LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 572

Introduced by Riepe, 12. Read first time January 17, 2023 Committee:

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act;
2	to amend sections 38-1801, 38-1802, 38-1803, 38-1806, 38-1807,
3	38-1808, 38-1809, 38-1810, 38-1811, 38-1812, and 38-1816, Reissue
4	Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 38-1813, Revised Statutes
5	Cumulative Supplement, 2022; to provide, change, and eliminate
6	definitions; to restate intent; to change membership on a board; to
7	provide and change licensure requirements; to change provisions
8	regarding scope of practice; to harmonize provisions; to repeal the
9	original sections; and to outright repeal section 38-1804, Reissue
10	Revised Statutes of Nebraska.

11 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 38-1801, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 38-1801 Sections 38-1801 to 38-1816 and sections 4, 7, 9, 11 to 17,
4 and 22 to 27 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Medical
5 Nutrition Therapy Practice Act.

6 Sec. 2. Section 38-1802, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
7 amended to read:

8

38-1802 (1) The Legislature finds that:

9 (a) The unregulated practice of medical nutrition therapy can 10 clearly harm or endanger the health, safety, and welfare of the public;

(b) The public can reasonably be expected to benefit from an
 assurance of initial and continuing professional ability; and

(c) The public cannot be effectively protected by a less costeffective means than state regulation of the practice of medical nutrition therapy. The Legislature also finds that <u>dietitians and</u> <u>nutritionists</u> <u>medical nutrition therapists</u> must exercise independent judgment and that professional education, training, and experience are required to make such judgment.

(2) The Legislature further finds that the practice of medical 19 nutrition therapy in the State of Nebraska is not sufficiently regulated 20 for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of the public. It 21 declares that this is a matter of statewide concern and it shall be the 22 policy of the State of Nebraska to promote high standards of professional 23 24 performance by those persons representing themselves as licensed 25 dietitian nutritionists and licensed nutritionists medical nutrition therapists. 26

27 Sec. 3. Section 38-1803, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 38-1803 For purposes of the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act 30 and elsewhere in the Uniform Credentialing Act, unless the context 31 otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections <u>38-1805</u> 38-1804 to

-2-

1	38-1810 and sections 4, 7, 9, and 11 to 17 of this act apply.
2	Sec. 4. Appropriate supervision means the specific type, intensity,
3	and frequency of supervision determined by an assessment of a combination
4	of factors, which include discipline, level of education and experience
5	of the supervisee, and assigned level of responsibility.
6	Sec. 5. Section 38-1806, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
7	amended to read:
8	38-1806 Consultation means conferring with a physician, nurse
9	practitioner, or physician assistant regarding the provision of medical
10	nutrition therapy activities of the licensed medical nutrition therapist.
11	In the inpatient setting, consultation may be satisfied by practicing
12	under clinical privileges or following facility-established protocols. In
13	the outpatient setting, consultation may be satisfied by conferring with
14	a consulting physician or the referring primary care practitioner or
15	physician of the patient.
16	Sec. 6. Section 38-1807, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
17	amended to read:
18	38-1807 General nonmedical nutrition information means information
19	on any of the following:
20	(1) Principles of good nutrition and food preparation;
21	(2) Food that should be included in the normal diet;
22	(3) Essential nutrients needed by the human body;
23	(4) Recommended amounts of essential nutrients required by the human
24	body;
25	(5) Actions of nutrients in the human body; and
26	<u>(6) Food and supplements that are good sources of essential</u>
27	nutrients required by the human body.
28	General nutrition services includes, but is not limited to:
29	(1) Identifying the nutritional needs of individuals and groups in
30	relation to normal nutritional requirements; and
31	(2) Planning, implementing, and evaluating nutrition education

1 programs for individuals and groups in the selection of food to meet
2 normal nutritional needs throughout the life cycle.

3 Sec. 7. General supervision for the purpose of post-degree clinical practice experience means the qualified supervisor is onsite and present 4 at the location where nutrition-care services are provided or is 5 immediately available by means of electronic communications to the 6 supervisee providing the services and both maintains continued 7 involvement in the appropriate aspects of patient care and has primary 8 responsibility for all nutrition-care services rendered by the 9 10 <u>supervisee.</u>

Sec. 8. Section 38-1808, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

13 38-1808 Licensed <u>dietitian nutritionist</u> medical nutrition therapist 14 means a person who is licensed to practice medical nutrition therapy 15 pursuant to the Uniform Credentialing Act and who holds a current license 16 issued by the department pursuant to <u>section 38-1813</u> the <u>Medical</u> 17 Nutrition Therapy Practice Act.

