FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 434

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

1765H.03C D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 160.415, 160.530, 161.670, 162.492, 162.1115, 164.011, 167.121, 168.021, and 178.550, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twelve new sections relating to elementary and secondary education, with an emergency clause for a certain section and a delayed effective date for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 160.415, 160.530, 161.670, 162.492, 162.1115, 164.011, 167.121,

- 2 168.021, and 178.550, RSMo, are repealed and twelve new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 160.415, 160.530, 161.669, 161.670, 162.492, 162.1115, 164.011, 167.121,
- 4 168.021, 170.018, 170.028, and 178.550, to read as follows:
 - 160.415. 1. For the purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid under
- 2 section 163.031, pupils enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the pupil enrollment of
- 3 the school district within which each pupil resides. Each charter school shall report the names,
- 4 addresses, and eligibility for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English
- 5 proficiency status, as well as eligibility for categorical aid, of pupils resident in a school district
- 6 who are enrolled in the charter school to the school district in which those pupils reside. The
- 7 charter school shall report the average daily attendance data, free and reduced price lunch count,
- 8 special education pupil count, and limited English proficiency pupil count to the state department
- 9 of elementary and secondary education. Each charter school shall promptly notify the state
- department of elementary and secondary education and the pupil's school district when a student
- 11 discontinues enrollment at a charter school.
- 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, the aid payments for charter
- schools shall be as described in this subsection.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

- (1) A school district having one or more resident pupils attending a charter school shall pay to the charter school an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers' funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils.
 - (2) The district of residence of a pupil attending a charter school shall also pay to the charter school any other federal or state aid that the district receives on account of such child.
 - (3) If the department overpays or underpays the amount due to the charter school, such overpayment or underpayment shall be repaid by the public charter school or credited to the public charter school in twelve equal payments in the next fiscal year.
 - (4) The amounts provided pursuant to this subsection shall be prorated for partial year enrollment for a pupil.
 - (5) A school district shall pay the amounts due pursuant to this subsection as the disbursal agent and no later than twenty days following the receipt of any such funds. The department of elementary and secondary education shall pay the amounts due when it acts as the disbursal agent within five days of the required due date.
 - 3. A workplace charter school shall receive payment for each eligible pupil as provided under subsection 2 of this section, except that if the student is not a resident of the district and is participating in a voluntary interdistrict transfer program, the payment for such pupils shall be the same as provided under section 162.1060.
 - 4. A charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency shall receive from the department of elementary and secondary education an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 except those funds designated by taxpayers in an urban district as early childhood education funds, plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils. If a charter school declares itself as a local educational agency, the department of elementary and secondary education shall, upon notice of the declaration, reduce the payment made to the school district by the amount specified in this subsection and pay directly to the charter school the annual amount reduced from the school district's payment.
 - 5. If a school district fails to make timely payments of any amount for which it is the disbursal agent, the state department of elementary and secondary education shall authorize payment to the charter school of the amount due pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and shall deduct the same amount from the next state school aid apportionment to the owing school

district. If a charter school is paid more or less than the amounts due pursuant to this section, the amount of overpayment or underpayment shall be adjusted equally in the next twelve payments by the school district or the department of elementary and secondary education, as appropriate. Any dispute between the school district and a charter school as to the amount owing to the charter school shall be resolved by the department of elementary and secondary education, and the department's decision shall be the final administrative action for the purposes of review pursuant to chapter 536. During the period of dispute, the department of elementary and secondary education shall make every administrative and statutory effort to allow the continued education of children in their current public charter school setting.

- 6. The charter school and a local school board may agree by contract for services to be provided by the school district to the charter school. The charter school may contract with any other entity for services. Such services may include but are not limited to food service, custodial service, maintenance, management assistance, curriculum assistance, media services and libraries and shall be subject to negotiation between the charter school and the local school board or other entity. Documented actual costs of such services shall be paid for by the charter school.
- 7. In the case of a proposed charter school that intends to contract with an education service provider for substantial educational services or management services, the request for proposals shall additionally require the charter school applicant to:
- (1) Provide evidence of the education service provider's success in serving student populations similar to the targeted population, including demonstrated academic achievement as well as successful management of nonacademic school functions, if applicable;
- (2) Provide a term sheet setting forth the proposed duration of the service contract; roles and responsibilities of the governing board, the school staff, and the service provider; scope of services and resources to be provided by the service provider; performance evaluation measures and time lines; compensation structure, including clear identification of all fees to be paid to the service provider; methods of contract oversight and enforcement; investment disclosure; and conditions for renewal and termination of the contract;
- (3) Disclose any known conflicts of interest between the school governing board and proposed service provider or any affiliated business entities;
- (4) Disclose and explain any termination or nonrenewal of contracts for equivalent services for any other charter school in the United States within the past five years;
- (5) Ensure that the legal counsel for the charter school shall report directly to the charter school's governing board; and
- 83 (6) Provide a process to ensure that the expenditures that the education service provider 84 intends to bill to the charter school shall receive prior approval of the governing board or its 85 designee.

86 8. A charter school may enter into contracts with community partnerships and state agencies acting in collaboration with such partnerships that provide services to children and their families linked to the school.

