FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 301

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR EIGEL. Read 1st time January 24, 2019, and ordered printed. 1631S.01I ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

To repeal sections 70.220, 160.405, and 355.846, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to not for profit entities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 70.220, 160.405, and 355.846, RSMo, are repealed and 2 four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 34.390, 70.220, 3 160.405, and 355.846, to read as follows:

34.390. Whenever the state or any political subdivision thereof shall enter into a contract with an entity organized under chapter 355, the entity shall be required, as a condition of the contract, to make its financial statements available to the public in a form consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and to make its records available for inspection by the contracting entity or its auditors.

70.220. 1. Any municipality or political subdivision of this state, as $\mathbf{2}$ herein defined, may contract and cooperate with any other municipality or 3 political subdivision, or with an elective or appointive official thereof, or with a duly authorized agency of the United States, or of this state, or with other states 4 or their municipalities or political subdivisions, or with any private person, firm, $\mathbf{5}$ association or corporation, for the planning, development, construction, 6 7 acquisition or operation of any public improvement or facility, or for a common 8 service; provided, that the subject and purposes of any such contract or 9 cooperative action made and entered into by such municipality or political subdivision shall be within the scope of the powers of such municipality or 10 11 political subdivision.

122. Any municipality or political subdivision of this state may contract with 13one or more adjacent municipalities or political subdivisions to share the tax revenues of such cooperating entities that are generated from real property and 14the improvements constructed thereon, if such real property is located within the 15boundaries of either or both municipalities or subdivisions and within three 16 thousand feet of a common border of the contracting municipalities or political 17 subdivisions. The purpose of such contract shall be within the scope of powers 18 of each municipality or political subdivision. Municipalities or political 19 20subdivisions separated only by a public street, easement, or right-of-way shall be 21considered to share a common border for purposes of this subsection.

223. Any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but fewer 23than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may contract with any county of the first 24classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than 25eighty-six thousand inhabitants to share tax revenues for the purpose of 26promoting tourism and the construction, maintenance, and improvement of 27convention center and recreational facilities. In the event an agreement for the 28distribution of tax revenues is entered into between a county of the first 29classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than eighty-six thousand inhabitants and a home rule city with more than 30 seventy-three thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants, then 3132all revenue received from such taxes shall be distributed in accordance with the terms of said agreement. For purposes of this subsection, the term "tax revenues" 33 34shall include tax revenues generated from the imposition of a transient guest tax 35imposed under the provisions of section 67.1361.

4. If any contract or cooperative action entered into under this section is between a municipality or political subdivision and an elective or appointive official of another municipality or political subdivision, such contract or cooperative action shall be approved by the governing body of the unit of government in which such elective or appointive official resides.

5. In the event an agreement for the distribution of tax revenues is entered into between a county of the first classification without a charter form of government and a constitutional charter city with a population of more than one hundred forty thousand that is located in said county prior to a vote to authorize the imposition of such tax, then all revenue received from such tax shall be distributed in accordance with said agreement for so long as the tax remains in effect or until the agreement is modified by mutual agreement of the parties. 6. Whenever any government entity mentioned in this section shall enter into any of the agreements authorized by this section with an entity organized under chapter 355, the entity shall be required, as a condition of the agreement, to make its financial statements available to the public in a form consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and to make its records available for inspection by the governmental entity or its auditors.

160.405. 1. A person, group or organization seeking to establish a charter school shall submit the proposed charter, as provided in this section, to a sponsor. $\mathbf{2}$ 3 If the sponsor is not a school board, the applicant shall give a copy of its 4 application to the school board of the district in which the charter school is to be located and to the state board of education, within five business days of the date 56 the application is filed with the proposed sponsor. The school board may file 7objections with the proposed sponsor, and, if a charter is granted, the school 8 board may file objections with the state board of education. The charter shall 9 include a legally binding performance contract that describes the obligations and responsibilities of the school and the sponsor as outlined in sections 160.400 to 10 160.425 and section 167.349 and shall address the following: 11

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(1) A mission and vision statement for the charter school;

(2) A description of the charter school's organizational structure and
bylaws of the governing body, which will be responsible for the policy, financial
management, and operational decisions of the charter school, including the nature
and extent of parental, professional educator, and community involvement in the
governance and operation of the charter school;

