Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

#### **HOUSE BILL NO. 1526**

Introduced by

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Representatives Dyk, Hoverson, Prichard, Rios, Timmons

**Senator Beard** 

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 14-02.4, a new section to chapter 2 15.1-07, and three new sections to chapter 15.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating 3 to school discrimination, parental rights and involvement in school, curbing of social emotional 4
- learning, required curriculum, and the review and recommendation of instructional materials; to amend and reenact subsection 6 of section 14-02.4-02 and section 15.1-21-24 of the North
- 6 Dakota Century Code, relating to the definition of a discriminatory practice and reproductive
- 7 health education requirements; and to provide a penalty.

#### 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 9 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 6 of section 14-02.4-02 of the North Dakota 10 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - "Discriminatory practice" means an:
    - An act or attempted act which because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, physical or mental disability, status with regard to marriage or public assistance, or participation in lawful activity off the employer's premises during nonworking hours which is not in direct conflict with the essential business-related interests of the employer results in the unequal treatment or separation or segregation of any persons, or denies, prevents, limits, or otherwise adversely affects, or if accomplished would deny, prevent, limit, or otherwise adversely affect, the benefit of enjoyment by any person of employment, labor union membership, public accommodations, public services, or credit transactions. The term "discriminate" includes segregate or separate and for purposes of discrimination based on sex, it includes sexual harassment. Sexual harassment includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual

1			favo	ors, sexually motivated physical conduct or other verbal or physical conduct or	
2			com	nmunication of a sexual nature when:	
3		<del>a.</del>	<u>(1)</u>	Submission to that conduct or communication is made a term or condition,	
4				either explicitly or implicitly, of obtaining employment, public	
5				accommodations or public services, or education;	
6		<del>b.</del>	<u>(2)</u>	Submission to or rejection of that conduct or communication by an individual	
7				is used as a factor in decisions affecting that individual's employment, public	
8				accommodations or public services, education, or housing; or	
9		<del>C.</del>	<u>(3)</u>	That conduct or communication has the purpose or effect of substantially	
10				interfering with an individual's employment, public accommodations, public	
11				services, or educational environment; and in the case of employment, the	
12				employer is responsible for its acts and those of its supervisory employees if	
13				it knows or should know of the existence of the harassment and fails to take	
14				timely and appropriate action.	
15		<u>b.</u>	<u>A vi</u>	olation of section 2 of this Act.	
16	6 <b>SECTION 2.</b> A new section to chapter 14-02.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
17	created	and	enact	ed as follows:	
18	Disc	crimi	nato	ry practices - State education system.	
19	<u>1.</u>	<u>As</u>	used	in this section:	
20		<u>a.</u>	<u>"Bo</u>	dily contact sports" means sports including wrestling, boxing, rugby,	
21			ice l	hockey, football, and basketball, in which the purpose or major activity	
22			invo	olves bodily contact.	
23		<u>b.</u>	<u>"Se</u>	x" means the biological state of being female or male, based on the	
24			<u>indi</u>	vidual's nonambiguous sex organs, chromosomes, and endogenous hormone	
25			prof	iles at birth and acknowledged accordingly on the individual's original birth	
26			<u>cert</u>	ificate.	
27		<u>C.</u>	<u>"Sta</u>	te education system" means a school district under the purview of the	
28			sup	erintendent of public instruction, including a student or employee of the	
29			<u>sch</u>	ool district, and an institution of higher education under the control of the state	
30			boa	rd of higher education, including a student or employee of the institution.	

