FIRST REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

HOUSE BILL NO. 476

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

0923H.01T

2021

AN ACT

To repeal sections 281.015, 281.020, 281.025, 281.030, 281.035, 281.037, 281.038, 281.040, 281.045, 281.050, 281.055, 281.060, 281.063, 281.065, 281.070, 281.075, 281.085, 281.101, 324.009, 324.012, 324.200, 324.206, 327.011, 327.091, 327.101, 327.131, 327.191, 327.241, 327.612, 337.068, 338.010, 338.710, 339.100, and 339.150, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-seven new sections relating to professional registration, with a delayed effective date for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 281.015, 281.020, 281.025, 281.030, 281.035, 281.037, 281.038, 2 281.040, 281.045, 281.050, 281.055, 281.060, 281.063, 281.065, 281.070, 281.075, 281.085, 3 281.101, 324.009, 324.012, 324.200, 324.206, 327.011, 327.091, 327.101, 327.131, 327.191, 4 327.241, 327.612, 337.068, 338.010, 338.710, 339.100, and 339.150, RSMo, are repealed and 5 thirty-seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 281.015, 281.020, 6 281.025, 281.030, 281.035, 281.037, 281.038, 281.040, 281.045, 281.048, 281.050, 281.055, 281.060, 281.063, 281.065, 281.070, 281.075, 281.085, 281.101, 324.009, 324.012, 324.087, 7 324.200, 324.206, 327.011, 327.091, 327.101, 327.131, 327.191, 327.241, 327.612, 337.068, 8 338.010, 338.710, 338.730, 339.100, and 339.150, to read as follows: 9 281.015. Sections 281.005 to 281.115 shall be administered by the director of the department of agriculture of the state of Missouri [. hereafter referred to as the "director"]. 2 281.020. As used in sections 281.010 to 281.115, the following terms mean: 2 (1) "Animal", all vertebrate and invertebrate species, including but not limited to man

3 and other mammals, birds, fish, and shellfish;

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(2) "Applicator, operator or technician":

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

5 (a) "Certified applicator", includes certified commercial applicator, certified 6 noncommercial applicator, certified private applicator, certified provisional private 7 applicator, or certified public operator;

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(b) "Certified commercial applicator", any individual, whether or not [he] the individual is a private applicator with respect to some uses, who is certified by the director as authorized to use, supervise the use of, [or] determine the need for the use of, or supervise the determination of need for any pesticide, whether classified for restricted use or for general use, while [he] the individual is engaged in the business of using pesticides on the lands of another as a direct service to the public in exchange for a fee or compensation;

14 [(b)] (c) "Certified noncommercial applicator", any individual, whether or not [he] the 15 individual is a private applicator with respect to some uses, who is certified by the director as 16 authorized to use, or to supervise the use of, any pesticide which is classified for restricted use 17 only on lands owned or rented by [him or his] the individual or the individual's employer;

[(c)] (d) "Certified private applicator", any individual who is certified by the director as authorized to use[, or to supervise the use of,] any pesticide [which] that is classified for restricted use for purposes of producing any agricultural commodity on property owned or rented by [him or his] the individual or the individual's employer or on the property of another person, if used without compensation other than trading of personal services between producers of agricultural commodities[, on the property of another person];

(e) "Certified provisional private applicator", any individual who is sixteen or seventeen years of age, an immediate family member of a certified private applicator, and certified by the director to use any pesticide that is classified for restricted use for purposes of producing any agricultural commodity on property owned or rented by the individual's immediate family member, so long as the following requirements are met:

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a. The restricted use pesticide (RUP) is not a fumigant;

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b. The RUP does not contain sodium cyanide or sodium fluoroacetate;

d. The individual will not supervise the use of any RUP; and

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c. The individual will not apply any RUP using aerial application equipment;

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e. The individual will not purchase any RUP:

34 [(d)] (f) "Certified public operator", any individual who is certified by the director as 35 authorized to use, or to supervise the use of, any pesticide classified for restricted use in the 36 performance of [his] the individual's duties as an official or employee of any agency of the state 37 of Missouri or any political subdivision thereof, or any other governmental agency;

38 (g) "Noncertified restricted use pesticide (RUP) applicator", any person who is not 39 certified in accordance with sections 281.010 to 281.115 who uses or determines the need 40 for the use of restricted use pesticides under the direct supervision of a certified

41 commercial applicator or uses restricted use pesticides under the direct supervision of a
 42 certified noncommercial applicator or certified public operator;

43 (e) (h) "Private applicator", any person not holding a certified private applicator's 44 license or certified provisional private applicator's license who [shall be required to obtain 45 a permit for the use of any restricted use pesticide uses general use pesticides or minimum 46 risk pesticides for the purposes of producing any agricultural commodity on property owned or 47 rented by [him or his] the person or the person's employer or on the property of another person, 48 if used without compensation other than trading of personal services between producers of 49 agricultural commodities, such permit shall authorize the one-time emergency purchase of a 50 restricted use pesticide for the purpose of a one-time emergency use of that pesticide];

51 [(f)] (i) "Pesticide technician", any individual working under the direct supervision of 52 a commercial applicator certified in categories as specified by regulation, and who having met 53 the competency requirements of [this chapter] sections 281.010 to 281.115, is authorized by the 54 director to determine the need for the use of any pesticide as well as to the use of any pesticide;

55 [(g)] (j) "Pesticide technician trainee", any individual working in the physical presence 56 and under the direct supervision of a certified commercial applicator to gain the required on-the-57 job training in preparation for obtaining a pesticide technician's license;

58 (3) "Beneficial insects", those insects [which] that, during their life cycle, are effective 59 pollinators of plants, are parasites or predators of pests, or are otherwise beneficial;

60 (4) "Defoliant", any substance or mixture of substances intended for causing the leaves 61 or foliage to drop from a plant, with or without causing abscission;

62 (5) "Department" or "department of agriculture", the state department of 63 agriculture, and when by sections 281.010 to 281.115 the department of agriculture is 64 charged to perform a duty, the director of the department of agriculture is authorized to 65 perform such duty;

66 **(6)** "Desiccant", any substance or mixture of substances intended for artificially 67 accelerating the drying of plant tissue;

68 [(6)] (7) "Determining the need for the use of any pesticide", the act of inspecting land 69 for the presence of pests for the purpose of contracting for their control or prevention through 70 the use of pesticides in categories as specified by regulation;

[(7)] (8) "Device", any instrument or contrivance, other than a firearm, [which] that is intended for trapping, destroying, repelling, or mitigating any pest or any other form of plant or animal life, other than man and other than bacteria, viruses, or other microorganisms on or in living man or other living animals, but not including equipment used for the application of pesticides when sold separately therefrom;

76 (9) "Director", the director of the department of agriculture or the director's 77 designee;

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(10) "Distribute", to sell, offer for sale, hold for sale, deliver for transportation in 79 intrastate commerce, or transport in intrastate commerce;

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[(8)] (11) "Environment", includes water, air, land, and all plants and man and other 81 animals living therein, and the interrelationships [which] that exist among these;

82 [(9)] (12) "Equipment" [means], any type of ground, water or aerial equipment or 83 contrivance using motorized, mechanical or pressurized power and used to apply any pesticide 84 on land and anything that may be growing, habitating or stored on or in such land, but shall not 85 include any pressurized hand-sized household apparatus used to apply any pesticide, or any 86 equipment or contrivance of which the person who is applying the pesticide is the source of 87 power or energy in making such pesticide application;

88 [(10)] (13) "Fungus", any nonchlorophyll-bearing thallophyte, [that] which is[,] any 89 nonchlorophyll-bearing plant of a lower order than mosses and liverworts, such as, for example,] rust, smut, mildew, mold, yeast, and bacteria, except those on or in living man or other 90 91 living animals, and except those on or in processed food, beverages, or pharmaceuticals;

92 (14) "General use pesticide", any pesticide, when applied in accordance with its directions for use, warnings, and cautions, and for the uses for which it is registered, or for 93 94 one or more of such uses, or in accordance with a widespread and commonly recognized 95 practice, that will not generally cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment;

96 "Immediate family", familial relationships limited to the spouse, parents, (15) 97 stepparents, foster parents, father-in-law, mother-in-law, children, stepchildren, foster 98 children, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandparents, brothers, sisters, brothers-in-law, 99 sisters-in-law, aunts, uncles, nieces, nephews, and first cousins. "First cousin" means the 100 child of a parent's sibling, i.e., the child of an aunt or uncle;

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[(11)] (16) "Individual", any responsible, natural human being;

102 [(12)] (17) "Insect", any of the numerous small invertebrate animals generally having the 103 body more or less obviously segmented, for the most part belonging to the class Insecta, 104 comprising six-legged, usually winged forms, such as[, for example,] beetles, bugs, bees, flies, 105 and to other allied classes of arthropods whose members are wingless and usually have more 106 than six legs, **such** as[, for example,] spiders, mites, ticks, centipedes, and wood lice;

107 [(13)] (18) "Land", all land and water areas, including airspace, and all plants, animals, 108 structures, buildings, contrivances and machinery, appurtenant thereto or situated thereon, fixed 109 or mobile, including any used for transportation;

110 (19) "Minimum risk pesticide", any pesticide product exempted under 40 CFR 111 Section 152.25(f) from registration requirements under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, 112 and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended;

113 [(14)] (20) "Misuse of a pesticide", a use of any [registered] pesticide in a manner 114 inconsistent with its labeling; provided, that the use of a lesser concentration than provided on 115 the label shall not be considered the misuse of a pesticide when used strictly for agricultural 116 purposes, and when requested in writing by the person on whose behalf a pesticide is used;

117 [(15)] (21) "Nematode", invertebrate animals of the phylum Nemathelminthes and class 118 Nematoda, that is, unsegmented round worms with elongated, fusiform, or sac-like bodies 119 covered with cuticle, and inhabiting soil, water, plants, or plant parts; may also be called nemas 120 or eelworms;

121 (22) "Nontarget organism", any plant, animal, or organism other than the target 122 pests that a pesticide is intended to affect;

123 [(16)] (23) "Person", any individual, partnership, association, fiduciary, corporation, or 124 any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not;

125 [(17)] (24) "Pest":

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(a) Any insect, snail, slug, rodent, nematode, fungus, weed; or

127 (b) Any other form of terrestrial or aquatic plant or animal life or virus, bacterium, or 128 other microorganism, except viruses, bacteria, or other microorganisms on or in living man or 129 other living animals, [which] that is normally considered to be a pest;

130 [(18)] (25) "Pesticide":

131 Any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, (a) 132 repelling, or mitigating any pest; or

133 (b) Any substance or mixture of substances intended for use as a plant regulator, 134 defoliant, or desiccant;

135 [(19)] (26) "Pesticide dealer", any individual who is engaged in the business of 136 distributing, selling, offering for sale, or holding for sale at retail, or direct wholesale to the end 137 user, any pesticide classified for restricted use;

138 (27) "Pesticide dealership", any location or outlet where restricted use pesticides 139 are held for sale, distributed, or sold;

140 [(20)] (28) "Plant regulator", any substance or mixture of substances, intended, through 141 physiological action, for accelerating or retarding the rate of growth or rate of maturation, or for 142 otherwise altering the behavior of plants or the produce thereof, but shall not include substances 143 to the extent that they are intended as plant nutrients, trace elements, nutritional chemicals, plant 144 inoculants, or soil amendments. The term "plant regulator" does not include any of those 145 nutrient mixtures or soil amendments [which] that are commonly known as vitamin-hormone

horticultural products, intended for improvement, maintenance, survival, health and propagation
of plants, and [which] that are not for pest destruction and are nontoxic, nonpoisonous in the
undiluted package concentration;

[(21) "Private applicator permit", a written certificate, issued by the director or his
authorized agent, authorizing the purchase, possession or use of certain restricted use pesticides
by a private applicator. Such permit shall authorize the one-time emergency purchase of a
restricted use pesticide for the purpose of a one-time emergency use of such pesticide;

153 (22)] (29) "Restricted use pesticide", any pesticide when applied in accordance with its 154 directions for use, warnings and cautions and for the uses for which it is registered, or for one 155 or more of such uses, or in accordance with a widespread and commonly recognized practice, 156 the director determines may cause, without additional regulatory restrictions, unreasonable 157 adverse effects on the environment, including injury to the applicator;

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[(23)] (30) "Sale", selling or offering for sale any pesticide;

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[(24)] (31) "Snails" or "slugs" includes all harmful mollusks;

160 [(25)] (32) "Unreasonable adverse effects on the environment", any unreasonable risk
161 to man or the environment, taking into account the economic, social, and environmental costs
162 and benefits of the use of any pesticide;

163 [(26)] (33) "Under the direct supervision of a certified applicator", when a pesticide is 164 used by a competent person acting under the instructions and control of a certified applicator 165 who is available if and when needed, even though such certified applicator is not physically 166 present at the time and place the pesticide is used;

[(27)] (34) "Use", mixing, loading, or applying[, storing or disposing of a] any
 pesticide; cleaning pesticide equipment; or storing or disposing of pesticide containers,
 pesticides, spray mix, equipment wash waters, and other pesticide-containing materials;

170 [(28)] (35) "Weed", any plant [which] that grows where not wanted; [and

171 (29)] (36) "Wildlife", all living things that are neither human, domesticated, or pests,
 172 including, but not limited to, mammals, protected birds, and aquatic life.

281.025. 1. The director shall administer and enforce the provisions of sections 281.010 to 281.115 and shall have authority to issue regulations after a public hearing following due 2 notice of not less than thirty days to all interested persons, in conformance with the provisions 3 of chapter 536, to carry out the provisions of sections 281.010 to 281.115. Where the director 4 finds that such regulations are needed to carry out the purpose and intent of sections 281.010 to 5 281.115, such regulations may relate to, but need not be limited to, prescribing the time, place, 6 7 manner, methods, materials, and amounts and concentrations, in connection with the use of the pesticide, and may restrict or prohibit use of pesticides in designated areas during specified 8 9 periods of time and shall encompass all reasonable factors [which] that the director deems

10 necessary to prevent damage or injury. In issuing such regulations, the director may give 11 consideration to pertinent research findings and recommendations of other agencies of this state, 12 the federal government, or other reliable sources. The director may by regulation require that 13 notice of a proposed application of a pesticide be given to landowners adjoining the property to 14 be treated or in the immediate vicinity thereof, if [he] the director finds that such notice is 15 necessary to carry out the purpose of sections 281.010 to 281.115. [The director may, by 16 regulation, provide for the one-time emergency purchase and one-time emergency use of a 17 restricted use pesticide by a private applicator.]

18 The pesticides on the list of restricted use pesticides, as determined by the federal 2. 19 agency having jurisdiction over the classification of pesticides, shall be so restricted in the state 20 of Missouri. The director shall publish, at least annually, a list of pesticides [which] that have 21 restricted uses. Such publication shall be made available to the public upon request. If the 22 director determines that a pesticide, when used in accordance with its directions for use, 23 warnings and cautions, and for uses for which it is registered, may cause, without additional 24 regulatory restrictions, unreasonable adverse effects on the environment, including injury to the 25 applicator or other persons, the pesticide shall be used only by or under the direct supervision 26 of a certified applicator, or a private applicator with a permit. Such pesticides may be subject 27 to other restrictions as determined by the director, to include the time and conditions of 28 possession and use.

3. No regulation, or any amendment or repeal thereof, provided for in sections 281.010 to 281.115 shall be adopted, except after public hearing giving an opportunity to the public to be heard, to be held after no less than thirty days' prior notice of the date, time, and place of hearing, to be given by regular mail to any person who has registered with the director for purposes of notice of such public hearings, in accordance with procedures prescribed by the director.

4. At any hearing, opportunity to be heard shall be afforded to any interested person upon written request received not later than twenty-four hours prior to the hearing, and may also be afforded to other persons. In addition, any interested person, whether or not heard, may submit within seven days subsequent to the hearing a written statement of views. The director may solicit the views in writing of persons who may be affected by, or interested in any proposed regulation. Any person heard or represented at the hearing, or making written request for notice, shall be given written notice of the action of the director with respect to the subject thereof.

5. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shallbecome effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.

281.030. 1. The director may, by regulation, classify [certified applicator, operator or 2 technician] licenses to be issued under sections 281.010 to 281.115. Such classifications may

include but not be limited to commercial applicators, noncommercial applicators, private
applicators, provisional private applicators, public operators [or], pesticide technicians, or
noncertified RUP applicators. Separate classifications may be specified as to ground, aerial,
or manual methods used by any licensee to apply pesticides or to the use of pesticides for the
control of pests.

8 The director may, by regulation, establish certification categories to be provided 2. under each license classification. Each certification category shall be subject to separate testing 9 procedures and requirements; provided, that no individual shall be required to pay an additional 10 fee if [he] the individual is certified in one or all of the certification categories provided under 11 12 the license for which [he] the individual has applied. The director may, by regulation, establish 13 certification categories limited to the use of certain pesticides and issue a license therefor. Each 14 certification category shall be subject to separate testing procedures covering only those 15 pesticides for which the applicant seeks to be licensed.

