### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# SENATE BILL NO. 659

## 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ARTHUR.

Pre-filed December 1, 2019, and ordered printed.

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ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

### 4073S.03I

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 143.441, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014, 144.020, 144.030, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.600, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.757, 144.759, 144.761, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seventy-one new sections relating to taxation, with penalty provisions and an effective date for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576,

- 2 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738,
- 3 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712,
- 4 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578,
- 5 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 143.441, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014, 144.020, 144.030,
- 6 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, 144.140, 144.190,
- 7 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.600, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.757,
- 8 144.759, 144.761, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015,
- 9 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, RSMo, are repealed and seventy-
- 10 one new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.086, 32.087,
- 11 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584,
- 12 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300,

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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- 13 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525,
- 14 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 143.177, 143.441, 144.010, 144.011,
- 15 144.014, 144.020, 144.030, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.080, 144.083,
- 16 144.084, 144.109, 144.123, 144.124, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.285, 144.526,
- 17 144.600, 144.612, 144.655, 144.710, 144.752, 144.757, 144.759, 144.761, 184.845,
- 18 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, to read as follows:
- 32.086. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for all local sales and use taxes collected by the department and remitted to a political jurisdiction or taxing district, the department shall remit one percent of the amount collected to the general revenue fund to offset the cost of collection, unless a greater amount is specified in the local sales and use tax law. The department shall not commingle the remaining amounts collected with general revenues and shall remit the remaining amounts collected to the political jurisdiction or taxing district less any credits for erroneous payments, overpayments, and dishonored checks.
- 32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. [The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.]
  - 2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax, except] as provided in subsection [18] 19 of this section, and shall be imposed on all transactions on which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.
  - 3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.
    - 4. [The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue

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21 under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the 22combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the 23 provisions of the local sales tax law.

- 5.] (1) The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose a tax upon all transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527**, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto[; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, local 32 taxing jurisdictions, except those in which voters have approved a local use tax 33 under section 144.757, shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general 34 election in November 2014, but no later than the general election in November 35 2022, whether to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor 36 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain 38 substantially the following language: 39

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) discontinue applying 40 41 and collecting the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, 42 trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from a 43 source other than a licensed Missouri dealer? Approval of this measure will result in a reduction of local revenue 44 to provide for vital services for \_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) 45 and it will place Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard 46 47 motors, boats, and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to 48 non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and 49 trailers.  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 50 51

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority of the votes cast in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the voters on or before the

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57 general election in November 2022, the local taxing jurisdiction shall cease 58 applying the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 59 outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed 60 Missouri dealer.

- (4) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters, the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction that had previously imposed a local use tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors may, at any time, place a proposal on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.
- (5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2022, whenever the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, and calling for a proposal to be placed on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such

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- (6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the voters of any jurisdiction to repeal application of any state sales or use tax.
- 96 (7) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 97 and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed, such repeal shall take effect [on the first day of the second 98 calendar quarter after the election as provided in subsection 19 of this 99 100 section. If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri 101 102 dealer is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local 103 taxing jurisdiction to hold an election pursuant to subdivision (2) of this 104 subsection, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2023.
  - (8) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed after the general election in November 2014, or if the taxing jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters at a general election on or before November 2022, then the governing body of such taxing jurisdiction may, at any election subsequent to the repeal or after the general election in November 2022, if the jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters, place before the voters the issue of imposing a sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) apply and collect the 118 local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 119 120 outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 121 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed 122 Missouri dealer? Approval of this measure will result in an increase of local revenue 123 to provide for vital services for \_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name), 124 125 and it will remove a competitive advantage that non-Missouri 126 dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers have 127 over Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, 128 and trailers.

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 129

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 130

131 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box

132 opposite "NO".

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- (9) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri 134 dealer is adopted, such tax shall take effect and be imposed [on the first day of 136 the second calendar quarter after the election as provided in subsection 19 of this section.
- [6.] 5. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed 138 139 under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall 140 perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the 141 142 sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the 143 144 local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the 145 state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the 146 147 director of revenue.
- 148 [7.] **6.** All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax law.
  - [8.] 7. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law.
- 161 [9.] 8. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail 162 certificate required by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements 163 of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or 164

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retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may 166 prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax 167 imposed by the local sales tax law.

- [10.] 9. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- [11.] **10.** The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527** for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 175 [12.] 11. (1) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an 176 ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor 177 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws 178 of the state of Missouri, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 179 business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has 180 181 more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the 182 sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer 183 where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though 184 the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, 185 shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to 186 be consummated at the place of business from which he works.
  - (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, the sales tax upon the titling of all motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the residence of the purchaser, and remitted to that local taxing entity, and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.
  - (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended.
- 198 [13.] 12. Local sales taxes shall not be imposed on the seller of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, but shall be collected from the purchaser by the director

of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.

[14.] 13. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.

[15.] 14. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.

[16.] 15. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing

237 entity.

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[17.] 16. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

- [18.] 17. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective [the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax as provided by subsection 19 of this section.
- 18. If the boundaries of a city in which a sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the ordinance and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added or detached from the city boundaries. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed under the local sales tax law shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the first day of a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.
- 271 19. (1) The effective date for the imposition, repeal, or rate 272 change of each local sales and use tax is the first day of the calendar

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273 quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

- 274 In all cases where notice is required to be made to the director of
- 275 revenue by a local taxing jurisdiction, such notice shall be made at
- 276 least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date for the
- 277 imposition, repeal, or rate change of a local sales and use tax.
- 278 (2) The effective date for any local jurisdiction boundary change 279 for sales and use tax purposes is the first day of the calendar quarter 280 after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.
  - 20. (1) If a sales or use tax rate is increased, the new rate shall apply to the first billing period starting on or after the effective date of the increase;
  - (2) If a sales or use tax rate is decreased, the new rate shall apply to bills rendered on or after the effective date of the decrease.
- 66.620. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 66.630 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county 9 sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 10 and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 11 12 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited 13 with the treasurer of the county and all expenditures of funds arising from the 14 15 county sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the 16 legislative council of the county, and to the cities, towns and villages located 17 wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax in the manner as set forth in sections 66.600 to 66.630. 18
- 2. In any county not adopting an additional sales tax and alternate distribution system as provided in section 67.581, for the purposes of distributing the county sales tax, the county shall be divided into two groups, "Group A" and "Group B". Group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a

24 city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the 25 day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, except that beginning January 1, 1980, group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 26 located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a 27city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 28 29 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the county sales tax. For the purposes of determining the location of consummation of sales for distribution 30 of funds to cities, towns and villages in group A, the boundaries of any such city, 31 32 town or village shall be the boundary of that city, town or village as it existed on 33 March 19, 1984. Group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 34 located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which did not 35 have a city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on 36 the day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax; except that, 37 38 beginning January 1, 1980, group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and 39 40 which did not have a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the 41 42 county sales tax and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax. 43

44 3. Until January 1, 1994, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A the taxes based on the location in which the 45 46 sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of 47 section 32.087. Except for distribution governed by section 66.630, after 48 deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall distribute the remaining funds in the county sales tax 49 trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: 50 to the county which levied the tax, a percentage of the distributable revenue 51 52 equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of 53 the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or 54 village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such 55 56 city, town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, 57 town or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the 58 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that 59 part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears to the total

60 population of group B.

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4. From January 1, 1994, until December 31, 2016, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 in accordance with the formula described in this subsection and in subsection 6. After deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall distribute funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, and a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears to the total population of group B.

5. (1) From and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year are less than or equal to the amount of such revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns, and villages in group A and the cities, towns, and villages, and the county in group B, the amounts required to be distributed under the formula described in subsection 4 and in subsection 6 of this section. From and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year is greater than the amount of such revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns, and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087, in accordance with the formula described in this subsection and in subsection 6. After deducting the distribution to the cities, towns, and

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96 villages in group A, the director of revenue shall, subject to the limitation 97 described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, distribute funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns, and villages, and the county in group B as 98 99 follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the 100 percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax 101 102 revenues countywide, and a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue 103 equal to the percentage ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the 104 county bears to the total population of group B as adjusted such that no city, 105 town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty 106 percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based 107 on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 108 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, or village in 109 group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining 110 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such 111 city, town, or village bears to the total population of group B, as adjusted such 112 that no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less 113 than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or 114 village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under 115 section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, or 116 village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining 117 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that 118 part of the city, town, or village located within the taxing county bears to the 119 total population of group B, as adjusted such that no city, town, or village in 120 group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount 121 of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in 122 which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 123 12 of section 32.087.

(2) For purposes of making any adjustment required by this subsection, the director of revenue shall, prior to any distribution to the county or to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county, identify each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county that would receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustments were made and calculate the

difference between the amount that the distribution to each such city, town, or village would have been without any adjustment and the amount that equals fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Thereafter, the director of revenue shall determine the amount of any adjustment under this subsection as follows:

- (a) If the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this subsection is less than or equal to the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct the amount of such difference from the remaining distributable revenue and distribute an allocable portion of the amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would otherwise have received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that is equal to fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087;
- (b) If, however, the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this subsection is greater that the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct from the remaining distributable revenue an amount equal to the difference between the remaining distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year and the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014 and distribute an allocable portion of the amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would otherwise have received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that includes an adjustment that is proportionate to the amount of the adjustment

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168 that would otherwise have been made if such adjustment were calculated in 169 accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

- (c) After determining the amount of the adjustment and making the allocation in accordance with paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, as applicable, the director of revenue shall thereafter distribute the remaining distributable revenue, as adjusted, to the county and to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county in the manner provided in this subsection.
- 176 (3) For purposes of this subsection, if a city, town, or village is partly in group A and partly in group B, the director of revenue shall calculate fifty percent 178 of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 by multiplying fifty percent by the amount of all county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 66.630, less one percent for cost of collection, that are generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087, regardless of whether such taxes are deemed consummated in group A or group 186 В.
- 187 6. (1) For purposes of administering the distribution formula of 188 subsections 4 and 5 of this section, the revenues arising each year from sales occurring within each group A city, town or village shall be distributed as follows: 189 190 until such revenues reach the adjusted county average, as hereinafter defined, 191 there shall be distributed to the city, town or village all of such revenues reduced 192 by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of 193 the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; and once revenues exceed the adjusted county average, total 194 revenues shall be shared in accordance with the redistribution formula as defined 195 in this subsection. 196
- 197 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the "adjusted county average" is the 198 per capita countywide average of all sales tax distributions during the prior 199 calendar year reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied 200 by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been 201 annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; the redistribution formula is as 202 follows: during 1994, each group A city, town and village shall receive that 203 portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that

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remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of 206 unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 208 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of 8.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted county average. During 1995, each group A city, town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 216 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of seventeen multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per 219 capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted county average. From January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, each group A city, town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of 25.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted county average. From and after January 1, 2000, the distribution formula covering the period from January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, shall continue to apply, 233 except that the percentage computed for sales arising within the municipalities shall be not less than 7.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county average, nor less than 12.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county average by at least twenty-five percent.

238 (3) For purposes of applying the redistribution formula to a municipality 239 which is partly within the county levying the tax, the distribution shall be

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calculated alternately for the municipality as a whole, except that the factor for annexed portion of the county shall not be applied to the portion of the 242 municipality which is not within the county levying the tax, and for the portion 243 of the municipality within the county levying the tax. Whichever calculation 244 results in the larger distribution to the municipality shall be used.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the fifty percent 246 of additional sales taxes as described in section 99.845 arising from economic activities within the area of a redevelopment project established after July 12, 1990, pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, while tax increment financing 248 remains in effect shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales 249 taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. Further, any agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which provides for an appropriation of incremental sales tax revenues to the special allocation fund of a tax increment financing project while tax increment financing 256 remains in effect shall continue to be in full force and effect and the sales taxes so appropriated shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. In addition, and notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, economic development funds shall be distributed in full 262 to the municipality in which the sales producing them were deemed consummated. Additionally, economic development funds shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. As used in this subdivision, the term "economic development funds" means the amount of sales tax revenue generated in any fiscal year by projects authorized pursuant to 268 chapter 99 or chapter 100 in connection with which such sales tax revenue was pledged as security for, or was guaranteed by a developer to be sufficient to pay, outstanding obligations under any agreement authorized by chapter 100, entered into or adopted prior to September 1, 1993, between a municipality and another public body. The cumulative amount of economic development funds allowed under this provision shall not exceed the total amount necessary to amortize the obligations involved.

7. If the qualified voters of any city, town or village vote to change or alter

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its boundaries by annexing any unincorporated territory included in group B or if the qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group A and the qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group B vote to consolidate, 279the area annexed or the area consolidated which had been a part of group B shall 280 remain a part of group B after annexation or consolidation. After the effective date of the annexation or consolidation, the annexing or consolidated city, town or village shall receive a percentage of the group B distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the annexed or consolidated area bears to the total population of group B and such annexed area shall not be classified as unincorporated area for determination of the percentage allocable to the county. If the qualified voters of any two or more cities, towns or villages in group A each vote to consolidate such cities, towns or villages, then such consolidated cities, towns or villages shall remain a part of group A. For the purpose of sections 66.600 to 66.630, population shall be as determined by the last federal decennial census or the latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the purpose of calculating the adjustment based on the percentage of unincorporated county population which is annexed after April 1, 1993, the accumulated percentage immediately before each census shall be used as the new percentage base after such census. After any annexation, incorporation or other municipal boundary change affecting the unincorporated area of the county, the chief elected official of the county shall certify the new population of the unincorporated area of the county and the percentage of the population which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, to the director of revenue. After the adoption 300 of the county sales tax ordinance, any city, town or village in group A may by adoption of an ordinance by its governing body cease to be a part of group A and become a part of group B. Within ten days after the adoption of the ordinance transferring the city, town or village from one group to the other, the clerk of the 303 transferring city, town or village shall forward to the director of revenue, by 305 registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance. Distribution to such city as a part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin on 306 the first day of January of the year following notification to the director of 308 revenue, provided such notification is received by the director of revenue on or 309 before the first day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is 310 adopted. If such notification is received by the director of revenue after the first day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is adopted, then

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distribution to such city as a part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin the first day of July of the year following such notification to the director of revenue. Once a group A city, town or village becomes a part of group B, such city may not transfer back to group A.

- 8. If any city, town or village shall hereafter change or alter its boundaries, the city clerk of the municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the municipality. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the municipality clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be redistributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the change of the municipal boundary so that the proper percentage of group B distributable revenue is allocated to the municipality in proportion to any annexed territory. If any area of the unincorporated county elects to incorporate subsequent to the effective date of the county sales tax as set forth in sections 66.600 to 66.630, the newly incorporated municipality shall remain a part of group B. The city clerk of such newly incorporated municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the incorporation election returns and a map of the municipality clearly showing the boundaries thereof. The certified copy of the incorporation election returns shall reflect the effective date of the incorporation. Upon receipt of the incorporation election returns and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the incorporation.
- 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the **repeal shall be effective** as **provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The** director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of

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348 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance 349 in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 350 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or 351 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

352 10. Except as modified in sections 66.600 to 66.630, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 66.600 to 66.630.

67.395. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.391 to 67.395 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of 3 collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087 shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Anti-Drug Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 10 trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.391 to 67.395, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the 11 12 county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 13 14 preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of 15 16 funds arising from the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall be by an 17 appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county.

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the

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state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

3. Except as modified in sections 67.391 to 67.395, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.391 to 67.395.

67.525. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.500 to 67.545 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost 3 of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a county sales tax trust fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the county sales tax trust fund established by section 66.620. [The moneys in such county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of 10 money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 11 12 and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 14 preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as 15 may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the 16 tax authorized by sections 67.500 to 67.545, the sum due the county as certified 17 by the director of revenue.

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the **repeal shall be effective** as **provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The** director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the

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state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

- 3. Except as modified in sections 67.500 to 67.545, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.500 to 67.545.
- 67.571. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with a population of more than eighty-two thousand inhabitants and less than ninety thousand inhabitants may, in addition to any tourism sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 67.671 to 67.685, by a majority vote, impose a sales tax on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.527 for the funding of museums and festivals. For purposes of this section, the term "funding of museums and festivals" shall mean:
  - (1) Funding of museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) corporation and which are considered by the board to be tourism attractions; and
- 11 (2) Funding of organizations that are registered as 501(C)(3) corporations 12 which promote cultural heritage tourism including festivals and the arts.
- 2. Any question submitted to the voters of such county to establish a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose
a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent to be used to
fund (museums, cultural heritage, festivals) in certain areas of the
county?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, and the tax takes effect pursuant to this section, the museums and festivals board appointed pursuant to subsection 5 of this section shall determine in what manner the tax revenue moneys will be expended, and disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with directions of the board which are consistent with the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made for the employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such

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personnel. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made directly to 30 corporations pursuant to subsection 1 of this section. No such tax revenue moneys shall be disbursed to or on behalf of any corporation, organization or 32 33 entity that is not duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) 34 organization.

- 35 4. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate not to exceed two-tenths of one percent on receipts from the sale of certain 36 tangible personal property or taxable services within the county pursuant to 38 sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 39 5. The governing body of any county which imposes a sales tax pursuant 40 to this section may establish a museums and festivals board for the purpose of expending funds collected from any sales tax submitted and approved by the 41 42 county's voters pursuant to this section. The board shall be comprised of six 43 members who are appointed by the governing body of the county from a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the 44 county. The board shall be comprised of three members from each of the two 45 46 political parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, but of the members first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be 47 48 appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the county from which he or she is 49 50 appointed. The members of the board shall not receive compensation for service 51 on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the tax revenue money for any 52 reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board.
  - 6. In the area of each county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 67.571 to 67.577, every retailer within such area shall add the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577 to his sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 58 7. In counties imposing a tax under the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577, in order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to 59 collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 60 requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, 61 and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the [governing body may authorize the 63 use of a bracket system similar to that tax shall be calculated as authorized by the provisions of section 144.285[, and notwithstanding the provisions of that 64 65 section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and

- 66 shall apply to all taxable transactions].
- 8. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.576. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax 2 imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577:
- 3 (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.510 4 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 5 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of 6 sections 67.571 to 67.577;
- 7 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and 8 persons under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510 are hereby made 9 applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.510 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of sections 67.571 to 67.577, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 3. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to that act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 4. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.510 for a violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 5. [For the purposes of the sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.] Except as provided in sections 67.571 to 67.577, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.571 to 67.577.
  - 67.578. 1. The governing authority of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred but less than sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants may impose a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-fifth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections

144.010 to [144.525] **144.527**, to be used solely for the funding of museums. For purposes of this section, the term "museums" means museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the board to be a tourism attraction. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all 10 other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax shall be imposed 11 pursuant to this section unless the governing authority submits to the voters of 12 the county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal 13 to authorize the governing authority to impose the tax. 14 15 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 16 following language: 17 Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding 18 19 of museums? "Museums" means museums operating in the county, 20 which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue 21Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the 22museum board to be a tourism attraction. 23  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 24 25 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 26 27 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 28 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective [on 29 the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the tax as provided by subsection 19 of section 30 31 **32.087.** If the proposal receives less than the required majority of votes, then the 32 governing authority shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the governing authority has again submitted another proposal to authorize the 33 34 governing authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting 35 36 thereon. 37 3. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue shall 38 be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. [The director may 39 retain an amount not to exceed one percent for deposit in the general revenue 40 fund to offset the costs of collection.] In order to permit sellers required to collect

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42 and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and 43 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the 44 [governing authority may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that] 45 tax shall be calculated as authorized [in] by section 144.285[, and 46 notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be 47 used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable 48 49 transactions]. Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the 50 purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same 51 52 manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall 53 be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.

- 4. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons pursuant to sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid pursuant to this section, or in the event a determination has been made against the person for taxes and penalty pursuant to this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527**.
- 5. The governing authority may authorize any museum board already existing in the county, or may establish a museum board, to expend revenue collected pursuant to this section. In the event that no museum board already exists, the board established pursuant to this section shall consist of six members

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78 who are appointed by the governing authority from a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the county, with three members from each of the two parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, 80 but of the members first appointed, [one] two shall be appointed for a term of 81 one year, two shall be appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be 82 appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the 83 county. The members shall not receive compensation for service on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the revenues collected pursuant to this section for any 85 reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board. The board 86 87 shall determine in what manner the revenues will be expended, and 88 disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with this 89 section. Expenditures may be made for the employment of personnel selected by 90 the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, and the board is 91 expressly authorized to employ such personnel. 92

6. The governing authority may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters at any county or state general, primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of county) repeal the sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums?

99  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

[If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the repeal was approved.]

67.581. 1. In addition to the sales tax permitted by sections 66.600 to 66.630, any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may impose an additional countywide sales tax on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.527 upon approval by a vote of the qualified voters of the county. The proposal may be submitted to the voters by the governing body of the county and shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election upon petitions signed by a number of qualified voters

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residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county in the next preceding gubernatorial election filed with the governing body of the county. The submission shall include the levying of a sales tax at a rate 11 of not to exceed two hundred seventy-five one-thousandths of one percent on the 12 receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable 13 services within the county which are also taxable under the provisions of sections 14 66.600 to 66.630, and shall provide for the distribution of the proceeds in the manner provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If either 16 of the alternative distribution systems as provided in subsection 4 or subsection 17 18 5 of this section is approved by the voters, then the alternative system of 19 distribution may not be submitted to the voters for at least three years from the 20 date of such voter approval.

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language:

Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_ levy an additional sales tax at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate) and distribute the proceeds in the manner provided in \_\_\_\_\_ (insert proper reference) (subsection 4)(subsection 5) of section 67.581, RSMo?

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the additional sales tax shall be levied and collected and the proceeds from the additional tax shall be distributed as provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the additional sales tax authorized by this section unless and until a proposal for the levy of such tax is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county.

- 3. The provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087, except to the extent otherwise provided in this section, shall govern the levy, collection, distribution and other procedures related to an additional sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 4. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section, and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed first to those municipalities that did not receive during the preceding calendar year ninety-five percent of the

amount the municipality would have received by multiplying the population of the municipality by the average per capita sales tax receipt for such county in an amount which will bring each municipality receipt of sales tax moneys up to ninety-five percent of the average per capita receipts from the proceeds of the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630. Any remainder of the money received from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be distributed to all municipalities on the ratio that the population of each municipality bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the total sales tax revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630 by the total population of the county. Population of each municipality, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial census. For the purposes of this subsection, any city, town, village or the unincorporated area of the county shall be considered a municipality.