Sec. 9. Licensed nutritionist means a person who is licensed to practice medical nutrition therapy pursuant to the Uniform Credentialing Act and who holds a current license issued by the department pursuant to section 22 of this act.

22 Sec. 10. Section 38-1809, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 23 amended to read:

24 38-1809 Medical nutrition therapy means the assessment of the 25 nutritional status of patients and the provision of the following nutrition-care services for the treatment or management of a disease or 26 medical condition by: assessment of the nutritional status of patients. 27 Medical nutrition therapy involves the assessment of patient nutritional 28 status followed by treatment, ranging from diet modification to 29 specialized nutrition support, such as determining nutrient needs for 30 enteral and parenteral nutrition, and monitoring to evaluate patient 31

-4-

1	response to such treatment.
2	(1) Assessing and evaluating the nutritional needs of people and
3	groups and determining resources and constraints in the practice setting,
4	including ordering laboratory tests to check and track nutrition status,
5	creating dietary plans and orders, and monitoring the effectiveness of
6	such plans and orders;
7	(2) Establishing priorities, goals, and objectives that meet
8	nutritional needs and are consistent with available resources and
9	<u>constraints;</u>
10	(3) Providing nutrition counseling; and
11	(4) Ordering therapeutic diets.
12	Sec. 11. Nutrition-care services means any or all of the following
13	services provided within a systematic process:
14	(1) Assessing and evaluating the nutritional needs of people and
15	groups and determining resources and constraints in the practice setting,
16	including ordering laboratory tests to check and track nutrition status,
17	creating dietary plans and orders, and monitoring the effectiveness of
18	such plans and orders;
19	(2) Establishing priorities, goals, and objectives that meet
20	nutritional needs and are consistent with available resources and
21	<u>constraints;</u>
22	(3) Providing nutrition counseling, including in health and disease;
23	(4) Developing, implementing, and managing nutrition-care systems;
24	(5) Evaluating, changing, and maintaining appropriate standards of
25	quality in food and nutrition services; and
26	(6) Ordering therapeutic diets.
27	Sec. 12. <u>Nutrition counseling means a supportive process,</u>
28	characterized by a collaborative counselor-patient or counselor-client
29	relationship with individuals or groups, to establish food and nutrition
30	priorities, goals, and individualized action plans and general physical
31	activity guidance that acknowledge and foster responsibility for self-

1 <u>care to treat or mange an existing disease or medical condition or to</u> 2 promote health and wellness.

Practice of dietetics and nutrition means the integration 3 Sec. 13. and application of scientific principles derived from the study of food, 4 nutrition, biochemistry, metabolism, nutrigenomics, physiology, food 5 management, and behavioral and social sciences in achieving and 6 7 maintaining health throughout the life span and in providing nutrition care in person or by telehealth, including medical nutrition therapy, for 8 9 the purpose of disease management and prevention, or to treat or 10 rehabilitate an illness, injury, or condition. The primary functions of the practice of dietetics and nutrition are the provision of medical 11 12 nutrition therapy for the purpose of disease management or to treat or rehabilitate an illness, injury, or condition and the provision of other 13 nutrition-care services for health and wellness and as primary prevention 14 of chronic disease. 15

16 Sec. 14. Primary care practitioner means a physician licensed 17 pursuant to section 38-2026 or sections 38-2029 to 38-2033 who provides 18 primary care services, a nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to section 19 <u>38-2317 who provides primary care services</u>, or a physician assistant 20 licensed pursuant to section <u>38-2049 who provides primary care services</u> 21 under a collaborative agreement with the supervision of a physician.

