FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 43

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

0198H.02C

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 302.700, as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for house bill no. 1402, merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 470, merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute no. 2 for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate bill no. 480, merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute for house committee substitute for house committee substitute for house substitute for house committee substitute for house committ

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 302.700, as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for house bill no. 1402, 2 merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate 3 4 substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 470, merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute no. 2 for senate committee substitute for 5 senate bill no. 480, merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute 6 7 for senate bill no. 568, ninety-sixth general assembly, second regular session, 302.720, 302.735, 302.740, 302.755, 304.180, and 304.820, RSMo, are repealed and seven new sections enacted 8 9 in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 302.700, 302.720, 302.735, 302.740, 302.755, 304.180, and 304.820, to read as follows: 10

302.700. 1. Sections 302.700 to 302.780 may be cited as the "Uniform Commercial 2 Driver's License Act".

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

2. When used in sections 302.700 to 302.780, the following words and phrases mean:
(1) "Alcohol", any substance containing any form of alcohol, including, but not limited
to, ethanol, methanol, propanol and isopropanol;

6 (2) "Alcohol concentration", the number of grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters
7 of blood or the number of grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath or the number
8 of grams of alcohol per sixty-seven milliliters of urine;

9 (3) "CDL driver", a person holding or required to hold a commercial driver's 10 license (CDL);

(4) "CDLIS driver record", the electronic record of the individual commercial driver's
status and history stored by the state of record as part of the Commercial Driver's License
Information System (CDLIS) established under 49 U.S.C. Section 31309, et seq.;

[(4)] (5) "CDLIS motor vehicle record (CDLIS MVR)", a report generated from the CDLIS driver record which meets the requirements for access to CDLIS information and is provided by states to users authorized in 49 CFR [Part] 384, subject to the provisions of the Driver Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. Sections 2721 to 2725, et seq.;

18 [(5)] (6) "Commercial driver's instruction permit", a commercial learner's permit issued 19 [pursuant to section 302.720] to an individual by a state or other jurisdiction of domicile in accordance with the standards contained in 49 CFR 383, which, when carried with a valid 20 21 driver's license issued by the same state or jurisdiction, authorizes the individual to operate 22 a class of commercial motor vehicle when accompanied by a holder of a valid commercial 23 driver's license for purposes of behind-the-wheel training. When issued to a commercial 24 driver's license holder, a commercial learner's permit serves as authorization for 25 accompanied behind-the-wheel training in a commercial motor vehicle for which the 26 holder's current commercial driver's license is not valid;

[(6)] (7) "Commercial driver's license (CDL)", a license issued by this state or other jurisdiction of domicile in accordance with 49 CFR 383 [to an individual] which authorizes the individual to operate a class of commercial motor vehicle;

30

[(7)] (8) "Commercial driver's license downgrade", occurs when:

(a) A driver changes the self-certification to interstate, but operates exclusively in
transportation or operation excepted from 49 CFR [Part] 391, as provided in 49 CFR [Part]
390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 398.3;

34 (b) A driver changes the self-certification to intrastate only, if the driver qualifies under35 the state's physical qualification requirements for intrastate only;

36 (c) A driver changes the self-certification to intrastate, but operating exclusively in
 37 transportation or operations excepted from all or part of the state driver qualification
 38 requirements; or

- 39 (d) The state removes the commercial driver's license privilege from the driver's license; 40 [(8)] (9) "Commercial driver's license information system (CDLIS)", the information system established pursuant to the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of 41 42 Pub. Law 99-570) to serve as a clearinghouse for locating information related to the licensing 43 and identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers; 44 [(9)] (10) "Commercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicle [designed or used to] or 45 combination of motor vehicles used in commerce to transport passengers or property:
- 46 (a) If the vehicle has a gross combination weight rating or gross combination weight 47 of twenty-six thousand one or more pounds inclusive of a towed unit which has a gross vehicle 48 weight rating [of] or gross vehicle weight of more than ten thousand one pounds or more, 49 whichever is greater;
- 50 (b) If the vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight of twenty-six 51 thousand one or more pounds [or such lesser rating as determined by federal regulation], 52 whichever is greater;
- 53 (c) If the vehicle is designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including the 54 driver; or
- 55 (d) If the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials and is required to be placarded 56 under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act (46 U.S.C. Section 1801, et seq.);
- 57 [(10)] (11) "Controlled substance", any substance so classified under Section 102(6) of 58 the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. Section 802(6)), and includes all substances listed in 59 schedules I through V of 21 CFR [Part] 1308, as they may be revised from time to time;
- 60 [(11)] (12) "Conviction", an unvacated adjudication of guilt, including pleas of guilt and 61 nolo contendere, or a determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or an authorized administrative proceeding, an unvacated 62 63 forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court, the payment 64 of a fine or court cost, or violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether 65 the penalty is rebated, suspended or prorated, including an offense for failure to appear or pay; [(12)] (13) "Director", the director of revenue or his authorized representative;
- 66 67

- [(13)] (14) "Disgualification", any of the following three actions:
- (a) The suspension, revocation, or cancellation of a commercial driver's license or 68 69 commercial driver's instruction permit;
- 70 (b) Any withdrawal of a person's privileges to drive a commercial motor vehicle by a state, Canada, or Mexico as the result of a violation of federal, state, county, municipal, or local 71 72 law relating to motor vehicle traffic control or violations committed through the operation of 73 motor vehicles, other than parking, vehicle weight, or vehicle defect violations;

(c) A determination by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration that a person
 is not qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle under 49 CFR [Part] 383.52 or [Part] 391;

[(14)] (15) "Drive", to drive, operate or be in physical control of a commercial motor
 vehicle;

[(15)] (16) "Driver", any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a motor
 vehicle, or who is required to hold a commercial driver's license;