- 9. A charter school shall be eligible for transportation state aid pursuant to section 163.161 and shall be free to contract with the local district, or any other entity, for the provision of transportation to the students of the charter school.
- 10. (1) The proportionate share of state and federal resources generated by students with disabilities or staff serving them shall be paid in full to charter schools enrolling those students by their school district where such enrollment is through a contract for services described in this section. The proportionate share of money generated under other federal or state categorical aid programs shall be directed to charter schools serving such students eligible for that aid.
- (2) A charter school shall provide the special services provided pursuant to section 162.705 and may provide the special services pursuant to a contract with a school district or any provider of such services.
- 11. A charter school may not charge tuition or impose fees that a school district is prohibited from charging or imposing, except that a charter school may receive tuition payments from districts in the same or an adjoining county for nonresident students who transfer to an approved charter school, as defined in section 167.131, from an unaccredited district.
- 12. A charter school is authorized to incur debt in anticipation of receipt of funds. A charter school may also borrow to finance facilities and other capital items. A school district may incur bonded indebtedness or take other measures to provide for physical facilities and other capital items for charter schools that it sponsors or contracts with. Except as otherwise specifically provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425, upon the dissolution of a charter school, any liabilities of the corporation will be satisfied through the procedures of chapter 355. A charter school shall satisfy all its financial obligations within twelve months of notice from the sponsor of the charter school's closure under subsection 8 of section 160.405. After satisfaction of all its financial obligations, a charter school shall return any remaining state and federal funds to the department of elementary and secondary education for disposition as stated in subdivision (17) of subsection 1 of section 160.405. The department of elementary and secondary education may withhold funding at a level the department determines to be adequate during a school's last year of operation until the department determines that school records, liabilities, and reporting requirements, including a full audit, are satisfied.
 - 13. Charter schools shall not have the power to acquire property by eminent domain.
- 14. The governing body of a charter school is authorized to accept grants, gifts or 120 donations of any kind and to expend or use such grants, gifts or donations. A grant, gift or 121 donation may not be accepted by the governing body if it is subject to any condition contrary to

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law applicable to the charter school or other public schools, or contrary to the terms of the charter.

160.530. 1. Beginning with fiscal year 1994 and for all fiscal years thereafter, in order to be eligible for state aid distributed pursuant to section 163.031, a school district shall allocate one percent of moneys received pursuant to section 163.031, exclusive of categorical add-ons, to the professional development committee of the district as established in subdivision (1) of subsection 4 of section 168.400, provided that in any fiscal year ending with fiscal year 2023 in which the amount appropriated and expended to the public schools under section 163.161 for the transportation of pupils is less than twenty-five percent of the allowable costs of providing pupil transportation under said section, a school district may, by majority vote of its board, allocate an amount less than one percent of the moneys received pursuant to section 163.031, exclusive of categorical add-ons, to the professional development committee of the district but in no instance shall the district allocate less than one-half of one percent of the moneys received pursuant to section 163.031, exclusive of categorical add-ons, to the professional development committee of the district. Of the moneys allocated to the professional development committee in any fiscal year as specified by this subsection, seventy-five percent of such funds shall be spent in the same fiscal year for purposes determined by the professional development committee after consultation with the administrators of the school district and approved by the local board of education as meeting the objectives of a school improvement plan of the district that has been developed by the local board. Moneys expended for staff training pursuant to any provisions of [this] the outstanding schools act shall not be considered in determining the requirements for school districts imposed by this subsection.

2. Beginning with fiscal year 1994 and for all fiscal years thereafter, eighteen million dollars shall be distributed by the commissioner of education to address statewide areas of critical need for learning and development, provided that such disbursements are approved by the joint committee on education as provided in subsection 5 of this section, and as determined by rule and regulation of the state board of education with the advice of the advisory council provided by subsection 1 of section 168.015. The moneys described in this subsection may be distributed by the commissioner of education to colleges, universities, private associations, professional education associations, statewide associations organized for the benefit of members of boards of education, public elementary and secondary schools, and other associations and organizations that provide professional development opportunities for teachers, administrators, family literacy personnel and boards of education for the purpose of addressing statewide areas of critical need, provided that subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection shall constitute

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priority uses for such moneys. "Statewide areas of critical need for learning and development" shall include:

- (1) Funding the operation of state management teams in districts with academically deficient schools and providing resources specified by the management team as needed in such districts;
- (2) Funding for grants to districts, upon application to the department of elementary and secondary education, for resources identified as necessary by the district, for those districts which are failing to achieve assessment standards;
 - (3) Funding for family literacy programs;
- 43 (4) Ensuring that all children, especially children at risk, children with special needs, and 44 gifted students are successful in school;
 - (5) Increasing parental involvement in the education of their children;
- 46 (6) Providing information which will assist public school administrators and teachers in understanding the process of site-based decision making;
 - (7) Implementing recommended curriculum frameworks as outlined in section 160.514;
 - (8) Training in new assessment techniques for students;
- 50 (9) Cooperating with law enforcement authorities to expand successful antidrug 51 programs for students;
- 52 (10) Strengthening existing curricula of local school districts to stress drug and alcohol prevention;
- 54 (11) Implementing and promoting programs to combat gang activity in urban areas of 55 the state:
- 56 (12) Establishing family schools, whereby such schools adopt proven models of one-stop 57 state services for children and families;
 - (13) Expanding adult literacy services; and
 - (14) Training of members of boards of education in the areas deemed important for the training of effective board members as determined by the state board of education.
 - 3. Beginning with fiscal year 1994 and for all fiscal years thereafter, two million dollars of the moneys appropriated to the department of elementary and secondary education otherwise distributed to the public schools of the state pursuant to the provisions of section 163.031, exclusive of categorical add-ons, shall be distributed in grant awards by the state board of education, by rule and regulation, for the "Success Leads to Success" grant program, which is hereby created. The purpose of the success leads to success grant program shall be to recognize, disseminate and exchange information about the best professional teaching practices and programs in the state that address student needs, and to encourage the staffs of schools with these

69 practices and programs to develop school-to-school networks to share these practices and 70 programs.

- 4. The department shall include a listing of all expenditures under this section in the annual budget documentation presented to the governor and general assembly.
- 5. Prior to distributing any funds under subsection 2 of this section, the commissioner of education shall appear before the joint committee on education and present a proposed delineation of the programs to be funded under the provisions of subsection 2 of this section. The joint committee shall review all proposed spending under subsection 2 of this section and shall affirm, by a majority vote of all members serving on the committee, the spending proposal of the commissioner prior to any disbursement of funds under subsection 2 of this section.
- 6. If any provision of subdivision (11) of subsection 4 of section 160.254 or any provision of subsection 2 or 5 of this section regarding approval of disbursements by the joint committee on education is held to be invalid for any reason, then such decision shall invalidate subsection 2 of this section in its entirety.

