LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 1135

Introduced by Murman, 38.

Read first time January 19, 2022

Committee:

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to conservation or preservation easements; to 2 amend sections 23-1506, 76-2,112, 76-2,113, 76-2,115, 76-2,117, and 3 77-5007, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 77-202, 4 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2020; to change provisions relating to creating, approving or denying, recording, or enforcing 5 6 such easements; to change property tax exemptions relating to 7 easements; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original 8 sections.
- 9 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 23-1506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

2 amended to read:

3 23-1506 The register of deeds shall have the custody of and safely keep and preserve all books, records, maps, and papers kept or deposited 4 5 in his or her office. He or she shall also record or cause to be recorded all deeds, mortgages, instruments, and writings presented to him or her 6 7 for recording and left with him or her for that purpose. Plats and subdivisions are not authorized to be recorded if such plat or 8 9 subdivision has not been approved by the city council, the village board 10 of trustees, the agent of a city of the first or second class or of a village designated pursuant to section 19-916, or the governing body of 11 the county, whichever is appropriate. Conservation or preservation 12 13 easements are not authorized to be recorded if such conservation or preservation easement has not been approved by the appropriate governing 14 body pursuant to section 76-2,112. When such 15 deeds, instruments, and writings are so recorded, it shall be the duty of the 16 17 register of deeds to proofread or cause to be proofread such records. If an error should occur in recording any of the writings mentioned in this 18 19 section thereby necessitating the rerecording of same, the expense thus incurred shall be paid out of the general fund of the county in the same 20 way as any other claim, and the amount so paid shall be collected from 21 the official responsible for the error or from his or her official bond. 22 The register of deeds shall prepare and file the required annual 23 24 inventory statement of county personal property in his or her custody or 25 possession as provided in sections 23-346 to 23-350.

Sec. 2. Section 76-2,112, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

27

28

29

30

31

76-2,112 (1) A conservation or preservation easement shall be an interest in real property, created by an instrument in which the purpose for the easement is clearly stated. The instrument shall be filed, duly recorded, and indexed in the office of the register of deeds of the

1 county in which the real property subject to the conservation or

- 2 preservation easement is located.
- 3 (2) No conveyance of a conservation or preservation easement shall
- 4 be effective until accepted by the holder.
- 5 (3) In order to minimize conflicts with land-use planning, each
- 6 conservation or preservation easement shall be approved by the
- 7 appropriate governing body. Such approving body shall first refer the
- 8 proposed acquisition to and receive comments from the local planning
- 9 commission with jurisdiction over such property, which shall within
- 10 <u>ninety</u> sixty days of the referral provide such comments regarding the
- 11 conformity of the proposed acquisition to comprehensive planning for the
- 12 area. If such comments are not received within <u>ninety</u> sixty days, the
- 13 proposed acquisition shall be deemed <u>denied</u> approved by the local
- 14 planning commission. If the property is located partially or entirely
- 15 within the boundaries or zoning jurisdiction of a city or village,
- 16 approval of the governing body of such city or village shall be required.
- 17 If such property is located entirely outside the boundaries and zoning
- 18 jurisdiction of any city or village, approval of the county board shall
- 19 be required. If the property is located in the Niobrara scenic river
- 20 corridor as defined in section 72-2006 and is not incorporated within the
- 21 boundaries of a city or village, the Niobrara Council approval rather
- 22 than city, village, or county approval shall be required. Approval of a
- 23 proposed acquisition may <u>also</u> be denied upon a finding by the appropriate
- 24 governing body that the acquisition is not in the public interest when
- 25 the easement is inconsistent with (a) a comprehensive plan for the area
- 26 which had been officially adopted and was in force at the time of the
- 27 conveyance, (b) any national, state, regional, or local program
- 28 furthering conservation or preservation, or (c) any known proposal by a
- 29 governmental body for use of the land.
- 30 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) of this
- 31 section, the state, or any state agency or political subdivision other

