FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 148

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2013

0639H.03T

AN ACT

To repeal sections 137.090, 137.095, 301.140, as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 470, merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate bill no. 568, merged with conference committee substitute for senate bill no. 611, ninety-sixth general assembly, second regular session, 301.140, as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house bill no. 1402, ninety-sixth general assembly, second regular session, and 301.193, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to salvage motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 137.090, 137.095, 301.140, as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house bill no. 1402, merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 470, merged with conference committee substitute for senate bill no. 568, merged with conference committee substitute for senate bill no. 611, ninety-sixth general assembly, second regular session, 301.140, as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for house bill no. 1402, ninety-sixth general assembly, second regular session, and 301.193, RSMo, are repealed and five new

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12 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 137.090, 137.095,

13 301.140, 301.193, and 301.642, to read as follows:

137.090. 1. All tangible personal property of whatever nature and character situate in a county other than the one in which the owner resides shall be assessed in the county where the owner resides; except that, houseboats, cabin cruisers, floating boat docks, and manufactured homes, as defined in section 700.010, used for lodging shall be assessed in the county where they are located, and tangible personal property belonging to estates shall be assessed in the county in which the probate division of the circuit court has jurisdiction. Tangible personal property, other than motor vehicles as the term is defined in section 301.010, used exclusively in connection with farm operations of the owner and kept on the farmland, shall not be assessed by a city, town or 11 village unless the farmland is totally within the boundaries of the city, town or village. No tangible personal property shall be simultaneously assessed in more 12 13 than one county.

2. The assessed valuation of any tractor or trailer as defined in section 301.010 owned by an individual, partner, or member and used in interstate commerce must be apportioned to Missouri based on the ratio of miles traveled in this state to miles traveled in the United States in interstate commerce during the preceding tax year or on the basis of the most recent annual mileage figures available.

137.095. 1. The real and tangible personal property of all corporations operating in any county in the state of Missouri and in the city of St. Louis, and subject to assessment by county or township assessors, shall be assessed and taxed in the county in which the property is situated on the first day of January of the year for which the taxes are assessed, and every general or business corporation having or owning tangible personal property on the first day of January in each year, which is situated in any other county than the one in which the corporation is located, shall make return to the assessor of the county or township where the property is situated, in the same manner as other tangible personal property is required by law to be returned, except that all motor vehicles which are the property of the corporation and which are subject to regulation 11 12 under chapter 390 shall be assessed for tax purposes in the county in which the motor vehicles are based. 13

2. For the purposes of subsection 1 of this section, the term "based" means

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the place where the vehicle is most frequently dispatched, garaged, serviced, maintained, operated or otherwise controlled, except that leased passenger vehicles shall be assessed at the residence of the driver or, if the residence of the driver is unknown, at the location of the lessee.

- 3. The assessed valuation of any tractor or trailer as defined in section 301.010 owned by a corporation and used in interstate commerce must be apportioned to Missouri based on the ratio of miles traveled in this state to miles traveled in the United States in interstate commerce during the preceding tax year or on the basis of the most recent annual mileage figures available.
- 301.140. 1. Upon the transfer of ownership of any motor vehicle or trailer, the certificate of registration and the right to use the number plates shall expire and the number plates shall be removed by the owner at the time of the transfer of possession, and it shall be unlawful for any person other than the person to whom such number plates were originally issued to have the same in his or her possession whether in use or not, unless such possession is solely for charitable 7 purposes; except that the buyer of a motor vehicle or trailer who trades in a motor vehicle or trailer may attach the license plates from the traded-in motor vehicle or trailer to the newly purchased motor vehicle or trailer. The operation of a motor vehicle with such transferred plates shall be lawful for no more than thirty 10 days. As used in this subsection, the term "trade-in motor vehicle or trailer" shall 11 include any single motor vehicle or trailer sold by the buyer of the newly 12 purchased vehicle or trailer, as long as the license plates for the trade-in motor 13 vehicle or trailer are still valid. 14
- 15 2. In the case of a transfer of ownership the original owner may register 16 another motor vehicle under the same number, upon the payment of a fee of two 17 dollars, if the motor vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of 18 that originally registered. When such motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, 19 20 gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, applicant shall pay a 21transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion for the difference in fees. When 22such vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in case of a passenger-carrying 23 commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, 24applicant shall not be entitled to a refund. 25
 - 3. License plates may be transferred from a motor vehicle which will no

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27 longer be operated to a newly purchased motor vehicle by the owner of such 28 vehicles. The owner shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars if the newly purchased vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying 29 30 commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that of the vehicle which will no longer be operated. When the newly purchased motor vehicle is of 31 32 greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying 33 commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, 34 the applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion of the 35 difference in fees. When the newly purchased vehicle is of less horsepower, gross 36 weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating 37 capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, the applicant shall not be entitled 38 to a refund.