- 5. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages, and the unincorporated areas of the county in group B and to such cities, towns and villages in group A as necessary so that no city, town, or village in group A receives from the combined proceeds of both the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section and the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630, less than the per capita amount received by the cities, towns and villages and the unincorporated area of the county in group B receives from the total proceeds from both sales taxes.
- 6. The governing body of any county which is imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 may on its own motion and shall, upon petitions filed with the governing body of the county signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county at the next preceding gubernatorial election, submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to change the method of distribution of sales tax proceeds from the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620 to the method provided in this subsection. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the proceeds from the county sales tax be distributed among

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81 the county of and the various cities, towns and villages 82 therein in the manner provided in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 6 of section 67.581, RSMo, in lieu of the present manner 83 84 of distribution?

85  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the sales tax imposed by the county under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed in the manner provided in this subsection and not in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to order the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the method provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, unless and until a proposal authorizing such method of distribution is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county. If the voters approve the change in the method of distribution of the sales tax proceeds in the manner provided in this subsection, the county clerk of the county shall notify the director of revenue of the change in the method of distribution within ten days after adoption of the proposal and shall inform the director of the effective date of the change in the method of distribution, which shall be on the first day of the third calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice. After the effective date of the change in the manner of distribution, the director of revenue shall distribute the proceeds of the sales tax imposed by such county under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the manner of distribution provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. The proceeds of the sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in any county which elects to have the proceeds distributed in the manner provided in this subsection shall be distributed in the following manner:

(1) The proceeds from the sales taxes shall be distributed to the cities, towns and villages in group A and to the cities, towns and villages, and the county in group B as defined in section 66.620 in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, until an amount equal to the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section has been distributed;

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- (2) All moneys received in excess of the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages and to the county on the basis that the population of each city, town or village, and in the case of the county the basis that the population of the unincorporated area of the county, bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the remaining amount of the total sales tax revenues by the total population of the county. Population of each city, town or village, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial census.
- 7. No municipality incorporated after the adoption of the tax authorized by this section shall be included as other than part of the unincorporated area of the county nor receive any share of either the proceeds from the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section or the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 unless, at the time of incorporation, such municipality had a population of ten thousand or more.
- 8. The county sales tax imposed pursuant to this section on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within the county imposing the additional sales tax. The amounts so collected[, less one percent collection cost,] shall be deposited in the county sales tax trust fund to be distributed in accordance with section 66.620. [The purchase or sale of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant for a certificate of title.]
- 9. No tax shall be imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of funding in whole or in part the construction, operation or maintenance of a sports stadium, field house, indoor or outdoor recreational facility, center, playing field, parking facility or anything incidental or necessary to a complex suitable for any type of professional sport, either upon, above or below the ground.
- 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the

153 tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety 154 days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue 155 may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 156 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 157 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 158 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 159 160 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 161 162 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or 163 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

67.582. 1. The governing body of any county, except a county of the first class with a charter form of government with a population of greater than four hundred thousand inhabitants, is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

- 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:
- 15 (1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax 16 authorized by this section the ballot shall contain substantially the following:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for the county?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

21 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite

"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box

23 opposite "NO"; or

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24 (2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to enter into 25 agreements to form a regional jail district and obligates the county to make

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26 payments from the tax authorized by this section the ballot shall contain 27 substantially the following:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (county's name) be authorized to enter into agreements for the purpose of forming a regional jail district and obligating the county to impose a countywide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) to fund \_\_\_\_\_ dollars of the costs to construct a regional jail and to fund the costs to operate a regional jail, with any funds in excess of that necessary to construct and operate such jail to be used for law enforcement purposes?

 $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the constitutionally required percentage of the voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Revenue placed in the special trust fund may also be utilized for capital improvement projects for law enforcement facilities and for

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62 the payment of any interest and principal on bonds issued for said capital 63 improvement projects.

- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Law Enforcement Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any law enforcement functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the law enforcement tax to the voters.
- 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund,

98 for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of 99 such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 100 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 101 102 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close 103 the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 104 105 the county.

7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.583. 1. The governing body of any county of the second class with a population of more than forty thousand but less than sixty thousand and which contains institutions operated by the department of corrections and by the department of mental health is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law; provided, however, that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of providing retirement and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents?

19  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

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If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are

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27 opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no 28 power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the 29 governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section 30 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 31 32 thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be 33 submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section. 34

- 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing retirement and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents.
- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Employee Benefit Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county employee benefit sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all 52expenditures of funds arising from the county employee benefit sales tax trust fund shall be for the provision of retirement benefits or health care benefits for employees of the county and their dependents and for no other purpose.
  - 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue

63 may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 64 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 65 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 66 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance 67 in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 68 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or 69 70 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

- 6. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.584. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.
- 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

16	Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide
17	sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law
18	enforcement services for the county?

19 ☐ YES ☐ NO
20 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the properties of the proper

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If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the

proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. Twenty-five percent of the revenue received by a county treasurer from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. The remainder of revenue shall be deposited in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund established pursuant to section 67.582 of the county levying the tax pursuant to this section. The revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for public law enforcement services only. No revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for any private contractor providing law enforcement services or for any private jail.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the prosecuting attorney's trust fund shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any county [, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Prosecuting Attorney's Office Sales Tax Trust Fund" or in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund, pursuant to the deposit ratio in subsection 3 of this section. [The moneys in the trust funds shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trusts and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall

63 be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 64 deposited in the trust funds during the preceding month to the county which 65 levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each 66 such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from either trust fund shall be 67 by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such 68 county. Expenditures may be made from the funds for any functions authorized 70 in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the 71 voters.

- 72 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust funds and credited to any county for 74 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 75 and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided by 76 77 subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] before the effective date of the repeal 78 79 and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the appropriate trust 80 81 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt 82 of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of the tax and to redeem 83 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 84 85 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county established pursuant to this section. The director of 86 87 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county. 88
- 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

67.712. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.700 to 67.727 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Alternate Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county alternate sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The

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director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.700 to 67.727, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county.

- 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727 in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 3. Except as modified in sections 67.700 to 67.727, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.700 to 67.727.
  - 67.713. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712, as to the disposition of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, one-fifth of the sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by section 67.701 on behalf of any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more[, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as

provided in sections 67.700 to 67.727, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County-Municipal Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and of the municipalities within the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of the department of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within such county as follows:

- (1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;
- (2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the county; and
- (3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.
- 2. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county or municipality. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one

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44 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 45 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or 46 municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director 47 of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance of any 48 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or 49 municipality.

- 3. If the governing body of any municipality located wholly or partially within the county so requests by resolution, no funds shall be expended from the proceeds of any tax imposed under section 67.701 within the corporate boundaries of the requesting municipality for the construction, reconstruction or widening of any road established or to be established pursuant to section 137.558, the total cost of which exceeds one hundred thousand dollars unless: (a) a public hearing is first held at a place near such proposed action; and (b) plans and specifications of such proposed action are prepared and a cost-benefit analysis prepared in accordance with accepted accounting principles of such proposed action is presented to such public hearing. Such cost-benefit analysis and its work papers shall be a public document and subject to inspection as provided in chapter 610. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to proposed projects in unincorporated areas of the county.
- of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may, in the same manner and by the same procedure and subject to the same penalties as set out in sections 67.700 to 67.727, impose a sales tax of not more than one-tenth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.527 for the purpose of funding storm water control and public works projects other than stadiums or other sports facilities. This sales tax shall be in addition to any other sales tax authorized by law.
  - 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712 as to the disposition of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, all sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by this section on behalf of any county [, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in

the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within such county as follows:

- (1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;
- (2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the county; and
- (3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.
- 3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each

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54 county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from 55 receipts due the county.

4. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.737. Except as modified in sections 67.730 to 67.739, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.730 to 67.739.

67.738. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.730 to 67.739 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for the cost 2 of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 3 payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Capital Improvement Bond Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county capital improvement bond sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.730 to 67.739, and the records shall be open to the 11 inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the 12 tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 13 deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the 14 county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county 15 16 ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.730 17 to 67.739, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county.

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refund from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal or expiration and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal or

expiration of the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739 in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due

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67.745. 1. Any county of the third classification without a township form
2 of government and with more than eleven thousand seven hundred fifty but fewer
3 than eleven thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants may impose a sales tax
4 throughout the county on all retail sales made in the county which are
5 subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.527 for public
6 recreational projects and programs, but the sales tax authorized by this section
7 shall not become effective unless the governing body of such county submits to the
8 qualified voters of the county a proposal to authorize the county to impose the
9 sales tax.

2. The ballot submission shall be in substantially the following form: Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of up to one percent for the purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

 $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

- 3. If approved by a majority of qualified voters **voting on the issue** in the county, the governing body of the county shall appoint a board of directors consisting of nine members. Of the initial members appointed to the board, three members shall be appointed for a term of three years, three members shall be appointed for a term of two years, and three members shall be appointed for a term of one year. After the initial appointments, board members shall be appointed to three-year terms.
  - 4. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one percent on the receipts from the retail sale of all tangible personal property or taxable service within the county[, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525.]
  - 5. All revenue collected from the sales tax under this section by the director of revenue on behalf of a county[, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby

created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Trust Fund". [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of such county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each calendar month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding calendar month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such officer as may be designated by county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax under this section the sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue.

- 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the **repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.** The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund for a period of one year of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in a county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of such county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due such county.
- 7. The tax authorized under this section may be imposed in accordance with this section by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized in sections 67.750 to 67.780.
- 8. The sales tax imposed under this section shall expire twenty years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in the county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.
- 9. The provisions of this section shall not in any way affect or limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain, and conduct parks and other recreational grounds for public recreation.

68 10. Except as modified in this section, the provisions of sections 32.085 69 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.782. 1. Any county of the third class having a population of more than ten thousand and less than fifteen thousand and any county of the second class 2 having a population of more than fifty-eight thousand and less than seventy 3 thousand adjacent to such third class county, both counties making up the same judicial circuit, may jointly impose a sales tax throughout each of their respective counties on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.527 for public recreational purposes 7 including the financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, but the sales taxes authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of each such county submits 10 to the voters of their respective counties a proposal to authorize the counties to 11 12 impose the sales tax. 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: 13 14

2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following for Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ percent in conjunction with the county of \_\_\_\_\_ for the purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

19  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

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20 If a separate majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon in each county are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be 2122 in effect in both counties. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters 23 voting thereon in either county are opposed to the proposal, then the governing 24 body of neither county shall have power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless or until the governing body of the county that has not approved the 25 tax shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body 26 to impose the tax, and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 2728voters voting thereon in that county.

- 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable service at retail within the county adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527.
  - 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section

on behalf of any county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county recreation sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county.

- 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the **repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The** director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 6. The tax authorized by this section may be imposed, in accordance with this section, by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized by sections 67.750 to 67.780.
- 7. Any county imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section may contract with the authority of any other county or with any city or political subdivision for the financing, acquisition, operation, construction,

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maintenance, or utilization of any recreation facility or project or program funded in whole or in part from revenues derived from the tax levied pursuant to the 73 provisions of this section.

- 8. The sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall expire twenty-five years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.
- 79 9. The governing body of each of the counties imposing a sales tax under 80 the provisions of this section may cooperate with the governing body of any 81 county or other political subdivision of this state in carrying out the provisions 82 of this section, and may establish and conduct jointly a system of public 83 recreation. The respective governing bodies administering programs jointly may provide by agreement among themselves for all matters connected with the 84 85 programs and determine what items of cost and expense shall be paid by each.
- 86 10. The provisions of this section shall not in any way repeal, affect or limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain and conduct parks and other recreational grounds for public recreation. 88
- 89 11. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 90 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.799. 1. A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose an annual property tax for the establishment and 3 maintenance of public parks and recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of the regional recreational district not to exceed sixty cents per year on each one hundred dollars of assessed valuation on all property within the district, except that no such tax shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state 8 general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax. 9
- 2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: Shall a \_\_\_\_\_ cent tax per one hundred dollars assessed valuation 10 be levied for public parks and recreational facilities? 11 12  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

13 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective as 14 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast 15 by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of SB 659 50

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17 directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the board of 18 directors of the district submits another proposal to authorize the tax and such 19 proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- 3. The property tax authorized in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other ad valorem property taxes are levied and collected.
- 4. (1) A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose a tax not to exceed one-half of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance of public parks, recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of a regional 28recreational district. The tax authorized by this subsection shall be in addition 29 to all other sales taxes allowed by law. No tax pursuant to this subsection shall become effective unless the board of directors submits to the voters of the district, 30 at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax, and such tax shall become effective only after the majority of the voters voting on such tax approve such tax.
  - (2) In the event the district seeks to impose a sales tax pursuant to this subsection, the question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: Shall a \_\_\_\_\_ cent sales tax be levied on all retail sales within the

37 district for public parks and recreational facilities?

38  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until another proposal to authorize the tax is submitted to the voters of the district and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. The provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax approved pursuant to this subsection.

5. As used in this section, "qualified voters" or "voters" means any individuals residing within the proposed district who are eligible to be registered voters and who have registered to vote under chapter 115 or, if no individuals eligible and registered to vote reside within the proposed district, all of the owners of real property located within the proposed district who have

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unanimously petitioned for or consented to the adoption of an ordinance by the governing body imposing a tax authorized in this section. If the owner of the property within the proposed district is a political subdivision or corporation of the state, the governing body of such political subdivision or corporation shall be considered the owner for purposes of this section.

67.997. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand one hundred but fewer than eighteen thousand two hundred inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the 5 county which are subject to sales tax under [chapter 144] sections 144.010 to 144.527. The tax authorized in this section shall not exceed one-fourth of one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county. One-half of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the cost of collection, shall be used solely to 10 fund any service or activity deemed necessary by the senior service tax commission established in this section, and one-half of all revenue collected under 11 12 this section, less one-half the cost of collection, shall be used solely to fund all youth programs administered by an existing county community task force. The 13 tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed 14 by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The 15 16 order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the 17 county submits to the voters residing within the county at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the 18 19 county to impose a tax under this section.

20 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be 21 in substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax at
a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent, with half of the
revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used
solely to fund senior services provided by the county and half of the
revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used
solely to fund youth programs provided by the county?
$\square$ YES $\square$ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

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32 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 33 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the 34 first day of the second calendar quarter immediately following the approval of the tax or notification to the department of revenue if such tax will be administered 35 by the department of revenue as provided by subsection 19 of section 36 **32.087.** If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters 37 voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective 38 unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified 39 40 voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 41 on the question.

- 3. [On or after the effective date of any tax authorized under this section, the county which imposed the tax shall enter into an agreement with the director of the department of revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. On or after the effective date of the tax the director of revenue shall be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and Sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of any county, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Senior Services and Youth Programs Sales Tax Trust Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 4. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body of the county may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized in section 144.285 and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable

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transactions.] Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. [For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.]

- 73 5. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 74 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax[, and all exemptions granted to 75 76 agencies of government, organizations, and persons under sections 144.010 to 77144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the 78 tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate 79 required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of 80 the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; 81 82 except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer under the state 83 84 sales tax for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 85 86 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount 87 required to be paid under this section, or in the event a determination has been 88 89 made against the person for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation 90 for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the 91 same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525].
  - 6. The governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

95	shall be in substantially the following form:
96	Shall (insert the name of the county) repeal the sales tax
97	imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for the
98	purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by
99	the county?
100	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO
101	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
102	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
103	opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. 

- 7. Whenever the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 8. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the county shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action [at least thirty days] before the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 9. Each county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish a senior services tax commission to administer the portion of the sales tax

revenue dedicated to providing senior services. Such commission shall consist of seven members appointed by the county commission. The county commission shall determine the qualifications, terms of office, compensation, powers, duties, restrictions, procedures, and all other necessary functions of the commission.

67.1300. 1. The governing body of any of the contiguous counties of the third classification without a township form of government enumerated in subdivisions (1) to (5) of this subsection or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second classification, having a population of at least forty thousand but less than forty-five thousand with a state 5 university, and adjoining a county of the first classification with part of a city 6 with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants or a county of the third classification with a township form of government and with a population of at least eight thousand but less than eight thousand four hundred inhabitants or a county of the third classification with more than fifteen 10 11 townships having a population of at least twenty-one thousand inhabitants or a county of the third classification without a township form of government and with 12 13 a population of at least seven thousand four hundred but less than eight thousand inhabitants or any county of the third classification with a population 14 15 greater than three thousand but less than four thousand or any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand one hundred but 16 17 less than six thousand four hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand eight hundred but less than seven 18 thousand or any county of the third classification with a population greater than 19 20 seven thousand eight hundred but less than seven thousand nine hundred or any 21county of the third classification with a population greater than eight thousand 22 four hundred sixty but less than eight thousand five hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than nine thousand but less than 23 nine thousand two hundred or any county of the third classification with a 24population greater than ten thousand five hundred but less than ten thousand six 25 26 hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand seven 27 28 hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 29 thirty-three thousand but less than thirty-four thousand or a county of the third 30 classification with a population greater than twenty thousand eight hundred but 31 less than twenty-one thousand or a county of the third classification with a 32 population greater than fourteen thousand one hundred but less than fourteen

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33 thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a population 34 greater than twenty thousand eight hundred fifty but less than twenty-two thousand or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 35 thirty-nine thousand but less than forty thousand or a county of the third 36 classification with a township form of organization and a population greater than 37 twenty-eight thousand but less than twenty-nine thousand or a county of the 38 third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less than 39 40 fifteen thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than eighteen thousand but less than nineteen thousand 41 42 seventy or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 43 thirteen thousand nine hundred but less than fourteen thousand four hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-seven 44 45 thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand five hundred or a county of the 46 first classification without a charter form of government and a population of at least eighty thousand but not greater than eighty-three thousand or a county of 47 the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less 48 49 than fifteen thousand nine hundred without a township form of government which does not adjoin any county of the first, second or fourth classification or a 50 51 county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three thousand but less than twenty-five thousand without a township form of 5253 government which does not adjoin any county of the second or fourth classification and does adjoin a county of the first classification with a population 54 greater than one hundred twenty thousand but less than one hundred fifty 55 thousand or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the 56 57 second classification, having a population of at least forty-eight thousand or any governing body of a municipality located in any of such counties may impose, by 58 ordinance or order, a sales tax on all retail sales made in such county or 59 60 municipality which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527**: 61

- (1) A county with a population of at least four thousand two hundred inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants;
- (2) A county with a population of at least four thousand seven hundred inhabitants but not more than four thousand nine hundred inhabitants;
- 66 (3) A county with a population of at least seven thousand three hundred inhabitants but not more than seven thousand six hundred inhabitants;
  - (4) A county with a population of at least ten thousand one hundred

69 inhabitants but not more than ten thousand three hundred inhabitants; and

- 70 (5) A county with a population of at least four thousand three hundred 71 inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants.
- 72 2. The maximum rate for a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be one 73 percent for municipalities and one-half of one percent for counties.
  - 3. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county or municipality submits to the voters of the county or municipality, at a regularly scheduled county, municipal or state general or primary election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose a tax. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not be authorized for a period of more than five years.
- 4. Such proposal shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

  Shall the (city, town, village or county) of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax

  of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of economic development

  in the (city, town, village or county)?

 $\square$  NO

 $\square$  YES

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county or municipality shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until the governing body of the county or municipality resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon; however no such proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last such proposal.

- 5. All revenue received by a county or municipality from the tax authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for economic development purposes within such county or municipality for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.
  - 6. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by

any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for economic development purposes within the county or municipality. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county or municipal funds.

- 7. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any county or municipality, [less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Local Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".
- 8. [The moneys in the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and the public.
- 9. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county or municipality which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or municipality. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any economic development purposes authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.
- 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties and municipalities.
- 11. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the **repeal shall be effective**140 as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue

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141 may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 142 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 143 144 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 145 abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the 146 account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each 147 148 county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 149 redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

- 150 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 151 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 152 13. For purposes of this section, the term "economic development" is 153 limited to the following:
- 154 (1) Operations of economic development or community development 155 offices, including the salaries of employees;
  - (2) Provision of training for job creation or retention;
- 157 (3) Provision of infrastructure and sites for industrial development or for public infrastructure projects; and
- 159 (4) Refurbishing of existing structures and property relating to community 160 development.

67.1303. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants, any home rule city with more than forty-five thousand five hundred but less than forty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any city within any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than forty thousand eight hundred but less than forty thousand nine 10 hundred inhabitants or any city within such county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are 11 12 subject to sales tax under [chapter 144] sections 144.010 to 144.527. In 13 addition, the governing body of any county of the first classification with more 14 than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants or the governing body of any home rule city with more than 15 seventy-three thousand but less than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may

impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or 17 county which are subject to sales tax under [chapter 144] sections 144.010 to 19 144.527. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective 20 unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city 2122or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize the 23 governing body to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this 24 section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be 25 stated separately from all other charges and taxes. 26 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be 27in substantially the following form: 28 Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales tax at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic 29 30 development purposes?  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 31 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 32 33 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the 34 first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the election was held as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a 35 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon 36 37 are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and 38 until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 39 40 question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal. 41 42 3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be 43 used for any retail development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue

- 3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 47 (1) Acquisition of land;
- 48 (2) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;
- 49 (3) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 50 (4) Extension of streets;
- 51 (5) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants;
- 52 (6) Marketing;

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53 (7) Construction and operation of job training and educational facilities; 54 and

- (8) Providing grants and low-interest loans to companies for job training, equipment acquisition, site development, and infrastructure. Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated may be used annually for administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.
- 4. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.
- 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax authorized under this section, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. Each city or county shall notify the director of revenue prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
- **6.** Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an economic development tax board. The board shall consist of eleven

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89 members, to be appointed as follows:

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- (1) Two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts are included within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section. Such members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;
- (2) One member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts, to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within 96 the area selected for an economic development project or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section, excluding representatives of the governing body of the city or county;
  - (3) One member shall be appointed by the largest public school district in the city or county;
  - (4) In each city or county, five members shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city or county with the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city or county;
- (5) In each city, two members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county in which the city is located. In each county, two members shall be 106 appointed by the governing body of the county. At the option of the members appointed by a city or county the members who are appointed by the school 108 boards and other taxing districts may serve on the board for a term to coincide 109 with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or designation of an economic development area is considered for approval by the board, or for the 110 definite terms as provided in this subsection. If the members representing school districts and other taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the 113 length of time an economic development project, plan, or area is approved, such term shall terminate upon final approval of the project, plan, or designation of the area by the governing body of the city or county. If any school district or other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the board within thirty days 116 of receipt of written notice of a proposed economic development plan, economic development project, or designation of an economic development area, the 118 remaining members may proceed to exercise the power of the board. Of the 119 members first appointed by the city or county, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, three shall be designated to serve for a term of three years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed by the city or county shall serve for a term of four years, except that

all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.