- 1 than a city, village, or county, may accept an easement after first
- 2 referring the proposed acquisition to and receiving comments from the
- 3 local planning commission with jurisdiction over the property, which
- 4 shall within <u>ninety sixty</u> days of the referral provide such comments
- 5 regarding the conformity of the proposed acquisition to comprehensive
- 6 planning for the area. If such comments are not received within <u>ninety</u>
- 7 sixty days, the proposed acquisition shall be deemed denied approved by
- 8 the local planning commission.
- 9 (5) Notice of the approval or denial by the appropriate governing
- 10 body as provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section shall be sent
- 11 <u>by the governing body to the owner of the land and the holder of the</u>
- 12 <u>conservation or preservation easement within seven days of the governing</u>
- 13 <u>body's decision.</u>
- 14 (6) Protests of the denial of a conservation or preservation
- 15 easement by the appropriate governing body may be made to the county
- 16 board of equalization within thirty days after the notice is sent. All
- 17 provisions of section 77-1502, except dates for filing a protest, the
- 18 period for hearing protests, and the date for mailing notice of the
- 19 county board of equalization's decision, are applicable to any protest
- 20 filed pursuant to this section. The county board of equalization shall
- 21 <u>issue its decision on the protest within thirty days after the filing of</u>
- 22 the protest. Within seven days after the county board of equalization's
- 23 final decision, the county clerk shall mail to the protester written
- 24 <u>notice of the decision. The notice shall contain a statement advising the</u>
- 25 protester that a report of the decision is available at the office of the
- 26 <u>county clerk.</u>
- 27 (7) The action of the county board of equalization upon a protest
- 28 <u>filed pursuant to subsection (6) of this section may be appealed to the</u>
- 29 <u>Tax Equalization and Review Commission within thirty days after the</u>
- 30 <u>county board of equalization's final decision.</u>
- 31 Sec. 3. Section 76-2,113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

- 1 amended to read:
- 2 76-2,113 (1) A conservation or preservation easement may be released
- 3 by the holder of the easement to the owner of the servient estate, except
- 4 that such release shall be approved by the governing body which approved
- 5 the easement, or if the holder is the state, a state agency, or political
- 6 subdivision other than a city, village, or county, the release shall be
- 7 approved by the state or such state agency or political subdivision. The
- 8 release of an easement may be approved upon a finding by such body that
- 9 the easement no longer substantially achieves the conservation or
- 10 preservation purpose for which it was created.
- 11 (2) A conservation or preservation easement may be assigned or
- 12 transferred to any governmental body or charitable corporation or trust
- 13 authorized to secure such easement pursuant to sections 76-2,111 to
- 14 76-2,118.
- 15 Sec. 4. Section 76-2,115, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 16 amended to read:
- 17 76-2,115 No duly recorded conservation or preservation easement
- 18 shall be unenforceable for lack of privity of estate or of contract, for
- 19 lack of benefit to a dominant estate, or on account of the easement being
- 20 assignable. The duration of the conservation or preservation easement
- 21 <u>shall</u> be stated in the instrument creating the easement and the stated
- 22 duration may not exceed ninety-nine years. At the transfer of ownership,
- 23 or within six months of the stated end of the conservation or
- 24 preservation easement, the landowner or holder of the easement may extend
- 25 the duration of the easement by an instrument in which the purpose for
- 26 the easement and extended duration is clearly stated. The instrument
- 27 <u>extending the easement must first be approved by the appropriate</u>
- 28 governing body as provided in section 76-2,112 A conservation or
- 29 preservation easement shall run with the land and shall be perpetual
- 30 unless otherwise stated in the instrument creating it. A conservation or
- 31 preservation easement may be enforced by proceedings at law or in equity.