22 Sec. 15. (1) Qualified supervisor means:

(a) When supervising the provision of medical nutrition therapy by a
 person who is completing post-degree clinical practice experience, a
 person who either:

(i) Is a licensed dietitian nutritionist, a licensed nutritionist,
 or a health care provider licensed in any state or territory, including
 licensed or certified dietitian nutritionists and licensed nutritionists,
 whose scope of practice includes the provision of medical nutrition
 therapy; or

31 (ii) In the case of a person in a state that does not provide for

2023	2023
1	such licensure or certification, meets such other criteria as the board
2	may establish, including by a registered dietitian nutritionist or a
3	certified nutrition specialist, or is a health care provider authorized
4	in another state or territory to provide medical nutrition therapy; and
5	<u>(b) When supervising the provision of nutrition-care services that</u>
6	does not constitute medical nutrition therapy, a person who:
7	<u>(i) Meets the qualifications of subdivision (1)(a) of this section;</u>
8	or
9	<u>(ii) Has worked in the field of clinical nutrition for at least</u>
10	three of the last five years immediately preceding commencement of the
11	applicant's supervised practice experience and holds a master's or
12	doctoral degree with a major course of study in dietetics, human
13	nutrition, foods and nutrition, clinical nutrition, applied clinical
14	nutrition, community nutrition, public health nutrition, naturopathic
15	medicine, nutrition education, nutrition counseling, nutrition science,
16	nutrition and functional medicine, nutritional biochemistry, or nutrition
17	and integrative health, or an equivalent course of study as approved by
18	<u>the board.</u>
19	<u>(2) In order to qualify as a qualified supervisor in Nebraska, a</u>
20	supervisor obtaining a doctoral degree outside the United States or its
21	territories shall have such degree validated by the board as equivalent
22	to the doctoral degree conferred by an accredited college or university
23	<u>in the United States or its territories.</u>
24	<u>(3) A qualified supervisor shall be licensed under the Uniform</u>
25	Credentialing Act to provide medical nutrition therapy if supervising an

25 <u>Credentialing Act to provide medical nutrition therapy if supervising an</u> 26 <u>applicant providing medical nutrition therapy to a person in this state.</u>

Sec. 16. <u>Registered dietitian or registered dietitian nutritionist</u>
 means a person who is currently registered as a registered dietitian or a
 registered dietitian nutritionist by the Commission on Dietetic
 <u>Registration of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics or a similar</u>
 <u>successor entity approved by the department.</u>

1	Sec. 17. Therapeutic diet means a diet intervention prescribed by a
2	physician or other health care professional that provides food or
3	nutrients via oral, enteral, or parenteral routes as part of the
4	treatment of a disease or diagnosed clinical condition to modify,
5	eliminate, decrease, or increase identified micronutrients or
6	macronutrients in the diet or to provide mechanically altered food when
7	<u>indicated.</u>
8	Sec. 18. Section 38-1810, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
9	amended to read:
10	38-1810 Patient means an individual recipient of medical nutrition
11	<u>therapy, whether in the outpatient or inpatient setting</u> a person with a
12	disease, illness, injury, or medical condition for which nutritional
13	interventions are an essential component of standard care.
14	Sec. 19. Section 38-1811, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
15	amended to read:
16	38-1811 <u>(1)</u> The board shall consist of three professional members,
17	one physician, and one public member appointed pursuant to section 38-158
18	until December 1, 2023.
19	(2) Beginning on December 1, 2023, the board shall consist of five
20	members as follows: Three professional members, of which one shall be a
21	licensed nutritionist or a licensed dietitian nutritionist and two shall
22	be licensed dietitian nutritionists; one physician; and one public
23	member.
24	(3) The members shall meet the requirements of sections 38-164 and
25	38-165.
26	Sec. 20. Section 38-1812, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
27	amended to read:
28	38-1812 No person shall practice medical nutrition therapy unless he
29	or she is licensed for such purpose pursuant to the Uniform Credentialing
30	Act. The practice of medical nutrition therapy shall be provided with the
31	consultation of a physician licensed pursuant to section 38-2026 or

-8-

sections 38-2029 to 38-2033, a nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to
 section 38-2317, or a physician assistant licensed pursuant to section
 38-2049. The Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act shall not be
 construed to require a license under the act in order to The practice of
 medical nutrition therapy shall not include:

 (1) Practice medical nutrition therapy within the scope of the

7 official duties of an employee of the state or federal government or 8 while serving in the armed forces of the United States;

9 (2) Engage in practice within the scope of a credential issued under
 10 the Uniform Credentialing Act;

(3) Practice medical nutrition therapy as a student while pursuing a 11 course of study leading to a degree in dietetics, nutrition, or an 12 13 equivalent major course of study from an accredited school or program as part of a supervised course of study, if all of the following apply: (a) 14 15 The person is not engaged in the unrestricted practice of medical 16 nutrition therapy; (b) the person uses a title clearly indicating the 17 person's status as a student or trainee; and (c) the person is in compliance with appropriate supervision requirements developed by the 18 19 board, including the requirement that the supervised practice experience must be under the order, control, and full professional responsibility of 20 21 such supervisor. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to permit 22 students, trainees, or supervisees to practice medical nutrition therapy other than as specifically allowed in this subdivision and as provided in 23 24 section 27 of this act;