161.669. As used in sections 161.670 and 167.121, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Course provider", an entity authorized by the department of elementary and secondary education to offer individual courses in person, online, or a combination of the two including but not limited to, online education providers, public or private elementary and secondary education institutions, education service agencies, private for-profit or not-for-profit providers, postsecondary education institutions, and vocational or technical course providers;
 - (2) "Department", the department of elementary and secondary education;
- (3) "Eligible funded student", any eligible participating student who is currently enrolled in a public school, including a public charter school;
 - (4) "Eligible participating student", any K-12 student who resides in the state;
- (5) "Local education agency", a public authority legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to provide control and direction for K-12 public educational institutions, including public charter schools;
- (6) "State course access catalog", the website developed for the department of elementary and secondary education that provides a listing of all courses authorized and available to students in the state, detailed information about the courses to inform student enrollment decisions, and the ability for students to submit their course enrollments;
- (7) "Virtual", including, but not limited to, instruction in an on-line setting using technology, intranet, or internet methods of communication.
- 161.670. 1. Notwithstanding any other law, prior to July 1, 2007, the state board of education shall establish [a virtual public school] the "Missouri Course Access and Virtual

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School Program" to serve school-age students residing in the state. The [virtual public school]

Missouri course access and virtual school program shall offer instruction in a virtual setting using technology, intranet, and/or internet methods of communication. Any student under the age of twenty-one in grades kindergarten through twelve who resides in this state shall be eligible to enroll in the [virtual public school regardless of the student's physical location] Missouri course access and virtual school program under subsection 3 of this section.

- 2. For purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid, students enrolled in [a virtual public school] the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall be included[, at the choice of the student's parent or guardian,] in the student enrollment of the school district in which the student physically [resides] is enrolled under subsection 3 of this section. The [virtual public school] Missouri course access and virtual school program shall report to the district of residence the following information about each student served by the [virtual public school] Missouri course access and virtual school program: name, address, eligibility for free or reduced-price lunch, limited English proficiency status, special education needs, and the number of courses in which the student is enrolled. The [virtual public school] Missouri course access and virtual school program shall promptly notify the resident district when a student discontinues enrollment. A "full-time equivalent student" is a student who successfully has completed the instructional equivalent of six credits per regular term. Each [virtual] Missouri course access program course shall count as one class and shall generate that portion of a full-time equivalent that a comparable course offered by the school district would generate. In no case shall more than the full-time equivalency of a regular term of attendance for a single student be used to claim state aid. Full-time equivalent student credit completed shall be reported to the department of elementary and secondary education in the manner prescribed by the department. Nothing in this section shall prohibit students from enrolling in additional courses under a separate agreement that includes terms for paying tuition or course fees.
- 3. [When a school district has one or more resident students enrolled in a virtual public school program authorized by this section, whose parent or guardian has chosen to include such student in the district's enrollment, the department of elementary and secondary education shall disburse an amount corresponding to fifteen percent of the state aid under sections 163.031 and 163.043 attributable to such student to the resident district. Subject to an annual appropriation by the general assembly, the department shall disburse an amount corresponding to eighty-five percent of the state adequacy target attributable to such student to the virtual public school.
- 4.] (1) A school district or charter school shall allow any eligible student who resides in such district to enroll in Missouri course access program courses or virtual school of his or her choice as a part of the student's annual course load each school year

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or a full-time virtual school option, with any costs associated with such course or courses to be paid by the school district or charter school if:

- (a) The student is enrolled full-time in and has attended, for at least one semester immediately prior to enrolling in the Missouri course access program, a public school, including any public charter school; and
- (b) Prior to enrolling in any Missouri course access course or virtual program, a student has received approval from his or her school principal through the procedure described under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (2) School districts and charter schools, through the school principal and in cooperation with the school's counselor or a person designated by the district or charter school, shall approve or disapprove a student's request to enroll in a Missouri course access program course or full-time virtual school. The school counselor or a person designated by the district or charter school shall advise any student who requests to enroll in a Missouri course access program course or a full-time virtual school and submit a recommendation to the school principal for final approval. The advice of the school counselor or the person designated by the district or charter school shall be based on his or her assessment of whether participation in the program and enrollment in a particular course are in the student's best interest and shall be done in consultation with the student's parent or legal guardian. Each school district and charter school shall develop a procedure under which a student may appeal the decision made under the provisions of this subdivision. In cases of denial of a request, the school district or charter school shall inform students and parents of the reason for denial and inform them of their right to appeal any enrollment denials in state course access program courses or full-time virtual school to the department of elementary and secondary education, which shall provide a final enrollment decision within seven calendar days. The state board of education shall establish guidelines governing the appeals process.
- (3) Children who have newly moved into the school district and children of active military parents serving out of state shall be exempt from the requirement of attending a public school for at least one semester prior to enrolling in the Missouri course access and virtual school program.
- (4) For students enrolled in any Missouri course access program course in which costs associated with such course are to be paid by the school district or charter school as described under subdivision (1) of this subsection, the school district or charter school shall pay the content provider directly on a pro rata monthly basis based on a student's completion of assignments and assessments. If a student discontinues enrollment, the district or charter school may stop making monthly payments to the content provider. No

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school district or charter school shall pay, for any one course for a student, more than the market necessary costs but in no case shall pay more than fourteen percent of the state adequacy target, as defined under section 163.011, as calculated at the end of the most 78 recent school year for any single, year-long course and no more than seven percent of the 79 state adequacy target as described above for any single semester equivalent course. Payment for a full-time virtual school student shall not exceed the state adequacy target, unless the student receives additional federal or state aid. Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit a school district or charter school from negotiating lower costs directly with course or full-time virtual school providers, particularly in cases where several students enroll in a single course or full-time virtual school.