- 1 Sec. 5. Section 76-2,117, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 2 amended to read:
- 3 76-2,117 (1) The provisions of sections 76-2,111 to 76-2,118 do not
- 4 render invalid or unenforceable any otherwise valid restriction,
- 5 easement, covenant, or condition whether created before or after the
- 6 enactment of sections 76-2,111 to 76-2,118.
- 7 (2) Nothing in sections 76-2,111 to 76-2,118 shall diminish the
- 8 powers granted in any other law to acquire by purchase, gift, grant,
- 9 eminent domain, or otherwise and to use interests in real property for
- 10 public purposes.
- 11 (3) If property subject to a conservation or preservation easement
- 12 is condemned for public use, that part of the easement which conflicts
- 13 with the condemnation shall terminate as of the time of the condemnation.
- 14 If the easement was obtained by gift or devise the owner shall be
- 15 entitled to such compensation for the taking as if the property had not
- 16 been subject to the easement and if the easement was obtained by purchase
- 17 or exchange, the holder shall be entitled to just compensation for the
- 18 taking of the easement.
- 19 (4) An entity having the power of eminent domain may, through
- 20 agreement with the owner of the servient estate and the holder of the
- 21 conservation or preservation easement, acquire an easement over the land
- 22 for the purpose of providing utility services.
- 23 Sec. 6. Section 77-202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 24 2020, is amended to read:
- 25 77-202 (1) The following property shall be exempt from property
- 26 taxes:
- 27 (a) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions to the
- 28 extent used or being developed for use by the state or governmental
- 29 subdivision for a public purpose. For purposes of this subdivision:
- 30 (i) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions means
- 31 (A) property held in fee title by the state or a governmental subdivision

31

- 1 or (B) property beneficially owned by the state or a governmental 2 subdivision in that it is used for a public purpose and is being acquired under a lease-purchase agreement, financing lease, or other instrument 3 which provides for transfer of legal title to the property to the state 4 5 or a governmental subdivision upon payment of all amounts due thereunder. If the property to be beneficially owned by a governmental subdivision 6 7 has a total acquisition cost that exceeds the threshold amount or will be 8 used as the site of a public building with a total estimated construction 9 cost that exceeds the threshold amount, then such property shall qualify for an exemption under this section only if the question of acquiring 10 such property or constructing such public building has been submitted at 11 a primary, general, or special election held within the governmental 12 13 subdivision and has been approved by the voters of the governmental subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, threshold amount means the 14 greater of fifty thousand dollars or six-tenths of one percent of the 15 16 total actual value of real and personal property of the governmental 17 subdivision that will beneficially own the property as of the end of the governmental subdivision's prior fiscal year; and 18
- 19 (ii) Public purpose means use of the property (A) to provide public services with or without cost to the recipient, including the general 20 operation of government, public education, public safety, transportation, 21 public works, civil and criminal justice, public health and welfare, 22 23 developments by a public housing authority, parks, culture, recreation, 24 community development, and cemetery purposes, or (B) to carry out the 25 duties and responsibilities conferred by law with or without consideration. Public purpose does not include leasing of property to a 26 private party unless the lease of the property is at fair market value 27 28 for a public purpose. Leases of property by a public housing authority to low-income individuals as a place of residence are for the authority's 29 public purpose; 30
 - (b) Unleased property of the state or its governmental subdivisions

17

property;

- 1 which is not being used or developed for use for a public purpose but 2 upon which a payment in lieu of taxes is paid for public safety, rescue, and emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance 3 4 services to all governmental units providing such services to the 5 property. Except as provided in Article VIII, section 11, of the Constitution of Nebraska, the payment in lieu of taxes shall be based on 6 the proportionate share of the cost of providing public safety, rescue, 7 or emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance 8 9 services unless a general policy is adopted by the governing body of the governmental subdivision providing such services which provides for a 10 different method of determining the amount of the payment in lieu of 11 taxes. The governing body may adopt a general policy by ordinance or 12 resolution for determining the amount of payment in lieu of taxes by 13 majority vote after a hearing on the ordinance or resolution. Such 14 ordinance or resolution shall nevertheless result in an equitable 15 contribution for the cost of providing such services to the exempt 16
- 18 (c) Property owned by and used exclusively for agricultural and 19 horticultural societies;
- (d) Property, excluding conservation or preservation easements as 20 defined in section 76-2,111, owned by educational, religious, charitable, 21 22 or cemetery organizations, or any organization for the exclusive benefit of any such educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery organization, 23 24 and used exclusively for educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery purposes, when such property is not (i) owned or used for financial gain 25 or profit to either the owner or user, (ii) used for the sale of 26 alcoholic liquors for more than twenty hours per week, or (iii) owned or 27 used by an organization which discriminates in membership or employment 28 based on race, color, or national origin. For purposes of this 29 30 subdivision, educational organization means (A) an institution operated exclusively for the purpose of offering regular courses with systematic 31

