LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 1237

Introduced by Brewer, 43; Albrecht, 17; Linehan, 39; Murman, 38. Read first time January 20, 2022 Committee: 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections 2 77-2717 and 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 3 2020, and section 77-2715.07, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2021; to 4 adopt the Opportunity Scholarships Act and the Nebraska Child Care 5 Contribution Tax Credit Act; to harmonize provisions; to provide 6 severability; and to repeal the original sections.

7 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Sections 1 to 13 of this act shall be known and may be Section 1. 2 cited as the Opportunity Scholarships Act. 3 Sec. 2. The Legislature finds that: (1) Enabling the greatest number of parents and legal guardians to 4 choose among quality educational opportunities for children will improve 5 6 the quality of education available to all children; 7 (2) Privately operated elementary and secondary schools in Nebraska satisfy the state's requirements for legal operation and provide quality 8 9 educational opportunities for children; 10 (3) For parents and legal guardians who are paying taxes in support of public elementary and secondary schools, choosing privately operated 11 12 schools for their children can be a financial burden because typically these parents and legal guardians will be paying twice for education 13 14 through tuition and taxes; 15 (4) Parents and legal guardians of limited means are less able to choose among quality educational opportunities for their children; 16 17 (5) Making it possible for more parents and legal guardians to be able to choose privately operated schools reduces publicly funded 18 educational costs and benefits Nebraska taxpayers; and 19 (6) It is in the best interests of the State of Nebraska and its 20 citizens to encourage individuals and businesses to support organizations 21 22 that financially assist parents and legal guardians who want to enroll their children in privately operated elementary and secondary schools, 23 24 and such encouragement can be accomplished through the use of tax 25 credits. 26 Sec. 3. For purposes of the Opportunity Scholarships Act: (1) Department means the Department of Revenue; 27 (2) Education scholarship means a financial grant-in-aid to be used 28 to pay all or part of the tuition and fees for attending a qualified 29 school and includes any tuition grants; 30 (3) Eligible student means a resident of Nebraska who: 31

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1	(a) Is a dependent member of a household that, for the most recently
2	concluded calendar year before the student receives an education
3	scholarship pursuant to the act, has a gross income which does not exceed
4	the income indicated in the income eligibility guidelines for reduced
5	price meals under the National School Lunch Program in 7 C.F.R. part 210,
6	as such part existed on January 1, 2022; and
7	<u>(b)(i) Is receiving an education scholarship for the first time and</u>
8	<u>is (A) entering kindergarten or ninth grade in a qualified school or (B)</u>
9	transferring from a public school at which the student was enrolled for
10	at least one semester immediately preceding the first semester for which
11	the student receives an education scholarship to a qualified school and
12	<u>is entering any of grades kindergarten through twelve;</u>
13	<u>(ii) Has previously received an education scholarship and is</u>
14	continuing education at a qualified school until such student graduates
15	from high school or reaches twenty-one years of age, whichever comes
16	<u>first; or</u>
17	(iii) Is the sibling of a student who is receiving an education
18	scholarship and resides in the same household as such student;
19	(4) Qualified school means any nongovernmental, privately operated
20	elementary or secondary school located in this state that (a) is operated

not for profit, (b) complies with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. 1981 as such section existed on January 1, 2022, (c) complies with all health and life safety laws or codes that apply to privately operated schools, and (d) fulfills the applicable accreditation or approval requirements established by the State Board of Education pursuant to section 79-318;

27 (5) Scholarship-granting organization means a charitable
 28 organization in this state that is (a) exempt from federal income
 29 taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
 30 1986, as amended, and (b) certified pursuant to section 4 of this act to
 31 provide tax-credit-supported education scholarships to eligible students

1	to assist them in attending qualified schools; and
2	<u>(6) Tuition means any amount charged by a qualified school for</u>
3	enrollment in its instructional program. Tuition shall not exceed the
4	full cost of educating an eligible student at such qualified school.
5	Sec. 4. (1) An organization may apply to the department to become
6	certified as a scholarship-granting organization under the Opportunity
7	Scholarships Act. An organization shall obtain such certification prior
8	to providing any education scholarships to eligible students under the
9	act. The applicant shall provide the department with sufficient
10	information to show:
11	(a) That the applicant is exempt from federal income taxation under
12	section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
13	(b) That the applicant will offer one or more education scholarship
14	<u>programs for eligible students;</u>
15	(c) That the applicant will be able to comply with the requirements
16	of section 10 of this act;
17	(d) That the applicant will provide education scholarships for
18	eligible students without limiting education scholarship availability to
19	only one qualified school;
20	(e) That the applicant will give first priority to eligible students
21	who received an education scholarship from an eligible scholarship-
22	granting organization during the previous school year and then to new
23	applicants whose household income levels do not exceed one hundred
24	eighty-five percent of the federal poverty level or who are in foster
25	<u>care or out-of-home care;</u>
26	<u>(f) That the applicant will limit the maximum scholarship amount</u>
27	awarded to any student to the cost of tuition and fees at the qualified
28	school such student attends; and
29	(g) That the applicant will limit scholarship amounts awarded to
30	students in a manner that assures that the average of the scholarship
31	amounts awarded per student does not exceed seventy-five percent of the

