LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 1241

Introduced by von Gillern, 4. Read first time January 16, 2024 Committee:

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to property taxes; to amend section 77-3442,
- 2 Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023; to change provisions relating to
- 3 levy limits; and to repeal the original section.
- 4 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is
 amended to read:

77-3442 (1) Except as provided in section 77-3444, property Property
tax levies for the support of local governments for fiscal years
beginning on or after July 1, 1998, shall be limited to the amounts set
forth in this section and shall be further limited as prescribed in
subsection (12) of this section except as provided in section 77-3444.

8 (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (2)(b) and (2)(e) of this 9 section, school districts and multiple-district school systems may levy a 10 maximum levy of one dollar and five cents per one hundred dollars of 11 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.

(b) For each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, learning communities may levy a maximum levy for the general fund budgets of member school districts of ninety-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The proceeds from the levy pursuant to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to section 79-1073.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this section, for 18 19 each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, school districts that are members of learning communities may levy for purposes of such districts' 20 general fund budget and special building funds a maximum combined levy of 21 the difference of one dollar and five cents on each one hundred dollars 22 of taxable property subject to the levy minus the learning community levy 23 24 pursuant to subdivision (2)(b) of this section for such learning 25 community.

(d) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (2)(a) and (2)(c) of this section are (i) amounts levied to pay for current and future sums agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring prior to September 1, 2017, (ii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay

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1 for current and future qualified voluntary termination incentives for 2 certificated teachers pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-8,142 that are not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) 3 4 of this section, (iii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at 5 the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay for seventy-five percent of the current and future sums agreed to be paid 6 7 to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring between September 1, 2017, and August 31, 2018, as a 8 9 result of a collective-bargaining agreement in force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in an exclusion 10 pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (iv) amounts levied by a 11 school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2) 12 13 (a) of this section to pay for fifty percent of the current and future 14 sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring between September 1, 2018, 15 16 and August 31, 2019, as a result of a collective-bargaining agreement in 17 force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (v) amounts 18 levied by a school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to 19 subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay for twenty-five percent of the 20 current and future sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in 21 exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring between 22 23 September 1, 2019, and August 31, 2020, as a result of a collective-24 bargaining agreement in force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are 25 not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (vi) amounts levied in compliance with sections 79-10,110 26 and 79-10,110.02, and (vii) amounts levied to pay for special building 27 28 funds and sinking funds established for projects commenced prior to April 1, 1996, for construction, expansion, or alteration of school district 29 buildings. For purposes of this subsection, commenced means any action 30 taken by the school board on the record which commits the board to expend 31

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1 district funds in planning, constructing, or carrying out the project.

2 (e) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (2)(c) of this section only to the 3 4 extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid pursuant to Title VIII 5 of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001. For purposes of this subdivision, federal aid school district means any 6 7 school district which receives ten percent or more of the revenue for its general fund budget from federal government sources pursuant to Title 8 9 VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001.

(f) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one-half cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for elementary learning center facility leases, for remodeling of leased elementary learning center facilities, and for up to fifty percent of the estimated cost for focus school or program capital projects approved by the learning community coordinating council pursuant to section 79-2111.

(q) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum 17 levy of one and one-half cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable 18 property subject to the levy for early childhood education programs for 19 children in poverty, for elementary learning center employees, for 20 contracts with other entities or individuals who are not employees of the 21 learning community for elementary learning center programs and services, 22 23 and for pilot projects, except that no more than ten percent of such levy 24 may be used for elementary learning center employees.

(3) For each fiscal year through fiscal year 2023-24, community college areas may levy the levies provided in subdivisions (2)(a) through (c) of section 85-1517, in accordance with the provisions of such subdivisions. For fiscal year 2024-25 and each fiscal year thereafter, community college areas may levy the levies provided in subdivisions (2) (a) and (b) of section 85-1517, in accordance with the provisions of such subdivisions. A community college area may exceed the levy provided in

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subdivision (2)(a) of section 85-1517 by the amount necessary to generate sufficient revenue as described in section 85-1543 or 85-2238. A community college area may exceed the levy provided in subdivision (2)(b) of section 85-1517 by the amount necessary to retire general obligation bonds assumed by the community college area or issued pursuant to section 85-1515 according to the terms of such bonds or for any obligation pursuant to section 85-1535 entered into prior to January 1, 1997.

8 (4)(a) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum levy of four 9 and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of 10 property subject to the levy.

(b) Natural resources districts shall also have the power and 11 authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their 12 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water 13 14 management activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their 15 16 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water 17 management activities and integrated management activities for FY2003-04, not to exceed one cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation 18 annually on all of the taxable property within the district. 19

(c) In addition, natural resources districts located in a river 20 subbasin, or reach that has been determined to be fully 21 basin, 22 appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated as overappropriated pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department of Natural Resources shall 23 24 also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar 25 amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management 26 activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act 27 28 exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities for 29 FY2005-06, not to exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of 30 31 taxable valuation on all of the taxable property within the district for

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fiscal year 2006-07 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year
 2017-18.

