LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 1100

Introduced by Erdman, 47. Read first time January 18, 2018 Committee:

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections
2	46-294.03, 77-103.01, and 77-1343, Reissue Revised Statutes of
3	Nebraska, section 77-1371, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4	2016, and sections 77-1359 and 79-1016, Revised Statutes Supplement,
5	2017; to change the valuation of agricultural land and horticultural
6	land as prescribed; to create the Agricultural Land Valuation Board;
7	to eliminate provisions relating to land classifications; to
8	harmonize provisions; to repeal the original sections; to outright
9	repeal section 77-1363, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
10	2016; and to declare an emergency.
11	Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 46-294.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
 is amended to read:

3 46-294.03 For purposes of assessment of agricultural land and horticultural land as defined in section 77-1359 pursuant to sections 4 5 77-1343 to 77-1363, neither the temporary transfer or change of an appropriation nor any resulting land-use changes on the land to which the 6 7 appropriation was appurtenant prior to the transfer or change shall cause the land to be reclassified to a lower value use or the valuation of the 8 9 land to be reduced, but the land may be reclassified to a higher value use and its valuation may be increased if a higher value use is made of 10 the land while the temporary transfer or change is in effect. Land from 11 which an appropriation has been permanently transferred shall be 12 classified and valued for tax purposes in accordance with the use of the 13 land after the transfer. 14

Sec. 2. Section 77-103.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 77-103.01 Class or subclass of real property means a group of properties that share one or more characteristics typically common to all 18 the properties in the class or subclass, but are not typically found in 19 the properties outside the class or subclass. Class or subclass includes, 20 but is not limited to, the classifications of agricultural land and Θr 21 22 horticultural land listed in section <u>6 of this act 77-1363</u>, parcel use, parcel type, location, geographic characteristics, zoning, city size, 23 24 parcel size, and market characteristics appropriate for the valuation of 25 such land. A class or subclass based on market characteristics shall be based on characteristics that affect the actual value in a different 26 manner than it affects the actual value of properties not within the 27 market characteristic class or subclass. 28

29 Sec. 3. Section 77-1343, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 77-1343 The purpose of sections 77-1343 to 77-1347.01 is to provide

-2-

a special valuation for qualified agricultural or horticultural land so
that the current assessed valuation of the land for property tax purposes
is the value that the land would have without regard to the value the
land would have for other purposes or uses. For purposes of sections
77-1343 to 77-1347.01:

6 (1) Agricultural or horticultural land means that land as defined in7 section 77-1359;

8

(2) Applicant means an owner or lessee;

9 (3) Lessee means a person leasing agricultural or horticultural land 10 from a state or governmental subdivision which is an owner that is 11 subject to taxation under section 77-202.11;

(4) Owner means an owner of record of agricultural or horticultural
13 land or the purchaser of agricultural or horticultural land under a
14 contract for sale; and

(5) Special valuation means the <u>actual</u> value that the land would have for agricultural or horticultural purposes or uses<u>, as determined</u> <u>under section 77-1359 and sections 5 to 8 of this act</u>, without regard to the actual value the land would have for other purposes or uses.

Sec. 4. Section 77-1359, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, isamended to read:

21 77-1359 The Legislature finds and declares that agricultural land 22 and horticultural land shall be a separate and distinct class of real 23 property for purposes of assessment. The assessed value of agricultural 24 land and horticultural land shall not be uniform and proportionate with 25 all other real property, but the assessed value shall be uniform and 26 proportionate within the class of agricultural land and horticultural 27 land.

