## SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

## SENATE BILL NO. 659

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2018

4761H.02T

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 260.242, 260.262, 260.391, 319.129, 414.032, and 640.620, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to the department of natural resources.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 260.242, 260.262, 260.391, 319.129, 414.032, and

- 2 640.620, RSMo, are repealed and ten new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
- 3 known as sections 253.147, 260.242, 260.262, 260.391, 260.558, 260.1150, 319.129,
- 4 319.140, 414.032, and 640.620, to read as follows:
- 253.147. The department of natural resources shall submit a
- 2 report to the general assembly on or before January 1, 2019, and
- 3 annually thereafter, regarding maintenance, repair, and construction
- 4 at state parks and historic sites. The report shall include the following:
- 5 (1) The total cost of all maintenance, repair, and construction
- 6 projects completed in the prior fiscal year;
- 7 (2) For each project for which the total cost exceeded the state
- 8 competitive bid minimum referenced in section 34.040, a list of all such
- 9 projects, the total cost of all such projects, and the amount and source
- 10 of funding for each such project;
- 11 (3) For each project for which the total cost was less than the
- 12 state competitive bid minimum referenced in section 34.040, the total
- 13 cost of all such projects and aggregate total costs by category;
- 14 (4) A list of planned maintenance, repair, and construction
- 15 projects the department expects will exceed the state competitive bid

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- 16 minimum referenced in section 34.040 for the upcoming fiscal year;
- 17 (5) The current status of each project that was planned but not 18 completed in the previous fiscal year;
- 19 (6) The amount of revenue generated by, and the operating 20 expenditures of, each state park and historic site averaged over the two 21 previous fiscal years; and
- 22 (7) The total amount of revenue generated by all state parks and 23 historic sites averaged over the two previous fiscal years.

260.242. [All fly ash produced by coal combustion generating facilities shall be exempt from all solid waste permitting requirements of this chapter, if such ash is constructively reused or disposed of by a grout technique in any active or inactive noncoal, non-open-pit mining operation located in a city having a population of at least three hundred fifty thousand located in more than one county and is also located in a county of the first class without a charter form of government with a population of greater than one hundred fifty thousand and less than one hundred sixty thousand, provided said ash is not considered hazardous waste under the Missouri hazardous waste law.] 1. The department shall have the authority to promulgate rules for the management, 10 11 closure, and post-closure of coal combustion residual (CCR) units in accordance with Sections 1008(a)(3) and 4004(a) of the Resource 13 Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and to approve site-specific groundwater criteria. At the discretion of the department, the Missouri 14 risk-based corrective action (MRBCA) rules, 10 CSR 25-18.010, and 15 accompanying guidance may be used to establish site-specific targets 16 for soil and groundwater impacted by coal combustion residual (CCR) 17constituents. As used in this section, a "CCR unit" means a surface 18 impoundment, utility waste landfill, or a CCR landfill. To the extent 20 there is a conflict between this section and section 644.026 or 644.143, this section shall prevail. 21

2. Prior to federal approval of a state CCR program pursuant to 4004(a) of the RCRA, nothing in this section shall prohibit the department from issuing guidance or entering into enforceable agreements with CCR unit owners or operators to establish risk-based target levels, using all or part of the MRBCA rules and guidance, for closure and corrective action at CCR units. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the department, owners, or operators of CCR units not

29 otherwise covered by 40 CFR 257 from utilizing the MRBCA rules and 30 guidance.

- 3. No later than December 31, 2018, the department shall propose 32 for promulgation a state CCR program, including procedures regarding 33 payment, submission of fees, reimbursement of excess fee collection, 34 inspection, and record keeping.
- 4. The department shall not apply standards to any existing landfill or new landfills constructed contiguous to existing power station facilities located on municipally owned land that was purchased by the municipality prior to December 31, 2018, that are in conflict with 40 CFR 257, unless sound and reasonably proven scientific data confirm an imminent threat to human health and the environment.
- 5. Effective January 1, 2019, and in order to implement the state CCR program, the department shall have the authority to assess one-time enrollment and annual fees on each owner, operator, or permittee of a CCR unit subject to 40 CFR 257, only as follows:
- 45 (1) For units that have not closed, an enrollment fee in the 46 amount of sixty-two thousand dollars per CCR unit, except no fee shall 47 apply to CCR units permitted as a utility waste landfill;
- 48 (2) For CCR units that have completed closure in place under 40 49 CFR 257 prior to December 31, 2018, an enrollment fee of forty-eight 50 thousand dollars per CCR unit;
- (3) An annual fee of fifteen thousand dollars per CCR unit, except an annual fee shall not be assessed on CCR units that have closed prior to December 31, 2018. The obligation to pay an annual fee under this section shall terminate at the end of the CCR unit's post-closure period, so long as the CCR unit is not under a requirement to complete a corrective action, or sooner, if authorized by the department.
- 6. All fees received under this section shall be deposited into the
  "Coal Combustion Residuals Subaccount" of the solid waste management
  fund created under section 260.330. Fees collected under this section
  are dedicated, upon appropriation, to the department for conducting
  activities required by this section and rules adopted under this
  section. Fees established by this section shall not yield revenue greater
  than the cost of administering this section and the rules adopted under