- 127 [6.] 7. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or 128 county, shall develop economic development plans, economic development 129 projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public 130 hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or 131 132 designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within 133 thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 134 designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within 135 ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic 136 development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic 137 development area.
- 138 [7.] 8. The board shall report at least annually to the governing body of 139 the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the 140 progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section.
- [8.] 9. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes?

148  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

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- If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- [9.] 10. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed

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under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to 161 repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 163 voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] 164as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes 165 cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the 166 repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under 167 168 this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the 169 qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action 170 171 at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the 172 repeal.

- 11. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 12. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.1305. 1. As used in this section, the term "city" shall mean any 2 incorporated city, town, or village.
- 2. In lieu of the sales taxes authorized under sections 67.1300 and 67.1303, the governing body of any city or county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at any citywide, county or state general, primary or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The tax authorized in this section shall not be

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imposed by any city or county that has imposed a tax under section 67.1300 or 67.1303 unless the tax imposed under those sections has expired or been repealed.

3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales
tax at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic
development purposes?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

23 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 24 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which 25the election was held as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a 26 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon 2728 are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and 29 such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 30 question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than 31 32 twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal.

- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county or municipality, [less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Local Option Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".
- 5. [The moneys in the local option economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each city or county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or county and the public.
- 6. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local

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50 economic development sales tax trust fund shall be in accordance with this 51 section.

- 7. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities and counties.
- 8. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
- 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
  - 10. (1) No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project, except for the redevelopment of downtown areas and historic districts. Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated shall be used annually for administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.
- 75 (2) At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax 76 authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to 77 long-term economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the 78 following:
- 79 (a) Acquisition of land;
  - (b) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;
- 81 (c) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 82 (d) Extension of streets;
- 83 (e) Public facilities directly related to economic development and job 84 creation; and
- 85 (f) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants relating to such

- 86 long-term projects.
- 87 (3) The remaining revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section 88 may be used for, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- 89 (a) Marketing;

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- 90 (b) Providing grants and loans to companies for job training, equipment 91 acquisition, site development, and infrastructures;
- 92 (c) Training programs to prepare workers for advanced technologies and 93 high skill jobs;
- 94 (d) Legal and accounting expenses directly associated with the economic 95 development planning and preparation process;
- 96 (e) Developing value-added and export opportunities for Missouri 97 agricultural products.
- 11. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.
- 105 12. (1) Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section 106 shall establish an economic development tax board. The volunteer board shall 107 receive no compensation or operating budget.
- 108 (2) The economic development tax board established by a city shall consist
  109 of at least five members, but may be increased to nine members. Either a
  110 five-member or nine-member board shall be designated in the order or ordinance
  111 imposing the sales tax authorized by this section, and the members are to be
  112 appointed as follows:
- 113 (a) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a 114 nine-member board, shall be appointed by the school districts included within any 115 economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this 116 section. Such member or members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon 117 by the affected districts;
- 118 (b) Three members of a five-member board, or five members of a 119 nine-member board, shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city with 120 the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city;
  - (c) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member

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board, shall be appointed by the governing body of the county in which the city is located.

- 124 (3) The economic development tax board established by a county shall 125 consist of seven members, to be appointed as follows:
- 126 (a) One member shall be appointed by the school districts included within 127 any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this 128 section. Such member shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the 129 affected districts:
- 130 (b) Four members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county; 131 and
- 132 (c) Two members from the cities, towns, or villages within the county 133 appointed in any manner agreed upon by the chief elected officers of the cities or 134 villages.
  - Of the members initially appointed, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, except that when a nine-member board is designated, seven of the members initially appointed shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.
  - (4) If an economic development tax board established by a city is already in existence on August 28, 2012, any increase in the number of members of the board shall be designated in an order or ordinance. The four board members added to the board shall be appointed to a term with an expiration coinciding with the expiration of the terms of the three board member positions that were originally appointed to terms of two years. Thereafter, the additional members appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the additional appointments.
  - 13. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall consider economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or

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designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area. The governing body of the city or county shall have the final determination on use and expenditure of any funds received from the tax imposed under this section.

- 14. The board may consider and recommend using funds received from the tax imposed under this section for plans, projects or area designations outside the boundaries of the city or county imposing the tax if, and only if:
- (1) The city or county imposing the tax or the state receives significant economic benefit from the plan, project or area designation; and
- (2) The board establishes an agreement with the governing bodies of all cities and counties in which the plan, project or area designation is located detailing the authority and responsibilities of each governing body with regard to the plan, project or area designation.
- 15. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the economic development sales tax imposed under this section when imposed within a special taxing district, including but not limited to a tax increment financing district, neighborhood improvement district, or community improvement district, shall be excluded from the calculation of revenues available to such districts, and no revenues from any sales tax imposed under this section shall be used for the purposes of any such district unless recommended by the economic development tax board established under this section and approved by the governing body imposing the tax.
- 182 16. The board and the governing body of the city or county imposing the tax shall report at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section and shall make such report available to the public.
- 17. Not later than the first day of March each year the board shall submit to the joint committee on economic development a report, not exceeding one page in length, which must include the following information for each project using the tax authorized under this section:
- 191 (1) A statement of its primary economic development goals;
- 192 (2) A statement of the total economic development sales tax revenues 193 received during the immediately preceding calendar year;

194	(3) A statement of total expenditures during the preceding calendar year
195	in each of the following categories:
196	(a) Infrastructure improvements;
197	(b) Land and/or buildings;
198	(c) Machinery and equipment;
199	(d) Job training investments;
200	(e) Direct business incentives;
201	(f) Marketing;
202	(g) Administration and legal expenses; and
203	(h) Other expenditures.
204	18. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales
205	tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the
206	voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of
207	submission shall be in substantially the following form:
208	Shall (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales
209	tax imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for
210	economic development purposes?
211	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO
212	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of the repeal, that
213	repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in
214	which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section
215	32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters
216	voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this
217	section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section
218	to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a
219	majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
220	19. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted
221	the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent
222	of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial
223	election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section,
224	the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal the tax. If a
225	majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon
226	are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December
227	thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided
228	by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the
229	question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the

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tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

20. If any provision of this section or section 67.1303 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of this section or section 67.1303 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section and section 67.1303 are declared severable.

67.1545. 1. Any district formed as a political subdivision may impose by resolution a district sales and use tax on all retail sales made in such district which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, except sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats [or], outboard motors [and sales to 5 or by public utilities and providers of communications, cable, or video services], electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by 7 the seller. Any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent. Such district sales and use tax may be imposed for any district purpose 10 designated by the district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters; except 11 that, no resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective unless 12the board of directors of the district submits to the qualified voters of the district, 13 by mail-in ballot, a proposal to authorize a sales and use tax pursuant to this section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters on the proposed 14 sales tax are in favor of the sales tax, then the resolution is adopted. If a 15 16 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters are opposed to the sales tax, then the resolution is void. 17

2. The ballot shall be substantially in the following form:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of district) Community Improvement

District impose a community improvement districtwide sales and

use tax at the maximum rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for a period

of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert number) years from the date on which such tax is

first imposed for the purpose of providing revenue for \_\_\_\_\_ (insert

general description of the purpose)?

□ YES □ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite

"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box

opposite "NO".

- 3. Within ten days after the qualified voters have approved the imposition of the sales and use tax, the district shall, in accordance with section 32.087, notify the director of the department of revenue. The sales and use tax authorized by this section shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of the department of revenue receives notice of the adoption of such tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.
- 4. [The director of the department of revenue shall collect any tax adopted pursuant to this section pursuant to section 32.087] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 5. In each district in which a sales and use tax is imposed pursuant to this section, every retailer shall add such additional tax imposed by the district to such retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the purchase price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 6. [In order to allow retailers to collect and report the sales and use tax authorized by this section as well as all other sales and use taxes required by law in the simplest and most efficient manner possible, a district may establish appropriate brackets to be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of the brackets provided in section 144.285.
- 7.] The penalties provided in sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527** shall apply to violations of this section.
  - [8.] 7. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section which is designated for a specific purpose shall be deposited into a special trust fund and expended solely for such purpose. Upon the expiration of any sales and use tax adopted pursuant to this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the specific purpose designated in the resolution adopted by the qualified voters. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for

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65 current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors pursuant to 66 applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.

- [9.] 8. A district may repeal by resolution any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section before the expiration date of such sales and use tax unless the repeal of such sales and use tax will impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities the district has incurred, moneys the district has borrowed or obligation the district has issued to finance any improvements or services rendered for the district.
- 73 **[10.] 9.** Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 115, an election for a district sales and use tax under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section.
  - 10. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.1712. 1. The governing body of any county located within the proposed metropolitan district is hereby authorized to impose by ordinance a one-tenth of one cent sales tax on all retail sales subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance of a metropolitan park and recreation district.
- 2. In addition to the tax authorized in subsection 1 of this section, the governing body of any county located within the metropolitan district as of January 1, 2012, is authorized to impose by ordinance an incremental sales tax of up to three-sixteenths of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation under sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the purpose of funding the operation and maintenance of the metropolitan park and recreation district. Such incremental sales tax shall not be implemented unless approved by the voters of the county with the largest population within the district and at least one other such county under subsection 2 of section 67.1715.
- 15 3. The taxes authorized by sections 67.1700 to 67.1769 shall be in addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law. The governing body of any county within 16 the metropolitan district enacting such an ordinance shall submit to the voters 17of such county a proposal to approve its ordinance imposing or increasing the 18 19 tax. Such ordinance shall become effective only after the majority of the voters voting on such ordinance approve such ordinance. The provisions of sections 20 2132.085 and 32.087 shall apply to any tax and increase in tax approved pursuant 22 to this section and sections 67.1715 to 67.1721.
  - 4. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the

24provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all 25 functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 26 operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax 2728 authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 29 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and 30 under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed 31 32 by the director of revenue.

67.1775. 1. The governing body of a city not within a county, or any county of this state may, after voter approval under this section, levy a sales tax not to exceed one-quarter of a cent in the county or city, or city not within a county, on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.527 for the purpose of providing services described in section 210.861, including counseling, family support, and temporary residential services to persons nineteen years of age or less. The 8 question shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, at a county or city or state general, primary or special 10 election upon the motion of the governing body of the county or city, or city not within a county or upon the petition of eight percent of the qualified voters of the 11 county or city, or city not within a county, determined on the basis of the number 12 13 of votes cast for governor in such county at the last gubernatorial election held prior to the filing of the petition. The election officials of the county or city, or 14 15 city not within a county, shall give legal notice as provided in chapter 115. The 16 question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ County or City, solely for the purpose of establishing a community children's services fund for the purpose of providing services to protect the well-being and safety of children and youth nineteen years of age or less and to strengthen families, be authorized to levy a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (not to exceed one-quarter of a cent) in the city or county?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

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If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director receives notification of the local sales tax] as provided

by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a question receives less than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, has submitted another question to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such question is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last question under this section.

- 2. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 3. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or county, or city not within a county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Community Children's Services Fund". [The moneys in the city or county, or city not within a county, community children's services fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the fund which was collected in each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each city or county, or city not within a county, and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the fund during the preceding month by distributing to the city or county treasurer, or the treasurer of a city not within a county, or such other officer as may be designated by a city or county ordinance or order, or ordinance or order of a city not within a county, of each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing the tax authorized by this section,

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64 the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the city or county.

- 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to any city or county, or city not within a county, for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each city or county, or city not within a county, shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city not within a county or such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county, or city not within a county, and close the account of that city or county, or city not within a county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county, or city not within a county, of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
- 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
  - 6. All revenues generated by the tax prescribed in this section shall be deposited in the county treasury or, in a city not within a county, to the board established by law to administer such fund to the credit of a special community children's services fund to accomplish the purposes set out herein and in section 210.861, and shall be used for no other purpose. Such fund shall be administered by a board of directors, established under section 210.861.

67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except sales of [food as defined in section 144.014, sales of] new or used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or other outboard motors[, all utilities, telephone and wireless services, and sales of funeral services,] made on or after January 1, 2022, within the district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. Upon the written request of the board to the election authority of the county in which a majority of the area of the district is situated, such election authority shall submit a proposition to the residents of

such district at a municipal or statewide primary or general election, or at a special election called for that purpose. Such election authority shall give legal 12 notice as provided in chapter 115. 13 2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in substantially the following form at such election: 14 Shall the Tourism Community Enhancement District impose a 15 sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting 16 tourism in the district? 17  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 19 20 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 21 opposite "NO". If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the 23 proposed district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director 24 of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax] as provided in subsection 19 25 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than the required majority, then 2627the board shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the board shall again have submitted another proposal 28to authorize the board to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such 29 30 proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the 31 district. 32 3. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 33 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section. 67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District Act". 3 2. An exhibition center and recreational facility district may be created under this section in the following counties: 4 5 (1) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one 6 thousand three hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred 7 inhabitants; 8 (2) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two

11 (3) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five 12 thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants;

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hundred inhabitants;

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13 (4) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two 14 thousand six hundred but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred 15 inhabitants:

- 16 (5) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred 18 inhabitants;
- 19 (6) Any county of the third classification without a township form of 20 government and with more than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than 21 eighteen thousand inhabitants;
  - (7) Any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seven thousand but less than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants;
- 24 (8) Any county of the third classification without a township form of 25 government and with more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less 26 than twenty-three thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- 27 (9) Any county of the third classification without a township form of 28 government and with more than nineteen thousand three hundred but less than 29 nineteen thousand four hundred inhabitants:
- 30 (10) Any county of the first classification with more than two hundred 31 forty thousand three hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four 32 hundred inhabitants;
- 33 (11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of 34 government and with more than eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than 35 nine thousand inhabitants;
  - (12) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand nine hundred but fewer than nineteen thousand inhabitants;
- 39 (13) Any county of the third classification with a township form of 40 government and with more than eight thousand but fewer than eight thousand 41 one hundred inhabitants;
- 42 (14) Any county of the third classification with a township form of 43 government and with more than eleven thousand five hundred but fewer than 44 eleven thousand six hundred inhabitants.
- 3. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county listed in subsection 2 of this section desire to create an exhibition center and recreational facility district, the property owners shall file a petition with the governing body of each county located within the boundaries of the proposed

district requesting the creation of the district. The district boundaries may include all or part of the counties described in this section. The petition shall contain the following information:

- 52 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real 53 property owned by the petitioner;
- 54 (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a 55 map illustrating the boundaries; and
- 56 (3) The name of the proposed district.

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- 4. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the governing body of any county described in this section may, by resolution, approve the creation of a district. Any resolution to establish such a district shall be adopted by the governing body of each county located within the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:
  - (1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;
- 63 (2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment 64 of the proposed district;
- 65 (3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district; 66 and
  - (4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.
- 5. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governing body of each county located within the proposed district shall:
- 70 (1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one 71 newspaper of general circulation in each county located within the proposed 72 district, with the first publication to occur not more than thirty days before the 73 hearing, and the second publication to occur not more than fifteen days or less 74 than ten days before the hearing;
- 75 (2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishment 76 of the proposed district; and
  - (3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.
- 6. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located within the proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall adopt an order to that effect; if the governing body of any county located within the proposed district decides to not establish the proposed district, the boundaries of the proposed district shall not include that county. The order shall contain the following:
  - (1) The description of the boundaries of the district;

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85 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district 86 has been established;

- (3) The name of the district;
- 88 (4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed pursuant 89 to this section; and
  - (5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state.
- 91 7. A district established pursuant to this section may, at a general, 92 primary, or special election, submit to the qualified voters within the district 93 boundaries a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent, for a period not to exceed 94 twenty-five years, on all retail sales within the district, which are subject to 95 taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, to fund the 96 acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion 97 of an exhibition center and recreational facilities. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: 98

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of district) impose a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities, for a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert number of years)?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the proposed district favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in that portion of the county [that is part of the proposed district on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the election] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of a county that is a part of the proposed district oppose the proposal, then that portion of such county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until after the county governing body has submitted another such sales tax proposal and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, if a sales tax proposal is not approved, the governing body of the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters pursuant to this section sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal submitted pursuant to this section. If the qualified voters in two or more counties that have

121 contiguous districts approve the sales tax proposal, the districts shall combine to 122 become one district.

- 123 8. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district 124 created and the expenditure of revenue generated pursuant to this section 125 consisting of four individuals to represent each county approving the district, as 126 provided in this subsection. The governing body of each county located within the 127 district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, shall appoint four 128 members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a nonlodging 129 business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall 130 be an owner of a lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and 131 all members shall reside in the district except that one nonlodging business 132 owner, or their designee, and one lodging facility owner, or their designee, may 133 reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be at least twenty-five years of age and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from each county, 134 135 two shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four years. Trustees appointed after expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed 136 137 to a four-year term by the governing body of the county the trustee represents, with the initially appointed trustee to remain in office until a successor is 138 139 appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each trustee may be 140 reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee 141 vacating the office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and 142 143 necessary expenses. The board shall elect a chair and other officers necessary for 144 its membership. Trustees may be removed if:
- 145 (1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and 146 submits such motion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee 147 was appointed; and
- 148 (2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee was 149 appointed, by a majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.
- 9. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and privileges:
  - (1) To have and use a corporate seal;

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- (2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings;
- 154 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person 155 or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts 156 with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their

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agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a single exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such activity. "Recreational facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public use where the primary use of the facility involves participation in hobbies or athletic activities;

- (4) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful funding methods the district may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest as the district may determine. Any bonds, notes, and other obligations issued or delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, pledge, or deed of trust of any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may be pledged, assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, without preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement with the holders of any other bonds pledging any specified property or revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be authorized by resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution shall specify. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such form, either coupon or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such resolution may provide, notwithstanding section 108.170. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price or prices as the district shall determine;
- 186 (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber 187 real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;
  - (6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without an election. The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be substantially the same as those of the original issue, and the board shall provide for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the payment of

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193 interest and principal of obligations refunded;

- (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business and affairs of the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of district improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other charges in connection with its services or for the use of any of its facilities;
  - (8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 199 (9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of 200 property;
  - (10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not in conflict with the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying on of the business, objects, and affairs of the board and of the district; and
  - (11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental to or implied from the specific powers granted by this section.
- 206 10. There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational 207 Facility District Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax 208 revenue collected pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall be 209 custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for 210 the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be considered nonstate funds pursuant to Section 15, Article IV, Constitution of 211 212Missouri. The director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the 213 same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by 214 215 the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of the district, less one 216 percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 217 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 218 32.087,] shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall keep 219 accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund which was collected 220 in the district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall 221 be open to the inspection of the officers of each district and the general 222 public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to 223 224 the district. The director of revenue may authorize refunds from the amounts in 225 the trust fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and 226 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 227 the credit of the district.
  - 11. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other

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229 sales taxes allowed by law. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall 230 perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 231232enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the 233 sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such 236 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

- 239 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section. 240
- [12.] 13. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not extend 241242 past the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax 243is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner 244 provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not 245 to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in substantially the following form: 246

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of district) extend the sales tax of 247 248 one-fourth of one percent for a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert number of 249 years) years to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, 250 operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities? 251

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 252

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 253 254 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 255 opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last extension submitted.

[13.] 14. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes approved in the ballot question authorizing the sales tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while the district has any SB 659 85

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financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, debt, or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or obligation incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax 268 provided in this section or more than ten years after any voter-approved 269 extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the sales tax provided in this section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12) of subsection 1 of section 30.270 or repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the district abolishes the sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least 276 ninety days] before the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the district. The director of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

[14.] 15. In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any means, the governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer of each county in the district and take receipt for all remaining moneys in amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears to the total levy for the district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the district, whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the

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proposal pursuant to this section.

301 district all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district. 67.2030. 1. The governing authority of any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand six hundred but less than one thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the promotion of tourism in such city. The tax 9 authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant 11 to this section shall be effective unless the governing authority of the city submits 12 to the qualified voters of the city, at any municipal or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority of the city to 13 14 impose a tax. 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: 15 16 Shall the city of \_\_\_\_\_ (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of 17 \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the 18 city?  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 19 20 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 21 22 opposite "NO". 23 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 24 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 25 amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following notification to the director of the department of 26 revenue of the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 2728 of section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then 29 the governing authority of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax 30 unless and until the governing authority of the city has submitted another 31 proposal to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section 32 and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be 33 submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 34

- 36 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax authorized in this section, the city may adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and administration of the tax:
- 39 (1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of 40 such tax by the city officers usually responsible for collection and administration 41 of city taxes; or
  - (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city enters into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized in this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain an amount not to exceed one percent for cost of collection.
  - 4. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may collect a penalty of one percent and interest not to exceed two percent per month on unpaid taxes which shall be considered delinquent thirty days after the last day of each quarter] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
  - [5.] 4. (1) The governing authority of any city that has adopted any sales tax pursuant to this section shall, upon filing of a petition calling for the repeal of such sales tax signed by at least ten percent of the qualified voters in the city, submit the question of repeal of the sales tax to the qualified voters at any primary or general election. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

71 Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of city) repeal the sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_

72 (insert rate of percent) percent for tourism purposes now in effect

in \_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of city)?

 $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite

"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box

77 opposite "NO".

repeal.