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3. The director may by regulation establish fees for identification documents.

281.035. 1. No individual shall engage in the business of determining the need for the use of, supervising the use of, supervising the determination of the need for the use of, or 2 3 using any pesticide, in categories as specified by regulation, on the lands of another at any time 4 without a certified commercial applicator's license issued by the director. A certified commercial 5 applicator shall not determine the need for the use of, supervise the use of, supervise the determination of the need for the use of, or use any pesticide for any particular purpose unless 6 7 [he or she] the certified commercial applicator has demonstrated [his or her] such certified 8 **commercial applicator's** competence to use pesticides for that purpose by being certified by the 9 director in the proper certification category. The director shall require an annual fee of sixty-five dollars for each certified commercial applicator's license issued. No certified commercial 10 applicator shall knowingly authorize, direct, or instruct any individual to engage in determining 11 12 the need for the use of or using any general use pesticide or minimum risk pesticide on the 13 land of another at any time unless such individual is a pesticide technician or pesticide technician 14 trainee in such categories as specified by regulation or is working under the direct supervision 15 of a certified commercial applicator so authorizing, directing or instructing, in which case the 16 certified commercial applicator shall be liable for any use of a general use pesticide or 17 minimum risk pesticide by an individual operating under [his or her] the certified commercial 18 applicator's direct supervision. The certified commercial applicator or the employer shall assure 19 that the director is informed in writing within ten [working] days of the employment of any 20 person as a pesticide technician or pesticide technician trainee.

21 2. No certified commercial applicator shall knowingly authorize, direct, or instruct 22 any individual to engage in determining the need for the use of or using any restricted use

pesticide on the land of another at any time unless such individual is licensed as a noncertified RUP applicator while working under the direct supervision of a certified commercial applicator so authorizing, directing, or instructing, in which case the certified commercial applicator shall be liable for any use of a restricted use pesticide by an individual operating under the certified commercial applicator's direct supervision.

Application for a certified commercial applicator's license shall be [made in writing]
 submitted to the director on a designated form obtained from the [director's office] department.
 Each application shall include such information as prescribed by the director by regulation.

31 [3.] 4. The director shall not issue a certified commercial applicator's license until the 32 applicant is certified by passing an examination provided by the director to demonstrate to the 33 director [his or her] the applicant's competence and knowledge of the proper use of pesticides 34 under the classifications [he or she] the applicant had applied for, and [his or her] the 35 applicant's knowledge of the standards prescribed by regulations for the certification of 36 commercial applicators.

37 [4.] 5. The director may renew any certified commercial applicator's license under the 38 classification for which such applicant is licensed, [subject to] upon successful completion of 39 approved recertification training or reexamination for additional knowledge that may be 40 required to use pesticides safely and properly either manually or with equipment the applicant 41 has been licensed to operate.

42 [5.] 6. If the director finds the applicant qualified to use pesticides in the classification 43 for which application has been made, and if the applicant files evidence that the requirement for 44 bonds or insurance has been met as required under section 281.065, the director shall issue a 45 certified commercial applicator's license limited to the classifications for which [he or she] the 46 applicant is qualified, which shall expire one year from date of issuance unless [it] the license 47 has been revoked or suspended prior thereto by the director for cause; provided, such financial 48 responsibility required under section 281.065 does not expire at an earlier date, in which case 49 [said] the license shall expire upon the expiration date of the financial responsibility. The 50 director may limit the license of the applicant to the use of certain [restricted use] pesticides, or 51 to certain areas, or to certain types of equipment if the applicant is only so qualified. If a license 52 is not issued as applied for, the director shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons 53 therefor.

54 [6.] 7. The director shall require each certified commercial applicator or [his or her] the 55 certified commercial applicator's employer to maintain records with respect to applications of 56 any pesticide, including pesticides used under direct supervision by licensed pesticide 57 technicians, pesticide technician trainees, and licensed noncertified RUP applicators. Such 58 relevant information as the director may deem necessary may be specified by regulation. Such

records shall be kept for a period of three years from the date of the application of the pesticide to which such records refer, and the director shall, upon request in writing, be furnished with a copy of such records by any certified commercial applicator or [his or her] the certified commercial applicator's employer.

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63 [7-] 8. A person or individual engaged in the business of using pesticides on the lands 64 of another, who is deprived of [his or her] such person's or individual's sole certified 65 commercial applicator by reason of death, illness, incapacity or any absence which the director 66 determines is unavoidable, is authorized to continue business operations without the services of 67 a certified commercial applicator for a period of time deemed appropriate by the director, but not 68 to exceed sixty days; except that, no restricted-use pesticide shall be used, or caused to be used, 69 by such person or individual. Any such person or individual shall immediately notify the director 70 as to the absence of [his or her] such person's or individual's sole certified commercial 71 applicator.

72 [8.] 9. Every certified commercial applicator shall display [his or her] the certified 73 commercial applicator's license in a prominent place at the site, location or office from which 74 [he or she] the certified commercial applicator will operate as a certified commercial 75 applicator; that place, location or office being at the address printed on the license.

[9.] 10. Every certified commercial applicator who changes the address from which [he or she] the certified commercial applicator will operate as a certified commercial applicator shall immediately notify the director. The director shall immediately issue a revised license upon which shall be printed the changed address. The director shall not collect a fee for the issuance of a revised license. The expiration date of the revised license shall be the same as the expiration date for the original license.

281.037. 1. Any individual who is not certified pursuant to section 281.035, 281.040 or 281.045, [or has not been issued a private applicator permit pursuant to subsection 5 of section 281.040] shall not use, or supervise the use of, any [restricted-use] restricted use pesticide without a certified noncommercial applicator license. A certified noncommercial applicator shall not use, or supervise the use of, any restricted use pesticide for any purpose unless [he or she] the certified noncommercial applicator has demonstrated [his_or_her] the certified noncommercial applicator's competence to use pesticides for that purpose by being certified by the director in the proper certification category.

9 2. No certified noncommercial applicator shall knowingly authorize, direct, or 10 instruct any individual to engage in using any restricted use pesticide on lands or 11 structures owned, leased, or rented by the certified noncommercial applicator or the 12 certified noncommercial applicator's employer unless such individual is licensed as a 13 noncertified RUP applicator while working under the direct supervision of a certified 14 noncommercial applicator so authorizing, directing, or instructing, in which case the 15 certified noncommercial applicator shall be liable for any use of a restricted use pesticide 16 by an individual operating under the certified noncommercial applicator's direct 17 supervision.

Application for a certified noncommercial applicator license shall be [made in writing]
 submitted to the director on a designated form obtained from the [director's office] department.
 Each application shall include such information as prescribed by the director by regulation.

[3.] 4. The director shall not issue a certified noncommercial applicator license until the applicant is certified by passing an examination provided by the director to demonstrate to the director [his or her] the applicant's competence and knowledge of the proper use of pesticides under the classifications for which [he or she] the applicant has applied, and [his or her] the applicant's knowledge of the standards prescribed by regulations for the certification of noncommercial applicators.

27 [4-] 5. If the director finds the applicant qualified to use restricted use pesticides in the 28 classification for which [he or she] the applicant has applied, the director shall issue a certified 29 noncommercial applicator license limited to the applicator categories in which [he or she] the 30 applicant is certified. The license shall expire one year from the date of issuance unless [it] the 31 **license** has been revoked or suspended prior thereto by the director for cause. The director may 32 limit the license of the applicant to the use of certain restricted use pesticides, or to certain areas, 33 or to certain types of equipment if the applicant is only so qualified. If a license is not issued as 34 applied for, the director shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons therefor.

35 [5.] 6. The director may renew any certified noncommercial applicator license under the 36 classification for which the license is issued [subject to] upon successful completion of 37 approved recertification training or reexamination for additional knowledge [which] that may 38 be required to apply pesticides safely and properly.

39 [6.] 7. The director shall collect a fee of thirty-five dollars for each certified 40 noncommercial applicator license issued.

[7.] 8. Any certified noncommercial applicator may use, or supervise the use of,
 restricted use pesticides only to or on lands or structures owned, leased or rented by [himself or
 herself or his or her] the certified noncommercial applicator or the certified noncommercial
 applicator's employer.

45 [8.] 9. The director shall require the certified noncommercial applicator or [his or her] 46 the certified noncommercial applicator's employer to maintain records with respect to 47 applications of restricted use pesticides. Any relevant information [which] that the director may 48 deem necessary may be required by regulation. Such records shall be kept for a period of three 49 years from the date of the application of the pesticide to which such records refer, and the

50 director shall, upon request in writing, be furnished with a copy of such records by any certified 51 noncommercial applicator or [his or her] the certified noncommercial applicator's employer.

52 [9.] 10. Every certified noncommercial applicator shall display [his or her] the certified 53 noncommercial applicator's license in a prominent place at the site, location or office from 54 which [he or she] the certified noncommercial applicator will operate as a certified 55 noncommercial applicator; that place, location or office being at the address printed on the 56 license.

[10.] 11. Every certified noncommercial applicator who changes the address from which [he or she] the certified noncommercial applicator will operate as a certified noncommercial applicator shall immediately notify the director. The director shall immediately issue a revised license upon which shall be printed the changed address. The director shall not collect a fee for the issuance of a revised license. The expiration date of the revised license shall be the same as the expiration date for the original license.

281.038. 1. [After July 1, 1990,] No individual working under the direct supervision of a certified commercial applicator shall determine the need for the use of **or use** any **general use** pesticide [nor use any] **or minimum risk** pesticide in categories as specified by regulation, unless and until the individual has met the requirements of [this chapter] sections 281.010 to 5 281.115.

6 2. Application for a pesticide technician's license shall be [made in writing] submitted 7 to the director on a designated form obtained from the [director's office] department. Each 8 application shall include such information as prescribed by the director by regulation and shall 9 be received by the director within forty-five days of employment of the pesticide technician or 10 pesticide technician trainee.

3. The director shall not issue a pesticide technician's license until the individual has
 demonstrated [his or her] the applicant's competence by completion of an approved training
 program to the satisfaction of the director.

4. The director may renew any pesticide technician's license under the classification for
which that applicant is licensed subject to completion of an additional approved training program
to the satisfaction of the director as prescribed by regulation.

17 5. The director shall collect a fee of thirty-five dollars for each pesticide technician18 license issued.

6. If the director finds the applicant qualified to use pesticides in the classification for which application has been made, the director shall issue a pesticide technician's license limited to the classifications for which [he or she] the applicant is qualified, which shall expire one year from date of issuance unless [#] the license has been revoked or suspended prior thereto by the director for cause. The director may limit the license of the applicant to the use of certain

pesticides, or to certain areas, or to certain types of equipment if the applicant is only so qualified. If a license is not issued as applied for, the director shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons for such denial of license.

7. In order for pesticide technicians to use or determine the need for the use of any
general use pesticide:

(1) A certified commercial applicator must be licensed to work from the same
 physical location as the pesticide technician; and

(2) The licensed certified commercial applicator must be certified in the same use
 categories as the pesticide technician as specified by regulation.

8. A pesticide technician may complete retraining requirements and renew the
 technician's license without a certified commercial applicator working from the same
 physical location.

281.040. 1. No private applicator shall use any restricted-use pesticide unless [he] the
private applicator first complies with the requirements determined pursuant to subsection [2
or 5] 3 of this section, as necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on the environment,
including injury to the applicator or other persons, for that specific pesticide use.

5 2. No certified private applicator shall knowingly authorize, direct, or instruct any 6 individual to engage in using any restricted use pesticide on lands or structures owned, 7 leased, or rented by the certified private applicator or the certified applicator's employer 8 unless such individual is licensed as a certified private applicator or a certified provisional 9 private applicator.

10 3. The private applicator shall qualify for a certified private applicator's license or 11 certified provisional private applicator's license by [either] attending [a course or completing] 12 an online course of instruction] an approved certification training program provided by 13 University of Missouri extension, completing an online certification training program provided by University of Missouri extension, or by passing the required private applicator 14 15 certification examination provided by the director on the use, handling, storage and application 16 of [restricted-use] restricted use pesticides in the proper certification categories as specified 17 by regulation. The content of the instruction shall be determined and revised as necessary by 18 the director. Upon completion of the [course] certification training program, completion of 19 the online certification training program, or passage of the required private applicator 20 certification examination, the director shall issue a certified private applicator's license or 21 certified provisional private applicator's license to the applicant. The director shall not collect 22 a fee for the issuance of such license[, but the]. University of Missouri extension [service may] 23 shall collect [a fee for the actual cost of the materials necessary to complete the course of 24 instruction] reasonable fees for study materials and for enrollment in certification or

25 recertification programs administered in-person or online. [However, no fee] Such fees 26 shall be assessed [or collected from an individual completing an online course of instruction] 27 based on the majority decision of a review committee convened every five years or as 28 needed by the director. Such fees shall not exceed seventy-five dollars per program per 29 applicant unless the members of the review committee representing statewide agricultural 30 organizations vote unanimously in favor of setting the fee in an amount in excess of 31 seventy-five dollars. [Both the director of the department and of the University of Missouri 32 extension service shall review such costs annually.] Such committee shall be provided 33 revenue and expense information for the training program from University of Missouri 34 extension and information on the content of the instruction and method of delivery from 35 the director. The review committee shall also determine a maximum in-seat training time 36 for the training programs. The committee shall report its minutes, fee decisions, time 37 limitation decisions, and its evaluation of the training provided to the chairs of the house 38 of representatives and senate agriculture or equivalent committees. The committee shall 39 be composed of five members including:

- 40 (1) The director;
- 41

(2) The director of University of Missouri extension or his or her designee;

- 42 (3) The president of a statewide corn producers organization who actively grows
 43 corn or his or her designee;
- 44 (4) The president of a statewide soybean producers organization who actively grows
 45 soybeans or his or her designee; and

46 (5) The president of the state's largest general farm membership organization or
 47 his or her designee.

48 [3.] 4. A certified private applicator's license shall expire five years from date of issuance 49 and may then be renewed without charge or additional fee. Any certified private applicator 50 holding a valid license may renew that license for the next five years [without additional training 51 unless the director determines that additional knowledge related to the use of agricultural 52 pesticides makes additional training necessary] upon successful completion of approved 53 recertification training or by passing the required private applicator certification 54 examination.

55 5. On the date of the certified provisional private applicator's eighteenth birthday, 56 his or her license will automatically be converted to a certified private applicator license 57 reflecting the original expiration date from issuance. A certified provisional private 58 applicator's license shall expire five years from date of issuance and may then be renewed 59 as a certified private applicator's license without charge or additional fee.

60 [4.] 6. If the director does not qualify the private applicator under this section [he] the 61 director shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons therefor.

62 [5. The private applicator may apply to the director, or his designated agent, for a private 63 applicator permit for the one-time emergency purchase and use of restricted use pesticides. 64 When the private applicator has demonstrated his competence in the use of the pesticides to be 65 purchased and used on a one-time emergency basis, he shall be issued a permit for the one-time 66 emergency purchase and use of restricted use pesticides. The director or his designated agent 67 shall not collect a fee for the issuance of such permit.]

281.045. 1. All agencies of the state of Missouri and the political subdivisions thereof,
and any other governmental agency shall be subject to the provisions of sections 281.010 to
281.115 and rules adopted thereunder concerning the use of restricted use pesticides.

4 2. Public operators for agencies listed in subsection 1 of this section shall not use, or 5 supervise the use of, any restricted use pesticides on any land or structure without a certified 6 public operator license issued by the director. The certified public operator shall not use or supervise the use of any restricted use pesticide for any purpose unless [he] the certified public 7 operator has demonstrated [his] the certified public operator's competence to use pesticides 8 9 for that purpose by being certified by the director in the proper certification category. [Any employee of any agency listed in subsection 1 of this section who is not licensed as a certified 10 11 public operator may use restricted use pesticides only under the direct supervision of a certified 12 public operator.]

3. No certified public operator shall knowingly authorize, direct, or instruct any individual to engage in using any restricted use pesticide on lands or structures unless such individual is licensed as a noncertified RUP applicator while working under the direct supervision of a certified public operator so authorizing, directing, or instructing, in which case the certified public operator shall be liable for any use of a restricted use pesticide by an individual operating under the certified public operator's direct supervision.

Application for a certified public operator license shall be [made in writing]
 submitted to the director on a designated form obtained from the [director's office] department.
 Each application shall include all information prescribed by the director by regulation.

[4.] 5. The director shall not issue a certified public operator license until the applicant is certified by passing an examination provided by the director to demonstrate to the director [his] the applicant's competence and knowledge of the proper use of pesticides under the classifications for which [he] the applicant has applied, and [his] the applicant's knowledge of the standards prescribed by regulations for the certification of public operators.