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- 2. An individual may not be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or
  be subjected to discrimination as an employment condition or practice conducted by a
  state education system institution that receives or benefits from federal or state
  financial assistance.
- 5 3. Admission to a class may not be based on race, color, national origin, sex, disability, religion, or marital status.
- 4. A class must be available to a student regardless of race, color, national origin, sex,
   disability, religion, or marital status. This subsection may not be interpreted as
   prohibiting meeting the needs of a student with limited proficiency in English, a gifted
   student, or a student with disabilities or a program tailored to a student with a
   specialized talent or skill.
- 5. A student may be separated by sex for any portion of a class that deals with human
   reproduction.
  - 6. Guidance services, counseling services, and financial assistance services in the state education system must be available to a student regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, religion, or marital status.
  - 7. The state education system may operate or sponsor separate teams for members of each sex if the selection for such teams is based upon competitive skill or the activity involved is a bodily contact sport.
- 20 8. This section does not prohibit grouping students in a physical education class or
  21 activity by ability assessed by objective standards of individual performance developed
  22 and applied regardless of sex. However, when use of a single standard of measuring
  23 skill or progress in a physical education class has an adverse effect on an individual of
  24 one sex, the educational institution shall use appropriate standards which do not have
  25 that effect.
  - A state education system institution that operates or sponsors interscholastic, intercollegiate, club, or intramural athletics shall provide equal athletic opportunity for an individual regardless of sex.
    - a. The state board of higher education shall determine whether an institution it
       administers provides equal opportunities.

1		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	superintendent of public instruction shall determine whether school districts			
2			provide equal opportunities. Factors to consider in making this determination				
3			<u>incl</u> ı	ude:			
4			<u>(1)</u>	Whether the selection of sports and competition levels effectively			
5				accommodate the interests and abilities of an individual regardless of sex;			
6			<u>(2)</u>	Access to equipment and supplies;			
7			<u>(3)</u>	Scheduling of games and practice times;			
8			<u>(4)</u>	Travel and per diem allowance;			
9			<u>(5)</u>	An opportunity for an individual to receive coaching and academic tutoring:			
10			<u>(6)</u>	Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors;			
11			<u>(7)</u>	Access to locker rooms and practice or competitive facilities;			
12			<u>(8)</u>	Access to medical or training facilities and services;			
13			<u>(9)</u>	Provision of housing or dining facilities and services; and			
14			<u>(10)</u>	Publicity.			
15		<u>C.</u>	<u>An ι</u>	unequal aggregate expenditure for individuals of one sex or for single-gender			
16			<u>tear</u>	ms in a state education system sponsoring separate teams, does not			
17			con	stitute a violation of this subsection, but the superintendent of public			
18			<u>inst</u> ı	ruction and the state board of higher education shall consider the failure to			
19			pro\	vide necessary funds for a single-gender team in assessing equality of			
20			opp	ortunity for individuals of each sex.			
21	<u>10.</u>	<u>Sub</u>	ojectin	ng a student or employee to training or instruction that espouses, promotes,			
22		<u>adv</u>	ances	s, inculcates, or compels such student or employee to believe any of the			
23		<u>foll</u>	owing	concepts is a discriminatory practice:			
24		<u>a.</u>	<u>An i</u>	individual of one race, color, sex, or national origin:			
25			<u>(1)</u>	Is morally superior to an individual of another race, color, sex, or national			
26				origin.			
27			<u>(2)</u>	Is required to treat another individual differently based on race, color, sex, or			
28				national origin.			
29		<u>b.</u>	<u>An i</u>	individual, by virtue of the individual's race, color, sex, or national origin:			
30			<u>(1)</u>	Is inherently marginalized, supremacist, racist, sexist, or oppressive,			
31				whether consciously or unconsciously.			

