### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

### [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

### HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# SENATE BILL NO. 44

## 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2021

0809H.07T

### **AN ACT**

To repeal sections 91.025, 153.030, 153.034, 204.569, 386.370, 386.800, 393.106, 393.358, 394.020, 394.120, and 394.315, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof sixteen new sections relating to utilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 91.025, 153.030, 153.034, 204.569,

- 2 386.370, 386.800, 393.106, 393.358, 394.020, 394.120, and
- 3 394.315, RSMo, are repealed and sixteen new sections enacted in
- 4 lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.309, 91.025, 153.030,
- 5 153.034, 204.569, 386.370, 386.800, 393.106, 393.358, 393.1500,
- 6 393.1503, 393.1506, 393.1509, 394.020, 394.120, and 394.315, to
- 7 read as follows:
  - 67.309. 1. No political subdivision of this state
- 2 shall adopt an ordinance, resolution, regulation, code, or
- 3 policy that prohibits, or has the effect of prohibiting, the
- 4 connection or reconnection of a utility service based upon
- 5 the type or source of energy to be delivered to an
- 6 individual customer. Nothing in this section shall limit
- 7 the ability of a political subdivision to choose utility
- 8 services for properties owned by such political subdivision
- 9 or limit a political subdivision's ability to ensure public
- 10 safety.

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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charter form of government;

- 2. For purposes of this section, utility services shall include natural gas, propane gas, electricity, and any other form of energy provided to an end user customer.
- 91.025. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Municipally owned or operated electric power
  4 system", a system for the distribution of electrical power
  5 and energy to the inhabitants of a municipality which is
  6 owned and operated by the municipality itself, whether
  7 operated under authority pursuant to this chapter or under a
- "Permanent service", electrical service provided 9 10 through facilities which have been permanently installed on a structure and which are designed to provide electric 11 service for the structure's anticipated needs for the 12 indefinite future, as contrasted with facilities installed 13 14 temporarily to provide electrical service during 15 construction. Service provided temporarily shall be at the 16 risk of the electrical supplier and shall not be determinative of the rights of the provider or recipient of 17 permanent service; 18
  - (3) "Structure" or "structures", an agricultural, residential, commercial, industrial or other building or a mechanical installation, machinery or apparatus at which retail electric energy is being delivered through a metering device which is located on or adjacent to the structure and connected to the lines of an electrical corporation, rural electric cooperative, municipally owned or operated electric power system, or joint municipal utility commission. Such terms shall include any contiguous or adjacent additions to or expansions of a particular structure. Nothing in this section shall be construed to confer any right on an

- 30 electric supplier to serve new structures on a particular 31 tract of land because it was serving an existing structure 32 on that tract.
- 2. Once a municipally owned or operated electrical 33 system, or its predecessor in interest, lawfully commences 34 supplying retail electric energy to a structure through 35 permanent service facilities, it shall have the right to 36 37 continue serving such structure, and other suppliers of electrical energy shall not have the right to provide 38 39 service to the structure except as might be otherwise permitted in the context of municipal annexation, pursuant 40 to section 386.800 or pursuant to a territorial agreement 41 approved under section 394.312. The public service 42 commission, upon application made by a customer, may order a 43 change of suppliers on the basis that it is in the public 44 interest for a reason other than a rate differential, and 45 the commission is hereby given jurisdiction over municipally 46 owned or operated electric systems to accomplish the purpose 47 48 of this section. The commission's jurisdiction under this section is limited to public interest determinations and 49 excludes questions as to the lawfulness of the provision of 50 service, such questions being reserved to courts of 51 competent jurisdiction. Except as provided in this section, 52 nothing in this section shall be construed as otherwise 53 conferring upon the commission jurisdiction over the 54 55 service, rates, financing, accounting or management of any 56 such municipally owned or operated electrical system, and nothing in this section, section 393.106, and section 57 394.315 shall affect the rights, privileges or duties of any 58 59 municipality to form or operate municipally owned or operated electrical systems. Nothing in this section shall 60

be construed to make lawful any provision of service which

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- was unlawful prior to July 11, 1991. Nothing in this
  section shall be construed to make unlawful the continued
  lawful provision of service to any structure which may have
  had a different supplier in the past, if such a change in
  supplier was lawful at the time it occurred.
  - 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and sections 393.106, 394.080, and 394.315 to the contrary, in the event that a retail electric supplier is providing service to a structure located within a city, town, or village that has ceased to be a rural area, and such structure is demolished and replaced by a new structure, such retail electric service supplier may provide permanent service to the new structure upon the request of the owner of the new structure.
- 1. All bridges over streams dividing this state from any other state owned, used, leased or otherwise 2 3 controlled by any person, corporation, railroad company or 4 joint stock company, and all bridges across or over 5 navigable streams within this state, where the charge is made for crossing the same, which are now constructed, which 6 are in the course of construction, or which shall hereafter 7 be constructed, and all property, real and tangible 8 9 personal, owned, used, leased or otherwise controlled by 10 telegraph, telephone, electric power and light companies, electric transmission lines, pipeline companies and express 11 12 companies shall be subject to taxation for state, county, 13 municipal and other local purposes to the same extent as the property of private persons. 14
- 2. And taxes levied thereon shall be levied and collected in the manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for the taxation of railroad property in this state, and county commissions, county boards of

19 equalization and the state tax commission are hereby 20 required to perform the same duties and are given the same 21 powers, including punitive powers, in assessing, equalizing and adjusting the taxes on the property set forth in this 22 23 section as the county commissions and boards of equalization 24 and state tax commission have or may hereafter be empowered with, in assessing, equalizing, and adjusting the taxes on 25 26 railroad property; and an authorized officer of any such 27 bridge, telegraph, telephone, electric power and light 28 companies, electric transmission lines, pipeline companies, or express company or the owner of any such toll bridge, is 29 hereby required to render reports of the property of such 30 bridge, telegraph, telephone, electric power and light 31 companies, electric transmission lines, pipeline companies, 32 or express companies in like manner as the authorized 33 officer of the railroad company is now or may hereafter be 34 required to render for the taxation of railroad property. 35 On or before the fifteenth day of April in the year 36 37 1946 and each year thereafter an authorized officer of each such company shall furnish the state tax commission and 38 county clerks a report, duly subscribed and sworn to by such 39 authorized officer, which is like in nature and purpose to 40 the reports required of railroads under chapter 151 showing 41 42 the full amount of all real and tangible personal property owned, used, leased or otherwise controlled by each such 43 44 company on January first of the year in which the report is 45 due.

4. If any telephone company assessed pursuant to
chapter 153 has a microwave relay station or stations in a
county in which it has no wire mileage but has wire mileage
in another county, then, for purposes of apportioning the
assessed value of the distributable property of such

- 51 companies, the straight line distance between such microwave
- 52 relay stations shall constitute miles of wire. In the event
- 53 that any public utility company assessed pursuant to this
- 54 chapter has no distributable property which physically
- 55 traverses the counties in which it operates, then the
- 56 assessed value of the distributable property of such company
- 57 shall be apportioned to the physical location of the
- 58 distributable property.
- 5. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
- 60 contrary, beginning January 1, 2019, a telephone company
- 61 shall make a one-time election within the tax year to be
- assessed:
- 63 (a) Using the methodology for property tax purposes as
- 64 provided under this section; or
- (b) Using the methodology for property tax purposes as
- 66 provided under this section for property consisting of land
- and buildings and be assessed for all other property
- 68 exclusively using the methodology utilized under section
- **69** 137.122.
- 70 If a telephone company begins operations, including a merger
- 71 of multiple telephone companies, after August 28, 2018, it
- 72 shall make its one-time election to be assessed using the
- 73 methodology for property tax purposes as described under
- 74 paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection within
- 75 the year in which the telephone company begins its
- 76 operations. A telephone company that fails to make a timely
- 77 election shall be deemed to have elected to be assessed
- 78 using the methodology for property tax purposes as provided
- 79 under subsections 1 to 4 of this section.