27 [5.] 6. If the director finds the applicant qualified to use pesticides in the classification 28 for which [he] the applicant has applied, the director shall issue a license, without a fee, to the 29 certified public operator who has so qualified. The certified public operator license shall be valid 30 only when the operator is acting as an operator using, or supervising the use of, restricted use 31 pesticides in the course of [his] the operator's employment. A certified public operator license 32 shall expire three years from the date of issuance unless **[it]** the license has been revoked or 33 suspended prior thereto by the director for cause. The director may limit the license of the 34 applicant to the use of certain restricted use pesticides, or to certain areas, or to certain types of 35 equipment if the applicant is only so qualified. If a license is not issued as applied for, the 36 director shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons therefor.

37 [6.] 7. The director may renew any certified public operator license under the 38 classification for which that applicant is licensed, [subject to] upon successful completion of 39 approved recertification training or reexamination for additional knowledge which may be 40 required to use pesticides safely and properly either manually or with equipment the applicant 41 has been licensed to operate.

42 [7.] 8. The director shall require the certified public operator, or [his] the certified 43 public operator's employer, to maintain records with respect to applications of restricted use 44 pesticides. Any relevant information which the director may deem necessary may be required 45 by regulation. Such records shall be kept for a period of three years from the date of the 46 application of the pesticide to which such records refer, and the director shall, upon request in 47 writing, be furnished with a copy of such records by any certified public operator or [his] the 48 certified public operator's employer.

49 [8.] 9. Agencies listed in subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to a legal action by 50 any person damaged by any use of any pesticide, which may be brought in the county where the 51 damage or any part thereof occurred.

52 [9-] 10. Every certified public operator shall display [his] the certified public operator's 53 license in a prominent place at the site, location or office from which [he] the certified public 54 operator will operate as a certified public operator, that place, location or office being at the 55 address printed on the license.

[10.] 11. Every certified public operator who changes the address from which [he] the certified public operator will operate as a certified public operator shall immediately notify the director. The director shall immediately issue a revised license upon which shall be printed the changed address. The director shall not collect a fee for the issuance of a revised license. The expiration date of the revised license shall be the same as the expiration date for the original license.

62 12. Any person who volunteers to work for a public agency may use general use 63 pesticides without a license under the supervision of the public agency on lands owned or 64 managed by the state agency, political subdivision, or governmental agency.

281.048. 1. No individual shall use or determine the need for the use of any
restricted use pesticide while working under the direct supervision of a certified
commercial applicator until the individual has met the requirements of this section.

4 2. No individual shall use restricted use pesticides while working under the direct 5 supervision of a certified noncommercial applicator or certified public operator until the 6 individual has met the requirements of this section.

3. Application for a noncertified RUP applicator's license shall be submitted to the
director on a designated form obtained from the department. Each application shall
include such information as prescribed by the director by regulation.

4. The director shall issue or renew a noncertified RUP applicator license once an individual has met the requirements set forth in 40 CFR section 171.201(c)(1) or (3). The director shall collect an annual fee of thirty-five dollars for each noncertified RUP applicator license issued. The license shall be valid for one year unless revoked or suspended by the department prior to its expiration. Any individual whose application is denied shall receive a written explanation as to the determination of the denial.

5. Individuals holding a valid noncertified RUP applicator license may use and determine the need for the use of restricted use pesticides, general use pesticides, and minimum risk pesticides under the direct supervision of a certified commercial applicator and only for the categories in which the commercial applicator is certified. The director may limit the license of the applicant to the use of certain pesticides, or to certain areas, or to certain types of equipment if the applicant is only so qualified.

22 6. Every certified commercial applicator, certified noncommercial applicator, or 23 certified public operator providing direct supervision to a licensed noncertified RUP 24 applicator shall immediately notify the director when the licensed noncertified RUP 25 applicator has changed address from which the applicator or operator will operate as a 26 licensed noncertified RUP applicator or when the noncertified RUP applicator's 27 employment has been terminated. The director shall immediately issue a revised license 28 upon which shall be printed the change of address. The director shall not collect a fee for 29 the issuance of a revised license. The expiration date of the revised license shall be the 30 same as the expiration date for the original license.

7. A noncertified RUP applicator may complete retraining requirements and renew
 the applicator's license without a certified commercial applicator, certified noncommercial
 applicator, or certified public operator working from the same physical location.

8. Every licensed noncertified RUP applicator shall display the applicator's license
 in a prominent place at the site, location, or office from which the applicator will operate

as a noncertified RUP applicator that place, location, or office being at the address printed on the license.

281.050. 1. No individual shall act in the capacity of a pesticide dealer or shall engage in the business of, advertise as, or assume to act as a pesticide dealer unless [he or she] the 2 individual has obtained a license from the director [which] that shall expire one year from date 3 4 of issuance. [An individual shall be required to obtain a license for] Each pesticide dealers hip 5 location or outlet from which [such] restricted use pesticides are distributed, sold, held for sale, 6 or offered for sale at retail or wholesale direct to the end user [. Pesticide dealers may be 7 designated by the director as agents of the state for the purpose of issuing permits for restricted use pesticides to private applicators] shall have at least one individual licensed as a pesticide 8 9 dealer. Any individual possessing restricted use pesticides and selling or holding and offering for sale restricted use pesticides at retail or wholesale from a motor vehicle shall 10 be licensed as a pesticide dealer. For the purposes of this subsection, "selling or holding 11 and offering for sale" shall not include solely transporting product in commerce. No 12 13 individual shall be issued more than one pesticide dealer license.

2. Application for a pesticide dealer's license shall be made on a designated form obtained from the [director's office] department. The director shall collect a fee of thirty-five dollars for the issuance of each license. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a pesticide applicator who sells pesticides only as an integral part of [his or her] the applicator's pesticide application service when such pesticides are dispensed only through apparatuses used for such pesticide applications. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any federal, state, or county agency [which] that provides pesticides for its own programs.

3. Each applicant shall satisfy the director as to [his or her] the applicant's knowledge of the laws and regulations governing the use and sale of pesticides and [his or her] the applicant's responsibility in carrying on the business of a pesticide dealer by passing a pesticide dealer examination provided by the director. Each licensed pesticide dealer shall be responsible for [insuring] ensuring that all of [his or her] the dealer's employees and agents who sell or recommend restricted use pesticides have adequate knowledge of the laws and regulations governing the use and sale of such restricted use pesticides.

4. Each pesticide dealer shall be responsible for the acts of each person employed by [him or her] the dealer in the solicitation and sale of pesticides and all claims and recommendations for use of pesticides. The dealer's license shall be subject to denial, suspension, or revocation after a hearing for any violation of sections 281.010 to 281.115 whether committed by the dealer, or by the dealer's officer, agent or employee.

5. No pesticide dealer shall sell, give away or otherwise make available any restricted use pesticides to anyone but certified **commercial applicators**, certified **noncommercial** applicators [or], certified public operators, or to certified private applicators [who have met the requirements of subsection 5 of section 281.040,] holding valid certifications in proper certification categories or to other licensed pesticide dealers, except that pesticide dealers may allow the designated representative of such certified applicators[, operators or private applicators] to take possession of restricted use pesticides when those restricted use pesticides are purchased by and for use by or under the direct supervision of such certified applicator[; operator or private applicator].

6. The director shall require the pesticide dealer, or [his or her] the dealer's employer, to maintain books and records with respect to sales of restricted use pesticides at each dealership location or outlet. Such relevant information as the director may deem necessary may be specified by regulation. Such records shall be kept for a period of three years from the date of sale of the restricted use pesticide to which such records refer, and the director shall upon request in writing be furnished with a copy of such records by any licensed pesticide dealer or [his or her] the dealer's employer.

49 7. Every licensed pesticide dealer who changes [his or her] the dealer's address or place
 50 of business shall immediately notify the director.

281.055. 1. If the application for renewal of any license, or certification or permit provided for in [this chapter] sections 281.010 to 281.115 is not filed prior to the expiration date 2 in any year, a penalty of twenty-five percent shall be assessed and added to the original fee and 3 4 shall be paid by the applicant before the license^[7] or certification [or permit] shall be renewed^[5] provided, that such penalty shall not apply if the applicant furnishes an affidavit certifying that 5 he has not engaged in the business subsequent to the expiration of his license, certification or 6 7 permit]. Any person holding a current valid license[-] or certification [or permit] may renew the license[,] or certification [or permit] for the next year without taking another examination unless 8 9 the director determines that additional knowledge related to classifications for which the 10 applicant has applied makes a new examination necessary. However, if the license is not 11 renewed within sixty days following the date of expiration [then], the license shall be cancelled 12 and the licensee shall be required to satisfy all the requirements of licensure as if such person 13 was never licensed.

2. The director may promulgate reasonable regulations requiring additional training and
instruction on the part of any applicant for a license issued under sections 281.010 to 281.115.
3. The director shall have prepared for prospective licensee's use[5] a book of guidelines
of factual necessary information related to the requirements of sections 281.010 to 281.115. A
reasonable fee may be collected for [said] the publication.

281.060. 1. The director, after inquiry, and after opportunity for a hearing, may deny, 2 suspend, revoke, or modify the provisions of any license[, permit,] or certification issued under

sections 281.010 to 281.115, if [he] the director finds that the applicant or the holder of a 3 4 license [, permit,] or certification has violated any provision of sections 281.010 to 281.115, or any regulation issued thereunder, or has been convicted or subject to a final order imposing a 5 6 civil or criminal penalty pursuant to the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act 7 (FIFRA), as amended, or has been convicted, or is the subject of prosecution, in [another] this 8 state or in any state or protectorate of the United States, or has had a pesticide applicator 9 license[,] or certificate [or permit] denied, suspended, revoked or modified by [another] any state 10 or protectorate of the United States, or the person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, 11 or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of any 12 state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated under [this chapter] sections 281.010 to 13 14 281.115, for any offense an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, 15 or for any offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed. Licensed 16 certified applicators, licensed noncertified RUP applicators, licensed pesticide technicians, 17 and licensed pesticide dealers shall notify the department within ten days of any conviction 18 of or plea to any offense listed in this section.

2. If the director determines, after inquiry and opportunity for a hearing, that any [individual] **person** is in violation of any provision of sections 281.010 to 281.115, or any regulations issued thereunder, the director shall have the authority to assess a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars for each violation, and in addition, may order that restitution be made to any person.

3. In the event that a person penalized or ordered to pay restitution under this section fails to pay the penalty or restitution, the director may apply to the circuit court of Cole County for, and the court is authorized to enter, an order enforcing the assessed penalty or restitution.

281.063. The director may subpoen witnesses and compel the production of books, 2 documents and records anywhere in the state in any hearing affecting the authority or privilege 3 granted by a license[$_{\overline{2}}$] or certificate [or permit] issued under the provisions of sections 281.010 4 to 281.115.

281.065. 1. The director shall not issue a certified commercial applicator's license until the applicant or the employer of the applicant has furnished evidence of financial responsibility with the director consisting either of a surety bond or a liability insurance policy or certification thereof, protecting persons who may suffer legal damages as a result of [the operations of] **pesticide use by** the applicant; except that, such surety bond or liability insurance policy need not apply to damages or injury to crops, plants or land being worked upon by the applicant. Following the receipt of the initial license, the certified commercial applicator shall not be required to furnish evidence of financial responsibility to the department for the purpose of

9 license renewal unless upon request. Annual renewals for surety bonds or liability insurance shall be maintained at the business location from which the certified commercial applicator is licensed. Valid surety bonds or liability insurance certificates shall be available for inspection by the director [or his or her designee] at a reasonable time during regular business hours or, upon a request in writing, the director shall be furnished a copy of the surety bond or liability insurance certificate within ten [working] days of receipt of the request.

15 2. The amount of the surety bond or liability insurance required by this section shall be 16 not less than fifty thousand dollars for each occurrence. Such surety bond or liability insurance 17 shall be maintained at not less than that sum at all times during the licensed period. The director 18 shall be notified by the surety or insurer within twenty days prior to any cancellation or reduction 19 of the surety bond or liability insurance. If the surety bond or liability insurance policy which 20 provides the financial responsibility for the certified commercial applicator is provided by the 21 employer of the certified commercial applicator, the employer of the certified commercial 22 applicator shall immediately notify the director upon the termination of the employment of the 23 certified commercial applicator or when a condition exists under which the certified commercial 24 applicator is no longer provided bond or insurance coverage by the employer. The certified 25 commercial applicator shall then immediately execute and submit to the director a surety bond 26 or an insurance policy to cover the financial responsibility requirements of this section and the 27 certified commercial applicator or the applicator's employer shall maintain the surety bond or 28 liability insurance certificate at the business location from which the certified commercial 29 applicator is licensed. The director may accept a liability insurance policy or surety bond in the 30 proper sum which has a deductible clause in an amount not exceeding one thousand dollars; 31 except that, if the bond- or policyholder has not satisfied the requirement of the deductible 32 amount in any prior legal claim, such deductible clause shall not be accepted by the director 33 unless the bond- or policyholder executes and maintains a surety bond or liability insurance 34 which shall satisfy the amount of the deductible as to all claims that may arise in [his or her] the 35 **bond- or policyholder's** application of pesticides.

36 3. If the surety becomes unsatisfactory, the commercial applicator license shall expire 37 and become invalid and the bond- or policyholder shall immediately execute and submit to 38 the director a new bond or insurance policy and maintain the surety bond or liability insurance 39 certificate at the business location from which the certified commercial applicator is licensed, 40 and if [he or she] the bond- or policyholder fails to do so, the director shall cancel [his or her] 41 the bond- or policyholder's license, or deny the license of an applicant, and give [him or her] 42 the bond- or policyholder notice of cancellation or denial, and it shall be unlawful thereafter 43 for the applicant to engage in the business of using pesticides until the bond or insurance is 44 brought into compliance with the requirements of subsection 1 of this section. If the bond- or

45 policyholder does not execute a new bond or insurance policy within sixty days of expiration of 46 such bond or policy, the licensee shall be required to satisfy all the requirements for licensure 47 as if never before licensed.

48 4. Nothing in sections 281.010 to 281.115 shall be construed to relieve any person from 49 liability for any damage to the person or lands of another caused by the use of pesticides even 50 though such use conforms to the rules and regulations of the director.

281.070. 1. The director may investigate the use of any pesticide or claims of damages 2 [which] that result from the use of any pesticide.

3 2. Any person who claims to have been damaged as a result of a pesticide use and who 4 requests an investigation of that damage by the director shall file with the director, on a form 5 provided by the director, a written statement claiming that [he] the person has been damaged. Damage statements shall be filed within thirty days after the date the damage is alleged to have 6 7 occurred, unless a growing crop is alleged to have been damaged. If a growing crop is alleged 8 to have been damaged, the damage statement shall be filed at least two weeks prior to the time 9 that twenty-five percent of that crop has been harvested. The director shall, upon receipt of the 10 statement, notify the person alleged to have caused the damage and the owner or lessee of the 11 land, or other person who may be charged with the responsibility of the damages claimed, and 12 furnish copies of any statements which may be requested. The director shall inspect damages 13 whenever possible and [he] the director shall make [his] the director's inspection reports 14 available to the person claiming damage and to the person who is alleged to have caused the 15 damage. Where damage is alleged to have occurred, the claimant shall permit the director, the 16 licensee and [his] the licensee's representatives, such as the bondsman or insurer, to observe, 17 within reasonable hours, the lands or nontarget organism alleged to have been damaged.

18 3. The filing of or the failure to file need not be alleged in any complaint which might 19 be filed in a court of law, and the failure to file a damage claim shall not be considered any bar 20 to the maintenance of any criminal or civil action. The failure to file such a report shall not be 21 a violation of sections 281.010 to 281.115. However, if the person failing to file such report is 22 the only one injured from such use or application of a pesticide by others, the director may, when 23 in the public interest, refuse to hold a hearing for the denial, suspension or revocation of a license 24 [or permit] issued under sections 281.010 to 281.115 until such report is filed.

25

4. The director may in the conduct of any investigation or hearing authorized or held by 26 [him] the director:

27

(1) Examine, or cause to be examined, under oath, any person;

28 (2) Examine, or cause to be examined, books and records of the sale or use of any 29 pesticide directly related to the investigation;

30 (3) Hear such testimony and take such evidence as will assist [him] the director in the 31 discharge of [his] the director's duties under [this chapter] sections 281.010 to 281.115;

32

(4) Administer or cause to be administered [oath] oaths; and

33 (5) Issue subpoenas to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books34 and records directly related to the investigation.

281.075. [4.] The director may issue a [license or] pesticide applicator certification on a reciprocal basis with other states without examination to a nonresident who is licensed [or] as a certified [in another state substantially] applicator in accordance with the reciprocating state's requirements and is a resident of the reciprocating state. A pesticide applicator certification shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of sections 281.010 to 281.115; except that, financial responsibility [must] shall be filed pursuant to section 281.065. Fees collected shall be the same as for resident licenses or certification.