1			<u>(2)</u>	Bears responsibility for, or should be discriminated against or receive
2				adverse treatment because of, an action committed in the past by an
3				individual of the same race, color, sex, or national origin.
4			<u>(3)</u>	Should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment to achieve
5				diversity, equity, or inclusion or should be the benefactor of wealth
6				redistribution in order to achieve equality.
7			<u>(4)</u>	Bears personal responsibility for and must feel guilt, anguish, or other forms
8				of psychological distress because of an action, in which the individual
9				played no part, committed in the past by an individual of the same race,
10				color, sex, or national origin.
11		<u>C.</u>	<u>An i</u>	individual's moral character or status as either privileged or oppressed is
12			nec	essarily determined by the individual's race, color, sex, or national origin.
13		<u>d.</u>	<u>A vi</u>	rtue, including merit, excellence, hard work, fairness, neutrality, objectivity,
14			<u>and</u>	racial colorblindness, is racist or sexist, was created by an individual of a
15			part	ticular race, color, sex, or national origin to oppress an individual of another
16			race	e, color, sex, or national origin, or that wealth redistribution would improve the
17			<u>Unit</u>	ted States.
18	<u>11.</u>	<u>Thi</u>	s sect	tion may not be construed to prohibit discussion of a concept listed in
19		<u>sub</u>	section	on 10 as part of a course of training or instruction, provided the training or
20		<u>inst</u>	ructio	on is given in an objective manner without endorsement of the concept.
21	<u>12.</u>	The	supe	erintendent of public instruction and the state board of higher education shall
22		<u>dev</u>	elop a	and implement a method or strategy to increase the participation of a student
23		of a	<u>parti</u>	cular race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or marital status in a program
24		or c	ourse	e in which students of that particular race, color, national origin, sex, disability,
25		<u>or n</u>	<u>narita</u>	Il status have been traditionally underrepresented, including mathematics,
26		<u>scie</u>	ence,	computer technology, electronics, communications technology, engineering,
27		and	l care	er education. The superintendent of public instruction shall study the
28		<u>effe</u>	ctive	ness of the method or strategy, including performing followup monitoring.
29	SEC	CTIO	N 3. A	A new section to chapter 15.1-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
30	and ena	cted	as fo	llows:

### 1 <u>Academic progress - Information for parents.</u>

- 2 A school district shall provide a parent of a public school student with accurate and timely
- 3 <u>information regarding the student's academic progress and strategies for a parent to help a</u>
- 4 parent's student succeed in school.
- **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-21-24 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

#### 7 15.1-21-24. Health curriculum - Content.

- 1. Beginning July 1, 2012, each school district and nonpublic school shall ensure that the portion of its health curriculum which is related to sexual health includes instruction pertaining to the risks associated with adolescent sexual activity and the social, psychological, and physical health gains to be realized by abstaining from sexual activity before and outside of marriage.
- 2. Instructional materials used to teach reproductive health or any disease, including human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, its symptoms, development, and treatment, must be approved annually by the board of a school district in an open public meeting.
- 3. A public school student must be exempted from the teaching of reproductive health or any disease, including human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the student's parent makes a written request to the school principal. A school district shall provide notice of this right and the process to request an exemption on a school district's website homepage. A school district homepage must include a link for a student's parent to access and review the instructional materials used to teach the curriculum.
- **SECTION 5.** A new section to chapter 15.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

### Required instruction - Noncompliance - State aid withholding.

1. A member of the instructional staff of a public school subject to the rules of the superintendent of public instruction and board of a school district, shall efficiently and faithfully teach the following, using the required books and materials meeting the highest standards for professionalism and historical accuracy, following the prescribed courses of study, and employing approved methods of instruction:

1 The history and content of the Declaration of Independence, including national 2 sovereignty, natural law, self-evident truth, equality of all persons, limited 3 government, popular sovereignty, and the inalienable rights of life, liberty, and 4 property, and how they form the philosophical foundation of our government. 5 The history, meaning, significance, and effect of the Constitution of the United <u>b.</u> 6 States and amendments thereto, with emphasis on each of the ten amendments 7 that make up the Bill of Rights and how the Constitution provides the structure of 8 our government. 9 Arguments in support of adopting our republican form of government, as <u>C.</u> 10 embodied in the Federalist Papers. 11 Flag education, including proper flag display and flag salute. d. 12 Elements of civil government, including the primary functions of and <u>e.</u> 13 interrelationships between the federal government, the state, and its counties, 14 municipalities, school districts, and special districts. 15 <u>f.</u> The history of the United States, including the period of discovery, early colonies. 16 the War for Independence, the Civil War, the expansion of the United States to its 17 present boundaries, the world wars, and the civil rights movement to the present. 18 American history must be viewed as factual, not as constructed, must be viewed 19 as knowable, teachable, and testable, and must be defined as the creation of a 20 new nation based largely on the universal principles stated in the Declaration of 21 Independence. 22 The history of the Holocaust from 1933 to 1945, the systematic, planned g. 23 annihilation of European Jews and other groups by Nazi Germany, a watershed 24 event in the history of humanity, to be taught in a manner that leads to an 25 investigation of human behavior, an understanding of the ramifications of 26 prejudice, racism, and stereotyping, and an examination of what it means to be a 27 responsible and respectful individual, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance 28 of diversity in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting democratic 29 values and institutions, including the policy, definition, and historical and current 30 examples of antisemitism, and the prevention of antisemitism. Each school

district shall certify annually and provide evidence to the superintendent of public