80 [(16)] (17) "Driver applicant", an individual who applies to obtain, transfer, upgrade, or 81 renew a commercial driver's license or commercial driver's instruction permit in this state;

82 [(17)] (18) "Driving under the influence of alcohol", the commission of any one or more 83 of the following acts:

84 (a) Driving a commercial motor vehicle with the alcohol concentration of four 85 one-hundredths of a percent or more as prescribed by the [secretary] **Secretary** or such other 86 alcohol concentration as may be later determined by the [secretary] **Secretary** by regulation;

(b) Driving a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle while intoxicated in violationof any federal or state law, or in violation of a county or municipal ordinance;

(c) Driving a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle with excessive blood alcohol
 content in violation of any federal or state law, or in violation of a county or municipal
 ordinance;

92 (d) Refusing to submit to a chemical test in violation of section 577.041, section
93 302.750, any federal or state law, or a county or municipal ordinance; or

94 (e) Having any state, county or municipal alcohol-related enforcement contact, as defined 95 in subsection 3 of section 302.525; provided that any suspension or revocation pursuant to section 302.505, committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle by an individual twenty-one years 96 97 of age or older shall have been committed by the person with an alcohol concentration of at least 98 eight-hundredths of one percent or more, or in the case of an individual who is less than twenty-one years of age, shall have been committed by the person with an alcohol concentration 99 of at least two-hundredths of one percent or more, and if committed in a commercial motor 100 101 vehicle, a concentration of four-hundredths of one percent or more;

102 [(18)] (19) "Driving under the influence of a controlled substance", the commission of 103 any one or more of the following acts in a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle:

(a) Driving a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle while under the influence of
any substance so classified under Section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
Section 802(6)), including any substance listed in schedules I through V of 21 CFR [Part] 1308,
as they may be revised from time to time;

(b) Driving a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle while in a drugged conditionin violation of any federal or state law or in violation of a county or municipal ordinance; or

(c) Refusing to submit to a chemical test in violation of section 577.041, section
302.750, any federal or state law, or a county or municipal ordinance;

[(19)] (20) "Electronic device", includes but is not limited to a cellular telephone,
personal digital assistant, pager, computer, or any other device used to input, write, send,
receive, or read text;

(21) "Employer", any person, including the United States, a state, or a political
subdivision of a state, who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle or assigns a driver to
operate such a vehicle;

[(20)] (22) "Endorsement", an authorization on an individual's commercial driver's
license [permitting] or commercial learner's permit required to permit the individual to
operate certain types of commercial motor vehicles;

121 [(21)] (23) "Farm vehicle", a commercial motor vehicle controlled and operated by a 122 farmer used exclusively for the transportation of agricultural products, farm machinery, farm 123 supplies, or a combination of these, within one hundred fifty miles of the farm, other than one 124 which requires placarding for hazardous materials as defined in this section, or used in the 125 operation of a common or contract motor carrier, except that a farm vehicle shall not be a 126 commercial motor vehicle when the total combined gross weight rating does not exceed 127 twenty-six thousand one pounds when transporting fertilizers as defined in subdivision [(27)] 128 (29) of this subsection;

129

[(22)] (24) "Fatality", the death of a person as a result of a motor vehicle accident;

[(23)] (25) "Felony", any offense under state or federal law that is punishable by deathor imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;

[(24)] (26) "Foreign", outside the fifty states of the United States and the District ofColumbia;

[(25)] (27) "Gross combination weight rating" or "GCWR", the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of a combination (articulated) vehicle. In the absence of a value specified by the manufacturer, GCWR will be determined by adding the GVWR of the power unit and the total weight of the towed unit and any load thereon;

138 [(26)] (28) "Gross vehicle weight rating" or "GVWR", the value specified by the 139 manufacturer as the loaded weight of a single vehicle;

140 [(27)] (29) "Hazardous materials", any material that has been designated as hazardous 141 under 49 U.S.C. Section 5103 and is required to be placarded under subpart F of CFR [Part] 172 142 or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or toxin in 42 CFR [Part] 73. Fertilizers, 143 including but not limited to ammonium nitrate, phosphate, nitrogen, anhydrous ammonia, lime, 144 potash, motor fuel or special fuel, shall not be considered hazardous materials when transported 145 by a farm vehicle provided all other provisions of this definition are followed; [(28)] (30) "Imminent hazard", the existence of a condition that presents a substantial likelihood that death, serious illness, severe personal injury, or a substantial endangerment to health, property, or the environment may occur before the reasonably foreseeable completion date of a formal proceeding begins to lessen the risk of that death, illness, injury, or endangerment;

151 [(29)] (31) "Issuance", the initial licensure, license transfers, license renewals, and 152 license upgrades;

153 [(30)] (32) "Manual transmission" (also known as a stick shift, stick, straight drive 154 or standard transmission), a transmission utilizing a driver-operated clutch that is 155 activated by a pedal or lever and a gear-shift mechanism operated by either hand or foot. 156 All other transmissions, whether semi-automatic or automatic, will be considered 157 automatic for the purposes of the standardized restriction code;

(33) "Medical examiner", a person who is licensed, certified, or registered, in accordance
with applicable state laws and regulations, to perform physical examinations. The term includes,
but is not limited to, doctors of medicine, doctors of osteopathy, physician assistants, advanced
practice nurses, and doctors of chiropractic;

162 [(31)] (34) "Medical variance", when a driver has received one of the following that 163 allows the driver to be issued a medical certificate:

(a) An exemption letter permitting operation of a commercial motor vehicle under 49
CFR [Part] 381, Subpart C or 49 CFR [Part] 391.64;

(b) A skill performance evaluation certificate permitting operation of a commercialmotor vehicle under 49 CFR [Part] 391.49;