8 2. Any nonresident applying for any license under section 281.035, 281.037, 281.038 or 281.050 to operate in the state of Missouri shall designate in writing the secretary of state as 9 10 the agent of such nonresident upon whom process may be served as provided by law; except that, 11 any such nonresident who has designated a resident agent upon whom process may be served as 12 provided by law shall not be required to designate the secretary of state as such agent. The 13 secretary of state shall be allowed such fees therefor as provided by law for designating resident 14 agents. The director shall be furnished with a copy of such designation of the secretary of state 15 or of a resident agent, such copy to be certified by the secretary of state.]

281.085. No person shall discard, transport, or store any pesticide or pesticide containers
in such a manner that is inconsistent with label directions or as to cause injury to humans,
vegetation, crops, livestock, wildlife, beneficial insects or to pollute any waterway. The director
may promulgate rules and regulations governing the discarding and storing of such pesticide or
pesticide containers. In determining these rules and regulations the director shall take into
consideration any regulations issued by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency.

281.101. 1. It shall be unlawful for any [individual] **person** to violate any provision of sections 281.010 to 281.115, or any regulation issued thereunder.

3

2. The following are determined to be unlawful acts:

4 (1) It shall be unlawful to recommend for use, [to] cause to use, use, or [to] supervise 5 the use of any pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling required by labeling 6 requirements of FIFRA, the Missouri pesticide use act, or the Missouri pesticide registration act;

7

(2) It shall be unlawful for any [individual] person to misuse any pesticide;

8 (3) It shall be unlawful for any person to use or supervise the use of pesticides that 9 are cancelled or suspended;

(4) It shall be unlawful for any person not holding a valid certified applicator
 license in proper certification categories or a valid pesticide dealer license to purchase or
 acquire restricted use pesticides;

12

(5) It shall be unlawful to make any false or misleading statements during the course ofan investigation into the sale, distribution, use or misuse of any pesticide;

15 [(4)] (6) It shall be unlawful to make any false or misleading statement on any 16 application, form or document submitted to the director concerning licensing pursuant to sections 17 281.010 to 281.115 or any regulations issued thereunder;

18 [(5)] (7) It shall be unlawful to make any false, misleading or fraudulent statement or 19 claim, through any media, [which] that misrepresents the effects of any pesticide, the methods 20 to be utilized in the application of any pesticide, or the qualifications of the person determining 21 the need for the use of any pesticide or using any pesticide;

[(6)] (8) It shall be unlawful to make any false or misleading statement specifying[,] or inferring that a person or [his] the person's methods are recommended by any branch of government or that any pesticide work done will be inspected by any branch of government;

[(7)] (9) It shall be unlawful to aid or abet any licensed or unlicensed individual in evading the provisions of sections 281.010 to 281.115 or any regulation issued thereunder, or to conspire with any licensed or unlicensed individual in evading the provisions of sections 281.010 to 281.115 or any regulation issued thereunder;

(10) It shall be unlawful for any person to steal or attempt to steal pesticide certification examinations or examination materials, cheat on pesticide certification examinations, evade completion of recertification or retraining requirements, or aid and abet any person to steal or attempt to steal examinations or examination materials, cheat on examinations, or evade recertification or retraining requirements.

34 **3.** Other acts [which] that are not specified, but [which] that violate sections 281.010 35 to 281.115 or regulations issued thereunder, shall nevertheless be unlawful.

324.009. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "License", a license, certificate, registration, permit, [or] accreditation, or military
3 occupational speciality that enables a person to legally practice an occupation or profession in
4 a particular jurisdiction;

5 (2) "Military", the Armed Forces of the United States including the Air Force, 6 Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Navy, Space Force, National Guard and any other 7 military branch that is designated by Congress as part of the Armed Forces of the United 8 States, and all reserve components and auxiliaries. Such term also includes the military 9 reserves and militia of any United States territory or state;

10 (3) "Nonresident military spouse", a nonresident spouse of an active duty member of the 11 Armed Forces of the United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to 12 the state of Missouri, or who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to an adjacent 13 state and is or will be domiciled in the state of Missouri, or has moved to the state of Missouri 14 on a permanent change-of-station basis;

15 [(3)] (4) "Oversight body", any board, department, agency, or office of a jurisdiction that 16 issues licenses;

17 [(4)] (5) "Resident military spouse", a spouse of an active duty member of the Armed 18 Forces of the United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to the state 19 of Missouri or an adjacent state and who is a permanent resident of the state of Missouri, who 20 is domiciled in the state of Missouri, or who has Missouri as his or her home of record.

2. Any person who holds a valid current license issued by another state, **a branch or** 22 **unit of the military**, a territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, and who has 23 been licensed for at least one year in such other jurisdiction, may submit an application for a 24 license in Missouri in the same occupation or profession, and at the same practice level, for 25 which he or she holds the current license, along with proof of current licensure and proof of 26 licensure for at least one year in the other jurisdiction, to the relevant oversight body in this state.

27

3. The oversight body in this state shall:

28 (1)Within six months of receiving an application described in subsection 2 of this section, waive any examination, educational, or experience requirements for licensure in this 29 30 state for the applicant if it determines that there were minimum education requirements and, if 31 applicable, work experience and clinical supervision requirements in effect and the other state 32 verifies that the person met those requirements in order to be licensed or certified in that state. 33 An oversight body that administers an examination on laws of this state as part of its licensing 34 application requirement may require an applicant to take and pass an examination specific to the 35 laws of this state; or

36 (2) Within thirty days of receiving an application described in subsection 2 of this 37 section from a nonresident military spouse or a resident military spouse, waive any examination, 38 educational, or experience requirements for licensure in this state for the applicant and issue such 39 applicant a license under this section if such applicant otherwise meets the requirements of this 40 section.

4. (1) The oversight body shall not waive any examination, educational, or experience 42 requirements for any applicant who has had his or her license revoked by an oversight body 43 outside the state; who is currently under investigation, who has a complaint pending, or who is 44 currently under disciplinary action, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, with 45 an oversight body outside the state; who does not hold a license in good standing with an

46 oversight body outside the state; who has a criminal record that would disqualify him or her for 47 licensure in Missouri; or who does not hold a valid current license in the other jurisdiction on 48 the date the oversight body receives his or her application under this section.

49 (2) If another jurisdiction has taken disciplinary action against an applicant, the oversight 50 body shall determine if the cause for the action was corrected and the matter resolved. If the 51 matter has not been resolved by that jurisdiction, the oversight body may deny a license until the 52 matter is resolved.

53 5. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the oversight body from denying a license to an 54 applicant under this section for any reason described in any section associated with the 55 occupation or profession for which the applicant seeks a license.

6. Any person who is licensed under the provisions of this section shall be subject to the applicable oversight body's jurisdiction and all rules and regulations pertaining to the practice of the licensed occupation or profession in this state.

59 7. This section shall not be construed to waive any requirement for an applicant to pay 60 any fees, post any bonds or surety bonds, or submit proof of insurance associated with the license 61 the applicant seeks.

8. This section shall not apply to business, professional, or occupational licenses issuedor required by political subdivisions.

64 9. The provisions of this section shall not impede an oversight body's authority to require 65 an applicant to submit fingerprints as part of the application process.

66 10. The provisions of this section shall not apply to an oversight body that has entered into a licensing compact with another state for the regulation of practice under the oversight 67 68 body's jurisdiction. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to alter the authority 69 granted by, or any requirements promulgated pursuant to, any interjurisdictional or interstate 70 compacts adopted by Missouri statute or any reciprocity agreements with other states in effect 71 on August 28, 2018, and whenever possible this section shall be interpreted so as to imply no 72 conflict between it and any compact, or any reciprocity agreements with other states in effect on 73 August 28, 2018.

11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a license issued under this section shall be valid only in this state and shall not make a licensee eligible to be part of an interstate compact. An applicant who is licensed in another state pursuant to an interstate compact shall not be eligible for licensure by an oversight body under the provisions of this section.

12. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any occupation set forth in subsection 6 of section 290.257, or any electrical contractor licensed under sections 324.900 to 324.945.

324.012. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Fresh Start Act of 2 2020".

3

2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

4 (1) "Criminal conviction", any conviction, finding of guilt, plea of guilty, or plea of nolo 5 contendere;

6 7

(2) "Licensing", any required training, education, or fee to work in a specific occupation, profession, or activity in the state;

8 (3)"Licensing authority", an agency, examining board, credentialing board, or other 9 office of the state with the authority to impose occupational fees or licensing requirements on 10 any profession. For purposes of the provisions of this section other than subsection 7 of this section, the term "licensing authority" shall not include the state board of education's licensure 11 12 of teachers pursuant to chapter 168, the Missouri state board of accountant's licensure of 13 accountants pursuant to chapter 326, the board of podiatric medicine's licensure of podiatrists 14 pursuant to chapter 330, the Missouri dental board's licensure of dentists pursuant to chapter 332, the state board of registration for the healing art's licensure of physicians and surgeons pursuant 15 to chapter 334, the Missouri state board of nursing's licensure of nurses pursuant to chapter 335, 16 17 the board of pharmacy's licensure of pharmacists pursuant to chapter 338, the Missouri real estate 18 commission's licensure of real estate brokers, real estate salespersons, or real estate broker-19 salespersons pursuant to sections 339.010 to 339.205, the Missouri veterinary medical board's 20 licensure of veterinarian's pursuant to chapter 340, the Missouri director of finance appointed 21 pursuant to chapter 361, or the peace officer standards and training commission's licensure of 22 peace officers or other law enforcement personnel pursuant to chapter 590;

23

(4) "Political subdivision", a city, town, village, municipality, or county.

3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning January 1, 2021, no person shall be disqualified by a state licensing authority from pursuing, practicing, or engaging in any occupation for which a license is required solely or in part because of a prior conviction of a crime in this state or another state, unless the criminal conviction directly relates to the duties and responsibilities for the licensed occupation as set forth in this section or is violent or sexual in nature.

4. Beginning August 28, 2020, applicants for examination of licensure who have pleaded guilty to, entered a plea of nolo contendere to, or been found guilty of any of the following offenses or offenses of a similar nature established under the laws of this state, any other state, United States, or any other country, notwithstanding whether sentence is imposed, shall be considered by state licensing authorities to have committed a criminal offense that directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of a licensed profession:

36 (1) Any murder in the first degree, or dangerous felony as defined under section 556.061 37 excluding an intoxication-related traffic offense or intoxication-related boating offense if the 38 person is found to be a habitual offender or habitual boating offender as such terms are defined 39 in section 577.001;

40 (2) Any of the following sexual offenses: rape in the first degree, forcible rape, rape, 41 statutory rape in the first degree, statutory rape in the second degree, rape in the second degree, 42 sexual assault, sodomy in the first degree, forcible sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree, 43 statutory sodomy in the second degree, child molestation in the first degree, child molestation 44 in the second degree, sodomy in the second degree, deviate sexual assault, sexual misconduct 45 involving a child, sexual misconduct in the first degree under section 566.090 as it existed prior 46 to August 28, 2013, sexual abuse under section 566.100 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, 47 sexual abuse in the first or second degree, enticement of a child, or attempting to entice a child;

48 (3) Any of the following offenses against the family and related offenses: incest, 49 abandonment of a child in the first degree, abandonment of a child in the second degree, 50 endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree, abuse of a child, using a child in a sexual 51 performance, promoting sexual performance by a child, or trafficking in children; and

52 (4) Any of the following offenses involving child pornography and related offenses: 53 promoting obscenity in the first degree, promoting obscenity in the second degree when the 54 penalty is enhanced to a class E felony, promoting child pornography in the first degree, 55 promoting child pornography in the second degree, possession of child pornography in the first 56 degree, possession of child pornography in the second degree, furnishing child pornography to 57 a minor, furnishing pornographic materials to minors, or coercing acceptance of obscene 58 material;

59 (5) The offense of delivery of a controlled substance, as provided in section 579.020, 60 may be a disqualifying criminal offense for the following occupations: real estate appraisers and 61 appraisal management companies, licensed pursuant to sections 339.500 to 339.549; and nursing 62 home administrators, licensed pursuant to chapter 344; and

63 (6) Any offense an essential element of which is fraud may be a disqualifying criminal offense for the following occupations: private investigators, licensed pursuant to sections 64 65 324.1100 to 324.1148; accountants, licensed pursuant to chapter 326; architects, licensed 66 pursuant to sections 327.091 to 327.172; engineers, licensed pursuant to sections 327.181 to 67 327.271; land surveyors, licensed pursuant to sections 327.272 to 327.371; landscape architects, 68 licensed pursuant to sections 327.600 to 327.635; chiropractors, licensed pursuant to chapter 69 331; embalmers and funeral directors, licensed pursuant to chapter 333; real estate appraisers and 70 appraisal management companies, licensed pursuant to sections 339.500 to 339.549; and nursing 71 home administrators, licensed pursuant to chapter 344.

5. If an individual is charged with any of the crimes set forth in subsection 4 of this section, and is convicted, pleads guilty to, or is found guilty of a lesser-included offense and is sentenced to a period of incarceration, such conviction shall only be considered by state licensing authorities as a criminal offense that directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of a licensed profession for four years, beginning on the date such individual is released from incarceration.

6. (1) [Licensing authorities shall only list criminal convictions that are directly related
 to the duties and responsibilities for the licensed occupation.

80 <u>(2)</u> The licensing authority shall determine whether an applicant with a criminal 81 conviction [listed under subdivision (1) of this subsection] will be denied a license based on the 82 following factors:

83

(a) The nature and seriousness of the crime for which the individual was convicted;

(b) The passage of time since the commission of the crime, including consideration of the factors listed under subdivision [(3)] (2) of this subsection;

86 (c) The relationship of the crime to the ability, capacity, and fitness required to perform 87 the duties and discharge the responsibilities of the occupation; and

88 (d) Any evidence of rehabilitation or treatment undertaken by the individual that might89 mitigate against a direct relation.

90 [(3)] (2) If an individual has a valid criminal conviction for a criminal offense that could 91 disqualify the individual from receiving a license, the disqualification shall not apply to an 92 individual who has been exonerated for a crime for which he or she has previously been 93 convicted of or incarcerated.

94 7. An individual with a criminal record may petition a licensing authority at any time for 95 a determination of whether the individual's criminal record will disqualify the individual from 96 obtaining a license. This petition shall include details on the individual's criminal record. The 97 licensing authority shall inform the individual of his or her standing within thirty days after the 98 licensing authority has met, but in no event more than four months after receiving the petition 99 from the applicant. The decision shall be binding, unless the individual has subsequent criminal 100 convictions or failed to disclose information in his or her petition. If the decision is that the 101 individual is disqualified, the individual shall be notified in writing of the grounds and 102 reasons for disqualification. The licensing authority may charge a fee by rule to recoup its 103 costs as set by rulemaking authority not to exceed twenty-five dollars for each petition.

8. (1) If a licensing authority denies an individual a license solely or in part because of the individual's prior conviction of a crime, the licensing authority shall notify the individual in writing of the following:

107

(a) The grounds and reasons for the denial or disqualification;

108 (b) That the individual has the right to a hearing as provided by chapter 621 to challenge 109 the licensing authority's decision;

110

(c) The earliest date the person may reapply for a license; and

111

(d) That evidence of rehabilitation may be considered upon reapplication.

(d) That evidence of renabilitation may be considered upon reap

(2) Any written determination by the licensing authority that an applicant's criminal conviction is a specifically listed disqualifying conviction and is directly related to the duties and responsibilities for the licensed occupation shall be documented with written findings for each of the grounds or reasons under paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection by clear and convincing evidence sufficient for a reviewing court.

(3) In any administrative hearing or civil litigation authorized under this subsection, the
licensing authority shall carry the burden of proof on the question of whether the applicant's
criminal conviction directly relates to the occupation for which the license is sought.

9. The provisions of this section shall apply to any profession for which an occupational license is issued in this state, including any new occupational license created by a state licensing authority after August 28, 2020. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, political subdivisions shall be prohibited from creating any new occupational licenses after August 28, 2020. The provisions of this section shall not apply to business licenses, where the terms 'occupational licenses'' and "business licenses'' are used interchangeably in a city or county charter definition.

324.087. SECTION 1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Compact is to facilitate interstate practice of Occupational Therapy with the goal of improving public access to Occupational Therapy services. The Practice of Occupational Therapy occurs in the State where the patient/client is located at the time of the patient/client encounter. The Compact preserves the regulatory authority of States to protect public health and safety through the current system of State licensure. This Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:

8 A. Increase public access to Occupational Therapy services by providing for the 9 mutual recognition of other Member State licenses;

10

B. Enhance the States' ability to protect the public's health and safety;

11 C. Encourage the cooperation of Member States in regulating multi-State 12 Occupational Therapy Practice;

13

D. Support spouses of relocating military members;

E. Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and disciplinary information
 between Member States;

F. Allow a Remote State to hold a provider of services with a Compact Privilege in
 that State accountable to that State's practice standards; and

G. Facilitate the use of Telehealth technology in order to increase access to
 Occupational Therapy services.

20

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS

As used in this Compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions shall apply:

A. "Active Duty Military" means full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapter 1209 and Section 1211.

B. "Adverse Action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a State's laws which is imposed by a Licensing Board or other authority against an Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant, including actions against an individual's license or Compact Privilege such as censure, revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the Licensee, or restriction on the Licensee's practice.

