### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# **SENATE BILL NO. 642**

#### **102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ESLINGER.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

### AN ACT

To repeal section 386.890, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to net metering.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

	Section A. Section 386.890, RSMo, is repealed and one new
2	section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 386.890,
3	to read as follows:
	386.890. 1. This section shall be known and may be
2	cited as the "Net Metering and Easy Connection Act".
3	2. As used in this section, the following terms shall
4	mean:
5	(1) "Avoided fuel cost", the current average cost of
6	fuel for the entity generating electricity, as defined by
7	the governing body with jurisdiction over any municipal
8	electric utility, rural electric cooperative as provided in
9	chapter 394, or electrical corporation as provided in this
10	chapter;
11	(2) "Commission", the public service commission of the
12	state of Missouri;
13	(3) "Customer-generator", the owner or operator of a
14	qualified electric energy generation unit which:
15	(a) Is powered by a renewable energy resource;
16	(b) Has an electrical generating system with a
17	capacity of not more than one hundred kilowatts;

## **EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.**

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18 (c) Is located on a premises owned, operated, leased,19 or otherwise controlled by the customer-generator;

20 (d) Is interconnected and operates in parallel phase
21 and synchronization with a retail electric supplier and has
22 been approved by said retail electric supplier;

(e) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of thecustomer-generator's own electrical energy requirements;

(f) Meets all applicable safety, performance,
interconnection, and reliability standards established by
the National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety
Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers,
Underwriters Laboratories, the Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission, and any local governing authorities; and

31 (g) Contains a mechanism that automatically disables 32 the unit and interrupts the flow of electricity back onto 33 the supplier's electricity lines in the event that service 34 to the customer-generator is interrupted;

35 36 (4) "Department", the department of natural resources;(5) "Net metering", using metering equipment

37 sufficient to measure the difference between the electrical 38 energy supplied to a customer-generator by a retail electric 39 supplier and the electrical energy supplied by the customer-40 generator to the retail electric supplier over the 41 applicable billing period;

(6) "Renewable energy resources", electrical energy
produced from wind, solar thermal sources, hydroelectric
sources, photovoltaic cells and panels, fuel cells using
hydrogen produced by one of the above-named electrical
energy sources, and other sources of energy that become
available after August 28, 2007, and are certified as
renewable by the department;

49 (7)"Retail electric supplier" or "supplier", any municipally owned electric utility operating under chapter 50 51 91, electrical corporation regulated by the commission under this chapter, or rural electric cooperative operating under 52 chapter 394 that provides retail electric service in this 53 state. An electrical corporation that operates under a 54 cooperative business plan as described in subsection 2 of 55 56 section 393.110 shall be deemed to be a rural electric cooperative for purposes of this section. 57

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3. A retail electric supplier shall:

59 (1) Make net metering available to customer-generators on a first-come, first-served basis until the total rated 60 61 generating capacity of net metering systems equals five percent of the retail electric supplier's single-hour peak 62 load during the previous year, after which the commission 63 for an electrical corporation or the respective governing 64 body of other retail electric suppliers may increase the 65 total rated generating capacity of net metering systems to 66 67 an amount above five percent. However, in a given calendar year, no retail electric supplier shall be required to 68 approve any application for interconnection if the total 69 70 rated generating capacity of all applications for interconnection already approved to date by said supplier in 71 72 said calendar year equals or exceeds one percent of said 73 supplier's single-hour peak load for the previous calendar 74 year;

(2) Offer net metering to the customer-generator
pursuant to a commission approved tariff of an electrical
corporation or contract approved by the respective governing
body of a rural electric cooperative or a municipally owned
electric utility at rates that [is] are identical in
electrical energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges

**SB 642** 

81 to the contract or tariff that the customer would be 82 assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer-83 generator [but shall not charge the customer-generator any additional standby, capacity, interconnection, or other fee 84 85 or charge that would not otherwise be charged if the 86 customer were not an eligible customer-generator]. In the alternative, with energy and demand rates, rate structure, 87 88 and recurring monthly charges that are reasonably calculated 89 to recover that portion of the retail electric supplier's fixed and demand costs that are not eliminated as a result 90 91 of the operation of the eligible customer-generator's 92 eligible electric energy generating unit; and

93 (3) Disclose annually the availability of the net
94 metering program to each of its customers or members with
95 the method and manner of disclosure being at the discretion
96 of the retail electric supplier.