- 80 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not be 81 construed to change the original assessment jurisdiction of 82 the state tax commission.
- 83 (3) Nothing in subdivision (1) of this subsection 84 shall be construed as applying to any other utility.
- 85 The provisions of this subdivision shall (a) ensure that school districts may avoid any fiscal impact as 86 87 a result of a telephone company being assessed under the provisions of paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this 88 89 subsection. If a school district's current operating levy 90 is below the greater of its most recent voter-approved tax rate or the most recent voter-approved tax rate as adjusted 91 under subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section 137.073, it 92 shall comply with section 137.073. 93
- 94 Beginning January 1, 2019, any school district 95 currently operating at a tax rate equal to the greater of 96 the most recent voter-approved tax rate or the most recent voter-approved tax rate as adjusted under subdivision (2) of 97 subsection 5 of section 137.073 that receives less tax 98 99 revenue from a specific telephone company under this 100 subsection, on or before January thirty-first of the year 101 following the tax year in which the school district received 102 less revenue from a specific telephone company, may by 103 resolution of the school board impose a fee, as determined 104 under this subsection, in order to obtain such revenue. The resolution shall include all facts that support the 105 imposition of the fee. If the school district receives 106 voter approval to raise its tax rate, the district shall no 107 longer impose the fee authorized in this paragraph. 108
- 109 (c) Any fee imposed under paragraph (b) of this
  110 subdivision shall be determined by taking the difference
  111 between the tax revenue the telephone company paid in the

- 112 tax year in question and the tax revenue the telephone
- 113 company would have paid in such year had it not made an
- 114 election under subdivision (1) of this subsection, which
- shall be calculated by taking the telephone company
- 116 valuations in the tax year in question, as determined by the
- 117 state tax commission under paragraph (d) of this
- 118 subdivision, and applying such valuations to the
- apportionment process in subsection 2 of section 151.150.
- 120 The school district shall issue a billing, as provided in
- 121 this subdivision, to any such telephone company. A
- 122 telephone company shall have forty-five days after receipt
- of a billing to remit its payment of its portion of the fees
- 124 to the school district. Notwithstanding any other provision
- 125 of law, the issuance or receipt of such fee shall not be
- 126 used:
- 127 a. In determining the amount of state aid that a
- 128 school district receives under section 163.031;
- b. In determining the amount that may be collected
- 130 under a property tax levy by such district; or
- c. For any other purpose.
- 132 For the purposes of accounting, a telephone company that
- issues a payment to a school district under this subsection
- 134 shall treat such payment as a tax.
- 135 (d) When establishing the valuation of a telephone
- 136 company assessed under paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of
- 137 this subsection, the state tax commission shall also
- 138 determine the difference between the assessed value of a
- 139 telephone company if:
- 140 a. Assessed under paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of
- 141 this subsection; and

- b. Assessed exclusively under subsections 1 to 4 of this section.
- 144 The state tax commission shall then apportion such amount to
- 145 each county and provide such information to any school
- 146 district making a request for such information.
- 147 (e) This subsection shall expire when no school
- 148 district is eligible for a fee.
- 149 6. (1) If any public utility company assessed
- 150 pursuant to this chapter has ownership of any real or
- 151 personal property associated with a project which uses wind
- energy directly to generate electricity, such wind energy
- 153 project property shall be valued and taxed by any local
- 154 authorities having jurisdiction under the provisions of
- 155 chapter 137 and other relevant provisions of the law.
- 156 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
- 157 contrary, beginning January 1, 2020, for any public utility
- 158 company assessed pursuant to this chapter which has a wind
- 159 energy project, such wind energy project shall be assessed
- 160 using the methodology for real and personal property as
- 161 provided in this subsection:
- 162 (a) Any wind energy property of such company shall be
- 163 assessed upon the county assessor's local tax rolls;
- 164 (b) Any property consisting of land and buildings
- 165 related to the wind energy project shall be assessed under
- 166 chapter 137; and
- 167 (c) All other business or personal property related to
- 168 the wind energy project shall be assessed using the
- methodology provided under section 137.122.
- 7. (1) If any public utility company assessed
- 171 pursuant to this chapter has ownership of any real or
- 172 personal property associated with a generation project which

- was originally constructed utilizing financing authorized pursuant to chapter 100 for construction, upon the transfer of ownership of such property to the public utility company such property shall be valued and taxed by any local authorities having jurisdiction under the provisions of chapter 137 and other relevant provisions of law.
  - (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning January 1, 2022, for any public utility company assessed pursuant to this chapter which has ownership of any real or personal property associated with a generation project which was originally constructed utilizing financing authorized pursuant to chapter 100 for construction, upon the transfer of ownership of such property to the public utility company such property shall be assessed as follows:
  - (a) Any property associated with a generation project which was originally constructed utilizing financing authorized pursuant to chapter 100 for construction shall be assessed upon the county assessor's local tax rolls. The assessor shall rely on the public utility company for cost information of the generation portion of the property as found in the public utility company's Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Financial Report Form Number One at the time of transfer of ownership and depreciate the costs provided in a manner similar to other commercial and industrial property;
  - (b) Any property consisting of land and buildings related to the generation property associated with a generation project which was originally constructed utilizing financing pursuant to chapter 100 for construction shall be assessed under chapter 137; and

- 204 (c) All other business or personal property related to
  205 a generation project which was originally constructed
  206 utilizing financing pursuant to chapter 100 for construction
  207 shall be assessed using the methodology provided under
  208 section 137.122.
  - 153.034. 1. The term "distributable property" of an electric company shall include all the real or tangible personal property which is used directly in the generation and distribution of electric power, but not property used as a collateral facility nor property held for purposes other than generation and distribution of electricity. Such
  - 8 (1) Boiler plant equipment, turbogenerator units and9 generators;

distributable property includes, but is not limited to:

- 10 (2) Station equipment;
- 11 (3) Towers, fixtures, poles, conductors, conduit 12 transformers, services and meters;
- 13 (4) Substation equipment and fences;
- 14 (5) Rights-of-way;
- 15 (6) Reactor, reactor plant equipment, and cooling
  16 towers;
- 17 (7) Communication equipment used for control of 18 generation and distribution of power;
- 19 (8) Land associated with such distributable property.
- 20 2. The term "local property" of an electric company
  21 shall include all real and tangible personal property owned,
  22 used, leased or otherwise controlled by the electric company
  23 not used directly in the generation and distribution of
  24 power and not defined in subsection 1 of this section as
  25 distributable property. Such local property includes, but
- 26 is not limited to:
- 27 (1) Motor vehicles;

- 28 (2) Construction work in progress;
- 29 (3) Materials and supplies;
- 30 (4) Office furniture, office equipment, and office
- 31 fixtures;
- 32 (5) Coal piles and nuclear fuel;
- 33 (6) Land held for future use;
- 34 (7) Workshops, warehouses, office buildings and
- 35 generating plant structures;
- 36 (8) Communication equipment not used for control of
- 37 generation and distribution of power;
- 38 (9) Roads, railroads, and bridges;
- 39 (10) Reservoirs, dams, and waterways;
- 40 (11) Land associated with other locally assessed
- 41 property and all generating plant land.
- 42 3. (1) Any real or tangible personal property
- 43 associated with a project which uses wind energy directly to
- 44 generate electricity shall be valued and taxed by local
- 45 authorities having jurisdiction under the provisions of
- 46 chapter 137 and any other relevant provisions of law. The
- 47 method of taxation prescribed in subsection 2 of section
- 48 153.030 and subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to
- 49 such property.
- 50 (2) The real or tangible personal property referenced
- 51 in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall include all
- 52 equipment whose sole purpose is to support the integration
- of a wind generation asset into an existing system.
- 54 Examples of such property may include, but are not limited
- 55 to, wind chargers, windmills, wind turbines, wind towers,
- 56 and associated electrical equipment such as inverters, pad
- 57 mount transformers, power lines, storage equipment directly
- 58 associated with wind generation assets, and substations.