(3) A financial plan for the first three years of operation of the charterschool including provisions for annual audits;

(4) A description of the charter school's policy for securing personnel
21 services, its personnel policies, personnel qualifications, and professional
22 development plan;

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(5) A description of the grades or ages of students being served;

24 (6) The school's calendar of operation, which shall include at least the 25 equivalent of a full school term as defined in section 160.011;

(7) A description of the charter school's pupil performance standards and
academic program performance standards, which shall meet the requirements of
subdivision (6) of subsection 4 of this section. The charter school program shall
be designed to enable each pupil to achieve such standards and shall contain a

30 complete set of indicators, measures, metrics, and targets for academic program
31 performance, including specific goals on graduation rates and standardized test
32 performance and academic growth;

33 (8) A description of the charter school's educational program and34 curriculum;

(9) The term of the charter, which shall be five years and may be renewed;
(10) Procedures, consistent with the Missouri financial accounting
manual, for monitoring the financial accountability of the charter, which shall
meet the requirements of subdivision (4) of subsection 4 of this section;

39 (11) Preopening requirements for applications that require that charter40 schools meet all health, safety, and other legal requirements prior to opening;

41 (12) A description of the charter school's policies on student discipline and 42 student admission, which shall include a statement, where applicable, of the 43 validity of attendance of students who do not reside in the district but who may 44 be eligible to attend under the terms of judicial settlements and procedures that 45 ensure admission of students with disabilities in a nondiscriminatory manner;

46 (13) A description of the charter school's grievance procedure for parents47 or guardians;

48 (14) A description of the agreement and time frame for implementation 49 between the charter school and the sponsor as to when a sponsor shall intervene 50 in a charter school, when a sponsor shall revoke a charter for failure to comply 51 with subsection 8 of this section, and when a sponsor will not renew a charter 52 under subsection 9 of this section;

53 (15) Procedures to be implemented if the charter school should close, as 54 provided in subdivision (6) of subsection 16 of section 160.400 including:

(a) Orderly transition of student records to new schools and archival ofstudent records;

57 (b) Archival of business operation and transfer or repository of personnel 58 records;

59 (c) Submission of final financial reports;

60 (d) Resolution of any remaining financial obligations;

61 (e) Disposition of the charter school's assets upon closure; and

62 (f) A notification plan to inform parents or guardians of students, the local 63 school district, the retirement system in which the charter school's employees 64 participate, and the state board of education within thirty days of the decision to 65 close;

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66 (16) A description of the special education and related services that shall 67 be available to meet the needs of students with disabilities; and

68 (17) For all new or revised charters, procedures to be used upon closure 69 of the charter school requiring that unobligated assets of the charter school be 70 returned to the department of elementary and secondary education for their 71 disposition, which upon receipt of such assets shall return them to the local 72 school district in which the school was located, the state, or any other entity to 73 which they would belong.

74 Charter schools operating on August 27, 2012, shall have until August 28, 2015,75 to meet the requirements of this subsection.

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2. Proposed charters shall be subject to the following requirements:

(1) A charter shall be submitted to the sponsor, and follow the sponsor's
policies and procedures for review and granting of a charter approval, and be
approved by the state board of education by January thirty-first prior to the
school year of the proposed opening date of the charter school;

81 (2) A charter may be approved when the sponsor determines that the 82 requirements of this section are met, determines that the applicant is sufficiently 83 qualified to operate a charter school, and that the proposed charter is consistent 84 with the sponsor's charter sponsorship goals and capacity. The sponsor's decision 85 of approval or denial shall be made within ninety days of the filing of the 86 proposed charter;

(3) If the charter is denied, the proposed sponsor shall notify the applicant
in writing as to the reasons for its denial and forward a copy to the state board
of education within five business days following the denial;