[(32)] (35) "Mobile telephone", a mobile communication device that is classified as
 or uses any commercial mobile radio service, as defined in the regulations of the Federal
 Communications Commission, 47 CFR 20.3, but does not include two-way or citizens band
 radio services;

- 172
- 173 174

(36) "Motor vehicle", any self-propelled vehicle not operated exclusively upon tracks;
 [(33)] (37) "Noncommercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles not defined by the term "commercial motor vehicle" in this section;

[(34)] (38) "Out of service", a temporary prohibition against the operation of a
commercial motor vehicle by a particular driver, or the operation of a particular commercial
motor vehicle, or the operation of a particular motor carrier;

[(35)] (39) "Out-of-service order", a declaration by an authorized enforcement officer
of a federal, state, Canadian, Mexican or any local jurisdiction, that a driver, or a commercial
motor vehicle, or a motor carrier operation, is out of service under 49 CFR [Part] 386.72, 392.5,

181 392.9a, 395.13, or 396.9, or comparable laws, or the North American Standard Out-of-Service182 Criteria;

[(36)] (40) "School bus", a commercial motor vehicle used to transport preprimary,
primary, or secondary school students from home to school, from school to home, or to and from
school-sponsored events. School bus does not include a bus used as a common carrier as defined
by the Secretary;

187

[(37)] (41) "Secretary", the Secretary of Transportation of the United States;

[(38)] (42) "Serious traffic violation", driving a commercial motor vehicle in such a manner that the driver receives a conviction for the following offenses or driving a noncommercial motor vehicle when the driver receives a conviction for the following offenses and the conviction results in the suspension or revocation of the driver's license or noncommercial motor vehicle driving privilege:

193

(a) Excessive speeding, as defined by the Secretary by regulation;

(b) Careless, reckless or imprudent driving which includes, but shall not be limited to, any violation of section 304.016, any violation of section 304.010, or any other violation of federal or state law, or any county or municipal ordinance while driving a commercial motor vehicle in a willful or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property, or improper or erratic traffic lane changes, or following the vehicle ahead too closely, but shall not include careless and imprudent driving by excessive speed;

(c) A violation of any federal or state law or county or municipal ordinance regulating
 the operation of motor vehicles arising out of an accident or collision which resulted in death to
 any person, other than a parking violation;

(d) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining a commercial driver's license
 in violation of any federal or state or county or municipal ordinance;

(e) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without a commercial driver's license in the driver's possession in violation of any federal or state or county or municipal ordinance. Any individual who provides proof to the court which has jurisdiction over the issued citation that the individual held a valid commercial driver's license on the date that the citation was issued shall not be guilty of this offense;

(f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without the proper commercial driver's license
class or endorsement for the specific vehicle group being operated or for the passengers or type
of cargo being transported in violation of any federal or state law or county or municipal
ordinance; [or]

(g) Violating a state or local law or ordinance on motor vehicle traffic control
 prohibiting texting while driving a commercial motor vehicle;

(h) Violating a state or local law or ordinance on motor vehicle traffic control
 restricting or prohibiting the use of a hand-held mobile telephone while driving a
 commercial motor vehicle; or

(i) Any other violation of a federal or state law or county or municipal ordinance
 regulating the operation of motor vehicles, other than a parking violation, as prescribed by the
 [secretary] Secretary by regulation;

222

[(39)] (43) "State", a state of the United States, including the District of Columbia;

[(40)] (44) "Tank vehicle", any commercial motor vehicle that is designed to transport any liquid or gaseous materials within a tank or tanks having an individual rated capacity of more than one hundred nineteen gallons and an aggregate rated capacity of one thousand gallons or more that is either permanently or temporarily attached to the vehicle or the chassis. A commercial motor vehicle transporting an empty storage container tank, not designed for transportation, with a rated capacity of one thousand gallons or more, that is temporarily attached to a flatbed trailer is not considered a tank vehicle;

(45) "Texting", manually entering alphanumeric text into, or reading text from, an electronic device. This action includes but is not limited to short message service, emailing, instant messaging, commanding or requesting access to a website, pressing more than a single button to initiate or terminate a voice communication using a mobile telephone, or engaging in any other form of electronic text retrieval or entry, for present or future communication. Texting does not include:

(a) Inputting, selecting, or reading information on a global positioning system or
 navigation system;

(b) Pressing a single button to initiate or terminate a voice communication using a
 mobile telephone; or

(c) Using a device capable of performing multiple functions (e.g., fleet management
 systems, dispatching devices, smart phones, citizens band radios, music players) for a
 purpose that is not otherwise prohibited in this part;

243

(46) "United States", the fifty states and the District of Columbia.

302.720. 1. Except when operating under an instruction permit as described in this section, no person may drive a commercial motor vehicle unless the person has been issued a commercial driver's license with applicable endorsements valid for the type of vehicle being operated as specified in sections 302.700 to 302.780. A commercial driver's instruction permit shall allow the holder of a valid license to operate a commercial motor vehicle when accompanied by the holder of a commercial driver's license valid for the vehicle being operated and who occupies a seat beside the individual, or reasonably near the individual in the case of buses, for the purpose of giving instruction in driving the commercial motor vehicle. **No person**

9 may be issued a commercial driver's instruction permit until he or she has passed written

10 tests which comply with the minimum federal standards. A commercial driver's instruction permit shall be valid for the vehicle being operated for a period of not more than six months, and 11 12 shall not be issued until the permit holder has met all other requirements of sections 302.700 to 13 302.780, except for the driving test. A permit holder, unless otherwise disqualified, may be granted one six-month renewal within a one-year period. The fee for such permit or renewal 14 15 shall be five dollars. In the alternative, a commercial driver's instruction permit shall be issued 16 for a thirty-day period to allow the holder of a valid driver's license to operate a commercial 17 motor vehicle if the applicant has completed all other requirements except the driving test. The permit may be renewed for one additional thirty-day period and the fee for the permit and for 18 19 renewal shall be five dollars.