statewide average general fund operating expenditures per formula student for the most recently available complete data year as such terms are defined in section 79-1003.

4 (2) If the applicant meets the requirements of this section, the 5 department shall certify it as a scholarship-granting organization for 6 tax-credit purposes under the Opportunity Scholarships Act. Such 7 certification is subject to revocation by the department if the 8 scholarship-granting organization subsequently fails to fulfill the 9 requirements of this section or section 10 of this act.

Sec. 5. 10 (1) An individual taxpayer who makes one or more cash contributions to one or more scholarship-granting organizations during a 11 12 tax year shall be eligible for a credit against the income tax due under 13 the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the total amount of such contributions made during the tax 14 15 year, except that the credit shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars or fifty percent of the taxpayer's state income tax liability for 16 17 such tax year, whichever is less. A taxpayer may only claim a credit pursuant to this section for the portion of the contribution that was not 18 19 claimed as a charitable contribution under the Internal Revenue Code.

20 (2) Taxpayers who are married but file separate returns for a tax 21 year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only 22 one-half of the tax credit that would otherwise have been allowed for a 23 joint return.

24 (3) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a
25 nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the credit that is unused may be
26 carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability
27 for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the
28 credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.

(4) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the
 contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
 any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.

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1 (5) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section 2 9 of this act. (6) The tax credit allowed under this section may be earned for tax 3 years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2023, and 4 5 before January 1, 2028. (1) Any partnership, limited liability company, or 6 Sec. 6. 7 corporation having an election in effect under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that (a) is carrying on any 8 9 trade or business for which deductions would be allowed under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or is carrying on any 10 rental activity and (b) makes one or more cash contributions to one or 11 more scholarship-granting organizations during a tax year shall be 12 13 eligible for a credit against the income tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the 14 15 total amount of such contributions made during the tax year, except that the credit shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars or fifty percent 16 17 of the taxpayer's state income tax liability for such tax year, whichever is less. A taxpayer may only claim a credit pursuant to this section for 18 19 the portion of the contribution that was not claimed as a charitable contribution under the Internal Revenue Code. The credit shall be 20 attributed to each partner, member, or shareholder in the same proportion 21 22 used to report the partnership's, limited liability company's, or 23 subchapter S corporation's income or loss for income tax purposes. 24 (2) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a

24 (2) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a 25 nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the tax credit that is unused may be 26 carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability 27 for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the 28 credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.

29 (3) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the
 30 contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
 31 any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.

1	(4) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section
2	<u>9 of this act.</u>
3	(5) The tax credit allowed under this section may be earned for tax
4	<u>years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2023, and</u>
5	<u>before January 1, 2028.</u>
6	Sec. 7. <u>(1) An estate or trust which makes one or more cash</u>
7	contributions to one or more scholarship-granting organizations during a
8	tax year shall be eligible for a credit against the income tax due under
9	the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. The credit shall be equal to fifty
10	percent of the total amount of such contributions made during the tax
11	year, except that the credit shall not exceed twenty-five thousand
12	dollars or fifty percent of the taxpayer's state income tax liability for
13	<u>such tax year, whichever is less. A taxpayer may only claim a credit</u>
14	<u>pursuant to this section for the portion of the contribution that was not</u>
15	claimed as a charitable contribution under the Internal Revenue Code. Any
16	credit not used by the estate or trust may be attributed to each
17	beneficiary of the estate or trust in the same proportion used to report
18	the beneficiary's income from the estate or trust for income tax
19	purposes.
20	<u>(2) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a</u>
21	nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the tax credit that is unused may be
22	carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability
23	for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the
24	credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.
25	<u>(3) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the</u>
26	contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
27	any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.

28 (4) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section
29 9 of this act.