90 (4) If a proposed charter is denied by a sponsor, the proposed charter may be submitted to the state board of education, along with the sponsor's written 91 reasons for its denial. If the state board determines that the applicant meets the 9293 requirements of this section, that the applicant is sufficiently qualified to operate the charter school, and that granting a charter to the applicant would be likely 94 to provide educational benefit to the children of the district, the state board may 9596 grant a charter and act as sponsor of the charter school. The state board shall 97 review the proposed charter and make a determination of whether to deny or 98 grant the proposed charter within sixty days of receipt of the proposed charter, 99 provided that any charter to be considered by the state board of education under 100 this subdivision shall be submitted no later than March first prior to the school 101 year in which the charter school intends to begin operations. The state board of

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education shall notify the applicant in writing as the reasons for its denial, ifapplicable; and

(5) The sponsor of a charter school shall give priority to charter school 104 105 applicants that propose a school oriented to high-risk students and to the reentry of dropouts into the school system. If a sponsor grants three or more charters, 106 107 at least one-third of the charters granted by the sponsor shall be to schools that actively recruit dropouts or high-risk students as their student body and address 108 109 the needs of dropouts or high-risk students through their proposed mission, curriculum, teaching methods, and services. For purposes of this subsection, a 110 "high-risk" student is one who is at least one year behind in satisfactory 111 112completion of course work or obtaining high school credits for graduation, has 113dropped out of school, is at risk of dropping out of school, needs drug and alcohol 114 treatment, has severe behavioral problems, has been suspended from school three or more times, has a history of severe truancy, is a pregnant or parenting teen, 115116 has been referred for enrollment by the judicial system, is exiting incarceration, is a refugee, is homeless or has been homeless sometime within the preceding six 117 118 months, has been referred by an area school district for enrollment in an alternative program, or qualifies as high risk under department of elementary 119 120 and secondary education guidelines. Dropout shall be defined through the 121guidelines of the school core data report. The provisions of this subsection do not 122apply to charters sponsored by the state board of education.

1233. If a charter is approved by a sponsor, the charter application shall be 124submitted to the state board of education, along with a statement of finding by 125the sponsor that the application meets the requirements of sections 160.400 to 126160.425 and section 167.349 and a monitoring plan under which the charter sponsor shall evaluate the academic performance, including annual performance 127reports, of students enrolled in the charter school. The state board of education 128shall approve or deny a charter application within sixty days of receipt of the 129application. The state board of education may deny a charter on grounds that the 130application fails to meet the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 131132 section 167.349 or that a charter sponsor previously failed to meet the statutory responsibilities of a charter sponsor. Any denial of a charter application made 133134by the state board of education shall be in writing and shall identify the specific 135failures of the application to meet the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 136 and section 167.349, and the written denial shall be provided within ten business 137days to the sponsor.

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4. A charter school shall, as provided in its charter:

(1) Be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employmentpractices, and all other operations;

141 (2) Comply with laws and regulations of the state, county, or city relating 142to health, safety, and state minimum educational standards, as specified by the 143state board of education, including the requirements relating to student discipline under sections 160.261, 167.161, 167.164, and 167.171, notification of criminal 144 145conduct to law enforcement authorities under sections 167.115 [to] and 167.117, 146 academic assessment under section 160.518, transmittal of school records under section 167.020, the minimum amount of school time required under section 147148171.031, and the employee criminal history background check and the family care 149safety registry check under section 168.133;

(3) Except as provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425 and as specifically
provided in other sections, be exempt from all laws and rules relating to schools,
governing boards and school districts;

(4) Be financially accountable, use practices consistent with the Missouri 153154financial accounting manual, provide for an annual audit by a certified public accountant, publish audit reports and annual financial reports as provided in 155156chapter 165 and make such reports available to the public, provided that 157the annual financial report may be published on the department of elementary 158and secondary education's internet website in addition to other publishing 159requirements, and provide liability insurance to indemnify the school, its board, 160 staff and teachers against tort claims. A charter school that receives local 161 educational agency status under subsection 6 of this section shall meet the 162requirements imposed by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act for audits 163 of such agencies and comply with all federal audit requirements for charters with local educational agency status. For purposes of an audit by petition under 164section 29.230, a charter school shall be treated as a political subdivision on the 165166 same terms and conditions as the school district in which it is located. For the 167 purposes of securing such insurance, a charter school shall be eligible for the 168 Missouri public entity risk management fund pursuant to section 537.700. A 169 charter school that incurs debt shall include a repayment plan in its financial 170 plan;

