LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 395**

Introduced by Hansen, M., 26. Read first time January 17, 2019 Committee:

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Uniform Residential Landlord and Tenant
2	Act; to amend section 76-1431, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska;
3	to change provisions relating to power of possession by a landlord
4	as a result of criminal activity on the premises by a tenant; to
5	provide an exception in cases of domestic assault as prescribed; to
6	harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original sections.
7	Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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Section 1. Section 76-1431, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

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3 (1)(a) (1) Except as provided in the Uniform Residential 76-1431 Landlord and Tenant Act, if there is a noncompliance with section 76-1421 4 5 materially affecting health and safety or a material noncompliance by the tenant with the rental agreement or any separate agreement, the landlord 6 may deliver a written notice to the tenant specifying the acts and 7 omissions constituting the breach and that the rental agreement will 8 9 terminate upon a date not less than thirty days after receipt of the notice if the breach is not remedied in fourteen days, and the rental 10 agreement shall terminate as provided in the notice subject to the 11 following. If the breach is remediable by repairs or the payment of 12 damages or otherwise and the tenant adequately remedies the breach prior 13 to the date specified in the notice, the rental agreement will not 14 terminate. If substantially the same act or omission which constituted a 15 16 prior noncompliance of which notice was given recurs within six months, 17 the landlord may terminate the rental agreement upon at least fourteen days' written notice specifying the breach and the date of termination of 18 the rental agreement. 19

(b) A tenant shall not be in breach or noncompliance under
subdivision (1)(a) of this section if the grounds for the breach or
noncompliance is the direct result of the tenant being a victim of
domestic assault under section 28-323 or other crime committed against
him or her by an intimate partner as defined in such section.

(2) If rent is unpaid when due and the tenant fails to pay rent within three days after written notice by the landlord of nonpayment and his or her intention to terminate the rental agreement if the rent is not paid within that period of time, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement.

30 (3) Except as provided in the Uniform Residential Landlord and
 31 Tenant Act, the landlord may recover damages and obtain injunctive relief

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for any noncompliance by the tenant with the rental agreement or section 76-1421. If the tenant's noncompliance is willful, the landlord may recover reasonable attorney's fees.

4 (4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) of this section or section 25-21,221, a landlord may, after five days' written notice of 5 termination of the rental agreement and without the right of the tenant 6 to cure the default, file suit and have judgment against any tenant or 7 occupant for recovery of possession of the premises if the tenant, 8 9 occupant, member of the tenant's household, guest, or other person who is under the tenant's control or who is present upon the premises with the 10 11 tenant's consent, engages in any violent criminal activity on the premises, the illegal sale of any controlled substance on the premises, 12 or any other activity that threatens the health or safety of other 13 tenants, the landlord, or the landlord's employees or agents. Such 14 activity shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following 15 16 activities of the tenant, occupant, member of the tenant's household, guest, or other person who is under the tenant's control or who is 17 present upon the premises with the tenant's consent: (a) Physical assault 18 or the threat of physical assault; (b) illegal use of a firearm or other 19 weapon or the threat of illegal use of a firearm or other weapon; (c) 20 possession of a controlled substance if the tenant knew or should have 21 known of the possession, unless such controlled substance was obtained 22 23 directly from or pursuant to a medical order issued by a practitioner 24 legally authorized to prescribe while acting in the course of his or her professional practice; or (d) any other activity or threatened activity 25 which would otherwise threaten the health or safety of any person or 26 involving threatened, imminent, or actual damage to the property. 27

(5) Subsection (4) of this section does not apply to a tenant if the
violent criminal activity, illegal sale of any controlled substance, or
other activity that threatens the health or safety of other tenants, the
landlord, or the landlord's employees or agents, as set forth in

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1 subsection (4) of this section, is:

2 <u>(a) Conducted</u> conducted by a person on the premises other than the 3 tenant and the tenant takes at least one of the following measures 4 against the person engaging in such activity:

5 <u>(i)</u> <del>(a)</del> The tenant seeks a protective order, restraining order, or 6 other similar relief which would apply to the person conducting such 7 activity; or

8 <u>(ii)</u> <del>(b)</del> The tenant reports such activity to a law enforcement 9 agency in an effort to initiate a criminal action against the person 10 conducting the activity<u>; or</u> -

11 (b) Domestic assault under section 28-323 of which the tenant is the 12 victim.

Sec. 2. Original section 76-1431, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is repealed.

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