FIRST REGULAR SESSION

House Concurrent Resolution No. 11

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE MORRIS (140).

1342H.01I

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

WHEREAS, extensive and credible reports have revealed mass killing of prisoners of conscience in the People's Republic of China, primarily practitioners of the spiritual-based exercises of Falun Gong but also other religious and ethnic minority groups, in order to obtain organs for transplants; and

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WHEREAS, the organ transplantation system in China does not comply with the World Health Organization's Guiding Principles of traceability and transparency in organ procurement pathways, and the government of the People's Republic of China has resisted independent scrutiny of the system; and

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WHEREAS, traditional Chinese custom requires bodies to be preserved intact after death. Despite rare voluntary organ donation, however, China's transplantation industry significantly increased since 2000; and

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WHEREAS, the 2017 Freedom House Report, "The Battle for China's Spirit", states that "Available evidence suggests that forced extraction of organs from Falun Gong detainees for sale in transplant operations has occurred on a large scale and may be continuing"; and

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WHEREAS, an investigative report, published in June 2016, conducted by human rights attorney, David Matas; former Canadian secretary of state for Asia-Pacific, David Kilgour; and journalist, Ethan Gutmann, estimates that China is performing 60,000 to 100,000 transplants per year as opposed to 10,000 transplants claimed by the Chinese government, which is "an industrial-scale, state-directed organ transplantation system, controlled through national policies and funding, and implicating both the military and civilian healthcare systems"; and

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WHEREAS, China's Liver Transplant Registry System indicated that more than twenty-five percent of cases were emergency transplants, for which an organ was found within days or

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even hours. Wait times for nonemergency liver transplants were usually quoted in weeks; most patients in other countries have to wait years for a transplant; and

WHEREAS, the Chinese government claims that ninety percent of China's organ transplant sources come from executed prisoners. However, the number of executions has dropped ten percent annually since 2002 and is far less than the number of transplants taking place. The government has never acknowledged the sourcing of organs from prisoners of conscience; and

 WHEREAS, Falun Gong, a spiritual practice involving meditative "qigong" exercises and centered on the values of truthfulness, compassion, and forbearance, became immensely popular in China in the 1990s, with multiple estimates placing the number of practitioners at upwards of 70 million; and

 WHEREAS, in July 1999, the Chinese Communist Party launched an intensive, nationwide persecution, including physical and mental torture, designed to eradicate the spiritual practice of Falun Gong, reflecting the party's long-standing intolerance of large, independent civil society groups; and

WHEREAS, since 1999, hundreds of thousands of Falun Gong practitioners have been detained extralegally in Chinese reeducation-through-labor camps, detention centers, and prisons where torture, abuse, and implausible medical exams and blood tests on Falun Gong practitioners are routine; and

WHEREAS, Freedom House reported in 2015 that Falun Gong practitioners comprise the largest portion of prisoners of conscience in China and face an elevated risk of dying or being killed in custody; and

 WHEREAS, the United Nations Committee Against Torture and the Special Rapporteur on Torture have expressed concern over the allegations of organ harvesting from Falun Gong prisoners and have called on the Government of the People's Republic of China to increase accountability and transparency in the organ transplant system and punish those responsible for abuses; and

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62	WHEREAS, in June 2016, the United States House of Representatives unanimously
63	passed House Resolution 343, condemning the systematic, state-sanctioned organ harvesting
64	from Falun Gong and other prisoners of conscience; and
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66	WHEREAS, the killing of religious or political prisoners for the purpose of selling their
67	organs for transplant is an egregious and intolerable violation of the fundamental right to live;
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70	WHEREAS, organ tourism to China should not be shielded by medical confidentiality,
71	but openly monitored. No nation should allow its citizens to go to China for organs until China
72	has allowed a full investigation into organ harvesting from prisoners of conscience, both past and
73	present:
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75	NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the members of the House of
76	Representatives of the One Hundredth General Assembly, First Regular Session, the Senate
77	concurring therein, hereby:
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79	(1) Call on the Government of the People's Republic of China to immediately end the
80	practice of organ harvesting from all prisoners and prisoners of conscience, and explicitly from
81	Falun Gong prisoners of conscience and members of other religious and ethnic minority groups;
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83	(2) Call upon the Government of the People's Republic of China to immediately end the
84	18-year persecution of the Falun Gong and release all Falun Gong practitioners and other
85	prisoners of conscience;
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87	(3) Call upon the President of the United States to undertake a full and transparent
88	investigation by the United States Department of State into organ transplant practices in the
89	People's Republic of China, and to call for the prosecution of those found to have engaged in
90	such unethical practices;
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92	(4) Encourage the medical community of Missouri to engage in educating colleagues and
93	residents of Missouri about the risks of travel to China for organ transplants so as to help prevent
94	Missouri citizens from unwittingly becoming involved in murder in the form of forced organ
95	harvesting from prisoners of conscience; and

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(5) Agree to take measures to ban the entry of those who have participated in illegal removal of human tissues and organs, and seek prosecution of such individuals should they be found on the soil of Missouri; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the Missouri House of Representatives be instructed to prepare a properly inscribed copy of this resolution for the President and Vice President of the United States, the President Pro Tempore and Secretary of the United States Senate, the Speaker and Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the chair of the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, the chair of the House Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Missouri congressional delegation.