- this section, but shall be adequate to ensure sustained operation of the state CCR program. The department shall prepare an annual report detailing costs incurred in connection with the management and closure of CCR units. The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, moneys and interest earned on moneys in the subaccount shall not revert to the general revenue fund at the end of each biennium.
- 72 7. Interest shall be imposed on the moneys due to the department 73 at the rate of ten percent per annum from the prescribed due date until 74 payment is actually made. These interest amounts shall be deposited 75 to the credit of the subaccount created under this section.
- 8. All fees under this section shall be paid by check or money order made payable to the department and, unless otherwise required by this section, shall be due on January first of each calendar year and be accompanied by a form provided by the department.
- 9. The department may pursue penalties under section 260.240 for failure to timely submit the fees imposed in this section.
- 82 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this 83 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 85 86 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule 88 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 89 90 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2018, shall be invalid and void. 91

260.262. A person selling lead-acid batteries at retail or offering lead-acid batteries for retail sale in the state shall:

- 3 (1) Accept, at the point of transfer, in a quantity at least equal to the 4 number of new lead-acid batteries purchased, used lead-acid batteries from 5 customers, if offered by customers;
- 6 (2) Post written notice which must be at least four inches by six inches in 7 size and must contain the universal recycling symbol and the following language:
- 8 (a) It is illegal to discard a motor vehicle battery or other lead-acid 9 battery;

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- 10 (b) Recycle your used batteries; and
- 11 (c) State law requires us to accept used motor vehicle batteries, or other 12 lead-acid batteries for recycling, in exchange for new batteries purchased; and
- 13 (3) Manage used lead-acid batteries in a manner consistent with the 14 requirements of the state hazardous waste law;
- 15 (4) Collect at the time of sale a fee of fifty cents for each lead-acid battery 16 sold. Such fee shall be added to the total cost to the purchaser at retail after all applicable sales taxes on the battery have been computed. The fee imposed, less 17 18 six percent of fees collected, which shall be retained by the seller as collection costs, shall be paid to the department of revenue in the form and manner 19 required by the department and shall include the total number of batteries sold 20 during the preceding month. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules 2122and regulations necessary to administer the fee collection and enforcement. The 23 terms "sold at retail" and "retail sales" do not include the sale of batteries to a 24 person solely for the purpose of resale, if the subsequent retail sale in this state is to the ultimate consumer and is subject to the fee. However, this fee shall not 25 be paid on batteries sold for use in agricultural operations upon written 26 27 certification by the purchaser; and
  - (5) The department of revenue shall administer, collect, and enforce the fee authorized pursuant to this section pursuant to the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the general state sales and use tax imposed pursuant to chapter 144 except as provided in this section. The proceeds of the battery fee, less four percent of the proceeds, which shall be retained by the department of revenue as collection costs, shall be transferred by the department of revenue into the hazardous waste fund, created pursuant to section 260.391. The fee created in subdivision (4) and this subdivision shall be effective October 1, 2005. The provisions of subdivision (4) and this subdivision shall terminate December 31, [2018] 2023.
  - 260.391. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be known as the "Hazardous Waste Fund". All funds received from hazardous waste permit and license fees, generator fees or taxes, penalties, or interest assessed on those fees or taxes, taxes collected by contract hazardous waste landfill operators, general revenue, federal funds, gifts, bequests, donations, or any other moneys so designated shall be paid to the director of revenue and deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the hazardous waste fund. The hazardous waste fund, subject to appropriation by the general assembly, shall be used by the department

