

AN ACT REVISING MEDICAL PEER REVIEW LAWS TO CLARIFY THE MEANING OF THE TERMS "DATA" AND "INCIDENT REPORT" OR "OCCURRENCE REPORT"; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 37-2-401 AND 50-16-201, MCA.

WHEREAS, the Montana Legislature adopted Montana's peer review statutes over 50 years ago, noting that peer review is in the interest of the public health; and

WHEREAS, in Sistok v. Kalispell Regional Hospital, 251 Mont. 38, 823 P.2d 251 (1991), the Montana Supreme Court held that Montana's peer review statutes confer a privilege on data created by or at the request of a medical review committee; and

WHEREAS, in Sistok v. Kalispell Regional Hospital, the Montana Supreme Court also observed that the statute providing for confidentiality was developed and the privilege was conferred by the Legislature as a matter of public policy to encourage health care providers to join medical review committees in an effort to ensure the responsive and full discourse among the professionals involved and to promote an atmosphere free of apprehension so that constructive criticism could occur; and

WHEREAS, in Huether v. District Court, 2000 MT 158, 300 Mont. 212, 4 P.3d 1193, the Montana Supreme Court found that Montana's peer review statutes are typical of the statutes adopted by various states to encourage candor in medical review committees that review and evaluate the quality of medical care provided in their hospitals; and

WHEREAS, in Huether v. District Court, the Montana Supreme Court also noted that the goal of Montana's peer review statutes is to promote continuous improvement in the quality of health care delivery through review of standardized health care operations and the performance of doctors and staff; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that the continuous review and improvement of health care is in the interest of all Montanans; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds it appropriate to revise certain definitions in order to clarify which information is privileged and which information is not privileged under Montana's peer review statutes.



## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 37-2-401, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-2-401. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) (a) "Data" means written reports, notes, or records or oral reports or proceedings created by or at the request of a quality assurance committee that <u>may be shared with a medical practitioner</u>, including the <u>medical practitioner being reviewed</u>, and that are used exclusively in connection with quality assessment or improvement activities, including but not limited to the professional training, supervision, or discipline of a medical practitioner by a medical practice group. <u>The term includes all subsequent evaluations and analysis of an untoward event</u>, including any opinions or conclusions of a reviewer.

(b) The term does not include:

(i) incident reports or occurrence reports; or

(ii) health care information that is used in whole or in part to make decisions about an individual who is the subject of the health care information.

(2) "Health care facility" has the meaning provided in 50-5-101.

(3) (a) "Incident report" or "occurrence report" means the written business record of a medical practice group <u>that:</u>

(i) may be but is not required to be created by the staff involved in response to an untoward event, including but not limited to a patient injury, adverse outcome, or interventional error, for the purpose of ensuring a prompt evaluation of the event; and

(ii) is a factual rendition of the event.

(b) The terms do not include any subsequent evaluation of the event by a quality assurance committee, that regardless of whether or not the subsequent evaluation of the event occurred was conducted in response to an incident report or occurrence report. The creation of an incident report or occurrence report is not a condition precedent for a subsequent evaluation of an event, and any subsequent evaluation of an event remains privileged and confidential pursuant to this part, regardless of the creation of an incident report or occurrence report.

(4) "Medical practice group" means a group of two or more medical practitioners practicing medicine in a professional corporation, professional limited liability company, partnership, sole proprietorship, or associations



of these entities.

(5) "Medical practitioner" means an individual licensed by the state of Montana to engage in the practice of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, optometry, or a nursing specialty described in 37-8-202 or licensed as a physician assistant pursuant to 37-20-203.

(6) "Quality assurance committee" means a duly appointed committee within a medical practice group that administers a quality assurance program and may be called by another name within the medical practice group, including but not limited to a utilization review, peer review, medical ethics review, professional standards review, quality assurance, or quality improvement committee.

(7) "Quality assurance program" means a comprehensive, ongoing system of mechanisms established by a medical practice group for monitoring and evaluating the quality and appropriateness of the care provided to patients in order to:

(a) identify and take steps to correct any significant problems and trends in the delivery of care; and

(b) take advantage of opportunities to improve care.

(8) (a) "Records" means records of interviews, internal reviews and investigations, and all reports, statements, minutes, memoranda, charts, statistics, and other documentation generated during the activities of a quality assurance program.

(b) The term does not mean original medical records or other records kept relative to any patient in the course of the business of operating as a medical practice group."

Section 2. Section 50-16-201, MCA, is amended to read:

**"50-16-201. Definitions.** As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) (a) "Data" means written reports, notes, or records or oral reports or proceedings created by or at the request of a utilization review, peer review, medical ethics review, quality assurance, or quality improvement committee of a health care facility that <u>may be shared with a medical practitioner</u>, including the medical <u>practitioner being reviewed</u>, and that are used exclusively in connection with quality assessment or improvement activities, including the professional training, supervision, or discipline of a medical practitioner by a health care facility. <u>The term includes all subsequent evaluations and analysis of an untoward event, including any opinions or conclusions of a reviewer.</u>

(b) The term does not include:



(i) incident reports or occurrence reports; or

(ii) health care information that is used in whole or in part to make decisions about an individual who is the subject of the health care information.

(2) "Health care facility" has the meaning provided in 50-5-101.

(3) (a) "Incident reports report" or "occurrence reports report" means a written business record of a health care facility; that:

(i) may be but is not required to be created by the staff involved in response to an untoward event, such as a patient injury, adverse outcome, or interventional error, for the purpose of ensuring a prompt evaluation of the event-: and

(ii) is a factual rendition of the event.

(b) The terms do not include any subsequent evaluation of the event <u>created by or at the request of a</u> <u>utilization review, peer review, medical ethics review, quality assurance, or quality improvement committee,</u> <u>regardless of whether or not the subsequent evaluation of the event occurred</u> in response to an incident report or occurrence report by a <u>utilization review, peer review, medical ethics review, quality assurance, or quality</u> <u>improvement committee</u>. <u>The creation of an incident report or occurrence report is not a condition precedent for</u> <u>a subsequent evaluation of an event, and any subsequent evaluation of an event remains privileged and</u> <u>confidential pursuant to this part, regardless of the creation of an incident report or occurrence report.</u>

(4) "Medical practitioner" means an individual licensed by the state of Montana to engage in the practice of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, optometry, or a nursing specialty described in 37-8-202 or licensed as a physician assistant pursuant to 37-20-203."

- END -

SB0292

I hereby certify that the within bill, SB 0292, originated in the Senate.

Secretary of the Senate

President of the Senate

Signed this	day
of	, 2013.

Speaker of the House

Signed this	day
of	, 2013.



## SENATE BILL NO. 292 INTRODUCED BY B. TUTVEDT

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