- (5) In the case of a student who is a candidate for A+ tuition reimbursement and taking a virtual course under this section, the school shall attribute no less than ninety-five percent attendance to any such student who has completed such virtual course.
- (6) The Missouri course access program shall ensure that individual learning plans designed by certified teachers and professional staff are developed for all students enrolled in more than two full-time course access program courses or a full-time virtual school.
- (7) Providers shall monitor student success and engagement of students enrolled in their program and report the information to the school district or charter school. Providers may make recommendations to the school district or charter school regarding the student's continued enrollment in the program. The school district or charter school shall consider recommendations from providers and monitor the progress and success of enrolled students that are enrolled in any course or full-time virtual school offered under this section and may terminate or alter the course offering if it is found the course or fulltime virtual school is not meeting the educational needs of the students enrolled in the course.
- (8) The school district's decision to terminate a student's enrollment in a course or full-time virtual school program shall be subject to the same appeals process outlined in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (9) Pursuant to rules to be adopted by the department of elementary and secondary education, when a student transfers into a school district or charter school, credits previously gained through successful passage of approved courses under the Missouri course access program shall be accepted by the school district or charter school.
- (10) Nothing in this section shall prohibit home school students, private school students, or students wishing to take additional courses beyond their regular course load from enrolling in Missouri course access program courses under an agreement that includes terms for paying tuition or course fees.

- 111 (11) Nothing in this subsection shall require any school district, charter school, or 112 the state to provide computers, equipment, or internet access to any student unless 113 required by an eligible student with a disability to comply with federal law.
 - (12) The department authorization process shall provide for continuous monitoring of approved providers and courses. The department shall revoke or suspend or take other corrective action regarding the authorization of any course or provider no longer meeting the requirements of the program. Unless immediate action is necessary, prior to revocation or suspension, the department shall notify the provider and give the provider a reasonable time period to take corrective action to avoid revocation or suspension. The process shall provide for periodic renewal of authorization no less frequently than once every three years.
 - (13) Courses approved as of January 1, 2018, by the department to participate in the Missouri virtual instruction program shall be automatically approved to participate in the state course access and virtual school program, but shall be subject to periodic renewal.
 - 4. School districts and charter schools shall inform parents of their child's right to participate in the program. Availability of the program shall be made clear in the parent handbook, registration documents, and featured on the home page of the school district or charter school's website.
 - 5. The department shall:
 - (1) Establish an authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers that includes multiple opportunities for submission each year;
 - (2) Pursuant to the timeline established by the department, authorize course or fulltime virtual school providers that submit all necessary information pursuant to the requirements of the process;
 - (3) Review, pursuant to the authorization process, proposals from providers to provide individual courses or a comprehensive, full-time equivalent course of study for students through the Missouri course access and virtual school program. The department shall ensure that these comprehensive courses of study align with state academic standards and that there is consistency and compatibility in the curriculum used by all providers from one grade level to the next grade level;
 - (4) Within thirty days of any denial, provide a written explanation to any course providers or full-time virtual school providers that are denied authorization.
- 6. If a course or full-time virtual school provider is denied authorization, the course provider may reapply at any point in the future.

- 7. The department shall publish the process established under this section, including any deadlines and any guidelines applicable to the submission and authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers on its website.
 - 8. If the department determines that there are insufficient funds available for evaluating and authorizing course or full-time virtual school providers, the department may charge applicant course or full-time virtual school providers a fee up to, but no greater than, the amount of the costs in order to ensure that evaluation occurs. The department shall establish and publish a fee schedule for purposes of this subsection.
 - 9. School districts and charter schools shall monitor student progress and success, and course or full-time virtual school quality, and annually provide feedback to the department regarding course quality.
- **10.** Program providers shall annually report, in such a manner as directed by the department:
 - (1) Student enrollment data;
 - (2) Student outcomes, growth measures if available, proficiency rates, and completion rates for each subject area and grade level; and
- 162 (3) Student and parental comments and feedback on overall satisfaction and quality, including feedback on the availability of support from teachers.
 - 11. The department shall submit an annual report to the joint committee on education that includes:
 - (1) The annual number of unique students participating in courses authorized under this section and the total number of courses students are enrolled in;
 - (2) The number of authorized providers;
 - (3) The number of authorized courses and the number of students enrolled in each course;
 - (4) The number of courses available by subject and grade level;
 - (5) The number of students enrolled in courses by subject and grade level;
 - (6) Student outcome data, including completion rates, student learning gains, and student performance on state or nationally accepted assessments, by subject and grade level by provider. This outcome data shall be published in a manner that protects student privacy; and
 - (7) School district feedback on student progress and success.
 - 12. The department shall note any data that is not yet available at the time of publication, and when it will become available, and include that data in future reports. The report and underlying data shall be published online in an open format that can be retrieved, downloaded, indexed, and searched by commonly used web search applications.

