FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1080

Introduced by

Government and Veterans Affairs Committee

(At the request of the Public Employees Retirement System)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 54-52-06.4 and 54-52-17 and subsection 1 of
- 2 section 54-52-17.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to decreased employee
- 3 contributions under the public employees retirement system for peace officers employed by the
- 4 bureau of criminal investigation and benefit changes for employees first enrolled in the public
- 5 employees retirement system defined benefit retirement plan after December 31, 2015.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 54-52-06.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 9 **54-52-06.4.** Contribution by peace officers employed by the bureau of criminal investigation Employer contribution.

Each peace officer employed by the bureau of criminal investigation who is a member of the public employees retirement system is assessed and shall pay monthly four percent of the employee's monthly salary. Peace officer contributions increase by one percent of the member's

monthly salary beginning with the monthly reporting period of January 2012, and with an

additional increase of one percent, beginning with the reporting period of January 2013. <u>Peace</u>

16 officer contributions decrease by one-half of one percent of the member's monthly salary

17 <u>beginning with the monthly reporting period of January 2016.</u> The assessment must be

deducted and retained out of the employee's salary in equal monthly installments. The peace

officer's employer shall contribute an amount determined by the board to be actuarially required

20 to support the level of benefits specified in section 54-52-17. The employer's contribution must

21 be paid from funds appropriated for salary or from any other funds available for such purposes.

22 If the peace officer's assessment is paid by the employer under subsection 3 of section

23 54-52-05, the employer shall contribute, in addition, an amount equal to the required peace

24 officer's assessment.

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SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 54-52-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

54-52-17. Formulation of plan.

Participating members shall receive benefits according to this section and according to rules adopted by the board, not inconsistent with this chapter. No person is entitled to receive a prior service benefit if the person was not continuously employed by a governmental unit in North Dakota for a period of not less than two years immediately prior to eligibility for retirement.

- 1. Participating members shall receive credit for full-time employment or its equivalent from the date they attain eligibility until their normal retirement date, postponed retirement date, or early retirement date, as defined in this section. Part-time employment will be recognized as full-time employment on a prorated basis as the board may prescribe.
 - Retirement benefits are calculated from the participating member's final average salary, which is the average of the highest salary received by the member for any thirty-six months employed during the last one hundred twenty months of employment. For members who terminate employment on or after August 1, 2010, final average salary is the average of the highest salary received by the member for any thirty-six months employed during the last one hundred eighty months of employment. For members who terminate employment between July 31, 2005, and August 1, 2010, final average salary is the average of the highest salary received by the member for any thirty-six months employed during the period for which the board has appropriate and accurate salary records on its electronic database, but that period may not be more than the last one hundred eighty months of employment. Except for a national quard security officer or firefighter, a peace officer or correctional officer employed by the bureau of criminal investigation or by a political subdivision, or a supreme court or district court judge, for members first enrolled after December 31, 2015, final average salary is the average salary earned in the five highest periods of twelve consecutive months employed during the last one hundred eighty months of employment. Months not employed without earnings are excluded in arriving at the thirty-six months to be used for the purpose of computing an average. If the For a participating member first enrolled before January 1, 2016, who has worked for less than thirty-six months at the

firefighter.

1 normal retirement date, the final average salary is the average salary for the total 2 months of employment. Except for a national guard security officer or firefighter, a 3 peace officer or correctional officer employed by the bureau of criminal investigation or 4 by a political subdivision, or a supreme court or district court judge, for members first 5 enrolled after December 31, 2015, who worked for less than sixty months at the 6 normal retirement date, the final average salary is the average salary for the total 7 months of employment. 8 Retirement dates are defined as follows: 3. 9 Normal retirement date, except for a national guard security officer or firefighter 10 or a peace officer or correctional officer employed by the bureau of criminal 11 investigation or by a political subdivision, is: 12 The first day of the month next following the month in which the member 13 attains the age of sixty-five years; or 14 When the member has a combined total of years of service credit and years 15 of age equal to eighty-five and has not received a retirement benefit under 16 this chapter. 17 b. Except for a national guard security officer or firefighter, a peace officer or 18 correctional officer employed by the bureau of criminal investigation or by a 19 political subdivision, or a supreme court or district court judge, normal retirement 20 date for members first enrolled after December 31, 2015 is: 21 (1) The first day of the month next following the month in which the member 22 attains the age of sixty-five years; or 23 <u>(2)</u> When the member has a combined total of years of service credit and years 24 of age equal to ninety and the member attains a minimum age of sixty and 25 has not received a retirement benefit under this chapter. 26 Normal retirement date for a national guard security officer or firefighter is the first 27 day of the month next following the month in which the national guard security 28 officer or firefighter attains the age of fifty-five years and has completed at least 29 three eligible years of employment as a national guard security officer or