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the

- (2) Once the tax is repealed as provided in this section, all funds remaining in any trust fund or account established to receive revenues generated by the tax shall be used solely for the original stated purpose of the tax. Any funds which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.
- (3) The governing authority of a city repealing a tax pursuant to this section shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least forty-five days before] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in any trust fund created in the state treasury associated with the tax, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax in the city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the trust fund to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.
- (4) In the event that the repeal of a sales tax pursuant to this section dissolves or terminates a taxing district, the governing authority of the city shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give

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108 bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing authority of the city, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of 109 duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the 110 district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall 111 pay over to the city treasurer or the equivalent official and take receipt for all 112 113 remaining moneys. Upon payment to the city treasurer, the trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing authority of the city all books, papers, records, and 114 115 deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

- 116 [6.] 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 117 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
  - 67.2525. 1. Each member of the board of directors shall have the following qualifications:
  - 3 (1) As to those subdistricts in which there are registered voters, a resident
    4 registered voter in the subdistrict that he or she represents, or be a property
    5 owner or, as to those subdistricts in which there are not registered voters who are
    6 residents, a property owner or representative of a property owner in the
    7 subdistrict he or she represents;
  - 8 (2) Be at least twenty-one years of age and a registered voter in the 9 district.
- 2. The district shall be subdivided into at least five but not more than fifteen subdistricts, which shall be represented by one representative on the district board of directors. All board members shall have terms of four years, including the initial board of directors. All members shall take office upon being appointed and shall remain in office until a successor is appointed by the mayor or chairman of the municipality in which the district is located, or elected by the property owners in those subdistricts without registered voters.
  - 3. For those subdistricts which contain one or more registered voters, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village shall, with the consent of the governing body, appoint a registered voter residing in the subdistrict to the board of directors.
- 4. For those subdistricts which contain no registered voters, the property owners who collectively own one or more parcels of real estate comprising more than half of the land situated in each subdistrict shall meet and shall elect a representative to serve upon the board of directors. The clerk of the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed shall, unless waived in writing by all property owners in the subdistrict, give notice by causing publication to be made

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once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day of the meeting required by this section, to call a meeting of the owners of real property within the subdistrict at a day and hour specified in a public place in the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed for the purpose of electing members of the board of directors.

- 5. The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election of a temporary chairman and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. An election shall be conducted for each subdistrict, with the eligible property owners voting in that subdistrict. At the election, each acre of real property within the subdistrict shall represent one share, and each owner, including corporations and other entities, may have one vote in person or for every acre of real property owned by such person within the subdistrict. Each voter which is not an individual shall determine how to cast its vote as provided for in its articles of incorporation, articles of organization, articles of partnership, bylaws, or other document which sets forth an appropriate mechanism for the determination of the entity's vote. If a voter has no such mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a majority of the persons who run the day-to-day affairs of the voter. The results of the meeting shall be certified by the temporary chairman and secretary to the municipal clerk if the district is established by a municipality described in this section, or to the circuit clerk if the district is established by a circuit court.
- 6. Successor boards shall be appointed or elected, depending upon the presence or absence of resident registered voters, by the mayor or chairman of a city, town, or village described in this section, or the property owners as set forth above; provided, however, that elections held by the property owners after the initial board is elected shall be certified to the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village where the district is located and the board of directors of the district.
- 7. Should a vacancy occur on the board of directors, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village if there are registered voters within the subdistrict, or a majority of the owners of real property in a subdistrict if there are not registered voters in the subdistrict, shall have the authority to appoint or elect, as set forth in this section, an interim director to complete any unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification.
- 8. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive powers, including:

- (1) The power to fund, promote and provide educational, civic, musical, theatrical, cultural, concerts, lecture series, and related or similar entertainment events or activities, and fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve, maintain, and operate public improvements, transportation projects, and related facilities within the district;
- 68 (2) The power to accept and disburse tax or other revenue collected in the 69 district; and
- 70 (3) The power to receive property by gift or otherwise.
- 9. Within thirty days after the selection of the initial directors, the board shall meet. At its first meeting and annually thereafter the board shall elect a chairman from its members.
- 74 10. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, 75 treasurer, and such other officers or employees as it deems necessary.
- 76 11. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.
- 12. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum exists, a majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of the board, and approve any board resolution.
- 13. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall receive the certification of the election regarding the sales tax, and may impose the sales tax in all subdistricts approving the imposing sales tax. In those subdistricts that approve the sales tax, the sales tax shall become effective [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the action by the district board of directors imposing the tax] as provided by section 32.087.
- 14. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district. Directors may be compensated, but such compensation shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.
- 92 15. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.2500 to 67.2530, 93 the district shall have the following general powers:
- 94 (1) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process, 95 which shall be served upon the district secretary;
  - (2) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;

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97 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person 98 or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts

with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation, interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a district facility or to assist in such activity;

- 104 (4) To acquire, develop, construct, equip, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, 105 mortgage, and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district 106 purposes;
  - (5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities;
- 108 (6) To collect taxes and other revenues;

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- 109 (7) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by 110 certificates, notes, bonds, debentures, or refunding of any such obligations for the 111 purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of land, construction, development, 112 or equipping of any facilities or operations of the district;
- 113 (8) To own or lease real or personal property for use in connection with 114 the exercise of powers pursuant to this subsection;
- 115 (9) To provide for the election or appointment of officers, including a 116 chairman, treasurer, and secretary. Officers shall not be required to be residents 117 of the district, and one officer may hold more than one office;
  - (10) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 119 (11) To enter into entertainment contracts binding the district and artists, 120 agencies, or performers, management contracts, contracts relating to the booking 121 of entertainment and the sale of tickets, and all other contracts which relate to 122 the purposes of the district;
- 123 (12) To contract with a local government, a corporation, partnership, or 124 individual regarding funding, promotion, planning, designing, constructing, 125 improving, maintaining, or operating a project or to assist in such activity;
- 126 (13) To contract for transfer to a city, town, or village such district 127 facilities and improvements free of cost or encumbrance on such terms set forth 128 by contract;
- 129 (14) To exercise such other powers necessary or convenient for the district 130 to accomplish its purposes which are not inconsistent with its express powers.
- 131 16. A district may at any time authorize or issue notes, bonds, or other 132 obligations for any of its powers or purposes. Such notes, bonds, or other 133 obligations:
- 134 (1) Shall be in such amounts as deemed necessary by the district,

- 135 including costs of issuance thereof;
- 136 (2) Shall be payable out of all or any portion of the revenues or other 137 assets of the district;
- 138 (3) May be secured by any property of the district which may be pledged, 139 assigned, mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered for payment;
- 140 (4) Shall be authorized by resolution of the district, and if issued by the 141 district, shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, 142 but not in excess of forty years, as the resolution shall specify;
- 143 (5) Shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rates, be in such 144 form, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate 145 bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be 146 payable in such place or places and subject to redemption as such resolution may 147 provide; and
- 148 (6) May be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and 149 at such price or prices as the district shall determine.
- The provisions of this subsection are applicable to the district notwithstanding the provisions of section 108.170.
- 67.2530. 1. Any note, bond, or other indebtedness of the district may be refunded at any time by the district by issuing refunding bonds in such amount 3 as the district may deem necessary. Such bonds shall be subject to and shall have the benefit of the foregoing provisions regarding notes, bonds, and other obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, refunding bonds 6 may include amounts necessary to finance any premium, unpaid interest, and costs of issuance in connection with the refunding bonds. Any such refunding may be effected whether the bonds to be refunded then shall have matured or thereafter shall mature, either by sale of the refunding bonds and the application of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the obligations being refunded or the 10 exchange of the refunding bonds for the obligations being refunded with the 11 consent of the holders of the obligations being refunded. 12
- 2. Notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall be exclusively the responsibility of the district payable solely out of the district funds and property and shall not constitute a debt or liability of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision of the state. Any notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall state on their face that they are not obligations of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision thereof other than the district.

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20 3. Any district may by resolution impose a district sales tax of up to 21 one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such district that are subject 22 to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 23 144.527. Upon voter approval, and receiving the necessary certifications from the 24 governing body of the municipality in which the district is located, or from the circuit court if the district was formed by the circuit court, the board of directors 25shall have the power to impose a sales tax at its first meeting, or any meeting 26 thereafter. Voter approval of the question of the imposing sales tax shall be in 27 28 accordance with section 67.2520. [The sales tax shall become effective in those 29 subdistricts that approve the sales tax on the first day of the first calendar 30 quarter immediately following the passage of a resolution by the board of 31 directors imposing the sales tax.

- 4. In each district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added, such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 38 5. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax 39 authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the district 42may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285.
  - 6.] 4. All revenue received by a district from the sales tax authorized by this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the purposes of the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for the district's current expenditures may be invested by the district board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.
- [7.] 5. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all [tangible personal property 53 or taxable services sales at retail within the district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant 54 to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. Any district sales tax

imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniformthroughout the subdistricts approving the sales tax.

- [8. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the district.
- 9. (1) On and after the effective date of any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, the district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the district.

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- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 7. All [such] sales taxes [collected by the district] shall be deposited by the district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public.
- [(3) The district may contract with the municipality that the district is within for the municipality to collect any revenue received by the district and, after deducting the cost of such collection, but not to exceed one percent of the total amount collected, deposit such revenue in a special trust account. Such revenue and interest may be applied by the municipality to expenses, costs, or debt service of the district at the direction of the district as set forth in a contract

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92 between the municipality and the district.

- 93 10. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, and section 32.057, the 94 uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed 95 by this section, except as modified in this section. 96
- (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons, and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property 98 99 and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are 100 hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
  - (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the 108 109 state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to 110 such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section. 111
- 112 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations 113 114 of this section.
- (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this 116 section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common 118 119 carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the 120 sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though 123 the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment, or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.
- 126 (7)] 8. Subsequent to the initial approval by the voters and 127 implementation of a sales tax in the district, the rate of the sales tax may be

128	increased, but not to exceed a rate of one-half of one percent on retail sales made		
129	in the district which are subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to		
130	144.527 as provided in this subsection. The election shall be conducted in		
131	accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of		
132	directors may place the question of the increase of the sales tax before the voters		
133	of the district by resolution, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village		
134	which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk		
135	of the court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall		
136	conduct the subsequent election. In subsequent elections, the election judges		
137	shall certify the election results to the district board of directors. The ballot of		
138	submission shall be in substantially the following form:		
139	Shall (name of district) increase the (insert amount)		
140	percent district sales tax now in effect to (insert amount) in		
141	the (name of district)?		
142	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO		
143	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite		
144	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box		
145	opposite "NO".		
146	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the		
147	district voting thereon are in favor of the increase, the increase shall become		
148	effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such increase was		
149	approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.		
150	[11.] 9. (1) There shall not be any election as provided for in this section		
151	while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding.		
152	(2) The board, when presented with a petition signed by at least one-third		
153	of the registered voters in a district that voted in the last gubernatorial election,		
154	or signed by at least two-thirds of property owners of the district, calling for an		
155	election to dissolve and repeal the tax shall submit the question to the voters		
156	using the same procedure by which the imposing tax was voted. The ballot o		
157	submission shall be in substantially the following form:		
158	Shall (name of district) dissolve and repeal the		
159	(insert amount) percent district sales tax now in effect in the		
160	(name of district)?		
161	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO		
162	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite		
163	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box		

opposite "NO".

Such subsequent elections for the repeal of the sales tax shall be conducted in accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place the question of the repeal of the sales tax before the voters of the district, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct the subsequent election. In subsequent elections the election judges shall certify the election results to the district board of directors.

- (3) If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved or after the repayment of the district's indebtedness, whichever occurs later] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.
- [12.] 10. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district determines that further operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and that the district should dissolve, the board shall submit for a vote in an election held throughout the district the question of whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ theater, cultural arts, and entertainment district be abolished?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(2) The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district while there are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the district, while the district liabilities exceed its assets, while indebtedness of the district is outstanding, or while the district is insolvent, in receivership or under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting the question to abolish the district to a vote of the entire district, the state auditor shall audit the district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the

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district may be abolished pursuant to law. The vote on the abolition of the district shall be conducted by the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village in which the district is located. The procedure shall be the same as in section 67.2520, except that the question shall be determined by the qualified voters of the entire district. No individual subdistrict may be abolished, except at such time as the district is abolished.

- (3) While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenues to which it is entitled at law.
- 208 (4) Upon receipt by the board of directors of the district of the certification 209 by the city, town, or village in which the district is located that the majority of 210 those voting within the entire district have voted to abolish the district, and if the 211 state auditor has determined that the district's financial condition is such that 212 it may be abolished pursuant to law, then the board of directors of the district 213 shall:
- 214 (a) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and 215 then transfer the proceeds and any other real or personal property owned by the 216 district to the city, town, or village in which the district is located, including 217 revenues due and owing the district, for its further use and disposition;
- 218 (b) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, and 219 otherwise conclude its affairs;
  - (c) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a resolution of the board of directors passed by a majority vote that the district has been abolished effective that date;
- 223 (d) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the 224 secretary of state and the city, town, or village in which the district is located.
- 225 Upon the completion of the final act specified in this subsection, the legal 226 existence of the district shall cease.
- 227 (5) The legal existence of the district shall not cease for a period of two years after voter approval of the abolition.
- 229 11. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 230 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
  - 94.578. 1. In addition to the sales tax authorized in section 94.577, the governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax under [chapter]

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144] sections 144.010 to 144.527. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth, one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half of one percent, but shall not exceed one-half of one percent, shall not be imposed for longer than three years, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the construction, operation, and maintenance of capital improvements in the city's 10 center city. The governing body may issue bonds for the funding of such capital 11 improvements, which will be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax 13 authorized by this section. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters residing within the 14 city at a state or municipal general, primary, or special election a proposal to 15 16 authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax under this section. The 17 tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed 18 by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

19 2. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in 20 substantially the following form:

21	Shall (insert the nar	me of the city) impose a sales tax at a
22	rate of (insert rate	e of percent) percent for [a] capital
23	improvements purposes in	the city's center city for a period of
24	(insert number of ye	ars, not to exceed three) years?
25	$\square$ YES	$\square$ NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. In no case shall a tax be resubmitted to the qualified voters of the city sooner than twelve months from the date of the proposal under this section.

36 proposal under this section.
37 3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered,
38 collected, enforced, and operated as required in [section] sections 32.085 to
39 32.087. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust
40 fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed,
41 all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for

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the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

- 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days before] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded.
- 5. The governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city) repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for capital improvements purposes in the city's center city?

 $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal 68 shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which 69 such repeal was approved as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 70 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 71thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section 7273shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 74 qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or 75county shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal.

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78 6. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the 79 registered voters of the city voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for 80 an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body 81 82 shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in 83 favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first 85 of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved as provided by 86 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question 87 by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax 88 shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 89 qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 90 voting on the question.

## 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed under this section.

- 94.605. 1. Any city as defined in section 94.600 may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 2. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on [the receipts from the sale at] all retail [of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail] sales within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527.
- 9 3. With respect to any tax increment financing plan originally approved by ordinance of the city council after March 31, 2009, in any home rule city with 10 more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one 11 12 county, any three-eighths of one cent sales tax imposed under sections 94.600 to 13 94.655 shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from such taxes shall 14 15 not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 4 of section 99.957. Any one-eighth of one cent sales tax imposed 16 in such city under sections 94.600 to 94.655 for constructing and operating a 17light-rail transit system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such 18 19 term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from 20 such tax shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 4 of section 99.957. 21

22 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed 23 shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city or county clerk shall forward to 24 the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The 25 26 ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a 27map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 28 94.600 to 94.655 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the 29 detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary] 30 Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 31 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

- 94.660. 1. The governing body of any city not within a county and any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants may propose, by ordinance or order, a transportation sales tax of up to one percent for submission to the voters of that city or county at an authorized election date selected by the governing body.
- 2. Any sales tax approved under this section shall be imposed on [the receipts from the sale at] all retail [of all tangible personal property or taxable services] sales within the city or county adopting the tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527.
- 3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the county/city of \_\_\_\_\_ (county's or city's name) impose a county/city-wide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ percent for the purpose of providing a source of funds for public transportation purposes?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, if a majority of the votes cast 18 in that county or city not within a county on the proposal by the qualified voters 19 voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect [on 20 21the first day of the next calendar quarter beginning after its adoption and notice 22to the director of revenue, but no sooner than thirty days after such adoption and 23 notice] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county by the qualified voters voting 24are opposed to the proposal, then the additional sales tax shall not be imposed in 25

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26 that county or city not within a county unless and until the governing body of 27 that county or city not within a county shall have submitted another proposal to authorize the local option transportation sales tax authorized in this section, and 28 29 such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on it. In 30 no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal. 31

- 4. No tax shall go into effect under this section in any city not within a county or any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population over nine hundred thousand inhabitants unless and until both such city and such county approve the tax.
- 5. The provisions of subsection 4 of this section requiring both the city and county to approve a transportation sales tax before a transportation sales tax may go into effect in either jurisdiction shall not apply to any transportation sales tax submitted to and approved by the voters in such city or such county on or after August 28, 2007.
- 6. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 42 on behalf of any city or county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall 43 be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 44 surety bonds, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Public Transit Sales Tax 46 Trust Fund". [The sales taxes shall be collected as provided in section 32.087. The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not 48 be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep 49 accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in 50 each city or county approving a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to inspection by officers of the city or county and the public. Not later 51 than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all 52moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or 53 county which levied the tax, and such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer 54 of each such city or county and all expenditures of funds arising from the county 55 public transit sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted 56 by the governing body of each such county or city not within a county. 57
  - 7. The revenues derived from any transportation sales tax under this section shall be used only for the planning, development, acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of public transit facilities and systems other than highways.

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8. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amount in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities or counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal] and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

## 9. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.705. 1. Any city may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city which are subject to sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.527 for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.700 to 94.755, and issue bonds for transportation purposes which shall be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this 6 section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all 7 other sales taxes allowed by law. No ordinance imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall become effective unless the council or other governing body submits to the voters of the city, at a city or state general, 10 primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to impose such a sales tax and, if such tax is to be used to retire 11 bonds authorized pursuant to this section, to authorize such bonds and their 12 retirement by such tax; except that no vote shall be required in any city that 13 imposed and collected such tax under sections 94.600 to 94.655, before January 14 15 5, 1984. The ballot of the submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the 16 following language:

Shall the city of \_\_\_\_\_ (city's name) impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_

authorized by this section, the following language:

(1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax

20 (insert amount) for transportation purposes? 21  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 22 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 23 24 opposite "NO"; 25 (2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to issue bonds and 26 repay such bonds with revenues from the tax authorized by this section, the 27 following language: Shall the city of \_\_\_\_\_ (city's name) issue bonds in the amount of 28 \_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for transportation purposes and impose a 29 sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) to repay such bonds? 30  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 31 32 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 33 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 34 opposite "NO". 35 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, 36 37 then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the four-sevenths majority of the votes, 38 39 as required by the Missouri Constitution, Article VI, Section 26, cast on the 40 proposal, provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in 41 42 favor of the proposal, then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the 43 votes cast on the proposal, as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the 44 qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the council or 45 46 other governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the tax authorized in subdivision (1) of this subsection unless and until the council or other 47 48 governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to impose the tax and such proposal is approved 49 50 by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. If more than three-sevenths 51 of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the 52proposal, as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, then the council or other governing body 53 54 of the city shall have no power to issue any bonds or to impose the tax authorized in subdivision (2) of this subsection unless and until the council or other

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56 governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or 57 other governing body of the city to issue such bonds or impose the tax to retire 58 such bonds and such proposal is approved by four-sevenths of the qualified voters 59 voting thereon.

- 2. No incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within any first class county operating under a charter form of government and having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants shall impose such a sales tax for that part of the city, town or village that is located within such first class county, in the event such a first class county imposes a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.
- 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.700 to 94.755 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary.
- 5.] No tax imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of retiring bonds issued pursuant to this section may be terminated until all of such bonds have been retired.
- 5. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 143.177. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Missouri Working Family Tax Credit Act".
  - 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Department", the department of revenue;
- 5 (2) "Eligible taxpayer", a resident individual with a filing status 6 of single, head of household, widowed, or married filing combined who 7 is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 143, excluding withholding

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8 tax imposed under sections 143.191 to 143.265, and who is allowed a federal earned income tax credit under 26 U.S.C. Section 32, as amended; 10

- (3) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise due under 11 12 chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed under sections 143.191 to 143.265. 13
- 14 3. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, an eligible taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit in an amount equal to 15 twenty percent of the amount such taxpayer would receive under the federal earned income tax credit. The tax credit allowed by this section 17 shall be claimed by such taxpayer at the time such taxpayer files a 19 return and shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 143 after reduction for all other credits allowed thereon. If the 2021amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability, the difference shall not 22be refunded to the taxpayer and shall not be carried forward to any 23 subsequent tax year.
  - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 to the contrary, the department shall determine whether any taxpayer filing a report or return with the department who did not apply for the credit authorized under this section may qualify for the credit and, if so, determines a taxpayer may qualify for the credit, shall notify such taxpayer of his or her potential eligibility. In making a determination of eligibility under this section, the department shall use any appropriate and available data including, but not limited to, data available from the Internal Revenue Service, the U.S. Department of Treasury, and state income tax returns from previous tax years.
- 5. The department shall prepare an annual report containing statistical information regarding the tax credits issued under this section for the previous tax year, including the total amount of revenue expended, the number of credits claimed, and the average value of the credits issued to taxpayers whose earned income falls within various 38 income ranges determined by the department.
  - 6. The director of the department may promulgate rules and regulations to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions

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of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void.

