SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED] CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 693

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2014

5185S.05T

AN ACT

To repeal sections 99.845, 135.700, 143.041, 143.071, 143.191, 143.451, 144.030, 144.044, 144.610, 285.230, 285.232, 285.233, and 285.234, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-two new sections relating to taxation, with existing penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 99.845, 135.700, 143.041, 143.071, 143.191, 143.451,
144.030, 144.044, 144.610, 285.230, 285.232, 285.233, and 285.234, RSMo, are
repealed and twenty-two new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as
sections 67.585, 67.1367, 99.845, 135.700, 137.133, 143.041, 143.071, 143.191,
143.451, 144.030, 144.044, 144.610, 144.1030, 190.270, 190.275, 190.280, 190.285,
190.286, 285.230, 285.232, 285.233, and 285.234, to read as follows:

67.585. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants, through the creation of a recreational and community center district which shall include only the area encompassed by the portion of a school district located within that county having an average daily attendance for the 2012-2013 school year between eleven thousand and twelve thousand students and any public park located wholly or partially within that portion of the school district, upon voter approval as outlined in subsections 2 and 3 of this section, shall impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the recreational and community center district 12which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not exceed one half of one percent and shall be 13 imposed for the purpose of funding the construction, maintenance, and 14 operation of and the purchase of equipment for community centers and 15other purposes of recreation and wellness as determined by the board 16 which is established in subsection 8 of this section. The tax authorized 17in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by 18 law and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. 19

20 2. (1) No such order or ordinance adopted under subsection 1 of 21 this section shall become effective unless the governing body of the 22 county submits to the voters residing within the recreational and 23 community center district on any date available for elections in the 24 county, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to 25 impose a tax under this section; or

26(2) If the governing body of the county receives a petition signed 27by at least ten percent of the registered voters of the county within the 28recreational and community center district who voted in the last 29gubernatorial election calling for an election to impose a tax under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county 30 31within the recreational and community center district on any date 32available for elections in the county, a proposal to authorize the 33 governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section; or

34 (3) If the governing body of a special charter city with more than 35twenty-nine thousand but fewer than thirty-two thousand inhabitants, 36 and a governing body of a home rule city with more than four hundred 37 thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, jointly request, the governing body of the county shall submit to the voters of 38 the county within the recreational and community center district on 39 any date available for elections in the county, a proposal to authorize 40 the governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section. 41

42 All costs associated with placing such a question to the voters within 43 the recreational and community center district shall be borne by the 44 cities referenced in subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section. If 45 such tax is authorized by the voters of the recreational and community 46 center district, the cost may be reimbursed to such cities upon 47 implementation of the tax.

3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited

49 to, the following language:

50 Shall the county of (county's name) impose a sales tax of 51 (insert amount) within the boundaries of the (insert name) school 52 district for the purpose of funding the construction, repair, 53 improvement, maintenance, and operation of and purchase of 54 equipment for community centers and other recreational facilities and 55 programs?

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters 5657voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter. If a majority 58of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon 59are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective 60 unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 61 qualified voters and such question is approved by the requisite 62 majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. In no event 63 64 shall a proposal under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal under this 65 section. 66

4. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections
32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

69 5. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the 70department of revenue on behalf of any county, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 7172revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided 73in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is 74hereby created and shall be known as the "Recreational and Community Center District Sales Tax Trust Fund", and shall be used solely for the 75designated purposes. Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be 76state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the 77state. The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund 78and credited to the county for erroneous payments and overpayments 79 80 made and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county. 81

6. A question of repeal of the sales tax authorized in this section shall be submitted to the voters on any date available for elections in the county, of the recreational and community center district by the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized 86 in this section if:

87 (1) The board authorized in subsection 8 of this section requests88 such; or

(2) A petition signed by a number of registered voters of the county within the recreational and community center district equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the county within the recreational and community center district voting in the last gubernatorial election is received requesting such.

94 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become 95effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such 96 97 repeal was approved. If less than a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the 98 repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain 99 effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 100 101 qualified voters. In no event shall a proposal under this section be 102submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal under this section. No tax imposed pursuant to this 103section for the purpose of retiring bonds, as authorized in subsection 104 1058 in this section, may be terminated until all such bonds have been 106 retired.

107 7. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds 108 remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for 109 the designated purposes, and the county shall notify the director of the 110 department of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the 111 effective date of the repeal, and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount 112collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 113overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 114 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 115after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 116 117 director shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director shall notify each county of 118each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from 119120 receipts due to the county.

121 8. A board shall be established to administer the powers and 122 duties as provided in this section. The board may issue debt for the district as authorized under section 67.798. All board members shall be
residents of the recreational and community center district. The board
shall consist of eight members as follows:

126 (1) Four members appointed by the mayor of a home rule city 127 with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more 128 than one county, with two of the first members appointed for a 129 two-year term and the other two members appointed for a four-year 130 term. Thereafter, each appointment shall be for a four-year term;

(2) Four members appointed by the mayor of a special charter
city with more than twenty-nine thousand but fewer than thirty-two
thousand inhabitants, with two of the first members appointed for a
two-year term and the other two members appointed for a four-year
term. Thereafter, each appointment shall be for a four-year term.

136 A board member may be removed by the mayor who appointed him or 137 her, at any time during his or her term, for reasons of excessive 138 absence at regularly scheduled board meetings. The mayor shall 139 appoint a replacement member to serve for the remainder of the 140 current term. No member may serve more than two full terms. A 141 partial term shall not be considered a term.

67.1367. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more $\mathbf{2}$ 3 than eighteen thousand but fewer than twenty thousand inhabitants 4 and with a city of the fourth classification with more than eight 5 thousand but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants as the county seat 6 may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the county or a portion 7 thereof, which shall be no more than six percent per occupied room per 8 night, except that such tax shall not become effective unless the 9 governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county at a 10 state general or primary election, a proposal to authorize the governing 11 12 body of the county to impose a tax pursuant to this section. The tax 13 authorized by this section shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by 14 law and the proceeds of such tax shall be used by the county solely for 15the promotion of tourism. Such tax shall be stated separately from all 16 17other charges and taxes.

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19 shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the county) impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels and motels situated in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for the sole purpose of promoting tourism?

24 \Box YES \Box NO

3. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a person or
persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel or motel for thirty-one
days or less during any calendar quarter.

99.845. 1. A municipality, either at the time a redevelopment project is approved or, in the event a municipality has undertaken acts establishing a 2 redevelopment plan and redevelopment project and has designated a 3 4 redevelopment area after the passage and approval of sections 99.800 to 99.865 but prior to August 13, 1982, which acts are in conformance with the procedures 5 of sections 99.800 to 99.865, may adopt tax increment allocation financing by 6 passing an ordinance providing that after the total equalized assessed valuation 7of the taxable real property in a redevelopment project exceeds the certified total 8 9 initial equalized assessed valuation of the taxable real property in the redevelopment project, the ad valorem taxes, and payments in lieu of taxes, if 10 any, arising from the levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment 11 12project by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 99.855 each year after the effective date of the ordinance 13 until redevelopment costs have been paid shall be divided as follows: 14

15 (1) That portion of taxes, penalties and interest levied upon each taxable 16 lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property which is attributable to the initial 17 equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real 18 property in the area selected for the redevelopment project shall be allocated to 19 and, when collected, shall be paid by the county collector to the respective 20 affected taxing districts in the manner required by law in the absence of the 21 adoption of tax increment allocation financing;

(2) (a) Payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the increase in the current equalized assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project and any applicable penalty and interest over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each such unit of property in the area selected for the redevelopment project shall be allocated to and, when collected, shall be paid to the municipal

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section 99.850;

treasurer who shall deposit such payment in lieu of taxes into a special fund 2829called the "Special Allocation Fund" of the municipality for the purpose of paying redevelopment costs and obligations incurred in the payment thereof. Beginning 30 August 28, 2014, if the voters in a taxing district vote to approve an 31increase in such taxing district's levy rate for ad valorem tax on real 32property, any additional revenues generated within an existing 33 redevelopment project area that are directly attributable to the newly 34voter-approved incremental increase in such taxing district's levy rate 3536 shall not be considered payments in lieu of taxes subject to deposit into a special allocation fund without the consent of such taxing 37 district. Revenues will be considered directly attributable to a newly 38voter-approved incremental increase to the extent that they are 39 generated from the difference between the taxing district's actual levy 40 rate currently imposed and the maximum voter-approved levy rate at 41 42the time that the redevelopment project was adopted. Payments in lieu of taxes which are due and owing shall constitute a lien against the real estate 43of the redevelopment project from which they are derived and shall be collected 44 45in the same manner as the real property tax, including the assessment of penalties and interest where applicable. The municipality may, in the ordinance, 46 pledge the funds in the special allocation fund for the payment of such costs and 47obligations and provide for the collection of payments in lieu of taxes, the lien of 48 49which may be foreclosed in the same manner as a special assessment lien as provided in section 88.861. No part of the current equalized assessed valuation 5051of each lot, block, tract, or parcel of property in the area selected for the redevelopment project attributable to any increase above the total initial 52equalized assessed value of such properties shall be used in calculating the 53general state school aid formula provided for in section 163.031 until such time 5455as all redevelopment costs have been paid as provided for in this section and