4. The director of the department of revenue shall have authority to produce or allow others to produce a weather resistant, nontearing temporary permit authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle or trailer by a buyer for not more than thirty days from the date of purchase. The temporary permit authorized under this section may be purchased by the purchaser of a motor vehicle or trailer from the central office of the department of revenue or from an authorized agent of the department of revenue upon proof of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer and upon proof of financial responsibility, or from a motor vehicle dealer upon purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer, or from a motor vehicle dealer upon purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has registered and is awaiting receipt of registration plates. The director of the department of revenue or a producer authorized by the director of the department of revenue may make temporary permits available to registered dealers in this state, authorized agents of the department of revenue or the department of revenue. The price paid by a motor vehicle dealer, an authorized agent of the department of revenue or the department of revenue for a temporary permit shall not exceed five dollars for each permit. The director of the department of revenue shall direct motor vehicle dealers and authorized agents to obtain temporary permits from an authorized producer. Amounts received by the director of the department of revenue for temporary permits shall constitute state revenue; however, amounts received by an authorized producer other than the director of the department of revenue shall not constitute state revenue and any amounts received by motor vehicle dealers HCS SB 148

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63 or authorized agents for temporary permits purchased from a producer other than the director of the department of revenue shall not constitute state revenue. In 64 no event shall revenues from the general revenue fund or any other state fund be 65 utilized to compensate motor vehicle dealers or other producers for their role in 66 producing temporary permits as authorized under this section. Amounts that do 67 not constitute state revenue under this section shall also not constitute fees for 68 registration or certificates of title to be collected by the director of the department 69 of revenue under section 301.190. No motor vehicle dealer, authorized agent or 70 the department of revenue shall charge more than five dollars for each permit 71issued. The permit shall be valid for a period of thirty days from the date of 72 purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer, or from the date of sale of the motor vehicle 74 or trailer by a motor vehicle dealer for which the purchaser obtains a permit as 75 set out above. No permit shall be issued for a vehicle under this section unless the buyer shows proof of financial responsibility. Each temporary permit issued 76 77 shall be securely fastened to the back or rear of the motor vehicle in a manner and place on the motor vehicle consistent with registration plates so that all parts 78 79 and qualities of the temporary permit thereof shall be plainly and clearly visible, reasonably clean and are not impaired in any way. 80

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- 5. The permit shall be issued on a form prescribed by the director of the department of revenue and issued only for the applicant's temporary operation of the motor vehicle or trailer purchased to enable the applicant to temporarily operate the motor vehicle while proper title and registration plates are being obtained, or while awaiting receipt of registration plates, and shall be displayed on no other motor vehicle. Temporary permits issued pursuant to this section shall not be transferable or renewable and shall not be valid upon issuance of proper registration plates for the motor vehicle or trailer. The director of the department of revenue shall determine the size, material, design, numbering configuration, construction, and color of the permit. The director of the department of revenue, at his or her discretion, shall have the authority to reissue, and thereby extend the use of, a temporary permit previously and legally issued for a motor vehicle or trailer while proper title and registration are being obtained.
- 6. Every motor vehicle dealer that issues temporary permits shall keep, for inspection by proper officers, an accurate record of each permit issued by recording the permit number, the motor vehicle dealer's number, buyer's name and address, the motor vehicle's year, make, and manufacturer's vehicle