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as provided by appropriations and consistent with rules and regulations established by the hazardous waste management commission for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of sections 260.350 to 260.430 and sections 319.100 11 12 to 319.127, and 319.137, and 319.139 for the management of hazardous waste, 13 responses to hazardous substance releases as provided in sections 260.500 to 14 260.550, corrective actions at regulated facilities and illegal hazardous waste sites, prevention of leaks from underground storage tanks and response to 16 petroleum releases from underground and aboveground storage tanks and other related activities required to carry out provisions of sections 260.350 to 260.575 17 and sections 319.100 to 319.127, and for payments to other state agencies for such 19 services consistent with sections 260.350 to 260.575 and sections 319.100 to 20 319.139 upon proper warrant issued by the commissioner of administration, and for any other expenditures which are not covered pursuant to the federal 21 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 22 23 including but not limited to the following purposes:

- (1) Administrative services as appropriate and necessary for the identification, assessment and cleanup of abandoned or uncontrolled sites pursuant to sections 260.435 to 260.550;
- (2) Payments to other state agencies for such services consistent with sections 260.435 to 260.550, upon proper warrant issued by the commissioner of administration, including, but not limited to, the department of health and senior services for the purpose of conducting health studies of persons exposed to waste from an uncontrolled or abandoned hazardous waste site or exposed to the release of any hazardous substance as defined in section 260.500;
  - (3) Acquisition of property as provided in section 260.420;
- (4) The study of the development of a hazardous waste facility in Missouri as authorized in section 260.037;
- 36 (5) Financing the nonfederal share of the cost of cleanup and site remediation activities as well as postclosure operation and maintenance costs, pursuant to the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980; [and]
- 40 (6) Reimbursement of owners or operators who accept waste pursuant to 41 departmental orders pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 42 260.420; and
- 43 (7) Transfer of funds, upon appropriation, into the radioactive waste investigation fund in section 260.558. 44

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- 2. The unexpended balance in the hazardous waste fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not be transferred to the general revenue fund of the state treasurer, except as directed by the general assembly by appropriation, and shall be invested to generate income to the fund. The provisions of section 33.080 relating to the transfer of funds to the general revenue fund of the state by the state treasurer shall not apply to the hazardous waste fund.
  - 3. There is hereby created within the hazardous waste fund a subaccount known as the "Hazardous Waste Facility Inspection Subaccount". All funds received from hazardous waste facility inspection fees shall be paid to the director of revenue and deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the hazardous waste facility inspection subaccount. Moneys from such subaccount shall be used by the department for conducting inspections at facilities that are permitted or are required to be permitted as hazardous waste facilities by the department.
  - 4. The fund balance remaining in the hazardous waste remedial fund shall be transferred to the hazardous waste fund created in this section.
  - 5. No moneys shall be available from the fund for abandoned site cleanup unless the director has made all reasonable efforts to secure voluntary agreement to pay the costs of necessary remedial actions from owners or operators of abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste sites or other responsible persons.
  - 6. The director shall make all reasonable efforts to recover the full amount of any funds expended from the fund for cleanup through litigation or cooperative agreements with responsible persons. All moneys recovered or reimbursed pursuant to this section through voluntary agreements or court orders shall be deposited to the hazardous waste fund created herein.
- 7. In addition to revenue from all licenses, taxes, fees, penalties, and interest, specified in subsection 1 of this section, the department shall request an annual appropriation of general revenue equal to any state match obligation to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for cleanup performed pursuant to the authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980.
  - 260.558. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Radioactive Waste Investigation Fund". The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely by the department of natural resources to investigate

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concerns of exposure to radioactive waste. Upon written request by a local governing body expressing concerns of radioactive waste contamination in a specified area within its jurisdiction, the 10 department of natural resources shall use moneys in the radioactive waste investigation fund to develop and conduct an investigation, using 11 12 sound scientific methods, for the specified area of concern. The request by a local governing body shall include a specified area of concern and 13 14 any supporting documentation related to the concern. The department shall prioritize requests in the order in which they are received, except 16 that the department may give priority to requests that are in close proximity to federally designated sites where radioactive contaminants 17 are known or reasonably expected to exist. The investigation shall be 18 19 performed by applicable federal or state agencies or by a qualified 20 contractor selected by the department through a competitive bidding 21process. In conducting an investigation under this section, the 22 department shall work with the applicable government agency or 23 approved contractor, as well as local officials, to develop a sampling 24and analysis plan to determine if radioactive contaminants in the area 25 of concern exceed federal standards for remedial action due to 26 contamination. Within a residential area, this plan may include dust 27 samples collected inside residential homes only after obtaining 28 permission from the homeowners. The samples shall be analyzed for 29 the isotopes necessary to correlate the samples with the suspected 30 contamination, as described in the sampling and analysis plan. Within forty-five days of receiving the final sampling results, the department 31 32shall report the results to the attorney general and the local governing body that requested the investigation and make the finalized report 33 34 and testing results publicly available on the department's website.