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- 4. For any real or tangible personal property associated with a generation project which was originally constructed utilizing financing authorized under chapter 100 for construction, upon the transfer of ownership of such property to a public utility, such property shall be valued and taxed by local authorities having jurisdiction under the provisions of chapter 137 and any other relevant provisions of law. The method of taxation prescribed in subsection 2 of section 153.030 and subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to such property.
- 204.569. When an unincorporated sewer subdistrict of a common sewer district has been formed pursuant to sections 204.565 to 204.573, the board of trustees of the common sewer district shall have the same powers with regard to the subdistrict as for the common sewer district as a whole, plus the following additional powers:
- 7 To enter into agreements to accept, take title to, (1)or otherwise acquire, and to operate such sewers, sewer 8 9 systems, treatment and disposal facilities, and other property, both real and personal, of the political 10 subdivisions included in the subdistrict as the board 11 determines to be in the interest of the common sewer 12 district to acquire or operate, according to such terms and 13 14 conditions as the board finds reasonable, provided that such authority shall be in addition to the powers of the board of 15 16 trustees pursuant to section 204.340;
- 17 (2) To provide for the construction, extension,
  18 improvement, and operation of such sewers, sewer systems,
  19 and treatment and disposal facilities, as the board
  20 determines necessary for the preservation of public health
  21 and maintenance of sanitary conditions in the subdistrict;

22 (3) For the purpose of meeting the costs of activities 23 undertaken pursuant to the authority granted in this 24 section, to issue bonds in anticipation of revenues of the subdistrict in the same manner as set out in sections 25 204.360 to 204.450, for other bonds of the common sewer 26 27 district. Issuance of such bonds for the subdistrict shall 28 require the assent only of four-sevenths of the voters of 29 the subdistrict voting on the question[, and] except that, as an alternative to such a vote, if the subdistrict is a 30 31 part of a common sewer district located in whole or in part in any county of the first classification without a charter 32 form of government adjacent to a county of the first 33 classification with a charter form of government and a 34 population of at least six hundred thousand and not more 35 36 than seven hundred fifty thousand, bonds may be issued for such subdistrict if the question receives the written assent 37 38 of three-quarters of the customers of the subdistrict in a manner consistent with section 204.370, where "customer", as 39 used in this subdivision, means any political subdivision 40 within the subdistrict that has a service or user agreement 41 42 with the common sewer district. The principal and interest of such bonds shall be payable only from the revenues of the 43 subdistrict and not from any revenues of the common sewer 44 45 district as a whole; (4) To charge the costs of the common sewer district 46 47 for operation and maintenance attributable to the 48 subdistrict, plus a proportionate share of the common sewer district's costs of administration to revenues of the 49 50 subdistrict and to consider such costs in determining reasonable charges to impose within the subdistrict under 51 section 204.440; 52

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53 With prior concurrence of the subdistrict's advisory board, to provide for the treatment and disposal of 54 55 sewage from the subdistrict in or by means of facilities of the common sewer district not located within the 56 57 subdistrict, in which case the board of trustees shall also have authority to charge a proportionate share of the costs 58 59 of the common sewer district for operation and maintenance to revenues of the subdistrict and to consider such costs in 60 determining reasonable charges to impose within the 61 62 subdistrict under section 204.440. The commission shall, prior to the 1. 2 beginning of each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year

commencing on July 1, 1947, make an estimate of the expenses 3 to be incurred by it during such fiscal year reasonably 4 5 attributable to the regulation of public utilities as 6 provided in chapters 386, 392 and 393 and shall also 7 separately estimate the amount of such expenses directly attributable to such regulation of each of the following 8 9 groups of public utilities: Electrical corporations, gas corporations, water corporations, heating companies and 10 telephone corporations, telegraph corporations, sewer 11 corporations, and any other public utility as defined in 12 section 386.020, as well as the amount of such expenses not 13 14 directly attributable to any such group. For purposes of this section, water corporations and sewer corporations will 15 16 be combined and considered one group of public utilities. 17

2. The commission shall allocate to each such group of public utilities the estimated expenses directly attributable to the regulation of such group and an amount equal to such proportion of the estimated expenses not directly attributable to any group as the gross intrastate operating revenues of such group during the preceding

- 23 calendar year bears to the total gross intrastate operating
- 24 revenues of all public utilities subject to the jurisdiction
- 25 of the commission, as aforesaid, during such calendar year.
- 26 The commission shall then assess the amount so allocated to
- 27 each group of public utilities, subject to reduction as
- 28 herein provided, to the public utilities in such group in
- 29 proportion to their respective gross intrastate operating
- 30 revenues during the preceding calendar year, except that the
- 31 total amount so assessed to all such public utilities shall
- 32 not exceed [one-fourth] three hundred fifteen thousandths of
- 33 one percent of the total gross intrastate operating revenues
- 34 of all utilities subject to the jurisdiction of the
- 35 commission.
- 36 3. The commission shall render a statement of such
- 37 assessment to each such public utility on or before July
- 38 first and the amount so assessed to each such public utility
- 39 shall be paid by it to the director of revenue in full on or
- 40 before July fifteenth next following the rendition of such
- 41 statement, except that any such public utility may at its
- 42 election pay such assessment in four equal installments not
- 43 later than the following dates next following the rendition
- 44 of said statement, to wit: July fifteenth, October
- 45 fifteenth, January fifteenth and April fifteenth. The
- 46 director of revenue shall remit such payments to the state
- 47 treasurer.
- 48 4. The state treasurer shall credit such payments to a
- 49 special fund, which is hereby created, to be known as "The
- 50 Public Service Commission Fund", which fund, or its
- 51 successor fund created pursuant to section 33.571, shall be
- 52 devoted solely to the payment of expenditures actually
- 53 incurred by the commission and attributable to the
- 54 regulation of such public utilities subject to the

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jurisdiction of the commission, as aforesaid. Any amount 55 remaining in such special fund or its successor fund at the 56 57 end of any fiscal year shall not revert to the general revenue fund, but shall be applicable by appropriation of 58 59 the general assembly to the payment of such expenditures of 60 the commission in the succeeding fiscal year and shall be applied by the commission to the reduction of the amount to 61 62 be assessed to such public utilities in such succeeding fiscal year, such reduction to be allocated to each group of 63 64 public utilities in proportion to the respective gross intrastate operating revenues of the respective groups 65

during the preceding calendar year.