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- identification number, and the permit's date of issuance and expiration 100 date. Upon the issuance of a temporary permit by either the central office of the department of revenue, a motor vehicle dealer or an authorized agent of the 101 department of revenue, the director of the department of revenue shall make the 102103 information associated with the issued temporary permit immediately available to the law enforcement community of the state of Missouri. 104
- 7. Upon the transfer of ownership of any currently registered motor 106 vehicle wherein the owner cannot transfer the license plates due to a change of 107 motor vehicle category, the owner may surrender the license plates issued to the motor vehicle and receive credit for any unused portion of the original 108 109 registration fee against the registration fee of another motor vehicle. Such credit 110 shall be granted based upon the date the license plates are surrendered. No refunds shall be made on the unused portion of any license plates surrendered for such credit.
- 113 8. The provisions of subsections 4, 5, and 6 of this section shall expire 114 July 1, 2019.
- 115 9. An additional temporary license plate produced in a manner and of materials determined by the director to be the most cost-effective means of 116 117 production with a configuration that matches an existing or newly issued plate 118 may be purchased by a motor vehicle owner to be placed in the interior of the 119 vehicle's rear window such that the driver's view out of the rear window is not obstructed and the plate configuration is clearly visible from the outside of the 120 121 vehicle to serve as the visible plate when a bicycle rack or other item obstructs 122the view of the actual plate. Such temporary plate is only authorized for use 123 when the matching actual plate is affixed to the vehicle in the manner prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.130. The fee charged for the temporary plate shall 124 be equal to the fee charged for a temporary permit issued under subsection 4 of 125this section. Replacement temporary plates authorized in this subsection may be 126 issued as needed upon the payment of a fee equal to the fee charged for a 127128 temporary permit under subsection 4 of this section. The newly produced third plate may only be used on the vehicle with the matching plate, and the additional 129 130 plate shall be clearly recognizable as a third plate and only used for the purpose 131 specified in this subsection.
 - 10. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 301.127, the director may issue a temporary permit to an individual who possesses a salvage motor vehicle which requires an inspection under subsection

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135 9 of section 301.190. The operation of a salvage motor vehicle for which the permit has been issued shall be limited to the most direct route 136 137 from the residence, maintenance, or storage facility of the individual in possession of such motor vehicle to the nearest authorized 138 139 inspection facility and return to the originating location. Notwithstanding any other requirements for the issuance of 140 a temporary permit under this section, an individual obtaining a 141 142 temporary permit for the purpose of operating a motor vehicle to and from an examination facility as prescribed in this subsection shall also 143 purchase the required motor vehicle examination form which is 144 145 required to be completed for an examination under subsection 9 of section 301.190 and provide satisfactory evidence that such vehicle has 146 147 passed a motor vehicle safety inspection for such vehicle as required in section 307.350. 148

11. The director of the department of revenue may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2012, shall be invalid and void.

[11.] 12. The repeal and reenactment of this section shall become effective on the date the department of revenue or a producer authorized by the director of the department of revenue begins producing temporary permits described in subsection 4 of such section, or on July 1, 2013, whichever occurs first. If the director of revenue or a producer authorized by the director of the department of revenue begins producing temporary permits prior to July 1, 2013, the director of the department of revenue shall notify the revisor of statutes of such fact.

301.193. 1. Any person who purchases or is the owner of real property on which vehicles, as defined in section 301.010, vessels or watercraft, as defined in section 306.010, or outboard motors, as that term is used in section 306.530, have been abandoned, without the consent of said purchaser or owner of the real

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property, may apply to the department of revenue for a certificate of title. Any insurer which purchases a vehicle through the claims adjustment process for which the insurer is unable to obtain a negotiable title may make an application to the department of revenue for a salvage certificate of title pursuant to this section. Prior to making application for a certificate of title on a vehicle under this section, the insurer or owner of the real estate shall have the vehicle 10 inspected by law enforcement pursuant to subsection 9 of section 301.190, and 12 shall have law enforcement perform a check in the national crime information center and any appropriate statewide law enforcement computer to determine if 13 14 the vehicle has been reported stolen and the name and address of the person to 15 whom the vehicle was last titled and any lienholders of record. The insurer or owner or purchaser of the real estate shall, thirty days prior to making 17 application for title, notify any owners or lienholders of record for the vehicle by certified mail that the owner intends to apply for a certificate of title from the 18 19 director for the abandoned vehicle. The application for title shall be accompanied 20 by:

- (1) A statement explaining the circumstances by which the property came into the insurer, owner or purchaser's possession; a description of the property including the year, make, model, vehicle identification number and any decal or license plate that may be affixed to the vehicle; the current location of the property; and the retail value of the property;
- (2) An inspection report of the property, if it is a vehicle, by a law enforcement agency pursuant to subsection 9 of section 301.190; and
- (3) A copy of the thirty-day notice and certified mail receipt mailed to any owner and any person holding a valid security interest of record.
- 2. Upon receipt of the application and supporting documents, the director shall search the records of the department of revenue, or initiate an inquiry with another state, if the evidence presented indicated the property described in the application was registered or titled in another state, to verify the name and address of any owners and any lienholders. If the latest owner or lienholder was not notified the director shall inform the insurer, owner, or purchaser of the real estate of the latest owner and lienholder information so that notice may be given as required by subsection 1 of this section. Any owner or lienholder receiving notification may protest the issuance of title by, within the thirty-day notice period and may file a petition to recover the vehicle, naming the insurer or owner of the real estate and serving a copy of the petition on the director of