- 2. The transfer to the fund shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars per fiscal year. Investigation costs expended from this fund shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars per fiscal year. Any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall revert to the credit of the hazardous waste fund.
- 3. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

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- 260.1150. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Environmental Restoration Corporation Act".
- 3 2. (1) A public benefit nonprofit corporation may be formed 4 under the provisions of chapter 355 to hold, manage, or own
- 5 environmentally impaired property that is otherwise subject to an
- 6 ongoing cleanup or remedial action under the Comprehensive
- 7 Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C.
- 8 Section 9601, et seq.; the Missouri hazardous waste management law,
- 9 sections 260.350 to 260.433; the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33
- 10 U.S.C Section 1251, et seq.; or the Missouri clean water law, sections
- 11 644.006 to 644.150, for the purpose of promoting social welfare in
- 12 Missouri by facilitating efforts to restore and redevelop such
- 13 environmentally impaired property.
- 14 (2) The provisions of this section shall only apply to property 15 located in:
- 16 (a) A county with a charter form of government and with more 17 than two hundred thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty 18 thousand inhabitants;
- 19 (b) A county of the third classification without a township form 20 of government and with more than twenty-three thousand but fewer 21 than twenty-six thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth 22 classification with more than two thousand four hundred but fewer 23 than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants as the county seat;
- (c) A county of the first classification with more than sixty-five thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants and with a county seat with more than fifteen thousand but fewer than seventeen thousand inhabitants;
  - (d) A county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than ten thousand but fewer than twelve thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand three hundred fifty but fewer than one thousand five hundred inhabitants as the county seat;
- (e) A county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than twelve thousand but fewer than fourteen thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand seven hundred but fewer

- 37 than four thousand inhabitants as the county seat;
- (f) A county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than six thousand but fewer than seven thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than one hundred fifty but fewer than two hundred inhabitants as the county seat; and
- 43 (g) A county of the third classification without a township form 44 of government and with more than twelve thousand but fewer than 45 fourteen thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth 46 classification with more than five hundred but fewer than five hundred 47 fifty inhabitants as the county seat.
- 3. Any such nonprofit corporation organized under this section shall, in addition to all powers conferred by chapter 355, have the following powers, which shall be exercised at the sole and exclusive discretion of the directors:
- 52 (1) To adopt bylaws and rules for the regulation of its affairs and 53 the conduct of its business;
  - (2) To adopt an official seal;
  - (3) To sue and be sued;

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- (4) To accept gifts, contributions, disbursements, distributions, donations, endowments, loans, grants, settlement proceeds, and payments from the federal and state government, and from other sources, public or private, for carrying out any of its functions, which funds shall not be expended other than for the purposes provided;
- 61 (5) To acquire, accept, convey, dispose, encumber, manage, and 62 own any real property that is subject to any cleanup or remedial action 63 as described in subsection 2 of this section;
  - (6) To make and execute leases, contracts, releases, compromises, and other instruments necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes;
- (7) To convey real property when the board of directors finds, at its sole discretion, that it has acquired all rights, title, and interest in the property within the area designated for cleanup or remediation and such conveyance is in the public interest. In any such conveyance, the board of directors may impose such conditions and covenants, including conservation easements, as it determines are reasonable and

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73 appropriate;

