## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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## HOUSE BILL 907

	Short Title:	Fair Housing Protections-Source of Income.	(Public)			
	Sponsors:	Representative Montgomery.				
	1	For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly we	b site.			
	Referred to:	Judiciary, if favorable, Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House				
		April 22, 2019				
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
2	AN ACT TO MAKE DISCRIMINATION AGAINST AN INDIVIDUAL BASED UPON THAT					
3	INDIVIDUAL'S SOURCE OF INCOME IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION A					
4	VIOLATION OF THE STATE FAIR HOUSING ACT.					
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
6	<b>SECTION 1.</b> Chapter 41A of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:					
7	"§ 41A-1. Title.					
8	This Chap	oter shall be known and may be cited as the State Fair Housing Act.				
9	"§ 41A-2. Purpose.					
10	The purpose of this Chapter is to provide fair housing throughout the State of North Carolina.					
11	"§ 41A-3. Definitions.					
12	For the purposes of this Chapter, the following definitions apply:					
13						
14	<u>(5a</u>					
15		including a nonprofit organization, charitable organization, or an	ny other			
16		nongovernmental source.				
17						
18	(7)	) "Real estate transaction" means the sale, exchange, rental, or lease	e of real			
19		property;				
20	(8)					
21		leasehold, interest in real estate cooperatives, condominiu	m, and			
22		hereditament, corporeal and incorporeal, or any interest therein.				
23	<u>(9)</u>					
24		indirectly, or on behalf of a renter or buyer of housing, inclu-	<u>ling</u> the			
25		<u>following:</u>				
26		a. Income derived from any lawful profession or occupation.				
27		b. Income or rental payments derived from any government o	<u>r private</u>			
28		assistance, grant, or loan program.				
29		nlawful discriminatory housing practices.				
30		is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice for any person in a re				
31	transaction, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, source					
32	of income, or familial status to:					
33	(1)	) Refuse to engage in a real estate transaction;				



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1 2 3	(2)	Discriminate against a person in the terms, conditions, or pre- estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or service therewith;	-			
4	(2a)	(2c) Repealed by Session Laws 2009-388, s. 1, effective Octo	ber $1, 2009$			
5	(3)	Refuse to receive or fail to transmit a bona fide offer to engag				
6	$(\mathbf{J})$	transaction;	ze ili a l'eai estate			
7	(4)	Refuse to negotiate for a real estate transaction;				
8	(4)	Represent to a person that real property is not available for	inspaction sale			
8 9	(3)	rental, or lease when in fact it is so available, or fail to bring a	-			
10		to his attention, or refuse to permit him to inspect real proper	1 1 0			
10	(6)	Make, print, circulate, post, or mail or cause to be so publis	•			
12	(0)	advertisement, or sign, or use a form or application for a real e				
12		or make a record or inquiry in connection with a prospe				
13 14		transaction, which indicates directly or indirectly, an in				
14		limitation, specification, or discrimination with respect there				
15 16	(7)	Offer, solicit, accept, use, or retain a listing of real pr	,			
10	(7)	understanding that any person may be discriminated agains	- ·			
18		transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services				
10		therewith; or	, in connection			
20	(8)	Otherwise make unavailable or deny housing.				
21		aled by Session Laws 1989, c. 507, s. 2.				
22	· · · ·	n unlawful discriminatory housing practice for any person or ot	her entity whose			
23		s engaging in residential real estate related transactions to disc	-			
24		aking available such a transaction, or in the terms and cond	-			
25	• 1	use of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping c				
26	of income, or familial status. As used in this subsection, "residential real estate related					
27	transaction" mea					
28	(1)	The making or purchasing of loans or providing financial a	assistance (i) for			
29		purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintainin	ng a dwelling, or			
30		(ii) where the security is residential real estate; or				
31	(2)	The selling, brokering, or appraising of residential real estate	1 / •			
32	The provisions of	f this subsection shall not prohibit any financial institution fr	om using a loan			
33	application which inquires into a person's financial and dependent obligations or from basing its					
34		come or financial abilities of any person.				
35		n unlawful discriminatory housing practice for a person to indu	-			
36		enter into a real estate transaction from which such person ma	• 1			
37	(1)	By representing that a change has occurred, or may or w				
38		composition of the residents of the block, neighborhood, or a				
39		real property is located with respect to race, color, religio				
40		origin, handicapping condition, source of income, or famil	ial status of the			
41		owners or occupants; or	•11 17 • 11			
42	(2)	By representing that a change has resulted, or may or w				
43		lowering of property values, an increase in criminal or antiso				
44		a decline in the quality of schools in the block, neighborhood,	or area in which			
45		the real property is located.				
46 47	(d) It is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice to deny any person who is otherwise					
47 48	qualified by State law access to or membership or participation in any real estate brokers' organization multiple listing service, or other service, organization, or facility relating to the					
48 49	organization, multiple listing service, or other service, organization, or facility relating to the business of engaging in real estate transactions, or to discriminate in the terms or conditions of					
49 50	-	such access, membership, or participation because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin,				
50 51		ndition, <u>source of income</u> , or familial status.	, national oligili,			
51	nanoicapping coi	inition, <u>source of meonic,</u> of familiar status.				