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1 instruction, in a manner prescribed by the superintendent, that the requirements 2 of this subdivision are met. The superintendent shall prepare and offer standards 3 and curriculum for the instruction required by this subdivision and may seek input 4 from a state or nationally recognized Holocaust educational organization. The 5 superintendent may contract with a state or nationally recognized Holocaust 6 educational organization to develop training for instructional personnel and 7 grade-appropriate classroom resources to support the developed curriculum. The 8 second week in November is designated "Holocaust Education Week" in this 9 state in recognition that November is the anniversary of Kristallnacht, widely 10 recognized as a precipitating event that led to the Holocaust. 11 The history of African Americans, including the history of African peoples before h. 12 the political conflicts that led to the development of slavery, the passage to 13 America, the enslavement experience, abolition, and the history and contributions 14 of Americans of the African diaspora to society. A public school student shall 15 develop an understanding of the ramifications of prejudice, racism, and 16 stereotyping, and of individual freedoms, and examine what it means to be a 17 responsible and respectful individual, to encourage tolerance of diversity in a 18 pluralistic society, and to nurture and protect democratic values and institutions. 19 Instruction must include the roles and contributions of individuals from all walks of 20 life and their endeavors to learn and thrive throughout history as artists, 21 scientists, educators, businesspeople, influential thinkers, members of the faith 22 community, and political and governmental leaders, and the courageous steps 23 they took to fulfill the promise of democracy and unite the nation. Instructional 24 materials must include the vital contributions of African Americans to build and 25 strengthen American society and celebrate the inspirational stories of African 26 Americans who prospered, even in the most difficult circumstances. Instructional 27 personnel may facilitate discussions and use curricula to address, in an

age-appropriate manner, how slavery, racial oppression, racial segregation, and

racial discrimination infringed on individual freedoms, as well as topics relating to

segregation, and racial discrimination and how recognition of individual freedoms

the enactment and enforcement of laws resulting in racial oppression, racial

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1		<u>ove</u>	<u>rturne</u>	d unjust laws. Classroom instruction and curriculum may not be used to
2		indo	octrina	te or persuade students to take a particular viewpoint inconsistent with
3		the	princip	oles enumerated in subsection 2 or the state content standards. The
4		sup	<u>erinte</u> ı	ndent of public instruction shall prepare and offer standards and
5		curr	<u>iculun</u>	n for the instruction required by this subdivision.
6	<u>i.</u>	<u>Eler</u>	<u>nenta</u>	ry principles of agriculture.
7	<u>j.</u>	<u>Effe</u>	cts of	all alcoholic and intoxicating liquors and beverages and narcotics on
8		the_	<u>huma</u>	n body and mind.
9	<u>k.</u>	Kind	<u>iness</u>	to animals.
10	<u>l.</u>	<u>Stat</u>	e hist	ory of North Dakota.
11	<u>m.</u>	<u>Natı</u>	<u>ural re</u>	esource conservation.
12	<u>n.</u>	<u>Con</u>	<u>npreh</u>	ensive age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate instruction:
13		<u>(1)</u>	<u>On h</u>	nealth education addressing concepts of community health, consumer
14			<u>heal</u>	th, environmental health, and family life, including:
15			<u>(a)</u>	Injury prevention and safety:
16			<u>(b)</u>	Internet safety:
17			<u>(c)</u>	Nutrition;
18			<u>(d)</u>	Personal health;
19			<u>(e)</u>	Prevention and control of disease;
20			<u>(f)</u>	Substance use and abuse; and
21			<u>(g)</u>	Prevention of child sexual abuse, exploitation, and human trafficking.
22		<u>(2)</u>	For s	students in grades seven through twelve, on teen dating violence and
23			<u>abus</u>	se. This component shall include the definition of dating violence and
24			abus	se, the warning signs of dating violence and abusive behavior, the
25			<u>char</u>	acteristics of healthy relationships, measures to prevent and stop dating
26			viole	ence and abuse, and community resources available to a victim of dating
27			viole	ence and abuse.
28		<u>(3)</u>	<u>For s</u>	students in grades six through twelve, on the benefits of sexual
29			<u>abst</u>	inence as the expected standard and the consequences of teenage
30			preg	nancy.