- 5. In order to enable the commission to make the allocations and assessments herein provided for, each public utility subject to the jurisdiction of the commission as aforesaid shall file with the commission, within ten days after August 28, 1996, and thereafter on or before March thirty-first of each year, a statement under oath showing its gross intrastate operating revenues for the preceding calendar year, and if any public utility shall fail to file such statement within the time aforesaid the commission shall estimate such revenue which estimate shall be binding on such public utility for the purpose of this section.
- 386.800. 1. No municipally owned electric utility may provide electric energy at retail to any structure located outside the municipality's corporate boundaries after July 11, 1991, unless:
- 5 (1) The structure was lawfully receiving permanent 6 service from the municipally owned electric utility prior to 7 July 11, 1991; [or]
- 8 (2) The service is provided pursuant to an approved 9 territorial agreement under section 394.312;

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- 10 (3) The service is provided pursuant to lawful
  11 municipal annexation and subject to the provisions of this
  12 section: or
- 12 section; or The structure is located in an area which was 13 (4)previously served by an electrical corporation regulated 14 under chapter 386, and chapter 393, and the electrical 15 corporation's authorized service territory was contiquous to 16 17 or inclusive of the municipality's previous corporate boundaries, and the electrical corporation's ownership or 18 19 operating rights within the area were acquired in total by the municipally owned electrical system prior to July 11, 20 In the event that a municipally owned electric 21 22 utility in a city with a population of more than one hundred twenty-five thousand located in a county of the first class 23 not having a charter form of government and not adjacent to 24 25 any other county of the first class desires to serve customers beyond the authorized service territory in an area 26 which was previously served by an electrical corporation 27 regulated under the provisions of chapter 386, and chapter 28 29 393, as provided in this subdivision, in the absence of an 30 approved territorial agreement under section 394.312, the municipally owned utility shall apply to the public service 31 commission for an order assigning nonexclusive service 32 33 territories and concurrently shall provide written notice of 34 the application to other electric service suppliers with electric facilities located in or within one mile outside of 35 the boundaries of the proposed expanded service territory. 36 The proposed service area shall be contiguous to the 37 38
  - The proposed service area shall be contiguous to the authorized service territory which was previously served by an electrical corporation regulated under the provisions of chapter 386, and chapter 393, as a condition precedent to the granting of the application. The commission shall have

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one hundred twenty days from the date of application to
grant or deny the requested order. The commission, after a
hearing, may grant the order upon a finding that granting of
the applicant's request is not detrimental to the public
interest. In granting the applicant's request the
commission shall give due regard to territories previously
granted to or served by other electric service suppliers and

the wasteful duplication of electric service facilities.

- Any municipally owned electric utility may extend, pursuant to lawful annexation, its electric service territory to include [any structure located within a newly annexed area which has not received permanent service from another supplier within ninety days prior to the effective date of the annexation] areas where another electric supplier currently is not providing permanent service to a If a rural electric cooperative has existing structure. electric service facilities with adequate and necessary service capability located in or within one mile outside the boundaries of the area proposed to be annexed, a majority of the existing developers, landowners, or prospective electric customers in the area proposed to be annexed may, anytime within forty-five days prior to the effective date of the annexation, submit a written request to the governing body of the annexing municipality to invoke mandatory good faith negotiations under section 394.312 to determine which electric service supplier is best suited to serve all or portions of the newly annexed area. In such negotiations the following factors shall be considered, at a minimum:
- (1) The preference of landowners and prospective electric customers;
- 72 (2) The rates, terms, and conditions of service of the 73 electric service suppliers;

- 74 (3) The economic impact on the electric service 75 suppliers;
- 76 (4) Each electric service supplier's operational
  77 ability to serve all or portions of the annexed area within
  78 three years of the date the annexation becomes effective;
- 79 (5) Avoiding the wasteful duplication of electric 80 facilities;
- 81 (6) Minimizing unnecessary encumbrances on the 82 property and landscape within the area to be annexed; and
- 83 (7) Preventing the waste of materials and natural 84 resources.
  - If the municipally owned electric utility and rural electric cooperative are unable to negotiate a territorial agreement pursuant to section 394.312 within forty-five days, then they may submit proposals to those submitting the original written request, whose preference shall control, section 394.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, and the governing body of the annexing municipality shall not reject the petition requesting annexation based on such preference. This subsection shall not apply to municipally-owned property in any newly annexed area.
  - 3. In the event an electrical corporation rather than a municipally owned electric utility lawfully is providing electric service in the municipality, all the provisions of subsection 2 shall apply equally as if the electrical corporation were a municipally owned electric utility, except that if the electrical corporation and the rural electric cooperative are unable to negotiate a territorial agreement pursuant to section 394.312 within forty-five days, then either electric supplier may file an application with the commission for an order determining which electric

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105 supplier should serve, in whole or in part, the area to be 106 The application shall be made pursuant to the 107 rules and regulations of the commission governing applications for certificates of public convenience and 108 109 necessity. The commission after the opportunity for hearing 110 shall make its determination after consideration of the factors set forth in subdivisions (1) through (7) of 111 subsection 2 of this section, and section 394.080 to the 112 113 contrary notwithstanding, may grant its order upon a finding 114 that granting of the applicant's request is not detrimental to the public interest. The commission shall issue its 115 decision by report and order no later than one hundred 116 twenty days from the date of the application unless 117 118 otherwise ordered by the commission for good cause shown. 119 Review of such commission decisions shall be governed by 120 sections 386.500 to 386.550. If the applicant is a rural 121 electric cooperative, the commission shall charge to the 122 rural electric cooperative the appropriate fees as set forth in subsection 9 of this section. 123 124

- [3.] 4. When a municipally owned electric utility desires to extend its service territory to include any structure located within a newly annexed area which has received permanent service from another electric service supplier within ninety days prior to the effective date of the annexation, it shall:
- (1) Notify by publication in a newspaper of general circulation the record owner of said structure, and notify in writing any affected electric **service** supplier and the public service commission, within sixty days after the effective date of the annexation its desire to extend its service territory to include said structure; and

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136 (2) Within six months after the effective date of the
137 annexation receive the approval of the municipality's
138 governing body to begin negotiations pursuant to section
139 394.312 with [any] the affected electric service supplier.

394.312 with [any] the affected electric service supplier. [4.] 5. Upon receiving approval from the municipality's governing body pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, the municipally owned electric utility and the affected electric **service** supplier shall meet and negotiate in good faith the terms of the territorial agreement and any transfers or acquisitions, including, as an alternative, granting the affected electric **service** supplier a franchise or authority to continue providing service in the annexed area. In the event that the affected electric service supplier does not provide wholesale electric power to the municipality, if the affected electric service supplier so desires, the parties [shall] may also negotiate, consistent with applicable law, regulations and existing power supply agreements, for power contracts which would provide for the purchase of power by the municipality from the affected electric service supplier for an amount of power equivalent to the loss of any sales to customers receiving permanent service at structures within the annexed areas which are being sought by the municipally owned electric utility. parties shall have no more than one hundred eighty days from the date of receiving approval from the municipality's governing body within which to conclude their negotiations and file their territorial agreement with the commission for approval under the provisions of section 394.312. The time period for negotiations allowed under this subsection may be extended for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days by a mutual agreement of the parties and a written request with the public service commission.