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- revenue. The director shall not be a party to such petition but shall, upon receipt of the petition, suspend the processing of any further certificate of title until the rights of all parties to the vehicle are determined by the court. Once all requirements are satisfied the director shall issue one of the following:
- 45 (1) An original certificate of title if the vehicle examination certificate, as 46 provided in section 301.190, indicates that the vehicle was not previously in a 47 salvaged condition or rebuilt;
 - (2) An original certificate of title designated as prior salvage if the vehicle examination certificate as provided in section 301.190 indicates the vehicle was previously in a salvaged condition or rebuilt;
 - (3) A salvage certificate of title designated with the words "salvage/abandoned property" or junking certificate based on the condition of the property as stated in the inspection report. An insurer purchasing a vehicle through the claims adjustment process under this section shall only be eligible to obtain a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate.
 - 3. Any insurer which purchases a vehicle that is currently titled in Missouri through the claims adjustment process for which the insurer is unable to obtain a negotiable title may make application to the department of revenue for a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate. Such application may be made by the insurer or its designated salvage pool on a form provided by the department and signed under penalty of perjury. The application shall include a declaration that the insurer has made at least two written attempts to obtain the certificate of title, transfer documents, or other acceptable evidence of title, and be accompanied by proof of claims payment from the insurer, evidence that letters were [delivered] sent to the vehicle owner, a statement explaining the circumstances by which the property came into the insurer's possession, a description of the property including the year, make, model, vehicle identification number, and current location of the property, and the fee prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.190. The insurer shall, thirty days prior to making application for title, notify any owners or lienholders of record for the vehicle that the insurer intends to apply for a certificate of title from the director for the vehicle. Upon receipt of the application and supporting documents, the director shall search the records of the department of revenue to verify the name and address of any owners and any lienholders. [After thirty days from receipt of the application,] If the director identifies any additional owner or lienholder who has not been notified by the insurer, the director shall inform the insurer

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of such additional owner or lienholder and the insurer shall notify the additional owner or lienholder of the insured's intent to obtain title as prescribed in this section. If no valid lienholders have notified the department of the existence of a lien, the department shall issue a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate for the vehicle in the name of the insurer.

301.642. Any insurer which purchases a motor vehicle or trailer through the claims adjustment process for which there is a valid lien or encumbrance perfected under sections 301.600 to 301.640 may, as an alternative to obtaining a lien release under section 301.640, apply for a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate on such motor vehicle or trailer by following the procedures in this section. The insurer may request a letter of guarantee from the lienholder containing a description of the motor vehicle or trailer, including the vehicle identification number, and indicating the amount payable by the insurer to the lienholder in order to release the lien. Upon receipt from the lienholder of such letter of guarantee, the insurer may, within 11 12 ten days of such receipt, remit payment to the lienholder in accordance 13 with the letter of guarantee, and, if such payment satisfies the lien amount indicated in the letter of guarantee to release the lien, the 14 15 lienholder shall provide proof of satisfaction to the insurer. This procedure shall be followed for each lienholder indicated on the 17 certificate of ownership for the motor vehicle or trailer. Such letter of 18 guarantee and corresponding proof of payment need not be notarized 19 and may be immediately transmitted electronically. The insurer may 20 then submit proof of such payments, a copy of each letter of guarantee, and the title for such motor vehicle or trailer to the department of 2122revenue. The department shall accept such documents in lieu of a lien 23 release and process the insurer's application.

[301.140. 1. Upon the transfer of ownership of any motor vehicle or trailer, the certificate of registration and the right to use the number plates shall expire and the number plates shall be removed by the owner at the time of the transfer of possession, and it shall be unlawful for any person other than the person to whom such number plates were originally issued to have the same in his or her possession whether in use or not, unless such possession is solely for charitable purposes; except that the buyer of a motor vehicle or trailer who trades in a motor vehicle or trailer may

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attach the license plates from the traded-in motor vehicle or trailer to the newly purchased motor vehicle or trailer. The operation of a motor vehicle with such transferred plates shall be lawful for no more than thirty days. As used in this subsection, the term "trade-in motor vehicle or trailer" shall include any single motor vehicle or trailer sold by the buyer of the newly purchased vehicle or trailer, as long as the license plates for the trade-in motor vehicle or trailer are still valid.