57 (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary, for 58 purposes of determining the limitation on indebtedness of local government 59 pursuant to Article VI, Section 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution, the current 60 equalized assessed value of the property in an area selected for redevelopment 61 attributable to the increase above the total initial equalized assessed valuation 62 shall be included in the value of taxable tangible property as shown on the last 63 completed assessment for state or county purposes; 64 (c) The county assessor shall include the current assessed value of all 65 property within the taxing district in the aggregate valuation of assessed property 66 entered upon the assessor's book and verified pursuant to section 137.245, and 67 such value shall be utilized for the purpose of the debt limitation on local 68 government pursuant to Article VI, Section 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution;

69 (3) For purposes of this section, "levies upon taxable real property in such 70redevelopment project by taxing districts" shall not include the blind pension fund tax levied under the authority of Article III, Section 38(b) of the Missouri 7172Constitution, or the merchants' and manufacturers' inventory replacement tax levied under the authority of subsection 2 of Section 6 of Article X of the Missouri 7374Constitution, except in redevelopment project areas in which tax increment 75financing has been adopted by ordinance pursuant to a plan approved by vote of 76the governing body of the municipality taken after August 13, 1982, and before 77January 1, 1998.

782. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or 79 80 redevelopment projects approved by ordinance after July 12, 1990, and prior to August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total additional revenue from taxes, penalties 81 and interest imposed by the municipality, or other taxing districts, which are 82 83 generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project over 84 the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the 85 86 redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in 87 effect, but excluding taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, taxes levied pursuant to section 70.500, 88 licenses, fees or special assessments other than payments in lieu of taxes and any 89 penalty and interest thereon, or, effective January 1, 1998, taxes levied pursuant 90 to section 94.660, for the purpose of public transportation, shall be allocated to, 91 92and paid by the local political subdivision collecting officer to the treasurer or 93 other designated financial officer of the municipality, who shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund. Any 94 95 provision of an agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 96 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which provides 97 for an appropriation of other municipal revenues to the special allocation fund 98 shall be and remain enforceable.

3. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2)

100 of subsection 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or 101 redevelopment projects approved by ordinance after August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total additional revenue from taxes, penalties and interest which are 102 103 imposed by the municipality or other taxing districts, and which are generated 104 by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project over the 105amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the 106 107 redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in 108effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges 109for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, taxes levied 110pursuant to section 70.500, taxes levied for the purpose of public transportation 111 pursuant to section 94.660, taxes imposed on sales pursuant to subsection 2 of 112section 67.1712 for the purpose of operating and maintaining a metropolitan park 113and recreation district, licenses, fees or special assessments other than payments 114 in lieu of taxes and penalties and interest thereon, any sales tax imposed by a 115county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred 116 thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, for the purpose of 117 sports stadium improvement or levied by such county under section 238.410 for 118 the purpose of the county transit authority operating transportation facilities, or 119 for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved 120by ordinance after August 28, 2013, taxes imposed on sales under and pursuant 121to section 67.700 or 650.399 for the purpose of emergency communication 122systems, shall be allocated to, and paid by the local political subdivision collecting 123officer to the treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality, 124who shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund. Beginning August 28, 2014, if the voters in a taxing 125126 district vote to approve an increase in such taxing district's sales tax 127or use tax, other than the renewal of an expiring sales or use tax, any 128 additional revenues generated within an existing redevelopment 129project area that are directly attributable to the newly voter-approved 130 incremental increase in such taxing district's levy rate shall not be considered economic activity taxes subject to deposit into a special 131132allocation fund without the consent of such taxing district.

4. Beginning January 1, 1998, for redevelopment plans and projects
adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance and which have
complied with subsections 4 to 12 of this section, in addition to the payments in

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136 lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes described in subsections 1, 2 and 3 of this section, up to fifty percent of the new state revenues, as defined in subsection 137 8 of this section, estimated for the businesses within the project area and 138 139identified by the municipality in the application required by subsection 10 of this section, over and above the amount of such taxes reported by businesses within 140 the project area as identified by the municipality in their application prior to the 141 142approval of the redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, may be available for appropriation by the general 143 assembly as provided in subsection 10 of this section to the department of 144economic development supplemental tax increment financing fund, from the 145general revenue fund, for distribution to the treasurer or other designated 146 147financial officer of the municipality with approved plans or projects.

5. The treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality
with approved plans or projects shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated
account within the special allocation fund established pursuant to section 99.805.

1516. No transfer from the general revenue fund to the Missouri 152supplemental tax increment financing fund shall be made unless an appropriation is made from the general revenue fund for that purpose. No municipality shall 153commit any state revenues prior to an appropriation being made for that 154155project. For all redevelopment plans or projects adopted or approved after 156December 23, 1997, appropriations from the new state revenues shall not be distributed from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund into the 157158special allocation fund unless the municipality's redevelopment plan ensures that 159one hundred percent of payments in lieu of taxes and fifty percent of economic activity taxes generated by the project shall be used for eligible redevelopment 160 project costs while tax increment financing remains in effect. This account shall 161 162be separate from the account into which payments in lieu of taxes are deposited, and separate from the account into which economic activity taxes are deposited. 163

164 7. In order for the redevelopment plan or project to be eligible to receive 165the revenue described in subsection 4 of this section, the municipality shall comply with the requirements of subsection 10 of this section prior to the time the 166 167project or plan is adopted or approved by ordinance. The director of the 168 department of economic development and the commissioner of the office of 169 administration may waive the requirement that the municipality's application be 170submitted prior to the redevelopment plan's or project's adoption or the redevelopment plan's or project's approval by ordinance. 171

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8. For purposes of this section, "new state revenues" means:

173(1) The incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues received pursuant to section 144.020, excluding sales taxes that are 174175constitutionally dedicated, taxes deposited to the school district trust fund in 176 accordance with section 144.701, sales and use taxes on motor vehicles, trailers, 177boats and outboard motors and future sales taxes earmarked by law. In no event 178shall the incremental increase include any amounts attributable to retail sales 179 unless the municipality or authority has proven to the Missouri development 180 finance board and the department of economic development and such entities 181 have made a finding that the sales tax increment attributable to retail sales is 182 from new sources which did not exist in the state during the baseline year. The 183incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues 184for an existing or relocated facility shall be the amount that current state sales 185tax revenue exceeds the state sales tax revenue in the base year as stated in the 186 redevelopment plan as provided in subsection 10 of this section; or

(2) The state income tax withheld on behalf of new employees by the employer pursuant to section 143.221 at the business located within the project as identified by the municipality. The state income tax withholding allowed by this section shall be the municipality's estimate of the amount of state income tax withheld by the employer within the redevelopment area for new employees who fill new jobs directly created by the tax increment financing project.

9. Subsection 4 of this section shall apply only to blighted areas located in enterprise zones, pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.256, blighted areas located in federal empowerment zones, or to blighted areas located in central business districts or urban core areas of cities which districts or urban core areas at the time of approval of the project by ordinance, provided that the enterprise zones, federal empowerment zones or blighted areas contained one or more buildings at least fifty years old; and

(1) Suffered from generally declining population or property taxes over the
twenty-year period immediately preceding the area's designation as a project area
by ordinance; or

203 (2) Was a historic hotel located in a county of the first classification 204 without a charter form of government with a population according to the most 205 recent federal decennial census in excess of one hundred fifty thousand and 206 containing a portion of a city with a population according to the most recent 207 federal decennial census in excess of three hundred fifty thousand. 10. The initial appropriation of up to fifty percent of the new state revenues authorized pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 of this section shall not be made to or distributed by the department of economic development to a municipality until all of the following conditions have been satisfied:

(1) The director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee have approved a tax increment financing application made by the municipality for the appropriation of the new state revenues. The municipality shall include in the application the following items in addition to the items in section 99.810:

(a) The tax increment financing district or redevelopment area, including
the businesses identified within the redevelopment area;

(b) The base year of state sales tax revenues or the base year of state income tax withheld on behalf of existing employees, reported by existing businesses within the project area prior to approval of the redevelopment project;

(c) The estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenue or the estimate for the state income tax withheld by the employer on behalf of new employees expected to fill new jobs created within the redevelopment area after redevelopment;

(d) The official statement of any bond issue pursuant to this subsectionafter December 23, 1997;