20 2. No person may be issued a commercial driver's license until he has passed written and 21 driving tests for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle which complies with the minimum 22 federal standards established by the Secretary and has satisfied all other requirements of the 23 Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub. Law 99-570), as well as any 24 other requirements imposed by state law. All applicants for a commercial driver's license 25 shall have maintained the appropriate class of commercial driver's instruction permit 26 issued by this state or any other state for a minimum of fourteen calendar days prior to the 27 date of taking the skills test. Applicants for a hazardous materials endorsement must also meet 28 the requirements of the U.S. Patriot Act of 2001 (Title X of Public Law 107-56) as specified and 29 required by regulations promulgated by the Secretary. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting the director from establishing alternate testing formats for those who 30 are functionally illiterate; provided, however, that any such alternate test must comply with the 31 32 minimum requirements of the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub. Law 99-570) as established by the Secretary. 33

34 (1) The written and driving tests shall be held at such times and in such places as the 35 superintendent may designate. A twenty-five dollar examination fee shall be paid by the applicant upon completion of any written or driving test, except the examination fee shall be 36 37 waived for applicants seventy years of age or older renewing a license with a school bus 38 endorsement. The director shall delegate the power to conduct the examinations required under 39 sections 302.700 to 302.780 to any member of the highway patrol or any person employed by 40 the highway patrol qualified to give driving examinations. The written test shall only be 41 administered in the English language. No translators shall be allowed for applicants taking the 42 test.

43 (2) The director shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations governing the 44 certification of third-party testers by the department of revenue. Such rules and regulations shall

substantially comply with the requirements of 49 CFR [Part] 383, Section 383.75. A
certification to conduct third-party testing shall be valid for one year, and the department shall
charge a fee of one hundred dollars to issue or renew the certification of any third-party tester.

48 (3) Beginning August 28, 2006, the director shall only issue or renew third-party tester 49 certification to community colleges established under chapter 178 or to private companies who own, lease, or maintain their own fleet and administer in-house testing to their employees, or to 50 school districts and their agents that administer in-house testing to the school district's or agent's 51 52 employees. Any third-party tester who violates any of the rules and regulations adopted and 53 promulgated pursuant to this section shall be subject to having his certification revoked by the 54 department. The department shall provide written notice and an opportunity for the third-party 55 tester to be heard in substantially the same manner as provided in chapter 536. If any applicant 56 submits evidence that he has successfully completed a test administered by a third-party tester, 57 the actual driving test for a commercial driver's license may then be waived.

(4) Every applicant for renewal of a commercial driver's license shall provide such
certifications and information as required by the [secretary] Secretary and if such person
transports a hazardous material must also meet the requirements of the U.S. Patriot Act of 2001
(Title X of Public Law 107-56) as specified and required by regulations promulgated by the
Secretary. Such person shall be required to take the written test for such endorsement. A
twenty-five dollar examination fee shall be paid upon completion of such tests.

64 (5) The director shall have the authority to waive the driving skills test for any qualified 65 military applicant for a commercial driver's license who is currently licensed at the time of 66 application for a commercial driver's license. The director shall impose conditions and 67 limitations to restrict the applicants from whom the department may accept alternative 68 requirements for the skills test described in federal regulation 49 [C.F.R.] **CFR** 383.77. An 69 applicant must certify that, during the two-year period immediately preceding application for a 70 commercial driver's license, all of the following apply:

71

(a) The applicant has not had more than one license;

72

(b) The applicant has not had any license suspended, revoked, or cancelled;

(c) The applicant has not had any convictions for any type of motor vehicle for the
 disqualifying offenses contained in this chapter or federal rule 49 [C.F.R.] CFR 383.51(b);

(d) The applicant has not had more than one conviction for any type of motor vehicle forserious traffic violations;

(e) The applicant has not had any conviction for a violation of state or local law relating
to motor vehicle traffic control, but not including any parking violation, arising in connection
with any traffic accident, and has no record of an accident in which he or she was at fault;

80 (f) The applicant [is] has been regularly employed [in a job] within the last ninety days 81 in a military position requiring operation of a commercial motor vehicle and has operated the 82 vehicle for at least sixty days during the two years immediately preceding application for a 83 commercial driver's license. The vehicle must be representative of the commercial motor vehicle 84 the driver applicant operates or expects to operate;

85 (g) The applicant, if on active duty, must provide a notarized affidavit signed by a 86 commanding officer as proof of driving experience as indicated in paragraph (f) of this 87 subdivision;

(h) The applicant, if honorably discharged from military service, must provide aform-DD214 or other proof of military occupational specialty;

90 (i) The applicant must meet all federal and state qualifications to operate a commercial91 vehicle; and

92

(j) The applicant will be required to complete all applicable knowledge tests.

93 3. A commercial driver's license or commercial driver's instruction permit may not 94 be issued to a person while the person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle, 95 when a disqualification is pending in any state or while the person's driver's license is suspended, 96 revoked, or [cancelled] canceled in any state; nor may a commercial driver's license be issued 97 unless the person first surrenders in a manner prescribed by the director any commercial driver's 98 license issued by another state, which license shall be returned to the issuing state for 99 cancellation.

4. Beginning July 1, 2005, the director shall not issue an instruction permit under this section unless the director verifies that the applicant is lawfully present in the United States before accepting the application. The director may, by rule or regulation, establish procedures to verify the lawful presence of the applicant under this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to chapter 536.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other law to the contrary, beginning August 28, 2008, the director of the department of revenue shall certify as a third-party tester any municipality that owns, leases, or maintains its own fleet that requires certain employees as a condition of employment to hold a valid commercial driver's license; and that administered in-house testing to such employees prior to August 28, 2006.