- 74 (8) To employ and pay compensation to such employees and 75agents, including accountants, attorneys, and others as the board of directors shall deem necessary to further the purposes of such 77 nonprofit corporation; and
- 78 (9) To enter into contracts with private or public entities to conduct, implement, manage, oversee, and regulate any and all 79 activities that may be necessary or required in connection with the 80 management of the real property and the implementation of any 81 cleanup or remedial action as described in subsection 2 of this 82 83 section. Any such contract may include provisions for the delivery of 84 administrative support services to the corporation and for a reasonable fee to be paid for management services related to the execution and implementation of any and all activities required by such contract. 86
- 4. Any such nonprofit corporation organized under this section 87 shall be managed and regulated by a board consisting of no less than 88 directors, who shall initially be appointed 89 incorporators. Any director shall not have any personal liability 90 91 related to any official acts or obligations of the corporation. However, 92 any such immunity shall not apply with regard to any intentional or 93 negligent act or omission that results in a violation of any law set forth in subsection 2 of this section. No more than two directors shall be 94 employed by a state, county, or local government, and no more than two 95 directors shall be public nongovernmental members. The board shall meet at least four times per calendar year. A quorum of the board shall 97 consist of three members. An action taken by a majority vote of the 98 99 board at a meeting where a quorum is present shall be an act of the 100 board. All powers and duties conferred upon the directors shall be 101 exercised personally by the directors and not by alternates or representatives. All actions of any such nonprofit corporation shall be 102 103 taken at meetings open to the public, except for confidential matters relating to personnel, contracts, or litigation. 104
- 105 5. If any such nonprofit corporation receives public funds in 106 connection with any specific environmental restoration activity at a 107 specific property:
  - (1) The corporation shall allow for reasonable periodic audits by

the state auditor with respect to the corporation's use of such public funds in relation to the property for which such public funds were received; and

- 112 (2) The corporation shall, upon reasonable request, provide an 113 annual report to the general assembly concerning the receipt and use 114 of such public funds.
- 6. Any such nonprofit corporation may include in any conveyance of any real property to any third party an environmental covenant in the form as set forth in sections 260.1000 to 260.1039 or a conservation easement under section 442.014.
  - 7. Prior to acquiring any interest in any real property that is the subject of any environmental restoration activities, any such nonprofit corporation shall undertake all reasonable and appropriate due diligence activities in accordance with all applicable regulations adopted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency in order to qualify the nonprofit corporation as a bona fide prospective purchaser as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(40), as amended. Provided such nonprofit corporation qualifies as a bona fide prospective purchaser, such nonprofit corporation shall be immune from any liability of any kind or nature under the Missouri hazardous waste management law under sections 260.350 to 260.433; the Missouri solid waste management law under sections 260.200 to 260.345; or the Missouri clean water law under chapter 644 for any conditions that may exist at, on, or under any such real property; however, such corporation shall comply with all applicable regulatory requirements.
  - 8. Any such nonprofit corporation owes no duty of care and shall have no liability of any kind or nature whatsoever to any trespasser who enters on any real property held, managed, or owned by the nonprofit corporation in relation to keeping the land safe for recreational or any other use or to giving any general or specific notice or warning with respect to any natural or artificial condition, structure, or personal property thereon.

319.129. 1. There is hereby created a special trust fund to be known as
the "Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund" within the state treasury which
shall be the successor to the underground storage tank insurance fund. Moneys
in such special trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds. Notwithstanding

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- 5 the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, moneys in the fund shall not be 6 transferred to general revenue at the end of each biennium.
- 7 2. The owner or operator of any underground storage tank, including the state of Missouri and its political subdivisions and public transportation systems, in service on August 28, 1989, shall submit to the department a fee of one 10 hundred dollars per tank on or before December 31, 1989. The owner or operator 11 of any underground storage tank who seeks to participate in the petroleum storage tank insurance fund, including the state of Missouri and its political 12 13 subdivisions and public transportation systems, and whose underground storage tank is brought into service after August 28, 1998, shall transmit one hundred 14 dollars per tank to the board with his or her initial application. Such amount 15 shall be a one-time payment, and shall be in addition to the payment required by 16 section 319.133. The owner or operator of any aboveground storage tank 17 regulated by this chapter, including the state of Missouri and its political 18 19 subdivisions and public transportation systems, who seeks to participate in the petroleum storage tank insurance fund, shall transmit one hundred dollars per 20 tank to the board with his or her initial application. Such amount shall be a one-21 22 time payment and shall be in addition to the payment required by section 319.133. Moneys received pursuant to this section shall be transmitted to the 23 24 director of revenue for deposit in the petroleum storage tank insurance fund.
  - 3. The state treasurer may deposit moneys in the fund in any of the qualified depositories of the state. All such deposits shall be secured in a manner and upon the terms as are provided by law relative to state deposits. Interest earned shall be credited to the petroleum storage tank insurance fund.
- 29 4. The general administration of the fund and the responsibility for the 30 proper operation of the fund, including all decisions relating to payments from the fund, are hereby vested in a board of trustees. The board of trustees shall consist 31 32 of the commissioner of administration or the commissioner's designee, the director of the department of natural resources or the director's designee, the director of 33 the department of agriculture or the director's designee, and eight citizens 34 35 appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Three of the appointed members shall be owners or operators of retail petroleum storage 36 tanks, including one tank owner or operator of greater than one hundred tanks; one tank owner or operator of less than one hundred tanks; and one aboveground 38 storage tank owner or operator. One appointed trustee shall represent a financial 39 lending institution, and one appointed trustee shall represent the insurance