- 1 instruction in academic, vocational, or technical subjects or assisting
- 2 students through services relating to the origination, processing, or
- 3 guarantying of federally reinsured student loans for higher education or
- 4 (B) a museum or historical society operated exclusively for the benefit
- 5 and education of the public. For purposes of this subdivision, charitable
- 6 organization includes an organization operated exclusively for the
- 7 purpose of the mental, social, or physical benefit of the public or an
- 8 indefinite number of persons and a fraternal benefit society organized
- 9 and licensed under sections 44-1072 to 44-10,109; and
- 10 (e) Household goods and personal effects not owned or used for
- 11 financial gain or profit to either the owner or user.
- 12 (2) The increased value of land by reason of shade and ornamental
- 13 trees planted along the highway shall not be taken into account in the
- 14 valuation of land.
- 15 (3) Tangible personal property which is not depreciable tangible
- 16 personal property as defined in section 77-119 shall be exempt from
- 17 property tax.
- 18 (4) Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers required to be
- 19 registered for operation on the highways of this state shall be exempt
- 20 from payment of property taxes.
- 21 (5) Business and agricultural inventory shall be exempt from the
- 22 personal property tax. For purposes of this subsection, business
- 23 inventory includes personal property owned for purposes of leasing or
- 24 renting such property to others for financial gain only if the personal
- 25 property is of a type which in the ordinary course of business is leased
- 26 or rented thirty days or less and may be returned at the option of the
- 27 lessee or renter at any time and the personal property is of a type which
- 28 would be considered household goods or personal effects if owned by an
- 29 individual. All other personal property owned for purposes of leasing or
- 30 renting such property to others for financial gain shall not be
- 31 considered business inventory.

4

1 (6) Any personal property exempt pursuant to subsection (2) of 2 section 77-4105 or section 77-5209.02 shall be exempt from the personal 3 property tax.

- (7) Livestock shall be exempt from the personal property tax.
- 5 (8) Any personal property exempt pursuant to the Nebraska Advantage 6 Act or the ImagiNE Nebraska Act shall be exempt from the personal 7 property tax.
- (9) Any depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the 8 9 generation of electricity using wind as the fuel source shall be exempt from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property. 10 depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the 11 generation of electricity using solar, biomass, or landfill gas as the 12 13 fuel source shall be exempt from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property if such depreciable tangible personal property 14 was installed on or after January 1, 2016, and has a nameplate capacity 15 16 of one hundred kilowatts or more. Depreciable tangible personal property 17 used directly in the generation of electricity using wind, solar, biomass, or landfill gas as the fuel source includes, but is not limited 18 to, wind turbines, rotors and blades, towers, solar panels, trackers, 19 generating equipment, transmission components, substations, supporting 20 structures or racks, inverters, and other system components such as 21 22 wiring, control systems, switchgears, and generator step-up transformers. 23 (10) Any tangible personal property that is acquired by a person
- 24 operating a data center located in this state, that is assembled, engineered, processed, fabricated, manufactured into, attached to, or 25 incorporated into other tangible personal property, both in component 26 form or that of an assembled product, for the purpose of subsequent use 27 28 at a physical location outside this state by the person operating a data center shall be exempt from the personal property tax. Such exemption 29 extends to keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power over 30 tangible personal property in this state for the purpose of subsequently 31

