FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 526

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BRATTIN.

1367S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 208.009, 208.010, and 208.238, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eight new sections relating to public assistance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 208.009, 208.010, and 208.238, RSMo,

- 2 are repealed and eight new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 208.009, 208.010, 208.019, 208.023,
- 4 208.025, 208.057, 208.238, and 313.306, to read as follows:

208.009. 1. No alien unlawfully present in the United

- 2 States shall receive any state or local public benefit,
- 3 except for state or local public benefits that may be
- 4 offered under 8 U.S.C. 1621(b). Nothing in this section
- 5 shall be construed to prohibit the rendering of emergency
- 6 medical care, prenatal care, services offering alternatives
- 7 to abortion, emergency assistance, or legal assistance to
- 8 any person.
- 9 2. As used in this section, "public benefit" means any
- 10 grant, contract, or loan provided by an agency of state or
- 11 local government; or any retirement, welfare, health,
- 12 disability, housing, or food assistance benefit under which
- 13 payments, assistance, credits, or reduced rates or fees are
- 14 provided. The term "public benefit" shall not include
- 15 postsecondary education public benefits as defined in
- 16 section 173.1110, any municipal permit, or contracts or
- 17 agreements between public utility providers and their

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

18 customers or unemployment benefits payable under chapter

- 19 288. The unemployment compensation program shall verify the
- 20 lawful presence of an alien for the purpose of determining
- 21 eligibility for benefits in accordance with its own
- 22 procedures.
- 3. In addition to providing proof of other eligibility
- 24 requirements, at the time of application for any state or
- 25 local public benefit, an applicant who is eighteen years of
- 26 age or older shall provide affirmative proof that the
- 27 applicant is a citizen or a permanent resident of the United
- 28 States or is lawfully present in the United States. Such
- 29 affirmative proof shall include documentary evidence
- 30 recognized by the department of revenue when processing an
- 31 application for a driver's license, a Missouri driver's
- 32 license, as well as any document issued by the federal
- 33 government that confirms an alien's lawful presence in the
- 34 United States. In processing applications for public
- 35 benefits, an employee of an agency of state or local
- 36 government shall not inquire about the legal status of a
- 37 custodial parent or quardian applying for a public benefit
- 38 on behalf of his or her dependent child who is a citizen or
- 39 permanent resident of the United States.
- 4. An applicant who cannot provide the proof required
- 41 under this section at the time of application may
- 42 alternatively sign an affidavit under oath, attesting to
- 43 either United States citizenship or classification by the
- 44 United States as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent
- 45 residence, in order to receive temporary benefits or a
- 46 temporary identification document as provided in this
- 47 section. The affidavit shall be on or consistent with forms
- 48 prepared by the state or local government agency
- 49 administering the state or local public benefits and shall

include the applicant's Social Security number or any
 applicable federal identification number and an explanation
 of the penalties under state law for obtaining public

53 assistance benefits fraudulently.

- 5. An applicant who has provided the sworn affidavit required under subsection 4 of this section is eligible to receive temporary public benefits as follows:
- 57 (1) For ninety days or until such time that it is 58 determined that the applicant is not lawfully present in the 59 United States, whichever is earlier; or
- (2) Indefinitely if the applicant provides a copy of a completed application for a birth certificate that is pending in Missouri or some other state. An extension granted under this subsection shall terminate upon the applicant's receipt of a birth certificate or a determination that a birth certificate does not exist because the applicant is not a United States citizen.
- 6. An applicant who is an alien shall not receive any 67 68 state or local public benefit unless the alien's lawful presence in the United States is first verified by the 69 70 federal government. State and local agencies administering 71 public benefits in this state shall cooperate with the 72 United States Department of Homeland Security in achieving 73 verification of an alien's lawful presence in the United 74 States in furtherance of this section. The system utilized [may] shall include the Systematic Alien Verification for 75 76 Entitlements Program operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security. After an applicant's 77 lawful presence in the United States has been verified 78 79 through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements 80 Program, no additional verification is required within the

same agency of the state or local government.