C. "Alternative Program" means a non-disciplinary monitoring process approved
 by an Occupational Therapy Licensing Board.

33 D. "Compact Privilege" means the authorization, which is equivalent to a license, 34 granted by a Remote State to allow a Licensee from another Member State to practice as 35 an Occupational Therapist or practice as an Occupational Therapy Assistant in the 36 Remote State under its laws and rules. The Practice of Occupational Therapy occurs in 37 the Member State where the patient/client is located at the time of the patient/client 38 encounter.

E. "Continuing Competence/Education" means a requirement, as a condition of license renewal, to provide evidence of participation in, and/or completion of, educational and professional activities relevant to practice or area of work.

42 F. "Current Significant Investigative Information" means Investigative 43 Information that a Licensing Board, after an inquiry or investigation that includes 44 notification and an opportunity for the Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy 45 Assistant to respond, if required by State law, has reason to believe is not groundless and, 46 if proved true, would indicate more than a minor infraction.

47 G. "Data System" means a repository of information about Licensees, including 48 but not limited to license status, Investigative Information, Compact Privileges, and 49 Adverse Actions.

50 H. "Encumbered License" means a license in which an Adverse Action restricts the 51 Practice of Occupational Therapy by the Licensee or said Adverse Action has been 52 reported to the National Practitioners Data Bank (NPDB).

53 I. "Executive Committee" means a group of directors elected or appointed to act 54 on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the Commission.

55 J. "Home State" means the Member State that is the Licensee's Primary State of 56 Residence.

57 K. "Impaired Practitioner" means individuals whose professional practice is 58 adversely affected by substance abuse, addiction, or other health-related conditions.

59 L. "Investigative Information" means information, records, and/or documents 60 received or generated by an Occupational Therapy Licensing Board pursuant to an 61 investigation.

62 M. "Jurisprudence Requirement" means the assessment of an individual's 63 knowledge of the laws and rules governing the Practice of Occupational Therapy in a State.

64N. "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an authorization from the65State to practice as an Occupational Therapist or as an Occupational Therapy Assistant.

66

O. "Member State" means a State that has enacted the Compact.

67 P. "Occupational Therapist" means an individual who is licensed by a State to 68 practice 63 Occupational Therapy.

69 Q. "Occupational Therapy Assistant" means an individual who is licensed by a 70 State to assist in the Practice of Occupational Therapy.

R. "Occupational Therapy," "Occupational Therapy Practice," and the "Practice
of Occupational Therapy" mean the care and services provided by an Occupational
Therapist or an Occupational Therapy Assistant as set forth in the Member State's statutes
and regulations.

S. "Occupational Therapy Compact Commission" or "Commission" means the
 national administrative body whose membership consists of all States that have enacted the
 Compact.

78 T. "Occupational Therapy Licensing Board" or "Licensing Board" means the 79 agency of a State that is authorized to license and regulate Occupational Therapists and 80 Occupational Therapy Assistants.

U. "Primary State of Residence" means the state (also known as the Home State) in which an Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant who is not Active Duty Military declares a primary residence for legal purposes as verified by: driver's license, federal income tax return, lease, deed, mortgage or voter registration or other verifying documentation as further defined by Commission Rules.

V. "Remote State" means a Member State other than the Home State, where a
Licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the Compact Privilege.

of law.

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89

W. "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by the Commission that has the force

90 X. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or territory of the United 91 States of America that regulates the Practice of Occupational Therapy. 92 "Single-State License" means an Occupational Therapist or Occupational Y. Therapy Assistant license issued by a Member State that authorizes practice only within 93 94 the issuing State and does not include a Compact Privilege in any other Member State. 95 Z "Telehealth" means the application of telecommunication technology to deliver Occupational Therapy services for assessment, intervention and/or consultation. 96 97 **SECTION 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT** 98 A. To participate in the Compact, a Member State shall: 99 1. License Occupational Therapists and Occupational Therapy Assistants; 2. Participate fully in the Commission's Data System, including but not limited to 100 101 using the Commission's unique identifier as defined in Rules of the Commission;

3. Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about
Licensees;

1044. Notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms of the Compact and Rules,105of any Adverse Action or the availability of Investigative Information regarding a106Licensee;

5. Implement or utilize procedures for considering the criminal history records of applicants for an initial Compact Privilege. These procedures shall include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining that State's criminal records;

a. A Member State shall, within a time frame established by the Commission, require a criminal background check for a Licensee seeking/applying for a Compact Privilege whose Primary State of Residence is that Member State, by receiving the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal record search, and shall use the results in making licensure decisions.

b. Communication between a Member State, the Commission and among Member
States regarding the verification of eligibility for licensure through the Compact shall not
include any information received from the Federal Bureau of Investigation relating to a
federal criminal records check performed by a Member State under Public Law 92-544.

121

6. Comply with the Rules of the Commission;

122 7. Utilize only a recognized national examination as a requirement for licensure
123 pursuant to the Rules of the Commission; and

- 124 8. Have Continuing Competence/Education requirements as a condition for license
 125 renewal.
- B. A Member State shall grant the Compact Privilege to a Licensee holding a valid
 unencumbered license in another Member State in accordance with the terms of the
 Compact and Rules.
- 129

C. Member States may charge a fee for granting a Compact Privilege.

- D. A Member State shall provide for the State's delegate to attend all Occupational
 Therapy Compact Commission meetings.
- E. Individuals not residing in a Member State shall continue to be able to apply for a Member State's Single-State License as provided under the laws of each Member State. However, the Single-State License granted to these individuals shall not be recognized as granting the Compact Privilege in any other Member State.
- F. Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member
 State for the issuance of a Single-State License.
- 138

SECTION 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE

- 139 A. To exercise the Compact Privilege under the terms and provisions of the 140 Compact, the Licensee shall:
- 141 **1. Hold a license in the Home State**;
- 142 2. Have a valid United States Social Security Number or National Practitioner
- 143 Identification number;
- 144 **3.** Have no encumbrance on any State license;
- 4. Be eligible for a Compact Privilege in any Member State in accordance with
 Section 4D, F, G, and H;
- 147 5. Have paid all fines and completed all requirements resulting from any Adverse
 148 Action against any license or Compact Privilege, and two years have elapsed from the date
 149 of such completion;
- 150 6. Notify the Commission that the Licensee is seeking the Compact Privilege within
 151 a Remote State(s);
- 152

7. Pay any applicable fees, including any State fee, for the Compact Privilege;

- 153
- 8. Complete a criminal background check in accordance with Section 3A(5);
- a. The Licensee shall be responsible for the payment of any fee associated with the
 completion of a criminal background check.
- 9. Meet any Jurisprudence Requirements established by the Remote State(s) in
 which the Licensee is seeking a Compact Privilege; and
- 15810. Report to the Commission Adverse Action taken by any non-Member State159within 30 days from the date the Adverse Action is taken.

B. The Compact Privilege is valid until the expiration date of the Home State
license. The Licensee must comply with the requirements of Section 4A to maintain the
Compact Privilege in the Remote State.

163 C. A Licensee providing Occupational Therapy in a Remote State under the 164 Compact Privilege shall function within the laws and regulations of the Remote State.

165 D. Occupational Therapy Assistants practicing in a Remote State shall be 166 supervised by an Occupational Therapist licensed or holding a Compact Privilege in that 167 Remote State.

E. A Licensee providing Occupational Therapy in a Remote State is subject to that State's regulatory authority. A Remote State may, in accordance with due process and that State's laws, remove a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the Remote State for a specific period of time, impose fines, and/or take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens. The Licensee may be ineligible for a Compact Privilege in any State until the specific time for removal has passed and all fines are paid.

F. If a Home State license is encumbered, the Licensee shall lose the Compact Privilege in any Remote State until the following occur:

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1. The Home State license is no longer encumbered; and

177 2. Two years have elapsed from the date on which the Home State license is no 178 longer encumbered in accordance with Section 4(F)(1).

G. Once an Encumbered License in the Home State is restored to good standing,
the Licensee must meet the requirements of Section 4A to obtain a Compact Privilege in
any Remote State.

H. If a Licensee's Compact Privilege in any Remote State is removed, the individual
 may lose the Compact Privilege in any other Remote State until the following occur:

184
 1. The specific period of time for which the Compact Privilege was removed has
 185 ended;

186 **2.** All fines have been paid and all conditions have been met;

187 **3.** Two years have elapsed from the date of completing requirements for 4(H)(1) 188 and (2); and

4. The Compact Privileges are reinstated by the Commission, and the compact Data
System is updated to reflect reinstatement.

I. If a Licensee's Compact Privilege in any Remote State is removed due to an
 erroneous charge, privileges shall be restored through the compact Data System.

J. Once the requirements of Section 4H have been met, the license must meet the
 requirements in Section 4A to obtain a Compact Privilege in a Remote State.

195 SECTION 5. OBTAINING A NEW HOME STATE LICENSE BY VIRTUE OF 196 COMPACT PRIVILEGE

A. An Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant may hold a
Home State license, which allows for Compact Privileges in Member States, in only one
Member State at a time.

B. If an Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant changes
 Primary State of Residence by moving between two Member States:

202 **1.** The Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant shall file an 203 application for obtaining a new Home State license by virtue of a Compact Privilege, pay 204 all applicable fees, and notify the current and new Home State in accordance with 205 applicable Rules adopted by the Commission.

206 **2.** Upon receipt of an application for obtaining a new Home State license by virtue 207 of compact privilege, the new Home State shall verify that the Occupational Therapist or 208 Occupational Therapy Assistant meets the pertinent criteria outlined in Section 4 via the 209 Data System, without need for primary source verification except for:

a. an FBI fingerprint based criminal background check if not previously performed
or updated pursuant to applicable Rules adopted by the Commission in accordance with
Public Law 92-544;

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b. other criminal background check as required by the new Home State; and

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c. submission of any requisite Jurisprudence Requirements of the new Home State.

3. The former Home State shall convert the former Home State license into a Compact Privilege once the new Home State has activated the new Home State license in accordance with applicable Rules adopted by the Commission.

4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, if the Occupational
Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant cannot meet the criteria in Section 4, the new
Home State shall apply its requirements for issuing a new Single-State License.

5. The Occupational Therapist or the Occupational Therapy Assistant shall pay all
applicable fees to the new Home State in order to be issued a new Home State license.

223 C. If an Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant changes 224 Primary State of Residence by moving from a Member State to a non-Member State, or 225 from a non-Member State to a Member State, the State criteria shall apply for issuance of 226 a Single-State License in the new State.

D. Nothing in this compact shall interfere with a Licensee's ability to hold a Single-State License in multiple States; however, for the purposes of this compact, a Licensee shall have only one Home State license.
230 E. Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member 231 State for the issuance of a Single-State License.

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SECTION 6. ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR SPOUSES 233 A. Active Duty Military personnel, or their spouses, shall designate a Home State 234 where the individual has a current license in good standing. The individual may retain the 235 Home State designation during the period the service member is on active duty. 236 Subsequent to designating a Home State, the individual shall only change their Home State 237 through application for licensure in the new State or through the process described in

- 238 Section 5.
- 239

SECTION 7. ADVERSE ACTIONS

240 A. A Home State shall have exclusive power to impose Adverse Action against an 241 Occupational Therapist's or Occupational Therapy Assistant's license issued by the Home 242 State.

243 B. In addition to the other powers conferred by State law, a Remote State shall 244 have the authority, in accordance with existing State due process law, to:

245 1. Take Adverse Action against an Occupational Therapist's or Occupational 246 Therapy Assistant's Compact Privilege within that Member State.

247 2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance 248 and testimony of witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a 249 Licensing Board in a Member State for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the 250 production of evidence from another Member State shall be enforced in the latter State by 251 any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court 252 applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority 253 shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service 254 statutes of the State in which the witnesses or evidence are located.

255 C. For purposes of taking Adverse Action, the Home State shall give the same 256 priority and effect to reported conduct received from a Member State as it would if the 257 conduct had occurred within the Home State. In so doing, the Home State shall apply its 258 own State laws to determine appropriate action.

259 **D.** The Home State shall complete any pending investigations of an Occupational 260 Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant who changes Primary State of Residence 261 during the course of the investigations. The Home State, where the investigations were 262 initiated, shall also have the authority to take appropriate action(s) and shall promptly 263 report the conclusions of the investigations to the OT Compact Commission Data System. 264 The Occupational Therapy Compact Commission Data System administrator shall 265 promptly notify the new Home State of any Adverse Actions.

266 E. A Member State, if otherwise permitted by State law, may recover from the 267 affected Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant the costs of 268 investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any Adverse Action taken against 269 that Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant.

270 F. A Member State may take Adverse Action based on the factual findings of the 271 Remote State, provided that the Member State follows its own procedures for taking the 272 Adverse Action.

273

G. Joint Investigations

274 1. In addition to the authority granted to a Member State by its respective State 275 Occupational Therapy laws and regulations or other applicable State law, any Member 276 State may participate with other Member States in joint investigations of Licensees.

277 2. Member States shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials 278 in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under the Compact.

279 H. If an Adverse Action is taken by the Home State against an Occupational 280 Therapist's or Occupational Therapy Assistant's license, the Occupational Therapist's or 281 Occupational Therapy Assistant's Compact Privilege in all other Member States shall be 282 deactivated until all encumbrances have been removed from the State license. All Home 283 State disciplinary orders that impose Adverse Action against an Occupational Therapist's 284 or Occupational Therapy Assistant's license shall include a Statement that the 285 Occupational Therapist's or Occupational Therapy Assistant's Compact Privilege is 286 deactivated in all Member States during the pendency of the order.

287 If a Member State takes Adverse Action, it shall promptly notify the I. 288 administrator of the Data System. The administrator of the Data System shall promptly 289 notify the Home State of any Adverse Actions by Remote States.

290 Nothing in this Compact shall override a Member State's decision that J. 291 participation in an Alternative Program may be used in lieu of Adverse Action.

292 SECTION 8. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY 293 **COMPACT COMMISSION.**

294 A. The Compact Member States hereby create and establish a joint public agency 295 known as the Occupational Therapy Compact Commission:

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1. The Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact States.

297 2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be 298 brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal 299 office of the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional 300 defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution 301 proceedings.

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3. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.

303 **B.** Membership, Voting, and Meetings 304 1. Each Member State shall have and be limited to one (1) delegate selected by that 305 Member State's Licensing Board. 306 2. The delegate shall be either: 307 a. A current member of the Licensing Board, who is an Occupational Therapist, 308 Occupational Therapy Assistant, or public member; or 309 b. An administrator of the Licensing Board. 310 3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law 311 of the State from which the delegate is appointed. 312 4. The Member State board shall fill any vacancy occurring in the Commission 313 within 90 days. 314 5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote with regard to the promulgation 315 of Rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in 316 the business and affairs of the Commission. A delegate shall vote in person or by such 317 other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' 318 participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication. 319 6. The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional 320 meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws. 321 7. The Commission shall establish by Rule a term of office for delegates. 322 C. The Commission shall have the following powers and duties: 323 1. Establish a Code of Ethics for the Commission; 324 2. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission; 325 3. Establish bylaws; 326 4. Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws; 327 5. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact 328 and the bylaws; 329 6. Promulgate uniform Rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and 330 administration of this Compact. The Rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall 331 be binding in all Member States; 332 7. Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the Commission, 333 provided that the standing of any State Occupational Therapy Licensing Board to sue or 334 be sued under applicable law shall not be affected; 335 8. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds; 336 9. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited 337 to, employees of a Member State;

338 10. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant 339 such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and 340 establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, 341 qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;

- 34211. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment,343supplies, materials and services, and receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that344at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or conflict of
- 345 interest;

351

12. Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise own,
hold, improve or use, any property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times the
Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;

349 13. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose
 350 of any property real, personal, or mixed;

14. Establish a budget and make expenditures;

352 **15. Borrow money**;

16. Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of members,
State regulators, State legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives,
and such other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact and the bylaws;
17. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement

357 agencies;

18. Establish and elect an Executive Committee; and

19. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
 purposes of this Compact consistent with the State regulation of Occupational Therapy
 licensure and practice.

362 **D. The Executive Committee**

363The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Commission364according to the terms of this Compact.

365

1. The Executive Committee shall be composed of nine members:

a. Seven voting members who are elected by the Commission from the current
 membership of the Commission;

368 b. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national Occupational 369 Therapy professional association; and

c. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national Occupational
 Therapy certification organization.