97 4. A customer-generator's facility shall be equipped 98 with sufficient metering equipment that can measure the net 99 amount of electrical energy produced or consumed by the 100 customer-generator. If the customer-generator's existing 101 meter equipment does not meet these requirements or if it is necessary for the retail electric supplier to install 102 103 additional distribution equipment to accommodate the 104 customer-generator's facility, the customer-generator shall 105 reimburse the retail electric supplier for the costs to 106 purchase and install the necessary additional equipment 107 including, but not limited to, necessary electric 108 distribution system upgrades. At the request of the 109 customer-generator, such costs may be initially paid for by 110 the retail electric supplier, and any amount up to the total costs and a reasonable interest charge may be recovered from 111 the customer-generator over the course of up to twelve 112

113 billing cycles. Any subsequent meter testing, maintenance 114 or meter equipment change necessitated by the customer-115 generator shall be paid for by the customer-generator.

116 5. Consistent with the provisions in this section, the 117 net electrical energy measurement shall be calculated in the 118 following manner:

For a customer-generator, a retail electric 119 (1)120 supplier shall measure the net electrical energy produced or 121 consumed during the billing period in accordance with normal 122 metering practices for customers in the same rate class, 123 either by employing a single, bidirectional meter that 124 measures the amount of electrical energy produced and 125 consumed, or by employing multiple meters that separately 126 measure the customer-generator's consumption and production 127 of electricity;

128 (2) If the electricity supplied by the supplier
129 exceeds the electricity generated by the customer-generator
130 during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be
131 billed for the net electricity supplied by the supplier in
132 accordance with normal practices for customers in the same
133 rate class;

If the electricity generated by the customer-134 (3) generator exceeds the electricity supplied by the supplier 135 136 during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be 137 billed for the appropriate customer and demand charges for 138 that billing period in accordance with subsection 3 of this 139 section and shall be credited an amount at least equal to the avoided fuel cost of the excess kilowatt-hours generated 140 during the billing period, with this credit applied to the 141 142 following billing period;

143 (4) Any credits granted by this subsection shall144 expire without any compensation at the earlier of either

145 twelve months after their issuance or when the customer-146 generator disconnects service or terminates the net metering 147 relationship with the supplier;

148 (5) For any rural electric cooperative under chapter 149 394, or any municipally owned utility, upon agreement of the 150 wholesale generator supplying electric energy to the retail 151 electric supplier, at the option of the retail electric 152 supplier, the credit to the customer-generator may be 153 provided by the wholesale generator.

154 6. (1) Each qualified electric energy generation unit 155 used by a customer-generator shall meet and be installed, 156 maintained, and repaired in accordance with all applicable 157 safety, performance, interconnection, and reliability 158 standards established by any local code authorities, the 159 National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety 160 Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, 161 and Underwriters Laboratories for distributed generation.

All qualified electric energy generation units utilizing 162 battery backup shall be installed to operate completely 163 164 isolated from the retail electric supplier's system including, but not limited to, all neutral connections and 165 grounding points, during times of backup operation. 166 Unless 167 allowed under subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this 168 section, no supplier shall impose any fee, charge, or other 169 requirement not specifically authorized by this section or 170 the rules promulgated under subsection 9 of this section unless the fee, charge, or other requirement would apply to 171 similarly situated customers who are not customer-172 generators, except that a retail electric supplier may 173 require that a customer-generator's system contain adequate 174 175 surge protection and a switch, circuit breaker, fuse, or other easily accessible device or feature located in 176

177 immediate proximity to the customer-generator's metering 178 equipment that would allow a utility worker or emergency 179 response personnel the ability to manually and instantly 180 disconnect the unit from the utility's electric distribution 181 system.

182 For systems of ten kilowatts or less, a customer-(2) 183 generator whose system meets the standards and rules under 184 subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be required to 185 install additional controls, perform or pay for additional 186 tests or distribution equipment, or purchase additional 187 liability insurance beyond what is required under 188 subdivision (1) of this subsection and subsection 4 of this section. 189

190 (3) For customer-generator systems of greater than ten 191 kilowatts, the commission for electrical corporations and 192 the respective governing body for other retail electric 193 suppliers shall, by rule or equivalent formal action by each 194 respective governing body:

195 (a) Set forth safety, performance, and reliability196 standards and requirements; and

197 (b) Establish the qualifications for exemption from a
198 requirement to install additional controls, perform or pay
199 for additional tests or distribution equipment, or purchase
200 additional liability insurance.

