

HOUSE BILL NO. 35

INTRODUCED BY E. BUTTREY

BY REQUEST OF THE ECONOMIC AFFAIRS INTERIM COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING ALCOHOL LICENSING LAWS; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCESSES; REVISING PROCEDURES FOR COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCESSES FOR ALL-BEVERAGES, RETAIL BEER AND WINE, AND RESTAURANT BEER AND WINE LICENSES; REMOVING THE TERMINATION DATE APPLICABLE TO COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCESSES; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO QUOTA AREA DETERMINATIONS; PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-4-105, 16-4-201, 16-4-204, 16-4-207, 16-4-305, 16-4-306, 16-4-402, 16-4-420, AND 23-5-119, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 2, 5, 8, 10, 12, 14, AND 17, CHAPTER 5, SPECIAL LAWS OF NOVEMBER 2017; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Competitive bidding process -- all-beverages, retail beer and wine, and restaurant beer and wine licenses. (1) (A) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for a license under 16-4-105, 16-4-201, 16-4-204, or 16-4-420, the department shall use a competitive bidding process to determine the party afforded the opportunity to apply for the license. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL USE A COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCESS WHEN:

(I) A NEW LICENSE BECOMES AVAILABLE IN A QUOTA AREA WHERE A LICENSE OF THE SAME TYPE IS NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE IN THE QUOTA AREA;

(II) THE OPPORTUNITY TO TRANSFER A LICENSE INTO A QUOTA AREA BECOMES AVAILABLE WHERE A LICENSE OF THE SAME TYPE IS NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE IN THE QUOTA AREA;

(III) THE LAPSE, REVOCATION, OR ISSUANCE OF A LICENSE WITHIN THE QUOTA AREA WHERE THE LICENSE IS LOCATED HAS CREATED THE LAST REMAINING LICENSE FOR THAT LICENSE TYPE IN THE QUOTA AREA; OR

(IV) THE DEPARTMENT'S DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION FOR LICENSURE OR AN APPLICANT'S WITHDRAWAL OF AN APPLICATION FOR LICENSURE HAS CREATED THE LAST REMAINING LICENSE FOR THAT LICENSE TYPE IN A QUOTA AREA.

(B) The department shall:



1 ~~(a)~~(i) determine the minimum bid based on 75% of the market value of applicable licenses in the quota
2 area;

3 ~~(b)~~(ii) publish notice that a quota area is eligible for a new license;

4 ~~(c)~~(iii) notify the bidder with the highest bid; and

5 ~~(d)~~(iv) keep confidential the identity of bidders, number of bids, and bid amounts until the highest bidder
6 has been approved.

7 (2) (A) To enter the competitive bidding process, a bidder shall submit:

8 ~~(a)~~(i) an electronic bid form provided by the department; and

9 ~~(b)~~(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the
10 beneficiary of at least the bid amount. THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION MAY ISSUE THE IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF CREDIT
11 IN THE NAME OF THE BIDDER, IF THE BIDDER IS A BUSINESS ENTITY, OR IN THE NAME OF AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS AN OWNER
12 OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY.

13 (B) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONTACT ANY BIDDER WHOSE TIMELY SUBMITTED BID FORM HAS A DEFICIENCY AND
14 SHALL PROVIDE THAT BIDDER WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO RESUBMIT THE BID FORM WITHIN 5 BUSINESS DAYS TO CORRECT
15 ANY DEFICIENCY.

16 (3) In the case of a tie for the highest bid, the tied bidders may submit new bids. The minimum bid must
17 be the tied bid amount. To submit a new bid, a tied bidder shall submit:

18 (a) an electronic bid form provided by the department; and

19 (b) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the beneficiary
20 of at least the new bid amount. THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION MAY ISSUE THE IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF CREDIT IN THE
21 NAME OF THE BIDDER, IF THE BIDDER IS A BUSINESS ENTITY, OR IN THE NAME OF AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS AN OWNER OF THE
22 BUSINESS ENTITY.

23 (4) The highest bidder shall:

24 (a) submit an application provided by the department and applicable fees for the license within 60 days
25 of the department's notification of being the highest bidder;

26 (b) pay the bid amount prior to approval of the license;

27 (c) meet all other requirements to own the license; and

28 (d) commence business within 1 year of the department's notification, unless the department grants an
29 extension because commencement was delayed by circumstances beyond the applicant's control. Any extension
30 request must be made in writing to the department prior to the deadline for commencing business.

1 (5) If the highest bidder is not approved to own the license, the department shall offer the license to the
 2 next highest bidder. That bidder shall comply with the requirements of subsection (4). If no qualified bidder is
 3 approved to own the license, the department shall reopen the competitive bidding process for the license.

4 (6) (a) If no bids are received during the competitive bidding process, the department shall reopen the
 5 bid at a lower bid amount than initially determined in subsection (1).

6 (b) If, after holding a competitive bidding process, the department determines that there is no significant
 7 market value for a particular license, the department may withdraw that license from the competitive bidding
 8 process and process applications for the license in the order received.

9 (c) If a quota area is already eligible for a license as of November 24, 2017, the department shall process
 10 applications for the license in the order received.

11 (7) (a) The successful applicant is subject to forfeiture of the license, the license fees, and the original
 12 bid amount if the successful applicant:

13 (i) transfers the awarded license to another person or business entity within ~~5 years~~ 1 YEAR after
 14 receiving the license unless that transfer is due to a death of an owner;

15 (ii) proposes a location for the license WITHIN THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION that had the same license type
 16 within the previous 12 months; or

17 (iii) does not use the license within 1 year of receiving the license or stops using the license within 5
 18 years. The department may extend the time for use if the successful applicant provides evidence that the delay
 19 in use is for reasons outside the applicant's control. Evidence of the delay must be made in writing to the
 20 department prior to the deadline for commencing business.

21 (b) If a license is forfeited, the department shall determine whether there is a lien against the license.
 22 If there is a lien, the department shall notify the lienholder or secured party of the forfeiture and the lienholder or
 23 secured party may foreclose on the license and request transfer of the license pursuant to 16-4-801. If there is
 24 not a lien on the license or if the lienholder or secured party does not foreclose on the license pursuant to
 25 16-4-801, the department shall conduct another competitive bidding process for the license.

26 (8) A license issued under this section is not ~~a qualification for licensure of any gaming or gambling~~
 27 ~~activity. A gaming or gambling activity may not occur on the premises of a license issued pursuant to this section~~
 28 ELIGIBLE TO OFFER GAMBLING UNDER TITLE 23, CHAPTER 5, PART 3, 5, OR 6.

29 (9) Nothing in subsection (7) relating to forfeiture prohibits a lienholder or secured party from foreclosing
 30 on a license. A lien may be placed on a license issued under this section and may be foreclosed on. If a license

1 is foreclosed on, the department shall keep the license fees and the original bid amount and the lienholder or
 2 secured party may resell the license, pending department approval of the applicant.

3

4 **Section 2.** Section 16-4-105, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"16-4-105. (Temporary) Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- limitation on**
 6 **use of license -- exceptions -- competitive bidding -- rulemaking.** (1) Except as provided in 16-4-109,
 7 16-4-110, 16-4-115, 16-4-420, and chapter 4, part 3, of this title, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine
 8 at retail, in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any
 9 person or business entity that is approved by the department, subject to the following exceptions:

10 (a) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within
 11 incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the corporate limits of the
 12 cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:

13 (i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or ~~less~~ fewer and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the
 14 corporate limits of the towns, not more than one retail beer license;

15 (ii) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not ~~over~~ more than
 16 2,000 inhabitants and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the corporate limits of the cities or towns, one retail beer
 17 license for every 500 inhabitants;

18 (iii) in incorporated cities of ~~over~~ more than 2,000 inhabitants and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the
 19 corporate limits of the cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer
 20 licenses for the next 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction of 2,000 inhabitants, and one additional retail beer license
 21 for ~~every~~ each additional 2,000 inhabitants.

22 (b) The number of inhabitants in each incorporated city or incorporated town, exclusive of the number
 23 of inhabitants residing within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the corporate limits of the city or town, governs the
 24 number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within the city or town and within ~~a distance of 5 miles~~
 25 ~~from~~ of the corporate limits of the city or town. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of ~~any~~ an
 26 incorporated city or incorporated town must be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the
 27 premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town. A LICENSE THAT IS
 28 RESTRICTED BY QUOTA LIMITATIONS IN THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE LOCATED FARTHER THAN:

29 (I) THE COUNTY BOUNDARY WITHIN WHICH THE INCORPORATED CITY OR INCORPORATED TOWN IS LOCATED; OR

30 (II) THE LINE THAT SEPARATES THE INCORPORATED CITY'S OR INCORPORATED TOWN'S BOUNDARY FROM

1 ANOTHER INCORPORATED CITY OR INCORPORATED TOWN AS SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION.

2 (c) (i) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
3 boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
4 straight line equidistant between each city or town.

5 (ii) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town terminates
6 from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses existing as
7 of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a result of the
8 straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

9 (A) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
10 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area
11 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
12 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of
13 where it falls in the new quota areas.

14 (B) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn along
15 Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

16 (C) IN THE POLSON AND RONAN QUOTA AREAS, THE STRAIGHT LINE WILL BE DRAWN FROM U.S. HIGHWAY 93
17 WEST ON PABLO WEST ROAD TO THE QUOTA AREA BOUNDARY AND EAST ON CLAIRMONT ROAD EXTENDING OUT TO THE
18 QUOTA AREA BOUNDARY. ANY LICENSE EXISTING AS OF NOVEMBER 24, 2017, WITHIN THE POLSON QUOTA AREA WILL
19 BECOME A POLSON LICENSE, REGARDLESS OF WHERE IT FALLS IN THE NEW QUOTA AREAS. ANY LICENSE EXISTING AS OF
20 NOVEMBER 24, 2017, WITHIN THE RONAN QUOTA AREA WILL BECOME A RONAN LICENSE, REGARDLESS OF WHERE IT FALLS
21 IN THE NEW QUOTA AREAS.

22 (d) Retail beer licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and retail beer licenses issued under 16-4-110 that
23 are in excess of the limitations in this section are renewable, but new licenses may not be issued in violation of
24 the limitations.

25 (e) The limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer license
26 to an enlisted persons', noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal military
27 reservation on May 13, 1985, or to a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a
28 recognized national fraternal organization if the veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a
29 period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949.

