission. 26 27 5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote with regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an 28 opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the Commission. 29 6. A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as 30

1	participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
2	7. The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar
3	year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
4	c. The Commission shall have the following powers and duties:
5	1. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
6	<u>2. Establish bylaws;</u>
7	3. Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;
8	<u>4. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the Compact and</u>
9	<u>the bylaws;</u>
10	<u>5. Promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate</u>
11	implementation and administration of the Compact. The rules shall have
12	the force and effect of law and shall be binding in all member states;
13	<u>6. Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of</u>
14	the Commission, provided that the standing of any state physical therapy
15	licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be
16	<u>affected;</u>
17	7. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
17 18	7. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds; 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including,
18	8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including,
18 19	8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state;
18 19 20	8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation,
18 19 20 21	8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out
18 19 20 21 22	 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the Commission's personnel
18 19 20 21 22 23	 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters; 10. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money,
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters; 10. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize,
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters; 10. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the Commission shall
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state; 9. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters; 10. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest;

1	appearance of impropriety;
2	<u>12. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or</u>
3	otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed;
4	13. Establish a budget and make expenditures;
5	<u>14. Borrow money;</u>
6	15. Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of
7	<u>members, state regulators, state legislators or their representatives,</u>
8	and consumer representatives, and such other interested persons as may be
9	designated in the Compact and the bylaws;
10	<u>16. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law</u>
11	<u>enforcement agencies;</u>
12	17. Establish and elect an executive board; and
13	18. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate
14	<u>to achieve the purposes of the Compact consistent with the state</u>
15	regulation of physical therapy licensure and practice.
16	<u>d. The Executive Board</u>
17	<u>The executive board shall have the power to act on behalf of the</u>
18	Commission according to the terms of the Compact.
19	1. The executive board shall be composed of nine members:
20	<u>A. Seven voting members who are elected by the Commission from the</u>
21	current membership of the Commission;
22	<u>B. One ex officio, nonvoting member from the recognized national</u>
23	physical therapy professional association; and
24	<u>C. One ex officio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership</u>
25	organization of the physical therapy licensing boards.
26	2. The ex officio members will be selected by their respective
27	organizations.
28	3. The Commission may remove any member of the executive board as
29	provided in bylaws.
30	4. The executive board shall meet at least annually.
31	5. The executive board shall have the following duties and

1	<u>responsibilities:</u>
2	<u>A. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the rules or</u>
3	bylaws, changes to the Compact, fees paid by Compact member states such
4	as annual dues, and any commission Compact fee charged to licensees for
5	<u>the compact privilege;</u>
6	B. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately
7	provided, contractual or otherwise;
8	<u>C. Prepare and recommend the budget;</u>
9	D. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
10	E. Monitor Compact compliance of member states and provide
11	compliance reports to the Commission;
12	F. Establish additional committees as necessary; and
13	<u>G. Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.</u>
14	e. Meetings of the Commission
15	<u>1. All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of</u>
16	<u>meetings shall be given in the same manner as required under the</u>
17	rulemaking provisions in Article IX.
18	2. The Commission or the executive board or other committees of the
19	Commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the Commission
20	or executive board or other committees of the Commission must discuss:
21	A. Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations under the
22	<u>Compact;</u>
23	B. The employment, compensation, discipline, or other matters,
24	practices or procedures related to specific employees or other matters
25	related to the Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
26	<u>C. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;</u>
27	<u>D. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of</u>
28	<u>goods, services, or real estate;</u>
29	E. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
30	F. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial
31	information that is privileged or confidential;

<u>G. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure</u>
 <u>would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;</u>

3 <u>H. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement</u>
4 purposes;

5 <u>I. Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports</u> 6 prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the Commission or other 7 <u>committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination</u> 8 of compliance issues pursuant to the Compact; or

9 <u>J. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or</u>
 10 member state statute.

<u>3. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this</u>
 <u>Article, the Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that</u>
 <u>the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting</u>
 <u>provision.</u>

4. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe 15 all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate 16 17 summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in 18 19 connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, 20 21 subject to release by a majority vote of the Commission or order of a 22 court of competent jurisdiction.

23 <u>f. Financing of the Commission</u>

24 <u>1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the</u>
 25 reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing
 26 activities.