- 13. Except as specified in this section and as may be specified by rule of the state board of education, the [virtual public school] Missouri course access and virtual school program shall comply with all state laws and regulations applicable to school districts, including but not limited to the Missouri school improvement program (MSIP), [adequate yearly progress (AYP),] annual performance report (APR), teacher certification, and curriculum standards.
- [5.] 14. The state board of education through the rulemaking process and the department of elementary and secondary education in its policies and procedures shall ensure that multiple content providers are allowed, ensure digital content conforms to accessibility requirements, provide an easily accessible link for providers to submit courses or full-time virtual schools on the Missouri course access and virtual school program website, and allow any person, organization, or entity to submit courses or full-time virtual schools for approval. No content provider shall be allowed that is unwilling to accept payments in the amount and manner as described under subdivision (4) of subsection 3 of this section or does not meet performance or quality standards adopted by the state board of education.
- [6-] 15. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.
- 162.492. 1. In all urban districts containing the greater part of the population of a city which has more than three hundred thousand inhabitants, the election authority of the city in which the greater portion of the school district lies, and of the county if the district includes territory not within the city limits, shall serve ex officio as a redistricting commission. The commission shall on or before November 1, 2018, divide the school district into five subdistricts, all subdistricts being of compact and contiguous territory and as nearly equal in the number of inhabitants as practicable and thereafter the board shall redistrict the district into subdivisions as soon as practicable after each United States decennial census. In establishing the subdistricts each member shall have one vote and a majority vote of the total membership of the commission is required to make effective any action of the commission.
- 2. School elections for the election of directors shall be held on municipal election days in 2014 and 2016. At the election in 2014, directors shall be elected to hold office until 2019 and until their successors are elected and qualified. At the election in 2016, directors shall be elected until 2019 and until their successors are elected and qualified. Beginning in 2019, school elections for the election of directors shall be held on the local election date as specified in the

charter of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county. Beginning at the election for school directors in 2019, the number of directors on the board shall be reduced from nine to seven. Two directors shall be at-large directors and five directors shall represent the subdistricts, with one director from each of the subdistricts. [Directors shall serve a four-year term] At the 2019 election, one of the at-large directors and the directors from subdistricts one, three, and five shall be elected for a two-year term, and the other at-large director and the directors from subdistricts two and four shall be elected for a four-year term. Thereafter, all seven directors shall serve a four-year term. Directors shall serve until the next election and until their successors, then elected, are duly qualified as provided in this section. In addition to other qualifications prescribed by law, each member elected from a subdistrict shall be a resident of the subdistrict from which he or she is elected. The subdistricts shall be numbered from one to five. [Each voter may vote for two candidates for at-large director and the two receiving the largest number of votes cast shall be elected.]

- 3. The five candidates, one from each of the subdistricts, who receive a plurality of the votes cast by the voters of that subdistrict and the at-large candidates receiving a plurality of the at-large votes shall be elected. The name of no candidate for nomination shall be printed on the ballot unless the candidate has at least sixty days prior to the election filed a declaration of candidacy with the secretary of the board of directors containing the signatures of at least two hundred fifty registered voters who are residents of the subdistrict within which the candidate for nomination to a subdistrict office resides, and in case of at-large candidates the signatures of at least five hundred registered voters. The election authority shall determine the validity of all signatures on declarations of candidacy.
- 4. In any election either for at-large candidates or candidates elected by the voters of subdistricts, if there are more than two candidates, a majority of the votes are not required to elect but the candidate having a plurality of the votes [if there is only one office to be filled and the candidates having the highest number of votes, if more than one office is to be filled,] shall be elected.
- 5. The names of all candidates shall appear upon the ballot without party designation and in the order of the priority of the times of filing their petitions of nomination. No candidate may file both at large and from a subdistrict and the names of all candidates shall appear only once on the ballot, nor may any candidate file more than one declaration of candidacy. All declarations shall designate the candidate's residence and whether the candidate is filing at large or from a subdistrict and the numerical designation of the subdistrict or at-large area.
- 6. The provisions of all sections relating to seven-director school districts shall also apply to and govern urban districts in cities of more than three hundred thousand inhabitants, to

the extent applicable and not in conflict with the provisions of those sections specifically relating to such urban districts.

- 7. Vacancies which occur on the school board between the dates of election shall be filled by special election if such vacancy happens more than six months prior to the time of holding an election as provided in subsection 2 of this section. The state board of education shall order a special election to fill such a vacancy. A letter from the commissioner of education, delivered by certified mail to the election authority or authorities that would normally conduct an election for school board members shall be the authority for the election authority or authorities to proceed with election procedures. If a vacancy occurs less than six months prior to the time of holding an election as provided in subsection 2 of this section, no special election shall occur and the vacancy shall be filled at the next election day on which local elections are held as specified in the charter of any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county.
- 162.1115. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no district shall be penalized for any reason under the Missouri school improvement program if students who graduate from the district complete career and technical education programs approved by the department of elementary and secondary education but are not placed in occupations directly related to their training within six months of graduating.
- 2. The department of elementary and secondary education shall revise its scoring guide under the Missouri school improvement program to provide additional points to districts that create and enter into a partnership with area career centers, comprehensive high schools, industry, and business to develop and implement a pathway for students to:
 - (1) Enroll in a program of career and technical education while in high school;
- (2) Participate and complete an internship or apprenticeship during their final year of high school; and
- (3) Obtain the industry certification or credentials applicable to their program or career and technical education and internship or apprenticeship.
- 3. Each school district shall be authorized to create and enter into a partnership with area career centers, comprehensive high schools, industry, and business to develop and implement a pathway for students to:
 - (1) Enroll in a program of career and technical education while in high school;
- 19 (2) Participate and complete an internship or apprenticeship during their final year of 20 high school; and
- 21 (3) Obtain the industry certification or credentials applicable to their program or career 22 and technical education and internship or apprenticeship.