- 7. Tax credits authorized under this section are not subject to the requirements of sections 135.800 to 135.830.
  - 8. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 54 (1) The program authorized under this section shall 55 automatically sunset on December thirty-first six years after the 56 effective date of this section unless reauthorized by an act of the 57 general assembly;
- (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset on December thirty-first twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and
- 62 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the 63 calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the 64 program authorized under this section is sunset.
- 143.441. 1. The term "corporation" means every corporation, association, 2 joint stock company and joint stock association organized, authorized or existing 3 under the laws of this state and includes:
- 4 (1) Every corporation, association, joint stock company, and joint stock association organized, authorized, or existing under the laws of this state, and every corporation, association, joint stock company, and joint stock association, licensed to do business in this state, or doing business in this state, and not organized, authorized, or existing under the laws of this state, or by any receiver in charge of the property of any such corporation, association, joint stock company or joint stock association;
- 12 (2) Every railroad corporation or receiver in charge of the property thereof 12 which operates over rails owned or leased by it and every corporation operating 13 any buslines, trucklines, airlines, or other forms of transportation, including 14 qualified air freight forwarders, operating over fixed routes owned, leased, 15 or used by it extending from this state to another state or states. For the 16 purposes of this section, "qualified air freight forwarder" means a

17 taxpayer who:

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- 18 (a) Is primarily engaged in the facilitation of the transportation
- 19 of property by air;
  - (b) Does not directly operate aircraft; and
- (c) Is affiliated with an airline;
- 22 (3) Every corporation, or receiver in charge of the property thereof, which 23 owns or operates a bridge between this and any other state; and
- 24 (4) Every corporation, or receiver in charge of the property thereof, which 25 operates a telephone line or lines extending from this state to another state or 26 states or a telegraph line or lines extending from this state to another state or 27 states.
- 28 2. The tax on corporations provided in subsection 1 of section 143.431 and 29 section 143.071 shall not apply to:
- 30 (1) A corporation which by reason of its purposes and activities is exempt 31 from federal income tax. The preceding sentence shall not apply to unrelated 32 business taxable income and other income on which chapter 1 of the Internal 33 Revenue Code imposes the federal income tax or any other tax measured by 34 income;
- 35 (2) An express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in 36 this state;
- 37 (3) An insurance company which is subject to an annual tax on its gross 38 premium receipts in this state;
- 39 (4) A Missouri mutual or an extended Missouri mutual insurance company 40 organized under chapter 380; and
- 41 (5) Any other corporation that is exempt from Missouri income taxation 42 under the laws of Missouri or the laws of the United States.
- 144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when used in 2 [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter shall have the meanings ascribed to 3 them in this section, except when the context indicates a different meaning:
- 4 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and 5 other similar accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for 6 admission, exclusive of any admission tax imposed by the federal government or 7 by sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- 8 (2) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused 9 to be engaged in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either 10 direct or indirect, and the classification of which business is of such character as

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to be subject to the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525. A person is "engaging 11 12in business" in this state for purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 if such person engages in business activities within this state or maintains a place of 13 business in this state under the provisions of subdivisions (1) to (6) of 14 section [144.605] 144.612. The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal 15 property, service, substance, or thing, by a person not engaged in such business, 16 does not constitute engaging in business within the meaning of [sections 144.010] 17 to 144.525 this chapter unless the total amount of the gross receipts from such 18 sales, exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible personal property by persons 19 20 which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a 21household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any 22calendar year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to make 23 any sale of property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, 24subject to that tax thereafter;

- (3) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December thirty-first;
- (4) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to exotic partridges, gray partridge, northern bobwhite quail, ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white-tailed deer, captive elk, and captive furbearers held under permit issued by the Missouri department of conservation for hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to sales tax on a harvested animal;
- (5) "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent certified by the department of revenue to perform all the seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases;
- 37 [(4)] (6) "Gross receipts", except as provided in section 144.012, means the total amount of the sale price of the sales at retail including any services 38 other than charges incident to the extension of credit that are a part of such sales 39 40 made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, 41 whether received in money or otherwise; except that, the term gross receipts shall not include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale 42price thereof is refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due 43 under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter on the gross receipts, charges 44 incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted. For the 45 46 purposes of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter the total amount of the

sale price above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable as if outright sale were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by the lessee upon the rentals paid. The term gross receipts shall not include usual and customary delivery charges that are stated separately from the sale price; 

- [(5)] (7) "Instructional class", includes any class, lesson, or instruction intended or used for teaching;
- (8) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for recreational flying or flight training;
- (9) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured light aircraft parts and components, including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts which make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified light aircraft purchaser for recreational and educational purposes;
- (10) "Light aircraft parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified light aircraft purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already completed light aircraft;
- [(6)] (11) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as described in section 277.024, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, bison, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine, honey bees, or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;
  - (12) "Maintains a place of business in this state", includes maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, or through a subsidiary, or agent, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business;
- 81 [(7)] (13) "Motor vehicle leasing company" [shall be], a company 82 obtaining a permit from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle

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leasing company. Not all persons renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, as hereinafter provided;

- [(8)] (14) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, [except the state transportation department,] estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, or any other legal entity;
- [(9)] (15) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption" [means], tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state;
  - (16) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use, or consumption in this state;
- 101 (17) "Purchase price", applies to the measure subject to use tax 102 and has the same meaning as sales price;
  - [(10)] (18) "Purchaser" [means], a person who purchases tangible personal property or to whom are rendered services, receipts from which are taxable under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter;
  - (19) "Qualified light aircraft purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components who is a nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state;
- [(11)] (20) "Research or experimentation activities" [are], the development of an experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the improvement of existing property of such type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities such as

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119 ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, 120 efficiency surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, 121 historical or similar projects;

[(12)] (21) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the exchange of properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services herein designated and defined as taxable under the [terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525] provisions of this chapter;

[(13)] (22) "Sale at retail" [means], any transfer made by any person engaged in business as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the purchaser, for use or consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that, for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby: (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service and not as the sale of tangible personal property. Where necessary to conform to the context of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter and the tax imposed thereby, the term sale at retail shall be construed to embrace:

- (a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in places of amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events, except amounts paid for any instructional class;
- 149 (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or 150 artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
- (c) Sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to 152telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of 153 telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and 154 conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services

155 pertaining or incidental thereto;

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- (d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;
- (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any 157 158 hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist 159 camp, tourist cabin, or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly 160 served to the public;
- 161 (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, 162 dining car, express car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed 163 by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic 164 development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;
- 165 [(14)] (23) "Seller" [means], a person selling or furnishing tangible 166 personal property or rendering services, on the receipts from which a tax is 167 imposed pursuant to section 144.020;
  - (24) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed under this chapter and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;
  - (25) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;
- 178 [(15) The noun "tax" means]
- 179 (26) "Tax", either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may require; [and]
- 183 (27) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should 184 remit the tax levied by this chapter;
- 185 [(16)] (28) "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of this chapter, 186 the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition, 187 "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by any form of 188 189 writing, signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any other 190 symbols. Telecommunications service does not include the following if such

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191 services are separately stated on the customer's bill or on records of the seller 192 maintained in the ordinary course of business:

- (a) Access to the internet, access to interactive computer services or electronic publishing services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications service used to provide such access;
  - (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;
- (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile radio services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or 198 enhanced specialized mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law; or
  - (d) Cable or satellite television or music services;
  - (29) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use outside the state, or the sale of the property in the regular course of business;
  - (30) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in business activities within this state and every person who engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as vendors for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.
  - 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter, and any other provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections [144.010 to 144.525] this chapter

by reference, the term manufactured homes shall have the same meaning given it in section 700.010.

- [3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales 230 Tax Law".]
  - 144.011. 1. For purposes of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 2 144.748] this chapter, and the taxes imposed thereby, the definition of "retail 3 sale" or "sale at retail" shall not be construed to include any of the following:
  - 4 (1) The transfer by one corporation of substantially all of its tangible 5 personal property to another corporation pursuant to a merger or consolidation 6 effected under the laws of the state of Missouri or any other jurisdiction;
  - 7 (2) The transfer of tangible personal property incident to the liquidation 8 or cessation of a taxpayer's trade or business, conducted in proprietorship, 9 partnership or corporate form, except to the extent any transfer is made in the 10 ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business;
  - 11 (3) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation solely in 12 exchange for its stock or securities;
  - 13 (4) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation by a 14 shareholder as a contribution to the capital of the transferee corporation;
  - 15 (5) The transfer of tangible personal property to a partnership solely in 16 exchange for a partnership interest therein;
  - 17 (6) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partner as a 18 contribution to the capital of the transferee partnership;
  - 19 (7) The transfer of tangible personal property by a corporation to one or 20 more of its shareholders as a dividend, return of capital, distribution in the 21 partial or complete liquidation of the corporation or distribution in redemption 22 of the shareholder's interest therein;
  - 23 (8) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partnership to one or 24 more of its partners as a current distribution, return of capital or distribution in 25 the partial or complete liquidation of the partnership or of the partner's interest 26 therein;
  - 27 (9) The transfer of reusable containers used in connection with the sale 28 of tangible personal property contained therein for which a deposit is required 29 and refunded on return;
  - 30 (10) The purchase by persons operating eating or food service 31 establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the 32 customers of such establishments with or in conjunction with the retail sales of

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33 their food or beverage. Such items shall include, but not be limited to, wrapping or packaging materials and nonreusable paper, wood, plastic and aluminum articles such as containers, trays, napkins, dishes, silverware, cups, bags, boxes, 35 straws, sticks and toothpicks; 36

- (11) The purchase by persons operating hotels, motels or other transient accommodation establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the guests in the guests' rooms of such establishments and such items are included in the charge made for such accommodations. Such items shall include, but not be limited to, soap, shampoo, tissue and other toiletries and food or confectionery items offered to the guests without charge;
  - (12) The transfer of a manufactured home other than:
- (a) A transfer which involves the delivery of the document known as the "Manufacturer's Statement of Origin" to a person other than a manufactured home dealer, as defined in section 700.010, for purposes of allowing such person to obtain a title to the manufactured home from the department of revenue of this state or the appropriate agency or officer of any other state;
- (b) A transfer which involves the delivery of a "Repossessed Title" to a resident of this state if the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter was not paid on the transfer of the manufactured home described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision;
- (c) The first transfer which occurs after December 31, 1985, if the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter was not paid on any transfer of the same manufactured home which occurred before December 31, 1985; or
  - (13) Charges for initiation fees or dues to:
- (a) Fraternal beneficiaries societies, or domestic fraternal societies, orders or associations operating under the lodge system a substantial part of the 59 activities of which are devoted to religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational or fraternal purposes;
  - (b) Posts or organizations of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or an auxiliary unit or society of, or a trust or foundation for, any such post or organization substantially all of the members of which are past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or who are cadets, spouses, widows, or widowers of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual; or

69 (c) Nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(7) 70 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

2. The assumption of liabilities of the transferor by the transferee incident to any of the transactions enumerated in the above subdivisions (1) to (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall not disqualify the transfer from the exclusion described in this section, where such liability assumption is related to the property transferred and where the assumption does not have as its principal purpose the avoidance of Missouri sales or use tax.

144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, beginning October 1, 1997, the tax levied and imposed [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.746] under this chapter on all retail sales of food shall be at the rate of one percent. The revenue derived from the one percent rate pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the state treasurer in the school district trust fund and shall be distributed as provided in section 144.701.

8 2. For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only those 9 products and types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed pursuant to 10 the provisions of the Federal Food Stamp Program as contained in 7 U.S.C. 11 Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it may be amended hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines. For the purpose 13 of this section, except for vending machine sales, the term "food" shall not include food or drink sold by any establishment where the gross receipts derived from the 14 sale of food prepared by such establishment for immediate consumption on or off 15 the premises of the establishment constitutes more than eighty percent of the 16 17 total gross receipts of that establishment, regardless of whether such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that establishment, including, but not limited 18 to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast food restaurant, delicatessen, eating 19 20 house, or café.

144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed for the privilege of titling 2 new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or 3 acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be 4 titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and, except as provided in 5 subdivision (9) of this subsection, upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable service at 7 retail in this state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:

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(1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property,

9 excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of this subsection, a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price paid or charged, or in case such sale involves the exchange of property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid or charged, including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place of the exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025;

- (2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and seating accommodations, or fees paid to, or in any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games and athletic events, except amounts paid for any instructional class;
- 20 (3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on 21 all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to 22 domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
  - (4) (a) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations and upon the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto; except that, the payment made by telecommunications subscribers or others, pursuant to section 144.060, and any amounts paid for access to the internet or interactive computer services shall not be considered as amounts paid for telecommunications services;
  - (b) If local and long distance telecommunications services subject to tax under this subdivision are aggregated with and not separately stated from charges for telecommunications service or other services not subject to tax under this subdivision, including, but not limited to, interstate or international telecommunications services, then the charges for nontaxable services may be subject to taxation unless the telecommunications provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards such portion of the charges not subject to such tax from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business, including, but not limited to, financial statement, general ledgers, invoice and billing systems and reports, and reports for regulatory tariffs and other regulatory matters;
- 43 (c) A telecommunications provider shall notify the director of revenue of 44 its intention to utilize the standards described in paragraph (b) of this

subdivision to determine the charges that are subject to sales tax under this subdivision. Such notification shall be in writing and shall meet standardized criteria established by the department regarding the form and format of such notice;

- (d) The director of revenue may promulgate and enforce reasonable rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this subdivision. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall be invalid and void;
- 60 (5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged for 61 all sales of services for transmission of messages of telegraph companies;
  - (6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public. The tax imposed under this subdivision shall not apply to any automatic mandatory gratuity for a large group imposed by a restaurant when such gratuity is reported as employee tip income and the restaurant withholds income tax under section 143.191 on such gratuity;
  - (7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;
- (8) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for rental or lease of tangible personal property, provided that if the lessor or renter of any tangible personal property had previously purchased the property under the conditions of sale at retail or leased or rented the property and the tax was paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the lessor, sublessor, renter or subrenter shall not apply or collect the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease,

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rental or subrental receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of 81 motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors shall be taxed and the tax paid as provided in this section and section 83 144.070. In no event shall the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors be 84 considered a sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, entertainment 85 86 or recreation nor shall any such rental or lease be subject to any tax imposed to, for, or in such places of amusement, entertainment or recreation. Rental and leased boats or outboard motors shall be taxed under the provisions of the sales 88 89 tax laws as provided under such laws for motor vehicles and trailers. Tangible 90 personal property which is exempt from the sales or use tax under section 91 144.030 upon a sale thereof is likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the 92 lease or rental thereof;

- (9) A tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, of new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. This tax is imposed on the person titling such property, and shall be paid according to the procedures in section 144.440.
- 2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **this chapter** which are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed thereon, the words "This ticket is subject to a sales tax.".
- [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.
- 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761] **this chapter** and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined

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in section 32.085, section 238.235, and [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600
 to 144.745] this chapter:

- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of [the Missouri pesticide registration law,] sections 281.220 to 281.310, which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- 31 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used 32 in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating 33 become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 34 35 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for 36 final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and 37 manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and 38 firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by 39 blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately 40 for final use or consumption; 41
- 42 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly 43 upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, 44 watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of 45 persons or property;
  - (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and

51 supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such 52 machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the 53 purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a 54 facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a usable 55 product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall 56 include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of 57 recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall 58 59 not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to 60 61 section 301.010. For the purposes of this subdivision, subdivision (5) of this 62 subsection, and section 144.054, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of 63 subsection 1 of section 144.010, the term "product" includes telecommunications services and the term "manufacturing" shall include the production, or production 64 65 and transmission, of telecommunications services. The preceding sentence does not make a substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify that the term 66 67 "manufacturing" has included and continues to include the production and transmission of "telecommunications services", as enacted in this subdivision and 68 subdivision (5) of this subsection, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of 69 70 subsection 1 of section 144.010. The preceding two sentences reaffirm legislative 71intent consistent with the interpretation of this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection in Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 7273763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 74S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), and accordingly abrogates the Missouri supreme court's interpretation of those exemptions in IBM Corporation v. Director of 75Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the extent inconsistent with this 76 section and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. 77 banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 78 79 (Mo. banc 2005). The construction and application of this subdivision as 80 expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director 81 82 of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. 83 Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed. Material 84 recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing process or the use 85 of a product previously recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the 86

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- 88 (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and 89 90 equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing 91 manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and 92 equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption. The 93 94 construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. 95 banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. 96 banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 97 98 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed;
  - (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government;
- 102 (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive 103 wildlife;
- 104 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, 105 printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies 106 used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general 107 public;
  - (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for public commercial display;
  - (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
  - (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;
- (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in

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123 such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw 124 materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least 125 126 twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, 127 "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon 128 materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including 129 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at 130 the production facility;

- (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;
- (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
- (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased 139 and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, 140 construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
  - (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
  - (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision may enter into revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or corporations providing goods or services, including management services, in or for the place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such revenue-sharing agreement;
- 157 (18) All sales of insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of 158 durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined

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on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of 160 the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing 162 aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille 170 equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more 172 independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities 176 or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities, and drugs required by the Food and Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner licensed to prescribe;

- (19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;
- (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;

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(21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of 198 animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are 199 exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;

(22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is:

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231 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 232 products; and

- (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:
- (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
- (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;
- (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the

services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund; 

- (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;
- 281 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 282 4071, 4081, [4091,] 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States 283 Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 to 284 eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
  - (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;
  - (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
  - (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
  - (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 302 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the

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303 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;

- 304 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, 305 or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the 306 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing 307 plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection;
- 308 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of 309 pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or 310 poultry;
  - (33) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
    - (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
  - (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 to 273.357;
  - (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason [and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith], neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate unless the contractor fraudulently accepted the certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:
  - (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the

339 provisions of section 144.062; or

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- 340 (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is 341 authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the 342 provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
- 343 (37) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect 344 at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created 345 346 pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;
- (38) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is 348held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, 349 a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any 350 political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a 351 neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;
- 355 (39) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are 356 357 consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to a 358 professional sports team;
  - (40) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power plants, and aircraft accessories;
  - (41) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any shooting range or similar places of business for use in the normal course of business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of business from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;
- 367 (42) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any 368 watercraft, as defined in section 306.010;
- 369 (43) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person 370 who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this 371 state, and such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not remain in 372 this state more than ten business days subsequent to the last to occur of:
- 373 (a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident 374 of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state; or

375 (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 376 CFR 91.407 for any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, 377 repairs, or installations that are completed contemporaneously with the transfer 378 of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a 379 corporation that is not incorporated in this state;

- (44) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, "motor vehicle" and "public highway" shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;
- (45) All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether the tax is imposed on a provider of internet access or a buyer of internet access. For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms shall mean:
- (a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely because of an internet service provider's use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include costs that the governmental authority would have incurred if the internet service provider did not make such use of the public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;
- (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the internet to access content, information, or other services without regard to whether the service is referred to as telecommunications, communications, transmission, or similar services, and without regard to whether a provider of the service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications Commission as a common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, including telecommunications services as defined in section 144.010, to the extent the communications services are purchased, used, or sold to provide

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the service described in this subdivision or to otherwise enable users to access content, information, or other services offered over the internet; services that are 412 incidental to the provision of a service described in this subdivision, when 413 furnished to users as part of such service, including a home page, electronic mail, 414 and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail 415 and instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity; a 416 home page electronic mail and instant messaging, including voice-capable and 417video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video clips, and personal 418419 electronic storage capacity that are provided independently or that are not packed 420 with internet access. As used in this subdivision, internet access does not include 421 voice, audio, and video programming or other products and services, except 422 services described in this paragraph or this subdivision, that use internet protocol 423or any successor protocol and for which there is a charge, regardless of whether 424 the charge is separately stated or aggregated with the charge for services described in this paragraph or this subdivision; 425

- (d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for the purpose of generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed for a specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to collect and to remit to the state or a political subdivision of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer by such a governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee imposed or authorized under section 67.1830 or 67.2689; Section 622 or 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; or any other fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq., except to the extent that:
- 438 a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs incurred by the franchising or other governmental authority from providing the 439 440 specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or
- b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a 441 442 percentage of the service revenue, and the fee exceeds the incremental direct 443 costs incurred by the governmental authority associated with the provision of that 444 right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.
- 445Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due 446 on goods or services that were subject to tax on January 1, 2016;

- 447 (46) Usual and customary delivery charges that are stated 448 separately from the sale price.
- 449 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or 450 implied, between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state 451 agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not 452 required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a 453 warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state that is owned 454 or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general 455 assembly. For purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any 456 person that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined 457 458 in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the 459 vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears 460 the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a member 461 of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the 462 Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

## 144.043. [1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, 3 with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for 4 recreational flying or flight training;
- 5 (2) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured parts and components, 6 including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts 7 which make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into 8 a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified purchaser for recreational and 9 educational purposes;
- 10 (3) "Parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including
  11 air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified purchaser to
  12 complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already
  13 completed light aircraft;
- (4) "Qualified purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components who is nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state.

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21 2.] In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 22 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, this chapter 23 24 and from the provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, 25 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under [sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, this chapter 26 and under any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, all sales of new 27 light aircraft, light aircraft kits, light aircraft parts or components 28 29 manufactured or substantially completed within this state, when such new light 30 aircraft, light aircraft kits, light aircraft parts or components are sold by the 31 manufacturer to a qualified light aircraft purchaser. The director of revenue 32 shall prescribe the manner for a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, 33 light aircraft parts or components to establish that such person is a qualified light aircraft purchaser and is eligible for the exemption established in this 34 35 section.

## 144.049. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Clothing", any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or 3 about the human body including, but not limited to, disposable diapers for infants 4 or adults and footwear. The term shall include, but not be limited to, cloth and 5 other material used to make school uniforms or other school clothing. Items 6 normally sold in pairs shall not be separated to qualify for the exemption. The 7 term shall not include watches, watchbands, jewelry, handbags, handkerchiefs, 8 umbrellas, scarves, ties, headbands, or belt buckles; [and]
  - (2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system which consists of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage drive, a display monitor, and a keyboard and devices designed for use in conjunction with a personal computer, such as a disk drive, memory module, compact disk drive, daughterboard, digitizer, microphone, modem, motherboard, mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner, single-user hardware, single-user operating system, soundcard, or video card;
- 16 (3) "School supplies", any item normally used by students in a standard classroom for educational purposes, including but not limited to textbooks, notebooks, paper, writing instruments, crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags, backpacks, handheld calculators, chalk, maps, and globes. The term shall not include watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting equipment, portable or desktop telephones, copiers or other office equipment, furniture, or

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22 fixtures. School supplies shall also include computer software having a taxable 23 value of three hundred fifty dollars or less and any graphing calculator having a taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less. 24

- 2. In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005, there is hereby specifically exempted from state and local sales tax law all retail sales of any article of clothing having a taxable value of one hundred dollars or less, all retail sales of school supplies not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase, all computer software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty dollars or less, all graphing calculators having a taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less, and all retail sales of personal computers or computer peripheral devices not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars, during a three-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending at midnight on the Sunday following. Where a purchaser and seller are located in two different time zones, the time zone of the seller's location shall determine the authorized exemption period.
- 37 3. [If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance 38 that applied to the 2004 sales tax holiday to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the sales tax holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local 39 40 sales tax, then, notwithstanding any provision of a local ordinance to the contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not apply to such political subdivision's 41 42local sales tax. However, any such political subdivision may enact an ordinance 43 to allow the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five 44 calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in 45 that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out. 46
  - 4.] This section shall not apply to any sales which take place within the Missouri state fairgrounds.
    - [5.] 4. This section applies to sales of items bought for personal use only.
- [6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by 50 adopting an ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax holidays from applying to its local sales tax. After opting out, the political 52 subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to 55 the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out. 56
  - 7. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two

percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax 58 holiday. The retailer [shall] may offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax

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- 61 6. A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under 62 subsection 1 of this section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall only qualify for an exemption if: 63
  - (1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the property is given to, the purchaser during the exemption period; or
- 66 (2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the order for the property during the exemption period, for immediate 67 68 delivery upon full payment, even if delivery is made after the exemption period. 69
- 70 7. The exemption of a bundled transaction shall be calculated as provided by law for all other bundled transactions. 71
  - 8. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of the sales price of the product, the discounted sales price shall determine whether the sales price falls below the price threshold provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the sales price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not reimbursed for the coupon amount by a third party.
  - (2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the sales price of a particular product and the purchaser has purchased both exempt property and taxable property, the seller shall allocate the discount based on the total sales prices of the taxable property compared to the total sales prices of all property sold in the same transaction.
  - 9. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall continue to be sold in that manner and shall not be priced separately and sold as individual items.
- 10. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but that are not delivered to the purchaser until after the exemption period 88 due to the item not being in stock shall qualify for an exemption. The 89 provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an item that was 90 delivered during an exemption period but was purchased prior to or after the exemption period.
- 93 11. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later exchanges the item for a similar 94

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eligible item after the exemption period, no additional tax shall be dueon the new item.

