SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 993

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR DEMPSEY.

Read 1st time February 27, 2014, and ordered printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

6192S.03I

AN ACT

To repeal section 162.081, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to elementary and secondary education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 162.081, RSMo, is repealed and three new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 161.086, 162.081, and 170.215,

3 to read as follows:

161.086. When the state board of education assigns classification
designations to school districts pursuant to its authority to classify the
public schools of the state in section 161.092, the state board shall only
use the following classification designations based on the standards
adopted by the state board:

- 6 (1) Unaccredited;
- 7 (2) Provisionally accredited;
- 8 (3) Accredited; and
- 9 (4) Accredited with distinction.

162.081. 1. Whenever any school district in this state fails or refuses in
any school year to provide for the minimum school term required by section
163.021 or is classified unaccredited, the state board of education shall, upon a
district's initial classification or reclassification as unaccredited:

(1) Review the governance of the district to establish the conditions under

5

6 which the existing school board shall continue to govern; or

7 (2) Determine the date the district shall lapse and determine an 8 alternative governing structure for the district.

9

9 2. If at the time any school district in this state shall be classified as

SB 993

27

10 unaccredited, the department of elementary and secondary education shall 11 conduct at least two public hearings at a location in the unaccredited school 12district regarding the accreditation status of the school district. The hearings shall provide an opportunity to convene community resources that may be useful 13or necessary in supporting the school district as it attempts to return to 14 15accredited status, continues under revised governance, or plans for continuity of educational services and resources upon its attachment to a neighboring 16 17district. The department may request the attendance of stakeholders and district officials to review the district's plan to return to accredited status, if any; offer 18 technical assistance; and facilitate and coordinate community resources. Such 19 20hearings shall be conducted at least twice annually for every year in which the 21district remains unaccredited or provisionally accredited.

22 3. Upon classification of a district as unaccredited, the state board of 23 education may:

(1) Allow continued governance by the existing school district board of
education under terms and conditions established by the state board of education;
or

(2) Lapse the corporate organization of the unaccredited district and:

28(a) [Appoint] Establish a special administrative board for the operation 29of all or part of the district whose members shall be appointed by the 30 governor, with the advice and consent of the senate. The number of members of the special administrative board shall [not] be [less than] five, the 31majority of whom shall be residents of the district. The governor shall 3233 appoint two members to the special administrative board who are 34current members of the district's elected school board. The governor 35shall appoint the three other members, who shall not be current members of the district's elected school board. The members of the special 36 administrative board shall reflect the population characteristics of the district 37and shall collectively possess strong experience in school governance, 38 management and finance, and leadership. Within fourteen days after the 39 appointment by the state board of education, the special administrative board 40 shall organize by the election of a president, vice president, secretary and a 41 treasurer, with their duties and organization as enumerated in section 42 162.301. The special administrative board shall appoint a superintendent of 43schools to serve as the chief executive officer of the school district and to have all 44 45powers and duties of any other general superintendent of schools in a 46 seven-director school district. Any special administrative board appointed under

47 this section shall be responsible for the operation of the district until such time 48 that the district is classified by the state board of education as provisionally 49 accredited for at least two successive academic years, after which time the state 50 board of education may provide for a transition pursuant to section 162.083; or

51 (b) Determine an alternative governing structure for the district 52 including, at a minimum:

53 a. A rationale for the decision to use an alternative form of governance 54 and in the absence of the district's achievement of full accreditation, the state 55 board of education shall review and recertify the alternative form of governance 56 every three years;

57 b. A method for the residents of the district to provide public comment 58 after a stated period of time or upon achievement of specified academic objectives;

59 c. Expectations for progress on academic achievement, which shall include 60 an anticipated time line for the district to reach full accreditation; and

d. Annual reports to the general assembly and the governor on the
progress towards accreditation of any district that has been declared unaccredited
and is placed under an alternative form of governance, including a review of the
effectiveness of the alternative governance; or

65 (c) Attach the territory of the lapsed district to another district or districts 66 for school purposes; or