25 (4) Be employed as a nutrition or dietetic technician or other food 26 service professional who is working in a hospital setting or other 27 regulated health care facility or program and who has been trained and is 28 supervised while engaged in the provision of medical nutrition therapy by 29 an individual licensed pursuant to the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice 30 Act whose services are retained by that facility or program on a full-31 time or regular, part-time, or consultant basis;

1	(5) Provide nutrition information, guidance, motivation, nutrition
2	recommendations, behavior change management, health coaching, holistic
3	and wellness education, or other nutrition-care services that do not
4	constitute medical nutrition therapy as long as such activity is being
5	performed by a person who is not licensed under the Medical Nutrition
6	Therapy Practice Act and who is not acting in the capacity of or claiming
7	to be a licensed dietitian nutritionist or licensed nutritionist;
8	<u>(6) Accept or transmit written, verbal, delegated, or</u>
9	electromagnetically transmitted orders for medical nutrition therapy from
10	<u>a referring provider by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse;</u>
11	(7) Provide medical nutrition therapy without remuneration to family
12	members;
13	(8) Aide in the provision of medical nutrition therapy if:
14	<u>(a) The person performs nutrition-care services at the direction of</u>
15	an individual licensed under the Uniform Credentialing Act whose scope of
16	practice includes provision of medical nutrition therapy; and
17	(b) The person performs only support activities of medical nutrition
18	therapy that do not require the exercise of independent judgment for
19	which a license under the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act is
20	required;
21	(1) Any person credentialed in this state pursuant to the Uniform
22	Credentialing Act and engaging in such profession or occupation for which
23	he or she is credentialed;
24	(2) Any student engaged in an academic program under the supervision
25	of a licensed medical nutrition therapist as part of a major course of
26	study in human nutrition, food and nutrition, or dietetics, or an
27	equivalent major course of study approved by the board, and who is
28	designated with a title which clearly indicates the person's status as a
29	student or trainee;
30	(3) Persons practicing medical nutrition therapy who serve in the
31	armed forces of the United States or the United States Public Health

Service or who are employed by the United States Department of Veterans
 Affairs or other federal agencies, if their practice is limited to that
 service or employment;

<u>(9) Practice</u> (4) Persons practicing medical nutrition therapy <u>if the</u>
<u>practitioner is</u> who are licensed in another state, United States
<u>territory</u> possession, or country, <u>has</u> or <u>have</u> received at least a
baccalaureate degree, and <u>is</u> are in this state for the purpose of:

8 (a) Consultation, if the practice in this state is limited to
9 consultation; or

(b) Conducting a teaching clinical demonstration in connection with a program of basic clinical education, graduate education, or postgraduate education which is sponsored by a dietetic education program or a major course of study in human nutrition, food and nutrition, or dietetics, or an equivalent major course of study approved by the board;

15 (10) Perform (5) Persons performing general <u>nutrition-care</u> nutrition 16 services, <u>not constituting medical nutrition therapy</u>, incidental to the 17 practice of the profession insofar as it does not exceed the scope of <u>the</u> 18 <u>person's their</u> education and training;

19 <u>(11) Market (6) Persons who market</u> or distribute food, food 20 materials, or dietary supplements, <u>advise regarding</u> including persons 21 employed in health food stores, or persons engaged in the advising of the 22 use of those products_{τ} or the preparation of those products, or <u>counsel</u> 23 the counseling of individuals or groups in the selection of products to 24 meet general nutrition needs;

25 <u>(12) Conduct</u> (7) Persons conducting classes or <u>disseminate</u> 26 <u>disseminating information related to</u> general <u>nonmedical</u> nutrition 27 <u>information</u> services;

28 (13) Provide (8) Persons who care for the sick in accordance with 29 the tenets and practices of any bona fide church or religious 30 denomination;

31 (14) Practice medical nutrition therapy for the limited purpose of

-11-

education and research by any person with a master's or doctoral degree from a United States accredited college or university with a major course of study in nutrition or an equivalent course of study as approved by the department; (15) Provide (9) Persons who provide information and instructions regarding food intake or exercise as a part of a weight control program;