30 (f) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside

1 of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from of the
 2 corporate limits or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated area must be determined by the
 3 department in its discretion, except that a retail beer license may not be issued for any premises so situated
 4 unless the department determines that the issuance of the license is required by public convenience and
 5 necessity pursuant to 16-4-203. Subsection ~~(12) (6) (7)~~ does not apply to licenses issued under this subsection
 6 (1)(f). The owner of the license whose premises are situated outside of an incorporated city or incorporated town
 7 may offer gambling, regardless of when the license was issued, if the owner and premises qualify under Title 23,
 8 chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

9 (2) (a) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses OR LICENSES THAT RESULTED
 10 FROM APPLICATIONS IN PROCESS as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as
 11 provided in subsection (1)(c) may be transferred between the two quota areas if they were part of a THE combined
 12 quota area prior to November 24, 2017.

13 (b) If any new retail beer licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area that existed as of
 14 November 24, 2017, as provided in subsection (1)(c), the department shall publish the availability of no more than
 15 one new beer license a year until the quota has been reached.

16 (C) IF ANY NEW RETAIL BEER LICENSES ARE ALLOWED BY LICENSE TRANSFERS AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
 17 (2)(A), THE DEPARTMENT MAY PUBLISH THE AVAILABILITY OF MORE THAN ONE NEW LICENSE A YEAR UNTIL THE QUOTA HAS
 18 BEEN REACHED.

19 (3) A license issued under subsection (1)(f) that becomes located within 5 miles of an incorporated city
 20 or town because of annexation after April 15, 2005, may not be transferred to another location within the city
 21 quota area ~~for~~ any sooner than 5 years from the date of the annexation.

22 (4) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for a new retail beer license under
 23 subsection (1) or (2)(b), the department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in [section 1] to
 24 determine the party afforded the opportunity to apply for the new license. ~~The department shall:~~

25 ~~—— (a) determine the minimum bid based on 75% of the market value of retail beer licenses in the quota~~
 26 ~~area;~~

27 ~~—— (b) publish notice that a quota area is eligible for a new license;~~

28 ~~—— (c) notify the bidder with the highest bid; and~~

29 ~~—— (d) keep confidential the identity of bidders, number of bids, and bid amounts until the highest bidder has~~
 30 ~~been approved.~~

- 1 ~~——— (5) To enter the competitive bidding process, a bidder shall submit:~~
2 ~~——— (a) an application form provided by the department; and~~
3 ~~——— (b) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the beneficiary~~
4 ~~of the bid amount.~~
5 ~~——— (6) In the case of a tie for the highest bid, the tied bidders may submit new bids. The minimum bid must~~
6 ~~be set at the tied bid amount. To submit a new bid, a tied bidder shall submit:~~
7 ~~——— (a) an application form provided by the department; and~~
8 ~~——— (b) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the beneficiary~~
9 ~~of the new bid amount.~~
10 ~~——— (7) The highest bidder shall:~~
11 ~~——— (a) submit an application provided by the department and applicable fees for the license within 60 days~~
12 ~~of the department's notification of being the highest bidder;~~
13 ~~——— (b) pay the bid amount prior to the license being approved;~~
14 ~~——— (c) meet all other requirements to own a retail beer license; and~~
15 ~~——— (d) commence business within 1 year of the department's notification unless the department grants an~~
16 ~~extension because commencement was delayed by circumstances beyond the applicant's control.~~
17 ~~——— (8) If the highest bidder is not approved to own the license, the department shall offer the license to the~~
18 ~~next highest bidder. That bidder shall comply with the requirements of subsection (7).~~
19 ~~——— (9) If no bids are received during the competitive bidding process or if a quota area is already eligible~~
20 ~~for another new license, the department shall process applications for the license in the order received.~~
21 ~~——— (10) (a) The successful applicant is subject to forfeiture of the license and the original license fee if the~~
22 ~~successful applicant:~~
23 ~~——— (i) transfers the awarded license to another person or business entity after receiving the license unless~~
24 ~~that transfer is due to a death of an owner;~~
25 ~~——— (ii) does not use the license within 1 year of receiving the license or stops using the license within 5 years.~~
26 ~~The department may extend the time for use if the successful applicant provides evidence that the delay in use~~
27 ~~is for reasons outside the applicant's control; or~~
28 ~~——— (iii) proposes a location for the license that had the same license type within the previous 12 months.~~
29 ~~——— (b) If a license is forfeited, the department shall offer the license to the next eligible highest bidder in the~~
30 ~~auction.~~

1 (5) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(B), WHEN MORE THAN ONE NEW BEER LICENSE BECOMES AVAILABLE
 2 AT THE SAME TIME IN THE SAME QUOTA AREA, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONDUCT A SEPARATE COMPETITIVE BIDDING
 3 PROCESS AT SEPARATE TIMES FOR EACH AVAILABLE LICENSE.

4 ~~(11)(5)(6)~~ A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply to
 5 the department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The
 6 department may issue an amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine
 7 for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. Except for
 8 beer and wine licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-420, a person holding a beer and wine license may sell wine for
 9 consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, means automatic loss
 10 of the wine amendment license.

11 ~~(12)(6)(7)~~ Except as provided in subsection (1)(f), a license issued pursuant to this section after October
 12 1, 1997, must have a conspicuous notice that the license may not be used for premises where gambling is
 13 conducted.

14 ~~(13)(7)~~ A successful An applicant shall pay to the department a \$25,000 original license fee and in
 15 subsequent years pay the annual fee for the license as provided in 16-4-501.

16 (8) AN APPLICANT FOR A LICENSE ISSUED THROUGH A COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCESS IN [SECTION 1] SHALL PAY
 17 A \$25,000 NEW LICENSE FEE AND IN SUBSEQUENT YEARS PAY THE ANNUAL FEE FOR THE LICENSE AS PROVIDED IN 16-4-
 18 501.

19 ~~(14)(8)(9)~~ The department may adopt rules to implement this section. ~~(Terminates December 31,~~
 20 ~~2023--sec. 17, Ch. 5, Sp. L. November 2017.)~~

21 **~~16-4-105. (Effective January 1, 2024) Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments --~~**
 22 **~~limitation on use of license -- exceptions -- lottery -- rulemaking.~~** (1) ~~Except as provided in 16-4-109,~~
 23 ~~16-4-110, 16-4-115, 16-4-420, and chapter 4, part 3, of this title, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine~~
 24 ~~at retail, in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any~~
 25 ~~person or business entity that is approved by the department, subject to the following exceptions:~~

26 ~~— (a) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within~~
 27 ~~incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of the cities~~
 28 ~~and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:~~

29 ~~— (i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate~~
 30 ~~limits of the towns, not more than one retail beer license;~~

1 ~~———(ii) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 2,000~~
2 ~~inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of the cities or towns, one retail beer license~~
3 ~~for every 500 inhabitants;~~

4 ~~———(iii) in incorporated cities of over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate~~
5 ~~limits of the cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer licenses for the~~
6 ~~next 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction of 2,000 inhabitants, and one additional retail beer license for every~~
7 ~~additional 2,000 inhabitants.~~

8 ~~———(b) The number of inhabitants in each incorporated city or incorporated town, exclusive of the number~~
9 ~~of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of the city or town, governs the~~
10 ~~number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within the city or town and within a distance of 5 miles~~
11 ~~from the corporate limits of the city or town. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated~~
12 ~~city or incorporated town must be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed~~
13 ~~for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town.~~

14 ~~———(c) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile boundary~~
15 ~~of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a straight line~~
16 ~~equidistant between each city or town.~~

17 ~~———(d) Retail beer licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and retail beer licenses issued under 16-4-110 that~~
18 ~~are in excess of the limitations in this section are renewable, but new licenses may not be issued in violation of~~
19 ~~the limitations.~~

20 ~~———(e) The limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer license~~
21 ~~to an enlisted persons', noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal military~~
22 ~~reservation on May 13, 1985, or to a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a~~
23 ~~recognized national fraternal organization if the veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a~~
24 ~~period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949.~~

25 ~~———(f) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside~~
26 ~~of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the~~
27 ~~corporate limits or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated area must be determined by the~~
28 ~~department in its discretion, except that a retail beer license may not be issued for any premises so situated~~
29 ~~unless the department determines that the issuance of the license is required by public convenience and~~
30 ~~necessity pursuant to 16-4-203. Subsection (5) does not apply to licenses issued under this subsection (1)(f). The~~

1 owner of the license whose premises are situated outside of an incorporated city or incorporated town may offer
2 gambling, regardless of when the license was issued, if the owner and premises qualify under Title 23, chapter
3 5, part 3, 5, or 6:

4 ~~———— (2) (a) For a period of 7 years after January 1, 2024, existing licenses as of November 24, 2017, in either~~
5 ~~of two quota areas that were established as provided in subsection (1)(c) may be transferred between the two~~
6 ~~quota areas if they were part of a combined quota area prior to November 24, 2017.~~

7 ~~———— (b) If any new retail beer licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area that existed as of~~
8 ~~November 24, 2017, as provided in subsection (1)(c), the department shall publish the availability of no more than~~
9 ~~one new beer license a year until the quota has been reached.~~

10 ~~———— (3) A license issued under subsection (1)(f) that becomes located within 5 miles of an incorporated city~~
11 ~~or town because of annexation after April 15, 2005, may not be transferred to another location within the city~~
12 ~~quota area for 5 years from the date of the annexation.~~

13 ~~———— (4) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply to the~~
14 ~~department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The department~~
15 ~~may issue an amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine for~~
16 ~~consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. Except for beer~~
17 ~~and wine licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-420, a person holding a beer and wine license may sell wine for~~
18 ~~consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, means automatic loss~~
19 ~~of the wine amendment license.~~

20 ~~———— (5) Except as provided in subsection (1)(f), a license issued pursuant to this section after October 1,~~
21 ~~1997, must have a conspicuous notice that the license may not be used for premises where gambling is~~
22 ~~conducted.~~

23 ~~———— (6) (a) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for an additional retail beer license~~
24 ~~as provided in this section, the department shall advertise the availability of the license in the quota area for which~~
25 ~~the license is available. If there are more applicants than number of licenses available, the license must be~~
26 ~~awarded to an applicant by a lottery.~~

27 ~~———— (b) The department shall numerically rank all applicants in the lottery. Only the successful applicants will~~
28 ~~be required to submit a completed application and a one-time processing fee set by the department by rule. An~~
29 ~~applicant's ranking may not be sold or transferred to another person or business entity. An applicant's ranking~~
30 ~~applies only to the intended license advertised by the department or to the number of licenses determined to be~~