- (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later returns the item after the exemption period and receives credit on the purchase of a different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due on the sale of the newly purchased item.
- (3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property before an exemption period, but during the exemption period returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item of eligible property, no sales tax shall be due on the sale of the new item if the new item is purchased during the exemption period.
- (4) For a sixty day period immediately following the end of the exemption period, if a purchaser returns an exempt item no credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given unless the purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid, or the seller has sufficient documentation to show that tax was paid on the item being returned.

144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed 3 upon materials to transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, 4 including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the 5 producer at the production facility;
  - (2) "Producing" includes, but is not limited to, the production of, including the production and transmission of, telecommunication services;
    - (3) "Product" includes, but is not limited to, telecommunications services;
  - (4) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or removed from the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether or not they require subsequent separation and processing.
- 12 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 13 is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] 14 and 144.600 to 144.761, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or 15 payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, this chapter 16 and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under this chapter 17and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085 electrical energy 18 and gas, whether natural, artificial, or propane, water, coal, and energy sources, 19

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20 chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials used or consumed in the 21 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or producing of any product, or 22 used or consumed in the processing of recovered materials, or used in research 23 and development related to manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or 24 producing any product. [The exemptions granted in this subsection shall not apply to local sales taxes as defined in section 32.085 and the provisions of this 2526 subsection shall be in addition to any state and local sales tax exemption 27 provided in section 144.030.] The construction and application of this subsection 28 as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director 29 of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. 30 31 Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed.

- 3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly in television or radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any obligation under a defense contract with the United States government, and all sales and leases of tangible personal property by any county, city, incorporated town, or village, provided such sale or lease is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is certified for sales tax exemption by the department of economic development, and tangible personal property used for railroad infrastructure brought into this state for processing, fabrication, or other modification for use outside the state in the regular course of business.
- 4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] **this chapter** and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] **this chapter** and the local sales tax law as defined in

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section 32.085, all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use in completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669.

- 5. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts, electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, coal and other energy sources, chemicals, soaps, detergents, cleaning and sanitizing agents, and other ingredients and materials inserted by commercial or industrial laundries to treat, clean, and sanitize textiles in facilities which process at least five hundred pounds of textiles per hour and at least sixty thousand pounds per week.
- 144.060. **1.** It shall be the duty of every person making any purchase or receiving any service upon which a tax is imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.510 to pay, to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, the amount of such tax to the person making such sale or rendering such service. Any person who shall willfully and intentionally refuse to pay such tax shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person making any purchase or sale of a motor vehicle subject to sales tax as provided by the Missouri sales tax law, unless such person making the sale is a motor vehicle dealer authorized to collect and remit sales tax pursuant to subsection 10 of section 144.070.
- 2. A purchaser shall be relieved from any additional tax, interest, additions, or penalties for failure to collect and remit the proper amount of tax owed on a purchase subject to sales tax under this chapter if:
- 15 (1) A purchaser's seller or a certified service provider relied on 16 erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, 17 taxing jurisdiction assignments, or in the taxability matrix created 18 pursuant to section 144.124;
- 19 (2) A purchaser using a database created pursuant to section 20 144.123 received erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates,

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- 21 boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments; or
- 22 (3) A purchaser relied on erroneous data provided by the 23 director in the taxability matrix created pursuant to section 144.124.
- 144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed by the 2 provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the property or rendering the service at retail and is subject to the tax levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only for the collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the sale or service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last 7 day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the 10 amount of tax levied in section 144.020 for the preceding quarter, and shall remit to the director of revenue, with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, 11 except as provided in [subsections 2 and 3] subsection 2 of this section. The 12director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and 13 14 payment requirements of sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay 15 more frequently than required in this section.
- 16 2. [Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the seller shall file a return and pay such 18 19 aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day 20 of the succeeding month.
  - 3.] Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.
- 26 [4.] 3. The seller of any property or person rendering any service, subject to the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, shall collect the tax 27from the purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent 2829 possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to 30 collect any part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay 31 to the state the tax imposed by section 144.020; except that the collection of the 32 tax imposed by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 on motor vehicles and 33 trailers shall be made as provided in sections 144.070 and 144.440.

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34 [5.] 4. Any person may advertise or hold out or state to the public or to 35 any customer directly that the tax or any part thereof imposed by sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527**, and required to be collected by the person, will be 36 assumed or absorbed by the person, provided that the amount of tax assumed or 37 38 absorbed shall be stated on any invoice or receipt for the property sold or service rendered. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be 39 guilty of a misdemeanor. This subsection shall not apply to any retailer 40 prohibited from collecting and remitting sales tax under section 66.630. 41

144.083. 1. The director of revenue shall require all persons who are responsible for the collection of taxes under the provisions of section 144.080 to procure a retail sales license at no cost to the licensee which shall be prominently displayed at the licensee's place of business, and the license is valid until revoked by the director or surrendered by the person to whom issued when sales are discontinued. The director shall issue the retail sales license within ten working 7 days following the receipt of a properly completed application. Any person applying for a retail sales license or reinstatement of a revoked sales tax license who owes any tax under [sections 144.010 to 144.510] this chapter or sections 143.191 to 143.261 must pay the amount due plus interest and penalties before 10 11 the department may issue the applicant a license or reinstate the revoked license. 12 All persons beginning business subsequent to August 13, 1986, and who are 13 required to collect the sales tax shall secure a retail sales license prior to making 14 sales at retail. Such license may, after ten days' notice, be revoked by the director of revenue only in the event the licensee shall be in default for a period 15 of sixty days in the payment of any taxes levied under section 144.020 or sections 17 143.191 to 143.261. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 in the event of revocation, the director of revenue may publish the status of the business 18 account including the date of revocation in a manner as determined by the 19 20 director.

2. The possession of a retail sales license and a statement from the department of revenue that the licensee owes no tax due under sections 144.010 to [144.510] 144.527 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 shall be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license which is required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The date of issuance on the statement that the licensee owes no tax due shall be no more than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the local license. The revocation of a retailer's license by the director shall

29 render the occupational license or the state license null and void.

- 30 3. No person responsible for the collection of taxes under section 144.080 31 shall make sales at retail unless such person is the holder of a valid retail sales license. After all appeals have been exhausted, the director of revenue may notify 32the county or city law enforcement agency representing the area in which the 33 34 former licensee's business is located that the retail sales license of such person has been revoked, and that any county or city occupation license of such person 35 is also revoked. The county or city may enforce the provisions of this section, and 36 may prohibit further sales at retail by such person. 37
- 38 4. In addition to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, beginning 39 January 1, 2009, the possession of a statement from the department of revenue 40 stating no tax is due under sections 143.191 to 143.265 or sections 144.010 to 41 [144.510] **144.527** shall also be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any 42city or county occupation license or any state license required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The statement of no tax due shall be 43 dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission for application or 44 45 renewal of the city or county license.
- [5. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, sales tax shall only apply to the sale price paid by the final purchaser and not to any off-invoice discounts or other pricing discounts or mechanisms negotiated between manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.]
  - 144.084. 1. The director shall promulgate rules and regulations for the remittance of returns. Certified service providers shall file a return on behalf of its sellers and shall be required to file the return at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090.
- 2. For the purpose of more efficiently securing the payment of and accounting for the tax collected and remitted by certified service providers under this chapter, the director of revenue shall make, promulgate, and enforce reasonable rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of provisions of this chapter relating to the collection and remittance of sales and use tax by certified service providers. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of

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the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 19 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after January 1, 2022, shall 20 be invalid and void.

- 144.109. 1. Certified service providers providing services to sellers shall not be certified unless: 2
  - (1) The provider's system has been designed and tested to ensure the anonymity of purchasers unless otherwise required by law;
- (2) Personally identifiable information is only used and retained 5 to the extent necessary with respect to exempt purchasers, and for the identification of taxing jurisdictions; 7
- (3) The provider provides consumers with clear and conspicuous notice of its information practices, including what information it collects, how it collects such information, how it uses such information, how long, if at all, it retains such information, and whether it discloses 12 such information to the state. Such notice shall be satisfied by a written privacy policy statement accessible by the public on the 13 certified service provider's website;
  - (4) The providers' collection, use, and retention of personally identifiable information will be limited to that required by the state to ensure the validity of exemptions from taxation that are claimed by reason of a purchaser's status or the intended use of the goods or services purchased, and for the documentation of correct assignment of taxing jurisdictions; and
  - (5) The provider provides adequate technical, physical, and administrative safeguards so as to protect personally identifiable information from unauthorized access and disclosure.
- 2. (1) When any personally identifiable information that has 24 been collected and retained is no longer required for the purposes set 25 forth in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section, such information 26 27 shall no longer be retained by the state.
- 28 (2) When personally identifiable information regarding an individual is retained by or on behalf of the state, the state shall provide reasonable access by such individual to his or her own 30 information in the state's possession, as well as a right to correct any 32 inaccurately recorded information.

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33 (3) If anyone other than the state, or a person authorized by the state, seeks to discover personally identifiable information of an 34 individual, the state shall make a reasonable and timely effort to notify 35 the individual of such request. 36

- 37 3. The attorney general for the state of Missouri shall have the 38 power to enforce the provisions of this section.
  - 144.123. 1. The director shall provide and maintain a database that describes boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions and the effective dates of such changes for sales and use tax purposes.
  - 2. The director shall provide and maintain a database of all sales and use tax rates for all taxing jurisdictions. For the identification of counties and cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in a format determined by the director.
- 3. The director shall provide and maintain a database that assigns each five- and nine-digit zip code to the proper rates and taxing 12 jurisdictions. The lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code 13 14 area shall apply if the area includes more than one tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdiction. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a street address, or if a seller or a certified service 17provider (CSP) is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to 19 determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the 20 five-digit zip code area. For purposes of this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence 22if the seller has attempted to determine the nine-digit zip code designation by utilizing software approved by the governing board that 23makes this designation from the street address and the five-digit zip code applicable to a purchase.
  - 4. The director may provide address-based boundary database records for assigning taxing jurisdictions and associated rates which shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection 3 of this section. The database records shall be in the same approved format as the database records required under subsection 3 of this section and shall meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile

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32 Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the director develops address-based assignment database records sellers and CSPs shall be required to use such database. A seller or CSP shall use such database records in place of the five- and nine-digit zip code database records provided for in subsection 3 of this section. If a seller 36 or CSP is unable to determine the applicable rate and jurisdiction 37 using an address-based database record after exercising due diligence, 38 the seller or CSP may apply the nine-digit zip code designation 39 applicable to a purchase. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not 40 available for a street address or if a seller or CSP is unable to 41 determine the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase 42after exercising due diligence to determine the designation, the seller 43 or CSP may apply the rate for the five-digit zip code area. For the 44 purposes of this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that 45a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence if the seller or CSP has 46 47 attempted to determine the tax rate and jurisdiction by utilizing software approved by the director and makes the assignment from the 48 address and zip code information applicable to the purchase. If the 49 director has met the requirements of subsection 3 of this section, the 50 director may also elect to certify vendor provided address-based 51 databases for assigning tax rates and jurisdictions. The databases shall 5253 be in the same approved format as the database records under this 54 section and meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal 55 Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the 56 director certifies a vendor address-based database, a seller or CSP may 57 use such database in place of the database provided for in this subsection. 58

5. The electronic databases provided for in subsections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this section shall be in downloadable format as determined by the director. The databases may be directly provided by the director or provided by a vendor as designated by the director. A database provided by a vendor as designated by the director shall be applicable and subject to the provisions of this section. The databases shall be provided at no cost to the user of the database. The provisions of subsections 3 and 4 of this section shall not apply when the purchased product is received by the purchaser at the business location of the seller.

- 6. No seller or CSP shall be liable for reliance upon erroneous data provided or approved by the director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments, and no seller shall be liable for erroneous returns made by a CSP on behalf of the seller.
- 73 7. In lieu of a database provided under this section, a certified service provider, seller, or marketplace facilitator as defined under section 144.752, may utilize proprietary data that provides information on sales and use tax rates for all taxing jurisdictions, provided the director of revenue certifies that such proprietary data at a minimum meets the requirements of the database required under the provisions of this section.
- 144.124. 1. The director shall complete a taxability matrix. The state's entries in the matrix shall be provided and maintained by the director in a database that is in a downloadable format.
- 2. The director shall provide reasonable notice of changes in the taxability of the products or services listed in the taxability matrix.
- 3. A seller or CSP shall be relieved from liability to this state or any local taxing jurisdiction for having charged and collected the incorrect amount of state or local sales or use tax resulting from such seller's or CSP's reliance upon erroneous data provided or approved by the director in the taxability matrix, and a seller shall be relieved from liability for erroneous returns made by a CSP on behalf of the seller.
- 144.140. **1.** From every remittance to the director of revenue made on or 2 before the date when the same becomes due, the person required to remit the 3 same shall be entitled to deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent 4 thereof.
- 2. The director shall provide a monetary allowance from the taxes collected by a CSP under the terms of the contract signed with the provider, provided that such allowance shall be funded entirely from money collected by the CSP.
- 3. Any vendor receiving an allowance under subsection 2 of this section shall not be entitled to simultaneously deduct the allowance provided for under subsection 1 of this section.
- 144.190. 1. If a tax has been incorrectly computed by reason of a clerical error or mistake on the part of the director of revenue, such fact shall be set forth in the records of the director of revenue, and the amount of the overpayment shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated to remit the

tax under this chapter [144], and the balance shall be refunded to the person legally obligated to remit the tax, such person's administrators or executors, as

provided for in section 144.200.

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- 8 2. If any tax, penalty or interest has been paid more than once, or has been erroneously or illegally collected, or has been erroneously or illegally 9 computed, such sum shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person 10 legally obligated to remit the tax under this chapter [144], and the balance, with 11 interest as determined by section 32.065, shall be refunded to the person legally 12 obligated to remit the tax, but no such credit or refund shall be allowed unless 13 14 duplicate copies of a claim for refund are filed within ten years from date of 15 overpayment.
- 3. Every claim for refund must be in writing and signed by the applicant, 16 17 and must state the specific grounds upon which the claim is founded. Any refund or any portion thereof which is erroneously made, and any credit or any portion 18 19 thereof which is erroneously allowed, may be recovered in any action brought by the director of revenue against the person legally obligated to remit the tax. In 20 the event that a tax has been illegally imposed against a person legally obligated 22 to remit the tax, the director of revenue shall authorize the cancellation of the tax 23 upon the director's record.
  - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, a purchaser that originally paid sales or use tax to a vendor or seller may submit a refund claim directly to the director of revenue for such sales or use taxes paid to such vendor or seller and remitted to the director, provided no sum shall be refunded more than once, any such claim shall be subject to any offset, defense, or other claim the director otherwise would have against either the purchaser or vendor or seller, and such claim for refund is accompanied by either:
- (1) A notarized assignment of rights statement by the vendor or seller to 31 the purchaser allowing the purchaser to seek the refund on behalf of the vendor 32 or seller. An assignment of rights statement shall contain the Missouri sales or 33 use tax registration number of the vendor or seller, a list of the transactions 34 covered by the assignment, the tax periods and location for which the original 35 sale was reported to the director of revenue by the vendor or seller, and a 36 37 notarized statement signed by the vendor or seller affirming that the vendor or 38 seller has not received a refund or credit, will not apply for a refund or credit of 39 the tax collected on any transactions covered by the assignment, and authorizes 40 the director to amend the seller's return to reflect the refund; or

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41 (2) In the event the vendor or seller fails or refuses to provide an 42 assignment of rights statement within sixty days from the date of such purchaser's written request to the vendor or seller, or the purchaser is not able 43 to locate the vendor or seller or the vendor or seller is no longer in business, the 44 purchaser may provide the director a notarized statement confirming the efforts 45 that have been made to obtain an assignment of rights from the vendor or 46 seller. Such statement shall contain a list of the transactions covered by the 47 assignment, the tax periods and location for which the original sale was reported 48 to the director of revenue by the vendor or seller. 49 50 The director shall not require such vendor, seller, or purchaser to submit 51 amended returns for refund claims submitted under the provisions of this 52 subsection. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, if the seller is 53 registered with the director for collection and remittance of sales tax, the director shall notify the seller at the seller's last known address of the claim for refund. 54If the seller objects to the refund within thirty days of the date of the notice, the 55 director shall not pay the refund. If the seller agrees that the refund is 56 57 warranted or fails to respond within thirty days, the director may issue the refund and amend the seller's return to reflect the refund. For purposes of 58 59 section 32.069, the refund claim shall not be considered to have been filed until the seller agrees that the refund is warranted or thirty days after the date the 60

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, when a vendor files a refund claim on behalf of a purchaser and such refund claim is denied by the director, notice of such denial and the reason for the denial shall be sent by the director to the vendor and each purchaser whose name and address is submitted with the refund claim form filed by the vendor. A purchaser shall be entitled to appeal the denial of the refund claim within sixty days of the date such notice of denial is mailed by the director as provided in section 144.261. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to all refund claims filed after August 28, 2012. The provisions of this subsection allowing a purchaser to appeal the director's decision to deny a refund claim shall also apply to any refund claim denied by the director on or after January 1, 2007, if an appeal of the denial of the refund claim is filed by the purchaser no later than September 28, 2012, and if such claim is based solely on the issue of the exemption of the electronic transmission or delivery of computer software.

director notified the seller and the seller failed to respond.

6. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the director of revenue

shall authorize direct-pay agreements to purchasers which have annual purchases in excess of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the director of revenue. For the purposes of such direct-pay agreements, the taxes authorized under chapters 66, 67, 70, 92, 94, 162, 190, 238, 321, and 644 shall be remitted based upon the location of the place of business of the purchaser.

