1	SENATE BILL NO. 395
2	INTRODUCED BY M. BLASDEL, G. BENNETT, J. BRENDEN, E. BUTTREY, S. FITZPATRICK, C. GLIMM,
3	R. RIPLEY, C. SMITH
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATED TO YOUTH HUNTING; CREATING AN
6	APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE FOR THOSE OVER BETWEEN 10 AND 18 YEARS OF AGE;
7	REQUIRING THE FISH AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION TO ESTABLISH A YOUTH-ONLY DEER HUNTING
8	SEASON; PROVIDING QUALIFYING CONDITIONS FOR AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE;
9	PROVIDING FOR A CERTIFICATE FEE; EXTENDING A REDUCED LICENSE FEE FOR CERTAIN PERSONS;
10	AMENDING SECTIONS 87-1-301, 87-2-105, 87-2-404, 87-2-520, 87-2-711, AND 87-2-805, MCA; AND
11	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
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13	WHEREAS, Montana's rich hunting heritage has seen a significant decline in resident hunting license
14	sales over the past 10 years, as evidenced by the fact that although approximately 145,000 licenses were sold
15	in 2006, only 104,000 were sold in 2011; and
16	WHEREAS, 35 states, including the four states immediately adjacent to Montana, allow new hunters to
17	experience hunting with a qualified mentor prior to completing hunter safety and education courses; and
18	WHEREAS, the safety rate of those first-time, apprentice hunters is nearly five times greater than the
19	safety rate of the general hunting population; and
20	WHEREAS, the fastest-growing first-time hunter demographic in the United States is female hunters.
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22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
23	
24	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Apprentice hunting certificate. (1) A person who is 10 years of age or
25	older and UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE who has not completed a hunter safety and education course pursuant to
26	87-2-105 is eligible to apply for an apprentice hunting certificate that entitles the holder to obtain and use hunting
27	licenses and permits in accordance with this title and the provisions of this section. A person may obtain an
28	apprentice hunting certificate for no more than 2 license years before the person must complete a Montana hunter
29	safety and education course pursuant to 87-2-105.
30	(2) A person who obtains an apprentice hunting certificate must be in the company of a mentor when