(e) An affidavit that is signed by the developer or developers attesting
that the provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 99.810 have been
met and specifying that the redevelopment area would not be reasonably
anticipated to be developed without the appropriation of the new state revenues;
(f) The cost-benefit analysis required by section 99.810 includes a study
of the fiscal impact on the state of Missouri; and

(g) The statement of election between the use of the incremental increase
of the general revenue portion of the state sales tax revenues or the state income
tax withheld by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created
in the redevelopment area;

(h) The name, street and mailing address, and phone number of the mayoror chief executive officer of the municipality;

241 (i) The street address of the development site;

(j) The three-digit North American Industry Classification System numberor numbers characterizing the development project;

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244 (k) The estimated development project costs;

245 (l) The anticipated sources of funds to pay such development project costs;

(m) Evidence of the commitments to finance such development projectcosts;

(n) The anticipated type and term of the sources of funds to pay suchdevelopment project costs;

(o) The anticipated type and terms of the obligations to be issued;

(p) The most recent equalized assessed valuation of the property withinthe development project area;

(q) An estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation after thedevelopment project area is developed in accordance with a development plan;

(r) The general land uses to apply in the development area;

(s) The total number of individuals employed in the development area,broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;

(t) The total number of full-time equivalent positions in the developmentarea;

(u) The current gross wages, state income tax withholdings, and federalincome tax withholdings for individuals employed in the development area;

262 (v) The total number of individuals employed in this state by the 263 corporate parent of any business benefitting from public expenditures in the 264 development area, and all subsidiaries thereof, as of December thirty-first of the 265 prior fiscal year, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;

(w) The number of new jobs to be created by any business benefitting from
public expenditures in the development area, broken down by full-time, part-time,
and temporary positions;

269 (x) The average hourly wage to be paid to all current and new employees 270 at the project site, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;

(y) For project sites located in a metropolitan statistical area, as defined
by the federal Office of Management and Budget, the average hourly wage paid
to nonmanagerial employees in this state for the industries involved at the
project, as established by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics;

(z) For project sites located outside of metropolitan statistical areas, the
average weekly wage paid to nonmanagerial employees in the county for
industries involved at the project, as established by the United States
Department of Commerce;

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(aa) A list of other community and economic benefits to result from the

280 project;

(bb) A list of all development subsidies that any business benefitting from public expenditures in the development area has previously received for the project, and the name of any other granting body from which such subsidies are sought;

(cc) A list of all other public investments made or to be made by this state
or units of local government to support infrastructure or other needs generated
by the project for which the funding pursuant to this section is being sought;

(dd) A statement as to whether the development project may reduce employment at any other site, within or without the state, resulting from automation, merger, acquisition, corporate restructuring, relocation, or other business activity;

(ee) A statement as to whether or not the project involves the relocation
of work from another address and if so, the number of jobs to be relocated and the
address from which they are to be relocated;

295 (ff) A list of competing businesses in the county containing the 296 development area and in each contiguous county;

297 (gg) A market study for the development area;

(hh) A certification by the chief officer of the applicant as to the accuracyof the development plan;

300 (2) The methodologies used in the application for determining the base year and determining the estimate of the incremental increase in the general 301 302 revenue portion of the state sales tax revenues or the state income tax withheld 303 by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the 304 redevelopment area shall be approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office 305 of administration or his or her designee. Upon approval of the application, the 306 director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and 307 the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee shall issue 308 309 a certificate of approval. The department of economic development may request the appropriation following application approval; 310

311 (3) The appropriation shall be either a portion of the estimate of the 312 incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues 313 in the redevelopment area or a portion of the estimate of the state income tax 314 withheld by the employer on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created 315 in the redevelopment area as indicated in the municipality's application, 316 approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her 317 designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her 318 designee. At no time shall the annual amount of the new state revenues 319 approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment 320 financing fund exceed thirty-two million dollars;

(4) Redevelopment plans and projects receiving new state revenues shall have a duration of up to fifteen years, unless prior approval for a longer term is given by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee; except that, in no case shall the duration exceed twenty-three years.

326 11. In addition to the areas authorized in subsection 9 of this section, the funding authorized pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall also be available 327 328 in a federally approved levee district, where construction of a levee begins after 329 December 23, 1997, and which is contained within a county of the first 330 classification without a charter form of government with a population between 331 fifty thousand and one hundred thousand inhabitants which contains all or part 332 of a city with a population in excess of four hundred thousand or more 333 inhabitants.

334 12. There is hereby established within the state treasury a special fund 335 to be known as the "Missouri Supplemental Tax Increment Financing Fund", to 336 be administered by the department of economic development. The department shall annually distribute from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing 337 338 fund the amount of the new state revenues as appropriated as provided in the 339 provisions of subsections 4 and 5 of this section if and only if the conditions of 340 subsection 10 of this section are met. The fund shall also consist of any gifts, 341 contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other 342 sources. Moneys in the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund shall 343 be disbursed per project pursuant to state appropriations.

344 13. Redevelopment project costs may include, at the prerogative of the 345 state, the portion of salaries and expenses of the department of economic development and the department of revenue reasonably allocable to each 346 347 redevelopment project approved for disbursements from the Missouri 348 supplemental tax increment financing fund for the ongoing administrative 349 functions associated with such redevelopment project. Such amounts shall be 350 recovered from new state revenues deposited into the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund created under this section. 351

352 14. For redevelopment plans or projects approved by ordinance that result 353 in net new jobs from the relocation of a national headquarters from another state to the area of the redevelopment project, the economic activity taxes and new 354 state tax revenues shall not be based on a calculation of the incremental increase 355in taxes as compared to the base year or prior calendar year for such 356 redevelopment project, rather the incremental increase shall be the amount of 357 total taxes generated from the net new jobs brought in by the national 358359 headquarters from another state. In no event shall this subsection be construed 360 to allow a redevelopment project to receive an appropriation in excess of up to 361 fifty percent of the new state revenues.

135.700. 1. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a 2 grape grower or wine producer shall be allowed a tax credit against the state tax 3 liability incurred pursuant to chapter 143, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided in sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount 4 equal to twenty-five percent of the purchase price of all new and used equipment $\mathbf{5}$ and materials used directly in the growing of grapes or the production of wine in 6 7 the state. Each grower or producer shall apply to the department of economic development and specify the total amount of such new equipment and materials 8 9 purchased during the calendar year. The department of economic development shall certify to the department of revenue the amount of such tax credit to which 10 11 a grape grower or wine producer is entitled pursuant to this section. The provisions of this section notwithstanding, a grower or producer may only apply 1213 for and receive the credit authorized by this section for five tax periods.

For the taxable years beginning on or after August 28, 2014,
 the total amount of tax credits allowed under subsection 1 of this
 section shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars annually.

137.133. In any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, any $\mathbf{2}$ correspondence by the assessor with a taxpayer requesting information 3 from the taxpayer shall include the following statement in bold, 4 fourteen point font: "Disclosure of information requested on this 5document is voluntary and not required by law. Any information 6 disclosed may become public record.". The provisions of this section 7 shall not apply to requests for information required to be disclosed 8 under sections 137.092 and 137.155. 9

143.041. 1. A tax is hereby imposed for every taxable year on the income

2 of every nonresident individual which is derived from sources within this 3 state. The tax shall be that amount which bears the same ratio to the tax 4 applicable to the individual if he would have been a resident as (A) his Missouri 5 nonresident adjusted gross income as determined under section 143.181 (Missouri 6 adjusted gross income derived from sources within this state) bears to (B) his 7 Missouri adjusted gross income derived from all sources.

8 2. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state 9 businesses or out-of-state employees operating under sections 190.270 10 to 190.285.

143.071. 1. For all tax years beginning before September 1, 1993, a tax
2 is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount
3 equal to five percent of Missouri taxable income.

4 2. For all tax years beginning on or after September 1, 1993, a tax is
5 hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount
6 equal to six and one-fourth percent of Missouri taxable income.

3. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state
businesses operating under sections 190.270 to 190.285.

143.191. 1. Every employer maintaining an office or transacting any 2 business within this state and making payment of any wages taxable under 3 sections 143.011 to 143.998 to a resident or nonresident individual shall deduct 4 and withhold from such wages for each payroll period the amount provided in 5 subsection 3 of this section.

6 2. The term "wages" referred to in subsection 1 of this section means 7wages as defined by section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 8 amended. The term "employer" means any person, firm, corporation, association, 9 fiduciary of any kind, or other type of organization for whom an individual 10 performs service as an employee, except that if the person or organization for 11 whom the individual performs service does not have control of the payment of compensation for such service, the term "employer" means the person having 12control of the payment of the compensation. The term includes the United States, 13 this state, other states, and all agencies, instrumentalities, and subdivisions of 14 any of them. 15

3. The method of determining the amount to be withheld shall be
prescribed by regulations of the director of revenue. The prescribed table,
percentages, or other method shall result, so far as practicable, in withholding
from the employee's wages during each calendar year an amount substantially

equivalent to the tax reasonably estimated to be due from the employee under
sections 143.011 to 143.998 with respect to the amount of such wages included in
his Missouri adjusted gross income during the calendar year.