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- 7. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require any nonprofit organization duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service to enforce the provisions of this section, nor does it prohibit such an organization from providing aid.
 - 8. Any agency that administers public benefits shall provide assistance in obtaining appropriate documentation to persons applying for public benefits who sign the affidavit required by subsection 4 of this section stating they are eligible for such benefits but lack the documents required under subsection 3 of this section.
- 208.010. 1. In determining the eligibility of a 2 claimant for public assistance pursuant to this law, it shall be the duty of the family support division to consider 3 and take into account all facts and circumstances 4 5 surrounding the claimant, including his or her living 6 conditions, earning capacity, income and resources, from whatever source received, and if from all the facts and 7 8 circumstances the claimant is not found to be in need, assistance shall be denied. In determining the need of a 9 claimant, the costs of providing medical treatment which may 10 be furnished pursuant to sections 208.151 to 208.158 shall 11 be disregarded. The amount of benefits, when added to all 12 13 other income, resources, support, and maintenance shall provide such persons with reasonable subsistence compatible 14 15 with decency and health in accordance with the standards 16 developed by the family support division; provided, when a husband and wife are living together, the combined income 17 and resources of both shall be considered in determining the 18 19 eligibility of either or both. "Living together" for the 20 purpose of this chapter is defined as including a husband and wife separated for the purpose of obtaining medical care 21

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22 or nursing home care, except that the income of a husband or 23 wife separated for such purpose shall be considered in 24 determining the eligibility of his or her spouse, only to the extent that such income exceeds the amount necessary to 25 26 meet the needs (as defined by rule or regulation of the 27 division) of such husband or wife living separately. In 28 determining the need of a claimant in federally aided 29 programs there shall be disregarded such amounts per month 30 of earned income in making such determination as shall be 31 required for federal participation by the provisions of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.A. Section 301, et 32 seq.), or any amendments thereto. When federal law or 33 34 regulations require the exemption of other income or resources, the family support division may provide by rule 35 or regulation the amount of income or resources to be 36 37 disregarded. 38

- 2. Benefits shall not be payable to any claimant who:
- Has or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has, prior to July 1, 1989, given away or sold a resource within the time and in the manner specified in this subdivision. In determining the resources of an individual, unless prohibited by federal statutes or regulations, there shall be included (but subject to the exclusions pursuant to subdivisions (4) and (5) of this subsection, and subsection 5 of this section) any resource or interest therein owned by such individual or spouse within the twenty-four months preceding the initial investigation, or at any time during which benefits are being drawn, if such individual or spouse gave away or sold such resource or interest within such period of time at less than fair market value of such resource or interest for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits, including but not limited to

54 benefits based on December, 1973, eligibility requirements,
55 as follows:

- 56 (a) Any transaction described in this subdivision
 57 shall be presumed to have been for the purpose of
 58 establishing eligibility for benefits or assistance pursuant
 59 to this chapter unless such individual furnishes convincing
 60 evidence to establish that the transaction was exclusively
 61 for some other purpose;
- 62 (b) The resource shall be considered in determining
 63 eligibility from the date of the transfer for the number of
 64 months the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource
 65 is divisible by the average monthly grant paid or average
 66 Medicaid payment in the state at the time of the
 67 investigation to an individual or on his or her behalf under
 68 the program for which benefits are claimed, provided that:
 - a. When the uncompensated value is twelve thousand dollars or less, the resource shall not be used in determining eligibility for more than twenty-four months; or
 - b. When the uncompensated value exceeds twelve thousand dollars, the resource shall not be used in determining eligibility for more than sixty months;
 - (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to a transfer, other than a transfer to claimant's spouse, made prior to March 26, 1981, when the claimant furnishes convincing evidence that the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource or any part thereof is no longer possessed or owned by the person to whom the resource was transferred;
- 82 (3) Has received, or whose spouse with whom he or she
 83 is living has received, benefits to which he or she was not
 84 entitled through misrepresentation or nondisclosure of
 85 material facts or failure to report any change in status or

correct information with respect to property or income as required by section 208.210. A claimant ineligible pursuant to this subsection shall be ineligible for such period of time from the date of discovery as the family support division may deem proper; or in the case of overpayment of benefits, future benefits may be decreased, suspended or entirely withdrawn for such period of time as the division may deem proper;