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- 168 [5.] 6. For purposes of this section, the term "fair 169 and reasonable compensation" shall mean the following:
- 170 (1) The present-day reproduction cost, new, of the 171 properties and facilities serving the annexed areas, less 172 depreciation computed on a straight-line basis; and
  - (2) An amount equal to the reasonable and prudent cost of detaching the facilities in the annexed areas and the reasonable and prudent cost of constructing any necessary facilities to reintegrate the system of the affected electric **service** supplier outside the annexed area after detaching the portion to be transferred to the municipally owned electric utility; and
  - (3) [Four] **Two** hundred percent of gross revenues less gross receipts taxes received by the affected electric **service** supplier from the twelve-month period preceding the approval of the municipality's governing body under the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection [3] **4** of this section, normalized to produce a representative usage from customers at the subject structures in the annexed area; and
  - (4) Any federal, state and local taxes which may be incurred as a result of the transaction, including the recapture of any deduction or credit; and
- 190 (5) Any other costs reasonably incurred by the 191 affected electric supplier in connection with the 192 transaction.
- 193 [6.] 7. In the event the parties are unable to reach
  194 an agreement under subsection [4] 5 of this section, within
  195 sixty days after the expiration of the time specified for
  196 negotiations, the municipally owned electric utility or the
  197 affected electric service supplier may apply to the
  198 commission for an order assigning exclusive service
  199 territories within the annexed area and a determination of

200 the fair and reasonable compensation amount to be paid to the affected electric **service** supplier under subsection [5] 201 6 of this section. Applications shall be made and notice of 202 such filing shall be given to all affected parties pursuant 203 204 to the rules and regulations of the commission governing 205 applications for certificates of public convenience and necessity. Unless otherwise ordered by the commission for 206 207 good cause shown, the commission shall rule on such 208 applications not later than one hundred twenty days after 209 the application is properly filed with the secretary of the 210 commission. The commission shall hold evidentiary hearings to assign service territory between **the** affected electric 211 service suppliers inside the annexed area and to determine 212 the amount of compensation due any affected electric service 213 214 supplier for the transfer of plant, facilities or associated 215 lost revenues between electric service suppliers in the 216 annexed area. The commission shall make such determinations based on findings of what best serves the public interest 217 218 and shall issue its decision by report and order. Review of such commission decisions shall be governed by sections 219 220 386.500 to 386.550. The payment of compensation and transfer of title and operation of the facilities shall 221 222 occur within ninety days after the order and any appeal 223 therefrom becomes final unless the order provides otherwise. In reaching its decision under subsection [6] 224 7 of this section, the commission shall consider the 225 226 following factors: Whether the acquisition or transfers sought by the 227 municipally owned electric utility within the annexed area 228 229 from the affected electric service supplier are, in total, 230 in the public interest, including the preference of the

owner of any affected structure, consideration of rate

- 232 disparities between the competing electric service
- 233 suppliers, and issues of unjust rate discrimination among
- 234 customers of a single electric **service** supplier if the rates
- 235 to be charged in the annexed areas are lower than those
- 236 charged to other system customers; and
- 237 (2) The fair and reasonable compensation to be paid by
- 238 the municipally owned electric utility, to the affected
- 239 electric **service** supplier with existing system operations
- 240 within the annexed area, for any proposed acquisitions or
- 241 transfers; and
- 242 (3) Any effect on system operation, including, but not
- limited to, loss of load and loss of revenue; and
- 244 (4) Any other issues upon which the municipally owned
- 245 electric utility and the affected electric **service** supplier
- 246 might otherwise agree, including, but not limited to, the
- valuation formulas and factors contained in subsections [4,]
- 248 5, 6, and [6] 7, of this section, even if the parties could
- 249 not voluntarily reach an agreement thereon under those
- 250 subsections.
- [8.] 9. The commission is hereby given all necessary
- 252 jurisdiction over municipally owned electric utilities and
- 253 rural electric cooperatives to carry out the purposes of
- 254 this section consistent with other applicable law; provided,
- 255 however, the commission shall not have jurisdiction to
- 256 compel the transfer of customers or structures with a
- 257 connected load greater than one thousand kilowatts. The
- 258 commission shall by rule set appropriate fees to be charged
- on a case-by-case basis to municipally owned electric
- 260 utilities and rural electric cooperatives to cover all
- 261 necessary costs incurred by the commission in carrying out
- 262 its duties under this section. Nothing in this section
- 263 shall be construed as otherwise conferring upon the public

- 264 service commission jurisdiction over the service, rates,
- 265 financing, accounting, or management of any rural electric
- 266 cooperative or municipally-owned electric utility, except as
- 267 provided in this section.
- 268 10. Notwithstanding sections 394.020 and 394.080 to
- 269 the contrary, a rural electric cooperative may provide
- 270 electric service within the corporate boundaries of a
- 271 municipality if such service is provided:
- 272 (1) Pursuant to subsections 2 through 9 of this
- 273 section; and
- 274 (2) Such service is conditioned upon the execution of
- 275 the appropriate territorial and municipal franchise
- 276 agreements, which may include a nondiscriminatory
- 277 requirement, consistent with other applicable law, that the
- 278 rural electric cooperative collect and remit a sales tax
- 279 based on the amount of electricity sold by the rural
- 280 electric cooperative within the municipality.
  - 393.106. 1. As used in this section, the following
  - 2 terms mean:
  - 3 (1) "Permanent service", electrical service provided
  - 4 through facilities which have been permanently installed on
  - 5 a structure and which are designed to provide electric
  - 6 service for the structure's anticipated needs for the
  - 7 indefinite future, as contrasted with facilities installed
  - 8 temporarily to provide electrical service during
  - 9 construction. Service provided temporarily shall be at the
- 10 risk of the electrical supplier and shall not be
- 11 determinative of the rights of the provider or recipient of
- 12 permanent service;
- 13 (2) "Structure" or "structures", an agricultural,
- 14 residential, commercial, industrial or other building or a
- 15 mechanical installation, machinery or apparatus at which

- 16 retail electric energy is being delivered through a metering
- 17 device which is located on or adjacent to the structure and
- 18 connected to the lines of an electrical supplier. Such
- 19 terms shall include any contiguous or adjacent additions to
- 20 or expansions of a particular structure. Nothing in this
- 21 section shall be construed to confer any right on an
- 22 electric supplier to serve new structures on a particular
- 23 tract of land because it was serving an existing structure
- 24 on that tract.
- 25 2. Once an electrical corporation or joint municipal
- 26 utility commission, or its predecessor in interest, lawfully
- 27 commences supplying retail electric energy to a structure
- 28 through permanent service facilities, it shall have the
- 29 right to continue serving such structure, and other
- 30 suppliers of electrical energy shall not have the right to
- 31 provide service to the structure except as might be
- 32 otherwise permitted in the context of municipal annexation,
- 33 pursuant to section 386.800 and section 394.080, or pursuant
- 34 to a territorial agreement approved under section 394.312.
- 35 The public service commission, upon application made by an
- 36 affected party, may order a change of suppliers on the basis
- 37 that it is in the public interest for a reason other than a
- 38 rate differential. The commission's jurisdiction under this
- 39 section is limited to public interest determinations and
- 40 excludes questions as to the lawfulness of the provision of
- 41 service, such questions being reserved to courts of
- 42 competent jurisdiction. Except as provided in this section,
- 43 nothing contained herein shall affect the rights, privileges
- 44 or duties of existing corporations pursuant to this
- 45 chapter. Nothing in this section shall be construed to make
- 46 lawful any provision of service which was unlawful prior to
- 47 July 11, 1991. Nothing in this section shall be construed