7 and

8 (16) Participate (10) Persons with advanced postgraduate degrees
 9 involved in academic teaching or research with an advanced postgraduate
 10 degree; and -

11 (17) Present a general program of instruction for medical weight 12 control for an individual with prediabetes or obesity if the program has 13 been approved in writing by, consultation is available from, and no 14 program change is initiated without prior approval from, any one of the 15 following:

16 (a) A licensed dietitian nutritionist or a licensed nutritionist;

17 (b) A registered dietitian or registered dietitian nutritionist;

18 (c) A certified nutritionist specialist; or

(d) A licensed health care practitioner acting within the scope of
 such practitioner's license as part of a plan of care.

Sec. 21. Section 38-1813, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2022, is amended to read:

38-1813 (1) A person shall be <u>eligible</u> qualified to be a licensed
<u>dietitian nutritionist</u> <u>medical nutrition therapist</u> if such person <u>is</u>
<u>eighteen years of age or older, submits a completed application as</u>
<u>required by the board, submits fees required by the board, and furnishes</u>
evidence <u>of that he or she</u>:

(a) A current, valid registration as a registered dietitian
 nutritionist with the Commission on Dietetic Registration or a similar
 successor entity approved by the department; or

31 (b)(i)(A) A master's or doctoral degree from a college or university

1	accredited at the time of graduation from the appropriate accrediting
2	agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation and
3	the United States Department of Education with a major course of study in
4	human nutrition, foods and nutrition, dietetics, food systems management,
5	nutrition education, nutrition, nutrition science, clinical nutrition,
6	applied clinical nutrition, nutrition counseling, nutrition and
7	functional medicine, nutritional biochemistry, nutrition and integrative
8	<u>health, or an equivalent course of study that, as approved by the board,</u>
9	meets the competency requirements of an accredited didactic program in
10	dietetics of the Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition and
11	<u>Dietetics or a similar successor entity approved by the Department of</u>
12	<u>Health and Human Services; or</u>
13	<u>(B) An academic degree from a foreign country that has been</u>
14	validated as equivalent by a credential evaluation agency recognized by
15	the United States Department of Education and that, as approved by the
16	board, meets the competency requirements of an accredited didactic
17	program in dietetics of the Accreditation Council for Education in
18	Nutrition and Dietetics;
19	<u>(ii) Successful completion of a planned clinical program in an</u>
20	approved practice of dietetics and nutrition that, as approved by the
21	board, meets the competency requirements of an accredited supervised
22	practice experience in dietetics of the Accreditation Council for
23	Education in Nutrition and Dietetics comprised of not less than one
24	thousand hours of practice under the supervision of a registered
25	<u>dietitian nutritionist. A supervisor who obtained a doctoral degree</u>
26	outside of the United States and territories of the United States shall
27	have the degree validated as equivalent to a doctoral degree conferred by
28	an accredited college or university in the United States by a credential
29	evaluation agency recognized by the United States Department of Education
30	as approved by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
31	<u>(iii) Successful completion of the examination for dietitian</u>

nutritionists administered by the Commission on Dietetic Registration of 1 2 the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics or a similar successor entity 3 approved by the Department of Health and Human Services. 4 (2) A person licensed as a licensed medical nutrition therapist and 5 credentialed as a registered dietitian nutritionist by the Commission on Dietetic Registration or a similar successor entity recognized by the 6 7 board on the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be licensed as a licensed dietitian nutritionist for the term of the license. A person 8 9 licensed as a licensed medical nutrition therapist who is not 10 credentialed as a registered dietitian on the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be licensed as a licensed nutritionist for the term of 11 12 the license. 13 (a) Has met the requirements for and is a registered dietitian by 14 the American Dietetic Association or an equivalent entity recognized by 15 the board; 16 (b)(i) Has satisfactorily passed an examination approved by the 17 board; 18 (ii) Has received a baccalaureate degree from an accredited college 19 or university with a major course of study in human nutrition, food and 20 nutrition, dietetics, or an equivalent major course of study approved by 21 the board; and 22 (iii) Has satisfactorily completed a program of supervised clinical 23 experience approved by the department. Such clinical experience shall 24 consist of not less than nine hundred hours of a planned continuous 25 experience in human nutrition, food and nutrition, or dietetics under the 26 supervision of an individual meeting the qualifications of this section; 27 or 28 (c)(i) Has satisfactorily passed an examination approved by the board; and 29 30 (ii)(A) Has received a master's or doctorate degree from an accredited college or university in human nutrition, nutrition education, 31

1 food and nutrition, or public health nutrition or in an equivalent major
2 course of study approved by the board; or

3 (B) Has received a master's or doctorate degree from an accredited 4 college or university which includes a major course of study in clinical 5 nutrition. Such course of study shall consist of not less than a combined 6 two hundred hours of biochemistry and physiology and not less than 7 seventy-five hours in human nutrition.

