SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 966

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR O'LAUGHLIN.

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ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

5272S.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 167.263, 167.268, and 167.645, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to reading success in schools.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 167.263, 167.268, and 167.645, RSMo, are repealed 2 and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 167.263, 3 167.268, and 167.645, to read as follows:

167.263. 1. A program to provide teacher assistants in regular classrooms in grades kindergarten through three is established. For the purposes of this 2 3 section a "teacher assistant" is defined as a qualified person employed by a school district to assist a certificated teacher in classroom instruction and management. 4 No teacher assistant shall be counted as a teacher for the purposes of $\mathbf{5}$ establishing ratios of teachers to pupils in a classroom, school or school 6 district. Any public elementary school containing such grades which meets the 7 criteria pursuant to this section shall be eligible for a state financial supplement 8 9 to employ teacher assistants. Eligibility criteria are that the school shall have 10 a breakfast program, the school shall serve at least forty percent of its lunches to pupils who are eligible for free or reduced price meals according to federal 11 guidelines, and the school shall have a reading [intervention] success plan for 12any student who requires such a plan pursuant to section 167.268. 13

2. A school district which contains such eligible schools may apply to the department of elementary and secondary education for a state financial supplement to employ teacher assistants in those schools named in the application and in no other schools of the district. The state full-time equivalent financial supplement shall be three thousand dollars per teacher assistant. No 19 more than one assistant per classroom shall be supplemented by the state 20 pursuant to this section. Teacher assistants thus employed pursuant to this 21 section shall assist teachers in grades kindergarten through three and in no other 22 grades. School districts shall not apply for or assign teacher assistants employed 23 pursuant to this section in classrooms designated as special education or 24 compensatory education classrooms.

253. The state board of education shall promulgate rules and regulations for the implementation of this section. Such rules shall include identifying minimum 2627qualifications for teacher assistants which may include teacher education 28students, determining the minimum number of pupils per classroom to be eligible 29for a teacher assistant, establishing application procedures for school districts, 30 and determining a method of awarding state financial supplements in the event 31that the number of applications exceeds the amounts appropriated therefor. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shall 3233 become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024. 34

167.268. 1. Each local school district and charter school shall have on file a policy for reading [intervention] success plans for any pupils of the district $\mathbf{2}$ or charter school in grades kindergarten through [three] four pursuant to the 3 provisions of this section. Such plans shall identify strategies to be followed by 4 5the district **or charter school** teachers to raise a pupil identified as reading below grade level by recognized methods to reading at grade level by the end of 6 the [third] fourth grade. Recognized methods of identification may include but 7 need not be limited to the scores of the pupil obtained through any established 8 9 standardized testing program currently administered by the district or charter school, observations of classroom teachers, and documented classroom 10 performance. The local policy shall be aligned with the guidelines 11 12developed by the department of elementary and secondary education 13 for reading success plans.

2. The [state board of] department of elementary and secondary education shall develop guidelines to assist districts and charter schools in formulating policies for reading [intervention] success plans. Such guidelines may include, but are not limited to, timelines for measuring pupil improvement in reading[,] and information on screening for and treatment of [auditory] dyslexia[, and information on the Lindamood Auditory Conceptualization Test and the Auditory Discrimination in Depth Program] and other reading

21deficiencies. In addition, any guidelines for instruction shall meet the needs of the students by ensuring that instruction is explicit, 2223systematic, and diagnostic and based on phonological awareness, 24phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, morphology, syntax, and semantics. The guidelines shall emphasize that frequent assessments 25are necessary to measure student progress. Such guidelines may also 26identify performance levels for pupils identified as handicapped or severely 2728handicapped and conditions under which such pupils [are] may be exempt from 29the provisions of this section.

30 3. Each local school district **and charter school** enrolling a pupil 31 identified as reading below grade level shall develop an individual plan of reading 32 [intervention] **success** for such pupil. The individual pupil's plan [may] **shall** 33 include individual or **small** group reading development activities. The plan [may 34 be developed after] **shall include** consultation with the pupil's parent or legal 35 guardian **to the extent practical**.