4. For purposes of this section an employee shall be entitled to the same number of personal and dependency withholding exemptions as the number of exemptions to which he is entitled for federal income tax withholding purposes. An employer may rely upon the number of federal withholding exemptions claimed by the employee, except where the employee provides the employer with a form claiming a different number of withholding exemptions in this state.

295. The director of revenue may enter into agreements with the tax 30 departments of other states (which require income tax to be withheld from the 31payment of wages) so as to govern the amounts to be withheld from the wages of 32residents of such states under this section. Such agreements may provide for 33 recognition of anticipated tax credits in determining the amounts to be withheld and, under regulations prescribed by the director of revenue, may relieve 34employers in this state from withholding income tax on wages paid to nonresident 35 36 employees. The agreements authorized by this subsection are subject to the condition that the tax department of such other states grant similar treatment 37 38 to residents of this state.

6. The director of revenue shall enter into agreements with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States or with the appropriate secretaries of the respective branches of the Armed Forces of the United States for the withholding, as required by subsections 1 and 2 of this section, of income taxes due the state of Missouri on wages or other payments for service in the armed services of the United States or on payments received as retirement or retainer pay of any member or former member of the Armed Forces entitled to such pay.

7. Subject to appropriations for the purpose of implementing this section, 46the director of revenue shall comply with provisions of the laws of the United 47States as amended and the regulations promulgated thereto in order that all 48 residents of this state receiving monthly retirement income as a civil service 4950annuitant from the federal government taxable by this state may have withheld monthly from any such moneys, whether pension, annuities or otherwise, an 5152amount for payment of state income taxes as required by state law, but such 53withholding shall not be less than twenty-five dollars per quarter.

54 8. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state 55 businesses operating under sections 190.270 to 190.285. 143.451. 1. Missouri taxable income of a corporation shall include all 2 income derived from sources within this state.

2. A corporation described in subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 4 143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income all income from sources 5 within this state, including that from the transaction of business in this state and 6 that from the transaction of business partly done in this state and partly done in 7 another state or states. However:

8 (1) Where income results from a transaction partially in this state and 9 partially in another state or states, and income and deductions of the portion in 10 the state cannot be segregated, then such portions of income and deductions shall 11 be allocated in this state and the other state or states as will distribute to this 12 state a portion based upon the portion of the transaction in this state and the 13 portion in such other state or states.

14 (2) The taxpayer may elect to compute the portion of income from all 15 sources in this state in the following manner, or the manner set forth in 16 subdivision (3) of this subsection:

(a) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided,excluding therefrom the figures for the operation of any bridge connecting thisstate with another state.

(b) The amount of sales which are transactions wholly in this state shall 2021be added to one-half of the amount of sales which are transactions partly within 22this state and partly without this state, and the amount thus obtained shall be 23divided by the total sales or in cases where sales do not express the volume of business, the amount of business transacted wholly in this state shall be added 2425to one-half of the amount of business transacted partly in this state and partly outside this state and the amount thus obtained shall be divided by the total 26amount of business transacted, and the net income shall be multiplied by the 27fraction thus obtained, to determine the proportion of income to be used to arrive 28at the amount of Missouri taxable income. The investment or reinvestment of its 29own funds, or sale of any such investment or reinvestment, shall not be 30 31 considered as sales or other business transacted for the determination of said 32fraction.

33 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, a transaction involving the sale34 of tangible property is:

a. "Wholly in this state" if both the seller's shipping point and the purchaser's destination point are in this state; b. "Partly within this state and partly without this state" if the seller's shipping point is in this state and the purchaser's destination point is outside this state, or the seller's shipping point is outside this state and the purchaser's destination point is in this state;

c. Not "wholly in this state" or not "partly within this state and partly
without this state" only if both the seller's shipping point and the purchaser's
destination point are outside this state.

44 (d) For purposes of this subdivision:

a. The purchaser's destination point shall be determined without regardto the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; and

b. The seller's shipping point is determined without regard to the locationof the seller's principle office or place of business.

49 (3) The taxpayer may elect to compute the portion of income from all50 sources in this state in the following manner:

(a) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided,
excluding therefrom the figures for the operation of any bridge connecting this
state with another state;

(b) The amount of sales which are transactions in this state shall be divided by the total sales, and the net income shall be multiplied by the fraction thus obtained, to determine the proportion of income to be used to arrive at the amount of Missouri taxable income. The investment or reinvestment of its own funds, or sale of any such investment or reinvestment, shall not be considered as sales or other business transacted for the determination of said fraction;

60 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, a transaction involving the sale 61 of tangible property is:

62 a. "In this state" if the purchaser's destination point is in this state;

b. Not "in this state" if the purchaser's destination point is outside thisstate;

65 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the purchaser's destination point 66 shall be determined without regard to the FOB point or other conditions of the 67 sale and shall not be in this state if the purchaser received the tangible personal 68 property from the seller in this state for delivery to the purchaser's location 69 outside this state;

(e) For the purposes of this subdivision, a transaction involving
the sale other than the sale of tangible property is "in this state" if the
taxpayer's market for the sales is in this state. The taxpayer's market

73 for sales is in this state:

a. In the case of sale, rental, lease, or license of real property, if
and to the extent the property is located in this state;

b. In the case of rental, lease, or license of tangible personal
property, if and to the extent the property is located in this state;

c. In the case of sale of a service, if and to the extent the benefit

79 of the service is delivered to a purchaser location in this state; and

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d. In the case of intangible property:

81 (i) That is rented, leased, or licensed, if and to the extent the 82 property is used in this state by the rentee, lessee, or licensee, provided that intangible property utilized in marketing a good or service to a 83 consumer is "used in this state" if that good or service is purchased by 84 a consumer who is in this state. Franchise fees or royalties received 85 for the rent, lease, license, or use of a trade name, trademark, service 86 mark, or franchise system or provides a right to conduct business 87 activity in a specific geographic area are "used in this state" to the 88 extent the franchise location is in this state; and 89

90 (ii) That is sold, if and to the extent the property is used in this 91 state, provided that:

92 i. A contract right, government license, or similar intangible
93 property that authorizes the holder to conduct a business activity in a
94 specific geographic area is "used in this state" if the geographic area
95 includes all or part of this state;

ii. Receipts from intangible property sales that are contingent on
the productivity, use, or disposition of the intangible property shall be
treated as receipts from the rental, lease, or licensing of such
intangible property under item (i) of this subparagraph; and

iii. All other receipts from a sale of intangible property shall be
 excluded from the numerator and denominator of the sales factor;

(f) If the state or states of assignment under paragraph (e) of this
subdivision cannot be determined, the state or states of assignment
shall be reasonably approximated;

(g) If the state of assignment cannot be determined under
paragraph (e) of this subdivision or reasonably approximated under
paragraph (f) of this subdivision, such sales shall be excluded from the
denominator of the sales factor;

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(h) The director may prescribe such rules and regulations as

110 necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section.

(4) For purposes of this subsection, the following words shall, unless thecontext otherwise requires, have the following meaning:

(a) "Administration services" include, but are not limited to, clerical, fund
or shareholder accounting, participant record keeping, transfer agency,
bookkeeping, data processing, custodial, internal auditing, legal and tax services
performed for an investment company;

(b) "Affiliate", the meaning as set forth in 15 U.S.C. Section 80a-2(a)(3)(C),
as may be amended from time to time;

(c) "Distribution services" include, but are not limited to, the services of 119 120advertising, servicing, marketing, underwriting or selling shares of an investment 121company, but, in the case of advertising, servicing or marketing shares, only 122where such service is performed by a person who is, or in the case of a closed end 123 company, was, either engaged in the services of underwriting or selling 124investment company shares or affiliated with a person that is engaged in the service of underwriting or selling investment company shares. In the case of an 125126 open end company, such service of underwriting or selling shares must be 127performed pursuant to a contract entered into pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 80a-12815(b), as from time to time amended;

(d) "Investment company", any person registered under the federal
Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended from time to time, (the act) or a
company which would be required to register as an investment company under
the act except that such person is exempt to such registration pursuant to Section
80a-3(c)(1) of the act;

(e) "Investment funds service corporation" includes any corporation or S 134corporation doing business in the state which derives more than fifty percent of 135its gross income in the ordinary course of business from the provision directly or 136 indirectly of management, distribution or administration services to or on behalf 137of an investment company or from trustees, sponsors and participants of employee 138 139 benefit plans which have accounts in an investment company. An investment funds service corporation shall include any corporation or S corporation providing 140 management services as an investment advisory firm registered under Section 141 142203 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, as amended from time to time, 143regardless of the percentage of gross revenues consisting of fees from 144management services provided to or on behalf of an investment company;