1 available for the lottery when there are more applicants than licenses available. The department shall determine
 2 an applicant's qualifications for a retail beer license awarded by lottery prior to the award of a license by lottery.
 3 ~~—— (c) A successful lottery applicant shall pay to the department a \$25,000 original license fee and in~~
 4 ~~subsequent years pay the annual fee for the license as provided in 16-4-501.~~
 5 ~~—— (d) (i) The successful lottery applicant is subject to forfeiture of the license and the original license fee~~
 6 ~~if the successful lottery applicant:~~
 7 ~~—— (A) proposes a location for the license that had the same license type within the previous 12 months;~~
 8 ~~—— (B) transfers a license awarded by lottery within 5 years of receiving the license; or~~
 9 ~~—— (C) does not use the license within 1 year of receiving the license or stops using the license within 5~~
 10 ~~years. The department may extend the time for use if the lottery winner provides evidence the delay in use is for~~
 11 ~~reasons outside the applicant's control.~~
 12 ~~—— (ii) In the case of forfeiture, the department shall offer the license to the next eligible ranked applicant in~~
 13 ~~the lottery.~~
 14 ~~—— (7) The department may adopt rules to implement this section."~~

15
 16 **Section 3.** Section 16-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:
 17 **"16-4-201. All-beverages license quota.** (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell
 18 liquor, beer, and table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code and
 19 the rules of the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and proper
 20 person to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department may
 21 issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~
 22 of the corporate limits of those cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in
 23 16-4-502 as follows:

24 (a) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or ~~less~~ fewer and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the
 25 corporate limits of the towns, not more than two retail licenses;

26 (b) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not ~~over~~ more than
 27 3,000 inhabitants and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the corporate limits of the cities and towns, three retail
 28 licenses for the first 1,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,000 inhabitants;

29 (c) in incorporated cities of ~~over~~ more than 3,000 inhabitants and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the
 30 corporate limits of the cities, five retail licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each

1 additional 1,500 inhabitants.

2 (2) The number of inhabitants in each incorporated city or incorporated town, exclusive of the number
3 of inhabitants residing within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~ of the corporate limits of the city or town, governs the
4 number of retail licenses that may be issued for use within the city or town and within ~~a distance of 5 miles from~~
5 of the corporate limits of the city or town. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated
6 city or incorporated town must be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed
7 for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town. A LICENSE THAT IS RESTRICTED BY QUOTA
8 LIMITATIONS IN THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE LOCATED FARTHER THAN:

9 (A) THE COUNTY BOUNDARY WITHIN WHICH THE INCORPORATED CITY OR INCORPORATED TOWN IS LOCATED; OR

10 (B) THE LINE THAT SEPARATES THE INCORPORATED CITY'S OR INCORPORATED TOWN'S BOUNDARY FROM
11 ANOTHER INCORPORATED CITY OR INCORPORATED TOWN AS SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION.

12 (3) (a) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
13 boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
14 straight line equidistant between each city or town.

15 (b) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town terminates
16 from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses existing as
17 of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a result of the
18 straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

19 (i) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
20 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area
21 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
22 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of
23 where it falls in the new quota areas.

24 (ii) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn along
25 Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

26 (iii) IN THE POLSON AND RONAN QUOTA AREAS, THE STRAIGHT LINE WILL BE DRAWN FROM U.S. HIGHWAY 93
27 WEST ON PABLO WEST ROAD TO THE QUOTA AREA BOUNDARY AND EAST ON CLAIRMONT ROAD EXTENDING OUT TO THE
28 QUOTA AREA BOUNDARY. ANY LICENSE EXISTING AS OF NOVEMBER 24, 2017, WITHIN THE POLSON QUOTA AREA WILL
29 BECOME A POLSON LICENSE, REGARDLESS OF WHERE IT FALLS IN THE NEW QUOTA AREAS. ANY LICENSE EXISTING AS OF
30 NOVEMBER 24, 2017, WITHIN THE RONAN QUOTA AREA WILL BECOME A RONAN LICENSE, REGARDLESS OF WHERE IT FALLS

1 IN THE NEW QUOTA AREAS.

2 (4) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses OR LICENSES THAT RESULTED FROM
 3 APPLICATIONS IN PROCESS as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as provided
 4 in subsection (3) may be transferred between the two quota areas if they were part of a THE combined quota area
 5 prior to November 24, 2017.

6 (5) (A) If any new retail all-beverages licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area that
 7 existed as of November 24, 2017, as provided in subsection (3), the department shall publish the availability of
 8 no more than one new retail all-beverages license a year until the quota has been reached. The department shall
 9 use a competitive bidding process as provided in [section 1] to determine the party afforded the opportunity to
 10 apply for the new license.

11 (B) IF ANY NEW ALL-BEVERAGES LICENSES ARE ALLOWED BY LICENSE TRANSFERS AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
 12 (4), THE DEPARTMENT MAY PUBLISH THE AVAILABILITY OF MORE THAN ONE NEW LICENSE A YEAR UNTIL THE QUOTA HAS
 13 BEEN REACHED.

14 (6) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (5)(A), WHEN MORE THAN ONE NEW ALL-BEVERAGES LICENSE BECOMES
 15 AVAILABLE AT THE SAME TIME IN THE SAME QUOTA AREA, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONDUCT A SEPARATE COMPETITIVE
 16 BIDDING PROCESS AT SEPARATE TIMES FOR EACH AVAILABLE LICENSE.

17 ~~(6)(7)~~ Retail all-beverages licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and all-beverages licenses issued under
 18 16-4-209 that are in excess of the limitations in subsections (1) and (2) are renewable, but new licenses may not
 19 be issued in violation of the limitations.

20 ~~(7)(8)~~ The limitations in subsections (1) and (2) do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and
 21 nonassignable, as to ownership only, retail license to an enlisted personnel, noncommissioned officers', or
 22 officers' club located on a state or federal military reservation on May 13, 1985, or to any post of a nationally
 23 chartered veterans' organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if the veterans' or
 24 fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949.

25 ~~(8)(9)~~ The number of retail all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises
 26 situated outside of more than 5 miles outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area
 27 within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of a city or town may not be more than one license for each
 28 750 in population of the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and incorporated towns in the
 29 county.

30 ~~(9)(10)~~ An all-beverages license issued under subsection ~~(8)~~ (9) that becomes located within 5 miles of

1 an incorporated city or town because of annexation after April 15, 2005, may not be transferred to another
 2 location within the city quota area for any sooner than 5 years from the date of annexation.

3 ~~(10)(11)~~ The department may adopt rules to implement this section."
 4

5 **Section 4.** Section 16-4-204, MCA, is amended to read:

6 **"16-4-204. (Temporary) Transfer -- catering endorsement -- competitive bidding -- rulemaking.**

7 (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection ~~(9)~~ (3), a license may be transferred to a new owner and to a location
 8 outside the quota area where the license is currently located only when the following criteria are met:

9 (i) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the current quota area exceeded the quota for that area
 10 by at least 25% in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502;

11 (ii) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the quota area to which the license would be transferred,
 12 exclusive of those issued under 16-4-209(1)(a) and (1)(b), did not exceed that area's quota in the most recent
 13 census prescribed in 16-4-502:

14 (A) by more than 33%; or

15 (B) in an incorporated city of more than 10,000 inhabitants and within ~~a distance of~~ 5 miles ~~from~~ of its
 16 corporate limits, by more than 43%; or

17 (iii) the department finds, after a public hearing, that the public convenience and necessity would be
 18 served by a transfer.

19 (b) A license transferred pursuant to subsection (1)(a) that was issued pursuant to a competitive bidding
 20 process is not eligible to offer gambling under Title 23, chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

21 (2) When the department determines that a license may be transferred from one quota area to another
 22 under ~~16-4-204(1) or (4)~~ subsection (1), the department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in
 23 [section 1] to determine the party afforded the opportunity to purchase and transfer a license. ~~The department~~
 24 ~~shall:~~

25 ~~—— (a) determine the minimum bid based on 75% of the market value of all-beverages licenses in the quota~~
 26 ~~area;~~

27 ~~—— (b) publish notice that a quota area is eligible for a license transfer;~~

28 ~~—— (c) notify the bidder with the highest bid; and~~

29 ~~—— (d) keep confidential the identity of bidders, number of bids, and bid amounts until the highest bidder has~~
 30 ~~been approved.~~

- 1 ~~——— (3) To enter the competitive bidding process, a bidder shall submit:~~
- 2 ~~——— (a) an application form provided by the department; and~~
- 3 ~~——— (b) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the beneficiary~~
- 4 ~~of the bid amount.~~
- 5 ~~——— (4) In the case of a tie for the highest bid, the tied bidders may submit new bids. The minimum bid must~~
- 6 ~~be set at the tied bid amount. To submit a new bid, a tied bidder shall submit:~~
- 7 ~~——— (a) an application form provided by the department; and~~
- 8 ~~——— (b) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the beneficiary~~
- 9 ~~of the new bid amount.~~
- 10 ~~——— (5) The highest bidder shall:~~
- 11 ~~——— (a) submit an application provided by the department and applicable fees for the license within 60 days~~
- 12 ~~of the department's notification of being the highest bidder;~~
- 13 ~~——— (b) pay the bid amount prior to the license being approved;~~
- 14 ~~——— (c) meet all other requirements to own an all-beverages license; and~~
- 15 ~~——— (d) commence business within 1 year of the department's notification unless the department grants an~~
- 16 ~~extension because commencement was delayed by circumstances beyond the applicant's control.~~
- 17 ~~——— (6) If the highest bidder is not approved to own the license, the department shall offer the license to the~~
- 18 ~~next highest bidder. That bidder shall comply with the requirements of subsection (5).~~
- 19 ~~——— (7) If no bids are received during the competitive bidding process or if a quota area is already eligible~~
- 20 ~~for another license transfer under subsection (1), the department shall process applications to transfer a license~~
- 21 ~~in the order received.~~
- 22 ~~——— (8) (a) The successful applicant is subject to forfeiture of the license and the original license fee if the~~
- 23 ~~successful applicant:~~
- 24 ~~——— (i) transfers an awarded license to another person after receiving the license unless that transfer is due~~
- 25 ~~to the death of an owner;~~
- 26 ~~——— (ii) does not use the license within 1 year of receiving the license or stops using the license within 5 years.~~
- 27 ~~The department may extend the time for use if the successful applicant provides evidence that the delay in use~~
- 28 ~~is for reasons outside the applicant's control; or~~
- 29 ~~——— (iii) proposes a location for the license that had the same license type within the previous 12 months.~~
- 30 ~~——— (b) If a license is forfeited, the department shall offer the license to the next eligible highest bidder in the~~

1 auction:

2 ~~(9)~~(3) A license within an incorporated quota area may be transferred to a new owner and to a new
3 unincorporated location within the same county on application to and with consent of the department when the
4 total number of all-beverages licenses in the current quota area, exclusive of those issued under 16-4-209(1)(a)
5 and (1)(b), exceeds the quota for that area by at least 25% in the most recent census and will not fall below that
6 level because of the transfer.