(5) Provide a comprehensive program of instruction for at least one grade
or age group from early childhood through grade twelve, as specified in its
charter;

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174(6) (a) Design a method to measure pupil progress toward the pupil 175academic standards adopted by the state board of education pursuant to section 160.514, establish baseline student performance in accordance with the 176 177performance contract during the first year of operation, collect student 178performance data as defined by the annual performance report throughout the 179duration of the charter to annually monitor student academic performance, and to the extent applicable based upon grade levels offered by the charter school, 180 181 participate in the statewide system of assessments, comprised of the essential 182skills tests and the nationally standardized norm-referenced achievement tests, 183as designated by the state board pursuant to section 160.518, complete and 184 distribute an annual report card as prescribed in section 160.522, which shall also 185include a statement that background checks have been completed on the charter 186 school's board members, and report to its sponsor, the local school district, and 187 the state board of education as to its teaching methods and any educational 188 innovations and the results thereof. No charter school shall be considered in the Missouri school improvement program review of the district in which it is located 189 190 for the resource or process standards of the program.

191 (b) For proposed high-risk or alternative charter schools, sponsors shall 192approve performance measures based on mission, curriculum, teaching methods, 193 and services. Sponsors shall also approve comprehensive academic and 194 behavioral measures to determine whether students are meeting performance standards on a different time frame as specified in that school's charter. Student 195196 performance shall be assessed comprehensively to determine whether a high-risk 197 or alternative charter school has documented adequate student progress. Student 198 performance shall be based on sponsor-approved comprehensive measures as well as standardized public school measures. Annual presentation of charter school 199 report card data to the department of elementary and secondary education, the 200201state board, and the public shall include comprehensive measures of student 202progress.

(c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as permitting a charter school to be held to lower performance standards than other public schools within a district; however, the charter of a charter school may permit students to meet performance standards on a different time frame as specified in its charter. The performance standards for alternative and special purpose charter schools that target high-risk students as defined in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section shall be based on measures defined in the school's performance contract 210 with its sponsors;

(7) Comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations
regarding students with disabilities, including sections 162.670 to 162.710, the
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400, et seq.) and
Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) or successor
legislation;

(8) Provide along with any request for review by the state board ofeducation the following:

(a) Documentation that the applicant has provided a copy of the
application to the school board of the district in which the charter school is to be
located, except in those circumstances where the school district is the sponsor of
the charter school; and

(b) A statement outlining the reasons for approval or denial by the
sponsor, specifically addressing the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425
and 167.349.

2255. (1) Proposed or existing high-risk or alternative charter schools may 226 include alternative arrangements for students to obtain credit for satisfying 227graduation requirements in the school's charter application and 228 charter. Alternative arrangements may include, but not be limited to, credit for 229off-campus instruction, embedded credit, work experience through an internship 230arranged through the school, and independent studies. When the state board of education approves the charter, any such alternative arrangements shall be 231232approved at such time.

(2) The department of elementary and secondary education shall conduct
a study of any charter school granted alternative arrangements for students to
obtain credit under this subsection after three years of operation to assess
student performance, graduation rates, educational outcomes, and entry into the
workforce or higher education.

2386. The charter of a charter school may be amended at the request of the 239governing body of the charter school and on the approval of the sponsor. The 240sponsor and the governing board and staff of the charter school shall jointly 241review the school's performance, management and operations during the first year 242 of operation and then every other year after the most recent review or at any 243point where the operation or management of the charter school is changed or 244transferred to another entity, either public or private. The governing board of a 245charter school may amend the charter, if the sponsor approves such amendment, 246or the sponsor and the governing board may reach an agreement in writing to 247reflect the charter school's decision to become a local educational agency. In such case the sponsor shall give the department of elementary and secondary 248249 education written notice no later than March first of any year, with the 250agreement to become effective July first. The department may waive the March first notice date in its discretion. The department shall identify and furnish a list 251252of its regulations that pertain to local educational agencies to such schools within 253thirty days of receiving such notice.