- 7. Special rules applicable to error corrections requested by customers of mobile telecommunications service are as follows:
- (1) For purposes of this subsection, the terms "customer", "home service provider", "place of primary use", "electronic database", and "enhanced zip code" shall have the same meanings as defined in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act incorporated by reference in section 144.013;
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if a customer of mobile telecommunications services believes that the amount of tax, the assignment of place of primary use or the taxing jurisdiction included on a billing is erroneous, the customer shall notify the home service provider, in writing, within three years from the date of the billing statement. The customer shall include in such written notification the street address for the customer's place of primary use, the account name and number for which the customer seeks a correction of the tax assignment, a description of the error asserted by the customer and any other information the home service provider reasonably requires to process the request;
- (3) Within sixty days of receiving the customer's notice, the home service provider shall review its records and the electronic database or enhanced zip code to determine the customer's correct taxing jurisdiction. If the home service provider determines that the review shows that the amount of tax, assignment of place of primary use or taxing jurisdiction is in error, the home service provider shall correct the error and, at its election, either refund or credit the amount of tax erroneously collected to the customer for a period of up to three years from the last day of the home service provider's sixty-day review period. If the home service provider determines that the review shows that the amount of tax, the assignment of place of primary use or the taxing jurisdiction is correct, the home service provider shall provide a written explanation of its determination to the customer.
- 8. For all refund claims submitted to the department of revenue on or after September 1, 2003, notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if a person legally obligated to remit the tax levied under **this** chapter

113 [144] has received a refund of such taxes for a specific issue and submits a subsequent claim for refund of such taxes on the same issue for a tax period beginning on or after the date the original refund check issued to such person, no refund shall be allowed. This subsection shall not apply and a refund shall be allowed if the refund claim is filed by a purchaser under the provisions of subsection 4 of this section, the refund claim is for use tax remitted by the purchaser, or an additional refund claim is filed by a person legally obligated to remit the tax due to any of the following:

- (1) Receipt of additional information or an exemption certificate from the purchaser of the item at issue;
- 123 (2) A decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or the administrative 124 hearing commission; or
  - (3) Changes in regulations or policy by the department of revenue.
  - 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the director of revenue shall respond to a request for a binding letter ruling filed in accordance with section 536.021 within sixty days of receipt of such request. If the director of revenue fails to respond to such letter ruling request within sixty days of receipt by the director, the director of revenue shall be barred from pursuing collection of any assessment of sales or use tax with respect to the issue which is the subject of the letter ruling request. For purposes of this subsection, the term "letter ruling" means a written interpretation of law by the director to a specific set of facts provided by a specific taxpayer or his or her agent.
  - 10. If any tax was paid more than once, was incorrectly collected, or was incorrectly computed, such sum shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated to remit the tax under chapter 144 against any deficiency or tax due discovered through an audit of the person by the department of revenue through adjustment during the same tax filing period for which the audit applied.
  - 11. A cause of action against the seller by a purchaser for a tax erroneously or illegally collected under this chapter does not accrue until a purchaser has provided written notice to a seller and the seller has had sixty days to respond. Such notice to the seller must contain the information necessary to determine the validity of the request. A seller shall be presumed to have a reasonable business practice if in the collection of such tax, the seller uses a provider or a system certified by the director and has remitted to the state all tax collected less any

## 149 deductions, credits, or allowances.

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144.210. 1. The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal property, services, substances or things was not a sale at retail shall be upon the person who made the sale, except that with respect to sales, services, or transactions provided for in section 144.070. [The seller shall obtain and maintain exemption certificates signed by the purchaser or his agent as evidence for any exempt sales claimed; provided, however, that before any administrative tribunal of this state, a seller may prove that sale is exempt from tax under this chapter in accordance with proof admissible under the applicable rules of evidence; except that when a purchaser has purchased tangible personal property or services sales tax free under a claim of exemption which is found to be improper, the director of revenue may collect the proper amount of tax, interest, 11 12 additions to tax and penalty from the purchaser directly. Any tax, interest, additions to tax or penalty collected by the director from the purchaser shall be 13 14 credited against the amount otherwise due from the seller on the purchases or sales where the exemption was claimed. 15

- 2. If the director of revenue is not satisfied with the return and payment of the tax made by any person, he is hereby authorized and empowered to make an additional assessment of tax due from such person, based upon the facts contained in the return or upon any information within his possession or that shall come into his possession.
- 3. The director of revenue shall give to the person written notice of such additional or revised assessment by certified or registered mail to the person at his or its last known address.
- 144.285. 1. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the director of revenue shall establish brackets, showing the amounts of tax to be collected on sales of specified amounts, which shall be applicable to all taxable transactions] When the seller is computing the amount of tax owed by the purchaser and remitted to the state:
- 9 (1) Tax computation shall be carried to the third decimal place; 10 and
- 12 (2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a method that 12 rounds up to the next cent whenever the third decimal place is greater

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- 2. [In all instances where statements covering taxable purchases are rendered to the taxpayer on a monthly or other periodic basis, the amount of tax 15 shall be determined by applying the applicable tax rate to the taxable purchases 16 represented on the statement, rounded to the nearest whole cent, or by 17 application of the brackets established by the director of revenue, at the option 18 of the retail vendor | Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a 19 20 transaction on an item or an invoice basis. The provision of this subsection may be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.
  - 3. No vendor or seller shall knowingly charge or receive from a purchaser as a sales tax any sum in excess of the sums provided for in this section.
  - 4. [A vendor may, at his option, determine the amount charged to and received from each purchaser by use of a formula which applies the applicable tax rate to each taxable purchase, rounded to the nearest whole cent. The formula shall be uniformly and consistently applied to all purchases similarly situated.
  - 5.] Amounts which a vendor charges to and receives from the purchaser in accordance with this section shall not be includable in his gross receipts if the amounts are separately charged or stated.
- 31 [6.] 5. If sales tax for one or more local political subdivisions is owed by 32 a taxpayer pursuant to chapter 66, 67, 92, or 94 and that taxpayer remits less 33 than all sales tax due for a filing period specified in section 144.080, the director of revenue shall deposit the tax remitted proportionately to each taxing 34 35 jurisdiction in accordance with the percentage that each such jurisdiction's share 36 of the tax due for the filing period bears to the total tax due from such taxpayer for such period. The unpaid balance due along with penalties and interest shall 37 be similarly prorated among the state and all local jurisdictions for which tax was 38 due during the filing period for which an underpayment occurs. The provisions 39 of this subsection shall apply to all returns or remittances relating to sales made 40 on or after January 1, 1984. 41
- 144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Show Me Green Sales Tax Holiday". 2
  - 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, 6 furnaces, refrigerators and freezers; and
  - (2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both the United

8 States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of

- 9 Energy as eligible to display the energy star label, as amended from time to time.
- 3. In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, there is hereby

specifically exempted from state sales tax law and all local sales and use

- 12 taxes all retail sales of any energy star certified new appliance, up to one
- 13 thousand five hundred dollars per appliance[,] during a seven-day period
  - 4 beginning at 12:01 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending at midnight on April
- 15 twenty-fifth. Where a purchaser and seller are located in two different
- 16 time zones, the time zone of the seller's location shall determine the
- 17 authorized exemption period.

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- 4. [A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday under this section to apply to its local sales taxes by enacting an ordinance to that effect. Any such political subdivision shall notify the department of revenue not
- 21 less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax
- 22 holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.
- 5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent
- 24 of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax
- 25 holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax
- 26 holiday.] A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under
- 27 subsection 1 of this section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall
- 28 only qualify for an exemption if:
  - (1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the
- 30 property is given to, the purchaser during the exemption period; or
  - (2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the
- 32 order for the property during the exemption period, for immediate
- 33 delivery upon full payment, even if delivery is made after the
- 34 exemption period.
- 5. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of
- 36 the sales price of the product, the discounted sales price shall
- 37 determine whether the sales price falls below the price threshold
- 38 provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the
- 39 sales price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not
- 40 reimbursed for the coupon amount by a third party.
- 41 (2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser
- 42 rather than to the sales price of a particular product and the purchaser
  - 3 has purchased both exempt property and taxable property, the seller

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shall allocate the discount based on the total sales prices of the taxable property compared to the total sales prices of all property sold in the same transaction.

- 6. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall continue to be sold in that manner and shall not be priced separately and sold as individual items.
- 7. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but that are not delivered to the purchaser until after the exemption period due to the item not being in stock shall qualify for an exemption. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an item that was delivered during an exemption period but was purchased prior to or after the exemption period.
  - 8. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later exchanges the item for a similar eligible item after the exemption period, no additional tax shall be due on the new item.
  - (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later returns the item after the exemption period and receives credit on the purchase of a different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due on the sale of the newly purchased item.
  - (3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property before an exemption period, but during the exemption period returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item of eligible property, no sales tax shall be due on the sale of the new item if the new item is purchased during the exemption period.
  - (4) For a sixty day period immediately following the end of the exemption period, if a purchaser returns an exempt item no credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given unless the purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid, or the seller has sufficient documentation to show that tax was paid on the item being returned.
    - 144.600. 1. This law may be cited as the "Compensating Use Tax Law".
- 2 2. All provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.527 with respect to 3 sales into this state by out-of-state sellers apply to the Compensating 4 Use Tax Law.
- 144.612. A vendor is required to register with the director under 2 this chapter for the collection and remittance of use tax if the vendor

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is engaged in business activities within this state. For purposes of this
 chapter, "engages in business activities within this state" includes:

- 5 (1) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating 6 under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee 7 is required to collect sales tax under this chapter;
- 8 (2) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling 9 representatives;
- 10 (3) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within 11 this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its 12 capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:
- 13 (a) Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so 14 under the same or a similar business name;
- (b) Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers;
- 19 (c) Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance 20 services for the vendor's customers within the state;
- (d) Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or
  - (e) Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;
- (4) The presumption in subdivision (3) of this section may be rebutted by demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;
- 33 (5) Notwithstanding subdivision (3) of this section, a vendor shall 34 be presumed to engage in business activities within this state if the 35 vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this 36 state under which the resident, for a commission or other 37 consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, 38 whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral 39 presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the

40 cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the 41 state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of 42 an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars 43 during the preceding twelve months;

- (6) The presumption in subdivision (5) of this section may be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith;
- (7) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any vendor selling tangible personal property or services designated and defined as taxable under the provisions of this chapter for delivery into Missouri, and who does not have a physical presence in the state, is subject to the provisions of sections 144.600 to 144.753, shall remit the use tax, and shall follow all applicable procedures and requirements of law as if the seller had a physical presence in the state, provided the seller's gross revenue from delivery of tangible personal property into this state in the previous or current calendar year exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. No obligation to collect and remit use tax required under this subsection shall be applied prior to January 1, 2022;
- (b) The use tax revenue collected from remittances made under the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be deposited in the general revenue fund as provided under section 144.700.
- 144.655. 1. Every vendor, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, shall file with the director of revenue a return of all taxes collected for the preceding quarter in the form prescribed by the director of revenue, showing the total sales price of the tangible personal property sold by the vendor, the storage, use or consumption of which is subject to the tax levied by this law, and other information the director of revenue deems necessary. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of the tax required to be collected by the vendor during the period

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9 covered by the return. Returns shall be signed by the vendor or the vendor's authorized agent. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of vendors, but shall not require any vendor to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.

- 2. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the vendor shall pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month. The amount so paid shall be allowed as a credit against the liability shown on the vendor's quarterly return required by this section.
- 3. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the vendor to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.
- 24 4. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, every person 25 purchasing tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which 26 is subject to the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.748, who has not paid the 27tax due to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 28 144.650, shall file with the director of revenue a return for the preceding 29 reporting period in the form and manner that the director of revenue prescribes, showing the total sales price of the tangible property purchased during the 30 preceding reporting period and any other information that the director of revenue 31 32 deems necessary for the proper administration of sections 144.600 to 33 144.748. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of the tax required by sections 144.600 to 144.748 to be paid by the person. Returns 34 shall be signed by the person liable for the tax or such person's duly authorized 35 agent. For purposes of this subsection, the reporting period shall be determined 36 by the director of revenue and may be a calendar quarter or a calendar year. Annual returns and payments required by the director pursuant to this 38 subsection shall be due on or before April fifteenth of the year for the preceding 39 calendar year and quarterly returns and payments shall be due on or before the 40 last day of the month following each calendar period of three months. Upon the 42taxpayer's request, the director may allow the filing of such returns and payments 43 on a monthly basis. If a taxpayer elects to file a monthly return and payment, such return and payment shall be due on or before the twentieth day of the

succeeding month. 45

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- 46 5. Any person purchasing tangible personal property subject to the taxes imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.748 shall not be required to file a use tax 47return with the director of revenue if such purchases on which such taxes were 48 not paid do not exceed in the aggregate two thousand dollars in any calendar 49 50 year.
- 6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall relieve a vendor of liability 51 52 to collect the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.748 on the total gross receipts of all sales of tangible personal property used, stored or consumed 53 in this state and to remit all taxes collected to the director of revenue in 5455 accordance with the provisions of this section nor shall it relieve a purchaser from 56 paying such taxes to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of 57 section 144.650.
- 58 7. Any out-of-state seller which is not legally required to register 59 for use tax in this state but chooses to collect and remit use tax under sections 144.600 to 144.761 shall file a return for the calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-62 first of the succeeding year.
  - 144.710. [From every remittance made by a vendor as required by sections 144.600 to 144.745 to the director of revenue on or before the date when the remittance becomes due, the vendor may deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.] The provisions of section 144.140 relating to the allowance for timely remittance of payment shall be applicable to the tax levied under sections 144.600 to 144.745.
- 144.752. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms 2 shall mean:
  - (1) "Marketplace facilitator", a person that:
- 4 (a) Facilitates a retail sale by a marketplace seller by listing or 5 advertising for sale by the marketplace seller in any forum, tangible personal property or services that are subject to tax under this chapter; 6 7 and
- 8 (b) Either directly or indirectly through agreements arrangements with third parties collecting payment from the purchaser and transmitting such payment to the marketplace seller regardless of whether the marketplace facilitator receives compensation or other 11 12 consideration in exchange for its services.

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A marketplace facilitator is a seller and shall comply with the provisions of this chapter. A marketplace facilitator does not include a person who provides internet advertising services, or product listing, 16 and does not collect payment from the purchaser and transmit payment 17 to the marketplace seller, and does not include a person with respect 18 to the provision of travel agency services or the operation of a marketplace or that portion of a marketplace that enables consumers 19 to receive travel agency services. For the purposes of this subdivision, 20"travel agency services" means facilitating, for a commission, fee, or 21other consideration, vacation or travel packages, rental car or other travel reservations, tickets for domestic or foreign travel by air, rail, 23 24 ship, bus, or other medium of transportation, or hotel or other lodging 25 accommodations;

- 26 (2) "Marketplace seller", a seller that makes sales through any 27 electronic marketplace operated by a marketplace facilitator;
- (3) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, municipal or private, whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the department of transportation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit;
  - (4) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage, or consumption in this state;
- (5) "Retail sale", the same meaning as defined under sections 144.010 and 144.011, excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020;
- 43 (6) "Seller", a person selling or furnishing tangible personal 44 property or rendering services on the receipts from which a tax is 45 imposed under section 144.020.
- 2. (1) By no later than January 1, 2022, marketplace facilitators that reach the threshold provided under subdivision (7) of section 144.612 shall register with the department to collect and remit sales and use tax, as applicable, on sales made through the marketplace

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facilitator's marketplace by or on behalf of a marketplace seller that are purchased in or delivered into the state, whether by the marketplace facilitator or another person, and regardless of whether the marketplace seller for whom sales are facilitated possesses a retail sales license or would have been required to collect sales or use tax had the sale not been facilitated by the marketplace facilitator. Such retail sales shall include those made directly by the marketplace facilitator and shall also include those retail sales made by marketplace sellers through the marketplace facilitator's marketplace. The collection and reporting requirements of this subsection shall not apply to retail sales other than those made through a marketplace facilitator's 61 marketplace. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or prohibit the ability of a marketplace facilitator and a marketplace seller to enter into agreements regarding the fulfillment of the requirements of this chapter.

- (2) All taxable sales made through a marketplace facilitator's marketplace by or on behalf of a marketplace seller shall be deemed to be consummated at the location in this state to which the item is shipped or delivered, or at which possession is taken by the purchaser.
- 3. Marketplace facilitators that are required to collect sales and use tax under this section shall report and remit the tax separately from any sales and use tax collected by the marketplace facilitator, or by affiliates of the marketplace facilitator, which the marketplace facilitator would have been required to collect and remit under the provisions of this chapter prior to January 1, 2022. Such tax shall be reported and remitted on a marketplace facilitator return to be developed and published by the department. Marketplace facilitators shall maintain records of all sales delivered to a location in the state, including copies of invoices showing the purchaser, address, purchase amount, and sales and use tax collected. Such records shall be made available for review and inspection upon request by the department.
- 4. Marketplace facilitators who properly collect and remit to the department in a timely manner sales and use tax on sales in accordance with the provisions of this section by or on behalf of marketplace sellers shall be eligible for any discount provided under this chapter.
- 5. A marketplace facilitator shall provide the purchaser with a statement or invoice showing that the sales or use tax was collected

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87 and shall be remitted on the purchaser's behalf.

- 6. Any taxpayer who remits sales or use tax under this section shall be entitled to refunds or credits to the same extent and in the same manner provided for in section 144.190 for taxes collected and remitted under this section. Nothing in this section shall relieve a purchaser of the obligation to remit sales or use tax for any retail sale taxable under this chapter for which a marketplace facilitator or marketplace seller does not collect and remit the sales or use tax.
- 7. Except as provided under subsections 8 to 10 of this section, marketplace facilitators shall be subject to the penalty provisions, procedures, and reporting requirements provided under the provisions of this chapter.
- 8. No class action shall be brought against a marketplace facilitator in any court in this state on behalf of purchasers arising from or in any way related to an overpayment of sales or use tax collected on retail sales facilitated by a marketplace facilitator, regardless of whether that claim is characterized as a tax refund claim. Nothing in this subsection shall affect a purchaser's right to seek a refund as provided under section 144.190.
- 9. An audit performed by the department under this chapter shall only be performed on a marketplace facilitator for sales made by marketplace sellers but facilitated by the marketplace facilitator. The department shall not audit a marketplace seller for sales facilitated by a marketplace facilitator except to the extent a marketplace facilitator seeks relief from liability under the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of subsection 10 of this section.
- 10. (1) A marketplace facilitator shall be relieved from liability under this section for the failure to collect and remit the correct amount of sales or use tax on retail sales facilitated for marketplace sellers under the following circumstances:
- 117 (a) To the extent that the marketplace facilitator demonstrates 118 to the satisfaction of the department that the error was due to 119 insufficient or incorrect information given to the marketplace 120 facilitator by the marketplace seller; provided, however, that a 121 marketplace facilitator shall not be relieved of liability under this 122 paragraph if the marketplace facilitator and the marketplace seller are 123 affiliated;

- 124 **(b)** To the extent that the marketplace facilitator demonstrates 125 to the satisfaction of the department that:
- a. The marketplace facilitator is not the seller and that the marketplace facilitator and marketplace seller are not affiliated;
- b. The retail sale was facilitated for a marketplace seller through
  a marketplace operated by the marketplace facilitator; and
- 130 c. The failure to collect and remit the correct amount of sales or 131 use tax was due to an error other than an error in sourcing the sale 132 under the provisions of this chapter.
- 133 (2) The relief from liability provided under subdivision (1) of this
  134 subsection shall not exceed the following percentage of the total sales
  135 and use tax due on retail sales facilitated by a marketplace facilitator
  136 for marketplace sellers and sourced to this state during a calendar
  137 year, which such retail sales shall not include retail sales made directly
  138 by the marketplace facilitator or affiliates of the marketplace
  139 facilitator:
- 140 (a) For retail sales made or facilitated during the 2022 calendar 141 year, four percent;
- 142 (b) For retail sales made or facilitated during the 2023 calendar 143 year, two percent;
- 144 (c) For retail sales made or facilitated during the 2024 calendar 145 year, one percent; and
- 146 (d) For retail sales made or facilitated for all years beginning 147 January 1, 2025, zero percent.
- 148 (3) To the extent that a marketplace facilitator is relieved of 149 liability for the collection of sales and use tax under this subsection, 150 the marketplace seller for whom the marketplace facilitator has made 151 or facilitated the sale shall also be relieved of liability under this 152 subsection.
- 153 (4) The department shall determine the manner in which a 154 marketplace facilitator or marketplace seller shall apply for and claim 155 the relief from liability provided for under this subsection.
- 11. The department may grant a waiver from the requirements of this section if a marketplace facilitator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department that all of its marketplace sellers are already registered under the provisions of this chapter to collect and remit sales and use tax. If such waiver is granted, the sales or use tax

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161 due shall be collected and remitted by the marketplace seller. The 162 department shall develop guidelines by rule that establish the criteria 163 for obtaining a waiver, the process and procedure for a marketplace facilitator or marketplace seller to apply for a waiver, and the process 164 165 for providing notice to an affected marketplace facilitator and marketplace seller of a waiver obtained under the provisions of this 166 subsection. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 167 168 section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this 169 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 170 171 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 172 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule 173 174 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 175 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after January 1, 2022, shall 176 be invalid and void.

12. For the purposes of this section, a marketplace facilitator shall not include a third party financial institution appointed by a merchant or a marketplace facilitator to handle various forms of payment transactions, such as processing credit cards and debit cards, and whose sole activity with respect to marketplace sales is to facilitate the payment transactions between two parties.

144.757. 1. Any county or municipality, except municipalities within a county having a charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand, may, by a majority vote of its governing body, impose a local use tax if a local sales tax is imposed as defined in section 32.085 at a rate equal to the rate of the local sales tax in effect in such county or municipality; provided, however, that no ordinance or order enacted pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 shall be effective unless the governing body of the county or municipality 7 submits to the voters thereof at a municipal, county or state general, primary or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose a local use tax pursuant to sections 144.757 to 10 11 144.761. Municipalities within a county having a charter form of government 12with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand may, upon voter approval received pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, impose a local use tax at the same rate as the local municipal sales tax

with the revenues from all such municipal use taxes to be distributed pursuant to subsection 4 of section 94.890. The municipality shall within thirty days of the approval of the use tax imposed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section select one of the distribution options permitted in subsection 4 of section 94.890 for distribution of all municipal use taxes.

2. (1) The ballot of submission, except for counties and municipalities described in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (county or municipality's name) impose a local use tax at the same rate as the total local sales tax rate, [currently \_\_\_\_\_ (insert percent),] provided that if the local sales tax rate is reduced or raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be reduced or raised by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.] Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-of-state sellers by imposing the same rate on all sellers.

 $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(2) (a) The ballot of submission in a county having a charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand shall contain substantially the following language:

For the purposes of enhancing county and municipal public safety, parks, and job creation and enhancing local government services, shall the county be authorized to collect a local use tax equal to the total of the existing county sales tax rate [of (insert tax rate)], provided that if the county sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same voter action? Fifty percent of the revenue shall be used by the county throughout the county for improving and enhancing public safety, park improvements, and job creation, and fifty percent shall be used for enhancing local government services. The county shall be required to make

51	available to the public an audited comprehensive financial report						
52	detailing the management and use of the countywide portion of the						
53	funds each year.						
54	A use tax is the equivalent of a sales tax on purchases from						
55	out-of-state sellers by in-state buyers and on certain taxable						
56	business transactions. [A use tax return shall not be required to						
57	be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do						
58	not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.]						
59	Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in						
60	tax rates collected by local and out-of-state sellers by						
61	imposing the same rate on all sellers.						
32	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO						
63	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite						
34	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box						
35	opposite "NO".						
66	(b) The ballot of submission in a municipality within a county having a						
<sub>67</sub>	charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand						
38	shall contain substantially the following language:						
39	Shall the municipality be authorized to impose a local use tax at						
70	the same rate as the local sales tax by a vote of the governing body,						
71	provided that if any local sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised						
72	by voter approval, the respective local use tax shall also be						
73	repealed, reduced or raised by the same action? [A use tax return						
74	shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from						
75	out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in						
76	any calendar year.] Approval of this question will eliminate						
77	the disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-of-state						
78	sellers by imposing the same rate on all sellers.						
79	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO						
80	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite						
31	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box						
32	opposite "NO".						
83	(3) The ballot of submission in any city not within a county shall contain						
34	substantially the following language:						
85	Shall the (city name) impose a local use tax at the same rate						
86	as the local sales tax [currently at a rate of						

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percent)] which includes the capital improvements sales tax and the transportation tax, provided that if any local sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by voter approval, the respective local use tax shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.] Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-of-state sellers by imposing the same rate on all sellers.

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- (4) If any of such ballots are submitted on August 6, 1996, and if a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect October 1, 1996, provided the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local use tax on or before August 16, 1996. If any of such ballots are submitted after December 31, 1996, and if a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the calendar quarter which begins at least forty-five days after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local use tax. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county or municipality shall have no power to impose the local use tax as herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county or municipality shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose the local use tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
- 3. The local use tax may be imposed at the same rate as the local sales tax then currently in effect in the county or municipality upon all transactions which are subject to the taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745 within the county or municipality adopting such tax; provided, however, that if any local sales tax is repealed or the rate thereof is reduced or raised by voter

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approval, the local use tax rate shall also be deemed to be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action repealing, reducing or raising the local sales tax.

4. For purposes of sections 144.757 to 144.761, the use tax may be referred to or described as the equivalent of a sales tax on purchases made from out-of-state sellers by in-state buyers and on certain intrabusiness transactions. Such a description shall not change the classification, form or subject of the use tax or the manner in which it is collected.

