64th Legislature HB0424.01

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HOUSE BILL NO. 424

2	INTRODUCED BY M. MONFORTON			
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ELIMII	NATING THE EXCEP	TION TO THE OPEN PUBLIC MEETING	
5	REQUIREMENTS THAT THE SUPREME COURT MAY CLOSE A MEETING INVOLVING JUDICIAL			
6	DELIBERATIONS IN AN ADVERSARIAL PR	DELIBERATIONS IN AN ADVERSARIAL PROCEEDING; AMENDING SECTION 2-3-203, MCA; AND		
7	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE	=."		
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF TH	HE STATE OF MONT	ANA:	
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11	Section 1. Section 2-3-203, MCA, is am	nended to read:		
12	"2-3-203. Meetings of public agencies and certain associations of public agencies to be open to			
13	public exceptions. (1) All meetings of public or g	governmental bodies,	boards, bureaus, commissions, agencies	
14	of the state, or any political subdivision of the stat	e or organizations or a	agencies supported in whole or in part by	
15	public funds or expending public funds, including the supreme court, must be open to the public.			
16	(2) All meetings of associations that ar	e composed of publi	c or governmental bodies referred to in	
17	subsection (1) and that regulate the rights, duties, or privileges of any individual must be open to the public.			
18	(3) The presiding officer of any meeting may close the meeting during the time the discussion relates			
19	to a matter of individual privacy and then if and only if the presiding officer determines that the demands of			
20	individual privacy clearly exceed the merits of public disclosure. The right of individual privacy may be waived by			
21	the individual about whom the discussion pertains and, in that event, the meeting must be open.			
22	(4) (a) Except as provided in subsection (4)(b), a meeting may be closed to discuss a strategy to be			
23	followed with respect to litigation when an open meeting would have a detrimental effect on the litigating position			
24	of the public agency.			
25	(b) A meeting may not be closed to discu	iss strategy to be follo	owed in litigation in which the only parties	
26	are public bodies or associations described in su	are public bodies or associations described in subsections (1) and (2).		
27	(5) The supreme court may close a n	neeting that involves	judicial deliberations in an adversarial	
28	proceeding.			
29	(6)(5) Any committee or subcommittee appointed by a public body or an association described in			
30	subsection (2) for the purpose of conducting business that is within the jurisdiction of that agency is subject to			
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1 the requirements of this section."

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3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 2. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

4 - END -