1 Normal retirement date for a peace officer or correctional officer employed by a c.d. 2 political subdivision is: 3 The first day of the month next following the month in which the peace 4 officer or correctional officer attains the age of fifty-five years and has 5 completed at least three eligible years of employment as a peace officer or 6 correctional officer; or 7 (2) When the peace officer or correctional officer has a combined total of years 8 of service credit and years of age equal to eighty-five and has not received 9 a retirement benefit under this chapter. 10 d.e. Normal retirement date for a peace officer employed by the bureau of criminal 11 investigation is: 12 The first day of the month next following the month in which the peace 13 officer attains the age of fifty-five years and has completed at least three 14 eligible years of employment as a peace officer; or 15 (2) When the peace officer has a combined total of years of service credit and 16 years of age equal to eighty-five and has not received a retirement benefit 17 under this chapter. 18 e.f. Postponed retirement date is the first day of the month next following the month 19 in which the member, on or after July 1, 1977, actually severs or has severed the 20 member's employment after reaching the normal retirement date. 21 <u>f.g.</u> Early retirement date, except for a national guard security officer or firefighter or a 22 peace officer or correctional officer employed by the bureau of criminal 23 investigation or by a political subdivision, is the first day of the month next 24 following the month in which the member attains the age of fifty-five years and 25 has completed three years of eligible employment. For a national guard security 26 officer or firefighter, early retirement date is the first day of the month next 27 following the month in which the national guard security officer or firefighter 28 attains the age of fifty years and has completed at least three years of eligible 29 employment. For a peace officer or correctional officer employed by the bureau of 30 criminal investigation or by a political subdivision, early retirement date is the first 31 day of the month next following the month in which the peace officer or

1 correctional officer attains the age of fifty years and has completed at least three 2 years of eligible employment. 3 g.h. Disability retirement date is the first day of the month after a member becomes 4 permanently and totally disabled, according to medical evidence called for under 5 the rules of the board, and has completed at least one hundred eighty days of 6 eligible employment. For supreme and district court judges, permanent and total 7 disability is based solely on a judge's inability to perform judicial duties arising out 8 of physical or mental impairment, as determined pursuant to rules adopted by the 9 board or as provided by subdivision a of subsection 3 of section 27-23-03. A 10 member is eligible to receive disability retirement benefits only if the member: 11 Became disabled during the period of eligible employment; and 12 Applies for disability retirement benefits within twelve months of the date the 13 member terminates employment. 14 A member is eligible to continue to receive disability benefits as long as the 15 permanent and total disability continues and the member submits the necessary 16 documentation and undergoes medical testing required by the board, or for as 17 long as the member participates in a rehabilitation program required by the 18 board, or both. If the board determines that a member no longer meets the 19 eligibility definition, the board may discontinue the disability retirement benefit. 20 The board may pay the cost of any medical testing or rehabilitation services it 21 deems necessary and these payments are appropriated from the retirement fund 22 for those purposes. 23 4. The board shall calculate retirement benefits as follows: 24 Normal retirement benefits for all retirees, except Except supreme and district a. 25 court judges, the normal retirement benefits for: 26 All retirees first enrolled before January 1, 2016, reaching normal retirement (1) 27 date equal an annual amount, payable monthly, comprised of a service 28 benefit and a prior service benefit, as defined in this chapter, which is 29 determined as follows: 30 (1)(a) Service benefit equals two percent of final average salary

multiplied by the number of years of service employment.