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- 4. In complying with the provisions of subsection 3 of this section, each school district may rely on technical coursework and skills assessments developed for industry-recognized certificates and credentials.
- 5. The department of elementary and secondary education shall permit student scores, that are from a nationally recognized examination that demonstrates achievement of workplace employability skills, to count towards credit for college and career readiness standards on the Missouri school improvement program or any subsequent school accreditation or improvement program.
- 164.011. 1. The school board of each district annually shall prepare an estimate of the amount of money to be raised by taxation for the ensuing school year, the rate required to produce the amount, and the rate necessary to sustain the school or schools of the district for the ensuing school year, to meet principal and interest payments on the bonded debt of the district and to provide the funds to meet other legitimate district purposes. In preparing the estimate, the 6 board shall have sole authority in determining what part of the total authorized rate shall be used to provide revenue for each of the funds as authorized by section 165.011. Prior to setting tax rates for the teachers' and incidental funds, the school board of each school district annually shall set the tax rate for the capital projects fund as necessary to meet the expenditures of the capital projects fund after all transfers allowed pursuant to subsection 4 of section 165.011. 10 11 Furthermore the tax rate set in the capital projects fund shall not require the reduction of the 12 equalized combined tax rates for the teachers' and incidental funds to be less than the greater of 13 the minimum operating levy for the current year for school purposes established under subsection 14 2 of section 163.021.
 - 2. The school board of each district shall forward the estimate to the county clerk on or before September first. In school districts divided by county lines, the estimate shall be forwarded to the proper officer of each county in which any part of the district lies.
 - 3. When revising the school district's tax rate each year, the aggregate increase in valuation of property assessed by the state tax commission for the current year over that of the previous year shall be considered new construction and improvements and the school district shall revise its rates exclusive of new construction and improvements.
 - 4. The state auditor, state tax commission, and the department of elementary and secondary education shall update all necessary forms and documents in order to implement the provisions of this section.
 - 167.121. [4-] If the residence of a pupil is so located that attendance in the district of residence constitutes an unusual or unreasonable transportation hardship because of natural barriers, travel time, or distance, the commissioner of education or his designee may assign the pupil to another district. Subject to the provisions of this section, all existing assignments shall

be reviewed prior to July 1, 1984, and from time to time thereafter, and may be continued or rescinded. The board of education of the district in which the pupil lives shall pay the tuition of the pupil assigned. The tuition shall not exceed the pro rata cost of instruction.

- [2. (1) For the school year beginning July 1, 2008, and each succeeding school year, a parent or guardian residing in a lapsed public school district or a district that has scored either unaccredited or provisionally accredited, or a combination thereof, on two consecutive annual performance reports may enroll the parent's or guardian's child in the Missouri virtual school created in section 161.670 provided the pupil first enrolls in the school district of residence. The school district of residence shall include the pupil's enrollment in the virtual school created in section 161.670 in determining the district's average daily attendance. Full-time enrollment in the virtual school shall constitute one average daily attendance equivalent in the school district of residence. Average daily attendance for part-time enrollment in the virtual school shall be calculated as a percentage of the total number of virtual courses enrolled in divided by the number of courses required for full-time attendance in the school district of residence.
- (2) A pupil's residence, for purposes of this section, means residency established under section 167.020. Except for students residing in a K-8 district attending high school in a district under section 167.131, the board of the home district shall pay to the virtual school the amount required under section 161.670.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall require any school district or the state to provide computers, equipment, internet or other access, supplies, materials or funding, except as provided in this section, as may be deemed necessary for a pupil to participate in the virtual school created in section 161.670.
- (4) Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.]
- 168.021. 1. Certificates of license to teach in the public schools of the state shall be granted as follows:
 - (1) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by it:
 - (a) Upon the basis of college credit;
- 5 (b) Upon the basis of examination;
- 6 (2) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by the state board with advice from the advisory council established by section 168.015 to any individual who presents

to the state board a valid doctoral degree from an accredited institution of higher education accredited by a regional accrediting association such as North Central Association. Such certificate shall be limited to the major area of postgraduate study of the holder, shall be issued only after successful completion of the examination required for graduation pursuant to rules adopted by the state board of education, and shall be restricted to those certificates established pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section;

- (3) By the state board, which shall issue the professional certificate classification in both the general and specialized areas most closely aligned with the current areas of certification approved by the state board, commensurate with the years of teaching experience of the applicant, and based upon the following criteria:
- (a) Recommendation of a state-approved baccalaureate-level teacher preparation program;
- (b) Successful attainment of the Missouri qualifying score on the exit assessment for teachers or administrators designated by the state board of education. Applicants who have not successfully achieved a qualifying score on the designated examinations will be issued a two-year nonrenewable provisional certificate; and
- (c) Upon completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133 and possession of a valid teaching certificate in the state from which the applicant's teacher preparation program was completed;
- (4) By the state board, under rules prescribed by it, on the basis of a relevant bachelor's degree, or higher degree, and a passing score for the designated exit examination, for individuals whose academic degree and professional experience are suitable to provide a basis for instruction solely in the subject matter of banking or financial responsibility, at the discretion of the state board. Such certificate shall be limited to the major area of study of the holder and shall be restricted to those certificates established under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. Holders of certificates granted under this subdivision shall be exempt from the teacher tenure act under sections 168.102 to 168.130 and each school district shall have the decision-making authority on whether to hire the holders of such certificates; [6#]
- (5) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by it, on the basis of certification by the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence (ABCTE) and verification of ability to work with children as demonstrated by sixty contact hours in any one of the following areas as validated by the school principal: sixty contact hours in the classroom, of which at least forty-five must be teaching; sixty contact hours as a substitute teacher, with at least thirty consecutive hours in the same classroom; sixty contact hours of teaching in a private school; or sixty contact hours of teaching as a paraprofessional, for an initial four-year ABCTE certificate of license to teach, except that such certificate shall not be granted for the areas of

early childhood education, or special education. For certification in the area of elementary education, ninety contact hours in the classroom shall be required, of which at least thirty shall be in an elementary classroom. Upon the completion of the requirements listed in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this subdivision, an applicant shall be eligible to apply for a career continuous professional certificate under subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section:

- (a) Completion of thirty contact hours of professional development within four years, which may include hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum;
- (b) Validated completion of two years of the mentoring program of the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence or a district mentoring program approved by the state board of education;
 - (c) Attainment of a successful performance-based teacher evaluation; and
 - (d) Participate in a beginning teacher assistance program; or
- (6) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by it, which shall issue an initial visiting scholars certificate at the discretion of the board, based on the following criteria:
- (a) Verification from the hiring school district that the applicant will be employed as part of a business-education partnership initiative designed to build career pathways systems for students in a grade or grades not lower than the ninth grade for which the applicant's academic degree or professional experience qualifies him or her;
- (b) Appropriate and relevant bachelor's degree or higher, occupational license, or industry-recognized credential;
 - (c) Completion of the application for a one-year visiting scholars certificate; and
 - (d) Completion of a background check as prescribed under section 168.133.