1 2 3	(e) It is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice to coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any person in the exercise or enjoyment of, on account of having exercised or enjoyed, or on account of having aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or						
4	enjoyment of any right granted or protected by this Chapter.						
5		5					
6	(g)	It is a	n unlawful discriminatory housing practice to discriminate in land-use decisions				
7			tting of development based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin,				
8	handicapp	handicapping condition, familial status, source of income, or, except as otherwise provided by					
9		law, the fact that a development or proposed development contains affordable housing units for					
10		families or individuals with incomes below eighty percent (80%) of area median income. It is					
11			f this Chapter if land-use decisions or permitting of development is based on				
12			imiting high concentrations of affordable housing.				
13	-		of violation.				
14	(a)		violation of this Chapter if:				
15		(1)	A person by his act or failure to act intends to discriminate against a person.				
16			A person intends to discriminate if, in committing an unlawful discriminatory				
17			housing practice described in G.S. 41A-4 he was motivated in full, or in any				
18			part at all, by race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping				
19			condition, source of income, or familial status. An intent to discriminate may				
20			be established by direct or circumstantial evidence.				
21		(2)	A person's act or failure to act has the effect, regardless of intent, of				
22			discriminating, as set forth in G.S. 41A-4, against a person of a particular race,				
23			color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, source of income,				
24			or familial status. However, it is not a violation of this Chapter if a person				
25			whose action or inaction has an unintended discriminatory effect, proves that				
26			his action or inaction was motivated and justified by business necessity.				
27		•••					
28	"§ 41A-6.						
29	(a)		provisions of G.S. 41A-4, except for subdivision (a)(6), do not apply to the				
30	following:						
31		(1)	The rental of a housing accommodation in a building which contains housing				
32			accommodations for not more than four families living independently of each				
33			other, if the lessor or a member of his family resides in one of the housing				
34			accommodations;				
35		(2)	The rental of a room or rooms in a private house, not a boarding house, if the				
36			lessor or a member of his family resides in the house;				
37		(3)	Religious institutions or organizations or charitable or educational				
38			organizations operated, supervised, or controlled by religious institutions or				
39			organizations which give preference to members of the same religion in a real				
40			estate transaction, as long as membership in such religion is not restricted by				
41			race, color, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, source of income, or				
42			familial status;				
43		(4)	Private clubs, not in fact open to the public, which incident to their primary				
44			purpose or purposes provide lodging, which they own or operate for other than				
45			a commercial purpose, to their members or give preference to their members;				
46		(5)	With respect to discrimination based on sex, the rental or leasing of housing				
47			accommodations in single-sex dormitory property; and				
48		(6)	Repealed by Session Laws 1989 (Reg. Sess., 1990), c. 979, s. 4.				
49		(7)	The sale, rental, exchange, or lease of commercial real estate. For the purposes				
50			of this Chapter, commercial real estate means real property which is not				
51			intended for residential use.				

General Assembly Of North Carolina

Session 2019

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SECTION 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 2019, and applies to real estate
transactions entered into on or after that date.