302.735. 1. An application shall not be taken from a nonresident after September 30,
2005. The application for a commercial driver's license shall include, but not be limited to, the
applicant's legal name, mailing and residence address, if different, a physical description of the
person, including sex, height, weight and eye color, the person's Social Security number, date
of birth and any other information deemed appropriate by the director. The application shall also

6 require, beginning September 30, 2005, the applicant to provide the names of all states where
7 the applicant has been previously licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the
8 preceding ten years.

9 2. A commercial driver's license shall expire on the applicant's birthday in the sixth year after issuance, unless the license must be issued for a shorter period due to other requirements 10 of law or for transition or staggering of work as determined by the director, and must be renewed 11 on or before the date of expiration. When a person changes such person's name an application 12 13 for a duplicate license shall be made to the director of revenue. When a person changes such 14 person's mailing address or residence the applicant shall notify the director of revenue of said change, however, no application for a duplicate license is required. A commercial license issued 15 16 pursuant to this section to an applicant less than twenty-one years of age and seventy years of age 17 and older shall expire on the applicant's birthday in the third year after issuance, unless the license must be issued for a shorter period as determined by the director. 18

19 3. A commercial driver's license containing a hazardous materials endorsement issued 20 to an applicant who is between the age of twenty-one and sixty-nine shall not be issued for a 21 period exceeding five years from the approval date of the security threat assessment as 22 determined by the Transportation Security Administration.

4. The director shall issue an annual commercial driver's license containing a school bus
endorsement to an applicant who is seventy years of age or older. The fee for such license shall
be seven dollars and fifty cents.

5. A commercial driver's license containing a hazardous materials endorsement issued to an applicant who is seventy years of age or older shall not be issued for a period exceeding three years. The director shall not require such drivers to obtain a security threat assessment more frequently than such assessment is required by the Transportation Security Administration under the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act (USA PATRIOT ACT) of 2001.

(1) The state shall immediately revoke a hazardous materials endorsement upon receipt
 of an initial determination of threat assessment and immediate revocation from the
 Transportation Security Administration as defined by 49 CFR 1572.13(a).

(2) The state shall revoke or deny a hazardous materials endorsement within fifteen days
of receipt of a final determination of threat assessment from the Transportation Security
Administration as required by CFR 1572.13(a).

6. The fee for a commercial driver's license or renewal commercial driver's license issuedfor a period greater than three years shall be forty dollars.

7. The fee for a commercial driver's license or renewal commercial driver's license issuedfor a period of three years or less shall be twenty dollars.

42

8. The fee for a duplicate commercial driver's license shall be twenty dollars.

9. In order for the director to properly transition driver's license requirements under the
Motor Carrier Safety Improvement Act of 1999 and the Uniting and Strengthening America by
Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act (USA PATRIOT
ACT) of 2001, the director is authorized to stagger expiration dates and make adjustments for
any fees, including driver examination fees that are incurred by the driver as a result of the initial
issuance of a transitional license required to comply with such acts.

49 10. Within thirty days after moving to this state, the holder of a commercial driver's 50 license shall apply for a commercial driver's license in this state. The applicant shall meet all 51 other requirements of sections 302.700 to 302.780, except that the director may waive the driving 52 test for a commercial driver's license as required in section 302.720 if the applicant for a 53 commercial driver's license has a valid commercial driver's license from a state which has 54 requirements for issuance of such license comparable to those in this state.

55 11. Any person who falsifies any information in an application or test for a commercial 56 driver's license shall not be licensed to operate a commercial motor vehicle, or the person's 57 commercial driver's license shall be [cancelled] **canceled**, for a period of one year after the 58 director discovers such falsification.

59 12. Beginning July 1, 2005, the director shall not issue a commercial driver's license 60 under this section unless the director verifies that the applicant is lawfully present in the United 61 States before accepting the application. If lawful presence is granted for a temporary period, no 62 commercial driver's license shall be issued. The director may, by rule or regulation, establish procedures to verify the lawful presence of the applicant and establish the duration of any 63 commercial driver's license issued under this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated 64 65 pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to chapter 536. 66

13. (1) Effective December 19, 2005, notwithstanding any provisions of subsections 1 and 5 of this section to the contrary, the director may issue a [nonresident] **nondomiciled** commercial driver's license **or commercial driver's instruction permit** to a resident of a foreign jurisdiction if the United States Secretary of Transportation has determined that the commercial motor vehicle testing and licensing standards in the foreign jurisdiction do not meet the testing standards established in 49 [C.F.R. Part] CFR 383.

(2) Any applicant for a [nonresident] nondomiciled commercial driver's license or
 commercial driver's instruction permit must present evidence satisfactory to the director that
 the applicant currently has employment with an employer in this state. The [nonresident]
 nondomiciled applicant must meet the same testing, driver record requirements, conditions, and

is subject to the same disqualification and conviction reporting requirements applicable toresident commercial drivers.

(3) The [nonresident] **nondomiciled** commercial driver's license will expire on the same date that the documents establishing lawful presence for employment expire. The word ["nonresident"] **"nondomiciled"** shall appear on the face of the [nonresident] **nondomiciled** commercial driver's license. Any applicant for a Missouri [nonresident] **nondomiciled** commercial driver's license or commercial driver's instruction permit must first surrender any [nonresident] **nondomiciled** commercial driver's license issued by another state.

(4) The [nonresident] nondomiciled commercial driver's license applicant must pay the
 same fees as required for the issuance of a resident commercial driver's license or commercial
 driver's instruction permit.

14. Foreign jurisdiction for purposes of issuing a [nonresident] nondomiciled
 commercial driver's license or commercial driver's instruction permit under this section shall
 not include any of the fifty states of the United States or Canada or Mexico.