372

2. The ex-officio members will be selected by their respective organizations.

3733. The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Committee as374provided in bylaws.

375

4. The Executive Committee shall meet at least annually.

- **5.** The Executive Committee shall have the following Duties and responsibilities:
- a. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the Rules or bylaws, changes
 to this Compact legislation, fees paid by Compact Member States such as annual dues, and
 any Commission Compact fee charged to Licensees for the Compact Privilege;
- b. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual
- 381 or otherwise;
- 382 c. Prepare and recommend the budget;
- 383 d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
- e. Monitor Compact compliance of Member States and provide compliance reports
 to the Commission;
- **f. Establish additional committees as necessary; and**
- **g.** Perform other duties as provided in Rules or bylaws.
- 388 E. Meetings of the Commission
- All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be
 given in the same manner as required under the Rulemaking provisions in Section 10.
- 391 2. The Commission or the Executive Committee or other committees of the
 392 Commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting if the Commission or Executive
 393 Committee or other committees of the Commission must discuss:
- a. Non-compliance of a Member State with its obligations under the Compact;
- b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices or
 procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the Commission's
 internal personnel practices and procedures;
- 398

c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;

- d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real
 estate;
- 401 e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
- 402 f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is 403 privileged or confidential;
- g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute
 a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- 406 h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;

407 i. Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on 408 behalf of or for use of the Commission or other committee charged with responsibility of 409 investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the Compact; or

410 j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or Member State 411 statute.

412 3. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this provision, the 413 Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and 414 shall reference each relevant exempting provision.

415 4. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters 416 discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and 417 the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents 418 considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes 419 and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority 420 vote of the Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

421

F. Financing of the Commission

422 1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable 423 expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

424 2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations, 425 and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.

426

3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each 427 Member State or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and 428 activities of the Commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to 429 cover its annual budget as approved by the Commission each year for which revenue is not 430 provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated 431 based upon a formula to be determined by the Commission, which shall promulgate a Rule 432 binding upon all Member States.

433 4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the 434 funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the 435 Member States, except by and with the authority of the Member State.

436 5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. 437 The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and 438 accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and 439 disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified 440 or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become 441 part of the annual report of the Commission.

442

G. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification

443 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the 444 Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official 445 capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil 446 liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that 447 occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for 448 believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; 449 provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from 450 suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or 451 willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

452 2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, 453 or representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising 454 out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of 455 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the 456 claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of 457 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be 458 construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided 459 further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's 460 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

461 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, 462 executive director, employee, or representative of the Commission for the amount of any 463 settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged 464 act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, 465 or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within 466 the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual 467 or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton 468 misconduct of that person.

469

SECTION 9. DATA SYSTEM

A. The Commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, and utilization
of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, Adverse Action, and
Investigative Information on all licensed individuals in Member States.

B. A Member State shall submit a uniform data set to the Data System on all
individuals to whom this Compact is applicable (utilizing a unique identifier) as required
by the Rules of the Commission, including:

- 476 **1. Identifying information;**
- 477 **2.** Licensure data;
- 478 **3.** Adverse Actions against a license or Compact Privilege;

479 **4.** Non-confidential information related to Alternative Program participation;

480 5. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) for such denial;

481 6. Other information that may facilitate the administration of this Compact, as
482 determined by the Rules of the Commission; and

483

7. Current Significant Investigative Information.

484 C. Current Significant Investigative Information and other Investigative
485 Information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member State will only be available to other
486 Member States.

487 D. The Commission shall promptly notify all Member States of any Adverse Action
488 taken against a Licensee or an individual applying for a license. Adverse Action
489 information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member State will be available to any other
490 Member State.

491 E. Member States contributing information to the Data System may designate 492 information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the 493 contributing State.

F. Any information submitted to the Data System that is subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the Member State contributing the information shall be removed from the Data System.

497 **SEC**

10

SECTION 10. RULEMAKING

A. The Commission shall exercise its Rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria
 set forth in this Section and the Rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall
 become binding as of the date specified in each Rule or amendment.

B. The Commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the Compact. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Commission exercises its rule making authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of the Compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the Commission shall be invalid and have no force and effect.

506 C. If a majority of the legislatures of the Member States rejects a Rule, by 507 enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the Compact within 508 4 years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such Rule shall have no further force and 509 effect in any Member State.

510 D. Rules or amendments to the Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special 511 meeting of the Commission.

E. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final Rule or Rules by the Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in advance of the meeting at which the Rule will be considered and voted upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:

515 1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly accessible platform; and

- 516 2. On the website of each Member State Occupational Therapy Licensing Board 517 or other publicly accessible platform or the publication in which each State would 518 otherwise publish proposed Rules.
- 519

F. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:

- 520 1. The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the Rule will be 521 considered and voted upon;
- 522 2. The text of the proposed Rule or amendment and the reason for the proposed 523 Rule:
- 524

3. A request for comments on the proposed Rule from any interested person; and 525 4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Commission

526 of their intention to attend the public hearing and any written comments.

527 G. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the Commission shall allow persons to 528 submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made available to the 529 public.

- 530 H. The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts 531 a Rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
- 532 1. At least twenty five (25) persons;

533 2. A State or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or

534

3. An association or organization having at least twenty five (25) members.

535 I. If a hearing is held on the proposed Rule or amendment, the Commission shall 536 publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is held via 537 electronic means, the Commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the electronic 538 hearing.

539 1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director 540 of the Commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and 541 testify at the hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the 542 hearing.

543 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to 544 comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.

545 3. All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording will be made available on 546 request.

547 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each 548 Rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings required 549 by this section.

J. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.

553 K. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties 554 is received, the Commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed Rule without 555 a public hearing.

L. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed Rule and shall determine the effective date of the Rule, if any, based on the Rulemaking record and the full text of the Rule.

559 M. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider 560 and adopt an emergency Rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, 561 provided that the usual Rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this 562 section shall be retroactively applied to the Rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event 563 later than nine ty (90) days after the effective date of the Rule. For the purposes of this 564 provision, an emergency Rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:

565

1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;

566

2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Member State funds;

567 **3.** Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative Rule that is 568 established by federal law or Rule; or

569

4. Protect public health and safety.

570 N. The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct 571 revisions to a previously adopted Rule or amendment for purposes of correcting 572 typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. 573 Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The 574 revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after 575 posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a 576 material change to a Rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the chair 577 of the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the 578 revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the Commission. 579

580 581 SECTION 11. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT A. Oversight

582 1. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of State government in each 583 Member State shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate 584 to effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this Compact and the 585 Rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.

2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact and the Rules in any judicial
or administrative proceeding in a Member State pertaining to the subject matter of this
Compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Commission.

589 **3.** The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such 590 proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. 591 Failure to provide service of process to the Commission shall render a judgment or order 592 void as to the Commission, this Compact, or promulgated Rules.

593

B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination

594 1. If the Commission determines that a Member State has defaulted in the 595 performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated 596 Rules, the Commission shall:

a. Provide written notice to the defaulting State and other Member States of the
nature of the default, the proposed means of curing the default and/or any other action to
be taken by the Commission; and

600

b. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

601 2. If a State in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting State may be 602 terminated from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the Member States, 603 and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact may be terminated on the 604 effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending State of 605 obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.

6063. Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only after all other607means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or608terminate shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the majority and minority609leaders of the defaulting State's legislature, and each of the Member States.

4. A State that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations,
and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that
extend beyond the effective date of termination.

5. The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a State that is found to be in
default or that has been terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing
between the Commission and the defaulting State.

616 6. The defaulting State may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning the 617 U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the 618 Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of 619 such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

620 C. Dispute Resolution

621 1. Upon request by a Member State, the Commission shall attempt to resolve 622 disputes related to the Compact that arise among Member States and between member and 623 non-Member States.

624 2. The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing for both mediation and 625 binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

626 **D.** Enforcement

627

1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the 628 provisions and Rules of this Compact.

629 2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the United States 630 District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission 631 has its principal offices against a Member State in default to enforce compliance with the 632 provisions of the Compact and its promulgated Rules and bylaws. The relief sought may 633 include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, 634 the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable 635 attorney's fees.

636 3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The 637 Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or State law.

638 SECTION 12. DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE AND ASSOCIATED 639 640 **RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT**

641 A. The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact statute 642 is enacted into law in the tenth Member State. The provisions, which become effective at 643 that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to assembly 644 and the promulgation of Rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise 645 Rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and administration of the Compact. 646 B. Any State that joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial 647 adoption of the Rules shall be subject to the Rules as they exist on the date on which the 648 Compact becomes law in that State. Any Rule that has been previously adopted by the 649 Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law in that State. 650

651 C. Any Member State may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute 652 repealing the same.

653 1. A Member State's withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) months after 654 enactment of the repealing statute.

655 2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing 656 State's Occupational Therapy Licensing Board to comply with the investigative and 657 Adverse Action reporting requirements of this act prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent
 any Occupational Therapy licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between
 a Member State and a non-Member State that does not conflict with the provisions of this
 Compact.

E. This Compact may be amended by the Member States. No amendment to this
Compact shall become effective and binding upon any Member State until it is enacted into
the laws of all Member States.

665

SECTION 13. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

666 This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. 667 The provisions of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or 668 provision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any Member 669 State or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, 670 or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Compact and the 671 applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be 672 affected thereby. If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any Member 673 State, the Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining Member States 674 and in full force and effect as to the Member State affected as to all severable matters.

675

SECTION 14. BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS

676 A. A Licensee providing Occupational Therapy in a Remote State under the 677 Compact Privilege shall function within the laws and regulations of the Remote State.

678 **B.** Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a Member State 679 that is not inconsistent with the Compact.

680 C. Any laws in a Member State in conflict with the Compact are superseded to the
681 extent of the conflict.

D. Any lawful actions of the Commission, including all Rules and bylaws
promulgated by the Commission, are binding upon the Member States.

E. All agreements between the Commission and the Member States are binding in
 accordance with their terms.

F. In the event any provision of the Compact exceeds the constitutional limits
imposed on the legislature of any Member State, the provision shall be ineffective to the
extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that Member State.

324.200. 1. Sections 324.200 to 324.225 shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Dietitian Practice Act".

2. As used in sections 324.200 to 324.225, the following terms shall mean:

4 (1) "Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition and Dietetics" or "ACEND", the 5 Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics accrediting agency for education programs preparing 6 students for professions as registered dietitians;

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3

(2) "Committee", the state committee of dietitians established in section 324.203;

8 (3) "Dietetics practice", the application of principles derived from integrating knowledge 9 of food, nutrition, biochemistry, physiology, management, and behavioral and social science to 10 achieve and maintain the health of people by providing nutrition assessment and nutrition care 11 services. The primary function of dietetic practice is the provision of nutrition care services that 12 shall include, but not be limited to:

(a) Assessing the nutrition needs of individuals and groups and determining resourcesand constraints in the practice setting;

15 (b) Establishing priorities, goals, and objectives that meet nutrition needs and are 16 consistent with available resources and constraints;

(c) Providing nutrition counseling or education in health and disease;

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(d) Developing, implementing, and managing nutrition care systems;

(e) Evaluating, making changes in, and maintaining appropriate standards of quality andsafety in food and in nutrition services;

(f) Engaged in medical nutritional therapy as defined in subdivision (8) of this section;

(4) "Dietitian", one engaged in dietetic practice as defined in subdivision (3) of thissection;

24 25

- (5) "Director", the director of the division of professional registration;
- (6) "Division", the division of professional registration;
- 26 (7) "Licensed dietitian", a person who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of sections 27 324.200 to 324.225 to engage in the practice of dietetics or medical nutrition therapy;

(8) "Medical nutrition therapy", [nutritional diagnostic, therapy, and counseling services
 which are furnished by a registered dietitian or registered dietitian nutritionist] the provision of
 nutrition care services for the treatment or management of a disease or medical condition;

- 31
- (9) "Registered dietitian" or "registered dietitian nutritionist", a person who:
- 32 (a) Has completed a minimum of a baccalaureate degree granted by a United States
 33 regionally accredited college or university or foreign equivalent;
- 34 (b) Completed the academic requirements of a didactic program in dietetics, as approved35 by ACEND;
- 36 (c) Successfully completed the registration examination for dietitians; and

37 (d) Accrued seventy-five hours of approved continuing professional units every five38 years; as determined by the Committee on Dietetic Registration.

324.206. **1.** As long as the person involved does not represent or hold himself or herself out as a dietitian as defined by subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of section 324.200, nothing in sections 324.200 to 324.225 is intended to limit, preclude, or otherwise interfere with:

4

(1) Self-care by a person or gratuitous care by a friend or family member;

5 (2) Persons in the military services or working in federal facilities from performing any 6 activities described in sections 324.200 to 324.225 during the course of their assigned duties in 7 the military service or a federal facility;

8 (3) A licensed health care provider performing any activities described in sections 9 324.200 to 324.225 that are within the scope of practice of the licensee;

10 (4) A person pursuing an approved educational program leading to a degree or certificate 11 in dietetics at an accredited or approved educational program as long as such person does not 12 provide dietetic services outside the educational program. Such person shall be designated by 13 a title that clearly indicates the person's status as a student;

(5) Individuals who do not hold themselves out as dietitians marketing or distributing
 food products including dietary supplements as defined by the Food and Drug Administration
 or engaging in the explanation and education of customers regarding the use of such products;

17 (6) Any person furnishing general nutrition information as to the use of food, food 18 materials, or dietary supplements, nor prevent in any way the free dissemination of literature;

19 (7) A person credentialed in the field of nutrition from providing advice, 20 counseling, or evaluations in matters of food, diet, or nutrition to the extent such acts are 21 within the scope of practice listed by the credentialing body and do not constitute medical 22 nutrition therapy;

23

24 provided, however, no such individual may call himself or herself a dietitian unless he or she is
25 licensed under this chapter.

26 **2.** A credentialed person not representing or holding himself or herself out as a 27 dietitian, who performs any of the acts or services listed in subsection 1 of this section, shall 28 provide, prior to performing such act or service for another, the following:

29

(1) The person's name and title;

30

31 (3) A statement that the person is not a dietitian licensed by the state of Missouri;

(4) A statement that the information provided or advice given may be considered

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33 alternative care by licensed practitioners in the state of Missouri; and

(2) The person's business address and telephone number;

34 (5) The person's qualifications for providing such information or advice, including
 35 educational background, training, and experience.

327.011. As used in this chapter, the following words and terms shall have the meanings 2 indicated:

3 (1) "Accredited degree program from a school of architecture", a degree from any school 4 or other institution which teaches architecture and whose curricula for the degree in question 5 have been, at the time in question, certified as accredited by the National Architectural 6 Accrediting Board;

7 (2) "Accredited school of engineering", any school or other institution which teaches 8 engineering and whose curricula on the subjects in question are or have been, at the time in 9 question certified as accredited by the engineering accreditation commission of the accreditation 10 board for engineering and technology or its successor organization;

(3) "Accredited school of landscape architecture", any school or other institution which
teaches landscape architecture and whose curricula on the subjects in question are or have been
at the times in question certified as accredited by the Landscape Architecture Accreditation
Board of the American Society of Landscape Architects;

15 (4) "Architect", any person authorized pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to 16 practice architecture in Missouri, as the practice of architecture is defined in section 327.091;

17 (5) "Board", the Missouri board for architects, professional engineers, professional land
 18 surveyors and professional landscape architects;

(6) "Corporation", any general business corporation, professional corporation or limitedliability company;

(7) "Design coordination", the review and coordination of technical submissions
 prepared by others including, as appropriate and without limitation, architects, professional
 engineers, professional land surveyors, professional landscape architects, and other consultants;

(8) "Design survey", a survey which includes all activities required to gather information to support the sound conception, planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of design projects, but excludes the surveying of real property for the establishment of land boundaries, rights-of-way, easements, and the dependent or independent surveys or resurveys of the public land survey system;

29 (9) "Incidental practice", the performance of other professional services licensed under 30 chapter 327 that are related to a licensee's professional service, but are secondary and 31 substantially less in scope and magnitude when compared to the professional services usually 32 and normally performed by the licensee practicing in their licensed profession. This incidental 33 professional service shall be safely and competently performed by the licensee without jeopardizing the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The licensee shall be qualified by 34 35 education, training, and experience as determined by the board and in sections 327.091, 327.181, 327.272, and 327.600 and applicable board rules to perform such incidental professional service; 36

(10) "Licensee", a person licensed to practice any profession regulated under this chapteror a corporation authorized to practice any such profession;

39

(11) "Partnership", any partnership or limited liability partnership;

4

40 (12) "Person", any [person] individual, corporation, firm, partnership, association or 41 other entity authorized to do business;

42 (13) "Professional engineer", any person authorized pursuant to the provisions of this 43 chapter to practice as a professional engineer in Missouri, as the practice of engineering is 44 defined in section 327.181;

45 (14) "Professional land surveyor", any person authorized pursuant to the provisions of 46 this chapter to practice as a professional land surveyor in Missouri as the practice of land 47 surveying is defined in section 327.272;

48 (15) "Professional landscape architect", any person authorized pursuant to the provisions 49 of this chapter to practice as a professional landscape architect in Missouri as the practice of 50 landscape architecture is defined in section 327.600;

51 (16) "Responsible charge", the independent direct control of a licensee's work and 52 personal supervision of such work pertaining to the practice of architecture, engineering, land 53 surveying, or landscape architecture.