8 (2) For purposes of this section, accredited college or university 9 means an institution currently listed with the United States Secretary of 10 Education as accredited. Applicants who have obtained their education 11 outside of the United States and its territories shall have their 12 academic degrees validated as equivalent to a baccalaureate or master's 13 degree conferred by a United States accredited college or university.

14 (3)(a) The practice of medical nutrition therapy shall be performed
 15 under the consultation of a physician licensed pursuant to section
 16 38-2026 or sections 38-2029 to 38-2033.

(b) A licensed medical nutrition therapist may order patient diets,
 including therapeutic diets, in accordance with this subsection.

Sec. 22. <u>A person shall be eligible to be a licensed nutritionist</u> if such person is eighteen years of age or older, submits a completed application as required by the board, submits fees required by the board, and furnishes evidence of:

(1) Certification as a certified nutrition specialist or proof of
 successful completion of the examination administered by the board for
 Certification of Nutrition Specialists of the American Nutrition
 Association or a similar successor entity approved by the department or
 an equivalent examination dealing with all aspects of the practice of
 dietetics and nutrition approved by the department;

29 (2)(a) A master's or doctoral degree from a college or university
 30 accredited at the time of graduation from the appropriate accrediting
 31 agency recognized by the Council on Higher Education Accreditation and

1 <u>the United States Department of Education with a major course of study as</u>

2 <u>approved by the board that provides the knowledge requirements necessary</u>

3 for the competent provision of medical nutrition therapy; or

4 (b) An academic degree from a foreign country that has been
5 validated as equivalent to the degree and course of study described in
6 subdivision (b) of this subdivision as determined by the board;

7 (3) Successful completion of coursework leading to competence in medical nutrition therapy which includes (a) fifteen semester hours of 8 9 clinical or life sciences, including such courses as chemistry, organic 10 chemistry, biology, molecular biology, biotechnology, botany, genetics, genomics, neuroscience, experimental science, immunotherapy, pathology, 11 pharmacology, toxicology, research methods, applied statistics, 12 biostatistics, epidemiology, energy production, molecular pathways, 13 hormone and transmitter regulations and imbalance, and pathophysiologic 14 15 base of disease, with at least three semester hours in human anatomy and physiology or the equivalent, and (b) fifteen semester hours of nutrition 16 17 and metabolism, with at least six semester hours in biochemistry or an 18 equivalent approved by the board; and

19 (4) Successful completion of a board-approved, planned, continuous internship or a documented, planned, continuous, supervised practice 20 experience with a qualified supervisor, demonstrating competency in 21 22 nutrition-care services and the provision of medical nutrition therapy comprised of not less than one thousand hours involving at least two 23 24 hundred hours of nutrition assessment and nutrition diagnosis, two 25 hundred hours of nutrition intervention or counseling, and two hundred hours of nutrition monitoring and evaluation. A minimum of seven hundred 26 27 hours of the supervised practice experience is required in professional 28 work settings, and no more than three hundred hours may be in alternate supervised experiences such as observational interactions between patient 29 and practitioner, simulation, case studies, or role playing. This 30 experience shall be under the supervision of a qualified supervisor. 31