302.740. 1. The commercial driver's license shall be manufactured of materials and processes that will prohibit as nearly as possible the ability to reproduce, alter, counterfeit, forge, 2 3 or duplicate any license without ready detection. Such license shall include, but not be limited to, the following information: a colored photograph of the person, the legal name and address 4 of the person, a physical description of the person, including sex, height, weight and eye color, 5 the person's [Social Security number] driver's license number or such other number or 6 identifier deemed appropriate by the director or the [secretary] Secretary, the date of birth, class 7 8 or type of commercial motor vehicle or vehicles which the person is authorized to drive, the name of this state, and the words "COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE" or "CDL", the dates 9 of issuance and expiration, the person's signature and such other information as the director 10 prescribes. 11

12 2. Before issuing a commercial driver's license, the director shall obtain driving record 13 information from sources including, but not limited to, the national driver's register, the 14 commercial driver's license information system, and any state driver's licensing system in which the person has been licensed; except that the director shall only be required to obtain the 15 complete driving record from each state the person has ever been licensed in when such person 16 is issued an initial commercial driver's license or renews his or her commercial driver's license 17 18 for the first time. The director shall maintain a notation in the driving record system of the date 19 when he or she has obtained the driving records from all other states which the person has been 20 licensed.

3. Within ten days after issuing a commercial driver's license, the director shall notify the commercial driver's license information system of such fact, providing all information required to ensure identification of the person. For the purpose of this subsection, the date ofissuance shall be the date the commercial driver's license is mailed to the applicant.

4. The commercial driver's license shall indicate the class of vehicle the person may
drive and any applicable endorsements or restrictions. Commercial driver's license
classifications, endorsements and restrictions shall be in compliance with the Commercial Motor
Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub. Law 99-570) and those prescribed by the director.
The commercial driver's license driving record shall contain a complete history of the driver,
including information and convictions from previous states of licensure.

5. The commercial driver's instruction permit shall include but not be limited to the same data elements as a commercial driver's license and the words "CDL PERMIT" or "COMMERCIAL LEARNER PERMIT" and such other information as the director or Secretary prescribes.

302.755. 1. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a 2 period of not less than one year if convicted of a first violation of:

3 (1) Driving a motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, or 4 of an alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined in subsection 3 of section 302.525;

5 (2) Driving a commercial motor vehicle which causes a fatality through the negligent 6 operation of the commercial motor vehicle, including but not limited to the crimes of vehicular 7 manslaughter, homicide by motor vehicle, and negligent homicide;

8

(3) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked pursuant to section 302.727;

9 (4) Leaving the scene of an accident involving a commercial or noncommercial motor 10 vehicle operated by the person;

(5) Using a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle in the commission of anyfelony, as defined in section 302.700, except a felony as provided in subsection 4 of this section.

13 2. If any of the violations described in subsection 1 of this section occur while
14 transporting a hazardous material the person is disqualified for a period of not less than three
15 years.

3. Any person is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for life if convicted of two or more violations of any of the offenses specified in subsection 1 of this section, or any combination of those offenses, arising from two or more separate incidents. The director may issue rules and regulations, in accordance with guidelines established by the [secretary] **Secretary**, under which a disqualification for life under this section may be reduced to a period of not less than ten years.

4. Any person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life who usesa commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the

manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent tomanufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance.

5. Any person is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than sixty days if convicted of two serious traffic violations or one hundred twenty days if convicted of three serious traffic violations, arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.

6. Any person found to be operating a commercial motor vehicle while having any
measurable alcohol concentration shall immediately be issued a continuous twenty-four-hour
out-of-service order by a law enforcement officer in this state.

7. Any person who is convicted of operating a commercial motor vehicle beginning at
 the time of issuance of the out-of-service order until its expiration is guilty of a class A
 misdemeanor.

8. Any person convicted for the first time of driving while out of service shall be
disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle in the manner prescribed in 49 CFR [Part]
383, or as amended by the Secretary.

9. Any person convicted of driving while out of service on a second occasion during any
ten-year period, involving separate incidents, shall be disqualified in the manner prescribed in
49 CFR [Part] 383, or as amended by the Secretary.

42 10. Any person convicted of driving while out of service on a third or subsequent
43 occasion during any ten-year period, involving separate incidents, shall be disqualified for a
44 period of three years.

11. Any person convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order while transporting
hazardous materials or while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport sixteen or more
passengers, including the driver, is disqualified for a period of one hundred eighty days.

48 12. Any person convicted of any subsequent violation of an out-of-service order in a 49 separate incident within ten years after a previous violation, while transporting hazardous 50 materials or while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport fifteen passengers, including 51 the driver, is disqualified for a period of three years.

52 13. Any person convicted of any other offense as specified by regulations promulgated
53 by the Secretary of Transportation shall be disqualified in accordance with such regulations.

14. After suspending, revoking, [cancelling] **canceling** or disqualifying a driver, the director shall update records to reflect such action and notify a nonresident's licensing authority and the commercial driver's license information system within ten days in the manner prescribed in 49 CFR [Part] 384, or as amended by the Secretary.

58 15. Any person disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to 59 subsection 1, 2, 3 or 4 of this section shall have such commercial driver's license [cancelled]

60 canceled, and upon conclusion of the period of disqualification shall take the written and driving

tests and meet all other requirements of sections 302.700 to 302.780. Such disqualification and
cancellation shall not be withdrawn by the director until such person reapplies for a commercial
driver's license in this or any other state after meeting all requirements of sections 302.700 to
302.780.

