FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 248

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BROWN.

Read 1st time January 14, 2019, and ordered printed.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

1395S.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.610 and 287.615, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to workers' compensation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.610 and 287.615, RSMo, are repealed and two new

- 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 287.610 and 287.615, to
- 3 read as follows:

287.610. 1. After August 28, 2005, the division may appoint additional

- 2 administrative law judges for a maximum of forty authorized administrative law
- 3 judges. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 36.025 to the contrary,
- 4 after August 28, 2019, all administrative law judges appointed by the
- 5 division and all administrative law judges serving as of August 28, 2019,
- 6 shall be subject to a defined term as provided in this section. The
- 7 terms of those serving as of August 28, 2019, shall be staggered based
- 8 on their total months of service as an administrative law judge. The
- 9 terms of the thirteen administrative law judges with the most months
- 10 of service shall be two years. The terms of the thirteen administrative
- 11 law judges with the next most months of service shall be four
- 12 years. The terms of the administrative law judges appointed and not
- 13 previously referenced in this subsection shall be six years. Thereafter,
- 14 all terms of service shall be for six years. No administrative law judge
- 15 shall serve beyond his or her term unless reappointed by the
- 16 division. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy remaining in any term
- 17 may complete such term.
- 18 **2.** Appropriations shall be based upon necessity, measured by the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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requirements and needs of each division office. Administrative law judges shall be duly licensed lawyers under the laws of this state. Administrative law judges shall not practice law or [do] engage in the business of law [business] and shall devote their whole time to the duties of their office. The director of the division of workers' compensation shall publish and maintain on the division's website the appointment dates or initial dates of service for all administrative law judges.

- [2.] 3. The thirteen administrative law judges with the most [years] months of service shall be subject to a retention vote [on August 28, 2008] in September 2019. The next thirteen administrative law judges with the most [years] months of service in descending order shall be subject to a retention vote [on August 28, 2012] in September 2022. Administrative law judges appointed and not previously referenced in this subsection shall be subject to a retention vote [on August 28, 2016] in September 2025. Subsequent retention votes for each administrative law judge shall be held in like manner every [twelve] three years thereafter. Pursuant to subsection 8 of this section, any administrative law judge who has received two or more [votes] successive recommendations of no confidence under performance audits by the committee, performance audits by the director of the division of workers' compensation, or by operation of law, or by a combination of any such methods, shall not receive a vote of retention.
- [3.] 4. The administrative law judge review committee members shall not have any direct or indirect employment or financial connection with a workers' compensation insurance company, claims adjustment company, health care provider nor be a practicing workers' compensation attorney. All members of the committee shall have a working knowledge of workers' compensation.
- [4. The committee shall within thirty days of completing each performance audit make a recommendation of confidence or no confidence for each administrative law judge.]
- 5. The administrative law judges appointed by the division shall only have jurisdiction to hear and determine claims upon original hearing and shall have no jurisdiction upon any review hearing, either in the way of an appeal from an original hearing or by way of reopening any prior award, except to correct a clerical error in an award or settlement if the correction is made by the administrative law judge within twenty days of the original award or settlement. The labor and industrial relations commission may remand any

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55 decision of an administrative law judge for a more complete finding of facts. The 56 commission may also correct a clerical error in awards or settlements within thirty days of its final award. With respect to original hearings, the 57 administrative law judges shall have such jurisdiction and powers as are vested 58 in the division of workers' compensation under other sections of this chapter, and 59 wherever in this chapter the word "commission", "commissioners" or "division" is 60 used in respect to any original hearing, those terms shall mean the 61 62 administrative law judges appointed under this section. When a hearing is necessary upon any claim, the division shall assign an administrative law judge 63 64 to such hearing. Any administrative law judge shall have power to approve 65 contracts of settlement, as provided by section 287.390, between the parties to 66 any compensation claim or dispute under this chapter pending before the division 67 of workers' compensation. Any award by an administrative law judge upon an original hearing shall have the same force and effect, shall be enforceable in the 68 69 same manner as provided elsewhere in this chapter for awards by the labor and industrial relations commission, and shall be subject to review as provided by 70 section 287.480. 71

- 6. Any of the administrative law judges employed pursuant to this section may be assigned on a temporary basis to the branch offices as necessary in order to ensure the proper administration of this chapter.
- 75 7. All administrative law judges shall be required to participate in, on a continuing basis, specific training that shall pertain to those elements of 76 knowledge and procedure necessary for the efficient and competent performance 7778 of the administrative law judges' required duties and responsibilities. Such 79 training requirements shall be established by the division subject to appropriations and shall include training in medical determinations and records, 80 mediation and legal issues pertaining to workers' compensation 81 adjudication. Such training may be credited toward any continuing legal 82 education requirements. 83
- 84 8. (1) The administrative law judge review committee shall conduct a performance audit of all administrative law judges every two years. [The audit results, stating the committee's recommendation of confidence or no confidence of each administrative law judge shall be sent to the governor no later than the first week of each legislative session immediately following such audit.] The committee shall, within thirty days of completing each performance audit, make a recommendation of confidence or no confidence for each

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91 administrative law judge. If the committee fails to present such 92recommendation within the time limit prescribed, such 93 recommendation shall be made within thirty days thereafter by the director of the division of workers' compensation based on his or her own review. Failure of both parties to make a recommendation shall 95be deemed to be a recommendation of no confidence for purposes of 96 this section. Any administrative law judge who has received [three] two or 97more [votes of no confidence under two successive performance audits by the 98 99 committeel successive recommendations of no confidence under performance audits by the committee, performance audits by the 100 director of the division of workers' compensation, or by operation of 101 102 law, or by a combination of any such methods, may have [their] his or her 103 appointment immediately withdrawn.

- (2) The review committee shall consist of one member appointed by the 105 president pro tem of the senate, one member appointed by the minority leader of 106 the senate, one member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, 107 and one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives. The governor shall appoint to the committee one member 108 109 selected from the commission on retirement, removal, and discipline of judges. This member shall act as a member ex officio and shall not have a vote 110 111 in the committee. The committee shall annually elect a chairperson from its 112 members for a term of one year. The term of service for all members shall be two years and members shall be eligible for reappointment. Upon the 113 114 expiration of such term, the position shall be vacant until a new appointment is made. The review committee members shall all serve without 115116 compensation. Necessary expenses for review committee members and all necessary support services to the review committee shall be provided by the 118 division.
- 119 9. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of 120 this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. 121

287.615. 1. The division may appoint or employ such persons as may be 2 necessary to the proper administration of this chapter. All salaries [to clerical employees] of employees, including administrative law judges, shall be fixed by the division and [approved by the labor and industrial relations commission. Beginning January 1, 2006, the annual salary of each SB 248 5

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6 administrative law judge, administrative law judge in charge, and chief legal 7 counsel shall be as follows:

- (1) For any chief legal counsel located at the division office in Jefferson City, Missouri, compensation at two thousand dollars above eighty percent of the rate at which an associate circuit judge is compensated;
- 11 (2) For each administrative law judge, compensation at ninety percent of 12 the rate at which an associate division circuit judge is compensated;
 - (3) For each administrative law judge in charge, compensation at the same rate as an administrative law judge plus five thousand dollars] shall be subject to appropriation.
 - 2. The salary of the director of the division of workers' compensation shall be set by the director of the department of labor and industrial relations, but shall not be less than the salary plus two thousand dollars of an administrative law judge in charge. The appointees in each classification shall be selected as nearly as practicable in equal numbers from each of the two political parties casting the highest and the next highest number of votes for governor in the last preceding state election.