254 7. Sponsors shall annually review the charter school's compliance with255 statutory standards including:

(1) Participation in the statewide system of assessments, as designatedby the state board of education under section 160.518;

(2) Assurances for the completion and distribution of an annual report
card as prescribed in section 160.522;

(3) The collection of baseline data during the first three years of operationto determine the longitudinal success of the charter school;

262 (4) A method to measure pupil progress toward the pupil academic 263 standards adopted by the state board of education under section 160.514; and

264 (5) Publication of each charter school's annual performance report.

8. (1) (a) A sponsor's policies shall give schools clear, adequate, evidence-based, and timely notice of contract violations or performance deficiencies and mandate intervention based upon findings of the state board of education of the following:

a. The charter school provides a high school program which fails to maintain a graduation rate of at least seventy percent in three of the last four school years unless the school has dropout recovery as its mission;

b. The charter school's annual performance report results are below the district's annual performance report results based on the performance standards that are applicable to the grade level configuration of both the charter school and the district in which the charter school is located in three of the last four school years; and

c. The charter school is identified as a persistently lowest achieving schoolby the department of elementary and secondary education.

(b) A sponsor shall have a policy to revoke a charter during the charterterm if there is:

a. Clear evidence of underperformance as demonstrated in the charter

282 school's annual performance report in three of the last four school years; or

b. A violation of the law or the public trust that imperils students orpublic funds.

285(c) A sponsor shall revoke a charter or take other appropriate remedial 286action, which may include placing the charter school on probationary status for 287no more than twenty-four months, provided that no more than one designation 288of probationary status shall be allowed for the duration of the charter contract, 289at any time if the charter school commits a serious breach of one or more 290provisions of its charter or on any of the following grounds: failure to meet the 291performance contract as set forth in its charter, failure to meet generally accepted 292 standards of fiscal management, failure to provide information necessary to 293confirm compliance with all provisions of the charter and sections 160.400 to 294160.425 and 167.349 within forty-five days following receipt of written notice 295requesting such information, or violation of law.

(2) The sponsor may place the charter school on probationary status to allow the implementation of a remedial plan, which may require a change of methodology, a change in leadership, or both, after which, if such plan is unsuccessful, the charter may be revoked.

300 (3) At least sixty days before acting to revoke a charter, the sponsor shall 301 notify the governing board of the charter school of the proposed action in 302 writing. The notice shall state the grounds for the proposed action. The school's 303 governing board may request in writing a hearing before the sponsor within two 304 weeks of receiving the notice.

(4) The sponsor of a charter school shall establish procedures to conduct
administrative hearings upon determination by the sponsor that grounds exist to
revoke a charter. Final decisions of a sponsor from hearings conducted pursuant
to this subsection are subject to an appeal to the state board of education, which
shall determine whether the charter shall be revoked.

(5) A termination shall be effective only at the conclusion of the school
year, unless the sponsor determines that continued operation of the school
presents a clear and immediate threat to the health and safety of the children.

313 (6) A charter sponsor shall make available the school accountability report
314 card information as provided under section 160.522 and the results of the
315 academic monitoring required under subsection 3 of this section.

316 9. (1) A sponsor shall take all reasonable steps necessary to confirm that 317 each charter school sponsored by such sponsor is in material compliance and 318 remains in material compliance with all material provisions of the charter and 319 sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349. Every charter school shall provide all 320 information necessary to confirm ongoing compliance with all provisions of its 321 charter and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 in a timely manner to its 322 sponsor.

(2) The sponsor's renewal process of the charter school shall be based on
the thorough analysis of a comprehensive body of objective evidence and consider
if:

(a) The charter school has maintained results on its annual performance
report that meet or exceed the district in which the charter school is located
based on the performance standards that are applicable to the grade-level
configuration of both the charter school and the district in which the charter
school is located in three of the last four school years;

(b) The charter school is organizationally and fiscally viable determiningat a minimum that the school does not have:

a. A negative balance in its operating funds;

b. A combined balance of less than three percent of the amount expendedfor such funds during the previous fiscal year; or

c. Expenditures that exceed receipts for the most recently completed fiscalyear;

(c) The charter is in compliance with its legally binding performancecontract and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349; and

(d) The charter school has an annual performance report consistent with
a classification of accredited for three of the last four years and is fiscally viable
as described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision. If such is the case, the charter
school may have an expedited renewal process as defined by rule of the
department of elementary and secondary education.