7 ~~(10)~~(4) A license issued under 16-4-209(1)(a) may not be transferred to a location outside the quota area
8 and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which it was originally issued.

9 ~~(11)~~(5) (a) Any all-beverages licensee is, upon the approval and in the discretion of the department,
10 entitled to a catering endorsement to the licensee's all-beverages license to allow the catering and sale of
11 alcoholic beverages to persons attending a special event ~~upon~~ on premises not otherwise licensed for the sale
12 of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption. The alcoholic beverages must be consumed on the
13 premises where the event is held.

14 (b) A written application for a catering endorsement and an annual fee of \$250 must be submitted to the
15 department for its approval.

16 (c) An all-beverages licensee who holds an endorsement granted under this subsection ~~(11)~~(5) may not
17 cater an event in which the licensee is the sponsor. The catered event must be within 100 miles of the licensee's
18 regular place of business.

19 (d) The licensee shall notify the local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the premises
20 where the catered event is to be held. A fee of \$35 must accompany the notice.

21 (e) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
22 16-6-103.

23 (f) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
24 16-3-306, unless entities named in 16-3-306 give their written approval.

25 (g) A catering endorsement issued for the purpose of selling and serving beer at a special event
26 conducted on the premises of a county fairground or public sports arena authorizes the licensee to sell and serve
27 beer in the grandstand and bleacher area of the premises, as well as from a booth, stand, or other fixed place
28 on the premises.

29 (h) A licensee may not share revenue from the sale of alcoholic beverages with the sponsor of the
30 catered event unless the sponsor is the state of Montana, a political subdivision of the state, or a qualified entity

1 under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 501(c), as amended.

2 ~~(12)(6) The department may adopt rules to implement this section. (Terminates December 31, 2023--sec.~~
3 ~~17, Ch. 5, Sp. L. November 2017.)~~

4 ~~**16-4-204. (Effective January 1, 2024) Transfer -- catering endorsement -- rulemaking.**~~ (1)(a) Except
5 as provided in subsection (2), a license may be transferred to a new owner and to a location outside the quota
6 area where the license is currently located only when the following criteria are met:

7 ~~----- (i) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the current quota area exceeded the quota for that area~~
8 ~~by at least 25% in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502;~~

9 ~~----- (ii) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the quota area to which the license would be transferred,~~
10 ~~exclusive of those issued under 16-4-209(1)(a) and (1)(b), did not exceed that area's quota in the most recent~~
11 ~~census prescribed in 16-4-502:~~

12 ~~----- (A) by more than 33%; or~~

13 ~~----- (B) in an incorporated city of more than 10,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from its~~
14 ~~corporate limits, by more than 43%; or~~

15 ~~----- (iii) the department finds, after a public hearing, that the public convenience and necessity would be~~
16 ~~served by a transfer; and~~

17 ~~----- (iv) an applicant for the new ownership to be awarded on a lottery basis by the department has met the~~
18 ~~following criteria:~~

19 ~~----- (A) the applicant had not made another application under this subsection (1)(a) for a lottery-awarded~~
20 ~~license within the previous 12 months;~~

21 ~~----- (B) the applicant has provided with the application an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution~~
22 ~~that guarantees the applicant's ability to pay \$100,000; and~~

23 ~~----- (C) the applicant or, if the applicant is not an individual, a person with an ownership interest in the~~
24 ~~applicant does not have an ownership interest in an all-beverages license.~~

25 ~~----- (b) A license transferred pursuant to subsection (1)(a) that was issued pursuant to a lottery is not eligible~~
26 ~~to offer gambling under Title 23, chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6.~~

27 ~~----- (c) A successful lottery applicant shall commence business within 1 year of the lottery unless the~~
28 ~~department grants an extension because a delay was caused by circumstances beyond the control of the~~
29 ~~applicant.~~

30 ~~----- (2) A license within an incorporated quota area may be transferred to a new owner and to a new~~

1 unincorporated location within the same county on application to and with consent of the department when the
2 total number of all-beverages licenses in the current quota area, exclusive of those issued under 16-4-209(1)(a)
3 and (1)(b), exceeds the quota for that area by at least 25% in the most recent census and will not fall below that
4 level because of the transfer.

5 ~~_____ (3) A license issued under 16-4-209(1)(a) may not be transferred to a location outside the quota area
6 and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which it was originally issued.~~

7 ~~_____ (4) (a) Any all-beverages licensee is, upon the approval and in the discretion of the department, entitled
8 to a catering endorsement to the licensee's all-beverages license to allow the catering and sale of alcoholic
9 beverages to persons attending a special event upon premises not otherwise licensed for the sale of alcoholic
10 beverages for on-premises consumption. The alcoholic beverages must be consumed on the premises where
11 the event is held.~~

12 ~~_____ (b) A written application for a catering endorsement and an annual fee of \$250 must be submitted to the
13 department for its approval.~~

14 ~~_____ (c) An all-beverages licensee who holds an endorsement granted under this subsection (4) may not cater
15 an event in which the licensee is the sponsor. The catered event must be within 100 miles of the licensee's
16 regular place of business.~~

17 ~~_____ (d) The licensee shall notify the local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the premises
18 where the catered event is to be held. A fee of \$35 must accompany the notice.~~

19 ~~_____ (e) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
20 16-6-103.~~

21 ~~_____ (f) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
22 16-3-306, unless entities named in 16-3-306 give their written approval.~~

23 ~~_____ (g) A catering endorsement issued for the purpose of selling and serving beer at a special event
24 conducted on the premises of a county fairground or public sports arena authorizes the licensee to sell and serve
25 beer in the grandstand and bleacher area of the premises, as well as from a booth, stand, or other fixed place
26 on the premises.~~

27 ~~_____ (h) A licensee may not share revenue from the sale of alcoholic beverages with the sponsor of the
28 catered event unless the sponsor is the state of Montana, a political subdivision of the state, or a qualified entity
29 under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 501(c), as amended.~~

30 ~~_____ (5) The department may adopt rules to implement this section."~~

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SECTION 5. SECTION 16-4-207, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"16-4-207. Notice of application -- investigation -- publication -- protest. (1) When an application has been filed with the department for a license to sell alcoholic beverages at retail or to transfer the location of a retail license, the department shall review the application for completeness and, based upon review of the application and any other information supplied to the department, determine whether the applicant or the premises to be licensed meets criteria provided by law. The department may make one request for additional information necessary to complete the application. The application is considered complete when the applicant furnishes the application information requested by the department. When the application is complete, the department of justice shall investigate the application as provided in 16-4-402. When the department determines that an application for a license under this code is complete, the department shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the city, town, or county from which the application comes a notice that the applicant has made application for a retail on-premises license or a transfer of location and that protests may be made against the approval of the application by residents of the county from which the application comes, residents of adjoining Montana counties, or residents of adjoining counties in another state if the criteria in subsection (4)(d) are met. Protests must be mailed to the department within 10 days after the final notice is published. Notice of application for a new license must be published once a week for 4 consecutive weeks. Notice of application for transfer of ownership or location of a license must be published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks. Notice may be substantially in the following form:

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RETAIL
ALL-BEVERAGES LICENSE

Notice is given that on the day of, 20..., one (name of applicant) filed an application for a retail all-beverages license with the Montana department of revenue to be used at (describe location of premises where beverages are to be sold). Residents of counties may protest against the approval of the application. Each protestor is required to mail a letter that contains in legible print the protestor's full name, mailing address, and street address. Each letter must be signed by the protestor. A protest petition bearing the names and signatures of persons opposing the approval of an application may not be considered as a protest. Protests may be mailed to, department of revenue, Helena, Montana, on or before the day of, 20.....

Dated

Signed



1
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3 (2) Each applicant shall, at the time of filing an application, pay to the department an amount sufficient
4 to cover the costs of publishing the notice.

5 (3) (a) If the department receives no written protests, the department may approve the application without
6 holding a public hearing.

7 (b) A response to a notice of opportunity to protest an application may not be considered unless the
8 response is a letter satisfying all the requirements contained in the notice in subsection (1).

9 (c) If the department receives sufficient written protests that satisfy the requirements in subsection (1)
10 against the approval of the application, the department shall hold a public hearing as provided in subsection (4).

11 (4) (a) If the department receives at least one protest but less than the number of protests required for
12 a public convenience and necessity determination as specified in subsection (4)(c), the department shall schedule
13 a public hearing to be held in Helena, Montana, to determine whether the protest presents sufficient cause to
14 deny the application based on the qualifications of the applicant as provided in 16-4-401 or on the grounds for
15 denial of an application provided for in 16-4-405, exclusive of public convenience and necessity. The hearing
16 must be governed by the provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6.

17 (b) If the department receives the number of protests required for a public convenience and necessity
18 determination as specified in subsection (4)(c) and the application is for an original license or for a transfer of
19 location, the department shall schedule a public hearing to be held in the county of the proposed location of the
20 license to determine whether the protest presents sufficient cause to deny the application based on the
21 qualifications of the applicant as provided in 16-4-401 or on the grounds for denial of an application provided for
22 in 16-4-405 including public convenience and necessity. The hearing must be governed by the provisions of Title
23 2, chapter 4, part 6.

24 (c) The minimum number of protests necessary to initiate a public hearing to determine whether an
25 application satisfies the requirements for public convenience and necessity, as specified in 16-4-203, for the
26 proposed premises located within a quota area described in 16-4-201 must be 25% of the quota for all-beverages
27 licenses determined for that quota area according to 16-4-201(1), (2), and ~~(8)~~ (9) but in no case less than two.
28 The minimum number of protests determined in this manner will apply only to applications for either on-premises
29 consumption beer or all-beverages licenses.