145 (f) "Management services" include but are not limited to, the rendering of

146 investment advice directly or indirectly to an investment company making 147 determinations as to when sales and purchases of securities are to be made on 148 behalf of the investment company, or the selling or purchasing of securities 149 constituting assets of an investment company, and related activities, but only 150 where such activity or activities are performed:

a. Pursuant to a contract with the investment company entered into pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 80a-15(a), as from time to time amended;

b. For a person that has entered into such contract with the investmentcompany; or

c. For a person that is affiliated with a person that has entered into suchcontract with an investment company;

(g) "Qualifying sales", gross income derived from the provision directly or indirectly of management, distribution or administration services to or on behalf of an investment company or from trustees, sponsors and participants of employee benefit plans which have accounts in an investment company. For purposes of this section, "gross income" is defined as that amount of income earned from qualifying sources without deduction of expenses related to the generation of such income;

164 (h) "Residence", presumptively the fund shareholder's mailing address on 165the records of the investment company. If, however, the investment company or 166 the investment funds service corporation has actual knowledge that the fund shareholder's primary residence or principal place of business is different than 167 168 the fund shareholder's mailing address such presumption shall not control. To 169the extent an investment funds service corporation does not have access to the 170 records of the investment company, the investment funds service corporation may employ reasonable methods to determine the investment company fund 171shareholder's residence. 172

(5) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, qualifying sales of an investment funds service corporation, or S corporation, shall be considered wholly in this state only to the extent that the fund shareholders of the investment companies, to which the investment funds service corporation, or S corporation, provide services, are residenced in this state. Wholly in this state qualifying sales of an investment funds service corporation, or S corporation, shall be determined as follows:

(a) By multiplying the investment funds service corporation's total dollaramount of qualifying sales from services provided to each investment company by

182a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the average of the number of shares 183 owned by the investment company's fund shareholders residenced in this state at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year that 184 ends with or within the investment funds service corporation's taxable year, and 185186 the denominator of which shall be the average of the number of shares owned by the investment company's fund shareholders everywhere at the beginning of and 187 at the end of the investment company's taxable year that ends with or within the 188 189 investment funds service corporation's taxable year;

(b) A separate computation shall be made to determine the wholly in this state qualifying sales from each investment company. The qualifying sales for each investment company shall be multiplied by the respective percentage of each fund, as calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The product of this equation shall result in the wholly in this state qualifying sales. The qualifying sales for each investment company which are not wholly in this state will be considered wholly without this state;

197 (c) To the extent an investment funds service corporation has sales which 198 are not qualifying sales, those nonqualified sales shall be apportioned to this 199 state based on the methodology utilized by the investment funds service 200 corporation without regard to this subdivision.

3. Any corporation described in subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 143.441 organized in this state or granted a permit to operate in this state for the transportation or care of passengers shall report its gross earnings within the state on intrastate business and shall also report its gross earnings on all interstate business done in this state which report shall be subject to inquiry for the purpose of determining the amount of income to be included in Missouri taxable income. The previous sentence shall not apply to a railroad.

208 4. A corporation described in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income all income arising from all 209 sources in this state and all income from each transportation service wholly 210 211within this state, from each service where the only lines of such corporation used are those in this state, and such proportion of revenue from each service where 212213the facilities of such corporation in this state and in another state or states are 214used, as the mileage used over the lines of such corporation in the state shall 215bear to the total mileage used over the lines of such corporation. The taxpayer 216 may elect to compute the portion of income from all sources within this state in 217the following manner:

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(1) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided;

219(2) The amount of investment of such corporation on December thirty-first 220of each year in this state in fixed transportation facilities, real estate and 221improvements, plus the value on December thirty-first of each year of any fixed 222transportation facilities, real estate and improvements in this state leased from 223any other railroad shall be divided by the sum of the total amount of investment 224of such corporation on December thirty-first of each year in fixed transportation 225facilities, real estate and improvements, plus the value on December thirty-first 226of each year, of any fixed transportation facilities, real estate and improvements 227leased from any other railroad. Where any fixed transportation facilities, real 228estate or improvements are leased by more than one railroad, such portion of the 229value shall be used by each railroad as the rental paid by each shall bear to the 230rental paid by all lessees. The income shall be multiplied by the fraction thus 231obtained to determine the proportion to be used to arrive at the amount of 232Missouri taxable income.

2335. A corporation described in subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 234143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income one-half of the net income 235from the operation of a bridge between this and another state. If any such bridge 236is owned or operated by a railroad corporation or corporations, or by a corporation 237owning a railroad corporation using such bridge, then the figures for operation 238of such bridge may be included in the return of such railroad or railroads; or if 239such bridge is owned or operated by any other corporation which may now or 240hereafter be required to file an income tax return, one-half of the income or loss 241to such corporation from such bridge may be included in such return by adding 242or subtracting same to or from another net income or loss shown by the return.

2436. A corporation described in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 244143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income all income arising from all sources within this state. Income shall include revenue from each telephonic or 245246telegraphic service rendered wholly within this state; from each service rendered 247for which the only facilities of such corporation used are those in this state; and from each service rendered over the facilities of such corporation in this state and 248249in other state or states, such proportion of such revenue as the mileage involved 250in this state shall bear to the total mileage involved over the lines of said 251company in all states. The taxpayer may elect to compute the portion of income 252from all sources within this state in the following manner:

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(1) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided;

(2) The amount of investment of such corporation on December thirty-first of each year in this state in telephonic or telegraphic facilities, real estate and improvements thereon, shall be divided by the amount of the total investment of such corporation on December thirty-first of each year in telephonic or telegraphic facilities, real estate and improvements. The income of the taxpayer shall be multiplied by fraction thus obtained to determine the proportion to be used to arrive at the amount of Missouri taxable income.

7. From the income determined in subsections 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this section to be from all sources within this state shall be deducted such of the deductions for expenses in determining Missouri taxable income as were incurred in this state to produce such income and all losses actually sustained in this state in the business of the corporation.

2668. If a corporation derives only part of its income from sources within 267 Missouri, its Missouri taxable income shall only reflect the effect of the following 268listed deductions to the extent applicable to Missouri. The deductions are: (a) its deduction for federal income taxes pursuant to section 143.171, and (b) the 269270effect on Missouri taxable income of the deduction for net operating loss allowed by Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. The extent applicable to Missouri 271shall be determined by multiplying the amount that would otherwise affect 272Missouri taxable income by the ratio for the year of the Missouri taxable income 273274of the corporation for the year divided by the Missouri taxable income for the year as though the corporation had derived all of its income from sources within 275276Missouri. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, Missouri taxable income 277shall not reflect the listed deductions.

9. Any investment funds service corporation organized as a corporation or S corporation which has any shareholders residenced in this state shall be subject to Missouri income tax as provided in this chapter.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of 2 sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be 3 made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, 4 or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state $\mathbf{5}$ 6 of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the 7 United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or 8 9 further taxing by the constitution of this state.

2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:

(1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless 15all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the 16 sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, 17steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or 18 19 feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to 20be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer 21which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested 22will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in 23processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions 24of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310) which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or 2526orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to 2728be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

29(2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used 30 in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating 31become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting 32from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 33 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for 34 final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and 35firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by 36 blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, 37 component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately 38 39 for final use or consumption;

40 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly
41 upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles,
42 watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of
43 persons or property;

44 (4) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and45 the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal

46 course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that 47 are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered 48 weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use 49 directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such 50 vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision "motor vehicle" and "public highway" 51 shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;

52(5) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and 53supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, 54fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for 5556final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and 57supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such 58machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the 5960 purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a useable 61 62 product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall 63 include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall 64 not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the 6566 terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a 67 68 manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material 69 recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the material being recovered; 70

(6) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

(7) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the
manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the
United States government or to any agency of the United States government;

80 (8) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive81 wildlife;

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(9) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner,
printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies
used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general
public;

86 (10) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture 87 transcriptions for public commercial display;

88 (11) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered89 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;

90 (12) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in
91 interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four
92 thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in
93 section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;

94 (13) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the 95 96 actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection, in facilities 97 98 owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used 99 exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in 100 101 such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as 102defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least 103 104 twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, 105 "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon 106materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including 107 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at 108 the production facility;

(14) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing,
compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of
less than one year;

(15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased
and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution,
and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or
reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;

116 (16) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased 117 and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation,
construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and
devices;

121 (17) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

122(18) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other 123fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, 124entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, 125zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political 126subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or 127other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or 128corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision 129may enter into revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or 130 corporations providing goods or services, including management services, in or for the place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, 131132and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such 133134revenue-sharing agreement;