30 (5) The tax credit allowed under this section may be earned for tax
 31 years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2023, and

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1	<u>before January 1, 2028.</u>
2	Sec. 8. (1) A corporate taxpayer as defined in section 77-2734.04
3	which makes one or more cash contributions to one or more scholarship-
4	granting organizations during a tax year shall be eligible for a credit
5	against the income tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. The
6	credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the total amount of such
7	contributions made during the tax year, except that the credit shall not
8	exceed twenty-five thousand dollars or fifty percent of the taxpayer's
9	state income tax liability for such tax year, whichever is less. A
10	taxpayer may only claim a credit pursuant to this section for the portion
11	of the contribution that was not claimed as a charitable contribution
12	under the Internal Revenue Code.
13	<u>(2) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a</u>
14	nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the tax credit that is unused may be
15	carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability
16	for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the
17	credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.
18	(3) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the
19	contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
20	any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.
21	(4) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section
22	<u>9 of this act.</u>
23	(5) The tax credit allowed under this section may be earned for tax
24	years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2023, and
25	<u>before January 1, 2028.</u>
26	Sec. 9. (1) Prior to making a contribution to a scholarship-
27	granting organization, any taxpayer desiring to claim a tax credit under
28	the Opportunity Scholarships Act shall notify the scholarship-granting
29	organization of the taxpayer's intent to make a contribution and the
30	amount to be claimed as a tax credit. Upon receiving each such
31	notification, the scholarship-granting organization shall notify the

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1	department of the intended tax credit amount. If the department
2	determines that the intended tax credit amount in the notification would
3	exceed the limit specified in subsection (3) of this section, the
4	department shall notify the scholarship-granting organization of its
5	determination within thirty days after receipt of the notification. The
6	scholarship-granting organization shall then promptly notify the taxpayer
7	of the department's determination that the intended tax credit amount in
8	the notification is not available. If an amount less than the amount
9	indicated in the notification is available for a tax credit, the
10	department shall notify the scholarship-granting organization of the
11	available amount and the scholarship-granting organization shall notify
12	the taxpayer of the available amount within three business days.

(2) In order to be allowed a tax credit as provided by the act, the 13 taxpayer shall make its contribution between thirty-one and sixty days 14 15 after notifying the scholarship-granting organization of the taxpayer's 16 intent to make a contribution. If the scholarship-granting organization 17 does not receive the contribution within the required time period, it shall notify the department of such fact and the department shall no 18 19 longer include such amount when calculating whether the limit prescribed in subsection (3) of this section has been exceeded. If the scholarship-20 21 granting organization receives the contribution within the required time 22 period, it shall provide the taxpayer with a receipt for the 23 contribution. The receipt shall show the name and address of the scholarship-granting organization, the date the scholarship-granting 24 25 organization was certified by the department in accordance with section 4 of this act, the name, address, and, if available, tax identification 26 number of the taxpayer making the contribution, the amount of the 27 28 contribution, and the date the contribution was received.

(3) The department shall consider notifications regarding intended
 tax credit amounts in the order in which they are received to ascertain
 whether the intended tax credit amounts are within the annual limit of

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five million dollars.

2 <u>(4) Once credits have reached the annual limit of five million</u> 3 <u>dollars for any calendar year, no additional credits shall be allowed for</u> 4 <u>such calendar year. Credits shall be prorated among the notifications</u> 5 <u>received on the day the annual limit is exceeded.</u>

6 Sec. 10. <u>(1) In order for a scholarship-granting organization to</u> 7 <u>remain certified under the Opportunity Scholarships Act, the scholarship-</u> 8 <u>granting organization shall allocate at least ninety percent of its</u> 9 <u>revenue for education scholarships and no more than ten percent of its</u> 10 <u>revenue shall be used or reserved for administrative costs.</u>

11 (2) For purposes of this section, revenue is allocated when it is 12 expended or otherwise irrevocably encumbered for expenditure. The 13 percentage of funds allocated for education scholarships shall be 14 measured as a monthly average over the most recent twenty-four-month 15 period or, for a scholarship-granting organization that has been 16 certified for less than twenty-four months, over the period of time that 17 the scholarship-granting organization has been certified.

Sec. 11. (1) Each scholarship-granting organization shall annually submit to the department no later than December 1 of each year an audited financial information report for its most recent fiscal year certified by an independent public accountant.