2. In the case of a transfer of ownership the original owner may register another motor vehicle under the same number, upon the payment of a fee of two dollars, if the motor vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that originally registered. When such motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion for the difference in fees. When such vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.

3. License plates may be transferred from a motor vehicle which will no longer be operated to a newly purchased motor vehicle by the owner of such vehicles. The owner shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars if the newly purchased vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that of the vehicle which will no longer be operated. When the newly purchased motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, the applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion of the difference in fees. When the newly purchased vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, the applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.

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4. Upon the sale of a motor vehicle or trailer by a dealer, a buyer who has made application for registration, by mail or otherwise, may operate the same for a period of thirty days after taking possession thereof, if during such period the motor vehicle or trailer shall have attached thereto, in the manner required by section 301.130, number plates issued to the dealer. Upon application and presentation of proof of financial responsibility as required under subsection 5 of this section and satisfactory evidence that the buyer has applied for registration, a dealer may furnish such number plates to the buyer for such temporary use. In such event, the dealer shall require the buyer to deposit the sum of ten dollars and fifty cents to be returned to the buyer upon return of the number plates as a guarantee that said buyer will return to the dealer such number plates within thirty days. The director shall issue a temporary permit authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle or trailer by a buyer for not more than thirty days of the date of purchase.

5. The temporary permit shall be made available by the director of revenue and may be purchased from the department of revenue upon proof of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer and upon proof of financial responsibility, or from a dealer upon purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer. The director shall make temporary permits available to registered dealers in this state or authorized agents of the department of revenue in sets of ten permits. The fee for the temporary permit shall be seven dollars and fifty cents for each permit or plate issued. No dealer or authorized agent shall charge more than seven dollars and fifty cents for each permit issued. The permit shall be valid for a period of thirty days from the date of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer, or from the date of sale of the motor vehicle or trailer by a dealer for which the purchaser obtains a permit as set out above. No permit shall be issued for a vehicle under this section unless the buyer shows proof of financial responsibility.

6. The permit shall be issued on a form prescribed by the

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director and issued only for the applicant's use in the operation of the motor vehicle or trailer purchased to enable the applicant to legally operate the vehicle while proper title and registration plate are being obtained, and shall be displayed on no other vehicle. Temporary permits issued pursuant to this section shall not be transferable or renewable and shall not be valid upon issuance of proper registration plates for the motor vehicle or trailer. The director shall determine the size and numbering configuration, construction, and color of the permit.

- 7. The dealer or authorized agent shall insert the date of issuance and expiration date, year, make, and manufacturer's number of vehicle on the permit when issued to the buyer. The dealer shall also insert such dealer's number on the permit. Every dealer that issues a temporary permit shall keep, for inspection of proper officers, a correct record of each permit issued by recording the permit or plate number, buyer's name and address, year, make, manufacturer's vehicle identification number on which the permit is to be used, and the date of issuance.
- 8. Upon the transfer of ownership of any currently registered motor vehicle wherein the owner cannot transfer the license plates due to a change of vehicle category, the owner may surrender the license plates issued to the motor vehicle and receive credit for any unused portion of the original registration fee against the registration fee of another motor vehicle. Such credit shall be granted based upon the date the license plates are surrendered. No refunds shall be made on the unused portion of any license plates surrendered for such credit.
- 9. An additional temporary license plate produced in a manner and of materials determined by the director to be the most cost-effective means of production with a configuration that matches an existing or newly issued plate may be purchased by a motor vehicle owner to be placed in the interior of the vehicle's rear window such that the driver's view out of the rear window is not obstructed and the plate configuration is clearly visible from the outside of the vehicle to serve as the visible plate when a bicycle rack or other item obstructs the view of the actual plate. Such

temporary plate is only authorized for use when the matching actual plate is affixed to the vehicle in the manner prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.130. The fee charged for the temporary plate shall be equal to the fee charged for a temporary permit issued under subsection 5 of this section. Replacement temporary plates authorized in this subsection may be issued as needed upon the payment of a fee equal to the fee charged for a temporary permit under subsection 5 of this section. The newly produced third plate may only be used on the vehicle with the matching plate, and the additional plate shall be clearly recognizable as a third plate and only used for the purpose specified in this subsection.

10. The director may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2012, shall be invalid and void.]