327.091. 1. [Any person practices as an architect in Missouri who renders or offers to 2 render or represents himself or herself as willing or able to render service or creative work which requires architectural education, training and experience, including services and work such as 3 consultation, evaluation, planning, aesthetic and structural design, the preparation of drawings, 4 specifications and related documents, and the coordination of services furnished by structural, 5 civil, mechanical and electrical engineers and other consultants as they relate to architectural 6 7 work in connection with the construction or erection of any private or public building, building structure, building project or integral part or parts of buildings or of any additions or alterations 8 thereto: or who uses the title "architect" or the terms "architect" or "architecture" or 9 10 "architectural" alone or together with any words other than "landscape" that indicate or imply that such person is or holds himself or herself out to be an architect] The practice of architecture 11 12 is the rendering of or offering to render services in connection with the design and construction of public and private buildings, structures and shelters, site improvements, 13 14 in whole or part and including any additions or alterations thereto, as well as to the spaces 15 within and the site surrounding such buildings and structures, which have as their principal purpose human occupancy or habitation. The services referred to include 16 17 consultation, design surveys, feasibility studies, evaluation, planning, aesthetic and structural design, preliminary design, drawings, specifications, technical submissions, and 18 19 other instruments of service, the administration of construction contracts, construction

20 observation and inspection, and the coordination of any elements of technical submissions 21 prepared by others, including professional engineers, landscape architects, and other 22 consultants that pertain to the practice of architecture. A person shall be considered to be 23 practicing architecture when such person uses the title "architect" or the terms "architect" 24 or "architecture" or "architectural" alone or together with any words other than 25 "landscape" to indicate or imply that such person is or holds himself or herself out to be 26 an architect. Only a person with the required architectural education, practical training, 27 relevant work experience, and licensure may practice as an architect in Missouri.

28 2. Architects shall be in responsible charge of all architectural design of buildings and 29 structures that can affect the health, safety, and welfare of the public within their scope of 30 practice.

327.101. **1.** No person shall practice architecture in Missouri as defined in section 2 327.091 unless and until there is issued to the person a license or a certificate of authority 3 certifying that the person has been duly licensed as an architect or authorized to practice 4 architecture, in Missouri, and unless such license has been renewed as hereinafter specified[; 5 provided, however, that nothing in this chapter shall apply to the following persons].

6 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the following 7 persons may engage in actions defined as the practice of architecture in section 327.091, 8 provided that such persons shall not use the title "architect" or the terms "architect" or 9 "architecture" or "architectural" alone or together with any words other than 10 "landscape" that indicate or imply that such person is or holds himself or herself out to be 11 an architect:

12 (1) Any person who is an employee of a person holding a currently valid license as an 13 architect or who is an employee of any person holding a currently valid certificate of authority 14 pursuant to this chapter, and who performs architectural work under the direction and continuing 15 supervision of and is checked by one holding a currently valid license as an architect pursuant 16 to this chapter;

17 (2) Any person who is a regular full-time employee who performs architectural work for 18 the person's employer if and only if all such work and service so performed is in connection with 19 a facility owned or wholly operated by the employer and which is occupied by the employer of 20 the employee performing such work or service, and if and only if such work and service so 21 performed do not endanger the public health or safety;

(3) Any holder of a currently valid license or certificate of authority as a professional
 engineer who performs only such architecture as incidental practice and necessary to the
 completion of professional services lawfully being performed by such licensed professional
 engineer;

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(4) Any person who is a professional landscape architect, city planner or regional planner who performs work consisting only of consultations concerning and preparation of master plans for parks, land areas or communities, or the preparation of plans for and the supervision of the planting and grading or the construction of walks and paving for parks or land areas and such other minor structural features as fences, steps, walls, small decorative pools and other construction not involving structural design or stability and which is usually and customarily included within the area of work of a professional landscape architect or planner;

(5) Any person who renders architectural services in connection with the construction,
remodeling or repairing of any privately owned building described in paragraphs (a), (b), or (c)[;
(d), and (e)] which follow, and who indicates on any drawings, specifications, estimates, reports
or other documents furnished in connection with such services that the person is not a licensed
architect:

38 (a) A dwelling house; or

39 (b) A multiple family dwelling house, flat or apartment containing not more than two40 families; or

41 (c) [A commercial or industrial building or structure which provides for the employment,
 42 assembly, housing, sleeping or eating of not more than nine persons; or

(d) Any one structure containing less than two thousand square feet, except as provided
 in (b) and (c) above, and which is not a part or a portion of a project which contains more than
 one structure; or

(e) A building or structure used exclusively for farm purposes] Any one building or
 structure, except for those buildings or structures referenced in subdivision (8) of this
 subsection, which provides for the employment, assembly, housing, sleeping, or eating of
 not more than nine persons, contains less than two thousand square feet, and is not part
 of another building or structure;

6) Any person who renders architectural services in connection with the remodeling or repairing of any privately owned multiple family dwelling house, flat or apartment containing three or four families, provided that the alteration, renovation, or remodeling does not affect architectural or engineering safety features of the building and who indicates on any drawings, specifications, estimates, reports or other documents furnished in connection with such services that the person is not a licensed architect;

57 (7) Any person or corporation who is offering, but not performing or rendering, 58 architectural services if the person or corporation is licensed to practice architecture in the state 59 or country of residence or principal place of business; or 60 (8) Any person who renders architectural services in connection with the 61 construction, remodeling, or repairing of any building or structure used exclusively for 62 agriculture purposes.

327.131. Any person may apply to the board for licensure as an architect who is over the
age of twenty-one, has acquired an accredited degree from an accredited degree program from
a school of architecture, holds a certified Intern Development Program (IDP) or Architectural
Experience Program (AXP) record with the National Council of Architectural Registration
Boards, and has taken and passed all divisions of the Architect Registration Examination.

327.191. **1.** No person shall practice as a professional engineer in Missouri, as defined in section 327.181 unless and until there is issued to such person a professional license or a certificate of authority certifying that such person has been duly licensed as a professional engineer or authorized to practice engineering in Missouri, and unless such license or certificate has been renewed as provided in section 327.261[; provided that section 327.181 shall not be construed to prevent the practice of engineering by the following persons].

7 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the following persons may engage in actions defined as the practice of professional engineering in section 8 9 327.181, provided that such persons shall not use the title "professional engineer" or "consulting engineer" or the word "engineer" alone or preceded by any word indicating 10 11 or implying that such person is or holds himself or herself out to be a professional engineer, 12 or use any word or words, letters, figures, degrees, titles, or other description indicating 13 or implying that such person is a professional engineer or is willing or able to practice 14 engineering:

15 (1) Any person who is an employee of a person holding a currently valid license as a 16 professional engineer or who is an employee of a person holding a currently valid certificate of 17 authority pursuant to this chapter, and who performs professional engineering work under the 18 direction and continuing supervision of and is checked by one holding a currently valid license 19 as a professional engineer pursuant to this chapter;

20 (2) Any person who is a regular full-time employee of a person or any former employee 21 under contract to a person, who performs professional engineering work for such employer if and 22 only if all such work and service so performed is done solely in connection with a facility owned 23 or wholly operated by the employer and occupied or maintained by the employer of the employee 24 performing such work or service, and does not affect the health, safety, and welfare of the public;

(3) Any person engaged in engineering who is a full-time, regular employee of a person engaged in manufacturing operations and which engineering so performed by such person relates to the manufacture, sale or installation of the products of such person, and does not affect the health, safety, and welfare of the public; (4) Any holder of a currently valid license or certificate of authority as an architect,
professional land surveyor, or professional landscape architect who performs only such
engineering as incidental practice and necessary to the completion of professional services
lawfully being performed by such architect, professional land surveyor, or professional landscape
architect;

34 (5) Any person who renders engineering services in connection with the 35 construction, remodeling, or repairing of any privately owned building described as 36 follows, and who indicates on any drawings, specifications, estimates, reports, or other 37 documents furnished in connection with such services that the person is not a licensed 38 professional engineer:

39 (a) A dwelling house;

40 (b) A multiple family dwelling house, flat, or apartment containing no more than
41 two families; or

42 (c) Any one building or structure, except for those buildings or structures 43 referenced in subdivision (8) of this subsection, which provides for the employment, 44 assembly, housing, sleeping, or eating of not more than nine persons, contains less than two 45 thousand square feet, and is not part of another building or structure;

(6) Any person who renders engineering services in connection with the remodeling or repairing of any privately owned, multiple family dwelling house, flat, or apartment containing three or four families, provided that the alteration, renovation, or remodeling does not affect architectural or engineering safety features of the building, and who indicates on any drawings, specifications, estimates, reports, or other documents furnished in connection with such services that the person is not a licensed professional engineer;

52 (7) Any person or corporation who is offering, but not performing or rendering, 53 professional engineering services if the person or corporation is licensed to practice professional 54 engineering in the state or country of residence or principal place of business;

55 (8) Any person who renders engineering services in connection with the 56 construction, remodeling, or repairing of any building or structure used exclusively for 57 agricultural purposes.

327.241. 1. After it has been determined that an applicant possesses the qualifications 2 entitling the applicant to be examined, each applicant for examination and licensure as a 3 professional engineer in Missouri shall appear before the board or its representatives for 4 examination at the time and place specified.

5 2. The examination or examinations shall be of such form, content and duration as shall 6 be determined by the board to thoroughly test the qualifications of each applicant to practice as 7 a professional engineer in Missouri.

8 3. Any applicant to be eligible for a license must make a grade on each examination of 9 at least seventy percent.

4. The engineering examination shall consist of two parts; the first part may be taken by any person after such person has satisfied the educational requirements of section 327.221, or who is in his or her final year of study in an accredited school of engineering; and upon passing part one of the examination and providing proof that such person has satisfied the educational requirements of section 327.221 and upon payment of the required fee, such person shall be an engineer-intern, subject to the other provisions of this chapter.

5. Any engineer-intern, as defined in subsection 4 of this section[, who has acquired at least four years of satisfactory engineering experience,] may take part two of the engineering examination and upon passing it and having acquired at least four years of satisfactory engineering experience shall be entitled to receive a license, subject, however, to the other provisions of this chapter.

6. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 4 and 5 of this section, the board may, in its discretion, provide by rule that any person who has graduated from and holds an engineering degree from an accredited school of engineering may thereupon be eligible to take both parts of the engineering examination and that upon passing said examination and acquiring four years of satisfactory engineering experience, after graduating and receiving a degree as aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive a license to practice as a professional engineer, subject, however, to the other provisions of this chapter.

7. Any person who has graduated from and has received a degree in engineering from an accredited school of engineering may [then acquire four years of satisfactory engineering experience and thereafter] take both parts of the examination and upon passing and having acquired four years of satisfactory engineering experience shall be entitled to receive a license to practice as a professional engineer, subject, however, to the other provisions of this chapter.

[8. Any person entitled to be licensed as a professional engineer as provided in subsection 5, 6, or 7 of this section must be so licensed within four years after the date on which he or she was so entitled, and if one is not licensed within the time he or she is so entitled, the engineering division of the board may require him to take and satisfactorily pass such further examination as provided by rule before issuing to him a license.]

327.612. Any person who [has attained the age of twenty-one years, and] has a degree in landscape architecture from an accredited school of landscape architecture [and], or possesses an education which in the opinion of the board equals or exceeds the education received by a graduate of an accredited school, has acquired at least three years satisfactory landscape architectural experience after acquiring such a degree, and who has taken and passed all

sections of the landscape architectural registration examination administered by the 6

7 Council of Landscape Architectural Registration Boards may apply to the board for licensure 8 as a professional landscape architect.

337.068. 1. If the [board] committee finds merit to a complaint by an individual incarcerated or under the care and control of the department of corrections or who has been 2 3 ordered to be taken into custody, detained, or held under sections 632.480 to 632.513, or who 4 has been ordered to be evaluated under chapter 552, and takes further investigative action, 5 no documentation may appear on file or disciplinary action may be taken in regards to the 6 licensee's license unless the provisions of subsection 2 of section 337.035 have been violated. Any case file documentation that does not result in the [board] committee filing an action 7 pursuant to subsection 2 of section 337.035 shall be destroyed within three months after the final 8 9 case disposition by the [board] committee. No notification to any other licensing board in 10 another state or any national registry regarding any investigative action shall be made unless the provisions of subsection 2 of section 337.035 have been violated. 11

12 2. Upon written request of the psychologist subject to a complaint, prior to August 28, 13 1999, by an individual incarcerated or under the care and control of the department of corrections 14 or prior to August 28, 2008, by an individual who has been ordered to be taken into custody, 15 detained, or held under sections 632.480 to 632.513, or prior to August 28, 2021, by an 16 individual who has been ordered to be evaluated under chapter 552, that did not result in 17 the [board] committee filing an action pursuant to subsection 2 of section 337.035, the [board] 18 **committee** and the division of professional registration, shall in a timely fashion:

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(1) Destroy all documentation regarding the complaint;

20 (2) Notify any other licensing board in another state or any national registry regarding 21 the [board's] committee's actions if they have been previously notified of the complaint; and

22 (3) Send a letter to the licensee that clearly states that the [board] committee found the 23 complaint to be unsubstantiated, that the [board] committee has taken the requested action, and 24 notify the licensee of the provisions of subsection 3 of this section.

25 3. Any person who has been the subject of an unsubstantiated complaint as provided in 26 subsection 1 or 2 of this section shall not be required to disclose the existence of such complaint 27 in subsequent applications or representations relating to their psychology professions.

338.010. 1. The "practice of pharmacy" means the interpretation, implementation, and evaluation of medical prescription orders, including any legend drugs under 21 U.S.C. Section 2 3 353; receipt, transmission, or handling of such orders or facilitating the dispensing of such orders; the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan 4 5 as defined by the prescription order so long as the prescription order is specific to each patient 6 for care by a pharmacist; the compounding, dispensing, labeling, and administration of drugs and

7 devices pursuant to medical prescription orders and administration of viral influenza, pneumonia, 8 shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, and meningitis vaccines by 9 written protocol authorized by a physician for persons at least seven years of age or the age recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, whichever is higher, or the 10 administration of pneumonia, shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, 11 12 meningitis, and viral influenza vaccines by written protocol authorized by a physician for a 13 specific patient as authorized by rule; the participation in drug selection according to state law 14 and participation in drug utilization reviews; the proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and 15 the maintenance of proper records thereof; consultation with patients and other health care practitioners, and veterinarians and their clients about legend drugs, about the safe and effective 16 17 use of drugs and devices; the prescribing and dispensing of any nicotine replacement therapy 18 product under section 338.665; the dispensing of HIV postexposure prophylaxis pursuant 19 to section 338.730; and the offering or performing of those acts, services, operations, or 20 transactions necessary in the conduct, operation, management and control of a pharmacy. No 21 person shall engage in the practice of pharmacy unless he or she is licensed under the provisions 22 of this chapter. This chapter shall not be construed to prohibit the use of auxiliary personnel 23 under the direct supervision of a pharmacist from assisting the pharmacist in any of his or her 24 duties. This assistance in no way is intended to relieve the pharmacist from his or her 25 responsibilities for compliance with this chapter and he or she will be responsible for the actions 26 of the auxiliary personnel acting in his or her assistance. This chapter shall also not be construed 27 to prohibit or interfere with any legally registered practitioner of medicine, dentistry, or podiatry, 28 or veterinary medicine only for use in animals, or the practice of optometry in accordance with 29 and as provided in sections 195.070 and 336.220 in the compounding, administering, 30 prescribing, or dispensing of his or her own prescriptions.

2. Any pharmacist who accepts a prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall have a written protocol from the physician who refers the patient for medication therapy services. The written protocol and the prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall come from the physician only, and shall not come from a nurse engaged in a collaborative practice arrangement under section 334.104, or from a physician assistant engaged in a collaborative practice arrangement under section 334.735.

37 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent any person, firm or corporation 38 from owning a pharmacy regulated by sections 338.210 to 338.315, provided that a licensed 39 pharmacist is in charge of such pharmacy.

40 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to or interfere with the sale of 41 nonprescription drugs and the ordinary household remedies and such drugs or medicines as are 42 normally sold by those engaged in the sale of general merchandise.

43 5. No health carrier as defined in chapter 376 shall require any physician with which they 44 contract to enter into a written protocol with a pharmacist for medication therapeutic services.

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6. This section shall not be construed to allow a pharmacist to diagnose or independently 46 prescribe pharmaceuticals.

47 7. The state board of registration for the healing arts, under section 334.125, and the state board of pharmacy, under section 338.140, shall jointly promulgate rules regulating the use of 48 49 protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy services and administration of viral 50 influenza vaccines. Such rules shall require protocols to include provisions allowing for timely 51 communication between the pharmacist and the referring physician, and any other patient 52 protection provisions deemed appropriate by both boards. In order to take effect, such rules shall 53 be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of each board. Neither board shall separately promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy 54 55 services and administration of viral influenza vaccines. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term 56 is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 57 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 58 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of 59 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 60 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 61 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be 62 invalid and void.