1				$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ Prior service benefit equals two percent of final average salary
2				multiplied by the number of years of prior service employment.
3		<u>(2)</u>	<u>All re</u>	etirees first enrolled after December 31, 2015, reaching normal
4			retire	ement date equal an amount, payable monthly, comprised of a service
5			bene	efit and a prior service benefit, as defined in this chapter, which is
6			<u>dete</u>	rmined as follows:
7			<u>(a)</u>	Service benefit equals one and nine-tenths percent of final average
8				salary multiplied by the number of years of service employment.
9			<u>(b)</u>	Prior service benefit equals one and nine-tenths percent of final
10				average salary multiplied by the number of years of prior service
11				employment.
12	b.	Norr	mal re	tirement benefits for all supreme and district court judges under the
13		public employees retirement system reaching normal retirement date equal an		
14		annual amount, payable monthly, comprised of a benefit as defined in this		
15		chapter, determined as follows:		
16		(1)	Bene	efits must be calculated from the time of appointment or election to the
17			beno	ch and must equal three and one-half percent of final average salary
18			multi	iplied by the first ten years of judicial service, two and eighty hundredths
19			perc	ent of final average salary multiplied by the second ten years of judicial
20			serv	ice, and one and one-fourth percent of final average salary multiplied by
21			the r	number of years of judicial service exceeding twenty years.
22		(2)	Serv	rice benefits must include, in addition, an amount equal to the percent
23			spec	sified in subdivision a of final average salary multiplied by the number of
24			year	s of nonjudicial employee service and employment.
25	C.	Postponed retirement benefits are calculated as for single life benefits for those		
26		men	nbers	who retired on or after July 1, 1977.
27	d.	Earl	y retir	ement benefits are calculated as for single life benefits accrued to the
28		date of termination of employment, but must be actuarially reduced to account for		
29		bene	efit pa	yments beginning prior to the normal retirement date, which is the
30		earli	ier of a	age sixty-five or the age at which current service plus age equals
31		eigh	tv-five	e. Except for a national guard security officer or firefighter, a peace

- officer or correctional officer employed by the bureau of criminal investigation or by a political subdivision, or a supreme court or district court judge, early retirement benefits for members first enrolled after December 31, 2015, are calculated for single life benefits accrued to the date of termination of employment, but must be reduced by a fixed rate of eight percent per year to account for benefit payments beginning before the normal retirement date. A retiree, other than a supreme or district court judge, is eligible for early retirement benefits only after having completed three years of eligible employment. A supreme or district court judge retiree is eligible for early retirement benefits only after having completed five years of eligible employment.
 - e. Except for supreme and district court judges, disability retirement benefits are twenty-five percent of the member's final average salary. Disability retirement benefits for supreme and district court judges are seventy percent of final average salary reduced by the member's primary social security benefits and by any workforce safety and insurance benefits paid. The minimum monthly disability retirement benefit under this section is one hundred dollars.
 - 5. Upon termination of employment after completing three years of eligible employment, except for supreme and district court judges, who must complete five years of eligible employment, but before normal retirement date, a member who does not elect to receive early retirement benefits is eligible to receive deferred vested retirement benefits payable commencing on the member's normal retirement date in one of the optional forms provided in subsection 9. Members who have delayed or inadvertently failed to apply for retirement benefits to commence on their normal retirement date may choose to receive either a lump sum payment equal to the amount of missed payments, or an actuarial increase to the form of benefit the member has selected, which increase must reflect the missed payments.
 - 6. If before retiring a member dies after completing three years of eligible employment, except for supreme and district court judges, who must have completed five years of eligible employment, the board shall pay the member's account balance to the member's designated beneficiary as provided in this subsection. If the member has designated an alternate beneficiary with the surviving spouse's written consent, the

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options:

Legislative Assembly 1 board shall pay the member's account balance to the named beneficiary. If the 2 member has named more than one primary beneficiary, the board shall pay the 3 member's account balance to the named primary beneficiaries in the percentages 4 designated by the member or, if the member has not designated a percentage for the 5 beneficiaries, in equal percentages. If one or more of the primary beneficiaries has 6 predeceased the member, the board shall pay the predeceased beneficiary's share to 7 the remaining primary beneficiaries. If any beneficiary survives the member, yet dies 8 before distribution of the beneficiary's share, the beneficiary must be treated as if the 9 beneficiary predeceased the member. If there are no remaining primary beneficiaries, 10 the board shall pay the member's account balance to the contingent beneficiaries in 11 the same manner. If there are no remaining designated beneficiaries, the board shall 12 pay the member's account balance to the member's estate. If the member has not 13 designated an alternate beneficiary or the surviving spouse is the beneficiary, the 14 surviving spouse of the member may select a form of payment as follows: 15 If the member was a supreme or district court judge, the surviving spouse may 16 select one of the following optional forms of payment: 17 A lump sum payment of the member's retirement account as of the date of 18 death. 19 (2)

- Payments as calculated for the deceased member as if the member was of
- normal retirement age at the date of death, payable until the spouse dies. b. The surviving spouse of all other members may select one of the following
 - (1) A lump sum payment of the member's retirement account as of the date of death.
 - (2) Payment of a monthly retirement benefit equal to fifty percent of the deceased member's accrued single life retirement benefits until the spouse dies.
 - If the member dies on or after the member's normal retirement date, the payment of a monthly retirement benefit equal to an amount that would have been paid to the surviving spouse if the member had retired on the day of the member's death and had selected a one hundred percent joint and