- underwriting industry. One appointed trustee shall represent industrial or commercial users of petroleum. The two remaining appointed citizens shall have no petroleum-related business interest, and shall represent the nonregulated public at large. The members appointed by the governor shall serve four-year terms except that the governor shall designate two of the original appointees to be appointed for one year, two to be appointed for two years, two to be appointed for three years and two to be appointed for four years. Any vacancies occurring on the board shall be filled in the same manner as provided in this section.
  - 5. The board shall meet in Jefferson City, Missouri, within thirty days following August 28, 1996. Thereafter, the board shall meet upon the written call of the chairman of the board or by the agreement of any six members of the board. Notice of each meeting shall be delivered to all other trustees in person or by registered mail not less than six days prior to the date fixed for the meeting. The board may meet at any time by unanimous mutual consent. There shall be at least one meeting in each quarter.
  - 6. Six trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and any official action of the board shall be based on a majority vote of the trustees present.
  - 7. The trustees shall serve without compensation but shall receive from the fund their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties for the board.
  - 8. The board of trustees shall be a type III agency and shall appoint an executive director and other employees as needed, who shall be state employees and be eligible for all corresponding benefits. The executive director shall have charge of the offices, operations, records, and other employees of the board, subject to the direction of the board. Employees of the board shall receive such salaries and necessary expenses as shall be fixed by the board.
  - 9. Staff resources for the Missouri petroleum storage tank insurance fund may be provided by the department of natural resources or another state agency as otherwise specifically determined by the board. The fund shall compensate the department of natural resources or other state agency for all costs of providing staff required by this subsection. Such compensation shall be made pursuant to contracts negotiated between the board and the department of natural resources or other state agency.
- 10. In order to carry out the fiduciary management of the fund, the board may select and employ, or may contract with, persons experienced in insurance

- 77 underwriting, accounting, the servicing of claims and rate making, and legal
- 78 counsel to defend third-party claims, who shall serve at the board's
- 79 pleasure. Invoices for such services shall be presented to the board in sufficient
- 80 detail to allow a thorough review of the costs of such services.
- 81 11. At the first meeting of the board, the board shall elect one of its
- 82 members as chairman. The chairman shall preside over meetings of the board
- 83 and perform such other duties as shall be required by action of the board.
- 84 12. The board shall elect one of its members as vice chairman, and the
- 85 vice chairman shall perform the duties of the chairman in the absence of the
- 86 latter or upon the chairman's inability or refusal to act.
- 87 13. The board shall determine and prescribe all rules and regulations as
- 88 they relate to fiduciary management of the fund, pursuant to the purposes of
- 89 sections 319.100 to 319.137. In no case shall the board have oversight regarding
- 90 environmental cleanup standards for petroleum storage tanks.
- 91 14. No trustee or staff member of the fund shall receive any gain or profit
- 92 from any moneys or transactions of the fund. This shall not preclude any eligible
- 93 trustee from making a claim or receiving benefits from the petroleum storage
- 94 tank insurance fund as provided by sections 319.100 to 319.137.
- 95 15. The board may reinsure all or a portion of the fund's liability. Any
- 96 insurer who sells environmental liability insurance in this state may, at the
- 97 option of the board, reinsure some portion of the fund's liability.
- 98 16. The petroleum storage tank insurance fund shall expire on December
- 99 31, [2020] 2025, unless extended by action of the general assembly. After
- 100 December 31, [2020] 2025, the board of trustees may continue to function for the
- 101 sole purpose of completing payment of claims made prior to December 31, [2020]
- 102 **2025**.
- 17. The board shall annually commission an independent financial audit
- 104 of the petroleum storage tank insurance fund. The board shall biennially
- 105 commission an actuarial analysis of the petroleum storage tank insurance
- 106 fund. The results of the financial audit and the actuarial analysis shall be made
- 107 available to the public. The board may contract with third parties to carry out
- 108 the requirements of this subsection.
  - 319.140. 1. There is established a task force of the general
  - 2 assembly to be known as the "Task Force on the Petroleum Storage
  - 3 Tank Insurance Fund". Such task force shall be composed of eight
  - 4 members. Three members shall be from the house of representatives