135(19) All sales of insulin and prosthetic or orthopedic devices as defined on 136 January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the 137Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12)138 of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist 139140 only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those 141 items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may 142be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories, hospital 143beds and accessories and ambulatory aids, all sales or rental of manual and 144 powered wheelchairs, stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment 145and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical 146 147or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters, reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, 148 149 electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used 150solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by 151individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities, and drugs required by the Food and Drug 152Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements 153

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154 in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner155 licensed to prescribe;

(20) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and
institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities
and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at
public expense in their educational functions and activities;

160 (21) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in 161 interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service 162 or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been 163declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions 164 165and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and 166 industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution 167 of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (20) of this 168subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and 169all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and 170activities;

(22) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational 171172associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and 173improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of 174animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 175176 and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair 177conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530; 178

179(23) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary 180 school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used 181 in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of 182183 bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying 184 185 agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of 186 fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity 187 used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation 188 processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery 189 and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers, and any freight CCS#2 HCS SB 693

190 charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed 191 additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used 192 in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, 193194 surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve 195or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of 196 pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As 197 used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new 198 or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment 199 and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for 200201agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and 202directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, 203 pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, 204 including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel 205therefor which is:

206 (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

207 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 208 products; and

(c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in
processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to
livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

(24) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered
water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas,
wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a
county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:

216 (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or 217home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered 218 219 water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through 220 221a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including 222 service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be 223for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby 224individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;

(b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases

226are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate 227classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate 228 229 classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the 230occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master 231meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall 232be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from 233sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases 234classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the 235236utility must charge sales tax;

237(c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property 238and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a 239nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year 240of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making 241242nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the 243services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or 244245condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common 246areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate 247classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day 248of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to 249the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes 250paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such 251purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund; 252

(25) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse
if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total
gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross
income of the seller;

(26) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041,
4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United
States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter
536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;

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(27) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or

waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;

(28) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to
sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the
functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;

(29) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;

(30) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing,
producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of
buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;

(31) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in thetransportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;

(32) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water,
or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the
manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing
plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection;

(33) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of
pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or
poultry;

(34) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or
consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of
agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription
pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;

291 (35) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;

(36) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of
pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial
breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325
to 273.357;

(37) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in anotherstate, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for

298 purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes 299 of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document 300 evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases 301 pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor 302 making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's 303 exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director 304 305 of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the 306 certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable 307 for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the 308 invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local 309 sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating 310 tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose 311 of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

(a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those
entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the
provisions of section 144.062; or

(b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is
authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the
provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;

(38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor
who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect
at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created
pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;

322 (39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is 323 held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any 324 325 political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a 326 neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of 327 Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the 328 329 event;

(40) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section
64.920, and all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are
consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to a
professional sports team;

(41) Beginning January 1, 2009, but not after January 1, 2015, materials,
replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the
modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power
plants, and aircraft accessories;

338 (42) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any 339 shooting range or similar places of business for use in the normal course of 340 business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of business 341 from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for 342 redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event.

343 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or 344 implied, between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state 345agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not 346 required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state that is owned 347 348 or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general 349 350 assembly. For purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined 351352in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears 353 354the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the 355 Internal Revenue Code, as amended. 356

4. There shall be no tax under the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745 on the titling of motor vehicles with a model year of at least ten years prior to the year in which the motor vehicle is being titled. The exemption authorized under this subsection shall not apply to the titling of motor vehicles with a sale price over fifteen thousand dollars.

144.044. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Sale of a modular unit", a transfer of a modular unit as defined in 3 section 700.010;

4 (2) "Sale of a new manufactured home", a transfer of a manufactured 5 home, as defined in section 700.010, which involves the delivery of the document 6 known as the manufacturer's statement of origin to a person other than a 7 manufactured home dealer, as dealer is defined in section 700.010, for purposes
8 of allowing such person to obtain a title to the manufactured home from the
9 department of revenue of this state or the appropriate agency or officer of any
10 other state;

(3) "Sale of a used manufactured home", any subsequent sale of
a manufactured home as defined in section 700.010, which does not
qualify as "new" as defined in subdivision (9) of section 700.010.

2. In the event of the sale of a new manufactured home, forty percent of 14the purchase price, as defined in section 700.320, shall be considered the sale of 15a service and not the sale of tangible personal property. In addition to the 16 exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, the sale of services 1718 as defined in this section shall be specifically exempted from the provisions of 19sections 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, 20sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to [144.745] 144.761, and from the 21computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 238.235 and 22238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 23144.525 and 144.600 to [144.745] **144.761**, and section 238.235.

3. In the event of the sale of a new modular unit, forty percent of the 24retail sale of the unit or forty percent of the manufacturer's sales price of the unit 25if the manufacturer makes a sale to a consumer that is not a retail sale, plus any 26carrier charge and freight charges shall be considered the sale of a service and 27sixty percent shall be the retail sale of tangible personal property. In addition 2829to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, the sale of 30 services as defined in this section shall be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in 31 section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to [144.745] 144.761, and 32from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 33 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, sections 34144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to [144.745] **144.761**, and section 238.235. 35

4. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, the sale of a used manufactured home as defined in this section shall be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085,

43 sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235.

144.610. 1. A tax is imposed for the privilege of storing, using or consuming within this state any article of tangible personal property, excluding $\mathbf{2}$ motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard 3 motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject 4 to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020, purchased on or 5 after the effective date of sections 144.600 to 144.745 in an amount equivalent to 6 the percentage imposed on the sales price in the sales tax law in section 7 144.020. This tax does not apply with respect to the storage, use or consumption 8 9 of any article of tangible personal property purchased, produced or manufactured 10 outside this state until the transportation of the article has finally come to rest 11 within this state or until the article has become commingled with the general 12mass of property of this state.

2. Every person storing, using or consuming in this state tangible personal property subject to the tax in subsection 1 of this section is liable for the tax imposed by this law, and the liability shall not be extinguished until the tax is paid to this state, but a receipt from a vendor authorized by the director of revenue under the rules and regulations that he prescribes to collect the tax, given to the purchaser in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650, relieves the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which receipt refers.

3. Because this section no longer imposes a Missouri use tax on the storage, use, or consumption of motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, in that the state sales tax is now imposed on the titling of such property, the local sales tax, rather than the local use tax, applies.

4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state
businesses or out-of-state employees operating under sections 190.270
to 190.285.

144.1030. 1. Notwithstanding sections 144.010, 144.018, and 2 144.020 to the contrary, in the case of a multi-use arena that:

3 (1) Is publicly owned, but operated under a contract with a
4 private company;

5 (2) Was originally funded in a public-private partnership that 6 included private investment of at least forty million dollars; and

7 (3) Is located in a city with a population of more than three 8 hundred thousand inhabitants which is located in more than one 10 "sales at retail" shall not include the amount paid that results in the

11 first opportunity to purchase or decline tickets for admission to events

12 at such arena, but does not itself result in admission.

190.270. Sections 190.270 to 190.285 shall be known and may be
cited as the "Facilitating Business Rapid Response to State Declared
Disasters Act".

190.275. As used in sections 190.270 to 190.285, unless the context 2 clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms mean:

3 (1) "Declared state disaster" or "emergency", a disaster or
4 emergency event for which a governor's state of emergency
5 proclamation has been issued or that the President of the United States
6 has declared to be a major disaster or emergency;

7 (2) "Disaster period", the period of time that begins ten days 8 before the governor's proclamation of a state of emergency or the 9 declaration by the President of the United States of a major disaster or 10 emergency, whichever occurs first, and extending for a period of sixty 11 calendar days following the end of the period specified in the 12 proclamation or declaration or sixty calendar days from the 13 proclamation or declaration if no end is provided. The governor may 14 extend the disaster period as warranted.

15 (3) "Infrastructure", property and equipment owned or used by 16 a public utility, communications network, broadband and internet 17 service provider, cable and video service provider, gas distribution 18 system, or water pipeline that provides service to more than one 19 customer or person, including related support facilities. Infrastructure 20 includes real and personal property such as buildings, offices, power 21 lines, cable lines, poles, communication lines, pipes, structures, and 22 equipment;

23

(4) "Out-of-state business", a business entity:

24 25 (a) That does not have a presence in the state;

(b) That does not conduct business in the state;

(c) That has no registrations, tax filings, or nexus in the state
before the declared disaster or emergency; and

28 (d) Whose assistance in repairing, renovating, installing, or 29 building infrastructure related to a declared state disaster or 30 emergency is requested by the state, a county, city, town, or other 31 political subdivision of the state or a registered business that owns or

32 uses infrastructure as defined in this section.