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1	hunting and shall conduct all hunting in accordance with this section and within the terms and conditions of the
2	license or permit issued.
3	(3) To qualify as a mentor who will accompany an apprentice hunter, a person must:
4	(a) be at least 21 years of age;
5	(B) BE RELATED TO THE APPRENTICE HUNTER BY BLOOD, ADOPTION, OR MARRIAGE, BE THE LEGAL GUARDIAN OF
6	THE APPRENTICE HUNTER, OR BE A PERSON DESIGNATED BY A PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN AS BEING CAPABLE AND
7	QUALIFIED TO ASSIST THE APPRENTICE HUNTER;
8	(b)(C) have completed a hunter safety and education course pursuant to 87-2-105;
9	(c)(D) have a current Montana hunting license;
10	(d)(E) have agreed to accompany and supervise the apprentice hunter and remain within sight of and
11	direct voice contact with the apprentice hunter at all times while in the field; and
12	(e)(F) confirm that the apprentice hunter possesses the physical and psychological capacity to safely
13	and ethically engage in hunting activities.
14	(4) Subject to the conditions of this section, the department shall issue an apprentice hunting certificate
15	upon payment of a fee of \$5. This fee must be deposited in the state special revenue fund account to the credit
16	of the department for hunter education purposes.
17	(5) The department shall issue an apprentice hunting certificate that allows an apprentice hunter to be
18	accompanied by multiple mentors.
19	(6) Except as provided in subsection (7), a person who obtains an apprentice hunting certificate may
20	purchase any unlimited hunting license or permit by any applicable deadline for the fee established pursuant to
21	this chapter, including:
22	(a) a reduced cost license for which the applicant qualifies. An apprentice hunter who is under 12 years
23	of age is eligible to obtain the unlimited reduced cost licenses available to a person who is 12 years of age.
24	(b) a wild turkey tag if it is issued in an unlimited number.
25	(7) A person who obtains an apprentice hunting certificate is not eligible:
26	(a) to obtain a Class A-2 special bow and arrow license without having completed a bowhunter education
27	course;
28	(b) to obtain a Class D-3 resident hound training license;
29	(c) to participate in a drawing with a limited quota; or
30	(D) TO OBTAIN A MOUNTAIN SHEEP LICENSE IN ANY AREA WHERE THE LICENSES ARE ISSUED IN UNLIMITED
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1	NUMBERS; OR
2	(d)(E) to obtain an elk license if the apprentice hunter is under 15 years of age.
3	(8) An apprentice hunter who violates the terms of this section or a mentor who violates the terms of this
4	section while accompanying an apprentice hunter is subject to the loss of privileges granted by this section fo
5	the UP TO ONE FULL license season in which the privileges are granted.
6	
7	Section 2. Section 87-1-301, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"87-1-301. Powers of commission. (1) Except as provided in subsections (7) and (8) and subject to
9	subsection (3)(b), the commission:
10	(a) shall set the policies for the protection, preservation, management, and propagation of the wildlife
11	fish, game, furbearers, waterfowl, nongame species, and endangered species of the state and for the fulfillmen
12	of all other responsibilities of the department related to fish and wildlife as provided by law;
13	(b) shall establish the hunting, fishing, and trapping rules of the department;
14	(c) except as provided in 23-1-111 and 87-1-303(3), shall establish the rules of the department governing
15	the use of lands owned or controlled by the department and waters under the jurisdiction of the department;
16	(d) must have the power within the department to establish wildlife refuges and bird and game preserves
17	(e) shall approve all acquisitions or transfers by the department of interests in land or water, except as
18	provided in 23-1-111 and 87-1-209(2) and (4);
19	(f) except as provided in 23-1-111, shall review and approve the budget of the department prior to its
20	transmittal to the office of budget and program planning;
21	(g) except as provided in 23-1-111, shall review and approve construction projects that have an
22	estimated cost of more than \$1,000 but less than \$5,000;
23	(h) shall manage elk, deer, and antelope populations based on habitat estimates determined as provided
24	in 87-1-322 and maintain elk, deer, and antelope population numbers at or below population estimates as
25	provided in 87-1-323. In developing or implementing an elk management plan, the commission shall conside
26	landowner tolerance when deciding whether to restrict elk hunting on surrounding public land in a particula
27	hunting district. As used in this subsection (1)(h), "landowner tolerance" means the written or documented verba
28	opinion of an affected landowner regarding the impact upon the landowner's property within the particular hunting
29	district where a restriction on elk hunting on public property is proposed.
30	(i) shall set the policies for the salvage of antelope, deer, elk, or moose pursuant to 87-3-145; and
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1	(j) shall comply with, adopt policies that comply with, and ensure the department implements in each
2	region the provisions of state wildlife management plans adopted following an environmental review conducted
3	pursuant to Title 75, chapter 1, parts 1 through 3.
4	(2) The commission may adopt rules regarding the use and type of archery equipment that may be
5	employed for hunting and fishing purposes, taking into account applicable standards as technical innovations in
6	archery equipment change.
7	(3) (a) The commission may adopt rules regarding the establishment of special licenses or permits,
8	seasons, conditions, programs, or other provisions that the commission considers appropriate to promote or
9	enhance hunting by Montana's youth and persons with disabilities.
10	(b) To promote and enhance hunting opportunities for Montana's youth, the commission shall establish
11	a 4-day, youth-only deer season. Subject to the licensing provisions of Title 87, chapter 2, the youth-only deer
12	season must be open to all minors who are 10 years of age or older and under 18 years of age.
13	(4) (a) The commission may adopt rules regarding nonresident big game combination licenses to:
14	(i) separate deer licenses from nonresident elk combination licenses;
15	(ii) set the fees for the separated deer combination licenses and the elk combination licenses without the
16	deer tag;
17	(iii) condition the use of the deer licenses; and
18	(iv) limit the number of licenses sold.
19	(b) The commission may exercise the rulemaking authority in subsection (4)(a) when it is necessary and
20	appropriate to regulate the harvest by nonresident big game combination license holders:
21	(i) for the biologically sound management of big game populations of elk, deer, and antelope;
22	(ii) to control the impacts of those elk, deer, and antelope populations on uses of private property; and
23	(iii) to ensure that elk, deer, and antelope populations are at a sustainable level as provided in 87-1-321
24	through 87-1-325.
25	(5) (a) Subject to the provisions of 87-2-115, the commission may adopt rules establishing license
26	preference systems to distribute hunting licenses and permits:
27	(i) giving an applicant who has been unsuccessful for a longer period of time priority over an applicant
28	who has been unsuccessful for a shorter period of time; and
29	(ii) giving a qualifying landowner a preference in drawings. As used in this subsection (5)(a), "qualifying
30	landowner" means the owner of land that provides some significant habitat benefit for wildlife, as determined by
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- 1 the commission.
- 2 (b) The commission shall square the number of points purchased by an applicant per species when
- 3 conducting drawings for licenses and permits.
- 4 (6) (a) The commission may adopt rules to:
- 5 (i) limit the number of nonresident mountain lion hunters in designated hunting districts; and
- 6 (ii) determine the conditions under which nonresidents may hunt mountain lion in designated hunting
- 7 districts.
- 8 (b) The commission shall consider, but is not limited to consideration of, the following factors:
- 9 (i) harvest of lions by resident and nonresident hunters;
- 10 (ii) history of quota overruns;
- 11 (iii) composition, including age and sex, of the lion harvest;
- 12 (iv) historical outfitter use;
- 13 (v) conflicts among hunter groups;
- 14 (vi) availability of public and private lands; and
- 15 (vii) whether restrictions on nonresident hunters are more appropriate than restrictions on all hunters.
- 16 (7) The commission may not regulate the use or possession of firearms, firearm accessories, or
- 17 ammunition, including the chemical elements of ammunition used for hunting. This does not prevent:
- 18 (a) the restriction of certain hunting seasons to the use of specified hunting arms, such as the
- 19 establishment of special archery seasons;
- 20 (b) for human safety, the restriction of certain areas to the use of only specified hunting arms, including
- 21 bows and arrows, traditional handguns, and muzzleloading rifles;
- 22 (c) the restriction of the use of shotguns for the hunting of deer and elk pursuant to 87-6-401(1)(f);
- 23 (d) the regulation of migratory game bird hunting pursuant to 87-3-403; or
- 24 (e) the restriction of the use of rifles for bird hunting pursuant to 87-6-401(1)(g) or (1)(h).
- 25 (8) Pursuant to 23-1-111, the commission does not oversee department activities related to the
- 26 administration of state parks, primitive parks, state recreational areas, public camping grounds, state historic
- 27 sites, state monuments, and other heritage and recreational resources, land, and water administered pursuant
- 28 to Title 23, chapter 1, and Title 23, chapter 2, parts 1, 4, and 9."
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Section 2. Section 87-2-105, MCA, is amended to read:



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"87-2-105. Safety instruction required. (1) Except for a youth who qualifies for a license pursuant to
87-2-805(4) or who has been issued an apprentice hunting certificate pursuant to [section 1], a hunting license
may not be issued to a person who is born after January 1, 1985, unless the person authorized to issue the
license determines proof of completion of:

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(b) a hunter safety course in any other state or province; or

7 (c) a Montana hunter safety and education course that qualifies the person for a provisional certificate
8 as provided in 87-2-126.

(a) a Montana hunter safety and education course established in subsection (4) or (6);

9 (2) A hunting license may not be issued to a member of the regular armed forces of the United States 10 or to a member of the armed forces of a foreign government attached to the armed forces of the United States 11 who is assigned to active duty in Montana and who is otherwise considered a resident under 87-2-102(1) or to 12 a member's dependents, as defined in 15-30-2115, who reside in the member's Montana household, unless the 13 person authorized to issue the license determines proof of completion of a hunter safety course approved by the 14 department or a hunter safety course in any state or province.

(3) A bow and arrow license may not be issued to a resident or nonresident unless the person authorized to issue the license receives an archery license issued for a prior hunting season or determines proof of completion of a bowhunter education course from the national bowhunter education foundation or any other bowhunter education program approved by the department. Neither the department nor the license agent is required to provide records of past archery license purchases. As part of the department's bow and arrow licensing procedures, the department shall notify the public regarding bowhunter education requirements.

(4) The department shall provide for a hunter safety and education course that includes instruction in the safe handling of firearms and for that purpose may cooperate with any reputable organization having as one of its objectives the promotion of hunter safety and education. The department may designate as an instructor any person it finds to be competent to give instructions in hunter safety and education, including the handling of firearms. A person appointed shall give the course of instruction and shall issue a certificate of completion from Montana's hunter safety and education course to a person successfully completing the course.