- 48 to make unlawful the continued lawful provision of service
- 49 to any structure which may have had a different supplier in
- 50 the past, if such a change in supplier was lawful at the
- 51 time it occurred. However, those customers who had
- 52 cancelled service with their previous supplier or had
- requested cancellation by May 1, 1991, shall be eligible to
- 54 change suppliers as per previous procedures. No customer
- 55 shall be allowed to change electric suppliers by
- 56 disconnecting service between May 1, 1991, and July 11, 1991.
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and
- 58 sections 91.025, 394.080, and 394.315 to the contrary, in
- 59 the event that a retail electric supplier is providing
- 60 service to a structure located within a city, town, or
- village that has ceased to be a rural area, and such
- 62 structure is demolished and replaced by a new structure,
- 63 such retail electric service supplier may provide permanent
- 64 service to the new structure upon the request of the owner
- of the new structure.
  - 393.358. 1. For purposes of this section, the
- 2 following terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Commission", the Missouri public service
- 4 commission established under section 386.040;
- 5 (2) "Water corporation", a corporation with more than
- 6 one thousand Missouri customers that otherwise meets the
- 7 definition of "water corporation" in section 386.020.
- 8 2. Water corporations shall develop a qualification
- 9 process open to all contractors seeking to provide
- 10 construction and construction-related services for planned
- 11 infrastructure projects on the water corporation's
- 12 distribution system. The water corporation shall specify
- 13 qualification requirements and goals for contractors seeking
- 14 to perform such work, including but not limited to

- experience, performance criteria, safety record and 15 policies, technical expertise, scheduling needs and 16 17 available resources, supplier diversity and insurance requirements. Contractors that meet the qualification 18 19 requirements shall be eligible to participate in a 20 competitive bidding process for providing construction and 21 construction-related services for planned infrastructure projects on the water corporation's distribution system, and 22 23 the contractor making the lowest and best bid shall be 24 awarded such contract. For contractors not qualifying through the competitive bid process, the water corporation, 25 upon request from the contractor, shall provide information 26 from the process in which the contractor can be informed as 27 to how to be better positioned to qualify for such bid 28 opportunities in the future. Nothing in this section shall 29 30 be construed as requiring any water corporation to use third 31 parties instead of its own employees to perform such work, to use the contractor qualification or competitive bidding 32 33 process in the case of an emergency project, or to terminate any existing contract with a contractor prior to its 34 expiration. 35 36 Within thirty days after August 28, 2018, and with the filing of a general rate proceeding initiated by the 37
- 38 water corporation, the water corporation shall file a 39 statement with the commission confirming it has established 40 a qualification process meeting the requirements of this section and that such process is used for no less than [ten] 41 twenty percent of the corporation's external expenditures 42 for planned infrastructure projects on the water 43 corporation's distribution system. The commission shall 44 have the authority to verify the statements to ensure 45 compliance with this section. 46

- 4. By December 31, 2020, the commission shall submit a report to the general assembly on the effects of this
- 49 section, including water corporation compliance, the costs
- 50 of performing planned infrastructure projects prior to the
- 51 implementation of this section compared to after the
- 52 implementation of this section, and any other information
- 53 regarding the process established under this section that
- the commission deems necessary.
  - 393.1500. Sections 393.1500 to 393.1509 shall be known
- 2 and may be cited as the "Missouri Water and Sewer
- 3 Infrastructure Act".
  - 393.1503. As used in sections 393.1500 to 393.1509,
- 2 the following terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Appropriate pretax revenues", the revenues
- 4 necessary to produce net operating income equal to:
- 5 (a) The water or sewer corporation's pretax weighted
- 6 cost of capital multiplied by the net original cost of
- 7 eligible infrastructure system projects, including
- 8 recognition of accumulated deferred income taxes and
- 9 accumulated depreciation associated with eligible
- 10 infrastructure system projects which are included in the
- 11 petition to establish or change a WSIRA, plus accumulated
- deferred income taxes and accumulated depreciation
- 13 associated with any eligible infrastructure system projects
- 14 in a currently effective WSIRA implemented pursuant to
- 15 sections 393.1506 and 393.1509;
- 16 (b) The state, federal, and local income or excise
- 17 taxes applicable to such revenues;
- 18 (c) The depreciation expense applicable to the
- 19 eligible infrastructure system project less annual
- 20 depreciation expense associated with any related facility
- 21 retirements; and

- 22 (d) The property taxes applicable to the eligible
- 23 infrastructure that will be due within twelve months of the
- 24 filing of a request to implement a water and sewer
- 25 infrastructure rate adjustment pursuant to sections 393.1506
- and 393.1509, less any property taxes associated with any
- 27 related facility retirements;
- 28 (2) "Commission", the Missouri public service
- 29 commission;
- 30 (3) "Eligible infrastructure system projects", water
- 31 or sewer utility plant projects that:
- 32 (a) Replace or extend the useful life of existing
- 33 infrastructure;
- 34 (b) Are in service and used and useful;
- 35 (c) Do not include projects intended solely for
- 36 customer growth; and
- 37 (d) The costs of which were not recovered in the water
- 38 or sewer corporation's base rates in its most recent general
- 39 rate case;
- 40 (4) "Sewer corporation", the same as defined in
- 41 section 386.020;
- 42 (5) "Water and sewer infrastructure rate adjustment"
- 43 or "WSIRA", a separate line item rate on a customer's water
- 44 or sewer bill designed to recover the appropriate pretax
- 45 revenues associated with eligible infrastructure system
- 46 projects implemented pursuant to sections 393.1500 to
- 47 393.1509;
- 48 (6) "Water corporation", the same as defined in
- 49 section 386.020;
- 50 (7) "Water or sewer utility plant projects", shall
- 51 consist of the following:
- 52 (a) Replacement of or cleaning and relining of
- 53 existing water and sewer pipes, and associated valves,

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- 54 hydrants, meters, service lines, laterals, sewer taps,
  55 curbstops, and manholes;
- 56 (b) Replacement of lead mains, lead goosenecks and 57 lead service lines, and associated valves and meters;
- (c) Replacement of booster station and lift station pumps, with equipment of similar capacity and operation, as well as related pipes, valves, and meters;
  - (d) Facilities relocations required due to construction or improvement of a highway, road, street, public way, or other public work by or on behalf of the United States, this state, a political subdivision of this state, or another entity having the power of eminent domain; provided that the costs related to such projects have not been reimbursed to the water or sewer corporation;
  - (e) Replacement of water and wastewater treatment mechanical equipment with equipment of similar capacity and operation, including well and intake pumps, transfer pumps, high service or discharge pumps, and metering pumps; and
  - (f) Replacement of Supervisory Control and Data
    Acquisition System (SCADA) components necessary for the
    operation and monitoring of remote installations including
    radio and cellular communication equipment, and programmable
    logic controllers;
- 77 (8) "WSIRA revenues", revenues produced through
  78 implementation of a WSIRA pursuant to sections 393.1500 to
  79 393.1509, exclusive of revenues from all other rates and
  80 charges.

393.1506. 1. Notwithstanding any provisions of
chapter 386 and this chapter to the contrary, a water or
sewer corporation that provides water or sewer service to
more than eight thousand customer connections may file a
petition and proposed rate schedules with the commission to

- 6 establish or change a WSIRA that will provide for the
- 7 recovery of the appropriate pretax revenues associated with
- 8 the eligible infrastructure system projects, less the
- 9 appropriate pretax revenues associated with any retired
- 10 utility plant that is being replaced by the eligible
- 11 infrastructure system projects. The WSIRA shall not produce
- 12 revenues in excess of fifteen percent of the water or sewer
- 13 corporation's base revenue requirement approved by the
- 14 commission in the water or sewer corporation's most recent
- 15 general rate proceeding; provided, however, that neither
- 16 WSIRA revenues attributable to replacement of customer-owned
- 17 lead service lines, nor any reconciliation amounts described
- in subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section 393.1509,
- 19 shall count toward the program cap. The WSIRA and any
- 20 future changes thereto shall be calculated and implemented
- 21 in accordance with the provisions of sections 393.1503 to
- 22 393.1509. WSIRA revenues shall be subject to refund based
- 23 upon a finding and order of the commission, to the extent
- provided in subsections 5 and 8 of section 393.1509.
- 25 2. The commission shall not approve a WSIRA for a
- 26 water or sewer corporation that has not had a general rate
- 27 proceeding decided or dismissed by issuance of a commission
- 28 order within the past three years of the filing of a
- 29 petition pursuant to this section unless the water or sewer
- 30 corporation has filed for or is the subject of a new general
- 31 rate proceeding.
- 32 3. In no event shall a water or sewer corporation
- 33 collect a WSIRA for a period exceeding three years unless
- 34 the water or sewer corporation has filed for or is the
- 35 subject of a pending general rate proceeding; provided that
- 36 the WSIRA may be collected until the effective date of new
- 37 rate schedules established as a result of the new general

