FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 455

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ROBERTS.

1760S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 135.327, 135.331, and 135.333, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to a tax credit for the adoption of children.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 135.327, 135.331, and 135.333, RSMo,

- 2 are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 135.327, 135.331, and 135.333, to read as
- 4 follows:
 - 135.327. 1. Any person residing in this state who
- 2 legally adopts a special needs child on or after January 1,
- 3 1988, and before January 1, 2000, shall be eligible to
- 4 receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for
- 5 nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child adopted that
- 6 may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143. Any business
- 7 entity providing funds to an employee to enable that
- 8 employee to legally adopt a special needs child shall be
- 9 eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand
- 10 dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child
- 11 adopted that may be applied to taxes due under such business
- 12 entity's state tax liability, except that only one ten
- 13 thousand dollar credit is available for each special needs
- 14 child that is adopted.
- 15 2. Any person residing in this state who proceeds in
- 16 good faith with the adoption of a special needs child on or
- 17 after January 1, 2000, and before January 1, 2022, shall be

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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18 eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child 19 20 that may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143; provided, however, that beginning on March 29, 2013, the tax 21 22 credits shall only be allocated for the adoption of special 23 needs children who are residents or wards of residents of 24 this state at the time the adoption is initiated. 25 business entity providing funds to an employee to enable that employee to proceed in good faith with the adoption of 26 27 a special needs child shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring 28 adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to 29 30 taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability, except that only one ten thousand dollar credit is available 31 for each special needs child that is adopted. 32 Any person residing in this state who proceeds in 33 good faith with the adoption of a child on or after January 34 35 1, 2022, regardless of whether such child is a special needs 36 child, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for 37 each child that may be applied to taxes due under chapter 38 The tax credit shall be allowed regardless of whether 39 the child adopted is a resident or ward of a resident of 40 41 this state at the time the adoption is initiated; however, 42 for tax years ending on or before December 31, 2023, 43 priority shall be given to applications to claim the tax 44 credit for special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is 45 46 initiated. Any business entity providing funds to an 47 employee to enable that employee to proceed in good faith with the adoption of a child shall be eligible to receive a 48 tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring 49

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50 adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability; 51 52 except that, only one credit, up to ten thousand dollars, shall be available for each child who is adopted. 53 54 Individuals and business entities may claim a tax credit for their total nonrecurring adoption expenses in 55 each year that the expenses are incurred. A claim for fifty 56 57 percent of the credit shall be allowed when the child is placed in the home. A claim for the remaining fifty percent 58 59 shall be allowed when the adoption is final. The total of these tax credits shall not exceed the maximum limit of ten 60 thousand dollars per child. The cumulative amount of tax 61 62 credits which may be claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for nonrecurring adoption expenses in any one fiscal 63 year prior to July 1, 2004, shall not exceed two million 64 dollars. The cumulative amount of tax credits that may be 65 claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for nonrecurring 66 adoption expenses shall not be more than two million dollars 67 68 but may be increased by appropriation in any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2004, and ending on or before 69 70 June 30, 2021. The cumulative amount of tax credits that 71 may be claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for 72 nonrecurring adoption expenses shall not exceed six million 73 dollars in any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, and ending on or before June 30, 2023. For all fiscal 74 years beginning on or after July 1, 2023, there shall be no 75 limit imposed on the cumulative amount of tax credits that 76 77 may be claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for nonrecurring adoption expenses. For all fiscal years 78 beginning on or after July 1, 2006, and ending on or before 79

June 30, 2023, applications to claim the adoption tax credit

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81 shall be filed between July first and April fifteenth of
82 each fiscal year.

5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any individual or business entity may assign, transfer or sell tax credits allowed in this section. Any sale of tax credits claimed pursuant to this section shall be at a discount rate of seventy-five percent or greater of the amount sold.

135.331. No credit shall be allowable for the adoption of any child who has attained the age of eighteen, unless it has been determined that the child has a medical condition or [handicap] disability that would limit the child's

ability to live independently of the adoptive parents.

before December 31, 2023, any amount of tax credit which exceeds the tax due or which is applied for and otherwise eligible for issuance but not issued shall not be refunded but may be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, not to exceed a total of five years for which a tax credit may be taken for each child adopted.

- (2) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, any amount of tax credit that is issued and which exceeds the tax due shall be refunded to the taxpayer.
- 12 2. Tax credits that are assigned, transferred or sold
 12 as allowed in section 135.327 may be assigned, transferred
 13 or sold in their entirety notwithstanding the taxpayer's tax
 14 due.

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