- (4) Owns or possesses resources in the sum of one thousand dollars or more; provided, however, that if such person is married and living with spouse, he or she, or they, individually or jointly, may own resources not to exceed two thousand dollars; and provided further, that in the case of a temporary assistance for needy families claimant, a MO HealthNet blind claimant, a MO HealthNet aged claimant, or a MO HealthNet permanent and total disability claimant, the provision of this subsection shall not apply;
- (5) Prior to October 1, 1989, owns or possesses property of any kind or character, excluding amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 436, or has an interest in property, of which he or she is the record or beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by the family support division, less encumbrances of record, exceeds twenty-nine thousand dollars, or if married and actually living together with husband or wife, if the value of his or her property, or the value of his or her interest in property, together with that of such husband and wife, exceeds such amount;
- 114 (6) In the case of temporary assistance for needy
 115 families, and to the extent permissible under federal law,
 116 if the parent, stepparent, and child or children in the home
 117 owns or possesses property of any kind or character, or has

118 an interest in property for which he or she is a record or 119 beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined 120 by the family support division and as allowed by federal law or regulation, less encumbrances of record, exceeds one 121 122 thousand dollars, excluding the home occupied by the 123 claimant valued up to no more than twice the statewide median value for homes, amounts placed in an irrevocable 124 125 prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 436, 126 one automobile [which shall not exceed a value set forth by 127 federal law or regulation] when the difference between the 128 fair market value and the amount owed on the purchase price of the automobile is less than fifty thousand dollars, 129 increased annually by an amount equal to the percentage 130 131 change in the annual average of the Consumer Price Index for 132 All Urban Consumers: New Vehicles, or its successor index, 133 as reported by the federal Bureau of Labor Statistics, or 134 its successor agency, and for a period not to exceed six 135 months, such other real property which the family is making a good-faith effort to sell, if the family agrees in writing 136 with the family support division to sell such property and 137 from the net proceeds of the sale repay the amount of 138 assistance received during such period. If the property has 139 not been sold within six months, or if eligibility 140 141 terminates for any other reason, the entire amount of assistance paid during such period shall be a debt due the 142 143 state; 144 (7)In the case of MO HealthNet blind claimants, MO HealthNet aged claimants, and MO HealthNet permanent and 145 total disability claimants, starting in fiscal year 2018, 146 147 owns or possesses resources not to exceed two thousand dollars; provided, however, that if such person is married 148 and living with spouse, he or she, or they, individually or 149

five cents:

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150 jointly, may own resources not to exceed four thousand 151 dollars except for medical savings accounts and independent 152 living accounts as defined and limited under subsection 3 of 153 section 208.146. These resource limits shall be increased 154 annually by one thousand dollars and two thousand dollars 155 respectively until the sum of resources reach the amount of five thousand dollars and ten thousand dollars respectively 156 157 by fiscal year 2021. Beginning in fiscal year 2022 and each 158 successive fiscal year thereafter, the division shall 159 measure the cost-of-living percentage increase, if any, as 160 of the preceding July over the level as of July of the immediately preceding year of the Consumer Price Index for 161 All Urban Consumers or successor index published by the U.S. 162 163 Department of Labor or its successor agency, and the sum of 164 resources allowed under this subdivision shall be modified 165 accordingly to reflect any increases in the cost-of-living, 166 with the amount of the resource limit rounded to the nearest

- 168 (8) Is an inmate of a public institution, except as a patient in a public medical institution.
- 3. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the income and resources of a relative or other person living in the home shall be taken into account to the extent the income, resources, support and maintenance are allowed by federal law or regulation to be considered.
- 4. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the value of burial lots or any amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 436 shall not be taken into account or considered an asset of the burial lot owner or the beneficiary of an