167.645. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Dyslexia", the same meaning given to the term in section
3 633.420;

4 (2) "Evidence-based reading instruction", any research-validated 5 program that has successful evidence to demonstrate adequate gains in 6 reading achievement where such evidence is:

7 (a) Objective data that any evaluator would identify and 8 interpret similarly;

9 (b) Valid and reliable data on the tasks children need to 10 accomplish to be successful readers that will remain essentially 11 unchanged if collected on a different day or by a different person;

(c) Systematic data that is collected according to a rigorous
 design of either observation or experimentation; and

14 (d) Peer-reviewed data that has been approved for publication
15 by a panel of independent reviewers;

(3) "Reading assessment", a recognized method of judging a student's reading ability, with results expressed as reading at a particular grade level. The term reading assessment shall include, but is not limited to, standard checklists designed for use as a student reads out loud, paper-and-pencil tests promulgated by nationally recognized organizations and other recognized methods of determining a student's reading accuracy, expression, fluency and comprehension 22 in order to make a determination of the student's grade-level reading 23 ability. Assessments [which] that do not give a grade-level result may be used 24 in combination with other assessments to reach a grade-level 25 determination. Districts and charter schools are encouraged but not required 26 to select assessment methods identified pursuant to section 167.346. Districts 27 and charter schools are [also] encouraged to use multiple methods of 28 assessment;

[(2)] (4) "Structured literacy", an evidence-based reading instruction that addresses phonology, sound-symbol association, syllable instruction, morphology, syntax, and semantics. Structured literacy is taught through systematic, cumulative, explicit, and diagnostic methods;

(5) "Summer school", for reading instruction purposes, a minimum of forty
hours of reading instruction and practice. A school district or charter school
may arrange the hours and days of instruction to coordinate with its regular
program of summer school.

38 2. For purposes of this section, methods of reading assessment shall be 39 determined by each school district and charter school. Unless a student has been determined in the [current] previous school year to be reading at grade 40 level or above, each school district and charter school shall administer a 41 42reading assessment or set of assessments to each student within [forty-five days 43of the end of the third-grade year] the first thirty calendar days of school for grades one through four, and by January thirty-first for 44 kindergarten, except that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to 4546 students receiving special education services under an individualized education 47plan pursuant to sections 162.670 to 162.999, to students receiving services pursuant to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 whose services plan 48 49 includes an element addressing reading or to students determined to have limited English proficiency or to students who have been determined, prior to the 5051beginning of any school year, to have a cognitive ability insufficient to meet the reading requirement set out in this section, provided that districts and charter 52schools shall provide reading [improvement] success plans for students with 53an individualized education plan that have a reading deficiency, for 54students receiving services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act 55of 1973 whose service plan includes an element addressing reading, and 5657to students determined to have such insufficient cognitive ability. The assessment required by this subsection shall also be required for students who enter a school district or charter school in grades four, five, or six unless such student has been determined in the current school year to be reading at grade level or above.

62 3. [Beginning with school year 2002-03, for each student whose 63 third-grade reading assessment determines that such student is reading below 64 second-grade level, the school district shall design a reading improvement plan 65 for the student's fourth-grade year. Such reading improvement plan shall 66 include, at a minimum, thirty hours of additional reading instruction or practice 67 outside the regular school day during the fourth-grade year.]

68 (1) School districts and charter schools shall offer a reading 69 success plan to each student in grades kindergarten through four who 70 exhibits a reading deficiency, has been identified as being at risk for 71dyslexia in the statewide dyslexia screening requirement, or has a 72formal diagnosis of dyslexia to ensure students can read at or above grade level by the end of the fourth grade. The reading success plan 73shall be provided in addition to core reading instruction that is 74provided to all students in the general education classroom. The 75reading success plan shall: 76

(a) Include, at a minimum, thirty hours of additional reading
instruction or practice outside the regular school day during the
fourth-grade year;

80 (b) Be provided to all students in grades kindergarten through four identified with a reading deficiency as determined by the school 81 82 district or charter school using local or statewide screening assessments administered within the first thirty days of school for 83 grades one through four, and by January thirty-first for kindergarten; 84 85 (c) Provide explicit and systematic multisensory instruction in 86 phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension as applicable to each student; 87

(d) Monitor the reading progress of each student's reading skills
throughout the school year and adjust instruction according to the
student's needs; and

91

(e) Be implemented during regular school hours.

92 (2) A structured literacy reading program shall be provided to
93 any student with a formal diagnosis of dyslexia or for a student who
94 was found to be at risk for dyslexia in the statewide dyslexia screening.