- rate proceeding or until the subject general rate proceeding is otherwise decided or dismissed by issuance of a
- 40 commission order without new rates being established.
- 4. Except as provided in this subsection, in no event
- 42 shall a water or sewer corporation collect a WSIRA if also
- 43 collecting revenues from a commission approved
- 44 infrastructure system replacement surcharge as provided in
- 45 sections 393.1000 to 393.1006. In no event shall a customer
- 46 be charged both an infrastructure system replacement
- 47 surcharge as provided in sections 393.1000 to 393.1006 and a
- 48 WSIRA. In the event a water or sewer corporation is
- 49 collecting infrastructure system replacement surcharge
- revenues under sections 393.1000 to 393.1006, that was
- 51 approved prior to August 28, 2021, when the initial WSIRA is
- 52 filed, the approved infrastructure system replacement
- 53 surcharge revenues shall be included in the new WSIRA filing.
- 393.1509. 1. (1) At the time that a water or sewer
- 2 corporation files a petition with the commission seeking to
- 3 establish or change a WSIRA, it shall submit proposed WSIRA
- 4 rate schedules and supporting documentation regarding the
- 5 calculation of the proposed WSIRA with the petition and
- 6 shall serve the office of the public counsel with a copy of
- 7 its petition, its proposed WSIRA rate schedules, and its
- 8 supporting documentation.
- 9 (2) Upon the filing of a petition and any associated
- 10 WSIRA rate schedules, seeking to establish or change a
- 11 WSIRA, the commission shall publish notice of the filing.
- 12 (3) Three months prior to a water or sewer corporation
- 13 filing a petition to establish a WSIRA, it shall also file
- 14 with the commission a five-year capital expenditure plan
- 15 unless such a plan has already been submitted during the
- 16 previous twelve months. Thereafter, the water or sewer

- 17 corporation shall annually file with the commission a five-
- 18 year capital expenditure plan by January thirty-first of
- 19 each year the corporation is collecting revenues through a
- 20 WSIRA. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 21 prevent the water or sewer corporation from prioritizing
- 22 eligible infrastructure projects that coincide with public
- 23 works projects.
- 24 2. (1) When a petition, along with any associated
- 25 proposed rate schedules, is filed pursuant to the provisions
- of sections 393.1503 to 393.1509, the commission shall
- 27 conduct an examination of the proposed WSIRA.
- 28 (2) The staff of the commission may examine
- 29 information of the water or sewer corporation to confirm
- 30 that the underlying costs are in accordance with the
- 31 provisions of sections 393.1503 to 393.1509, and to confirm
- 32 proper calculation of the proposed WSIRA, and may submit a
- 33 report regarding its examination to the commission not later
- 34 than ninety days after the petition is filed. No other
- 35 revenue requirement or ratemaking issues shall be examined
- 36 in consideration of the petition or associated proposed
- 37 WSIRA rate schedules filed pursuant to the provisions of
- 38 sections 393.1503 to 393.1509.
- 39 (3) The commission may hold a hearing on the petition
- 40 and any associated WSIRA rate schedule and shall issue an
- 41 order to become effective not later than one hundred eighty
- 42 days after the petition is filed.
- 43 (4) If the commission finds that a petition complies
- 44 with the requirements of sections 393.1503 to 393.1509, the
- 45 commission shall enter an order authorizing the water or
- 46 sewer corporation to implement a WSIRA that is sufficient to
- 47 recover appropriate pretax revenues, as determined by the

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- commission pursuant to the provisions of sections 393.1503 to 393.1509.
- 3. A water or sewer corporation may effectuate a change in its WSIRA pursuant to this section no more often than two times in every twelve-month period.
- 4. In determining the appropriate pretax revenues, the commission shall consider only the following factors:
  - (1) The current state, federal, and local income or excise tax rates, including any income tax deductions;
  - (2) The water or sewer corporation's actual regulatory capital structure as determined during the most recent general rate proceeding of the water or sewer corporation;
  - (3) The actual cost rates for the water or sewer corporation's debt and preferred stock as determined during the most recent general rate proceeding of the water or sewer corporation;
  - (4) The water or sewer corporation's cost of common equity as determined during the most recent general rate proceeding of the water or sewer corporation;
  - (5) The current property tax rate or rates applicable to the eligible infrastructure system projects;
- 69 (6) The current depreciation rates applicable to the 70 eligible infrastructure system projects;
  - (7) In the event information described in subdivisions (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection is unavailable and the commission is not provided with such information on an agreed-upon basis, the commission shall utilize the overall pretax weighted average cost of capital last authorized for the water or sewer corporation in a general rate proceeding regarding a WSIRA or an infrastructure system replacement

surcharge under sections 393.1000 to 393.1006.

- 79 5. (1) A WSIRA shall be calculated based upon the 80 amount of infrastructure system project costs that are 81 eligible for recovery during the period in which the WSIRA will be in effect and upon the applicable tariff rate group 82 83 billing determinants utilized in designing the water or 84 sewer corporation's customer rates in its most recent 85 general rate proceeding and allocated in a manner consistent 86 with the rate design methodology utilized to develop the 87 water or sewer corporation's base rates resulting from its 88 most recent general rate proceeding.
- 89 At the end of each twelve-month calendar period 90 that a WSIRA is in effect, the water or sewer corporation shall reconcile the differences between the revenues 91 92 resulting from a WSIRA and the appropriate pretax revenues 93 as found by the commission for that period and shall submit 94 the reconciliation and a proposed WSIRA to the commission 95 for approval to recover or credit the difference, as appropriate, through a WSIRA. 96
- 6. A water or sewer corporation that has 97 implemented a WSIRA pursuant to the provisions of sections 98 393.1503 to 393.1509 shall file revised WSIRA schedules to 99 100 reset the WSIRA to zero when new base rates and charges 101 become effective for the water or sewer corporation 102 following a commission order establishing customer rates in 103 a general rate proceeding that incorporates in the utility's 104 base rates, subject to subsections 8 and 9 of this section, 105 eligible costs previously reflected in a WSIRA.
- 106 (2) Upon the inclusion in a water or sewer
  107 corporation's base rates, subject to subsections 8 and 9 of
  108 this section, of eligible costs previously reflected in a
  109 WSIRA, the water or sewer corporation shall immediately
  110 thereafter reconcile any previously unreconciled WSIRA