22 (2) Each scholarship-granting organization shall include with the report submitted under subsection (1) of this section a summary 23 description of (a) its policies and procedures for awarding education 24 25 scholarships, (b) the number of eligible students receiving education scholarships in the most recent fiscal year, (c) the total amount of 26 27 contributions received for education scholarships in the most recent fiscal year, and (d) the total amount of education scholarships awarded 28 in the most recent fiscal year. 29

30 (3) The department shall electronically forward such reports and
 31 summary descriptions to the Governor and the Legislature no later than

1	December 31 of each year.
2	Sec. 12. The Opportunity Scholarships Act shall not be construed as
3	granting any expanded or additional authority to the State of Nebraska to
4	control or influence the governance or policies of any qualified school
5	due to the fact that the qualified school admits and enrolls students who
6	receive education scholarships or as requiring any such qualified school
7	to admit or, once admitted, to continue the enrollment of any student
8	receiving an education scholarship.
9	Sec. 13. <u>The department may adopt and promulgate rules and</u>
10	regulations to carry out the Opportunity Scholarships Act.
11	Sec. 14. <u>Sections 14 to 20 of this act shall be known and may be</u>
12	cited as the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax Credit Act.
13	Sec. 15. <u>The Legislature finds that COVID-19 has greatly impacted</u>
14	the child care industry, and access to quality child care opportunities
15	is crucial to Nebraska's ongoing economic stability and growth.
16	Sec. 16. For purposes of the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax
17	<u>Credit Act:</u>
18	<u>(1) Child means an individual who is twelve years of age or less;</u>
19	<u>(2) Child care and education provider means a person who owns or</u>
20	operates an eligible child care and early childhood education program;
21	(3) Department means the Department of Revenue;
22	(4) Eligible child care and early childhood education program means
23	<u>a program that:</u>
24	(a) Is enrolled to participate in the quality rating and improvement
25	system developed under the Step Up to Quality Child Care Act;
26	(b) Is licensed as a family child care home I, family child care
27	home II, child care center, preschool, or school-age-only center; and
28	<u>(c) Operates as a for-profit child care business or is a nonprofit</u>
29	organization under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
30	(5) Intermediary means any organization that distributes funds for
31	the purpose of supporting an eligible child care and early childhood

1 education program; 2 (6) Qualifying contribution means a contribution in the form of cash, check, cash equivalent, agricultural commodity, livestock, or 3 publicly traded security that is used for one or more of the purposes 4 described in subsection (4) of section 17 of this act. A contribution of 5 any other type of property or any service is not a qualifying 6 7 contribution; and (7) Taxpayer means any person subject to the income tax imposed by 8 the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1986. The term includes resident and 9 10 nonresident individuals, estates, trusts, and corporations. Sec. 17. (1) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or 11 after January 1, 2023, and before January 1, 2028, under the Internal 12 13 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, any taxpayer who makes a qualifying contribution may apply to the department to receive a nonrefundable tax 14 15 credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 16 1967. 17 (2)(a) The credit shall be equal to either fifty percent or seventyfive percent of the taxpayer's qualifying contribution made during the 18 19 taxable year, except that the credit for a taxpayer for any single taxable year shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars or fifty 20 21 percent of the taxpayer's state income tax liability, whichever is less. 22 (b) The credit shall be equal to seventy-five percent of the qualifying contribution if the eligible child care and early childhood 23 24 education program that receives the contribution has at least one child 25 enrolled in the child care subsidy program established pursuant to section 68-1202 and the child care and education provider is actively 26 27 caring and billing for the child as verified by the Department of Health 28 and Human Services. 29 (c) The credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the qualifying 30 contribution if subdivision (2)(b) of this section does not apply.

31 (3) If a taxpayer does not use all of the credits earned for any

taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the unused credits for up to 1 2 five taxable years after the taxable year in which the credits were 3 earned. Credits shall not be carried back. (4) In order to be considered a qualifying contribution, the 4 5 contribution must be: (a) For the establishment or operation of an eligible child care and 6 7 early childhood education program; (b) For the establishment of a registered grant or loan program for 8 parents requiring financial assistance for an eligible child care and 9 10 early childhood education program; (c) To an early childhood collaborative or another intermediary for 11 the training, technical assistance, or mentorship of child care and 12 education providers; 13 (d) For the establishment or ongoing costs of an information 14 15 dissemination program that assists parents with information and referral services for child care; 16 17 (e) To a for-profit child care business, including a family home 18 provider. The for-profit child care business must use the proceeds of a qualifying contribution for (i) the acquisition or improvement of the 19 20 child care facilities or (ii) equipment; or (f) To an intermediary for the establishment or operation of an 21 22 eligible child care and early childhood education program or a program for parents requiring financial assistance for an eligible child care and 23 early childhood education program. 24 25 (5) A contribution shall not qualify for a credit under this section if: 26 (a) The contribution is made to a child care provider in which the 27 taxpayer or a person related to the taxpayer has a financial interest 28 29 which would result in direct benefit to the taxpayer or related person; 30 or (b) The contribution is made to a for-profit child care business and 31