The initial visiting scholars certificate shall certify the holder of such certificate to teach for one year. An applicant shall be eligible to renew an initial visiting scholars certificate a maximum of two times, based upon the completion of the requirements listed under paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of this subdivision; completion of professional development required by the school district and school; and attainment of a satisfactory performance-based teacher evaluation.

2. All valid teaching certificates issued pursuant to law or state board policies and regulations prior to September 1, 1988, shall be exempt from the professional development requirements of this section and shall continue in effect until they expire, are revoked or suspended, as provided by law. When such certificates are required to be renewed, the state board or its designee shall grant to each holder of such a certificate the certificate most nearly equivalent to the one so held. Anyone who holds, as of August 28, 2003, a valid PC-I, PC-II,

or continuous professional certificate shall, upon expiration of his or her current certificate, be issued the appropriate level of certificate based upon the classification system established pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.

- 3. Certificates of license to teach in the public schools of the state shall be based upon minimum requirements prescribed by the state board of education which shall include completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133. The state board shall provide for the following levels of professional certification: an initial professional certificate and a career continuous professional certificate.
- (1) The initial professional certificate shall be issued upon completion of requirements established by the state board of education and shall be valid based upon verification of actual teaching within a specified time period established by the state board of education. The state board shall require holders of the four-year initial professional certificate to:
- (a) Participate in a mentoring program approved and provided by the district for a minimum of two years;
- (b) Complete thirty contact hours of professional development, which may include hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum, or for holders of a certificate under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section, an amount of professional development in proportion to the certificate holder's hours in the classroom, if the certificate holder is employed less than full time; and
 - (c) Participate in a beginning teacher assistance program.
- (2) (a) The career continuous professional certificate shall be issued upon verification of completion of four years of teaching under the initial professional certificate and upon verification of the completion of the requirements articulated in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subdivision (1) of this subsection or paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section.
- (b) The career continuous professional certificate shall be continuous based upon verification of actual employment in an educational position as provided for in state board guidelines and completion of fifteen contact hours of professional development per year which may include hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum. Should the possessor of a valid career continuous professional certificate fail, in any given year, to meet the fifteen-hour professional development requirement, the possessor may, within two years, make up the missing hours. In order to make up for missing hours, the possessor shall first complete the fifteen-hour requirement for the current year and then may count hours in excess of the current year requirement as make-up hours. Should the possessor fail to make up the missing hours within two years, the certificate shall become inactive. In order to reactivate the certificate, the possessor shall complete twenty-four contact hours of professional development which may

include hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate college curriculum within the six months prior to or after reactivating his or her certificate. The requirements of this paragraph shall be monitored and verified by the local school district which employs the holder of the career continuous professional certificate.

- (c) A holder of a career continuous professional certificate shall be exempt from the professional development contact hour requirements of paragraph (b) of this subdivision if such teacher has a local professional development plan in place within such teacher's school district and meets two of the three following criteria:
 - a. Has ten years of teaching experience as defined by the state board of education;
 - b. Possesses a master's degree; or

- c. Obtains a rigorous national certification as approved by the state board of education.
- 4. Policies and procedures shall be established by which a teacher who was not retained due to a reduction in force may retain the current level of certification. There shall also be established policies and procedures allowing a teacher who has not been employed in an educational position for three years or more to reactivate his or her last level of certification by completing twenty-four contact hours of professional development which may include hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate college curriculum within the six months prior to or after reactivating his or her certificate.
- 5. The state board shall, upon completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133, issue a professional certificate classification in the areas most closely aligned with an applicant's current areas of certification, commensurate with the years of teaching experience of the applicant, to any person who is hired to teach in a public school in this state and who possesses a valid teaching certificate from another state or certification under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section, provided that the certificate holder shall annually complete the state board's requirements for such level of certification, and shall establish policies by which residents of states other than the state of Missouri may be assessed a fee for a certificate of license to teach in the public schools of Missouri. Such fee shall be in an amount sufficient to recover any or all costs associated with the issuing of a certificate of license to teach. The board shall promulgate rules to authorize the issuance of a provisional certificate of license, which shall allow the holder to assume classroom duties pending the completion of a criminal background check under section 168.133, for any applicant who:
 - (1) Is the spouse of a member of the Armed Forces stationed in Missouri;
 - (2) Relocated from another state within one year of the date of application;
- 149 (3) Underwent a criminal background check in order to be issued a teaching certificate 150 of license from another state; and
 - (4) Otherwise qualifies under this section.

- 6. The state board may assess to holders of an initial professional certificate a fee, to be deposited into the excellence in education revolving fund established pursuant to section 160.268, for the issuance of the career continuous professional certificate. However, such fee shall not exceed the combined costs of issuance and any criminal background check required as a condition of issuance. Applicants for the initial ABCTE certificate shall be responsible for any fees associated with the program leading to the issuance of the certificate, but nothing in this section shall prohibit a district from developing a policy that permits fee reimbursement.
- 7. Any member of the public school retirement system of Missouri who entered covered employment with ten or more years of educational experience in another state or states and held a certificate issued by another state and subsequently worked in a school district covered by the public school retirement system of Missouri for ten or more years who later became certificated in Missouri shall have that certificate dated back to his or her original date of employment in a Missouri public school.
- 170.018. 1. The department of elementary and secondary education shall, by July 1, 2018, develop a high school graduation policy that allows a student to fulfill one unit of a cade mic credit with a district-approved computer science course for any math, science, or practical arts unit required for high school graduation.
- 2. The department of elementary and secondary education may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2017, shall be invalid and void.