67 (d) Establish one or more school districts within the territory of the lapsed district, with a governance structure specified by the state board of education, 68 with the option of permitting a district to remain intact for the purposes of 69 70assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes, to be distributed equitably 71on a weighted average daily attendance basis, but to be divided for operational purposes, which shall take effect sixty days after the adjournment of the regular 7273session of the general assembly next following the state board's decision unless a statute or concurrent resolution is enacted to nullify the state board's decision 74prior to such effective date. 75

764. If a district remains under continued governance by the school board under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section and either has been 77unaccredited for three consecutive school years and failed to attain accredited 78status after the third school year or has been unaccredited for two consecutive 79school years and the state board of education determines its academic progress 80 81 is not consistent with attaining accredited status after the third school year, then 82 the state board of education shall proceed under subdivision (2) of subsection 3 83 of this section in the following school year.

3

84 5. A special administrative board appointed under this section shall retain 85 the authority granted to a board of education for the operation of the lapsed 86 school district under the laws of the state in effect at the time of the lapse and 87 may enter into contracts with accredited school districts or other education 88 service providers in order to deliver high-quality educational programs to the 89 residents of the district. If a student graduates while attending a school building in the district that is operated under a contract with an accredited school district 90 91 as specified under this subsection, the student shall receive his or her diploma from the accredited school district. The authority of the special administrative 92 board shall expire at the end of the third full school year following its 93 94 appointment, unless extended by the state board of education. If the lapsed 95 district is reassigned, the special administrative board shall provide an 96 accounting of all funds, assets and liabilities of the lapsed district and transfer such funds, assets, and liabilities of the lapsed district as determined by the state 97 98 board of education. Neither the special administrative board nor its members or 99 employees shall be deemed to be the state or a state agency for any purpose, including section 105.711, et seq. The state of Missouri, its agencies and 100 employees shall be absolutely immune from liability for any and all acts or 101 omissions relating to or in any way involving the lapsed district, the special 102 103 administrative board, its members or employees. Such immunities, and immunity 104 doctrines as exist or may hereafter exist benefitting boards of education, their 105members and their employees shall be available to the special administrative 106 board, its members and employees.

107 6. Neither the special administrative board nor any district or other entity 108 assigned territory, assets or funds from a lapsed district shall be considered a 109 successor entity for the purpose of employment contracts, unemployment 110 compensation payment pursuant to section 288.110, or any other purpose.

111 7. If additional teachers are needed by a district as a result of increased 112 enrollment due to the annexation of territory of a lapsed or dissolved district, 113 such district shall grant an employment interview to any permanent teacher of 114 the lapsed or dissolved district upon the request of such permanent teacher.

8. In the event that a school district with an enrollment in excess of five thousand pupils lapses, no school district shall have all or any part of such lapsed school district attached without the approval of the board of the receiving school district.

170.215. 1. Any school district may enter into a contract with a 2 public library to provide online tutoring services through a third party

3 vendor or a nonprofit organization for the district's students. Any
4 tutoring services shall be conducted through any compatible computer
5 to participating students who have a library card, both within and
6 without the public library facility.

 $\mathbf{5}$

2. Online tutoring services may include, but shall not be limited
8 to, providing participating students with a library card the following:

9

(1) Assistance with homework;

10 (2) Collaboration and study tools in math, science, social 11 sciences, English, language arts, and computer literacy;

12 (3) Access to comprehensive writing assistance productivity13 software; and

14 (4) Test preparation tools.

3. Any contract may allow participating students with a library
card dedicated access to assistance during specified hours of the day
and specified days of the week. A contract may also allow students to
submit questions to tutors or join online study groups.

4. Online tutoring services shall be designed and implementedin such a manner as to:

21 22 (1) Protect individual student privacy;

(2) Prohibit voice communication between the parties; and

23

(3) Prohibit face-to-face visual communication.

5. No employee of any third party vendor or a nonprofit organization with which a public library has contracted for online tutoring services shall solicit personally identifiable information from any participating student, including but not limited to home address, telephone number, and email address.

6. Each school district that offers online tutoring services under this section shall maintain an archive of all communications between students and tutors for two years that shall be accessible to district officials and tutoring supervisors.

33 7. School districts may use available funds or seek grants from
34 private foundations to cover the costs of online tutoring services.