For purposes of this section and <u>sections 5 to 8 of this act</u> section 77-1363:

30 (1) Agricultural land and horticultural land means a parcel of land,
 31 excluding land associated with a building or enclosed structure located

-3-

on the parcel, which is primarily used for agricultural or horticultural purposes, including wasteland lying in or adjacent to and in common ownership or management with other agricultural land and horticultural land;

5 (2)(a) Agricultural or horticultural purposes means used for the 6 commercial production of any plant or animal product in a raw or 7 unprocessed state that is derived from the science and art of 8 agriculture, aquaculture, or horticulture;

9 (b) Agricultural or horticultural purposes includes the following 10 uses of land:

(i) Land retained or protected for future agricultural or horticultural purposes under a conservation easement as provided in the Conservation and Preservation Easements Act except when the parcel or a portion thereof is being used for purposes other than agricultural or horticultural purposes; and

16 (ii) Land enrolled in a federal or state program in which payments
17 are received for removing such land from agricultural or horticultural
18 production; and

(c) Whether a parcel of land is primarily used for agricultural or horticultural purposes shall be determined without regard to whether some or all of the parcel is platted and subdivided into separate lots or developed with improvements consisting of streets, sidewalks, curbs, gutters, sewer lines, water lines, or utility lines;

(3) Farm home site means land contiguous to a farm site which
includes an inhabitable residence and improvements used for residential
purposes and which is located outside of urban areas or outside a platted
and zoned subdivision; and

(4) Farm site means the portion of land contiguous to land actively
devoted to agriculture which includes improvements that are agricultural
or horticultural in nature, including any uninhabitable or unimproved
farm home site.

-4-

1	Sec. 5. <u>(1) For tax year 2019 and each tax year thereafter, the</u>
2	<u>actual value of agricultural land and horticultural land shall be</u>
3	determined based upon the land's capitalized net earning capacity. County
4	<u>assessors shall determine capitalized net earning capacity by using an</u>
5	agricultural land valuation manual developed and updated by the
6	Agricultural Land Valuation Board under section 8 of this act. Such
7	manual shall utilize the methods described in subsections (2) and (3) of
8	this section to determine the actual value of agricultural land and
9	<u>horticultural land.</u>
10	(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the actual
11	value of agricultural land and horticultural land shall be determined by:
12	(a) Dividing agricultural land and horticultural land into the major
13	use categories described in section 6 of this act and dividing such
14	categories into subclasses based on soil productivity classifications;
15	<u>(b) Computing a gross revenue based on a three-year average of</u>
16	annual gross incomes determined using the method described in section 7
17	<u>of this act; and</u>
18	(c) Dividing the gross revenue by a discount rate determined by the
19	Agricultural Land Valuation Board under subdivision (7)(c) of section 8
20	<u>of this act.</u>
21	<u>(3) The actual value for wasteland, including, but not limited to,</u>
22	forest land and shelter belts, shall be computed based on five percent of
23	the assessed value of all agricultural land and horticultural land in the
24	crop reporting district within which such wasteland is located.
25	Sec. 6. <u>(1) Agricultural land and horticultural land shall be</u>
26	separated into the following five major categories: Sprinkler irrigated
27	<u>cropland; gravity irrigated cropland; dryland cropland; grassland; and</u>
28	wasteland.
29	(2) Intensive agricultural uses such as nurseries, feedlots, and
30	orchards shall be categorized as sprinkler irrigated cropland, gravity

31 <u>irrigated cropland, or dryland cropland.</u>

1	Sec. 7. (1) Gross revenue for sprinkler irrigated cropland, gravity
2	irrigated cropland, and dryland cropland shall be computed by using the
3	annual gross income per acre, which shall be based on commodity price
4	multiplied by subclass production capability. Commodity price data shall
5	<u>come from the Department of Agricultural Economics of the University of</u>
6	<u>Nebraska-Lincoln. Production capability shall be determined from a</u>
7	county-wide average and then scaling that average for individual parcels
8	based on the appropriate index from the Natural Resources Conservation
9	Service of the United States Department of Agriculture. For dryland
10	cropland, the appropriate index shall be the National Commodity Crop
11	Productivity Index. For sprinkler irrigated cropland and gravity
12	irrigated cropland, the appropriate index shall be an appropriate
13	irrigation index from the Natural Resources Conservation Service.
14	(2) Gross revenue for grassland shall be computed by multiplying the
15	carrying capacity in terms of animal unit months by representative gross
16	income values per animal unit month. Carrying capacity, by subclass,
17	shall be based on range productivity estimates published by the Natural
18	Resources Conservation Service.
19	Sec. 8. (1) There is hereby created the Agricultural Land Valuation
20	<u>Board, which shall consist of eight members, six of whom shall be</u>
21	<u>appointed by the Governor with approval of the Legislature. The six</u>
22	members appointed by the Governor shall be chosen from the following
23	<u>categories:</u>
24	(a) One person involved in livestock production;
25	(b) One person involved in agricultural crop production;
26	<u>(c) One person from a farm advocacy organization;</u>
27	<u>(d) One person with a county assessor certificate issued under</u>
28	<u>section 77-422;</u>
29	<u>(e) One person from the Department of Agricultural Economics of the</u>
30	University of Nebraska-Lincoln; and

