FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 716

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHROER.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 287.067, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to workers' compensation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 287.067, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as sections 287.067 and 287.068, to read as follows:

287.067. 1. (1) In this chapter the term "occupational disease" is hereby defined to mean, unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context, an identifiable disease arising with or without human fault out of and in the course of the employment. Ordinary diseases of life to which the general public is exposed outside of the employment shall not be compensable, except where the diseases follow as an incident of an occupational disease as defined in this section. The disease need not to have been foreseen or expected but after its contraction it must appear to have had its origin in a risk connected with the employment and to have flowed from that source as a rational consequence.

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(2) For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

(a) "Diseases of the body systems and organs from carcinoma", any condition of
cancer affecting the skin or central nervous, lymphatic, digestive, hematological, urinary,
skeletal, oral, mammary, testicular, genitourinary, liver, or prostate system, as well as any
condition of cancer that may result from exposure to heat absorption, inhalation, ingestion,
or radiation;
(b) "Dispatchers", public sofety dispatchers, emergency medical dispatchers, police

(b) "Dispatchers", public safety dispatchers, emergency medical dispatchers, police
 dispatchers, emergency police dispatchers, emergency fire dispatchers, and any other
 emergency response dispatchers;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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(c) "Hazardous duty", the same meaning given to the term under 5 CFR 550.902;
(d) "Infectious disease", the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), acquired
immunodeficiency syndrome, tuberculosis, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, hepatitis
D, diphtheria, meningococcal meningitis, methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus,
hemorrhagic fever, plague, rabies, and severe acute respiratory syndrome;

(e) "Psychological stress" or "mental disorder", a condition, whether sudden or
 gradual in onset, that is diagnosed by a psychiatrist or psychologist and that requires
 medical services or results in physical or mental disability.

2. An injury or death by occupational disease is compensable only if the occupational 27 exposure was the prevailing factor in causing both the resulting medical condition and disability. 28 The "prevailing factor" is defined to be the primary factor, in relation to any other factor, causing 29 both the resulting medical condition and disability. Ordinary, gradual deterioration, or 30 progressive degeneration of the body caused by aging or by the normal activities of day-to-day 31 living shall not be compensable.

32 3. An injury due to repetitive motion is recognized as an occupational disease for 33 purposes of this chapter. An occupational disease due to repetitive motion is compensable only 34 if the occupational exposure was the prevailing factor in causing both the resulting medical 35 condition and disability. The "prevailing factor" is defined to be the primary factor, in relation 36 to any other factor, causing both the resulting medical condition and disability. Ordinary, 37 gradual deterioration, or progressive degeneration of the body caused by aging or by the normal 38 activities of day-to-day living shall not be compensable.

4. "Loss of hearing due to industrial noise" is recognized as an occupational disease for
purposes of this chapter and is hereby defined to be a loss of hearing in one or both ears due to
prolonged exposure to harmful noise in employment. "Harmful noise" means sound capable of
producing occupational deafness.

5. "Radiation disability" is recognized as an occupational disease for purposes of this chapter and is hereby defined to be that disability due to radioactive properties or substances or to Roentgen rays (X-rays) or exposure to ionizing radiation caused by any process involving the use of or direct contact with radium or radioactive properties or substances or the use of or direct exposure to Roentgen rays (X-rays) or ionizing radiation.

6. [Disease] (1) Diseases of the lungs or respiratory tract[, hypotension, hypertension, or disease]; diseases of the heart or cardiovascular system, including hypotension and hypertension; diseases of the blood; diseases of the bone marrow; and diseases of the body systems and organs from carcinoma[,] may be recognized as occupational diseases for the purposes of this chapter and are defined to be disability due to exposure to smoke, gases, carcinogens, or inadequate oxygen, of paid or volunteer firefighters, paramedics, and

emergency medical technicians of a [paid] fire department or fire district or paid police
 officers of a paid police department certified under chapter 590 [if a direct causal relationship
 is established, or].

(2) Psychological stress and mental disorders may be recognized as occupational diseases for the purposes of this chapter and are defined to be a disability due to exposure to stressful events of paid or volunteer firefighters, paramedics, and emergency medical technicians of a [paid] fire department or fire district or paid peace officers of a police department who are certified under chapter 590 if [a direct causal relationship] the psychological stress or mental disorder is established as having arisen from exposure to the stressful event or events.

64 7. Any employee who is exposed to and contracts any contagious or communicable
65 disease arising out of and in the course of his or her employment shall be eligible for benefits
66 under this chapter as an occupational disease.

8. With regard to occupational disease due to repetitive motion, if the exposure to the repetitive motion which is found to be the cause of the injury is for a period of less than three months and the evidence demonstrates that the exposure to the repetitive motion with the immediate prior employer was the prevailing factor in causing the injury, the prior employer shall be liable for such occupational disease.