95 4. Any student in kindergarten or any grade not higher than the fourth grade who exhibits a deficiency in reading at any time, based 96 upon local or statewide screening assessments, shall receive an 97 individual reading success plan no later than forty-five calendar days 98 after the identification of the reading deficiency. The reading success 99 plan shall be created by the teacher and other pertinent school 100 personnel, after consultation with the student's parent or legal 101 guardian, and shall describe the evidence-based reading intervention 102 services the student shall receive to remedy the deficiency. The 103 reading success plan shall specify whether the student was found to be 104 105at risk for dyslexia in the local or statewide dyslexia screening 106 requirement or whether the student has a formal diagnosis of 107 dyslexia. Each student shall receive appropriate reading intervention until the student no longer has a deficiency in reading. 108

1095. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year, any student who is not 110 reading at grade level by the end of the second grade shall receive appropriate reading intervention to remedy the student's specific 111 reading deficiency. The reading intervention services shall include 112 effective instructional strategies to accelerate student progress that are 113 accordance with evidence-based structured literacy 114 in instruction. Each school district and charter school shall conduct a 115116 review of student reading success plans for all students who are not 117reading at grade level by the end of the second grade. The review shall 118 address additional supports and services, as described in this 119 subsection, needed to remedy the identified area or areas of reading 120 deficiency. The school district or charter school shall provide the following: 121

122 (1) Training to all teachers and instructors of grades 123 kindergarten through four about the screening assessments;

124 (2) A highly qualified teacher of reading, as demonstrated by 125 teacher certification, professional development, and specialized 126 literacy training, who holds a certification from the Center for 127 Effective Reading Instruction (CERI) or from the Academic Language 128 Therapists Association (ALTA);

(3) Reading intervention services and supports to correct theidentified areas of reading deficiency including, but not limited to:

131 (a) Use of reading strategies or programs that are scientifically

evidence-based and have proven results in accelerating student reading
achievement within the same school year for students with a reading
success plan;

(b) Frequent, targeted small-group or one-to-one reading
intervention based on the student's needs;

(c) Explicit and systematic instruction with more detailed
explanations, more extensive opportunities for guided practice, and
more opportunities for error correction and feedback;

(d) Frequent monitoring of the progress of the student's reading
skills throughout the school year and adjustment of the instruction
according to the student's needs; and

(e) An evidence-based structured literacy instruction that has
successful evidence to demonstrate adequate gains in reading
achievement as described in subsection 3 of this section for any student
with a formal diagnosis of dyslexia or who has been identified as a
student at risk for dyslexia in the required state dyslexia screening
assessment; and

(4) A "read at home" plan offered to parents and legal guardians
along with suggestions for participation by parents or legal guardians
in training workshops or regular parent-guided home reading
activities.

1536. Each school district and charter school shall provide reading 154intervention for any student not reading at a level of proficient or 155above on a local or statewide third-grade reading assessment in the 156child's third-grade year, or at proficient or above in the child's 157subsequent grade level starting in the fourth grade, and who has a reading success plan. The appropriate reading intervention shall 158159include criteria established in subsection 5 of this section and shall 160 provide explicit and systematic multisensory evidence-based structured literacy reading instruction. The school district or charter school shall 161determine the [method of reading instruction] specific structured literacy 162curriculum necessary to enforce this subsection. The school district or charter 163 164 school may also require the student to attend summer school for reading 165instruction as a condition of promotion to fourth grade. The department of 166 elementary and secondary education may, from funds appropriated for the purpose, reimburse school districts and charter schools for additional 167instructional personnel costs incurred in the implementation and execution of the 168

thirty hours of additional reading instruction minus the revenue generated by the
school district or charter school through the foundation formula for the
additional reading instruction average daily attendance.

172[4.] 7. Each student for whom a reading [improvement] success plan has been designed pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be given another 173reading assessment, to be administered within forty-five days of the end of such 174student's fourth-grade year. If such student is determined to be reading below 175176 third-grade level at the end of the third grade, the student shall be [required to attend summer school to receive reading instruction. At the end of such 177summer school instruction, such student shall be given another reading 178179 assessment. If such student is determined to be reading below third-grade level, 180 the district shall notify the student's parents or guardians, and the student shall 181 not be promoted to fifth grade. No student shall be denied promotion more than 182once solely for inability to meet the reading standards set out in this section.

183 5. The process described in subsections 3 and 4 of this section shall be repeated as necessary through the end of the sixth grade, with the target grade 184 185level rising accordingly. Mandatory retention in grade shall not apply to grades 186 subsequent to fourth grade] referred for an evaluation for an individualized education plan (IEP) and the district shall provide 187 appropriate intensive structured literacy instruction on a one-to-one 188 individualized basis. If the student does not qualify for an IEP under 189 190 the state guidelines for qualification, the student shall continue to receive appropriate intensive structured literacy instruction on a 191 192 one-to-one individualized basis until the student is reading at grade 193 level.