30 (d) A resident of a county in another state that adjoins the county in Montana from which an application
comes may protest an application only if the county or state of residence of the person has certified to the

1 department that a similarly situated Montana resident would be able to make formal protest of a liquor license
 2 application in that state or county. The department may, by rule, establish how the certification is to be made."

3

4 **Section 6.** Section 16-4-305, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"16-4-305. (Temporary) Montana heritage retail alcoholic beverage licenses -- use -- quota.** (1) (a)

6 The Montana heritage preservation and development commission may use Montana heritage retail alcoholic
 7 beverage licenses within the quota area in which the licenses were originally issued, for the purpose of providing
 8 retail alcoholic beverage sales on property acquired by the state under Title 22, chapter 3, part 10. The licenses
 9 are to be considered when determining the appropriate quotas for issuance of other retail liquor licenses.

10 (b) The department may issue a wine amendment pursuant to 16-4-105(4)(5)(6) if the use of a Montana
 11 heritage retail alcoholic beverage license for the sale of beer meets all the requirements of that section.

12 (2) The Montana heritage preservation and development commission may lease a Montana heritage
 13 retail alcoholic beverage license to an individual or entity approved by the department.

14 (3) Montana heritage retail alcoholic beverage licenses are subject to all laws and rules governing the
 15 use and operation of retail liquor licenses.

16 (4) For the purposes of this section, "Montana heritage retail alcoholic beverage licenses" are
 17 all-beverages liquor licenses and retail on-premises beer licenses that have been transferred to the Montana
 18 heritage preservation and development commission under the provisions of section 2, Chapter 251, Laws of
 19 1999. (Terminates December 31, 2023--sec. 17, Ch. 5, Sp. L. November 2017.)

20 ~~———— 16-4-305. (Effective January 1, 2024) Montana heritage retail alcoholic beverage licenses -- use~~

21 ~~-- quota. (1) (a) The Montana heritage preservation and development commission may use Montana heritage~~
 22 ~~retail alcoholic beverage licenses within the quota area in which the licenses were originally issued, for the~~
 23 ~~purpose of providing retail alcoholic beverage sales on property acquired by the state under Title 22, chapter 3,~~
 24 ~~part 10. The licenses are to be considered when determining the appropriate quotas for issuance of other retail~~
 25 ~~liquor licenses.~~

26 ~~———— (b) The department may issue a wine amendment pursuant to 16-4-105(4) if the use of a Montana~~
 27 ~~heritage retail alcoholic beverage license for the sale of beer meets all the requirements of that section.~~

28 ~~———— (2) The Montana heritage preservation and development commission may lease a Montana heritage~~
 29 ~~retail alcoholic beverage license to an individual or entity approved by the department.~~

30 ~~———— (3) Montana heritage retail alcoholic beverage licenses are subject to all laws and rules governing the~~

1 use and operation of retail liquor licenses:

2 ~~—— (4) For the purposes of this section, "Montana heritage retail alcoholic beverage licenses" are~~
 3 ~~all-beverages liquor licenses and retail on-premises beer licenses that have been transferred to the Montana~~
 4 ~~heritage preservation and development commission under the provisions of section 2, Chapter 251, Laws of~~
 5 ~~1999."~~

6

7 **Section 7.** Section 16-4-306, MCA, is amended to read:

8 **"16-4-306. (Temporary) Transfer of existing license to political subdivision of state -- rulemaking.**

9 (1) A political subdivision of the state of Montana may apply to the department for the transfer of an existing retail
 10 beer or beer and wine license and, upon approval by the department, the political subdivision may own and
 11 operate the license or lease the license to a person, firm, corporation, or other entity approved by the department.

12 (2) A license that is transferred to a political subdivision of the state:

13 (a) may be transferred only to another political subdivision of the state and not to any other person, firm,
 14 corporation, or entity;

15 (b) does not authorize and may not be used in conjunction with gambling activities except for horseracing
 16 as authorized in Title 23, chapter 4;

17 (c) may be authorized only for a fairgrounds complex owned by the political subdivision;

18 (d) is authorized for use in all facilities contained in the fairgrounds complex;

19 (e) is not, with respect to the facilities, subject to the provisions of 16-4-204(4)(5);

20 (f) must be taken into account in determining the license quota restrictions of 16-4-105; and

21 (g) is subject to all license fees, laws, and rules applicable to retail beer or beer and wine licenses.

22 (3) The department may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section. ~~(Terminates December~~
 23 ~~31, 2023--sec. 17, Ch. 5, Sp. L. November 2017.)~~

24 ~~—— **16-4-306. (Effective January 1, 2024) Transfer of existing license to political subdivision of state**~~

25 ~~**--rulemaking.** (1) A political subdivision of the state of Montana may apply to the department for the transfer of~~
 26 ~~an existing retail beer or beer and wine license and, upon approval by the department, the political subdivision~~
 27 ~~may own and operate the license or lease the license to a person, firm, corporation, or other entity approved by~~
 28 ~~the department.~~

29 ~~—— (2) A license that is transferred to a political subdivision of the state:~~

30 ~~—— (a) may be transferred only to another political subdivision of the state and not to any other person, firm,~~

- 1 corporation, or entity;
- 2 ~~_____ (b) does not authorize and may not be used in conjunction with gambling activities except for horseracing~~
- 3 ~~as authorized in Title 23, chapter 4;~~
- 4 ~~_____ (c) may be authorized only for a fairgrounds complex owned by the political subdivision;~~
- 5 ~~_____ (d) is authorized for use in all facilities contained in the fairgrounds complex;~~
- 6 ~~_____ (e) is not, with respect to the facilities, subject to the provisions of 16-4-204(4);~~
- 7 ~~_____ (f) must be taken into account in determining the license quota restrictions of 16-4-105; and~~
- 8 ~~_____ (g) is subject to all license fees, laws, and rules applicable to retail beer or beer and wine licenses;~~
- 9 ~~_____ (3) The department may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section."~~

10

11 **Section 8.** Section 16-4-402, MCA, is amended to read:

12 **"16-4-402. (Temporary) Application -- investigation.** (1) Prior to the issuance of a license under this

13 chapter, the applicant shall file with the department an application containing information and statements relative

14 to the applicant and the premises where the alcoholic beverage is to be sold as required by the department.

15 (2) (a) Upon receipt of a completed application for a license under this code, accompanied by the

16 necessary license fee or letter of credit as provided in 16-4-501(7)(f), the department of justice shall make a

17 thorough investigation of all matters relating to the application. Based on the results of the investigation or on

18 other information, the department shall determine whether:

- 19 (i) the applicant is qualified to receive a license;
- 20 (ii) the applicant's premises are suitable for the carrying on of the business; and
- 21 (iii) the requirements of this code and the rules promulgated by the department are met and complied
- 22 with.

23 (b) This subsection (2) does not apply to a catering endorsement provided in 16-4-111 or

24 16-4-204(44)(5), a retail beer and wine license for off-premises consumption as provided in 16-4-115, or a special

25 permit provided in 16-4-301.

26 (c) For an original license application and an application for transfer of location of a license, the

27 department of justice's investigation and the department's determination under this subsection (2) must be

28 completed within 90 days of the receipt of a completed application. If information is requested from the applicant

29 by either department, the time period in this subsection (2)(c) is tolled until the requested information is received

30 by the requesting department. The time period is also tolled if the applicant requests and is granted a delay in

1 the license determination or if the license is for premises that are to be altered, as provided in 16-3-311, or newly
2 constructed. The basis for the tolling of the deadline must be documented.

3 (3) (a) Upon proof that an applicant made a false statement in any part of the original application, in any
4 part of an annual renewal application, or in any hearing conducted pursuant to an application, the application for
5 the license may be denied, and if issued, the license may be revoked.

6 (b) A statement on an application or at a hearing that is based upon a verifiable assertion made by a
7 governmental officer, employee, or agent that an applicant relied upon in good faith may not be used as the basis
8 of a false statement for a denial or revocation of a license.

9 (4) The department shall issue a conditional approval letter upon the last occurrence of either:

10 (a) completion of the investigation and determination provided for in subsection (2) if the department has
11 not received information that would cause the department to deny the application; or

12 (b) a final agency decision that either denies or dismisses a protest against the approval of an application
13 pursuant to 16-4-207.

14 (5) The conditional approval letter must state the reasons upon which the future denial of the application
15 may be based. The reasons for denial of the application after the issuance of the conditional approval letter are
16 as follows:

17 (a) there is false or erroneous information in the application;

18 (b) the premises are not approved by local building, health, or fire officials;

19 (c) there are physical changes to the premises that if known prior to the issuance of the conditional
20 approval letter would have constituted grounds for the denial of the application or denial of the issuance of the
21 conditional approval; or

22 (d) a final decision by a court exercising jurisdiction over the matter either reverses or remands the
23 department's final agency decision provided for in subsection (4). (~~Terminates December 31, 2023--sec. 17, Ch.~~
24 ~~5, Sp. L. November 2017.)~~

25 ~~16-4-402. (Effective January 1, 2024) Application -- investigation. (1) Prior to the issuance of a~~
26 ~~license under this chapter, the applicant shall file with the department an application containing information and~~
27 ~~statements relative to the applicant and the premises where the alcoholic beverage is to be sold as required by~~
28 ~~the department.~~

29 ~~(2) (a) Upon receipt of a completed application for a license under this code, accompanied by the~~
30 ~~necessary license fee or letter of credit as provided in 16-4-501(7)(f), the department of justice shall make a~~

1 thorough investigation of all matters relating to the application. Based on the results of the investigation or on
2 other information, the department shall determine whether:

3 ~~—— (i) the applicant is qualified to receive a license;~~
4 ~~—— (ii) the applicant's premises are suitable for the carrying on of the business; and~~
5 ~~—— (iii) the requirements of this code and the rules promulgated by the department are met and complied~~
6 ~~with.~~

7 ~~—— (b) This subsection (2) does not apply to a catering endorsement provided in 16-4-111 or 16-4-204(4),~~
8 ~~a retail beer and wine license for off-premises consumption as provided in 16-4-115, or a special permit provided~~
9 ~~in 16-4-301.~~

10 ~~—— (c) For an original license application and an application for transfer of location of a license, the~~
11 ~~department of justice's investigation and the department's determination under this subsection (2) must be~~
12 ~~completed within 90 days of the receipt of a completed application. If information is requested from the applicant~~
13 ~~by either department, the time period in this subsection (2)(c) is tolled until the requested information is received~~
14 ~~by the requesting department. The time period is also tolled if the applicant requests and is granted a delay in~~
15 ~~the license determination or if the license is for premises that are to be altered, as provided in 16-3-311, or newly~~
16 ~~constructed. The basis for the tolling of the deadline must be documented.~~