31 (f) One person from the Nebraska Ethanol Board.

-6-

(2) The Tax Commissioner shall be the seventh member of the
 Agricultural Land Valuation Board and shall be granted the same right to
 vote as other members.

4 (3) The Director of Agriculture shall be the eighth member of the
5 Agricultural Land Valuation Board, shall be the board's chairperson, and
6 shall have the same right to vote as other members.

7 (4) Members of the Agricultural Land Valuation Board shall be 8 reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses as provided in 9 sections 81-1174 to 81-1177. In addition, appointed board members shall 10 be compensated at five hundred dollars per meeting of the board, not to 11 exceed six thousand dollars per year, except that during 2018 appointed 12 board members may be compensated up to twenty-four thousand dollars for 13 the year.

14 (5) The initial appointments to the Agricultural Land Valuation 15 Board shall be made by the Governor on or before June 1, 2018. 16 Thereafter, appointments to the board shall be made by December 1 of the 17 relevant year. The appointed members shall serve four-year terms, except 18 that of the initial members appointed, those specified in subdivisions 19 (1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section shall serve until December 1, 2020, 20 and the remaining members shall serve until December 1, 2022.

(6) The Agricultural Land Valuation Board shall meet at least twice
 annually or more often at the call of the chairperson or at the call of a
 majority of the board members.

24 (7) The Agricultural Land Valuation Board shall:

25 (a) Develop and approve by majority vote an agricultural land
26 valuation manual to be used in determining the actual value of
27 agricultural land and horticultural land;

(b) Select and approve by majority vote the data sources to be used
 by the board in developing the agricultural land valuation manual;

30 (c) Set the discount rates to be used for all agricultural land and 31 horticultural land valuations; (d) Make a written report to the Governor each year stating whether
 the agricultural land valuation manual was properly applied in
 determining the actual value of agricultural land and horticultural land;
 (e) Make recommendations to the Revenue Committee of the Legislature
 each year as to improvements or refinements in the method used to value
 agricultural land and horticultural land; and
 (f) Participate in a public hearing with the Tax Commissioner and

8 <u>the Property Tax Administrator on each updated version of the</u>
9 <u>agricultural land valuation manual.</u>

10 (8) The Agricultural Land Valuation Board shall prepare the agricultural land valuation manual in accordance with section 77-1359 and 11 sections 5 to 8 of this act. The board shall create the initial version 12 of the manual by December 31, 2018, and shall update the manual by 13 November 30 of each year thereafter. The board shall vote on or before 14 November 30 of each year to approve the update to the manual. In the 15 16 event the board fails to approve an update to the manual by November 30, 17 the Director of Agriculture shall have ten days after such date to make final revisions to the manual. 18

Sec. 9. Section 77-1371, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,20 2016, is amended to read:

21 77-1371 Comparable sales are recent sales of properties that are 22 similar to the property being assessed in significant physical, 23 functional, and location characteristics and in their contribution to 24 value. When using comparable sales in determining actual value of an 25 individual property under the sales comparison approach provided in 26 section 77-112, the following guidelines shall be considered in 27 determining what constitutes a comparable sale:

(1) Whether the sale was financed by the seller and included any
special financing considerations or the value of improvements;

30 (2) Whether zoning affected the sale price of the property;