194 [6.] 8. The mandatory process of additional reading [instruction pursuant 195to] intervention for reading support outside the regular school day and 196 school year under this section shall cease at the end of the sixth grade. [The permanent record of students who are determined to be reading below the 197 fifth-grade level at the end of sixth grade shall carry a notation advising that 198such student has not met minimal reading standards. The notation shall stay on 199 200the student's record until such time as the district determines that a student has met minimal reading standards] If the student is still not reading at grade 201level upon completion of the sixth grade, the school district or charter 202school shall continue to provide a reading success plan to be 203implemented during the regular school day until such time as the 204

student is reading at grade level or upon graduation from high school. Appropriate documentation of a student's reading success plans shall be provided to an enrolling district within ten school days of when a student transfers to a public or charter school district.

[7.] 9. Each school district and charter school shall be required to offer summer school reading instruction to any student with a reading [improvement] success plan. Districts and charter schools may fulfill the requirement of this section through cooperative arrangements with neighboring districts[; provided that such districts shall timely make all payments provided pursuant to such cooperative agreements].

[8.] **10.** A school district **or charter school** may adopt a policy that requires retention in grade of any student who has been determined to require summer school instruction in reading and who does not fulfill the summer school attendance requirement.

[9.] 11. Nothing in this section shall preclude a school district or charter school from retaining any student in grade when a determination is made in accordance with district or charter school policy that retention is in the best interests of the student.

223[10.] 12. The state board of education shall not incorporate information 224about the number of students receiving additional instruction pursuant to this 225section into any element of any standard of the Missouri school improvement 226program or its successor accreditation program; provided, however, each district 227or charter school shall make available, upon the request of any parent, patron, 228advocacy group, or media outlet [within the district], the number and 229percentage of students receiving remediation pursuant to this section. The 230information shall be presented in a way that does not permit personal 231identification of any student or educational personnel.

232[11.] 13. Each school district and charter school shall make a 233systematic effort to inform parents of the methods and materials used to teach 234reading in kindergarten through fourth grade, in terms understandable to a 235layperson [and shall similarly inform parents of students for whom a reading 236improvement plan is required pursuant to this section]. The parent or legal 237guardian of any student in grades kindergarten through four who exhibits a deficiency in reading or has screened positive for the 238239 characteristics of dyslexia at any time during the school year, as 240determined by the school, shall be notified in writing that the child has a reading deficiency or has screened positive for the characteristics of
dyslexia no later than thirty calendar days after the identification of
the reading deficiency as determined by the school district or charter
school. Such written notification shall include the following:

(1) A statement that the student has been identified as having a
deficiency in reading or has screened positive for the characteristics
of dyslexia and that a reading success plan shall be developed by the
teacher and other pertinent school personnel;

249 (2) A description of the current services that are provided to the250 student;

(3) A description of the proposed evidence-based structured
literacy reading interventions and supplemental instructional services
and supports that shall be provided to the student that are designed to
remedy the identified area or areas of reading deficiency;

(4) A statement that the parent or legal guardian shall be
informed in writing of the student's progress toward grade-level
reading on a quarterly basis, at a minimum; and

(5) Strategies that a parent or legal guardian should use at hometo help the student succeed in reading.

14. The board of each school district and charter school shall annually post by September first the following information of the prior school year on their website, in the student and parent handbooks, and near the entrance of each appropriate building:

(1) By building, the number and percentage of all students in
grades three through eight scoring at each proficiency level on the
English language arts statewide assessment;

(2) By building, the number and percentage of all students in
grades three through eight in each demographic category scoring at
each proficiency level on the English language arts statewide
assessment;

(3) By district, the number and percentage of all students in
grades three through eight scoring at each proficiency level on the
English language arts statewide assessment; and

(4) By district, the number and percentage of all students in
grades three through eight in each demographic category scoring at
each proficiency level on the English language arts statewide
assessment.

27815. The department of elementary and secondary education shall 279annually report the information required in subsection 14 of this 280section in a state-level summary to the state board of education, the 281public, the governor, and the joint committee on education by October 282first. Each school district and charter school shall post the data 283required in subsection 14 on their website, in student and parent 284handbooks at the appropriate grade level, and in a visible location near 285the entrance of each elementary, middle, and junior high school 286building.

28716. The department of elementary and secondary education may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule 288or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 289290created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 291 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions 292 of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and 293chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 294295effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 296unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule 297 proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void.

298 17. The state board of education may recommend that 299 institutions of higher education and the department align literacy and 300 reading instruction course work with knowledge and practice 301 standards from the Center for Effective Reading Instruction.

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