- 1 transporting it outside this state for use thereafter outside this state.
- 2 For purposes of this subsection, data center means computers, supporting
- 3 equipment, and other organized assembly of hardware or software that are
- 4 designed to centralize the storage, management, or dissemination of data
- 5 and information, environmentally controlled structures or facilities or
- 6 interrelated structures or facilities that provide the infrastructure for
- 7 housing the equipment, such as raised flooring, electricity supply,
- 8 communication and data lines, Internet access, cooling, security, and
- 9 fire suppression, and any building housing the foregoing.
- 10 (11) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, each person who owns
- 11 property required to be reported to the county assessor under section
- 12 77-1201 shall be allowed an exemption amount as provided in the Personal
- 13 Property Tax Relief Act. For tax years prior to tax year 2020, each
- 14 person who owns property required to be valued by the state as provided
- 15 in section 77-601, 77-682, 77-801, or 77-1248 shall be allowed a
- 16 compensating exemption factor as provided in the Personal Property Tax
- 17 Relief Act.
- 18 Sec. 7. Section 77-5007, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 19 amended to read:
- 20 77-5007 The commission has the power and duty to hear and determine
- 21 appeals of:
- 22 (1) Decisions of any county board of equalization equalizing the
- 23 value of individual tracts, lots, or parcels of real property so that all
- 24 real property is assessed uniformly and proportionately;
- 25 (2) Decisions of any county board of equalization granting or
- 26 denying tax-exempt status for real or personal property or an exemption
- 27 from motor vehicle taxes and fees;
- 28 (3) Decisions of the Tax Commissioner determining the taxable
- 29 property of a railroad company, car company, public service entity, or
- 30 air carrier within the state;
- 31 (4) Decisions of the Tax Commissioner determining adjusted valuation

- 1 pursuant to section 79-1016;
- 2 (5) Decisions of any county board of equalization on the valuation
- 3 of personal property or any penalties imposed under sections 77-1233.04
- 4 and 77-1233.06;
- 5 (6) Decisions of any county board of equalization on claims that a
- 6 levy is or is not for an unlawful or unnecessary purpose or in excess of
- 7 the requirements of the county;
- 8 (7) Decisions of any county board of equalization granting or
- 9 rejecting an application for a homestead exemption;
- 10 (8) Decisions of the Department of Motor Vehicles determining the
- 11 taxable value of motor vehicles pursuant to section 60-3,188;
- 12 (9) Decisions of the Tax Commissioner made under section 77-1330;
- 13 (10) Any other decision of any county board of equalization;
- 14 (11) Any other decision of the Tax Commissioner regarding property
- 15 valuation, exemption, or taxation;
- 16 (12) Decisions of the Tax Commissioner pursuant to section 77-3520;
- 17 (13) Final decisions of a county board of equalization appealed by
- 18 the Tax Commissioner or Property Tax Administrator pursuant to section
- 19 77-701;
- 20 (14) Determinations of the Rent-Restricted Housing Projects
- 21 Valuation Committee regarding the capitalization rate to be used to value
- 22 rent-restricted housing projects pursuant to section 77-1333 or the
- 23 requirement under such section that an income-approach calculation be
- 24 used by county assessors to value rent-restricted housing projects;
- 25 (15) Final decisions of any county board of equalization denying a
- 26 conservation or preservation easement under section 76-2,112;
- 27 (16) (15) The requirement under section 77-1314 that the income
- 28 approach, including the use of a discounted cash-flow analysis, be used
- 29 by county assessors; and
- 30 (17) (16) Any other decision, determination, action, or order from
- 31 which an appeal to the commission is authorized.

LB1135 2022

1 The commission has the power and duty to hear and grant or deny

LB1135

2022

- 2 relief on petitions.
- 3 Sec. 8. Original sections 23-1506, 76-2,112, 76-2,113, 76-2,115,
- 4 76-2,117, and 77-5007, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section
- 5 77-202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2020, are repealed.