27 (5) The department shall provide for a course of instruction from the national bowhunter education 28 foundation or any other bowhunter education program approved by the department and for that purpose may 29 cooperate with any reputable organization having as one of its objectives the promotion of safety in the handling 30 of bow hunting tackle. The department may designate as an instructor any person it finds to be competent to give



bowhunter education instruction. A person appointed shall give the course of instruction and shall issue a
 certificate of completion to any a person successfully completing the course.

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(6) The department may develop an adult hunter safety and education course.

4 (7) The department may adopt rules regarding how a person authorized to issue a license determines
5 proof of completion of a required course."

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Section 3. Section 87-2-404, MCA, is amended to read:

8 **"87-2-404. Three-day nonresident captive-reared bird hunting stamp.** A Except as otherwise 9 provided in this chapter, a person who is 12 years of age or older or who will turn 12 years old before or during 10 the season for which the license is issued and who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, may, upon payment 11 of a fee of \$20, receive a 3-day nonresident shooting preserve bird hunting stamp that authorizes a holder who 12 is 12 years of age or older to hunt game specified under 87-4-522 on a shooting preserve licensed under 13 87-4-501 for 3 consecutive calendar days as indicated on the license."

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Section 4. Section 87-2-520, MCA, is amended to read:

16 **"87-2-520. Supplemental game damage license -- terms and conditions.** (1) If at any time the 17 department determines, in conjunction with a landowner or a designated lessee acting as an agent for a 18 landowner, that game animals on the property are causing a level of damage to crops or other vegetation that 19 merits removal of a specific number of game animals or that the taking of a specific number of game animals is 20 advisable for game management purposes, the department may issue nontransferable resident and nonresident 21 supplemental game damage hunting licenses for game management purposes on the property.

(2) Supplemental game damage hunting licenses may be issued only for antlerless animals and may
 be issued only for use on lands eligible for game damage assistance pursuant to 87-1-225. A landowner may not
 charge a fee to a hunter using a license obtained pursuant to this section.

(3) Supplemental game damage licenses may be issued to hunters as an alternative to issuing a kill
 permit to a landowner.

(4) (a) In a hunting district with unlimited license quotas, a landowner may designate the resident
 supplemental game damage license recipient upon approval of issuance, including a recipient who has obtained
 <u>an apprentice hunting certificate pursuant to [section 1]</u>.

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(b) In a hunting district with limited permit quotas, a landowner may designate up to 75% of the resident

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supplemental game damage license recipients, with the remainder of the licenses offered to hunters in a manner
 prescribed by the department.

3 (5) If additional supplemental game damage licenses are available, the department may issue those
4 licenses to resident and nonresident hunters.

(6) A licensee shall pay the regular license price or an adjusted price set by the commission for any
supplemental game management license issued pursuant to subsection (1). Issuance of a supplemental game
damage license authorizes the licensee to hunt, take, and possess the game animal designated on the license.
All hunting under a supplemental game damage license must be conducted on the property designated on the
license and in accordance with department regulations."

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Section 5. Section 87-2-711, MCA, is amended to read:

12 "87-2-711. Class AAA--combination sports license. (1) A Except as otherwise provided in this
 13 <u>chapter, a</u> resident, as defined by 87-2-102, who is 12 years of age or older or who will turn 12 years old before
 14 or during the season for which the license is issued is entitled to:

15 (a) a combination sports license that permits a holder who is 12 years of age or older to exercise all 16 rights granted to holders of Class A, A-1, A-3, and A-5 licenses and resident conservation licenses as prescribed 17 in 87-2-202 upon payment of the sum of \$70, plus the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 18 87-2-202(3)(c), or, if the resident is a service member eligible for a combination sports license pursuant to 19 87-2-803(12), upon payment of the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 87-2-202(3)(c); or 20 (b) a combination sports license that permits a holder who is 12 years of age or older to exercise all 21 rights granted in subsection (1)(a) and the additional rights granted to holders of a Class A-6 license upon 22 payment of the sum of \$85, plus the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 87-2-202(3)(c). 23 (2) The department may furnish each holder of a combination sports license an appropriate decal."

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Section 6. Section 87-2-805, MCA, is amended to read:

26 "87-2-805. Persons under 18 years of age -- youth combination sports license -- youth with
 27 life-threatening illness under 18 years of age. (1) (a) Resident minors who are:

(i) 12 years of age or older and under 15 years of age may fish and may hunt upland game and migratory
game birds during the open season with only a conservation license;

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(ii) 15 years of age may hunt migratory game birds with only a conservation license; and

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1 (iii) under 12 years of age may fish without a license.

