19.0848.04000

Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

FIRST ENGROSSMENT with Senate Amendments ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1407

Introduced by

Representatives Grueneich, Blum, Bosch, Howe, Schobinger Senator Meyer

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 39-05-17 and 39-05-20 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to the delivery and issuance of certificates of vehicle title; and to provide
- 3 a penatly.

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 39-05-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 39-05-17. Transfer of title of vehicle Endorsement required Certificate of title delivered New certificate obtained Penalty.
 - 1. The owner or transferor of a motor vehicle who transfers title to a vehicle shall endorse an assignment and warranty of title upon the certificate of title for the vehicle. The owner or transferor shall include on the assignment and warranty of title the name of the transferee and the selling price of the vehicle if applicable.
 - If legal title passes to the transferee, the owner shall deliver the endorsed certificate of title to the transferee within <u>fifteenthirty</u> days.
 - 3. If legal title passes to a lienholder rather than the transferee, the transferee shall endorse a statement that the lienholder holds the lien and shall send the certificate of title to the department with an application for a new certificate of title showing the names of the new owner and lienholder. The certificate of title when issued must be sent by the department to the lienholder or the department may use an electronic lien notification procedure in lieu of sending a certificate of title to a lienholder.
 - 4. Within thirty days, the transferee shall deliver the endorsed certificate of title to the department with a transfer fee of five dollars, and shall make an application for a new certificate of title. In addition to any other penalty, the registration to a motor vehicle may be suspended or revoked if the transferee fails to present the endorsed certificate

- of title to the department for transfer and make application for a new certificate of title within thirty days. The department shall deliver the new certificate of title to the lienholder with priority. If there is no lienholder, delivery must be made to the owner.
 - A violation of this section by an owner, lienholder, or transferee is a class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 39-05-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-05-20. Transferee may obtain new certificate of title upon inability to obtain old certificate - Proof of ownership - Appeal.

- 1. When the transferee of a vehicle is unable to obtain a properly assigned certificate of title for a vehicle, and makes application for a new certificate and presents satisfactory proof of ownership, the department may cancel the old certificate and issue a new certificate to the transferee, provided that the department may not issue a certificate of title for a manufactured home with respect to which there has been recorded an affidavit of affixation under section 47-10-27. Satisfactory Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, satisfactory proof of ownership must include compliance by the transferee with the procedures outlined in title 35.
 - a. If the transferee is an insurer that has paid a total loss claim on a vehicle but the payment has not satisfied all liens of record on the vehicle, the transferee is not required to comply with the procedures outlined in title 35 to establish satisfactory proof of ownership and the department may cancel the old certificate of title and issue a new certificate to the insurer free and clear of all liens and claims of ownership.
 - b. If the transferee is a tax exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)] to which a vehicle has been donated, the transferee shall provide an affidavit providing proof the vehicle was donated.
 - c. If the transferee is a licensed motor vehicle dealer that, at the request of an insurer, took possession of a vehicle that is the subject of an insurance claim but for which a total loss claim is not paid by the insurer and the vehicle has been in the possession of the dealer for more than thirty days, the necessary satisfactory

- proof of ownership includes only proof the dealer made at least two written
 attempts by certified mail with return receipt addressed to the owner of record
 and any known lienholder to have the vehicle removed from the dealer's facility,
 upon payment of applicable charges. If satisfactory proof of ownership is
 established, the department may cancel the old certificate of title and issue a new
 certificate to the licensed motor vehicle dealer free and clear of all liens and
 claims of ownership.
 - 2. The department may establish procedures for determining satisfactory proof of ownership of a vehicle in those cases when the department is unable to determine the legal owner of record. Any person aggrieved by a decision of the department as to ownership of a vehicle may appeal that decision to the district court under chapter 28-32.
- 2.3. A person holding a certificate of title whose interests in the vehicle have been extinguished or transferred other than by voluntary transfer shall mail or deliver the certificate to the department upon request of the department. The delivery of the certificate pursuant to the request of the department does not affect the rights of the person surrendering the certificate. The action of the department in issuing a new certificate of title as provided herein is not conclusive upon the rights of the owner or lienholder listed in the old certificate.