170.028. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Council", the career and technical education advisory council established 3 under section 178.550;
 - (2) "Industry certification", a full certification from a recognized industry, trade, or professional association validating essential skills of a particular occupation, which may include, but shall not be limited to:
- 7 (a) Any certification related to a high-demand occupation as described by the 8 Missouri economic research and information center (MERIC); and
 - (b) Perkins Technical Skills Assessment;

- 10 (3) "Occupational competency assessment", a national standardized assessment of skills and knowledge in a specific career or technical area, which may include, but shall not be limited to, assessments offered by the National Occupational Competency Testing Institute (NOCTI).
- 2. The council shall annually review, update, approve, and recommend a list of industry certifications, state-issued professional licenses, and occupational competency assessments.
- 3. A school district may use the list described under subsection 2 of this section as a resource in establishing programs of study that meet their regional workforce needs under section 170.029.
 - 178.550. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Career and Technical Education Student Protection Act". There is hereby established the "Career and Technical Education Advisory Council" within the department of elementary and secondary education.
- 2. The advisory council shall be composed of [fifteen] sixteen members who shall be Missouri residents. The director of the department of economic development, or his or her designee, shall be a member. The commissioner of education shall appoint the following members:
- 8 (1) A director or administrator of a career and technical education center;
- 9 (2) An individual from the business community with a background in commerce;
- 10 (3) A representative from State Technical College of Missouri;
- 11 (4) Three current or retired career and technical education teachers who also serve or 12 served as an advisor to any of the nationally recognized career and technical education student 13 organizations of:
- 14 (a) DECA;
- 15 (b) Future Business Leaders of America (FBLA);
- 16 (c) FFA;
- 17 (d) Family, Career and Community Leaders of America (FCCLA);
- (e) Health Occupations Students of America (HOSA);
- 19 (f) SkillsUSA; or
- 20 (g) Technology Student Association (TSA);
- 21 (5) A representative from a business organization, association of businesses, or a 22 business coalition;
- 23 (6) A representative from a Missouri community college;
- 24 (7) A representative from Southeast Missouri State University of the University of
- 25 Central Missouri;

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26 (8) An individual participating in an apprenticeship recognized by the department of labor and industrial relations or approved by the United States Department of Labor's Office of Apprenticeship;

- 29 (9) A school administrator or school superintendent of a school that offers career and 30 technical education.
- 3. Members **appointed by the commissioner of education** shall serve a term of five years except for the initial appointments, which shall be for the following lengths:
 - (1) One member shall be appointed for a term of one year;
- 34 (2) Two members shall be appointed for a term of two years;
 - (3) Two members shall be appointed for a term of three years;
- 36 (4) Three members shall be appointed for a term of four years;
- 37 (5) Three members shall be appointed for a term of five years.
- 4. Four members shall be from the general assembly. The president pro tempore of the senate shall appoint two members of the senate of whom not more than one shall be of the same party. The speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint two members of the house of representatives of whom not more than one shall be of the same party. The legislative members shall serve on the advisory council until such time as they resign, are no longer members of the general assembly, or are replaced by new appointments.
 - 5. The advisory council shall have three nonvoting ex officio members:
 - (1) A director of guidance and counseling services at the department of elementary and secondary education, or a similar position if such position ceases to exist;
 - (2) The director of the division of workforce development; and
- 48 (3) A member of the coordinating board for higher education, as selected by the 49 coordinating board.
- 50 6. The assistant commissioner for the office of college and career readiness of the department of elementary and secondary education shall provide staff assistance to the advisory council.
 - 7. The advisory council shall meet at least four times annually. The advisory council may make all rules it deems necessary to enable it to conduct its meetings, elect its officers, and set the terms and duties of its officers. The advisory council shall elect from among its members a chairperson, vice chairperson, a secretary-reporter, and such other officers as it deems necessary. Members of the advisory council shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for actual expenses necessary to the performance of their official duties for the advisory council.
- 8. Any business to come before the advisory council shall be available on the advisory council's internet website at least seven business days prior to the start of each meeting. All

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- 62 records of any decisions, votes, exhibits, or outcomes shall be available on the advisory council's
- internet website within forty-eight hours following the conclusion of every meeting.
- materials prepared for the members shall be delivered to the members at least five days before
- the meeting, and to the extent such materials are public records as defined in section 610.010 and
- are not permitted to be closed under section 610.021, shall be made available on the advisory 66
- council's internet website at least five business days in advance of the meeting.
 - 9. The advisory council shall make an annual written report to the state board of education and the commissioner of education regarding the development, implementation, and administration of the state budget for career and technical education.
 - 10. The advisory council shall annually submit written recommendations to the state board of education and the commissioner of education regarding the oversight and procedures for the handling of funds for student career and technical education organizations.
 - 11. The advisory council shall:

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- (1) Develop a comprehensive statewide short- and long-range strategic plan for career and technical education;
- (2) Identify service gaps and provide advice on methods to close such gaps as they relate to youth and adult employees, workforce development, and employers on training needs;
- (3) Confer with public and private entities for the purpose of promoting and improving career and technical education;
 - (4) Identify legislative recommendations to improve career and technical education;
 - (5) Promote coordination of existing career and technical education programs;
- (6) Adopt, alter, or repeal by its own bylaws, rules and regulations governing the manner 84 in which its business may be transacted.
- 85 12. For purposes of this section, the department of elementary and secondary education 86 shall provide such documentation and information as to allow the advisory council to be 87 effective.
- 88 13. For purposes of this section, "advisory council" shall mean the career and technical 89 education advisory council.
 - Section B. Because of the importance of funding early childhood education programs,
- section 160.415 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
- health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the
- meaning of the constitution, and section 160.415 of this act shall be in full force and effect on
- July 1, 2017, or upon its passage and approval, whichever occurs later.
- Section C. Sections 161.669, 161.670, and 167.121 of this act shall become effective July 1, 2018.