345 (3) (a) Beginning August first during the year in which a charter is 346 considered for renewal, a charter school sponsor shall demonstrate to the state 347 board of education that the charter school is in compliance with federal and state 348 law as provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and the 349 school's performance contract including but not limited to those requirements 350 specific to academic performance.

351 (b) Along with data reflecting the academic performance standards 352 indicated in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the sponsor shall submit a revised 353 charter application to the state board of education for review. 354 (c) Using the data requested and the revised charter application under 355 paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, the state board of education shall 356 determine if compliance with all standards enumerated in this subdivision has 357 been achieved. The state board of education at its next regularly scheduled 358 meeting shall vote on the revised charter application.

(d) If a charter school sponsor demonstrates the objectives identified inthis subdivision, the state board of education shall renew the school's charter.

361 10. A school district may enter into a lease with a charter school for362 physical facilities.

363 11. A governing board or a school district employee who has control over 364 personnel actions shall not take unlawful reprisal against another employee at 365 the school district because the employee is directly or indirectly involved in an 366 application to establish a charter school. A governing board or a school district 367 employee shall not take unlawful reprisal against an educational program of the 368 school or the school district because an application to establish a charter school proposes the conversion of all or a portion of the educational program to a charter 369 370 school. As used in this subsection, "unlawful reprisal" means an action that is taken by a governing board or a school district employee as a direct result of a 371372 lawful application to establish a charter school and that is adverse to another 373 employee or an educational program.

12. Charter school board members shall be subject to the same liability for acts while in office as if they were regularly and duly elected members of school boards in any other public school district in this state. The governing board of a charter school may participate, to the same extent as a school board, in the Missouri public entity risk management fund in the manner provided under sections 537.700 to 537.756.

13. Any entity, either public or private, operating, administering, or
otherwise managing a charter school shall be considered a quasi-public
governmental body and subject to the provisions of sections 610.010 to 610.035.

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14. The chief financial officer of a charter school shall maintain:

384 (1) A surety bond in an amount determined by the sponsor to be adequate385 based on the cash flow of the school; [or]

386 (2) An insurance policy issued by an insurance company licensed to do
387 business in Missouri on all employees in the amount of five hundred thousand
388 dollars or more that provides coverage in the event of employee theft; or

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(3) The financial statements of the charter school sponsor in a

390 manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and
391 make such financial statements available to the public.

392 15. The department of elementary and secondary education shall calculate 393 an annual performance report for each charter school and shall publish it in the 394 same manner as annual performance reports are calculated and published for 395 districts and attendance centers.

396 16. The joint committee on education shall create a committee to 397 investigate facility access and affordability for charter schools. The committee 398 shall be comprised of equal numbers of the charter school sector and the public 399 school sector and shall report its findings to the general assembly by December 400 31, 2016.

355.846. 1. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a public benefit $\mathbf{2}$ corporation which is a church or convention or association of churches, a corporation upon written demand from a member or resident shall furnish that 3 4 member or resident its latest annual financial statements, which may be consolidated or combined statements of the corporation and one or more of its 5 6 subsidiaries or affiliates, as appropriate, that include a balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year and statement of operations for that year. If financial 78 statements are prepared for the corporation on the basis of generally accepted 9 accounting principles, the annual financial statements must also be prepared on that basis. 10

2. If annual financial statements are reported upon by a certified public
 accountant, the accountant's report must accompany them. If not, the statements
 must be accompanied by the statement of the president or the person responsible
 for the corporation's financial accounting records:

15 (1) Stating the president's or other person's reasonable belief as to 16 whether the statements were prepared on the basis of generally accepted 17 accounting principles and, if not, describing the basis of preparation; and

(2) Describing any respects in which the statements were not prepared on
a basis of accounting consistent with the statements prepared for the preceding
year.

3. Notwithstanding any provision of the articles or bylaws any corporation formed under this chapter that has a contract with the state or a political subdivision thereof the revenues from which exceed fifty percent of the entity's revenue for any year shall make its annual financial statements available to the government entity from which it 26 receives such revenue and to the public.

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