182 irrevocable prearranged funeral or funeral contract. For 183 purposes of this section, "burial lots" means any burial 184 space as defined in section 214.270 and any memorial, monument, marker, tombstone or letter marking a burial 185 If the beneficiary, as defined in chapter 436, of an 186 187 irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract receives 188 any public assistance benefits pursuant to this chapter and 189 if the purchaser of such contract or his or her successors 190 in interest transfer, amend, or take any other such actions 191 regarding the contract so that any person will be entitled to a refund, such refund shall be paid to the state of 192 193 Missouri with any amount in excess of the public assistance 194 benefits provided under this chapter to be refunded by the 195 state of Missouri to the purchaser or his or her 196 successors. In determining eligibility and the amount of 197 benefits to be granted under federally aided programs, the 198 value of any life insurance policy where a seller or provider is made the beneficiary or where the life insurance 199 200 policy is assigned to a seller or provider, either being in consideration for an irrevocable prearranged funeral 201 contract under chapter 436, shall not be taken into account 202 or considered an asset of the beneficiary of the irrevocable 203 prearranged funeral contract. In addition, the value of any 204 205 funds, up to nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, 206 placed into an irrevocable personal funeral trust account, 207 where the trustee of the irrevocable personal funeral trust 208 account is a state or federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise trust powers in the state 209 of Missouri, shall not be taken into account or considered 210 211 an asset of the person whose funds are so deposited if such funds are restricted to be used only for the burial, 212 funeral, preparation of the body, or other final disposition 213

214 of the person whose funds were deposited into said personal 215 funeral trust account. No person or entity shall charge 216 more than ten percent of the total amount deposited into a personal funeral trust in order to create or set up said 217 personal funeral trust, and any fees charged for the 218 219 maintenance of such a personal funeral trust shall not 220 exceed three percent of the trust assets annually. 221 may commingle funds from two or more such personal funeral 222 trust accounts so long as accurate books and records are 223 kept as to the value, deposits, and disbursements of each 224 individual depositor's funds and trustees are to use the prudent investor standard as to the investment of any funds 225 226 placed into a personal funeral trust. If the person whose 227 funds are deposited into the personal funeral trust account 228 receives any public assistance benefits pursuant to this 229 chapter and any funds in the personal funeral trust account 230 are, for any reason, not spent on the burial, funeral, preparation of the body, or other final disposition of the 231 232 person whose funds were deposited into the trust account, such funds shall be paid to the state of Missouri with any 233 amount in excess of the public assistance benefits provided 234 under this chapter to be refunded by the state of Missouri 235 to the person who received public assistance benefits or his 236 237 or her successors. No contract with any cemetery, funeral 238 establishment, or any provider or seller shall be required 239 in regards to funds placed into a personal funeral trust account as set out in this subsection. 240 241

5. In determining the total property owned pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, or resources, of any person claiming or for whom public assistance is claimed, there shall be disregarded any life insurance policy, or prearranged funeral or burial contract,

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or any two or more policies or contracts, or any combination

- 247 of policies and contracts, which provides for the payment of
- 248 one thousand five hundred dollars or less upon the death of
- 249 any of the following:
- 250 (1) A claimant or person for whom benefits are
- 251 claimed; or
- 252 (2) The spouse of a claimant or person for whom
- 253 benefits are claimed with whom he or she is living.
- 254 If the value of such policies exceeds one thousand five
- 255 hundred dollars, then the total value of such policies may
- 256 be considered in determining resources; except that, in the
- 257 case of temporary assistance for needy families, there shall
- 258 be disregarded any prearranged funeral or burial contract,
- 259 or any two or more contracts, which provides for the payment
- 260 of one thousand five hundred dollars or less per family
- member.
- 262 6. Beginning September 30, 1989, when determining the
- 263 eligibility of institutionalized spouses, as defined in 42
- 264 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5, for medical assistance benefits as
- 265 provided for in section 208.151 and 42 U.S.C. Sections
- 266 1396a, et seq., the family support division shall comply
- 267 with the provisions of the federal statutes and
- 268 regulations. As necessary, the division shall by rule or
- 269 regulation implement the federal law and regulations which
- 270 shall include but not be limited to the establishment of
- 271 income and resource standards and limitations. The division
- 272 shall require:
- 273 (1) That at the beginning of a period of continuous
- 274 institutionalization that is expected to last for thirty
- 275 days or more, the institutionalized spouse, or the community
- 276 spouse, may request an assessment by the family support