17 ~~—— (3) (a) Upon proof that an applicant made a false statement in any part of the original application, in any~~
18 ~~part of an annual renewal application, or in any hearing conducted pursuant to an application, the application for~~
19 ~~the license may be denied, and if issued, the license may be revoked.~~

20 ~~—— (b) A statement on an application or at a hearing that is based upon a verifiable assertion made by a~~
21 ~~governmental officer, employee, or agent that an applicant relied upon in good faith may not be used as the basis~~
22 ~~of a false statement for a denial or revocation of a license.~~

23 ~~—— (4) The department shall issue a conditional approval letter upon the last occurrence of either:~~
24 ~~—— (a) completion of the investigation and determination provided for in subsection (2) if the department has~~
25 ~~not received information that would cause the department to deny the application; or~~
26 ~~—— (b) a final agency decision that either denies or dismisses a protest against the approval of an application~~
27 ~~pursuant to 16-4-207.~~

28 ~~—— (5) The conditional approval letter must state the reasons upon which the future denial of the application~~
29 ~~may be based. The reasons for denial of the application after the issuance of the conditional approval letter are~~
30 ~~as follows:~~

- 1 ~~_____ (a) there is false or erroneous information in the application;~~
 2 ~~_____ (b) the premises are not approved by local building, health, or fire officials;~~
 3 ~~_____ (c) there are physical changes to the premises that if known prior to the issuance of the conditional~~
 4 ~~approval letter would have constituted grounds for the denial of the application or denial of the issuance of the~~
 5 ~~conditional approval; or~~
 6 ~~_____ (d) a final decision by a court exercising jurisdiction over the matter either reverses or remands the~~
 7 ~~department's final agency decision provided for in subsection (4)."~~

8

9 **Section 9.** Section 16-4-420, MCA, is amended to read:

10 **"16-4-420. (Temporary) Restaurant beer and wine license -- competitive bidding -- rulemaking.**

11 (1) The department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to an applicant whenever the department
 12 determines that the applicant, in addition to satisfying the requirements of this section, meets the following
 13 qualifications and conditions:

14 (a) the applicant complies with the licensing criteria provided in 16-4-401 for an on-premises
 15 consumption license;

16 (b) the applicant operates a restaurant at the location where the restaurant beer and wine license will
 17 be used or satisfies the department that:

18 (i) the applicant intends to open a restaurant that will meet the requirements of subsection (6) and
 19 intends to operate the restaurant so that at least 65% of the restaurant's gross income during its first year of
 20 operation is expected to be the result of the sale of food;

21 (ii) the restaurant beer and wine license will be used in conjunction with that restaurant, that the
 22 restaurant will serve beer and wine only to a patron who orders food, and that beer and wine purchases will be
 23 stated on the food bill; and

24 (iii) the restaurant will serve beer and wine from a service bar, as service bar is defined by the department
 25 by rule;

26 (c) the applicant understands and acknowledges in writing on the application that this license prohibits
 27 the applicant from being licensed to conduct any gaming or gambling activity or operate any gambling machines
 28 and that if any gaming or gambling activity or machine exists at the location where the restaurant beer and wine
 29 license will be used, the activity must be discontinued or the machines must be removed before the restaurant
 30 beer and wine license takes effect; and

1 (d) the applicant states the planned seating capacity of the restaurant, if it is to be built, or the current
2 seating capacity if the restaurant is operating.

3 (2) (a) A restaurant that has an existing retail license for the sale of beer, wine, or any other alcoholic
4 beverage may not be considered for a restaurant beer and wine license at the same location.

5 (b) (i) An on-premises retail licensee who sells the licensee's existing retail license may not apply for a
6 license under this section for a period of 1 year from the date that license is transferred to a new purchaser.

7 (ii) A person, including an individual, with an ownership interest in an existing on-premises retail license
8 that is being transferred to a new purchaser may not attain an ownership interest in a license applied for under
9 this section for a period of 1 year from the date that the existing on-premises retail license is transferred to a new
10 purchaser.

11 (3) A completed application for a license under this section and the appropriate application fee, as
12 provided in subsection ~~(11)(13)(14)~~, must be submitted to the department. The department shall investigate the
13 items relating to the application as described in subsections (3)(a) through (3)(d). Based on the results of the
14 investigation and the exercise of its sound discretion, the department shall determine whether:

15 (a) the applicant is qualified to receive a license;

16 (b) the applicant's premises are suitable for the carrying on of the business;

17 (c) the requirements of this code and the rules promulgated by the department are complied with; and

18 (d) the seating capacity stated on the application is correct.

19 (4) An application for a beer and wine license submitted under this section is subject to the provisions
20 of 16-4-203, 16-4-207, and 16-4-405.

21 (5) If a premises proposed for licensing under this section is a new or remodeled structure, then the
22 department may issue a conditional license prior to completion of the premises based on reasonable evidence,
23 including a statement from the applicant's architect or contractor confirming that the seating capacity stated on
24 the application is correct, that the premises will be suitable for the carrying on of business as a bona fide
25 restaurant, as defined in subsection (6).

26 (6) (a) For purposes of this section, "restaurant" means a public eating place:

27 (i) where individually priced meals are prepared and served for on-premises consumption;

28 (ii) where at least 65% of the restaurant's annual gross income from the operation must be from the sale
29 of food and not from the sale of alcoholic beverages. Each year after a license is issued, the applicant shall file
30 with the department a statement, in a form approved by the department, attesting that at least 65% of the gross

1 income of the restaurant during the prior year resulted from the sale of food.

2 (iii) that has a dining room, a kitchen, and the number and kinds of employees necessary for the
3 preparation, cooking, and serving of meals in order to satisfy the department that the space is intended for use
4 as a full-service restaurant; and

5 (iv) that serves an evening dinner meal at least 4 days a week for at least 2 hours a day between the
6 hours of 5 p.m. and 11 p.m. The provisions of subsection (6)(b) and this subsection (6)(a)(iv) do not apply to a
7 restaurant for which a restaurant beer and wine license is in effect as of April 9, 2009, or to subsequent renewals
8 of that license.

9 (b) The term does not mean a fast-food restaurant that, excluding any carry-out business, serves a
10 majority of its food and drink in throw-away containers not reused in the same restaurant.

11 (7) (a) A restaurant beer and wine license not issued through a competitive bidding process as provided
12 in [section 1] may be transferred, on approval by the department, from the original applicant to a new owner of
13 the restaurant only after 1 year of use by the original owner, unless that transfer is due to the death of an owner.

14 (b) A license issued under this section may be jointly owned, and the license may pass to the surviving
15 joint tenant upon the death of the other tenant. However, the license may not be transferred to any other person
16 or entity by operation of the laws of inheritance or succession or any other laws allowing the transfer of property
17 upon the death of the owner in this state or in another state.

18 (c) An estate may, upon the sale of a restaurant that is property of the estate and with the approval of
19 the department, transfer a restaurant beer and wine license to a new owner.

20 (8) (a) The department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to a qualified applicant:

21 (i) except as provided in subsection (8)(c), for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of
22 5,000 persons or fewer, as the quota area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer
23 and wine licenses issued in that quota area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer licenses that may
24 be issued in that quota area pursuant to 16-4-105;

25 (ii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 5,001 to 20,000 persons, as the quota
26 area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that quota
27 area is equal to or less than 160% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant
28 to 16-4-105;

29 (iii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 20,001 to 60,000 persons, as the quota
30 area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that quota

1 area is equal to or less than 100% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant
2 to 16-4-105;

3 (iv) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 60,001 persons or more, as the quota
4 area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that quota
5 area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant
6 to 16-4-105; and

7 (v) for a restaurant located in a quota area that is also a resort community, as defined in 7-6-1501, if the
8 number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in the quota area that is also a resort community is equal
9 to or less than 200% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant to 16-4-105.

10 (b) In determining the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses that may be issued under this
11 subsection (8) based on the percentage amounts described in subsections (8)(a)(i) through (8)(a)(v), the
12 department shall round to the nearer whole number.

13 (c) If the department has issued the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses authorized for a quota
14 area under subsection (8)(a)(i), there must be a one-time adjustment of four additional licenses for that quota
15 area.

16 (d) (i) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
17 boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
18 straight line equidistant between each city or town. A LICENSE THAT IS RESTRICTED BY QUOTA LIMITATIONS IN THIS
19 SECTION MAY NOT BE LOCATED FARTHER THAN:

20 (A) THE COUNTY BOUNDARY WITHIN WHICH THE INCORPORATED CITY OR INCORPORATED TOWN IS LOCATED; OR

21 (B) THE LINE THAT SEPARATES THE INCORPORATED CITY'S OR INCORPORATED TOWN'S BOUNDARY FROM
22 ANOTHER INCORPORATED CITY OR INCORPORATED TOWN AS SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION.

23 (ii) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town terminates
24 from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses existing as
25 of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a result of the
26 straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

27 (A) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
28 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area
29 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
30 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of

1 where it falls in the new quota areas.

2 (B) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn along
3 Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

4 (C) IN THE POLSON AND RONAN QUOTA AREAS, THE STRAIGHT LINE WILL BE DRAWN FROM U.S. HIGHWAY 93
5 WEST ON PABLO WEST ROAD TO THE QUOTA AREA BOUNDARY AND EAST ON CLAIRMONT ROAD EXTENDING OUT TO THE
6 QUOTA AREA BOUNDARY. ANY LICENSE EXISTING AS OF NOVEMBER 24, 2017, WITHIN THE POLSON QUOTA AREA WILL
7 BECOME A POLSON LICENSE, REGARDLESS OF WHERE IT FALLS IN THE NEW QUOTA AREAS. ANY LICENSE EXISTING AS OF
8 NOVEMBER 24, 2017, WITHIN THE RONAN QUOTA AREA WILL BECOME A RONAN LICENSE, REGARDLESS OF WHERE IT FALLS
9 IN THE NEW QUOTA AREAS.

10 ~~(9) If any new restaurant beer and wine licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area,~~
11 ~~pursuant to 16-4-105 as of November 24, 2017, the department shall publish the availability of no more than one~~
12 ~~new restaurant beer and wine license a year until the quota has been reached. (a) For a period of 12 years after~~
13 ~~November 24, 2017, existing licenses OR LICENSES THAT RESULTED FROM APPLICATIONS IN PROCESS as of November~~
14 ~~24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as provided in 16-4-105 and subsection (8)(d) of this~~
15 ~~section may be transferred between the two quota areas if they were part of a THE combined quota area prior to~~
16 ~~November 24, 2017.~~

17 (b) If any new restaurant beer and wine licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area that
18 existed as of November 24, 2017, as provided in 16-4-105 and subsection (9)(a) of this section, the department
19 shall publish the availability of no more than one new restaurant beer and wine license a year until the quota has
20 been reached.