33 Out-of-state business includes a business entity that is affiliated with

a registered business solely through common ownership as long as that
business entity does not have any registrations, tax filings, or nexus in
the state before the declared state disaster or emergency.

For purposes of this section, a prior registration as an out-of-state
business for a declared disaster or emergency shall not be considered
a registration in this state;

40 (5) "Out-of-state employee", an individual who does not work in 41 the state except for disaster or emergency related work during a 42 disaster period;

43 (6) "Registered business", a business entity that is registered or
44 licensed to do business in the state before the declared state disaster
45 or emergency.

190.280. 1. An out-of-state business that conducts operations within the state for purposes of assisting in repairing, renovating, installing, or building infrastructure related to a declared state disaster or emergency during the disaster period shall not be considered to have established a level of presence that would subject the business or any of its out-of-state employees to any of the following state or local employment, licensing, or registration requirements:

8 (1) Except as set forth in section 190.285, registration with the 9 secretary of state;

10 (2) Withholding or income tax registration, filing, or remitting
11 requirements; and

(3) Use tax on equipment used or consumed during the disaster
period if such equipment does not remain in the state after the disaster
period.

2. An out-of-state employee shall not be considered to have established residency or a presence in the state that would require that person or that person's employer to file and pay income taxes, to be subjected to tax withholdings, or to file and pay any other state or local income or withholding tax or fee for work repairing, renovating, installing, or building infrastructure during the disaster period.

21 3. After the conclusion of a disaster period, an out-of-state 22 business or out-of-state employee that remains in the state is fully

subject to the state or local employment, licensing, or registration
requirements listed in this section or that were otherwise suspended
under sections 190.270 through 190.285 during the disaster period.

190.285. 1. An out-of-state business shall provide notification to 2 the secretary of state within ten days after entry to the state during a 3 disaster period that the out-of-state business is in the state for 4 purposes of responding to the declared state disaster or 5 emergency. The out-of-state business shall provide to the secretary of 6 state information related to the out-of-state business including, but not 7 limited to, the following:

8 (1) Name;

9 (2) State of domicile;

10 (3) Principal business address;

(4) Federal employer identification number;

12

11

(5) The date when the out-of-state business entered the state; and

13 (6) Contact information while the out-of-state business is in this14 state.

2. A registered business shall provide the notification required in subsection 1 of this section for an affiliate of the registered business that enters the state as an out-of-state business. The notification under this subsection also must include contact information for the registered business in the state.

3. An out-of-state business that remains in the state after a disaster period shall notify the secretary of state within ten days after the end of the disaster period and shall meet all registration, licensing, and filing requirements resulting from any business presence or activity in the state.

4. The secretary of state shall provide information received from out-of-state businesses or registered businesses under this section to the department of revenue within thirty days after receipt of notification.

190.286. The provisions of sections 190.270 to 190.285 shall not 2 grant exemptions authorized by such sections to any out-of-state 3 business performing work pursuant to a request for bid or request for 4 proposal by a state agency or political subdivision.

285.230. 1. As used in this section, "transient employer" means an 2 employer as defined in sections 143.191, 287.030, and 288.032 making payment

of wages taxable under chapters 143, 287, and 288 who is not domiciled in this 3 4 state and who temporarily transacts any business within the state, but shall not include any employer who is not subject to Missouri income tax because of the 5 provisions of 15 U.S.C. 381. The transaction of business shall be considered 6 temporary at any time it cannot be reasonably expected to continue for a period 7 of twenty-four consecutive months. Professional athletic teams and professional 8 9 entertainers domiciled in a state other than Missouri shall be deemed a 10 "transient employer" for the purposes of this section, unless the person or entity who pays compensation to the nonresident entertainer has fully complied with the 11 12provisions of section 143.183 in which case the nonresident entertainer shall not 13be considered a transient employer.

14 2. Employers meeting the following criteria shall not be required to file15 a financial assurance instrument as required by this section:

16 (1) The principal place of business of the employer must be in a county of17 another state which is contiguous to the state of Missouri; and

18 (2) The employer must have been under contract to perform work in 19 Missouri for at least sixty days cumulatively out of twelve months during each of 20 the two calendar years immediately preceding the employer's initial application 21 for exemption from the provisions of this section; and

(3) The employer must have in his possession a tax clearance from the
department of revenue and the division of employment security stating that the
employer has faithfully complied with the tax laws of this state during the period
set out in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

26Within ninety days of August 13, 1988, such employers must obtain initial tax 27clearances in accordance with subdivision (3) of this subsection. Any tax clearance issued under the provisions of this section by the division of 28employment security shall be submitted to the department of revenue. On or 29before January thirty-first of each year, except January thirty-first following the 30 year during which the employer first meets these criteria, the employer shall 3132submit application to the department of revenue and division of employment security for a renewed tax clearance. Failure to submit such renewal applications 33 or failure to comply with applicable Missouri taxing and employment security 3435 laws during the period between annual renewal dates or removal of the 36 employer's principal place of business from a county in another state which is 37 contiguous to Missouri to a state other than Missouri shall immediately subject 38 the employer to all provisions of this section. An employer meeting the

requirements of this subsection shall still be subject to the provisions ofsubsection 5 of this section.

3. Every transient employer shall file with the director of revenue a 41 financial assurance instrument including, but not limited to, a cash bond, a 42surety bond, or an irrevocable letter of credit as defined in section 400.5-103 43issued by any state or federal financial institution. The financial assurance 44instrument shall be in an amount not less than the average estimated quarterly 45withholding tax liability of the applicant, but in no case less than five thousand 46 dollars nor more than twenty-five thousand dollars. Any corporate surety shall 4748 be licensed to do such business in this state and approved by the director of 49revenue to act as a surety. The transient employer shall be the principal obligor 50and the state of Missouri shall be the obligee. The financial assurance instrument shall be conditioned upon the prompt filing of true reports and the 5152payment by such employer to the director of revenue of any and all withholding 53taxes which are now or which hereafter may be levied or imposed by the state of 54Missouri, upon the employer, together with any and all penalties and interest 55thereon, and generally upon the faithful compliance with the provisions of chapters 143, 287, and 288. 56

574. Any transient employer who is already otherwise required to file a financial assurance instrument as a condition of any contract, provided said 5859financial assurance instrument guarantees payment of all applicable state taxes and all withholding taxes levied or imposed by the state and provided that such 60 financial assurance instrument is delivered by certified mail to the department 61 62 of revenue by the applicable awarding entity at least fourteen days before the 63 execution of the contract for the performance of work, may use the same financial assurance instrument to comply with the provisions of this section. Before such 64 financial assurance instrument is approved by the awarding entity, the director 65 of revenue shall be satisfied that such financial assurance instrument is sufficient 66 to cover all taxes imposed by this state and the director shall so notify the 67 awarding entity of the decision within the fourteen days prior to the execution of 68 the contract. Failure to do so by the director shall waive any right to disapprove 69 70such financial assurance instrument. Before a financial assurance instrument is 71released by the entity awarding the contract, a tax clearance shall be obtained 72from the director of revenue that such transient employer has faithfully complied 73with all the tax laws of this state.

5. Every transient employer shall certify to the director of revenue that

such employer has sufficient workers' compensation insurance either through a self-insurance program or a policy of workers' compensation insurance issued by an approved workers' compensation carrier. The self-insurance program shall be approved by the division of workers' compensation pursuant to section 287.280. The insurance policy shall be in a contract form approved by the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration.

81 6. In the event that liability upon the financial assurance instrument thus filed by the transient employer shall be discharged or reduced, whether by 82 judgment rendered, payment made or otherwise, or if in the opinion of the 83 director of revenue any surety on a bond theretofore given or financial institution 84 85 shall have become unsatisfactory or unacceptable, then the director of revenue may require the employer to file a new financial assurance instrument in the 86 87 same form and amount. If such new financial assurance instrument shall be furnished by such employer as above provided, the director of revenue shall upon 88 89 satisfaction of any liability that has accrued, release the surety on the old bond or financial institution issuing the irrevocable letter of credit. 90

91 7. Any surety on any bond or financial institution issuing an irrevocable letter of credit furnished by any transient employer as provided in this section 92 93 shall be released and discharged from any and all liability to the state of Missouri accruing on such bond or irrevocable letter of credit after the expiration of sixty 94 95 days from the date upon which such surety or financial institution shall have lodged with the director of revenue a written request to be released and 96 97 discharged; but the request shall not operate to relieve, release or discharge such 98 surety or financial institution from any liability already accrued or which shall accrue during and before the expiration of said sixty-day period. The director of 99 revenue shall promptly on receipt of notice of such request notify the employer 100who furnished such bond or irrevocable letter of credit and such employer shall 101 on or before the expiration of such sixty-day period file with the director of 102103 revenue a new financial assurance instrument satisfactory to the director of 104revenue in the amount and form provided in this section.