1 <u>is not directly invested in the acquisition or improvement of child care</u> 2 <u>facilities or equipment.</u>

3 Sec. 18. <u>(1) A taxpayer shall apply for the credit provided under</u> 4 <u>the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax Credit Act by submitting an</u> 5 application to the department with the following information:

6 (a) Documentation to show that the contribution is a qualifying
 7 contribution and meets the requirements provided in the act; and

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(b) Any other documentation required by the department.

9 (2) If the department determines that the taxpayer qualifies for tax 10 credits under the act, the department shall approve the application and 11 certify the amount of credits approved to the taxpayer. The department 12 shall accept applications on an annual basis and shall consider the 13 applications in the order in which they are received. The department may 14 approve credits under this section until the total amount of credits 15 approved for the year equals five million dollars.

<u>(3) The credits allowed under the act may be earned for taxable</u>
 <u>years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2023, and</u>
 <u>before January 1, 2028.</u>

Sec. 19. (1) If the department finds that a person has obtained a credit by fraud or misrepresentation, the credits shall be disallowed and the taxpayer's state income tax for the taxable year in which the credit was claimed shall be increased by the amount necessary to recapture the credit.

(2) Credits granted to a taxpayer, but later disallowed, may be
 recovered by the department within three years after the end of the
 taxable year in which the credit was claimed.

27 Sec. 20. <u>The department may adopt and promulgate rules and</u> 28 <u>regulations to carry out the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax Credit</u> 29 <u>Act.</u>

30 Sec. 21. Section 77-2715.07, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2021, is 31 amended to read:

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1 77-2715.07 (1) There shall be allowed to qualified resident 2 individuals as a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by 3 the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

4 (a) A credit equal to the federal credit allowed under section 22 of5 the Internal Revenue Code; and

6 (b) A credit for taxes paid to another state as provided in section7 77-2730.

8 (2) There shall be allowed to qualified resident individuals against9 the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

(a) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross incomes of 10 greater than twenty-nine thousand dollars, a nonrefundable credit equal 11 to twenty-five percent of the federal credit allowed under section 21 of 12 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except that for taxable 13 years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such 14 nonrefundable credit shall be allowed only if the individual would have 15 received the federal credit allowed under section 21 of the code after 16 adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted 17 pursuant to such section in determining eligibility for the federal 18 19 credit;

(b) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross income of 20 twenty-nine thousand dollars or less, a refundable credit equal to a 21 percentage of the federal credit allowable under section 21 of the 22 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, whether or not the federal 23 24 credit was limited by the federal tax liability. The percentage of the federal credit shall be one hundred percent for incomes not greater than 25 twenty-two thousand dollars, and the percentage shall be reduced by ten 26 percent for each one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, by which the 27 28 reported federal adjusted gross income exceeds twenty-two thousand dollars, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or 29 after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if 30 the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under 31

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section 21 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net
 operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining
 eligibility for the federal credit;

4 (c) A refundable credit as provided in section 77-5209.01 for 5 individuals who qualify for an income tax credit as a qualified beginning 6 farmer or livestock producer under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act 7 for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 8 2006, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

9 (d) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income 10 tax credit under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska 11 Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research 12 and Development Act, or the Volunteer Emergency Responders Incentive Act; 13 and

(e) A refundable credit equal to ten percent of the federal credit 14 allowed under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 15 amended, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or 16 after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if 17 the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under 18 19 section 32 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining 20 eligibility for the federal credit. 21

(3) There shall be allowed to all individuals as a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

(a) A credit for personal exemptions allowed under section77-2716.01;

(b) A credit for contributions to certified community betterment programs as provided in the Community Development Assistance Act. Each partner, each shareholder of an electing subchapter S corporation, each beneficiary of an estate or trust, or each member of a limited liability company shall report his or her share of the credit in the same manner