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1		(4) On life skills that build confidence, support mental and emotional health, and
2		enable students to overcome challenges, including:
3		(a) Self-awareness and self-management;
4		(b) Responsible decisionmaking:
5		(c) Resiliency;
6		(d) Relationship skills and conflict resolution;
7		(e) Understanding and respecting other viewpoints and backgrounds; and
8		(f) For students in grades nine through twelve:
9		[1] Developing leadership skills, interpersonal skills, organization
10		skills, and research skills;
11		[2] Creating a resume, including a digital resume, developing and
12		practicing the skills necessary for employment interviews,
13		workplace ethics, and workplace law;
14		[3] Exploring career pathways and using state career planning
15		resources; and
16		[4] Managing stress and expectations, and self-motivation.
17	<u>O.</u>	Curriculum as prescribed by law, the superintendent of public instruction, or a
18		board of a school district.
19	<u>p.</u>	Hispanic contributions to the United States.
20	<u>q.</u>	Women's contributions to the United States.
21	<u>r.</u>	The nature and importance of free enterprise to the United States economy.
22	<u>s.</u>	Civic and character education on the qualities and responsibilities of patriotism
23		and citizenship, including:
24		(1) Kindness, honesty, cooperation, and charity;
25		(2) Respect for authority, life, liberty, and personal property;
26		(3) Racial, ethnic, and religious tolerance; and
27		(4) For grades eleven and twelve, voting using a ballot.
28	<u>t.</u>	To encourage patriotism, the sacrifices that veterans and medal of honor
29		recipients have made in serving our country and protecting democratic values
30		worldwide. This instruction must occur on or before Vietnam veterans' day,
31		patriots' day, memorial day, and veterans' day. An instructional staff member may

1		use the assistance of local veterans and medal of honor recipients when
2		practicable. The superintendent of public instruction may adopt standards and
3		pursue assessment of the requirements of this subdivision.
4	<u>2.</u>	Instructional personnel may facilitate discussions and use curricula to address, in an
5		age-appropriate manner, how the freedoms of individuals have been infringed by
6		sexism, slavery, racial oppression, racial segregation, and racial discrimination,
7		including topics relating to the enactment and enforcement of laws resulting in sexism,
8		racial oppression, racial segregation, and racial discrimination, including how
9		recognition of these freedoms have overturned unjust laws. Classroom instruction and
10		curriculum may not be used to indoctrinate or persuade a student to take a particular
11		viewpoint inconsistent with the principles of this subsection or state content standards.
12		Instruction and supporting materials on a topic enumerated in this section must be
13		consistent with the following principles of individual freedom:
14		a. An individual is not inherently racist, sexist, or oppressive, whether consciously or
15		unconsciously, solely by virtue of his or her race or sex.
16		b. A race is not inherently superior to another race.
17		c. An individual should not be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment on
18		the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, disability, or sex.
19		d. Meritocracy or traits including a strong work ethic are not racist but fundamental
20		to the right to pursue happiness and be rewarded for industry.
21		e. An individual, by virtue of an individual's race or sex, does not bear responsibility
22		for actions committed in the past by others of the same race or sex.
23		f. An individual should not feel guilt, anguish, or other forms of psychological
24		distress for actions, in which an individual played no part, committed in the past
25		by other members of the same race or sex.
26	<u>3.</u>	The superintendent of public instruction shall develop or adopt a curriculum to inspire
27		future generations through motivating stories of American history that demonstrate the
28		life skills and principle of individual freedom that enabled individuals to prosper even in
29		the most difficult circumstances. This curriculum must be known as "Stories of
30		Inspiration" and must be made available to schools to implement the requirements of
31		subsection 2.