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- 5 with two appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one appointed by the minority floor leader of the house of representatives. Three members shall be from the senate with two appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and one appointed by the minority floor leader of the senate. Two members shall be industry stakeholders with one appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one appointed by the president pro 12tempore of the senate. No more than two members from either the house of representatives or the senate shall be from the same political 14 party. A majority of the task force shall constitute a quorum.
- 15 2. The task force shall conduct research and compile a report for 16 delivery to the general assembly by December 31, 2018, on the 17 following:
- 18 (1) The efficacy of the petroleum storage tank insurance fund 19 and program;
- 20 (2) The sustainability of the petroleum storage tank insurance 21fund and program;
- (3) The administration of the petroleum storage tank insurance 22 23 fund and program;
- 24(4) The availability of private insurance for above and below ground petroleum storage tanks, and the necessity of insurance 2526 subsidies created through the petroleum storage tank insurance 27 program;
  - (5) Compliance with federal programs, regulations, and advisory reports; and
- (6) The comparability of the petroleum storage tank insurance 30 program to other states' programs and states without such programs.
- 323. The task force shall meet within thirty days after its creation 33 and organize by selecting a chairperson and vice chairperson, one of 34 whom shall be a member of the senate and the other a member of the house of representatives. Thereafter, the task force may meet as often 36 as necessary in order to accomplish the tasks assigned to it.
- 37 4. The task force shall be staffed by legislative staff as necessary 38 to assist the task force in the performance of its duties.
- 5. The members of the task force shall serve without 39 compensation but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and

- 41 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- 42 6. This section shall expire on December 31, 2018.
- 414.032. 1. All kerosene, diesel fuel, heating oil, aviation turbine fuel,
- 2 gasoline, gasoline-alcohol blends and other motor fuels shall meet the
- 3 requirements in the annual book of ASTM standards and supplements
- 4 thereto. The director may promulgate rules and regulations on the labeling,
- 5 standards for, and identity of motor fuels and heating oils.
- 6 2. The director may inspect gasoline, gasoline-alcohol blends or other
- 7 motor fuels to insure that these fuels conform to advertised grade and octane. In
- 8 no event shall the penalty for a first violation of this section exceed a written
- ereprimand.
- 3. The director may waive specific requirements in this section
- 11 and in regulations promulgated according to this section, or may
- 12 establish temporary alternative requirements for fuels as determined
- 13 to be necessary in the event of an extreme and unusual fuel supply
- 14 circumstance as a result of a petroleum pipeline or petroleum refinery
- 15 equipment failure, emergency, or a natural disaster as determined by
- 16 the director for a specified period of time. If any action is taken by the
- 17 director under this section, the director shall:
- 18 (1) Advise the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency of such
- 19 action;
- 20 (2) Review the action after thirty days; and
- 21 (3) Notify industry stakeholders of such action.
- 4. Any waiver issued or action taken under subsection 3 of this
- 23 section shall be as limited in scope and applicability as necessary, and
- 24 shall apply equally and uniformly to all persons and companies in the
- 25 impacted petroleum motor fuel supply and distribution system,
- 26 including but not limited to petroleum producers, terminals,
- 27 distributors, and retailers.
  - 640.620. In any case, the grant shall not be in excess of [one] three
  - 2 thousand [four hundred] dollars per connection, or, in the case of a source water
  - 3 protection project, for more than twenty percent of the cost per acre for
- 4 conservation reserve and, except as otherwise provided in this section, no district
- 5 or system may receive more than one grant for any purpose in any two-year
- 6 period. Grantees who received or who are receiving funds under the 1993-1994
- 7 special allocation for flood-impacted communities are not subject to the

- 8 prohibition against receiving more than one grant during any two-year period for
- 9 a period ending two years after the final grant allocation for flood-impacted
- 10 communities is received by that grantee.

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