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LB1237 LB1237 2022 2022 1 and proportion as he or she reports the partnership, subchapter S 2 corporation, estate, trust, or limited liability company income; 3 (c) A credit for investment in a biodiesel facility as provided in 4 section 77-27,236; (d) A credit as provided in the New Markets Job Growth Investment 5 6 Act; 7 (e) A credit as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization Act; 8 9 (f) A credit to employers as provided in section 77-27,238; and 10 (g) A credit as provided in the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act; -(h) A credit as provided in the Opportunity Scholarships Act; and 11 (i) A credit as provided in the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax 12 Credit Act. 13 (4) There shall be allowed as a credit against the income tax 14 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967: 15 16 (a) A credit to all resident estates and trusts for taxes paid to 17 another state as provided in section 77-2730; (b) A credit to all estates and trusts for contributions to 18 19 certified community betterment programs as provided in the Community Development Assistance Act; and 20

(c) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income 21 tax credit as an owner of agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer 22 Tax Credit Act for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or 23 24 after January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 25 amended. The credit allowed for each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary of a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or 26 estate or trust qualifying for an income tax credit as an owner of 27 28 agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act shall be equal to the partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion 29 of the amount of tax credit distributed pursuant to subsection (6) of 30 31 section 77-5211.

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1 (5)(a) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, 2 and before January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, there shall be allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or 3 4 beneficiary of a partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability 5 company, or estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to fifty percent of the 6 partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion of the 7 amount of franchise tax paid to the state under sections 77-3801 to 8 9 77-3807 by a financial institution.

10 (b) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, there shall be 11 allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary of a 12 partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability company, 13 or 14 estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to the partner's, shareholder's, 15 16 member's, or beneficiary's portion of the amount of franchise tax paid to the state under sections 77-3801 to 77-3807 by a financial institution. 17

(c) Each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary shall report his or her share of the credit in the same manner and proportion as he or she reports the partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability company, or estate or trust income. If any partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary cannot fully utilize the credit for that year, the credit may not be carried forward or back.

(6) There shall be allowed to all individuals nonrefundable credits
against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as
provided in section 77-3604 and refundable credits against the income tax
imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as provided in section
77-3605.

(7)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after
January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2026, under the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986, as amended, a nonrefundable credit against the income tax

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1 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 in the amount of five 2 thousand dollars shall be allowed to any individual who purchases a 3 residence during the taxable year if such residence:

4 (i) Is located within an area that has been declared an extremely
5 blighted area under section 18-2101.02;

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(ii) Is the individual's primary residence; and

7 (iii) Was not purchased from a family member of the individual or a8 family member of the individual's spouse.

9 (b) The credit provided in this subsection shall be claimed for the 10 taxable year in which the residence is purchased. If the individual 11 cannot fully utilize the credit for such year, the credit may be carried 12 forward to subsequent taxable years until fully utilized.

(c) No more than one credit may be claimed under this subsectionwith respect to a single residence.

15 (d) The credit provided in this subsection shall be subject to 16 recapture by the Department of Revenue if the individual claiming the 17 credit sells or otherwise transfers the residence or quits using the 18 residence as his or her primary residence within five years after the end 19 of the taxable year in which the credit was claimed.

(e) For purposes of this subsection, family member means an
individual's spouse, child, parent, brother, sister, grandchild, or
grandparent, whether by blood, marriage, or adoption.

(8) There shall be allowed to all individuals refundable credits
against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as
provided in the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act and the Renewable
Chemical Production Tax Credit Act.

(9)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after
January 1, 2022, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a
refundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue
Act of 1967 shall be allowed to the parent of a stillborn child if:

31 (i) A fetal death certificate is filed pursuant to subsection (1) of

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1 section 71-606 for such child;

2 (ii) Such child had advanced to at least the twentieth week of3 gestation; and

4 (iii) Such child would have been a dependent of the individual5 claiming the credit.

6 (b) The amount of the credit shall be two thousand dollars.

7 (c) The credit shall be allowed for the taxable year in which the8 stillbirth occurred.

9 Sec. 22. Section 77-2717, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
10 2020, is amended to read:

77-2717 (1)(a)(i) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin 11 before January 1, 2014, the tax imposed on all resident estates and 12 trusts shall be a percentage of the federal taxable income of such 13 estates and trusts as modified in section 77-2716, plus a percentage of 14 the federal alternative minimum tax and the federal tax on premature or 15 lump-sum distributions from qualified retirement plans. The additional 16 17 taxes shall be recomputed by (A) substituting Nebraska taxable income for federal taxable income, (B) calculating what the federal alternative 18 19 minimum tax would be on Nebraska taxable income and adjusting such calculations for any items which are reflected differently in the 20 determination of federal taxable income, and (C) applying Nebraska rates 21 to the result. The federal credit for prior year minimum tax, after the 22 recomputations required by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and the 23 credits provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act 24 25 and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act shall be allowed as a reduction in the income tax due. A refundable income tax credit 26 shall be allowed for all resident estates and trusts under the Angel 27 Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax 28 Credit Act, and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act. A 29 nonrefundable income tax credit shall be allowed for all resident estates 30 and trusts as provided in the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act. 31