8. Notwithstanding the limitation as to the amount of any financial assurance instrument fixed by this section, if a transient employer becomes delinquent in the payment of any tax or tenders a check in payment of tax which check is returned unpaid because of insufficient funds, the director may demand an additional instrument of such employer in an amount necessary, in the judgment of the director, to protect the revenue of the state. The penal sum of the additional instrument and the instrument furnished under the provisions ofthe law requiring such instrument may not exceed two quarters' estimated taxliability.

9. For any period when a transient employer fails to meet the requirements of this section, there shall be added to any deficiency assessed against a transient employer, in addition to any other addition, interest, and penalties, an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the deficiency.

118 10. A taxpayer commits the crime of failure to file a financial assurance119 instrument if he knowingly fails to comply with the provisions of this section.

120 11. Failure to file a financial assurance instrument is a class A 121 misdemeanor. Pursuant to section 560.021, a corporation found guilty of failing 122 to file a financial assurance instrument may be fined up to five thousand dollars 123 or any higher amount not exceeding twice the amount the employer profited from 124 the commission of the offense.

125 12. Failing to register with the department of revenue and execute the 126 financial assurance instrument herein provided, prior to beginning the 127 performance of any contract, shall prohibit the employer from performing on such 128 contract until he complies with such requirements.

129 13. Each employer shall keep full and accurate records clearly indicating 130the names, occupations, and crafts, if applicable, of every person employed by him 131together with an accurate record of the number of hours worked by each employee and the actual wages paid. The payroll records required to be so kept shall be 132133 open to inspection by any authorized representative of the department of revenue 134at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary and such records shall 135not be destroyed or removed from the state for a period of one year following the 136 completion of the contract in connection with which the records are made.

137 14. The entering into of any contract for the performance of work in the 138 state of Missouri by any such employer shall be deemed to constitute an 139 appointment of the secretary of state as registered agent of such employer for 140 purposes of accepting service of any process, or of any notice or demand required 141 or permitted by law. The service of any such process, notice or demand, when 142 served on the secretary of state shall have the same legal force and validity as if 143 served upon the employer personally within the state.

144 15. In addition, any employer who fails to file a financial assurance 145 instrument as required by this section shall be prohibited from contracting for or 146 performing labor on any public works project in this state for a period of one year.

147 16. Whenever a transient employer ceases to engage in activity within the 148 state it shall be the duty of such transient employer to notify the director of 149 revenue in writing at least ten days prior to the time the discontinuance takes 150 effect.

151 **17.** The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state 152 businesses operating under sections 190.270 to 190.285.

285.232. 1. Subject to the provisions of section 285.230, any county, city, town, village or any other political subdivision which requires a building permit $\mathbf{2}$ for a person to perform certain construction projects shall require a transient 3 employer to show proof that the employer has been issued a tax clearance and has 4 filed a financial assurance instrument as required by section 285.230 before such 5 6 entity issues a building permit to the transient employer. If any transient 7employer obtains a building permit without providing such proof, provides a fraudulently obtained tax clearance or a fraudulent financial assurance 8 9 instrument or through any misrepresentation or any other fraudulent act or in any way violates the provisions of sections 285.230 to 285.234, the Missouri 10 11 department of revenue shall request a temporary restraining order or seek injunctive relief to immediately prohibit further performance of work by the 12transient employer on such contract or project. The court may direct that any 13 14payments due such transient employer be equitably distributed in satisfaction of the transient employer's obligations pursuant to sections 285.230 to 15285.234. Upon issuance of such order by a court of competent jurisdiction, the 16 17person for whom the work is being performed may engage another contractor as 18 provided by law or any provision of contract and the person shall not be deemed 19 to be in violation of the contract with such transient employer removed by the 20court. Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or constitute a liability 21to or a cause of action against a city or county in regard to the issuance of any 22license pursuant to this section.

232. Any contractor for private or public construction work in this state 24which contracts with or otherwise engages a subcontractor, which is deemed a transient employer as defined in section 285.230, to perform any portion of such 2526work, shall require such subcontractor to show proof of having filed a financial 27assurance instrument with the director of revenue as required by section 285.230 28and to show proof that the subcontractor holds a current valid certificate of 29insurance for workers' compensation coverage in this state, prior to the subcontractor performing any work on the project. If the subcontractor is self-30

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insured for purposes of workers' compensation, the contractor shall require proof 31 32that such self-insurance by the subcontractor has been approved by the division of workers' compensation. The contractor shall not allow the subcontractor to 33 perform on such contract until proof of compliance as required by this section has 34 been provided to the contractor. If a subcontractor which is deemed to be a 35transient employer has previously submitted proof of compliance as required by 36 this section to a state agency or political subdivision for which the contract is 37 being performed as a condition of being qualified to perform work for such agency 38 39 or political subdivision, the general contractor shall not be required to obtain the proofs required by this section. If at any time prior to final payment to a 40 41 subcontractor for work performed on a project, a contractor is notified in writing 42 by the director of revenue or the director of the division of workers' compensation 43that a subcontractor is in violation of sections 285.230 to 285.234, the contractor shall withhold all or part of any payment to the subcontractor under the contract 44 45for payment in satisfaction of the subcontractor's obligations as a transient employer if so directed by the director of revenue or the director of the division 46 47of workers' compensation. Any contractor withholding payment and paying such funds in satisfaction of the subcontractor's obligations as a transient employer if 48 49 so directed by the director of revenue or the director of the division of workers' compensation. Any contractor withholding payment and paying such funds in 5051satisfaction of the subcontractor's obligations as a transient employer shall be deemed in compliance with the contract with the subcontractor to the extent of 5253the amount paid to fulfill such obligation and with the laws of this state 54regarding timely payment under construction contracts and shall not be subject to any civil or criminal penalty for withholding such payment. 55

3. Notwithstanding the provision of section 32.057, the Missouri department of revenue shall at least quarterly submit for publication in the Missouri Register a list of construction contractors performing work on construction projects in Missouri who are known by the department to be deemed transient employers pursuant to section 285.230. The department shall also update such list monthly and make such list available upon request without cost to any person.

4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state
businesses operating under sections 190.270 to 190.285.

285.233. 1. Any transient employer, as defined in this chapter, failing to 2 conclusively show at any time that he has complied with the provisions of section

285.230, relating to the filing of a financial assurance instrument, shall, before 3 4 beginning performance on any contract made with a political subdivision, deposit with that political subdivision an amount equal to twenty percent of labor costs 5 as specified in such contract which will be held in escrow by the political 6 subdivision and payable only to the department of revenue, the division of 7 employment security or the division of workers' compensation after the actual 8 9 amount of tax liability is determined. In the event that labor costs are not separately stated in the contract, the amount to be held in escrow shall be ten 10 percent of the contract amount. Any amount remaining in the escrow fund after 11 payments are made shall be refunded to the contractor. Failure of a political 1213 subdivision to properly escrow funds required under this section will make it ineligible to receive state funds for public works projects for a period of one year 14 15from the date the infraction is discovered.

16 2. Any transient employer failing to conclusively show at any time that he has complied with the provisions of section 285.230, relating to the filing of a 17financial assurance instrument, shall, before beginning performance on any 18 19 contract made with a private entity deposit with that private entity an amount 20equal to twenty percent of labor costs as specified in such contract which will be 21held in escrow by the private entity and payable only to the department of 22revenue, the division of employment security or the division of workers' 23compensation after the actual amount of tax liability is determined. In the event 24that labor costs are not separately stated in the contract, the amount to be held 25in escrow shall be ten percent of the contract amount. Any amount remaining in 26the escrow fund after payments are made shall be refunded to the 27contractor. Failure of a private entity to properly escrow funds required under this section shall make such entity liable for the full amount of the state 28withholding, workers' compensation, and employment security tax liability 29resulting from the transient employers' contract with that private entity. 30

31 3. In addition to any other penalty, interest, or remedy imposed by this 32 section, any transient employer that fails to post a financial assurance 33 instrument or escrow funds as provided for in this section shall be subject to a 34 writ of attachment as provided for in chapter 521 or any other injunctive relief 35 provided for by law.

4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state
businesses or out-of-state employees operating under sections 190.270
to 190.285.

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285.234. 1. Every transient employer, as defined in section 285.230 shall
post in a prominent and easily accessible place at the work site a clearly legible
copy of the following:

4 (1) The notice of registration for employer withholding issued to such 5 transient employer by the director of revenue;

6 (2) Proof of coverage for workers' compensation insurance or self-7 insurance signed by the transient employer and verified by the department of 8 revenue through the records of the division of workers' compensation; and

9 (3) The notice of registration for unemployment insurance issued to such 10 transient employer by the division of employment security.

11 2. Any transient employer failing to comply with the provisions of this 12 section shall be liable for a penalty of five hundred dollars per day until the 13 notices required by this section are posted as provided by this section.

3. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state
businesses operating under sections 190.270 to 190.285.

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