144.759. 1. All local use taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 on behalf of any county or municipality, 2 less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's 3 general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087 shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a local use tax trust fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the local sales tax trust funds. The moneys in such local use tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be 7 state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 10 trust fund which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a local use tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 11 12 or municipality and to the public. No later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during 13 14 the preceding month, except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, to the county or municipality treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by 15 16 the county or municipality ordinance or order, of each county or municipality 17 imposing the tax authorized by sections 144.757 to 144.761, the sum due the 18 county or municipality as certified by the director of revenue.

2. The director of revenue shall distribute all moneys which would be due any county having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more to the county treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by county ordinance, who shall distribute such moneys as follows: the portion of the use tax imposed by the county which equals one-half the rate of sales tax in effect for such county shall be disbursed to the county treasurer for expenditure throughout the county for public safety, parks, and job creation, subject to any qualifications and regulations adopted by ordinance of the county. Such ordinance shall require an audited comprehensive financial report detailing the management and use of such funds each year. Such ordinance shall also require that the county and the municipal league of the county jointly

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30 prepare a strategy to guide expenditures of funds and conduct an annual review of the strategy. The treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by 31 county ordinance shall distribute one-third of the balance to the county and to 32 33 each city, town and village in group B according to section 66.620 as modified by 34 this section, a portion of the two-thirds remainder of such balance equal to the percentage ratio that the population of each such city, town or village bears to the 35 36 total population of all such group B cities, towns and villages. For the purposes 37 of this subsection, population shall be determined by the last federal decennial 38 census or the latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the purposes of this subsection, each city, 39 40 town or village in group A according to section 66.620 but whose per capita sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year pursuant to sections 66.600 to 41 4266.630 were less than the per capita countywide average of all sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year, shall be treated as a group B city, town or 43 village until the per capita amount distributed to such city, town or village equals 44 the difference between the per capita sales tax receipts during the preceding 45 46 calendar year and the per capita countywide average of all sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year. 47

3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties or municipalities. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

4. Except as modified in sections 144.757 to 144.761, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 applicable to the local sales tax, except for subsection 12 of section 32.087, and all provisions of sections 144.600 to 144.745 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761, and the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax.

144.761. 1. No county or municipality imposing a local use tax pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 may repeal or amend such local use tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county or municipality in the manner provided in section 144.757; provided, however, that the repeal of the local sales tax within the county or municipality shall be deemed to repeal the local use tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761.

8 2. Whenever the governing body of any county or municipality in which a local use tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 144.757 to 144.761 receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of 10 11 such county or municipality voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal such local use tax, the governing body shall submit to the 12 13 voters of such county or municipality a proposal to repeal the county or municipality use tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761. If a 14 15 majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon 16 are in favor of the proposal to repeal the local use tax, then the ordinance or order imposing the local use tax, along with any amendments thereto, is repealed. 17 If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed 18 19 to the proposal to repeal the local use tax, then the ordinance or order imposing the local use tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall remain in 20 effect. Subsection 19 of section 32.087 shall apply to such repeal of the 2122 tax authorized under sections 144.757 to 144.761.

184.845. 1. The board of the district may impose a museum and cultural district sales tax by resolution on all retail sales made in such museum and cultural district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. Such museum and cultural district sales tax may be imposed for any museum or cultural purpose designated by the board of the museum and cultural district. If the resolution is adopted the board of the district may submit the question of whether to impose a sales tax authorized by this section to the qualified voters, who shall have the same voting interests as

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- with the election of members of the board of the district.
- 10 2. The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter following adoption of the tax by the board 11 or qualified voters] as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087, if the 12 board elects to submit the question of whether to impose a sales tax to the 13 qualified voters. 14
- 15 3. In each museum and cultural district in which a sales tax has been 16 imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the museum and cultural district pursuant to this section to the 17 18 retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
  - 4. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the [museum and cultural district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in tax shall be calculated as authorized by the provisions of section 144.285.
  - 5. All revenue received by a museum and cultural district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain museum or cultural purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. All funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated museum or cultural purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other museum or cultural district funds.
- 6. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one-half of one percent, three-fourths of one percent or one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the museum and cultural district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject 42to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 43 to [144.525] 144.527. Any museum and cultural district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform

45 throughout the district.

- 7. On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the [museum and cultural district] director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the [museum and cultural district] director of revenue.
  - 8. All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of the museum and cultural districts[, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Missouri Museum Cultural District Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county.
  - 9. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
  - 10. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the museum and cultural district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
  - 11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527** for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.

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12. [For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed 83 to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an 84 out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state 85 destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this 86 state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible 88 89 personal property is taken, even though the order shall be forwarded elsewhere 90 for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.

13.] All sales taxes collected by the museum and cultural district shall be deposited by the museum and cultural district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The museum and cultural district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection by the officers and directors of each museum and cultural district and the Missouri department of revenue. Tax returns filed by businesses within the district shall otherwise be considered as confidential in the same manner as sales tax returns filed with the Missouri department of revenue.

[14.] 13. No museum and cultural district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued to finance any project or projects.

## 108 14. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section. 109

221.407. 1. The commission of any regional jail district may impose, by order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one 2percent, three-eighths of one percent, or one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such region which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the purpose of providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such region. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except

8 that no order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective 9 unless the commission submits to the voters of the district, on any election date 10 authorized in chapter 115, a proposal to authorize the commission to impose a 11 tax.

12 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 13 following language:

Shall the regional jail district of \_\_\_\_\_ (counties' names) impose a region-wide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the region?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order and any amendment to such order shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than the required majority, the commission shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the commission shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the commission to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the district voting on such proposal; however, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last submission of a proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such district for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the commission in accordance with applicable laws relating

to the investment of other county funds. 44

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5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Regional Jail District Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each member county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such district, and all expenditures of funds arising from the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall be paid pursuant to an appropriation adopted by the commission and shall be approved by the commission. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any function authorized in the order adopted by the commission submitting the regional jail district tax to the voters.

6. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any district for erroneous payments and overpayments 66 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 67 such districts. If any district abolishes the tax, the commission shall notify the 68 director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided in subsection 69 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust 70 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt 72 of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 73 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, 74 the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and 7576 close the account of that district. The director of revenue shall notify each district in each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085

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effective unless:

80 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

8. The provisions of this section shall expire September 30, 2028.

238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail 2 3 sales made in such transportation development district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors nor to all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service to telephone subscribers, either local or long distance. Such transportation development district sales tax may be imposed for any 10 transportation development purpose designated by the transportation 11 development district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that no resolution enacted pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall be 12

- (a) The board of directors of the transportation development district submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the provisions of this section; or
- 19 (b) The voters approved the question certified by the petition filed 20 pursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207.
  - (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

27	Shall th	he tran	sportation	dev	elopment	district	of	
28	(transpo	rtation	developme	ent	district's	name)	impose	a
29	transportation development district-wide sales tax at the rate of							
30	(insert amount) for a period of (insert number) years							
31	from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose of							
32	(insert transportation development purpose)?							
33			YES			NO		

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite

35 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the transportation development district shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until the board of directors of the transportation development district shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize it to impose the sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- (3) [The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the department of revenue receives notification of the tax.
- (4) In each transportation development district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the transportation development district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
  - (5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285.
- (6)] All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain transportation development purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development

purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district funds.

- [(7)] (4) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors nor to public utilities. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.
- 2. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation development district.
- 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect, in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, the additional tax authorized pursuant to this section. The tax imposed pursuant to this section and the taxes imposed pursuant to all other laws of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and pursuant to such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087 and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section.
  - (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations,

persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.

- (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the transportation development district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.
- (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.
- 5.] All sales taxes received by the transportation development district shall be deposited by the director of revenue in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each transportation development district and the general public.
- 142 [6.] 4. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax

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pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.

- (2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in which a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified voters calling for an election to repeal such transportation development sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such repeal will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects, submit to the qualified voters of such transportation development district a proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, is repealed as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the ordinance or resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall remain in effect.
- [7.] 5. Notwithstanding any provision of sections 99.800 to 99.865 and this section to the contrary, the sales tax imposed by a district whose project is a public mass transportation system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918 and shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845, or subsection 4 of section 99.957.
- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed

under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

238.410. 1. Any county transit authority established pursuant to section 238.400 may impose a sales tax of up to one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county, on behalf of the transit authority, submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose a tax.

10 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 11 following language:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ Transit Authority impose a countywide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) in order to provide revenues for the operation of transportation facilities operated by the transit authority?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective [on the 2122 first day of the second calendar quarter following notification to the department of revenue of adoption of the tax as provided by subsection 19 of section 23**32.087**. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed 24to the proposal, then the transit authority shall have no power to impose the 2526 sales tax authorized by this section unless and until another proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section 27has been submitted and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 28 voters voting thereon. 29

30 3. All revenue received by the transit authority from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and

shall be used solely by the transit authority for construction, purchase, lease, maintenance and operation of transportation facilities located within the county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the transit authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of county funds.

- 4. No transit authority imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county in the same manner as provided in subsection 1 of this section for approval of such tax. Whenever the governing body of any county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of such county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal such sales tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such county a proposal to repeal the sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax is repealed as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax shall remain in effect.
- 5. The sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate approved pursuant to this section. The amount reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be computed on the basis of the combined rate of the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 and the tax imposed by this section, plus any amounts imposed under other provisions of law.
- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of

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Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the applicable provisions of section 144.285 shall apply to all taxable transactions.

7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] **144.527** are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under chapter 144 are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected under the provisions of this section. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527 for a violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.

8. [For the purposes of a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer, except for tangible personal property sold which is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination and except for the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors, which is provided for in subsection 12 of this section. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for

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acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.

9.] All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any transit authority[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in this section,] shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Transit Authority Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each transit authority imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the transit authority which levied the tax.

[10.] 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transit authority for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may authorize the state treasurer to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such transit authorities. If any transit authority abolishes the tax, the transit authority shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such transit authority, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the transit authority and close the account of that transit authority. The director of revenue shall notify each transit authority of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the transit authority. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of the trust fund and administration of the sales taxes authorized by this section. He shall provide each transit authority

imposing the tax authorized by this section with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the transit authority.

[11.] 10. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who shall have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of this section shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all transit authorities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under this section in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond or bonds covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of the premium or premiums for the surety bond or bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collection retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.

[12.] 11. Sales taxes imposed pursuant to this section and use taxes on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a county where a sales tax is imposed under this section. The amounts so collected, less the one percent collection cost, shall be deposited in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant. As used in this subsection, the term "boat" shall only include motorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

[13.] 12. In any county where the transit authority sales tax has been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under this section or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under this section, the director of revenue shall notify the transit authority to which delinquent taxes are due under this section by United States registered mail or certified mail at least ten days before turning the case over to the attorney general. The transit authority,

acting through its attorney, may join in such suit as a party plaintiff to seek a judgment for the delinquent taxes and penalty due such transit authority. In the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any sales tax due under this section, the director of revenue shall promptly notify the transit authority to which the tax would be due so that appropriate action may be taken by the transit authority.

- [14.] 13. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by this section, the director of revenue shall permit the transit authority to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the transit authority under this section. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such transit authority under this section.
- [15. The transit authority created under the provisions of sections 238.400 to 238.412 shall notify any and all affected businesses of the change in tax rate caused by the imposition of the tax authorized by sections 238.400 to 238.412.
- 16.] 14. In the event that any transit authority in any county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants submits a proposal in any election to increase the sales tax under this section, and such proposal is approved by the voters, the county shall be reimbursed for the costs of submitting such proposal from the funds derived from the tax levied under this section.
- 200 15. Except as provided in sections 238.400 to 238.412, all 201 provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed 202 under sections 238.410 to 238.412.

644.032. 1. The governing body of any municipality or county may impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such municipality or county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527. The tax authorized by this section and section 644.033 shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 shall be effective unless the governing body of the municipality or county submits to the voters of the municipality or county, at a municipal, county or

state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the municipality or county to impose a tax, provided, that the tax authorized by this section shall not be imposed on the sales of food, as defined in section 144.014, when imposed by any county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants.

15 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 16 following language:

Shall the municipality (county) of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of providing funding for \_\_\_\_\_ (insert either storm water control, or local parks, or storm water control and local parks) for the municipality (county)?

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall [be in effect on the first day of the second quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax] become effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the municipality or county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section and section 644.033 until the governing body of the municipality or county resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the municipality or county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and section 644.033 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon; however, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section and section 644.033 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section and section 644.033.

- 3. All revenue received by a municipality or county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used to provide funding for storm water control or for local parks, or both, within such municipality or county, provided that such revenue may be used for local parks outside such municipality or county if the municipality or county is engaged in a cooperative agreement pursuant to section 70.220.
- 4. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other municipal or county funds.

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5. Except as provided by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

[66.601. The duties of the director of revenue with respect to the allocation, division and distribution of sales and use tax proceeds determined to be due any county of the first classification having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants and all municipalities within such county, resulting from taxes levied or imposed under the authority of sections 66.600 to 66.630, section 144.748,144.748 and sections 94.850 to 94.857, may be delegated to the county levying the county sales tax under sections 66.600 to 66.630, at the discretion of the director of revenue and with the consent of the county. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 to the contrary, if such duties are so assigned, the director of revenue shall furnish the county with sufficient information to perform such duties in such form as may be agreed upon by the director and the county at no cost to the county. The county shall be bound by the provisions of section 32.057, and shall use any information provided by the director of revenue under the provisions of this section solely for the purpose of allocating, dividing and distributing such sales and use tax revenues. The county shall exercise all of the director's powers and duties with respect to such allocation, division and distribution, and shall receive no fee for carrying out such powers and duties.]

[67.1713. Beginning January 1, 2002, there is hereby specifically exempted from the tax imposed pursuant to section 67.1712 all sales of food as defined by section 144.014.]

[67.1971. All entities remitting the sales tax authorized pursuant to section 67.1959 shall have their liability reduced by an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any taxes collected and remitted pursuant to sections 94.802 to 94.805.]

[144.069. All sales taxes associated with the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors under the laws of Missouri shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the address of the owner thereof, and all sales taxes associated with the titling of vehicles under leases of over sixty-day duration of

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motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect, unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or motor has been registered and sales taxes have been paid prior to the consummation of the lease agreement at the location of the address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political subdivision shall be collected and remitted on such sales from the purchaser or lessee by the state department of revenue on that basis.]

[144.517. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to section 144.030, there shall also be exempted from state sales and use taxes all sales of textbooks, as defined by section 170.051, when such textbook is purchased by a student who possesses proof of current enrollment at any Missouri public or private university, college or other postsecondary institution of higher learning offering a course of study leading to a degree in the liberal arts, humanities or sciences or in a professional, vocational or technical field, provided that the books which are exempt from state sales tax are those required or recommended for a class. Upon request the institution or department must provide at least one list of textbooks to the bookstore each semester. Alternately, the student may provide to the bookstore a list from the instructor, department institution of his or her required or recommended textbooks. This exemption shall not apply to any locally imposed sales or use tax.

[144.605. The following words and phrases as used in sections 144.600 to 144.745 mean and include:

- (1) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December thirty-first;
- (2) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:
- (a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect sales tax pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525;
  - (b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or

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traveling representatives;

(c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:

- a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the same or a similar business name;
- b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers;
- c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services for the vendor's customers within the state;
- d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or
- e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;
- (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;
  - (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by

submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith;

- (3) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business in this state, whether owned or operated by the vendor or by any other person other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such;
- (4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;
- (5) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use or consumption in this state;
- (6) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage or consumption in this state;
- (7) "Sale", any transfer, barter or exchange of the title or ownership of tangible personal property, or the right to use, store or consume the same, for a consideration paid or to be paid, and any transaction whether called leases, rentals, bailments, loans, conditional sales or otherwise, and notwithstanding that the title

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or possession of the property or both is retained for security. For the purpose of this law the place of delivery of the property to the purchaser, user, storer or consumer is deemed to be the place of sale, whether the delivery be by the vendor or by common carriers, private contractors, mails, express, agents, salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignors, peddlers, canvassers or otherwise;

- (8) "Sales price", the consideration including the charges for services, except charges incident to the extension of credit, paid or given, or contracted to be paid or given, by the purchaser to the vendor for the tangible personal property, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the vendor, without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, losses or any other expenses whatsoever, except that cash discounts allowed and taken on sales shall not be included and "sales price" shall not include the amount charged for property returned by customers upon rescission of the contract of sales when the entire amount charged therefor is refunded either in cash or credit or the amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying the property sold, the use, storage or consumption of which is taxable pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745. The sales price shall not include usual and customary delivery charges that are separately stated. In determining the amount of tax due pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745, any charge incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted;
- (9) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 or sections 144.600 to 144.745 and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;
  - (10) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of

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tangible personal property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;

- (11) "Tangible personal property", all items subject to the Missouri sales tax as provided in subdivisions (1) and (3) of section 144.020;
- (12) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should remit the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.745;
- (13) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use outside the state, or the sale of the property in the regular course of business;
- (14) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in business activities within this state and every person who engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as vendors for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.]

[144.1000. Sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 shall be known as and referred to as the "Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act".]

2 following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
- (2) "Certified automated system", software certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state and maintain a record of the transaction:
- (3) "Certified service provider", an agent certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to perform all of the seller's sales tax functions;
- (4) "Person", an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, corporation or any other legal entity;
- (5) "Sales tax", any sales tax levied pursuant to this chapter, section 32.085, or any other sales tax authorized by statute and levied by this state or its political subdivisions;
- (6) "Seller", any person making sales, leases or rentals of personal property or services;
- (7) "State", any state of the United States and the District of Columbia;
  - (8) "Use tax", the use tax levied pursuant to this chapter.]

[144.1006. For the purposes of reviewing and, if necessary, amending the agreement embodying the simplification recommendations contained in section 144.1015, the state may enter into multistate discussions. For purposes of such discussions, the state shall be represented by seven delegates, one of whom shall be appointed by the governor, two members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives, two members appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and one member appointed by the minority leader of the senate. The delegates need not be members of the general assembly and at least one of the delegates appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one member appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate shall be from the private sector and

represent the interests of Missouri businesses. The delegates shall recommend to the committees responsible for reviewing tax issues in the senate and the house of representatives each year any amendment of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the status of the multistate discussions and upon final adoption of the terms of the sales and use tax agreement by the multistate body.]

[144.1009. No provision of the agreement authorized by sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 in whole or in part invalidates or amends any provision of the law of this state. Implementation of any condition of this agreement in this state, whether adopted before, at, or after membership of this state in the agreement, must be by action of the general assembly. Such report shall be delivered to the governor, the secretary of state, the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives and shall simultaneously be made publicly available by the secretary of state to any person requesting a copy.]

[144.1012. Unless five of the seven delegates agree, the delegates shall not enter into or vote for any streamlined sales and use tax agreement that:

- (1) Requires adoption of a definition of any term that would cause any item or transaction that is now excluded or exempted from sales or use tax to become subject to sales or use tax;
- (2) Requires the state of Missouri to fully exempt or fully apply sales taxes to the sale of food or any other item;
- (3) Restricts the ability of local governments under statutes in effect on August 28, 2002, to enact one or more local taxes on one or more items without application of the tax to all sales within the taxing jurisdiction, however, restriction of any such taxes allowed by statutes effective after August 28, 2002, may be supported;
- (4) Provides for adoption of any uniform rate structure that would result in a tax increase for any Missouri taxpayer;
  - (5) Affects the sourcing of sales tax transactions; or

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18 (6) Prohibits limitations or thresholds on the application of 19 sales and use tax rates or prohibits any current sales or use tax exemption in the state of Missouri, including exemptions that are 20 21based on the value of the transaction or item.] [144.1015. In addition to the requirements of section 2 144.1012, the delegates should consider the following features 3 when deciding whether or not to enter into any streamlined sales 4 and use tax agreement: 5 (1) The agreement should address the limitation of the 6 number of state rates over time; 7 (2) The agreement should establish uniform standards for 8 administration of exempt sales and the form used for filing sales 9 and use tax returns and remittances; 10 (3) The agreement should require the state to provide a 11 central, electronic registration system that allows a seller to 12 register to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all signatory 13 states; 14 (4) The agreement should provide that registration with the 15 central registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes in the signatory states will not be used as a factor in determining 16 17 whether the seller has nexus with a state for any tax; (5) The agreement should provide for reduction of the 18 19 burdens of complying with local sales and use taxes through the 20 following so long as they do not conflict with the provisions of 21section 144.1012: 22 (a) Restricting variances between the state and local tax 23 bases; 24(b) Requiring states to administer any sales and use taxes 25 levied by local jurisdictions within the state so that sellers 26 collecting and remitting these taxes will not have to register or file returns with, remit funds to, or be subject to independent audits 27 28 from local taxing jurisdictions;

> (c) Restricting the frequency of changes in the local sales and use tax rates and setting effective dates for the application of local jurisdictional boundary changes to local sales and use taxes; and

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(d) Providing notice of changes in local sales and use tax rates and of changes in the boundaries of local taxing jurisdictions;

- (6) The agreement should outline any monetary allowances that are to be provided by the states to sellers or certified service providers. The agreement must allow for a joint public and private sector study of the compliance cost on sellers and certified service providers to collect sales and use taxes for state and local governments under various levels of complexity to be completed by July 1, 2003;
- (7) The agreement should require each state to certify compliance with the terms of the agreement prior to joining and to maintain compliance, under the laws of the member state, with all provisions of the agreement while a member, only if the agreement and any amendment thereto complies with the provisions of section 144.1012;
- (8) The agreement should require each state to adopt a uniform policy for certified service providers that protects the privacy of consumers and maintains the confidentiality of tax information; and
- (9) The agreement should provide for the appointment of an advisory council of private sector representatives and an advisory council of nonmember state representatives to consult with in the administration of the agreement.]

Section B. The repeal of sections 66.601, 67.1713, 67.1971, 144.069, 144.517, 144.605, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, and 144.1012, the repeal and reenactment of sections 32.087, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 144.010, 144.014, 144.020, 144.030, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.080, 144.083, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.285, 144.526, 144.600, 144.655,

 $9\quad 144.710,\, 144.759,\, 144.761,\, 184.845,\, 221.407,\, 238.235,\, 238.410,\, and\, 644.032,\, and\, 6$ 

the enactment of sections 32.086, 143.177, 144.084, 144.109, 144.123, 144.124,

11 144.612, and 144.752 of this act shall become effective January 1, 2022.

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