16. The director shall disqualify a driver upon receipt of notification that the Secretary has determined a driver to be an imminent hazard pursuant to 49 CFR[, Part] 383.52. Due process of a disqualification determined by the Secretary pursuant to this section shall be held in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary. The period of disqualification determined by the Secretary pursuant to this section shall be served concurrently to any other period of disqualification which may be imposed by the director pursuant to this section. Both disqualifications shall appear on the driving record of the driver.

17. The director shall disqualify a commercial license holder or operator of a commercial **motor** vehicle from operation of any commercial motor vehicle upon receipt of a conviction for an offense of failure to appear or pay, and such disqualification shall remain in effect until the director receives notice that the person has complied with the requirement to appear or pay.

76 18. The disqualification period must be in addition to any other previous periods 77 of disqualification in the manner prescribed in 49 CFR 383, or as amended by the 78 Secretary, except when the major or serious violations are a result of the same incident.

304.180. 1. No vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be moved or operated on any highway in this state having a greater weight than twenty thousand pounds on one axle, no 2 combination of vehicles operated by transporters of general freight over regular routes as defined 3 in section 390.020 shall be moved or operated on any highway of this state having a greater 4 weight than the vehicle manufacturer's rating on a steering axle with the maximum weight not 5 6 to exceed twelve thousand pounds on a steering axle, and no vehicle shall be moved or operated on any state highway of this state having a greater weight than thirty-four thousand pounds on 7 8 any tandem axle; the term "tandem axle" shall mean a group of two or more axles, arranged one 9 behind another, the distance between the extremes of which is more than forty inches and not more than ninety-six inches apart. 10

2. An "axle load" is defined as the total load transmitted to the road by all wheels whose
 centers are included between two parallel transverse vertical planes forty inches apart, extending
 across the full width of the vehicle.

3. Subject to the limit upon the weight imposed upon a highway of this state through any one axle or on any tandem axle, the total gross weight with load imposed by any group of two or more consecutive axles of any vehicle or combination of vehicles shall not exceed the maximum load in pounds as set forth in the following table:

- 18 Distance in feet between the extremes
- 19 of any group of two or more consecutive
- 20 axles, measured to the nearest foot,
- 21 except where indicated otherwise

22	Maximum load in pounds						
23	feet	2 axles	3 axles	4 axles	5 axles	6 axles	
24	4	34,000					
25	5	34,000					
26	6	34,000					
27	7	34,000					
28	8	34,000	34,000				
29	More than 8	38,000	42,000				
30	9	39,000	42,500				
31	10	40,000	43,500				
32	11	40,000	44,000				
33	12	40,000	45,000	50,000			
34	13	40,000	45,500	50,500			
35	14	40,000	46,500	51,500			
36	15	40,000	47,000	52,000			
37	16	40,000	48,000	52,500	58,000		
38	17	40,000	48,500	53,500	58,500		
39	18	40,000	49,500	54,000	59,000		
40	19	40,000	50,000	54,500	60,000		
41	20	40,000	51,000	55,500	60,500	66,000	
42	21	40,000	51,500	56,000	61,000	66,500	
43	22	40,000	52,500	56,500	61,500	67,000	
44	23	40,000	53,000	57,500	62,500	68,000	
45	24	40,000	54,000	58,000	63,000	68,500	

46	25	40,000	54,500	58,500	63,500	69,000
47	26	40,000	55,500	59,500	64,000	69,500
48	27	40,000	56,000	60,000	65,000	70,000
49	28	40,000	57,000	60,500	65,500	71,000
50	29	40,000	57,500	61,500	66,000	71,500
51	30	40,000	58,500	62,000	66,500	72,000
52	31	40,000	59,000	62,500	67,500	72,500
53	32	40,000	60,000	63,500	68,000	73,000
54	33	40,000	60,000	64,000	68,500	74,000
55	34	40,000	60,000	64,500	69,000	74,500
56	35	40,000	60,000	65,500	70,000	75,000
57	36		60,000	66,000	70,500	75,500
58	37		60,000	66,500	71,000	76,000
59	38		60,000	67,500	72,000	77,000
60	39		60,000	68,000	72,500	77,500
61	40		60,000	68,500	73,000	78,000
62	41		60,000	69,500	73,500	78,500
63	42		60,000	70,000	74,000	79,000
64	43		60,000	70,500	75,000	80,000
65	44		60,000	71,500	75,500	80,000
66	45		60,000	72,000	76,000	80,000
67	46		60,000	72,500	76,500	80,000
68	47		60,000	73,500	77,500	80,000
69	48		60,000	74,000	78,000	80,000
70	49		60,000	74,500	78,500	80,000
71	50		60,000	75,500	79,000	80,000

72	51	60,000	76,000	80,000	80,000
73	52	60,000	76,500	80,000	80,000
74	53	60,000	77,500	80,000	80,000
75	54	60,000	78,000	80,000	80,000
76	55	60,000	78,500	80,000	80,000
77	56	60,000	79,500	80,000	80,000
78	57	60,000	80,000	80,000	80,000

79

80 Notwithstanding the above table, two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross load 81 of thirty-four thousand pounds each if the overall distance between the first and last axles of such 82 consecutive sets of tandem axles is thirty-six feet or more.

83 4. Whenever the state highways and transportation commission finds that any state 84 highway bridge in the state is in such a condition that use of such bridge by vehicles of the 85 weights specified in subsection 3 of this section will endanger the bridge, or the users of the bridge, the commission may establish maximum weight limits and speed limits for vehicles using 86 87 such bridge. The governing body of any city or county may grant authority by act or ordinance 88 to the state highways and transportation commission to enact the limitations established in this 89 section on those roadways within the purview of such city or county. Notice of the weight limits 90 and speed limits established by the commission shall be given by posting signs at a conspicuous 91 place at each end of any such bridge.

5. Nothing in this section shall be construed as permitting lawful axle loads, tandem axle
loads or gross loads in excess of those permitted under the provisions of Section 127 of Title 23
of the United States Code.