1	<u>Qualified supervisors shall provide general supervision of an applicant's</u>
2	supervised practice experience in the provision of medical nutrition
3	therapy and provide appropriate supervision of an applicant's provision
4	of other nutrition-care services that do not constitute medical nutrition
5	therapy. For purposes of this subdivision, a supervisor shall be licensed
6	in this state if supervising an applicant providing medical nutrition
7	therapy to a person in this state. A supervisor who obtained a doctoral
8	degree outside of the United States and territories of the United States
9	<u>shall have the degree validated as equivalent to a doctoral degree</u>
10	conferred by an accredited college or university in the United States by
11	<u>a credential evaluation agency recognized by the United States Department</u>
12	of Education.
13	Sec. 23. <u>The board shall develop requirements for appropriate</u>
14	supervision consistent with prevailing professional standards considering
15	factors that include, but are not limited to, level of education,
16	experience, and level of responsibility. The requirements shall include:
17	<u>(1) Adequate, active, and continuing review of the supervisee's</u>
18	activities to assure that the supervisee is performing as directed and
19	complying with the statutes and all related administrative regulations;
20	<u>(2) Personal review by the qualified supervisor of the supervisee's</u>
21	practice on a regular basis and regularly scheduled, face-to-face,
22	education and review conferences between the qualified supervisor and the
23	<u>supervisee;</u>
24	(3) Personal review of all charts, records, and clinical notes of
25	<u>the supervisee on a regular basis;</u>
26	(4) Designation of an alternate qualified supervisor to supervise
27	any services provided in the event of a qualified supervisor's absence;
28	and
29	<u>(5) Knowledge of, and adherence to, by each supervisee and qualified</u>
30	supervisor, the assigned level of responsibility and the permissible
31	types of supervision and documentation as determined by the board in

1	supervision requirements.
2	Sec. 24. (1) A temporary license to practice medical nutrition
3	therapy may be granted to any person who meets all the requirements for a
4	license except passage of the examination required by section 38-1813 or
5	section 22 of this act. A temporary licensee shall be supervised by a
6	qualified supervisor. A temporary license shall be valid for one year or
7	until the temporary licensee takes the examination, whichever occurs
8	first. The temporary licensee shall be designated by a title clearly
9	indicating such licensee's status as a student or trainee. If a temporary
10	licensee fails the examination required by section 38-1813 or section 22
11	of this act, the temporary license shall be null and void, except that
12	the department, with the recommendation of the board, may extend the
13	temporary license upon a showing of good cause for up to six months. A
14	temporary license shall not be issued to any person who fails to pass the
15	examination if such person did not hold a valid temporary license prior
16	to the failure to pass the examination.
17	(2) This section shall not apply to a temporary license issued as
18	provided under section 38-129.01.
19	Sec. 25. <u>(1) Unless otherwise authorized or exempted under the</u>
20	Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act, (a) only a licensed dietitian
21	nutritionist or licensed nutritionist may provide medical nutrition
22	therapy, and (b) no person shall use the title dietitian nutritionist,
23	nutritionist, dietitian, licensed dietitian nutritionist, licensed
24	medical nutrition therapist, licensed nutritionist dietician, medical
25	nutrition therapist, or licensed nutrition specialist, or the
26	abbreviation LDN or LN, or any other title, designation, word, letter,
27	abbreviation, or insignia indicating that the person is a provider of
28	medical nutrition therapy or licensed under the Medical Nutrition Therapy
29	Practice Act unless the person is a licensed dietitian nutritionist or a
30	<u>licensed nutritionist.</u>
31	<u>(2) Only a person who is issued a license as a dietitian</u>

nutritionist under the act may use the words licensed dietitian 1 2 nutritionist, dietitian nutritionist, or dietitian or the letters LDN in connection with such person's name. Only a person who is issued a license 3 4 as a nutritionist under the act may use the words licensed nutritionist or the letters LN in connection with such person's name. Only a person 5 6 licensed under the act may use the word nutritionist in connection with 7 such person's name. A person may use any lawfully earned federally trademarked title, and the following persons may use the following words, 8 9 titles, or letters: (a) A registered dietitian nutritionist may use 10 registered dietitian, registered dietitian nutritionist, rd, or rdn; (b) a person who is credentialed by the Board for Certification of Nutrition 11 Specialists as a certified nutrition specialist may use certified 12 13 nutrition specialist or cns; or (c) a board-certified nutrition pharmacist may use the title nutrition specialist. 14

15 Sec. 26. (1) A licensed dietitian nutritionist or a licensed 16 <u>nutritionist, unless otherwise exempt, shall:</u>

17 (a) Provide medical nutrition therapy using evidence-based practice and the nutrition-care services process for patients and clients in 18 19 clinical and community settings for the purpose of treatment or management of a diagnosed medical disease or medical condition. The 20 nutrition-care services process involves application of the scientific 21 22 method to medical nutrition therapy and consists of four distinct, but 23 interrelated, steps of nutrition assessment, nutrition diagnosis, 24 nutrition intervention, and nutrition monitoring and evaluation;