2 (b) A nonresident minor:

3 (i) under 15 years of age may not fish in or on any Montana waters without first having obtained a Class
4 B, B-4, or B-5 fishing license unless the nonresident minor is in the company of an adult in possession of a valid
5 Montana fishing license. The limit of fish for the nonresident minor and the accompanying adult combined may
6 not exceed the limit for one adult as established by law or by rule of the department.

(ii) who is 12 years of age or older and under 16 years of age may hunt upland game and migratory game
birds during the open season with the purchase of a Class B-1 nonresident upland game bird license for a cost
of \$35. Of that fee, \$17 must be deposited pursuant to 87-1-270 and \$7 must be deposited pursuant to 87-1-246.

(2) A resident, as defined by 87-2-102, who is 12 years of age or older and under 15 <u>18</u> years of age may
 purchase a Class A-3 deer A tag for \$6.50 and a Class A-5 elk tag for \$8.

(3) (a) A resident who is 12 years of age or older and under 18 years of age may purchase a youth
 combination sports license for \$25. A resident who is 12 years of age or older and under 18 years of age and who
 applies for any hunting license for the first time is entitled to receive a youth combination sports license free of

15 charge <u>UPON COMPLETION OF A HUNTER SAFETY AND EDUCATION COURSE</u>.

16 (b) The youth combination sports license includes:

17 (i) a conservation license;

- 18 (ii) a fishing license;
- 19 (iii) an upland game bird license;
- 20 (iv) an elk license; and
- 21 (v) a deer license.

(c) A resident who is 15 years of age or older and under 18 years of age may purchase a Class A fishing
license for \$8.

(d) A resident who is 15 years of age or older and under 18 years of age may purchase a Class A-1
upland game bird license for \$3.

(e) A person who lawfully purchases or is granted a free youth combination sports license at 17 years
of age, but who reaches 18 years of age during that license year, may legally use the license during that license
year. A person who hunts or fishes using a youth combination sports license purchased or granted free after the
person reaches 18 years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to any of the following penalties
by the sentencing court:

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(i) revocation of the person's hunting and fishing privileges for at least 5 years, revocation of the person's
 hunting and fishing privileges for more than 5 years, or revocation of the person's hunting and fishing privileges
 for life; and

4 (ii) a monetary fine of not less than \$500 and not more than \$5,000 in addition to the fine imposed on a
5 person under this chapter for the specific hunting or fishing violation.

6 (f) This section does not prohibit a resident minor from purchasing any individual licenses for which the 7 minor may be eligible under this chapter if the minor does not purchase the youth combination sports license.

8 (4) (a) The department may issue a free resident or nonresident big game combination license, as 9 applicable, or a free resident or nonresident antelope license and wildlife conservation license, as applicable, to 10 a resident or nonresident youth under 18 years of age who has been diagnosed with a life-threatening illness. 11 In order for a youth to qualify for the free license, the department must receive documentation that the youth has 12 been diagnosed with a life-threatening illness from a licensed physician. The free license may be issued to a 13 youth on a one-time basis for only one hunting season. As used in this subsection, "life-threatening illness" means 14 any progressive, degenerative, or malignant disease or condition that results in a significant threat, likelihood, 15 or certainty that the child's life expectancy will not extend past the child's 19th birthday unless the course of the 16 disease is interrupted or abated.

(b) In exercising hunting privileges, the youth must be in the company of an adult in possession of a valid
Montana hunting license or of a licensed Montana outfitter and conduct all hunting within the terms and conditions
of the license issued.

(c) The department may waive hunter safety and education and bowhunter education requirements in
87-2-105 for a qualified youth under this subsection (4) and, in appropriate circumstances, may also allow the
qualified youth to hunt from a vehicle in the manner described in 87-2-803.

23 (d) The department may limit the number of licenses issued pursuant to this subsection (4) to a total of24 25 annually.

(5) Prior to reaching 12 years of age, minors who will reach 12 years of age by January 16 of a license
year may hunt any game species after August 15 of that license year as long as the minor obtains the necessary
license pursuant to this chapter."

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29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an 30 integral part of Title 87, chapter 2, part 8, and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 2, part 8, apply to [section 1].



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2	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
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4	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Applicability. [Sections 2 and 7] apply [SECTION 6] APPLIES to hunting
5	seasons established after March 1, 2016.
6	- END -