31 (3) For sales of agricultural land or horticultural land as defined

-8-

in section 77-1359, whether a premium was paid to acquire property. A
premium may be paid when proximity or tax consequences cause the buyer to
pay more than actual value for agricultural land or horticultural land;

4 (4) Whether sales or transfers made in connection with foreclosure,
5 bankruptcy, or condemnations, in lieu of foreclosure, or in consideration
6 of other legal actions should be excluded from comparable sales analysis
7 as not reflecting current market value;

8 (5) Whether sales between family members within the third degree of 9 consanguinity include considerations that fail to reflect current market 10 value;

(6) Whether sales to or from federal or state agencies or local
 political subdivisions reflect current market value;

13 (7) Whether sales of undivided interests in real property or parcels
14 less than forty acres or sales conveying only a portion of the unit
15 assessed reflect current market value;

(8) Whether sales or transfers of property in exchange for other
 real estate, stocks, bonds, or other personal property reflect current
 market value;

(9) Whether deeds recorded for transfers of convenience, transfers
of title to cemetery lots, mineral rights, and rights of easement reflect
current market value;

(10) Whether sales or transfers of property involving railroads or
 other public utility corporations reflect current market value;

(11) Whether sales of property substantially improved subsequent to
assessment and prior to sale should be adjusted to reflect current market
value or eliminated from such analysis;

27 (12) For agricultural land or horticultural land as defined in 28 section 77-1359 which is or has been receiving the special valuation 29 pursuant to sections 77-1343 to 77-1347.01, whether the sale price 30 reflects a value which the land has for purposes or uses other than as 31 agricultural land or horticultural land and therefor does not reflect

-9-

1 current market value of other agricultural land or horticultural land;

2 (13) Whether sales or transfers of property are in a similar market area and have similar characteristics to the property being assessed; and 3 4 (14) For agricultural land and horticultural land as defined in 5 section 77-1359 which is within a class or subclass of irrigated cropland pursuant to section <u>6 of this act</u> 77-1363, whether the difference in well 6 7 capacity or in water availability due to federal, state, or local regulatory actions or limited source affected the sale price of the 8 9 property. If data on current well capacity or current water availability is not available from a federal, state, or local government entity, this 10 subdivision shall not be used to determine what constitutes a comparable 11 sale. 12

The Property Tax Administrator may issue guidelines for assessing officials for use in determining what constitutes a comparable sale. Guidelines shall take into account the factors listed in this section and other relevant factors as prescribed by the Property Tax Administrator.

17 Sec. 10. Section 79-1016, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 18 amended to read:

19 79-1016 (1) On or before August 20, the county assessor shall certify to the Property Tax Administrator the total taxable value by 20 school district in the county for the current assessment year on forms 21 prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. The county assessor may amend the 22 filing for changes made to the taxable valuation of the school district 23 24 in the county if corrections or errors on the original certification are 25 discovered. Amendments shall be certified to the Property тах Administrator on or before August 31. 26

(2) On or before October 10, the Property Tax Administrator shall compute and certify to the State Department of Education the adjusted valuation for the current assessment year for each class of property in each school district and each local system. The adjusted valuation of property for each school district and each local system, for purposes of

-10-

1 determining state aid pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational 2 Opportunities Support Act, shall reflect as nearly as possible state aid value as defined in subsection (3) of this section. The Property Tax 3 4 Administrator shall notify each school district and each local system of 5 its adjusted valuation for the current assessment year by class of property on or before October 10. Establishment of the adjusted valuation 6 shall be based on the taxable value certified by the county assessor for 7 each school district in the county adjusted by the determination of the 8 9 level of value for each school district from an analysis of the comprehensive assessment ratio study or other studies developed by the 10 Property Tax Administrator, in compliance with professionally accepted 11 mass appraisal techniques, as required by section 77-1327. The Tax 12 13 Commissioner shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations setting forth standards for the determination of level of value for state aid 14 15 purposes.