72 9. (1) Any infectious disease; disease of the lung or respiratory tract; disease of the 73 heart or cardiovascular system, including hypotension or hypertension; disease of the 74 blood; or disease of the bone marrow contracted by a paid, volunteer, or retired firefighter, 75 paramedic, or emergency medical technician of a fire department or fire district shall be 76 presumed as an occupational disease if there is reasonable medical evidence that the 77 firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician was free of such disease at the beginning of his or her employment or volunteer service for the fire department or fire 78 79 district.

(2) The employer of the firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician
shall provide any reasonable medical evidence that would tend to prove that the firefighter,
paramedic, or emergency medical technician was or was not free of such disease at the
beginning of his or her employment or volunteer service for the fire department or fire
district.

(3) If the employer fails to produce any reasonable medical evidence, such disease
of the firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician shall be presumed an
occupational disease in the same manner as if the employer had produced reasonable
medical evidence that the firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician was free

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of such disease at the beginning of his or her employment or volunteer service for the fire
 department or fire district.

91 **10.** (1) Psychological stress or mental disorders of a paid, volunteer, or retired 92 firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, or other emergency medical service 93 worker or dispatcher, of a fire department or fire district or paid peace officer of a paid 94 police department certified under chapter 590 shall be presumed as an occupational 95 disease that was contracted in the course and scope of employment.

96 (2) A paid, volunteer, or retired firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical 97 technician, or other emergency medical service worker or dispatcher, of a fire department 98 or fire district or paid peace officer of a paid police department certified under chapter 590 99 who is diagnosed with post-traumatic stress disorder, psychological stress, or a mental 100 disorder during employment or during volunteer service or within three years of the last 101 active date of employment or volunteer service shall be eligible for compensation benefits 102 as otherwise provided for in this chapter, with no showing regarding causality required.

103 11. A disease of the body system or organ from carcinoma contracted by a paid,
 104 volunteer, or retired firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician of a fire
 105 department or fire district shall be presumed as an occupational disease if:

(1) The firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician has been assigned
 to at least five years of hazardous duty as a firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical
 technician;

(2) The firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician was exposed to an
 agent classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer or its successor
 organization as a group 1 or 2A carcinogen or classified as a cancer-causing agent by the
 American Cancer Society, the American Association for Cancer Research, the Agency for
 Healthcare Research and Quality, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, the National
 Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, or the National Cancer Institute;

(3) Twenty years have not elapsed since the firefighter, paramedic, or emergency
 medical technician was last assigned to hazardous duty as a firefighter, paramedic, or
 emergency medical technician before the diagnosis of cancer; and

(4) At the time of the diagnosis of cancer, the firefighter, paramedic, or emergency
 medical technician is not seventy years of age or older.

120 **12.** The cancer presumption described in subsection 11 of this section shall be 121 rebuttable if:

(1) There is evidence that the exposure to the personal use of cigarettes, tobacco
 products, or other conditions presenting an extremely high risk for the development of the
 cancer alleged more than likely was the prevailing factor in the cause of progression of the

125 cancer, and such exposure occurred outside the scope of employment or volunteer service

126 as a firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical technician; or

127 (2) There is evidence that the firefighter, paramedic, or emergency medical 128 technician incurred the type of cancer alleged before becoming a member of the fire 129 department or fire district.

130 13. The psychological stress or mental disorder presumption described in 131 subdivision (1) of subsection 10 of this section shall be rebuttable if:

132 (1) There is evidence that the condition existed before the commencement of 133 employment or volunteer service;

134 (2) The prevailing factor in causing the condition is a factor unrelated to the 135 employment or volunteer service; or

136 (3) The prevailing factor in causing the condition is an exposure occurring outside 137 the scope of employment or volunteer service.

138 14. Subsections 9 to 13 of this section shall apply to paid, volunteer, and retired 139 firefighters, paramedics, and emergency medical technicians of all fire departments of all

140 counties, political subdivisions, cities, towns, fire districts, and other governmental units.

141 Subsection 10 of this section shall also apply to other paid, volunteer, and retired

142 emergency medical service workers and dispatchers of all fire departments of all counties, 143 political subdivisions, cities, towns, fire districts, and other governmental units.

1. The division shall prepare a report containing the following 287.068. 2 information regarding presumed claims under subsections 9, 10, and 11 of section 287.067:

3 (1) The number of approved claims;

4 (2) The number of disapproved claims;

(3) The number of active claims; and

6 (4) The cost related to claims described under subdivisions (1) and (3) of this 7 subsection.

8 2. The division shall submit the report required under subsection 1 of this section 9 before August 28, 2021, and an updated report every two years thereafter, to all of the 10 following:

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- (1) The speaker and the minority leader of the house of representatives; 12
 - (2) The president pro tempore and the minority leader of the senate;
- 13 (3) The Missouri Association of Fire Chiefs or its successor organization;
- 14 (4) The Fire Fighters Association of Missouri or its successor organization; and
- 15 (5) The Missouri Municipal League or its successor organization.