201 7. (1) Applications by a customer-generator for 202 interconnection of a qualified electric energy generation 203 unit meeting the requirements of subdivision (3) of 204 subsection 2 of this section to the distribution system 205 shall be accompanied by the plan for the customer-206 generator's electrical generating system, including but not 207 limited to a wiring diagram and specifications for the generating unit, and shall be reviewed and responded to by 208

the retail electric supplier, unless mutually agreed to, 209 210 within thirty days of receipt for systems ten kilowatts or 211 less and within ninety days of receipt for all other Prior to the interconnection of the qualified 212 systems. generation unit to the supplier's system, the customer-213 214 generator will furnish the retail electric supplier a certification from a [qualified] professional electrician or 215 216 engineer deemed qualified by the retail electric supplier 217 that the installation meets the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection 6 of this section. In the event the 218 219 professional electrician or engineer is not licensed, the retail electric supplier may require a bond or other form of 220 surety to insure the safe installation and operation of the 221 222 qualified electric energy generation unit. If the 223 application for interconnection is approved by the retail electric supplier and the customer-generator does not 224 225 complete the interconnection within one year after receipt of notice of the approval, the approval shall expire and the 226 227 customer-generator shall be responsible for filing a new 228 application.

(2) Upon the change in ownership of a qualified
electric energy generation unit, the new customer-generator
shall be responsible for filing a new application under
subdivision (1) of this subsection.

233 Each electrical corporation shall submit an annual 8. 234 net metering report to the commission, and all other retail 235 electric suppliers shall submit the same report to their respective governing body and make said report available to 236 a consumer of the supplier upon request, including the 237 238 following information for the previous calendar year: 239 The total number of customer-generator facilities; (1)

(2) The total estimated generating capacity of its net-metered customer-generators; and

242 (3) The total estimated net kilowatt-hours received243 from customer-generators.

The commission shall, within nine months of January 244 9. 245 1, 2008, promulgate initial rules necessary for the administration of this section for electrical corporations, 246 247 which shall include regulations ensuring that simple 248 contracts will be used for interconnection and net 249 metering. For systems of ten kilowatts or less, the 250 application process shall use an all-in-one document that includes a simple interconnection request, simple 251 procedures, and a brief set of terms and conditions. 252 Any 253 rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 254 section 536.010, that is created under the authority 255 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 256 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 257 This 258 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536 to 259 260 review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then 261 the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 262 263 adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

264 10. The governing body of a rural electric cooperative or municipal utility shall, within nine months of January 1, 265 2008, adopt policies establishing a simple contract to be 266 used for interconnection and net metering. For systems of 267 ten kilowatts or less, the application process shall use an 268 269 all-in-one document that includes a simple interconnection 270 request, simple procedures, and a brief set of terms and 271 conditions.

272 11. For any cause of action relating to any damages to 273 property or person caused by the qualified electric energy 274 generation unit of a customer-generator or the 275 interconnection thereof, the retail electric supplier shall 276 have no liability absent clear and convincing evidence of 277 fault on the part of the supplier.

12. The estimated generating capacity of all net metering systems operating under the provisions of this section shall count towards the respective retail electric supplier's accomplishment of any renewable energy portfolio target or mandate adopted by the Missouri general assembly and for purposes of compliance with any applicable federal law.

285 13. The sale of qualified electric energy generation 286 units to any customer-generator shall be subject to the 287 provisions of sections 407.010 to 407.145 and sections 288 407.700 to 407.720. The attorney general shall have the authority to promulgate in accordance with the provisions of 289 290 chapter 536 rules regarding mandatory disclosures of 291 information by sellers of qualified electric energy 292 generation units. Any interested person who believes that 293 the seller of any qualified electric energy generation unit 294 is misrepresenting the safety or performance standards of 295 any such systems, or who believes that any electric energy 296 generation unit poses a danger to any property or person, 297 may report the same to the attorney general, who shall be 298 authorized to investigate such claims and take any necessary 299 and appropriate actions.

300 14. Any costs incurred under this act by a retail 301 electric supplier shall be recoverable in that utility's 302 rate structure.

303 15. No consumer shall connect or operate a qualified 304 electric energy generation unit in parallel phase and 305 synchronization with any retail electric supplier without written approval by said supplier that all of the 306 requirements under subdivision (1) of subsection 7 of this 307 308 section have been met. For a consumer who violates this provision, a supplier may immediately and without notice 309 310 disconnect the electric facilities of said consumer and 311 terminate said consumer's electric service.

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312 16. The manufacturer of any qualified electric energy 313 generation unit used by a customer-generator may be held 314 liable for any damages to property or person caused by a 315 defect in the qualified electric energy generation unit of a 316 customer-generator.

317 17. The seller, installer, or manufacturer of any 318 qualified electric energy generation unit who knowingly 319 misrepresents the safety aspects of a qualified electric 320 generation unit may be held liable for any damages to 321 property or person caused by the qualified electric energy 322 generation unit of a customer-generator.

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