16

(3) For purposes of this section, state aid value means:

17 (a) For real property other than agricultural and horticultural18 land, ninety-six percent of actual value;

(b) For agricultural and horticultural land, seventy-two percent of
actual value as provided in <u>section</u> sections 77-1359 and sections 5 to 8
<u>of this act</u> to 77-1363. For agricultural and horticultural land that
receives special valuation pursuant to section 77-1344, seventy-two
percent of special valuation as defined in section 77-1343; and

(c) For personal property, the net book value as defined in section77-120.

(4) On or before November 10, any local system may file with the Tax Commissioner written objections to the adjusted valuations prepared by the Property Tax Administrator, stating the reasons why such adjusted valuations are not the valuations required by subsection (3) of this section. The Tax Commissioner shall fix a time for a hearing. Either party shall be permitted to introduce any evidence in reference thereto.

-11-

1 On or before January 1, the Tax Commissioner shall enter a written order modifying or declining to modify, in whole or in part, the adjusted 2 valuations and shall certify the order to the State Department of 3 Education. Modification by the Tax Commissioner shall be based upon the 4 5 evidence introduced at hearing and shall not be limited to the modification requested in the written objections or at hearing. A copy of 6 the written order shall be mailed to the local system within seven days 7 after the date of the order. The written order of the Tax Commissioner 8 9 may be appealed within thirty days after the date of the order to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission in accordance with section 77-5013. 10

(5) On or before November 10, any local system or county official 11 may file with the Tax Commissioner a written request for a nonappealable 12 correction of the adjusted valuation due to clerical error as defined in 13 14 section 77-128 or, for agricultural and horticultural land, assessed value changes by reason of land qualified or disqualified for special use 15 16 valuation pursuant to sections 77-1343 to 77-1347.01. On or before the following January 1, the Tax Commissioner shall approve or deny the 17 request and, if approved, certify the corrected adjusted valuations 18 resulting from such action to the State Department of Education. 19

(6) On or before May 31 of the year following the certification of 20 adjusted valuation pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, any local 21 22 system or county official may file with the Tax Commissioner a written request for a nonappealable correction of the adjusted valuation due to 23 24 changes to the tax list that change the assessed value of taxable 25 property. Upon the filing of the written request, the Tax Commissioner shall require the county assessor to recertify the taxable valuation by 26 in the county on forms prescribed by 27 school district the Тах Commissioner. The recertified valuation shall be the valuation that was 28 certified on the tax list, pursuant to section 77-1613, increased or 29 decreased by changes to the tax list that change the assessed value of 30 31 taxable property in the school district in the county in the prior

-12-

assessment year. On or before the following July 31, the Tax Commissioner
shall approve or deny the request and, if approved, certify the corrected
adjusted valuations resulting from such action to the State Department of
Education.

5 (7) No injunction shall be granted restraining the distribution of 6 state aid based upon the adjusted valuations pursuant to this section.

(8) A school district whose state aid is to be calculated pursuant 7 to subsection (5) of this section and whose state aid payment is 8 9 postponed as a result of failure to calculate state aid pursuant to such subsection may apply to the state board for lump-sum payment of such 10 postponed state aid. Such application may be for any amount up to one 11 hundred percent of the postponed state aid. The state board may grant the 12 entire amount applied for or any portion of such amount. The state board 13 14 shall notify the Director of Administrative Services of the amount of funds to be paid in a lump sum and the reduced amount of the monthly 15 16 payments. The Director of Administrative Services shall, at the time of the next state aid payment made pursuant to section 79-1022, draw a 17 warrant for the lump-sum amount from appropriated funds and forward such 18 19 warrant to the district.

20 Sec. 11. Original sections 46-294.03, 77-103.01, and 77-1343, 21 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, section 77-1371, Revised Statutes 22 Cumulative Supplement, 2016, and sections 77-1359 and 79-1016, Revised 23 Statutes Supplement, 2017, are repealed.

24 Sec. 12. The following section is outright repealed: Section 25 77-1363, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016.

26 Sec. 13. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when 27 passed and approved according to law.

-13-