6. Notwithstanding the weight limitations contained in this section, any vehicle or combination of vehicles operating on highways other than the interstate highway system may exceed single axle, tandem axle and gross weight limitations in an amount not to exceed two thousand pounds. However, total gross weight shall not exceed eighty thousand pounds, except as provided in subsections 9 and 10 of this section.

100 7. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the department of 101 transportation shall issue a single-use special permit, or upon request of the owner of the truck 102 or equipment, shall issue an annual permit, for the transporting of any concrete pump truck or 103 well-drillers' equipment. The department of transportation shall set fees for the issuance of 104 permits pursuant to this subsection. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 301.133, concrete

pump trucks or well-drillers' equipment may be operated on state-maintained roads and highwaysat any time on any day.

107 8. Notwithstanding the provision of this section to the contrary, the maximum gross 108 vehicle limit and axle weight limit for any vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with an 109 idle reduction technology may be increased by a quantity necessary to compensate for the 110 additional weight of the idle reduction system as provided for in 23 U.S.C. Section 127, as 111 amended. In no case shall the additional weight increase allowed by this subsection be greater 112 than [four] five hundred fifty pounds. Upon request by an appropriate law enforcement officer, 113 the vehicle operator shall provide proof that the idle reduction technology is fully functional at 114 all times and that the gross weight increase is not used for any purpose other than for the use of 115 idle reduction technology.

116 9. Notwithstanding subsection 3 of this section or any other provision of law to the 117 contrary, the total gross weight of any vehicle or combination of vehicles hauling livestock may 118 be as much as, but shall not exceed, eighty-five thousand five hundred pounds while operating 119 on U.S. Highway 36 from St. Joseph to U.S. Highway 63, on U.S. Highway 65 from the Iowa 120 state line to U.S. Highway 36, and on U.S. Highway 63 from the Iowa state line to U.S. Highway 121 36, and on U.S. Highway 63 from U.S. Highway 36 to Missouri Route 17. The provisions of this 122 subsection shall not apply to vehicles operated on the Dwight D. Eisenhower System of Interstate 123 and Defense Highways.

124 10. Notwithstanding any provision of this section or any other law to the contrary, the 125 total gross weight of any vehicle or combination of vehicles hauling milk from a farm to a 126 processing facility may be as much as, but shall not exceed, eighty-five thousand five hundred 127 pounds while operating on highways other than the interstate highway system. The provisions 128 of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles operated and operating on the Dwight D. 129 Eisenhower System of Interstate and Defense Highways.

304.820. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person twenty-one years of age or younger operating a moving motor vehicle upon the highways of this state shall, by means of a hand-held electronic wireless communications device, send, read, or write a text message or electronic message.

5 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person shall operate a 6 commercial motor vehicle while using a hand-held mobile telephone.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person shall operate a
commercial motor vehicle while using a wireless communications device to send, read, or
write a text message or electronic message.

4. The provisions of subsection 1 through subsection 3 of this section shall not applyto a person operating:

12 (1) An authorized emergency vehicle; or

13 (2) A moving motor vehicle while using a hand-held electronic wireless communications14 device to:

15 (a) Report illegal activity;

16 (b) Summon medical or other emergency help;

17 (c) Prevent injury to a person or property; or

(d) Relay information between a transit or for-hire operator and that operator'sdispatcher, in which the device is permanently affixed to the vehicle.

[3.] **5.** Nothing in this section shall be construed or interpreted as prohibiting a person from making or taking part in a telephone call, by means of a hand-held electronic wireless communications device, while operating a **noncommercial** motor vehicle upon the highways of this state.

[4.] **6.** As used in this section, "electronic message" means a self-contained piece of digital communication that is designed or intended to be transmitted between hand-held electronic wireless communication devices. "Electronic message" includes, but is not limited to, electronic mail, a text message, an instant message, or a command or request to access an internet site.

[5.] **7.** As used in this section, "hand-held electronic wireless communications device" includes any hand-held cellular phone, palm pilot, blackberry, or other mobile electronic device used to communicate verbally or by text or electronic messaging, but shall not apply to any device that is permanently embedded into the architecture and design of the motor vehicle.

[6.] 8. As used in this section, "making or taking part in a telephone call" means listening
 to or engaging in verbal communication through a hand-held electronic wireless communication
 device.

36 [7.] 9. As used in this section, "send, read, or write a text message or electronic message" 37 means using a hand-held electronic wireless telecommunications device to manually 38 communicate with any person by using an electronic message. Sending, reading, or writing a 39 text message or electronic message does not include reading, selecting, or entering a phone 40 number or name into a hand-held electronic wireless communications device for the purpose of 41 making a telephone call.

42 [8.] **10.** A violation of this section shall be deemed an infraction and shall be deemed a 43 moving violation for purposes of point assessment under section 302.302.

[9.] 11. The state preempts the field of regulating the use of hand-held electronic wireless
communications devices in motor vehicles, and the provisions of this section shall supercede any
local laws, ordinances, orders, rules, or regulations enacted by a county, municipality, or other

47 political subdivision to regulate the use of hand-held electronic wireless communication devices

- 48 by the operator of a motor vehicle.
- 49 [10.] **12.** The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
- 50 (1) The operator of a vehicle that is lawfully parked or stopped;
- 51 (2) Any of the following while in the performance of their official duties: a law 52 enforcement officer; a member of a fire department; or the operator of a public or private 53 ambulance;
- (3) The use of factory-installed or aftermarket global positioning systems (GPS) or
 wireless communications devices used to transmit or receive data as part of a digital dispatch
 system;
- 57 (4) The use of voice-operated technology;
- 58 (5) The use of two-way radio transmitters or receivers by a licensee of the Federal 59 Communications Commission in the Amateur Radio Service.
 - 1