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1 (ii) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after 2 January 1, 2014, the tax imposed on all resident estates and trusts shall be a percentage of the federal taxable income of such estates and trusts 3 4 as modified in section 77-2716, plus a percentage of the federal tax on 5 premature or lump-sum distributions from qualified retirement plans. The additional taxes shall be recomputed by substituting Nebraska taxable 6 7 income for federal taxable income and applying Nebraska rates to the result. The credits provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise 8 9 Tax Credit Act and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act shall be allowed as a reduction in the income tax due. A refundable 10 income tax credit shall be allowed for all resident estates and trusts 11 under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage 12 Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research and 13 14 Development Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act. A nonrefundable income tax 15 16 credit shall be allowed for all resident estates and trusts as provided 17 in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax Credit Act, 18 the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, 19 the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax Credit Act, and section 20 21 77-27,238.

22 (b) The tax imposed on all nonresident estates and trusts shall be the portion of the tax imposed on resident estates and trusts which is 23 24 attributable to the income derived from sources within this state. The tax which is attributable to income derived from sources within this 25 state shall be determined by multiplying the liability to this state for 26 a resident estate or trust with the same total income by a fraction, the 27 numerator of which is the nonresident estate's or trust's Nebraska income 28 as determined by sections 77-2724 and 77-2725 and the denominator of 29 which is its total federal income after first adjusting each by the 30 amounts provided in section 77-2716. The federal credit for prior year 31

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1 minimum tax, after the recomputations required by the Nebraska Revenue 2 Act of 1967, reduced by the percentage of the total income which is attributable to income from sources outside this state, and the credits 3 4 provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act shall be allowed as a 5 reduction in the income tax due. A refundable income tax credit shall be 6 7 allowed for all nonresident estates and trusts under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, 8 9 the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax 10 Credit Act. A nonrefundable income tax credit shall be allowed for all 11 nonresident estates and trusts as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation 12 13 and Mainstreet Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax 14 Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, the Nebraska Child Care 15 Contribution Tax Credit Act, and section 77-27,238. 16

17 (2) In all instances wherein a fiduciary income tax return is required under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, a Nebraska 18 fiduciary return shall be filed, except that a fiduciary return shall not 19 be required to be filed regarding a simple trust if all of the trust's 20 beneficiaries are residents of the State of Nebraska, all of the trust's 21 22 income is derived from sources in this state, and the trust has no federal tax liability. The fiduciary shall be responsible for making the 23 24 return for the estate or trust for which he or she acts, whether the 25 income be taxable to the estate or trust or to the beneficiaries thereof. The fiduciary shall include in the return a statement of each 26 beneficiary's distributive share of net income when such income is 27 28 taxable to such beneficiaries.

(3) The beneficiaries of such estate or trust who are residents of
this state shall include in their income their proportionate share of
such estate's or trust's federal income and shall reduce their Nebraska

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1 tax liability by their proportionate share of the credits as provided in 2 the Angel Investment Тах Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research and 3 4 Development Act, the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax 5 Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property 6 7 Tax Incentive Act, the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax 8 9 Credit Act, and section 77-27,238. There shall be allowed to a 10 beneficiary a refundable income tax credit under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after 11 January 1, 2001, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. 12

13 (4) If any beneficiary of such estate or trust is a nonresident during any part of the estate's or trust's taxable year, he or she shall 14 file a Nebraska income tax return which shall include (a) in Nebraska 15 adjusted gross income that portion of the estate's or trust's Nebraska 16 17 income, as determined under sections 77-2724 and 77-2725, allocable to his or her interest in the estate or trust and (b) a reduction of the 18 19 Nebraska tax liability by his or her proportionate share of the credits as provided in the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska 20 Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research 21 22 Development Act, the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet and Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School 23 24 Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the 25 Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, the Nebraska Child Care 26 Contribution Tax Credit Act, and section 77-27,238 and shall execute and 27 forward to the fiduciary, on or before the original due date of the 28 Nebraska fiduciary return, an agreement which states that he or she will 29 file a Nebraska income tax return and pay income tax on all income 30 derived from or connected with sources in this state, and such agreement 31

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1 shall be attached to the Nebraska fiduciary return for such taxable year.