27 <u>2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue</u>
 28 <u>sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials,</u>
 29 <u>and services.</u>

30 <u>3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from</u>
 31 <u>each member state or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of</u>

the operations and activities of the Commission and its staff, which must 1 2 be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved 3 each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The 4 aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a 5 formula to be determined by the Commission, which shall promulgate a rule 6 binding upon all member states. 7 4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission 8 9 pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the 10 authority of the member state. 5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and 11 disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be 12 13 subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the 14 15 Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become 16 17 part of the annual report of the Commission. g. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification 18 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees, and 19 representatives of the Commission shall be immune from suit and 20 21 liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim 22 for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil 23 liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, 24 or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is 25 made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing 26 27 in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 28 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. 29

30 <u>2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive</u>
 31 <u>director, employee, or representative of the Commission in any civil</u>

action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged 1 2 act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission 3 employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom 4 the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within 5 the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit that person 6 7 from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that 8 9 person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

10 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the 11 Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against 12 13 that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission 14 that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for 15 16 believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or 17 responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton 18 19 misconduct of that person.

20 <u>ARTICLE VIII</u>

21 <u>DATA SYSTEM</u>

a. The Commission shall provide for the development, maintenance,
 and utilization of a coordinated data base and reporting system
 containing licensure, adverse action, and investigative information on
 all licensed individuals in member states.

b. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary,
 a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data system on all
 individuals to whom the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact is applicable
 as required by the rules of the Commission, including:

30 <u>1. Identifying information;</u>

31 <u>2. Licensure data;</u>

1	3. Adverse actions against a license or compact privilege;
2	4. Nonconfidential information related to alternative program
3	participation;
4	5. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason for such
5	denial; and
6	<u>6. Other information that may facilitate the administration of the</u>
7	Compact, as determined by the rules of the Commission.
8	c. Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any member
9	state will only be available to other party states.
10	<u>d. The Commission shall promptly notify all member states of any</u>
11	adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual applying for a
12	license. Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee in any
13	member state will be available to any other member state.
14	e. Member states contributing information to the data system may
15	designate information that may not be shared with the public without the
16	express permission of the contributing state.
17	f. Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently
18	required to be expunged by the laws of the member state contributing the
19	information shall be removed from the data system.
20	ARTICLE IX
21	RULEMAKING
22	a. The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to
23	the criteria set forth in this Article and the rules adopted thereunder.
24	Rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in
25	<u>each rule or amendment.</u>
26	<u>b. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a</u>
27	rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to
28	adopt the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact within four years of the
29	date of adoption of the rule, then such rule shall have no further force
30	and effect in any member state.
31	<u>c. Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or</u>

1	special meeting of the Commission.
2	<u>d. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by</u>
3	the Commission, and at least thirty days in advance of the meeting at
4	which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the Commission shall
5	file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
6	1. On the web site of the Commission or other publicly accessible
7	platform; and
8	<u>2. On the web site of each member state physical therapy licensing</u>
9	board or other publicly accessible platform or the publication in which
10	each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
11	e. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
12	<u>1. The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the</u>
13	rule will be considered and voted upon;
14	2. The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the
15	proposed rule;
16	3. A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested
17	person; and
18	<u>4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the</u>
19	<u>Commission of their intention to attend the public hearing and any</u>
20	<u>written comments.</u>
21	<u>f. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission shall allow</u>
22	persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which
23	<u>shall be made available to the public.</u>
24	g. The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing
25	before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
26	<u>1. At least twenty-five persons;</u>
27	2. A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
28	3. An association having at least twenty-five members.
29	<u>h. If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the</u>
30	Commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled
31	public hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic means, the

Commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the electronic 1 2 hearing. 3 1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the Commission or other designated member in 4 writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less 5 than five business days before the scheduled date of the hearing. 6 7 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or 8 9 in writing. 10 3. All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording will be made available on request. 11 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a 12 13 separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this Article. 14 15 i. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission 16 17 shall consider all written and oral comments received. j. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by 18 interested parties is received, the Commission may proceed with 19 promulgation of the proposed rule without a public hearing. 20 k. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final 21 22 action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the 23 24 rule. 25 1. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity 26 27 for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this section shall be retroactively 28 applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later 29 30 than ninety days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this paragraph, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted 31