277 division of total countable resources owned by either or

- 278 both spouses;
- (2) That the assessed resources of theinstitutionalized spouse and the community spouse may be
- 281 allocated so that each receives an equal share;
- 282 (3) That upon an initial eligibility determination, if 283 the community spouse's share does not equal at least twelve 284 thousand dollars, the institutionalized spouse may transfer 285 to the community spouse a resource allowance to increase the
- 286 community spouse's share to twelve thousand dollars;
- 287 (4) That in the determination of initial eligibility
 288 of the institutionalized spouse, no resources attributed to
 289 the community spouse shall be used in determining the
 290 eligibility of the institutionalized spouse, except to the
 291 extent that the resources attributed to the community spouse
 292 do exceed the community spouse's resource allowance as
- 293 defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5;
- 294 (5) That beginning in January, 1990, the amount
 295 specified in subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be
 296 increased by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price
 297 Index for All Urban Consumers between September, 1988, and
 298 the September before the calendar year involved; and
- 299 (6) That beginning the month after initial eligibility
 300 for the institutionalized spouse is determined, the
 301 resources of the community spouse shall not be considered
 302 available to the institutionalized spouse during that
 303 continuous period of institutionalization.
- 7. Beginning July 1, 1989, institutionalized individuals shall be ineligible for the periods required and for the reasons specified in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396p.

- 307 8. The hearings required by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5 308 shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of section 309 208.080.
- 9. Beginning October 1, 1989, when determining eligibility for assistance pursuant to this chapter there shall be disregarded unless otherwise provided by federal or state statutes the home of the applicant or recipient when
- the home is providing shelter to the applicant or recipient,
- or his or her spouse or dependent child, and when the home
- 316 is valued at up to no more than twice the statewide median
- 317 value for homes. The family support division shall
- 318 establish by rule or regulation in conformance with
- 319 applicable federal statutes and regulations a definition of
- 320 the home and when the home shall be considered a resource
- 321 that shall be considered in determining eligibility.
- 322 10. Reimbursement for services provided by an enrolled
- 323 Medicaid provider to a recipient who is duly entitled to
- 324 Title XIX Medicaid and Title XVIII Medicare Part B,
- 325 Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) shall include payment
- 326 in full of deductible and coinsurance amounts as determined
- 327 due pursuant to the applicable provisions of federal
- 328 regulations pertaining to Title XVIII Medicare Part B,
- 329 except for hospital outpatient services or the applicable
- 330 Title XIX cost sharing.
- 331 11. A "community spouse" is defined as being the
- 332 noninstitutionalized spouse.
- 333 12. An institutionalized spouse applying for Medicaid
- and having a spouse living in the community shall be
- 335 required, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to divert
- income to such community spouse to raise the community
- 337 spouse's income to the level of the minimum monthly needs
- 338 allowance, as described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5. Such