21 (C) IF ANY NEW RESTAURANT BEER AND WINE LICENSES ARE ALLOWED BY LICENSE TRANSFERS AS PROVIDED IN
22 SUBSECTION (9)(A), THE DEPARTMENT MAY PUBLISH THE AVAILABILITY OF MORE THAN ONE NEW LICENSE A YEAR UNTIL
23 THE QUOTA HAS BEEN REACHED.

24 (10) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (9)(B), WHEN MORE THAN ONE NEW RESTAURANT BEER AND WINE
25 LICENSE BECOMES AVAILABLE AT THE SAME TIME IN THE SAME QUOTA AREA, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONDUCT A
26 SEPARATE COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCESS AT SEPARATE TIMES FOR EACH AVAILABLE LICENSE.

27 ~~(11)~~ (11) When a restaurant beer and wine license becomes available by the initial issuance of licenses
28 under this section or as the result of an increase in the population in a quota area, the nonrenewal of a restaurant
29 beer and wine license, or the lapse or revocation of a license by the department, then the department shall
30 advertise the availability of the license in the quota area for which it is available.

1 ~~(11)~~(12) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for a new restaurant beer and wine
2 license under subsection (9) or ~~(10)~~ (11), the department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in
3 [section 1] to determine the party afforded the opportunity to apply for a new license. ~~The department shall:~~
4 ~~(a) determine the minimum bid based on 75% of the market value of all restaurant beer and wine~~
5 ~~licenses in the quota area;~~
6 ~~(b) publish notice that a quota area is eligible for a new license;~~
7 ~~(c) notify the bidder with the highest bid; and~~
8 ~~(d) keep confidential the identity of bidders, number of bids, and bid amounts until the highest bidder has~~
9 ~~been approved.~~
10 ~~(12) To enter the competitive bidding process, a bidder shall submit:~~
11 ~~(a) an application form provided by the department; and~~
12 ~~(b) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the beneficiary~~
13 ~~of the bid amount.~~
14 ~~(13) The highest bidder shall:~~
15 ~~(a) submit an application provided by the department and applicable fees for the license within 60 days~~
16 ~~of the department's notification of being the highest bidder;~~
17 ~~(b) pay the bid amount prior to the license being approved;~~
18 ~~(c) meet all other requirements to own a restaurant beer and wine license; and~~
19 ~~(d) commence business within 1 year of the department's notification unless the department grants an~~
20 ~~extension because commencement was delayed by circumstances beyond the applicant's control.~~
21 ~~(14) In the case of a tie for the highest bid, the tied bidders may submit new bids. The minimum bid must~~
22 ~~be set at the tied bid amount. To submit a new bid, a tied bidder shall submit:~~
23 ~~(a) an application form provided by the department; and~~
24 ~~(b) an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution establishing the department as the beneficiary~~
25 ~~of the new bid amount.~~
26 ~~(15) If the highest bidder is not approved to own the license, the department shall offer the license to the~~
27 ~~next highest bidder. That bidder shall comply with the requirements of subsection (13):~~
28 ~~(16) If no bids are received during the competitive bidding process or if a quota area is already eligible~~
29 ~~for another new license, the department shall process applications for the license in the order received.~~
30 ~~(17) (a) The successful applicant is subject to forfeiture of the license and the original license fee if the~~

1 successful applicant:

2 ~~_____ (i) transfers an awarded license to another person after receiving the license unless that transfer is due~~
3 ~~to the death of an owner;~~

4 ~~_____ (ii) does not use the license within 1 year of receiving the license or stops using the license within 5 years.~~

5 ~~The department may extend the time for use if the successful applicant provides evidence that the delay in use~~
6 ~~is for reasons outside the applicant's control; or~~

7 ~~_____ (iii) proposes a location for the license that had the same license type within the previous 12 months.~~

8 ~~_____ (b) If a license is forfeited, the department shall offer the license to the next eligible highest bidder in the~~
9 ~~auction.~~

10 ~~(18)(12)(13)~~ Under a restaurant beer and wine license, beer and wine may not be sold for off-premises
11 consumption.

12 ~~(19)(13)(14)~~ An application for a restaurant beer and wine license must be accompanied by a fee equal
13 to 20% of the initial licensing fee. If the department does not ~~make a decision~~ decide either ~~granting or denying~~
14 to grant or to deny the license within 4 months of receipt of a complete application, the department shall pay
15 interest on the application fee at the rate of 1% a month until a license is issued or the application is denied.
16 Interest may not accrue during any period that the processing of an application is delayed by reason of a protest
17 filed pursuant to 16-4-203 or 16-4-207. If the department denies an application, the application fee, plus any
18 interest, less a processing fee established by rule, must be refunded to the applicant. Upon the issuance of a
19 license, the licensee shall pay the balance of the initial licensing fee. The amount of the initial licensing fee is
20 determined according to the following schedule:

21 (a) \$5,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 60 persons or ~~less~~ fewer;

22 (b) \$10,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 61 to 100 persons; or

23 (c) \$20,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 101 persons or more.

24 ~~(20)(14)(15)~~ The annual fee for a restaurant beer and wine license is \$400.

25 ~~(21)(15)(16)~~ If a restaurant licensed under this part increases the stated seating capacity of the licensed
26 restaurant or if the department determines that a licensee has increased the stated seating capacity of the
27 licensed restaurant, then the licensee shall pay to the department the difference between the fees paid at the time
28 of filing the original application and issuance of a license and the applicable fees for the additional seating.

29 ~~(22)(16)(17)~~ The number of beer and wine licenses issued to restaurants with a stated seating capacity
30 of 101 persons or more may not exceed 25% of the total licenses issued.

1 ~~(23)(17)(18)~~ Possession of a restaurant beer and wine license is not a qualification for licensure of any
 2 gaming or gambling activity. A gaming or gambling activity may not occur on the premises of a restaurant with
 3 a restaurant beer and wine license.

4 ~~(24)(18)(19)~~ The department may adopt rules to implement this section. ~~(Terminates December 31,~~
 5 ~~2023--sec. 17, Ch. 5, Sp. L. November 2017.)~~

6 ~~16-4-420. (Effective January 1, 2024) Restaurant beer and wine license -- rulemaking. (1) The~~
 7 ~~department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to an applicant whenever the department determines~~
 8 ~~that the applicant, in addition to satisfying the requirements of this section, meets the following qualifications and~~
 9 ~~conditions:~~

10 ~~(a) the applicant complies with the licensing criteria provided in 16-4-401 for an on-premises~~
 11 ~~consumption license;~~

12 ~~(b) the applicant operates a restaurant at the location where the restaurant beer and wine license will~~
 13 ~~be used or satisfies the department that:~~

14 ~~(i) the applicant intends to open a restaurant that will meet the requirements of subsection (6) and~~
 15 ~~intends to operate the restaurant so that at least 65% of the restaurant's gross income during its first year of~~
 16 ~~operation is expected to be the result of the sale of food;~~

17 ~~(ii) the restaurant beer and wine license will be used in conjunction with that restaurant, that the~~
 18 ~~restaurant will serve beer and wine only to a patron who orders food, and that beer and wine purchases will be~~
 19 ~~stated on the food bill; and~~

20 ~~(iii) the restaurant will serve beer and wine from a service bar, as service bar is defined by the department~~
 21 ~~by rule;~~

22 ~~(c) the applicant understands and acknowledges in writing on the application that this license prohibits~~
 23 ~~the applicant from being licensed to conduct any gaming or gambling activity or operate any gambling machines~~
 24 ~~and that if any gaming or gambling activity or machine exists at the location where the restaurant beer and wine~~
 25 ~~license will be used, the activity must be discontinued or the machines must be removed before the restaurant~~
 26 ~~beer and wine license takes effect; and~~

27 ~~(d) the applicant states the planned seating capacity of the restaurant, if it is to be built, or the current~~
 28 ~~seating capacity if the restaurant is operating.~~

29 ~~(2) (a) A restaurant that has an existing retail license for the sale of beer, wine, or any other alcoholic~~
 30 ~~beverage may not be considered for a restaurant beer and wine license at the same location.~~

1 ~~——— (b) (i) An on-premises retail licensee who sells the licensee's existing retail license may not apply for a~~
2 ~~license under this section for a period of 1 year from the date that license is transferred to a new purchaser.~~

3 ~~——— (ii) A person, including an individual, with an ownership interest in an existing on-premises retail license~~
4 ~~that is being transferred to a new purchaser may not attain an ownership interest in a license applied for under~~
5 ~~this section for a period of 1 year from the date that the existing on-premises retail license is transferred to a new~~
6 ~~purchaser.~~

7 ~~——— (3) A completed application for a license under this section and the appropriate application fee, as~~
8 ~~provided in subsection (11), must be submitted to the department. The department shall investigate the items~~
9 ~~relating to the application as described in subsections (3)(a) through (3)(d). Based on the results of the~~
10 ~~investigation and the exercise of its sound discretion, the department shall determine whether:~~

11 ~~——— (a) the applicant is qualified to receive a license;~~
12 ~~——— (b) the applicant's premises are suitable for the carrying on of the business;~~
13 ~~——— (c) the requirements of this code and the rules promulgated by the department are complied with; and~~
14 ~~——— (d) the seating capacity stated on the application is correct.~~

15 ~~——— (4) An application for a beer and wine license submitted under this section is subject to the provisions~~
16 ~~of 16-4-203, 16-4-207, and 16-4-405.~~

17 ~~——— (5) If a premises proposed for licensing under this section is a new or remodeled structure, then the~~
18 ~~department may issue a conditional license prior to completion of the premises based on reasonable evidence,~~
19 ~~including a statement from the applicant's architect or contractor confirming that the seating capacity stated on~~
20 ~~the application is correct, that the premises will be suitable for the carrying on of business as a bona fide~~
21 ~~restaurant, as defined in subsection (6):~~

22 ~~——— (6) (a) For purposes of this section, "restaurant" means a public eating place:~~