1	<u>4.</u>	<u>An</u>	allege	ed violation of this section must be reported to the instructional materials
2		revi	ewer	in accordance with section 6 of this Act. After an investigation conducted
3		unc	ler se	ection 6 of this Act, the superintendent of public instruction shall withhold state
4		<u>aid</u>	paym	nents under chapter 15.1-27 or impose a penalty recommended by the
5		<u>inst</u>	ructio	onal materials reviewer for a school district found to have violated the
6		<u>req</u>	uirem	nent of this section.
7	SEC	CTIO	N 6. A	A new section to chapter 15.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
8	and ena	cted	as fo	llows:
9	<u>Eva</u>	luati	on of	instructional materials.
10	<u>1.</u>	The	boar	rd of a school district is responsible for the content of instructional materials
11		use	d in a	a classroom or otherwise made available to a student and shall obtain parental
12		app	roval	for all instructional materials. The board of a school district shall adopt rules
13		and	l each	school district superintendent shall implement procedures that provide a
14		pro	cess	<u>for:</u>
15		<u>a.</u>	<u>Pub</u>	olic review of, public comment on, and the adoption of instructional materials,
16			incl	uding instructional materials used to teach reproductive health or any disease,
17			incl	uding human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired
18			<u>imn</u>	nunodeficiency syndrome, in compliance with section 4 of this Act; and
19		<u>b.</u>	<u>Re</u> p	porting a violation of section 5 of this Act.
20	<u>2.</u>	The	instr	ructional materials reviewer shall:
21		<u>a.</u>	Rec	commend for adoption only:
22			<u>(1)</u>	Instructional materials aligned with the state content standards;
23			<u>(2)</u>	Accurate, objective, balanced, noninflammatory, current instructional
24				materials;
25			<u>(3)</u>	Instructional materials free of pornography; and
26			<u>(4)</u>	Instructional materials suited to student needs and ability to comprehend the
27				material presented;
28		<u>b.</u>	<u>Cor</u>	nsider for recommendation for adoption instructional materials developed for
29			<u>aca</u>	demically talented students, including students enrolled in advanced
30			plac	cement courses;

1		<u>C.</u>	Require, when appropriate for student comprehension, instructional materials for				
2			a social science, history, or civics class to include the Declaration of				
3			Independence and the Constitution of the United States; and				
4		<u>d.</u>	Refrain from recommending instructional materials unfairly portraying an				
5			individual because of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion				
6			disability, socioeconomic status, or occupation or otherwise contradicting the				
7			principles enumerated under sections 4 and 5 of this Act.				
8		<u>e.</u>	Upon receiving a report of an alleged violation of section 5 of this Act, conduct an				
9			investigation and determine whether a violation occurred.				
10		<u>f.</u>	Upon determining a violation of section 5 of this Act has occurred, make a				
11			recommendation to the superintendent of public instruction to impose a penalty				
12			on the school district that violated the requirements of section 5 of this Act.				
13	<u>3.</u>	The	e board of a school district shall adopt rules and each school district superintendent				
14		<u>sha</u>	Ill implement procedures to acquire parental consent for all instructional materials.				
15	SEC	SECTION 7. A new section to chapter 15.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is created					
16	and ena	cted	as follows:				
17	<u>Cur</u>	Curriculum - Social emotional learning - Prohibited.					
18	<u>1.</u>	A te	eacher may not:				
19		<u>a.</u>	Address the emotional problems of a student but shall refer a student with				
20			emotional problems to the appropriate counseling services provided by the				
21			school;				
22		<u>b.</u>	Inform a student's worldview based on emotions;				
23		<u>C.</u>	Measure the mental health of a student, including administering ongoing				
24			evaluations or surveys;				
25		<u>d.</u>	Influence a student to adopt religious views different from a student's parent's				
26			religious views;				
27		<u>e.</u>	Teach a student that the student's inner feelings are capable of guiding the				
28			student's life; or				
29		<u>f.</u>	Turn a student who is seeking help away without directing the student to the				
30			proper school counselor, parent, or guardian.				
31	<u>2.</u>	A te	eacher may:				

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- 1 <u>a. Teach transcendent and universal moral truths; and</u>
- b. Teach and encourage a student to seek moral and emotional help from the
- 3 <u>student's family, religious institution, and other civil organizations.</u>