- 111 revenues as necessary to ensure that revenues resulting from 112 the WSIRA match as closely as possible the appropriate
- 113 pretax revenues as found by the commission for that period.
- 7. A water or sewer corporation's filing of a petition to establish or change a WSIRA pursuant to the provisions of sections 393.1503 to 393.1509 shall not be considered a request for a general increase in the water or sewer
- 118 corporation's base rates and charges.
- 8. Commission approval of a petition, and any associated rate schedules, to establish or change a WSIRA
- pursuant to the provisions of sections 393.1503 to 393.1509
- shall in no way be binding upon the commission in
- determining the ratemaking treatment to be applied to
- 124 eligible infrastructure system projects during a subsequent
- 125 general rate proceeding when the commission may undertake to
- 126 review the prudence of such costs. In the event the
- 127 commission disallows, during a subsequent general rate
- 128 proceeding, recovery of costs associated with eligible
- 129 infrastructure system projects previously included in a
- 130 WSIRA, the water or sewer corporation shall offset its WSIRA
- in the future as necessary to recognize and account for any
- 132 such overcollections.
- 9. Nothing contained in sections 393.1503 to 393.1509
- shall be construed to impair in any way the authority of the
- 135 commission to review the reasonableness of the rates or
- 136 charges of a water or sewer corporation, including review of
- 137 the prudence of eligible infrastructure system replacements
- 138 made by a water or sewer corporation, pursuant to the
- 139 provisions of section 386.390.
- 140 10. The commission may take into account any change in
- 141 business risk to the water or sewer corporation resulting
- 142 from implementation of the WSIRA in setting the

- 143 corporation's allowed return in a general rate proceeding in 144 addition to any other changes in business risk experienced 145 by the corporation.
- The commission shall have authority to promulgate 146 11. rules for the implementation of sections 393.1503 to 147 148 393.1509, but only to the extent such rules are consistent with, and do not delay the implementation of, the provisions 149 of sections 393.1503 to 393.1509. Any rule or portion of a 150 151 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 152 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 153 all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, 154 section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are 155 156 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 157 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 158 159 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 160

August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.

- 394.020. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires,
- 3 (1) "Member" means each incorporator of a cooperative4 and each person admitted to and retaining membership
- 5 therein, and shall include a husband and wife admitted to
- 6 joint membership;

- 7 (2) "Person" includes any natural person, firm,
- 8 association, corporation, business trust, partnership,
- 9 federal agency, state or political subdivision or agency
- 10 thereof, or any body politic; and

- 11 (3) "Rural area" shall be deemed to mean any area of
  12 the United States not included within the boundaries of any
  13 city, town or village having a population in excess of
  14 [fifteen] sixteen hundred inhabitants, and such term shall
  15 be deemed to include both the farm and nonfarm population
  16 thereof. The number of inhabitants specified in this
  17 subdivision shall be increased by six percent every ten
- subdivision shall be increased by six percent every ter years after each decennial census beginning in 2030.
- 394.120. 1. No person shall become a member of a cooperative unless such person shall agree to use electric energy furnished by the cooperative when such electric energy shall be available through its facilities. The bylaws of a cooperative may provide that any person, including an incorporator, shall cease to be a member thereof if he or she shall fail or refuse to use electric
- 8 energy made available by the cooperative or if electric
- 9 energy shall not be made available to such person by the 10 cooperative within a specified time after such person shall
- 11 have become a member thereof. Membership in the cooperative
- 12 shall not be transferable, except as provided in the
- 13 bylaws. The bylaws may prescribe additional qualifications
- 14 and limitations in respect of membership.
- 2. An annual meeting of the members shall be held at such time as shall be provided in the bylaws.
- 3. Special meetings of the members may be called by the board of directors, by any three directors, by not less than ten percent of the members, or by the president.
- 4. Meetings of members shall be held at such place as may be provided in the bylaws. In the absence of any such provisions, all meetings shall be held in the city or town in which the principal office of the cooperative is located.

- 5. Except as herein otherwise provided, written or printed notice stating the time and place of each meeting of members and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be given to each member, either personally or by mail, not less than ten nor more than twenty-five days before the date of the meeting.
- 6. Two percent of the first two thousand members and one percent of the remaining members, present in person, or if the bylaws so provide, participating electronically or by mail, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all meetings of the members, unless the bylaws prescribe the presence of a greater percentage of the members for a quorum. If less than a quorum is present at any meeting, a majority of those present in person may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice.
  - 7. Each member shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting. Voting shall be in person, but, if the bylaws so provide, may also be by proxy, by electronic means, by mail, or any combination thereof. If the bylaws provide for voting by proxy, by electronic means, or by mail, they shall also prescribe the conditions under which proxy, electronic, or mail voting shall be exercised. In any event, no person shall vote as proxy for more than two members at any meeting of the members.
    - 8. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 2 and 7 of this section, the board of directors shall have the power to set the time and place of the annual meeting and also to provide for voting by proxy, electronic means, by mail, or any combination thereof, and to prescribe the conditions under which such voting shall be exercised. The meeting requirement provided in this section may be

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satisfied through virtual means. The provisions of this 56 subsection shall expire on August 28, 2022. 57

394.315. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- "Permanent service", electrical service provided 3 4 through facilities which have been permanently installed on a structure and which are designed to provide electric 5 6 service for the structure's anticipated needs for the 7 indefinite future, as contrasted with facilities installed 8 temporarily to provide electrical service during construction. Service provided temporarily shall be at the 9 risk of the electrical supplier and shall not be
- 10 11 determinative of the rights of the provider or recipient of permanent service; 12
- "Structure" or "structures", an agricultural, residential, commercial, industrial or other building or a 14 mechanical installation, machinery or apparatus at which retail electric energy is being delivered through a metering 16 17 device which is located on or adjacent to the structure and connected to the lines of an electrical supplier. 18 terms shall include any contiguous or adjacent additions to 19 or expansions of a particular structure. Nothing in this 20 21 section shall be construed to confer any right on [a rural 22 electric cooperative] an electric supplier to serve new structures on a particular tract of land because it was 23 24 serving an existing structure on that tract.
- 25 2. Once a rural electric cooperative, or its predecessor in interest, lawfully commences supplying retail 26 27 electric energy to a structure through permanent service facilities, it shall have the right to continue serving such 28 structure, and other suppliers of electrical energy shall 29 not have the right to provide service to the structure 30

31 except as might be otherwise permitted in the context of 32 municipal annexation, pursuant to section 386.800 and 33 section 394.080, or pursuant to a territorial agreement approved under section 394.312. The public service 34 35 commission, upon application made by an affected party, may order a change of suppliers on the basis that it is in the 36 public interest for a reason other than a rate differential, 37 38 and the commission is hereby given jurisdiction over rural electric cooperatives to accomplish the purpose of this 39 40 section. The commission's jurisdiction under this section is limited to public interest determinations and excludes 41 questions as to the lawfulness of the provision of service, 42 such questions being reserved to courts of competent 43 jurisdiction. Except as provided herein, nothing in this 44 section shall be construed as otherwise conferring upon the 45 commission jurisdiction over the service, rates, financing, 46 47 accounting or management of any such cooperative, and except as provided in this section, nothing contained herein shall 48 49 affect the rights, privileges or duties of existing cooperatives pursuant to this chapter. Nothing in this 50 section shall be construed to make lawful any provision of 51 service which was unlawful prior to July 11, 1991. Nothing 52 in this section shall be construed to make unlawful the 53 54 continued lawful provision of service to any structure which may have had a different supplier in the past, if such a 55 56 change in supplier was lawful at the time it occurred. 57 However, those customers who had cancelled service with their previous supplier or had requested cancellation by May 58 1, 1991, shall be eligible to change suppliers as per 59 previous procedures. No customer shall be allowed to change 60 electric suppliers by disconnecting service between May 1, 61 1991, and July 11, 1991. 62

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and sections 91.025, 393.106, and 394.080 to the contrary, in the event that a retail electric supplier is providing service to a structure located within a city, town, or village that has ceased to be a rural area, and such structure is demolished and replaced by a new structure, such retail electric service supplier may provide permanent service to the new structure upon the request of the owner of the new structure.

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