63 8. The state board of pharmacy may grant a certificate of medication therapeutic plan 64 authority to a licensed pharmacist who submits proof of successful completion of a board-65 approved course of academic clinical study beyond a bachelor of science in pharmacy, including but not limited to clinical assessment skills, from a nationally accredited college or university, 66 67 or a certification of equivalence issued by a nationally recognized professional organization and 68 approved by the board of pharmacy.

69 9. Any pharmacist who has received a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority 70 may engage in the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication 71 therapeutic plan as defined by a prescription order from a physician that is specific to each 72 patient for care by a pharmacist.

73 10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a pharmacist to make a therapeutic 74 substitution of a pharmaceutical prescribed by a physician unless authorized by the written 75 protocol or the physician's prescription order.

76 "Veterinarian", "doctor of veterinary medicine", "practitioner of veterinary 11. medicine", "DVM", "VMD", "BVSe", "BVMS", "BSe (Vet Science)", "VMB", "MRCVS", or 77 78 an equivalent title means a person who has received a doctor's degree in veterinary medicine

from an accredited school of veterinary medicine or holds an Educational Commission for
Foreign Veterinary Graduates (EDFVG) certificate issued by the American Veterinary Medical
Association (AVMA).

82 12. In addition to other requirements established by the joint promulgation of rules by83 the board of pharmacy and the state board of registration for the healing arts:

84 (1) A pharmacist shall administer vaccines by protocol in accordance with treatment 85 guidelines established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC);

86 (2) A pharmacist who is administering a vaccine shall request a patient to remain in the
87 pharmacy a safe amount of time after administering the vaccine to observe any adverse reactions.
88 Such pharmacist shall have adopted emergency treatment protocols;

89 (3) In addition to other requirements by the board, a pharmacist shall receive additional 90 training as required by the board and evidenced by receiving a certificate from the board upon 91 completion, and shall display the certification in his or her pharmacy where vaccines are 92 delivered.

13. A pharmacist shall inform the patient that the administration of the vaccine will be entered into the ShowMeVax system, as administered by the department of health and senior services. The patient shall attest to the inclusion of such information in the system by signing a form provided by the pharmacist. If the patient indicates that he or she does not want such information entered into the ShowMeVax system, the pharmacist shall provide a written report within fourteen days of administration of a vaccine to the patient's [primary] health care provider, if provided by the patient, containing:

100 (1) The identity of the patient;

- 101 (2) The identity of the vaccine or vaccines administered;
- 102 (3) The route of administration;
- 103 (4) The anatomic site of the administration;
- 104 (5) The dose administered; and

105 (6) The date of administration.

338.710. 1. There is hereby created in the Missouri board of pharmacy the "RX Cares
for Missouri Program". The goal of the program shall be to promote medication safety and to
prevent prescription drug abuse, misuse, and diversion in Missouri.

2. The board, in consultation with the department, shall be authorized to expend, allocate, or award funds appropriated to the board to private or public entities to develop or provide programs or education to promote medication safety or to suppress or prevent prescription drug abuse, misuse, and diversion in the state of Missouri. In no case shall the authorization include, nor the funds be expended for, any state prescription drug monitoring program including, but not limited to, such as are defined in 38 CFR 1.515. Funds disbursed to 10 a state agency under this section may enhance, but shall not supplant, funds otherwise 11 appropriated to such state agency.

3. The board shall be the administrative agency responsible for implementing the program in consultation with the department. The board and the department may enter into interagency agreements between themselves to allow the department to assist in the management or operation of the program. The board may award funds directly to the department to implement, manage, develop, or provide programs or education pursuant to the program.

4. After a full year of program operation, the board shall prepare and submit an evaluation report to the governor and the general assembly describing the operation of the program and the funds allocated. Unless otherwise authorized by the general assembly, the program shall expire on August 28, [2019] 2026.

338.730. 1. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a pharmacist may dispense HIV postexposure prophylaxis in accordance with this section. Such prophylaxis shall be dispensed only if the pharmacist follows a written protocol authorized by a licensed physician.

5 2. For purposes of this section, "postexposure prophylaxis" shall mean any drug 6 approved by the Food and Drug Administration that meets the same clinical eligibility 7 recommendations provided in CDC guidelines.

8 3. For purposes of this section, "CDC guidelines" shall mean the current HIV 9 guidelines published by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

4. The state board of registration for the healing arts and the state board of pharmacy shall jointly promulgate rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Neither board shall separately promulgate rules governing a pharmacist's authority to dispense HIV postexposure prophylaxis under this section.

14 5. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 15 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 16 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, 17 section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 18 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 19 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 20 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2021, 21 shall be invalid and void.

339.100. 1. The commission may, upon its own motion, and shall upon receipt of a written complaint filed by any person, investigate any real estate-related activity of a licensee licensed under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 or an individual or entity acting as or representing themselves as a real estate licensee. In conducting such

5 investigation, if the questioned activity or written complaint involves an affiliated licensee, the commission may forward a copy of the information received to the affiliated licensee's 6 7 designated broker. The commission shall have the power to hold an investigatory hearing to 8 determine whether there is a probability of a violation of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and 9 sections 339.710 to 339.860. The commission shall have the power to issue a subpoena to 10 compel the production of records and papers bearing on the complaint. The commission shall 11 have the power to issue a subpoena and to compel any person in this state to come before the 12 commission to offer testimony or any material specified in the subpoena. Subpoenas and 13 subpoenas duces tecum issued pursuant to this section shall be served in the same manner as 14 subpoenas in a criminal case. The fees and mileage of witnesses shall be the same as that 15 allowed in the circuit court in civil cases.

16 2. The commission may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing 17 commission as provided by the provisions of chapter 621 against any person or entity licensed 18 under this chapter or any licensee who has failed to renew or has surrendered his or her 19 individual or entity license for any one or any combination of the following acts:

(1) Failure to maintain and deposit in a special account, separate and apart from his or her personal or other business accounts, all moneys belonging to others entrusted to him or her while acting as a real estate broker or as the temporary custodian of the funds of others, until the transaction involved is consummated or terminated, unless all parties having an interest in the funds have agreed otherwise in writing;

25 (2) Making substantial misrepresentations or false promises or suppression, concealment 26 or omission of material facts in the conduct of his or her business or pursuing a flagrant and 27 continued course of misrepresentation through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise in 28 any transaction;

(3) Failing within a reasonable time to account for or to remit any moneys, valuabledocuments or other property, coming into his or her possession, which belongs to others;

(4) Representing to any lender, guaranteeing agency, or any other interested party, either
 verbally or through the preparation of false documents, an amount in excess of the true and
 actual sale price of the real estate or terms differing from those actually agreed upon;

(5) Failure to timely deliver a duplicate original of any and all instruments to any party or parties executing the same where the instruments have been prepared by the licensee or under his or her supervision or are within his or her control, including, but not limited to, the instruments relating to the employment of the licensee or to any matter pertaining to the consummation of a lease, listing agreement or the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of property, or any type of real estate transaction in which he or she may participate as a licensee;

40 (6) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties 41 for whom he or she acts, or accepting a commission or valuable consideration for services from 42 more than one party in a real estate transaction without the knowledge of all parties to the 43 transaction;

44 (7) Paying a commission or valuable consideration to any person for acts or services 45 performed in violation of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860;

46 (8) Guaranteeing or having authorized or permitted any licensee to guarantee future 47 profits which may result from the resale of real property;

(9) Having been finally adjudicated and been found guilty of the violation of any state
or federal statute which governs the sale or rental of real property or the conduct of the real estate
business as defined in subsection 1 of section 339.010;

51 (10) Obtaining a certificate or registration of authority, permit or license for himself or 52 herself or anyone else by false or fraudulent representation, fraud or deceit;

53 (11) Representing a real estate broker other than the broker with whom associated 54 without the express written consent of the broker with whom associated;

55 (12) Accepting a commission or valuable consideration for the performance of any of 56 the acts referred to in section 339.010 from any person except the broker with whom associated 57 at the time the commission or valuable consideration was earned;

(13) Using prizes, money, gifts or other valuable consideration as inducement to secure customers or clients to purchase, lease, sell or list property when the awarding of such prizes, money, gifts or other valuable consideration is conditioned upon the purchase, lease, sale or listing; or soliciting, selling or offering for sale real property by offering free lots, or conducting lotteries or contests, or offering prizes for the purpose of influencing a purchaser or prospective purchaser of real property;

64 (14) Placing a sign on or advertising any property offering it for sale or rent without the 65 written consent of the owner or his or her duly authorized agent;

66 (15) Violation of, or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting or enabling 67 any person to violate, any provision of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 68 339.860, or of any lawful rule adopted pursuant to sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 69 339.710 to 339.860;

70 (16) Committing any act which would otherwise be grounds for the commission to 71 refuse to issue a license under section 339.040;

72 (17) Failure to timely inform seller of all written offers unless otherwise instructed in 73 writing by the seller;

74 (18) Been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo 75 contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of this state or any other state or of the

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76 United States, for any offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions or duties of any 77 profession licensed or regulated under this chapter, or for any offense an essential element of 78 which is fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, whether or not sentence is imposed;

(19) Any other conduct which constitutes untrustworthy, improper or fraudulent business
 dealings, demonstrates bad faith or incompetence, misconduct, or gross negligence;

81 (20) Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or other right to practice any 82 profession regulated under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 granted 83 by another state, territory, federal agency, or country upon grounds for which revocation, 84 suspension, or probation is authorized in this state;

85 (21) Been found by a court of competent jurisdiction of having used any controlled 86 substance, as defined in chapter 195, to the extent that such use impairs a person's ability to 87 perform the work of any profession licensed or regulated by sections 339.010 to 339.180 and 88 sections 339.710 to 339.860;

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(22) Been finally adjudged insane or incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction;

90 (23) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession 91 licensed or regulated under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 who 92 is not registered and currently eligible to practice under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 93 339.710 to 339.860;

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(24) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which:

95 (a) Is knowingly false, misleading or deceptive to the general public or persons to whom
 96 the advertisement or solicitation is primarily directed; or

97 (b) Includes a name or team name that uses the terms "realty", "brokerage", 98 "company", or any other terms that can be construed to advertise a real estate company 99 other than the licensee or a business entity licensed under this chapter with whom the 100 licensee is associated. The context of the advertisement or solicitation may be considered 101 by the commission when determining whether a licensee has committed a violation of this 102 paragraph;

103 (25) Making any material misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission with regard to 104 any application for licensure or license renewal. As used in this section, "material" means 105 important information about which the commission should be informed and which may influence 106 a licensing decision;

107 (26) Engaging in, committing, or assisting any person in engaging in or committing 108 mortgage fraud, as defined in section 443.930.

109 3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings will be conducted in accordance 110 with the provisions of law relating to the administrative hearing commission. A finding of the 111 administrative hearing commissioner that the licensee has performed or attempted to perform one

or more of the foregoing acts shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of his license by the commission, or the placing of the licensee on probation on such terms and conditions as the real estate commission shall deem appropriate, or the imposition of a civil penalty by the commission not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars for each offense. Each day of a continued violation shall constitute a separate offense.

4. The commission may prepare a digest of the decisions of the administrative hearing commission which concern complaints against licensed brokers or salespersons and cause such digests to be mailed to all licensees periodically. Such digests may also contain reports as to new or changed rules adopted by the commission and other information of significance to licensees.

5. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a broker or salesperson's license shall be revoked, or in the case of an applicant, shall not be issued, if the licensee or applicant has pleaded guilty to, entered a plea of nolo contendere to, or been found guilty of any of the following offenses or offenses of a similar nature established under the laws of this, any other state, the United States, or any other country, notwithstanding whether sentence is imposed:

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(1) Any dangerous felony as defined under section 556.061 or murder in the first degree;

127 (2) Any of the following sexual offenses: rape in the first degree, forcible rape, rape, 128 statutory rape in the first degree, statutory rape in the second degree, rape in the second degree, 129 sexual assault, sodomy in the first degree, forcible sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree, 130 statutory sodomy in the second degree, child molestation in the first degree, child molestation 131 in the second degree, sodomy in the second degree, deviate sexual assault, sexual misconduct 132 involving a child, sexual misconduct in the first degree under section 566.090 as it existed prior 133 to August 28, 2013, sexual abuse under section 566.100 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, 134 sexual abuse in the first or second degree, enticement of a child, or attempting to entice a child;

(3) Any of the following offenses against the family and related offenses: incest,
abandonment of a child in the first degree, abandonment of a child in the second degree,
endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree, abuse of a child, using a child in a sexual
performance, promoting sexual performance by a child, or trafficking in children;

(4) Any of the following offenses involving child pornography and related offenses: promoting obscenity in the first degree, promoting obscenity in the second degree when the penalty is enhanced to a class E felony, promoting child pornography in the first degree, promoting child pornography in the second degree, possession of child pornography in the first degree, possession of child pornography in the second degree, furnishing child pornography to a minor, furnishing pornographic materials to minors, or coercing acceptance of obscene material; and

146 (5) Mortgage fraud as defined in section 570.310.

6. A person whose license was revoked under subsection 5 of this section may appeal such revocation to the administrative hearing commission. Notice of such appeal must be received by the administrative hearing commission within ninety days of mailing, by certified mail, the notice of revocation. Failure of a person whose license was revoked to notify the administrative hearing commission of his or her intent to appeal waives all rights to appeal the revocation. Upon notice of such person's intent to appeal, a hearing shall be held before the administrative hearing commission.

339.150. 1. No real estate broker shall knowingly employ or engage any person to
perform any service to the broker for which licensure as a real estate broker or a real estate
salesperson is required pursuant to sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860,
unless such a person is:

5 (1) A licensed real estate salesperson or a licensed real estate broker as required by 6 section 339.020; or

7 (2) For a transaction involving commercial real estate as defined in section 339.710, a 8 person regularly engaged in the real estate brokerage business outside the state of Missouri who 9 has, in such forms as the commission may adopt by rule:

(a) Executed a brokerage agreement with the Missouri real estate broker;

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(b) Consented to the jurisdiction of Missouri and the commission;(c) Consented to disciplinary procedures under section 339.100; and

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13 (d) Appointed the commission as his or her agent for service of process regarding any 14 administrative or legal actions relating to the conduct in Missouri; or

15 (3) For any other transaction, a person regularly engaged in the real estate brokerage 16 business outside of the state of Missouri.

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18 Any such action shall be unlawful as provided by section 339.100 and shall be grounds for 19 investigation, complaint, proceedings and discipline as provided by section 339.100.

20 2. No real estate licensee shall pay any part of a fee, commission or other compensation 21 received by the licensee to any person for any service rendered by such person to the licensee in 22 buying, selling, exchanging, leasing, renting or negotiating a loan upon any real estate, unless 23 such a person is a licensed real estate salesperson regularly associated with such a broker, or a 24 licensed real estate broker, or a person regularly engaged in the real estate brokerage business 25 outside of the state of Missouri.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of this section, any real estate broker who shall refuse to pay any person for services rendered by such person to the broker, with the consent, knowledge and acquiescence of the broker that such person was not licensed as required by section 339.020, in buying, selling, exchanging, leasing, renting or negotiating a

30 loan upon any real estate for which services a license is required, and who is employed or 31 engaged by such broker to perform such services, shall be liable to such person for the reasonable 32 value of the same or similar services rendered to the broker, regardless of whether or not the 33 person possesses or holds any particular license, permit or certification at the time the service 34 was performed. Any such person may bring a civil action for the reasonable value of his services 35 rendered to a broker notwithstanding the provisions of section 339.160.

4. Notwithstanding provisions of this chapter to the contrary, a broker may pay compensation directly to a business entity owned by a licensee that has been formed for the purpose of receiving compensation earned by such licensee. A business entity that receives compensation from a broker as provided for in this subsection shall not be required to be licensed under this chapter and shall be owned:

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(1) Solely by the licensee;

42 (2) By the licensee together with the licensee's spouse, but only if the spouse and
43 licensee are both licensed and associated with the same broker, or the spouse is not also
44 licensed; or

45 (3) By the licensee and one or more other licensees, but only if all such owners are 46 licensees which are associated with the same broker.

47 5. For purposes of subsection 4 of this section, the following terms shall mean:

48 (1) "Business entity", any corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited 49 liability company, professional corporation, or association;

50 (2) "Licensee", any real estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson, as 51 such terms are defined under section 339.010.

Section B. The enactment of section 281.048 and the repeal and reenactment of sections 2 281.015, 281.020, 281.025, 281.030, 281.035, 281.038, 281.040, 281.045, 281.050, 281.055,

3 281.060, 281.063, 281.065, 281.070, 281.075, 281.085, and 281.101 of this act shall become

4 effective on January 1, 2024.

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