- survivor annuity, payable until the spouse dies. A surviving spouse who
 received a benefit under this subsection as of July 31, 1995, is entitled to
 the higher of that person's existing benefit or the equivalent of the accrued
 benefit available under the one hundred percent joint and survivor provision
 as if the deceased member were of normal retirement age, with the increase
 payable beginning August 1, 1995.
 - 7. If a member not coming under the provisions of subsection 6 terminates employment because of death, permanent and total disability, or any voluntary or involuntary reason prior to retirement, the member or the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance at termination. The board automatically shall refund a member's account balance if the member has completed less than three years of eligible employment, has an account balance of less than one thousand dollars, and was not a supreme or district court judge. If the member was a supreme or district court judge, the board automatically shall refund a member's account balance if the member completed less than five years of eligible employment. A member may waive the refund if the member submits a written statement to the board, within thirty days after termination, requesting that the member's account balance remain in the fund.
 - 8. The surviving spouse of a member receiving retirement benefits must be the member's primary beneficiary unless there is no surviving spouse or the surviving spouse designates an alternate beneficiary in writing. If a member receiving retirement benefits or the member's surviving spouse receiving retirement benefits dies before the total amount of benefits paid to either or both equals the amount of the member's account balance at retirement, the difference must be paid to the named beneficiary of the recipient or, if there is no named beneficiary, to the recipient's estate.
 - 9. The board shall adopt rules providing for the receipt of retirement benefits in the following optional forms:
 - a. Single life.
 - An actuarially equivalent joint and survivor option, with fifty percent or one hundred percent options.
 - c. Actuarially equivalent life with ten-year or twenty-year certain options.

- d. An actuarially equivalent partial lump sum distribution option with a twelve-month
 maximum lump sum distribution.
 - e. An actuarially equivalent graduated benefit option with either a one percent or two percent increase to be applied the first day of January of each year.

Except for supreme and district court judges, unless a member specifically requests that the member receive benefits according to one of these options at the time of applying for retirement, all retirement benefits must be in the form of a single life benefit. For supreme and district court judges, unless a member specifically requests that the member receive benefits according to one of these options at the time of applying for retirement, all retirement benefits must be in the form of a lifetime monthly pension with fifty percent of the benefit continuing for the life of the surviving spouse, if any.

- 10. The fund may accept rollovers from other eligible plans under rules adopted by the board for the purchase of additional service credit, but only to the extent the transfer is a rollover contribution that meets the requirement of section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 11. The board may accept trustee-to-trustee transfers as permitted by Internal Revenue Code section 403(b)(13) and section 457(e)(17) from an Internal Revenue Code section 403(b) annuity or Internal Revenue Code section 457 deferred compensation plan for the purchase of permissive service credit, as defined in Internal Revenue Code section 415(n)(3)(A) or as repayment of a cashout from a governmental plan under Internal Revenue Code section 415(k)(3).
- 12. The board may establish individual retirement accounts and individual retirement annuities as permitted under section 408(q) of the Internal Revenue Code to allow employees to make voluntary employee contributions. The board may adopt rules to implement and administer the accounts and annuities under this section.
- **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 54-52-17.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- a. For the purpose of determining eligibility for benefits under this chapter, an employee's years of service credit is the total of the years of service credit earned

1 in the public employees retirement system and the years of service credit earned 2 in any number of the following: 3 (1) The teachers' fund for retirement. 4 (2) The highway patrolmen's retirement system. 5 The teachers' insurance and annuity association of America - college (3) 6 retirement equities fund (TIAA-CREF), for service credit earned while 7 employed by North Dakota institutions of higher education. 8 Service credit may not exceed twelve months of credit per year. 9 b. Pursuant to rules adopted by the board, an employee who has service credit in 10 the system and in any of the plans described in paragraphs 1 and 2 of 11 subdivision a is entitled to benefits under this chapter. The employee may elect to 12 have benefits calculated using the benefit formula in section 54-52-17 under 13 either of the following methods: 14 The average of the highest salary received by the member for any thirty-six 15 months employed during the last one hundred twenty months of 16 employment in the public employees retirement system. If the participating 17 member has worked for less than thirty-six months at retirement, the final 18 average salary is the average salary for the total months of employment. If 19 the participating member was first enrolled after December 31, 2015, and 20 worked for less than sixty months at retirement, the final average salary is 21 the average salary for the total months of employment. 22 The average of the highest salary received by the member for any thirty-six (2) 23 consecutive months during the last one hundred twenty months of 24 employment with any of the three eligible employers under this subdivision, 25 with service credit not to exceed one month in any month when combined 26 with the service credit earned in the alternate retirement system. 27 The board shall calculate benefits for an employee under this subsection by using only 28 those years of service credit earned under this chapter.