3 (5) Any educational service unit authorized to levy a property tax 4 pursuant to section 79-1225 may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half 5 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to 6 the levy.

7 (6)(a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of forty-five 8 9 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy plus an additional five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable 10 valuation to provide financing for the municipality's share of revenue 11 required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the 12 Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum 13 levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library 14 pursuant to section 51-201, museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting 15 16 community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to 17 section 71-1637, or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202. 18

19 (b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety cents per one 20 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The 21 22 maximum levy shall include amounts paid to a municipal county for county services, amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to 23 24 section 51-201, a museum pursuant to section 51-501, a visiting community 25 nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637, or a statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202. 26

(7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, and sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five years or less shall not have a maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and

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improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five years and are located in a municipal county may levy a maximum of eightyfive cents per hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.

5 (8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of fifty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, 6 7 except that five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of 8 property subject to the levy may only be levied to provide financing for 9 the county's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public 10 Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums 11 to support a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to 12 section 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen cents of its 13 authority to other political subdivisions subject to allocation of 14 property tax authority under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 and not 15 16 specifically covered in this section to levy taxes as authorized by law which do not collectively exceed fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of 17 taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property. The county 18 may allocate to one or more other political subdivisions subject to 19 allocation of property tax authority by the county under subsection (1) 20 of section 77-3443 some or all of the county's five cents per one hundred 21 dollars of valuation authorized for support of an agreement or agreements 22 23 to be levied by the political subdivision for the purpose of supporting 24 that political subdivision's share of revenue required under an agreement 25 or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. If an allocation by a county would cause another 26 county to exceed its levy authority under this section, the second county 27 may exceed the levy authority in order to levy the amount allocated. 28

(9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of one
dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject
to the levy. The municipal county may allocate levy authority to any

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political subdivision or entity subject to allocation under section
 77-3443.

(10) Beginning July 1, 2016, rural and suburban fire protection 3 districts may levy a maximum levy of ten and one-half cents per one 4 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy if 5 (a) such district is located in a county that had a levy pursuant to 6 7 subsection (8) of this section in the previous year of at least forty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to 8 9 the levy or (b) such district had a levy request pursuant to section 77-3443 in any of the three previous years and the county board of the 10 county in which the greatest portion of the valuation of such district is 11 located did not authorize any levy authority to such district in such 12 13 vear.

(11) A regional metropolitan transit authority may levy a maximum levy of ten cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy for each fiscal year that commences on the January 1 that follows the effective date of the conversion of the transit authority established under the Transit Authority Law into the regional metropolitan transit authority.

20 (12) In addition to the specific levy limits provided in this
21 section, if the total taxable valuation of property in a political
22 subdivision exceeds the total taxable valuation from the prior year, then
23 such political subdivision shall be subject to an additional levy limit
24 calculated as follows:

25 (a) The percentage increase in the political subdivision's total
 26 taxable valuation shall be determined; and

(b) The political subdivision's levy rate from the prior year shall
then be decreased by the percentage determined pursuant to subdivision
(12)(a) of this section. Such decreased levy rate shall be the maximum
levy rate that such political subdivision may impose in the current year.
(13) (12) Property tax levies (a) for judgments, except judgments or

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1 orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, obtained against a 2 political subdivision which require or obligate a political subdivision to pay such judgment, to the extent such judgment is not paid by 3 (b) for 4 liability insurance coverage of a political subdivision, 5 preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, (c) for bonds as defined in section 10-134 approved according to law and 6 7 secured by a levy on property except as provided in section 44-4317 for bonded indebtedness issued by educational service units and school 8 9 districts, (d) for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free 10 loans from the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the 11 public airport, and (e) to pay for cancer benefits provided on or after 12 13 January 1, 2022, pursuant to the Firefighter Cancer Benefits Act are not included in the levy limits established by this section. 14

15 <u>(14)</u> (13) The limitations on tax levies provided in this section are 16 to include all other general or special levies provided by law. 17 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only exceptions to the 18 limits in this section are those provided by or authorized by sections 19 77-3442 to 77-3444.

(15) (14) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in this section
 shall be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606 unless
 approved under section 77-3444.

(16) (15) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444, political
 subdivision means a political subdivision of this state and a county
 agricultural society.

26 (17) (16) For school districts that file a binding resolution on or 27 before May 9, 2008, with the county assessors, county clerks, and county 28 treasurers for all counties in which the school district has territory 29 pursuant to subsection (7) of section 79-458, if the combined levies, 30 except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the 31 school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded

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1 indebtedness, are in excess of the greater of (a) one dollar and twenty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to 2 the levy or (b) the maximum levy authorized by a vote pursuant to section 3 school district levies, except 4 77-3444, all levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the school district and levies for 5 the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, shall be considered 6 7 unauthorized levies under section 77-1606.

8 Sec. 2. Original section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Supplement,
9 2023, is repealed.