1	immediately in order to:
2	<u>1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;</u>
3	2. Prevent a loss of Commission or member state funds;
4	<u>3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule</u>
5	<u>that is established by federal law or rule; or</u>
6	4. Protect public health and safety.
7	<u>m. The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may</u>
8	<u>direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes</u>
9	<u>of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in</u>
10	consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall
11	<u>be posted on the web site of the Commission. The revision shall be</u>
12	subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty days after
13	posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision
14	<u>results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in</u>
15	writing, and delivered to the chair of the Commission prior to the end of
16	the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect
17	without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may
18	not take effect without the approval of the Commission.
19	ARTICLE X
20	OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT
21	<u>a. Oversight</u>
22	<u>1. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state</u>
23	<u>government in each member state shall enforce the Physical Therapy</u>
24	Licensure Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to
25	effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of the
26	Compact and the rules promulgated under the Compact shall have standing
27	<u>as statutory law.</u>
28	2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact and the
29	rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state
30	pertaining to the subject matter of the Compact which may affect the
31	powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Commission.

1	3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in
2	<u>any such proceeding and shall have standing to intervene in such a</u>
3	proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the
4	<u>Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission,</u>
5	<u>the Compact, or promulgated rules.</u>
6	b. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination
7	1. If the Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in
8	the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the Compact
9	or the promulgated rules, the Commission shall:
10	A. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member
11	states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of curing the
12	default, or any other action to be taken by the Commission; and
13	<u>B. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance</u>
14	regarding the default.
15	2. If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting
16	<u>state may be terminated from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a</u>
17	majority of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits
18	conferred by the Compact may be terminated on the effective date of
19	termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state
20	of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
21	3. Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only
22	after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice
23	of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission to the
24	governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's
25	legislature or the Speaker if no such leaders exist, and each of the
26	<u>member states.</u>
27	<u>4. A state that has been terminated is responsible for all</u>
28	assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective
29	date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the
30	effective date of termination.
31	5. The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that

1 <u>is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the Compact,</u>
2 <u>unless agreed upon in writing between the Commission and the defaulting</u>
3 <u>state.</u>

6. The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Commission by
petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia
or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices.
The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation,
including reasonable attorney's fees.

9 c. Dispute Resolution

<u>1. Upon request by a member state, the Commission shall attempt to</u>
 <u>resolve disputes related to the Compact that arise among member states</u>
 <u>and between member and nonmember states.</u>

13 <u>2. The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both</u>
 14 mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

15 <u>d. Enforcement</u>

<u>1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion,</u>
 <u>shall enforce the provisions and rules of the Compact.</u>

2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the 18 United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal 19 district where the Commission has its principal offices against a member 20 state in default to enforce compliance with the Compact and its 21 22 promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is 23 necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such 24 25 litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

3. The remedies in this Article shall not be the exclusive remedies
 of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other remedies available
 under federal or state law.

29 <u>ARTICLE XI</u>

30 DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR PHYSICAL 31 THERAPY PRACTICE AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT

LB681 2018	LB681 2018
1	a. The Physical Therapy Licensure Compact shall come into effect on
2	the date on which the Compact is enacted into law in the tenth member
3	state. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be
4	limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to assembly and
5	the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and
6	exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and
7	administration of the Compact.
8	<u>b. Any state that joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's</u>
9	initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist
10	on the date on which the Compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that
11	has been previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full force
12	and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law in that state.
13	<u>c. Any member state may withdraw from the Compact by enacting a</u>
14	statute repealing the same.
15	<u>1. A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six</u>
16	months after enactment of the repealing statute.
17	2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the
18	withdrawing state's physical therapy licensing board to comply with the
19	investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of the Compact
20	prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
21	<u>d. Nothing contained in the Compact shall be construed to invalidate</u>

22 or prevent any physical therapy licensure agreement or other cooperative 23 arrangement between a member state and a nonmember state that does not 24 <u>conflict with the Compact.</u>

25 e. The Compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment to the Compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state 26 until it is enacted into the laws of all member states. 27

28 ARTICLE XII

29 CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

The Physical Therapy Licensure Compact shall be liberally construed 30 31 so as to effectuate the purposes of the Compact. The provisions of the

1	<u>Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or</u>
2	provision of the Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution
3	of any party state or of the United States or the applicability thereof
4	to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the
5	validity of the remainder of the Compact and the applicability thereof to
6	any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected
7	thereby. If the Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any
8	party state, the Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the
9	remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the party state
10	affected as to all severable matters.
11	Sec. 4. Original sections 38-131 and 38-3208, Reissue Revised
12	Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.