339 diversion of income shall occur before the community spouse

- 340 is allowed to retain assets in excess of the community
- 341 spouse protected amount described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-
- **342** 5.
 - 208.019. 1. Any person required to register under
 - 2 sections 589.400 to 589.425 who is not in compliance with
 - 3 the provisions of such sections shall be ineligible for
 - 4 temporary assistance for needy families or supplemental
 - 5 nutrition assistance program benefits until the person can
 - 6 provide evidence of compliance.
 - 7 2. The person made ineligible under this section shall
 - 8 not be considered part of the household for purposes of
 - 9 calculating the amount of benefits to be provided; however,
- 10 the person's income and resources shall be considered as
- income and resources of the household.
 - 208.023. 1. To the extent permitted under federal
- law, an eligible recipient of temporary assistance for needy
- 3 families or supplemental nutrition assistance program
- 4 benefits who requests the replacement of an electronic
- 5 benefit transfer (EBT) card shall be charged as follows:
- 6 (1) For the first replacement card requested, five
- 7 dollars;
- 8 (2) For recipients under sixty-five years of age, one
- 9 hundred dollars for the second and each subsequent
- 10 replacement card requested; and
- 11 (3) For recipients sixty-five years of age or older,
- 12 five dollars for the second and each subsequent replacement
- 13 card requested.
- 14 2. The department of social services shall not issue a
- 15 replacement card until the replacement fee has been received.
- 3. The department shall not charge or accept a
- 17 replacement fee if the recipient can prove that the assigned

- 18 EBT card has been lost by the department or in postage, if
- 19 the EBT card is damaged or does not function, or if the
- 20 original EBT card has been lost or damaged in a fire, flood,
- 21 or other natural disaster.
- 22 4. The department shall investigate any recipient who
- 23 has requested two or more replacement cards in a calendar
- 24 year and shall notify the attorney general of the name of
- 25 such recipient, excluding the names of any recipients
- 26 receiving a replacement card under subsection 3 of this
- 27 section.
 - 208.025. 1. The department of social services shall
- 2 review the information of cash lottery prize winners as
- 3 provided by the state lottery commission under section
- 4 313.306 and compare that information with the names of
- 5 active applicants and recipients of temporary assistance for
- 6 needy families, supplemental nutrition assistance program,
- 7 or MO HealthNet benefits. If, after review, the department
- 8 determines that an applicant or recipient has not reported
- 9 to the department any claimed cash lottery winnings greater
- 10 than six hundred dollars, the department shall conduct a
- 11 further review to determine possible fraudulent
- 12 misrepresentation by the applicant or recipient that may
- 13 disqualify the applicant or recipient or that may result in
- 14 an action for recoupment by the department under section
- 15 **208.210**.
- 16 2. Any household receiving supplemental nutrition
- 17 assistance program benefits in which a member receives
- 18 substantial cash lottery winnings, as determined under
- 19 federal law pursuant to 7 U.S.C. Section 2015(s), shall lose
- 20 eligibility for benefits immediately upon receipt of the
- 21 winnings.

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208.057. Beginning January 1, 2024, and each year 2 thereafter, the department of social services shall submit a 3 report to the governor and the general assembly regarding out-of-state spending in the temporary assistance for needy 4 families and supplemental nutrition assistance programs. 5 6 The report shall include, but not be limited to, information 7 regarding the activities of other states and retailers 8 within those states to combat public assistance fraud, 9 particularly across state lines, and shall not include any

identifiable information about program recipients. The department shall post the report on its website.

208.238. 1. The department of social services shall 2 implement an automated process to ensure applicants applying 3 for benefit programs are eligible for such programs. automated process shall be designed to periodically review 4 5 current beneficiaries to ensure that they remain eligible 6 for benefits they are receiving. The system shall check 7 applicant and recipient information against multiple sources 8 of information through an automated process. automated process shows the recipient is no longer eligible 9 for one benefit program, the department shall determine what 10 other benefit programs shall be closed to the recipient. 11

2. The department shall verify temporary assistance for needy families and supplemental nutrition assistance program recipients' identities, household sizes and compositions, resources, expenses, assets and incomes, and any other factors affecting eligibility under federal and state law at least once every six months.

313.306. The state lottery commission shall, at least monthly, provide to the department of social services the name, prize amount, and any other publicly available identifying information of a person claiming a cash lottery

- 5 prize greater than six hundred dollars for the purposes of
- 6 comparing the information with that of applicants and
- 7 recipients of temporary assistance for needy families,
- 8 supplemental nutrition assistance program, or MO HealthNet

9 benefits.

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