(5) In the absence of the nonresident beneficiary's executed 2 agreement being attached to the Nebraska fiduciary return, the estate or 3 trust shall remit a portion of such beneficiary's income which was 4 5 derived from or attributable to Nebraska sources with its Nebraska return for the taxable year. For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin 6 before January 1, 2013, the amount of remittance, in such instance, shall 7 be the highest individual income tax rate determined under section 8 77-2715.02 multiplied by the nonresident beneficiary's share of the 9 estate or trust income which was derived from or attributable to sources 10 within this state. For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or 11 after January 1, 2013, the amount of remittance, in such instance, shall 12 be the highest individual income tax rate determined under section 13 77-2715.03 multiplied by the nonresident beneficiary's share of the 14 estate or trust income which was derived from or attributable to sources 15 within this state. The amount remitted shall be allowed as a credit 16 against the Nebraska income tax liability of the beneficiary. 17

(6) The Tax Commissioner may allow a nonresident beneficiary to not 18 file a Nebraska income tax return if the nonresident beneficiary's only 19 source of Nebraska income was his or her share of the estate's or trust's 20 income which was derived from or attributable to sources within this 21 state, the nonresident did not file an agreement to file a Nebraska 22 23 income tax return, and the estate or trust has remitted the amount 24 required by subsection (5) of this section on behalf of such nonresident 25 beneficiary. The amount remitted shall be retained in satisfaction of the Nebraska income tax liability of the nonresident beneficiary. 26

(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires, simple trust shall mean any trust instrument which (a) requires that all income shall be distributed currently to the beneficiaries, (b) does not allow amounts to be paid, permanently set aside, or used in the tax year for charitable purposes, and (c) does not distribute amounts

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allocated in the corpus of the trust. Any trust which does not qualify as
 a simple trust shall be deemed a complex trust.

3 (8) For purposes of this section, any beneficiary of an estate or 4 trust that is a grantor trust of a nonresident shall be disregarded and 5 this section shall apply as though the nonresident grantor was the 6 beneficiary.

Sec. 23. Section 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2020, is amended to read:

9 77-2734.03 (1)(a) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 10 1997, any (i) insurer paying a tax on premiums and assessments pursuant 11 to section 77-908 or 81-523, (ii) electric cooperative organized under 12 the Joint Public Power Authority Act, or (iii) credit union shall be 13 credited, in the computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue 14 Act of 1967, with the amount paid during the taxable year as taxes on 15 such premiums and assessments and taxes in lieu of intangible tax.

(b) For taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 1997, any 16 17 insurer paying a tax on premiums and assessments pursuant to section 77-908 or 81-523, any electric cooperative organized under the Joint 18 Public Power Authority Act, or any credit union shall be credited, in the 19 computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, with 20 the amount paid during the taxable year as (i) taxes on such premiums and 21 22 assessments included as Nebraska premiums and assessments under section 77-2734.05 and (ii) taxes in lieu of intangible tax. 23

(c) For taxable years commencing or deemed to commence prior to, on, or after January 1, 1998, any insurer paying a tax on premiums and assessments pursuant to section 77-908 or 81-523 shall be credited, in the computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, with the amount paid during the taxable year as assessments allowed as an offset against premium and related retaliatory tax liability pursuant to section 44-4233.

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(2) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a tax credit for

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contributions to community betterment programs as provided in the
 Community Development Assistance Act.

3 (3) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a refundable 4 income tax credit under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all 5 taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2001, 6 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

7 (4) The changes made to this section by Laws 2004, LB 983, apply to 8 motor fuels purchased during any tax year ending or deemed to end on or 9 after January 1, 2005, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 10 amended.

11 (5) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers refundable income 12 tax credits under the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, 13 the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, the Nebraska 14 Property Tax Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax 15 Credit Act.

(6) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a nonrefundable
income tax credit for investment in a biodiesel facility as provided in
section 77-27,236.

(7) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a nonrefundable
income tax credit as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet
Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School
Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, <u>the</u>
Opportunity Scholarships Act, the Nebraska Child Care Contribution Tax
<u>Credit Act</u>, and section 77-27,238.

25 Sec. 24. If any section in this act or any part of any section is 26 declared invalid or unconstitutional, the declaration shall not affect 27 the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions.

Sec. 25. Original sections 77-2717 and 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2020, and section 77-2715.07, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2021, are repealed.

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