(b) Use specialized knowledge and skill to apply the systematic problem-solving method to make diagnostic judgments when providing medical nutrition therapy for safe, effective, and high-quality care; and (c) Use critical thinking to collect relevant data, determine nutrition diagnosis based upon interpreted data, establish patient and client goals, determine a nutrition plan and interventions to solve the problem, and evaluate the effectiveness of interventions and progress 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

toward the desired goals or outcomes. (2) A licensed dietitian nutritionist or a licensed nutritionist may: (a) Accept or transmit written, verbal, delegated, or electromagnetically transmitted orders from a referring provider consistent with the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act and rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to the act and with any controlling protocols established to implement medical nutrition therapy; (b) Recommend and order patient diets, including therapeutic diets, oral nutrition supplements, and dietary supplements, in accordance with the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act and the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to the act. Therapeutic diets may include oral, enteral, or parenteral nutrition therapy. Enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy consists of enteral feedings or specialized intravenous solutions and associated nutrition-related services as part of a therapeutic diet and shall only be ordered, initiated, or performed by a licensed dietitian nutritionist or licensed nutritionist who also meets one of the following criteria: (i) The licensee is a registered dietitian nutritionist; (ii) The licensee is a certified nutrition support clinician certified by the National Board of Nutrition Support Certification; or (iii) The licensee meets other requirements demonstrating competency as determined by the board in evaluating and ordering enteral and parenteral therapy and administering enteral therapy; (c) Order medical or laboratory tests related to nutritional therapeutic treatments; (d) Implement prescription drug dose adjustments for specific disease treatment protocols within the limits of such licensee's

29 knowledge, skills, judgment, and clinical practice guidelines pursuant to

30 <u>any applicable and controlling facility-approved protocol and as approved</u>

31 <u>and delegated by the licensed prescriber, physician, or other authorized</u>

health care provider who prescribed the drug or drugs to be adjusted. 1 2 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to permit individuals licensed under the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act to 3 4 independently prescribe or initiate drug treatment. A licensed dietitian 5 nutritionist or a licensed nutritionist may recommend and order or discontinue vitamin and mineral supplements; and 6 7 (e) Develop, implement, and manage nutrition-care services systems and evaluate, change, and maintain appropriate standards of quality in 8 9 food and nutrition-care services. 10 (3)(a) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of any other licensed health care professional to order 11 12 therapeutic diets if ordering therapeutic diets falls within the scope of practice of the licensed health care professional. 13 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability 14 15 of persons who are not licensed dietitian nutritionists or licensed nutritionists from providing services which they are lawfully able to 16 17 provide. A student enrolled in an accredited course on dietetics 18 Sec. 27. and nutrition recognized by the board may perform any action necessary to 19 complete the student's course of study and engage in the practice of 20 21 medical nutrition therapy under the appropriate supervision of a 22 supervisor in accordance with section 38-1813 or section 22 of this act

for a period of no more than five years after the student completes the 23 24 course of study. The board may, in its discretion, grant a limited 25 extension to such five-year period in the event of extraordinary circumstances to allow the student to satisfy the qualifications for 26 27 licensure under section 38-1813 or section 22 of this act. For purposes of this section, extraordinary circumstances may include circumstances in 28 which a person who legally provides medical nutrition therapy in another 29 30 state has not met the qualifications for licensure under section 38-1813 or section 22 of this act within the five-year period after completion of 31

LB572 2023

1 <u>the course of study.</u>

Sec. 28. Section 38-1816, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

4 38-1816 <u>(1)</u> Nothing in the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act 5 shall be construed to permit a licensed <u>dietitian nutritionist or a</u> 6 <u>licensed nutritionist</u> medical nutrition therapist to practice any other 7 profession regulated under the Uniform Credentialing Act.

8 (2) Nothing in the Medical Nutrition Therapy Practice Act shall 9 require assisted living facilities or nursing facilities to provide 10 medical nutrition therapy, unless otherwise required by law, or employ or 11 consult with licensed dietitian nutritionists or licensed nutritionists, 12 so long as any medical nutrition therapy provided in such facilities is 13 provided under an exemption listed under section 20 of this act.

Sec. 29. Original sections 38-1801, 38-1802, 38-1803, 38-1806,
38-1807, 38-1808, 38-1809, 38-1810, 38-1811, 38-1812, and 38-1816,
Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 38-1813, Revised
Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022, are repealed.

Sec. 30. The following section is outright repealed: Section
38-1804, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.