23 ~~——— (i) where individually priced meals are prepared and served for on-premises consumption;~~
24 ~~——— (ii) where at least 65% of the restaurant's annual gross income from the operation must be from the sale~~
25 ~~of food and not from the sale of alcoholic beverages. Each year after a license is issued, the applicant shall file~~
26 ~~with the department a statement, in a form approved by the department, attesting that at least 65% of the gross~~
27 ~~income of the restaurant during the prior year resulted from the sale of food.~~

28 ~~——— (iii) that has a dining room, a kitchen, and the number and kinds of employees necessary for the~~
29 ~~preparation, cooking, and serving of meals in order to satisfy the department that the space is intended for use~~
30 ~~as a full-service restaurant; and~~

1 ~~———(iv) that serves an evening dinner meal at least 4 days a week for at least 2 hours a day between the~~
2 ~~hours of 5 p.m. and 11 p.m. The provisions of subsection (6)(b) and this subsection (6)(a)(iv) do not apply to a~~
3 ~~restaurant for which a restaurant beer and wine license is in effect as of April 9, 2009, or to subsequent renewals~~
4 ~~of that license.~~

5 ~~———(b) The term does not mean a fast-food restaurant that, excluding any carry-out business, serves a~~
6 ~~majority of its food and drink in throw-away containers not reused in the same restaurant.~~

7 ~~———(7) (a) A restaurant beer and wine license may be transferred, on approval by the department, from the~~
8 ~~original applicant to a new owner of the restaurant only after 1 year of use by the original owner.~~

9 ~~———(b) A license issued under this section may be jointly owned, and the license may pass to the surviving~~
10 ~~joint tenant upon the death of the other tenant. However, the license may not be transferred to any other person~~
11 ~~or entity by operation of the laws of inheritance or succession or any other laws allowing the transfer of property~~
12 ~~upon the death of the owner in this state or in another state.~~

13 ~~———(c) An estate may, upon the sale of a restaurant that is property of the estate and with the approval of~~
14 ~~the department, transfer a restaurant beer and wine license to a new owner.~~

15 ~~———(8) (a) The department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to a qualified applicant:~~

16 ~~———(i) except as provided in subsection (8)(c), for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of~~
17 ~~5,000 persons or fewer, as the quota area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer~~
18 ~~and wine licenses issued in that quota area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer licenses that may~~
19 ~~be issued in that quota area pursuant to 16-4-105;~~

20 ~~———(ii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 5,001 to 20,000 persons, as the quota~~
21 ~~area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that quota~~
22 ~~area is equal to or less than 160% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant~~
23 ~~to 16-4-105;~~

24 ~~———(iii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 20,001 to 60,000 persons, as the quota~~
25 ~~area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that quota~~
26 ~~area is equal to or less than 100% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant~~
27 ~~to 16-4-105;~~

28 ~~———(iv) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 60,001 persons or more, as the quota~~
29 ~~area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that quota~~
30 ~~area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant~~

1 to ~~16-4-105~~; and

2 ~~—— (v) for a restaurant located in a quota area that is also a resort community, as defined in 7-6-1501, if the~~

3 ~~number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in the quota area that is also a resort community is equal~~

4 ~~to or less than 200% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant to 16-4-105.~~

5 ~~—— (b) In determining the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses that may be issued under this~~

6 ~~subsection (8) based on the percentage amounts described in subsections (8)(a)(i) through (8)(a)(v), the~~

7 ~~department shall round to the nearer whole number.~~

8 ~~—— (c) If the department has issued the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses authorized for a quota~~

9 ~~area under subsection (8)(a)(i), there must be a one-time adjustment of four additional licenses for that quota~~

10 ~~area.~~

11 ~~—— (d) If there are more applicants than licenses available in a quota area, then the license must be awarded~~

12 ~~by lottery as provided in subsection (10).~~

13 ~~—— (9) If any new restaurant beer and wine licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area,~~

14 ~~pursuant to 16-4-105 as of November 24, 2017, the department shall publish the availability of no more than one~~

15 ~~new restaurant beer and wine license a year until the quota has been reached.~~

16 ~~—— (10) (a) When a restaurant beer and wine license becomes available by the initial issuance of licenses~~

17 ~~under this section or as the result of an increase in the population in a quota area, the nonrenewal of a restaurant~~

18 ~~beer and wine license, or the lapse or revocation of a license by the department, then the department shall~~

19 ~~advertise the availability of the license in the quota area for which it is available. If there are more applicants than~~

20 ~~number of licenses available, the license must be awarded to an applicant by a lottery.~~

21 ~~—— (b) A preference must be given to an applicant who does not yet have in any quota area a restaurant~~

22 ~~beer and wine license or a retail beer license and who operates a restaurant that is in the quota area described~~

23 ~~in subsection (8) in which the license has become available and that meets the qualifications of subsection (6)~~

24 ~~for at least 12 months prior to the filing of an application. An applicant with a preference must be awarded a~~

25 ~~license before any applicant without a preference.~~

26 ~~—— (c) The department shall numerically rank all applicants in the lottery. Only the successful applicants will~~

27 ~~be required to submit a completed application and a one-time required fee. An applicant's ranking may not be~~

28 ~~sold or transferred to another person or entity. The preference and an applicant's ranking apply only to the~~

29 ~~intended license advertised by the department or to the number of licenses determined under subsection (8)~~

30 ~~when there are more applicants than licenses available. The applicant's qualifications for any other restaurant~~

1 ~~beer and wine license awarded by lottery must be determined at the time of the lottery.~~

2 ~~———(d) If a successful lottery applicant does not use a license within 1 year of notification by the department~~
 3 ~~of license eligibility, the applicant shall forfeit the license. The department shall refund any fees paid except the~~
 4 ~~application fee and offer the license to the next eligible ranked applicant in the lottery.~~

5 ~~———(11) Under a restaurant beer and wine license, beer and wine may not be sold for off-premises~~
 6 ~~consumption.~~

7 ~~———(12) An application for a restaurant beer and wine license must be accompanied by a fee equal to 20%~~
 8 ~~of the initial licensing fee. If the department does not make a decision either granting or denying the license within~~
 9 ~~4 months of receipt of a complete application, the department shall pay interest on the application fee at the rate~~
 10 ~~of 1% a month until a license is issued or the application is denied. Interest may not accrue during any period that~~
 11 ~~the processing of an application is delayed by reason of a protest filed pursuant to 16-4-203 or 16-4-207. If the~~
 12 ~~department denies an application, the application fee, plus any interest, less a processing fee established by rule,~~
 13 ~~must be refunded to the applicant. Upon the issuance of a license, the licensee shall pay the balance of the initial~~
 14 ~~licensing fee. The amount of the initial licensing fee is determined according to the following schedule:~~

15 ~~———(a) \$5,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 60 persons or less;~~

16 ~~———(b) \$10,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 61 to 100 persons; or~~

17 ~~———(c) \$20,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 101 persons or more.~~

18 ~~———(13) The annual fee for a restaurant beer and wine license is \$400.~~

19 ~~———(14) If a restaurant licensed under this part increases the stated seating capacity of the licensed~~
 20 ~~restaurant or if the department determines that a licensee has increased the stated seating capacity of the~~
 21 ~~licensed restaurant, then the licensee shall pay to the department the difference between the fees paid at the time~~
 22 ~~of filing the original application and issuance of a license and the applicable fees for the additional seating.~~

23 ~~———(15) The number of beer and wine licenses issued to restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 101~~
 24 ~~persons or more may not exceed 25% of the total licenses issued.~~

25 ~~———(16) Possession of a restaurant beer and wine license is not a qualification for licensure of any gaming~~
 26 ~~or gambling activity. A gaming or gambling activity may not occur on the premises of a restaurant with a~~
 27 ~~restaurant beer and wine license.~~

28 ~~———(17) The department may adopt rules to implement this section."~~

29

30 **Section 10.** Section 23-5-119, MCA, is amended to read:

1 **"23-5-119. Appropriate alcoholic beverage license for certain gambling activities.** (1) Except as
 2 provided in subsection (3), to be eligible to offer gambling under Title 23, chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6, an applicant
 3 must own in the applicant's name:

4 (a) a retail all-beverages license issued under 16-4-201, but the owner of a license transferred after July
 5 1, 2007, pursuant to 16-4-204 is not eligible to offer gambling;

6 (b) except as provided in subsection (1)(c), a license issued prior to October 1, 1997, under 16-4-105,
 7 authorizing the sale of beer and wine for consumption on the licensed premises;

8 (c) a beer and wine license issued in an area outside of an incorporated city or town as provided in
 9 16-4-105(1)(f). The owner of the license whose premises are situated outside of an incorporated city or town may
 10 offer gambling, regardless of when the license was issued, if the owner and premises qualify under Title 23,
 11 chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

12 (d) a retail beer and wine license issued under 16-4-109;

13 (e) a retail all-beverages license issued under 16-4-202; or

14 (f) a retail all-beverages license issued under 16-4-208.

15 (2) For purposes of subsection (1)(b), a license issued under 16-4-105 prior to October 1, 1997, may
 16 be transferred to a new owner or to a new location or transferred to a new owner and location by the department
 17 of revenue pursuant to the applicable provisions of Title 16. The owner of the license that has been transferred
 18 may offer gambling if the owner and the premises qualify under Title 23, chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

19 (3) Lessees of retail all-beverages licenses issued under 16-4-208 or beer and wine licenses issued
 20 under 16-4-109 who have applied for and been granted a gambling operator's license under 23-5-177 are eligible
 21 to offer and may be granted permits for gambling authorized under Title 23, chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

22 (4) A license transferee or a qualified purchaser operating pending final approval under 16-4-404(6) who
 23 has been granted a gambling operator's license under 23-5-177 may be granted permits for gambling under Title
 24 23, chapter 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

25 (5) A license issued under a competitive bidding process as provided in [section 1] may not offer
 26 gambling IS NOT ELIGIBLE TO OFFER GAMBLING UNDER TITLE 23, CHAPTER 5, PART 3, 5, OR 6."

27
 28 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Repealer. Sections 2, 5, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 17, Chapter 5, Special Laws
 29 of November 2017 are repealed.

30

1 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
2 integral part of Title 16, chapter 4, and the provisions of Title 16, chapter 4, apply to [section 1].

3

4 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

5

6 NEW SECTION. SECTION 14. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [THIS ACT] APPLIES RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE
7 MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO EXISTING LICENSES OR LICENSES THAT RESULTED FROM APPLICATIONS IN PROCESS FOR
8 ALCOHOL LICENSES AS OF NOVEMBER 24, 2017.

9

- END -