FIRST REGULAR SESSION [PERFECTED]

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 454

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

1194H.02P

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 491.075, 492.304, 566.151, and 567.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to criminal offenses, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 491.075, 492.304, 566.151, and 567.030, RSMo, are repealed 2 and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 491.075, 492.304, 566.151, and 567.030, to read as follows:

491.075. 1. A statement made by a child under the age of [fourteen] eighteen, or a 2 vulnerable person, relating to an offense under chapter 565, 566, 568 or 573, performed by 3 another, not otherwise admissible by statute or court rule, is admissible in evidence in criminal proceedings in the courts of this state as substantive evidence to prove the truth of the matter asserted if:

- (1) The court finds, in a hearing conducted outside the presence of the jury that the time, content and circumstances of the statement provide sufficient indicia of reliability; and
 - (2) (a) The child or vulnerable person testifies at the proceedings; or
 - (b) The child or vulnerable person is unavailable as a witness; or
- (c) The child or vulnerable person is otherwise physically available as a witness but 10 11 the court finds that the significant emotional or psychological trauma which would result from testifying in the personal presence of the defendant makes the child or vulnerable person 12 13 unavailable as a witness at the time of the criminal proceeding.
- 2. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section or any provision of law or rule of 15 evidence requiring corroboration of statements, admissions or confessions of the defendant, and notwithstanding any prohibition of hearsay evidence, a statement by a child when under

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

HCS HB 454 2

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the age of [fourteen] eighteen, or a vulnerable person, who is alleged to be victim of an offense under chapter 565, 566, 568 or 573 is sufficient corroboration of a statement, admission or confession regardless of whether or not the child or vulnerable person is available to testify regarding the offense.

- 3. A statement may not be admitted under this section unless the prosecuting attorney makes known to the accused or the accused's counsel his or her intention to offer the statement and the particulars of the statement sufficiently in advance of the proceedings to provide the accused or the accused's counsel with a fair opportunity to prepare to meet the statement.
- 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the admissibility of statements, admissions or confessions otherwise admissible by law.
- 5. For the purposes of this section, "vulnerable person" shall mean a person who, as a result of an inadequately developed or impaired intelligence or a psychiatric disorder that materially affects ability to function, lacks the mental capacity to consent, or whose developmental level does not exceed that of an ordinary child of [fourteen] seventeen years of age.
 - 492.304. 1. In addition to the admissibility of a statement under the provisions of section 492.303, the visual and aural recording of a verbal or nonverbal statement of a child when under the age of [fourteen] eighteen [who is alleged to be a victim of] or a vulnerable person, relating to an offense under the provisions of chapter 565, 566 [or], 568 or 573 if performed by another, is admissible into evidence if:
- 6 (1) No attorney for either party was present when the statement was made; except
 7 that, for any statement taken at a state-funded child assessment center as provided for in
 8 subsection 2 of section 210.001, an attorney representing the state of Missouri in a criminal
 9 investigation may, as a member of a multidisciplinary investigation team, observe the taking
 10 of such statement, but such attorney shall not be present in the room where the interview is
 11 being conducted;
- 12 (2) The recording is both visual and aural and is recorded on film or videotape or by other electronic means;
- 14 (3) The recording equipment was capable of making an accurate recording, the 15 operator of the equipment was competent, and the recording is accurate and has not been 16 altered;
- 17 (4) The statement was not made in response to questioning calculated to lead the child 18 **or vulnerable person** to make a particular statement or to act in a particular way;
 - (5) Every voice on the recording is identified;

HCS HB 454 3

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20 (6) The person conducting the interview of the child or vulnerable person in the 21 recording is present at the proceeding and available to testify or be cross-examined by either 22 party; and

- (7) The defendant or the attorney for the defendant is afforded an opportunity to view 24 the recording before it is offered into evidence.
- 2. If the child **or vulnerable person** does not testify at the proceeding, the visual and 26 aural recording of a verbal or nonverbal statement of the child or vulnerable person shall not be admissible under this section unless the recording qualifies for admission under section 27 28 491.075.
 - 3. If the visual and aural recording of a verbal or nonverbal statement of a child or vulnerable person is admissible under this section and the child or vulnerable person testifies at the proceeding, it shall be admissible in addition to the testimony of the child or vulnerable person at the proceeding whether or not it repeats or duplicates the child's or vulnerable person's testimony.
 - As used in this section, a nonverbal statement shall be defined as any demonstration of the child or vulnerable person by his or her actions, facial expressions, demonstrations with a doll or other visual aid whether or not this demonstration is accompanied by words.
 - 5. For the purposes of this section, "vulnerable person" shall mean a person who, as a result of an inadequately developed or impaired intelligence or a psychiatric disorder that materially affects the ability to function, lacks the mental capacity to consent, or whose developmental level does not exceed that of an ordinary child of seventeen years of age.
- 566.151. 1. A person twenty-one years of age or older commits the offense of 2 enticement of a child if he or she persuades, solicits, coaxes, entices, or lures whether by words, actions or through communication via the internet or any electronic communication, any person who is less than [fifteen] seventeen years of age for the purpose of engaging in 5 sexual conduct.
 - 2. It is not a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section that the other person was a peace officer masquerading as a minor.
- 8 3. Enticement of a child or an attempt to commit enticement of a child is a felony for which the authorized term of imprisonment shall be not less than five years and not more than thirty years. No person convicted under this section shall be eligible for parole, probation, conditional release, or suspended imposition or execution of sentence for a period of five 11 12 calendar years.
 - 567.030. 1. A person commits the offense of patronizing prostitution if he or she:

HCS HB 454 4

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- 2 (1) Pursuant to a prior understanding, gives something of value to another person as 3 compensation for having engaged in sexual conduct with any person; or
- 4 (2) Gives or agrees to give something of value to another person with the 5 understanding that such person or another person will engage in sexual conduct with any 6 person; or
- 7 (3) Solicits or requests another person to engage in sexual conduct with any person in 8 return for something of value.
 - 2. It shall not be a defense that the person believed that the individual he or she patronized for prostitution was eighteen years of age or older.
 - 3. The offense of patronizing prostitution is a class B misdemeanor, unless the individual who the person patronizes is less than eighteen years of age but older than [fourteen] fifteen years of age, in which case patronizing prostitution is a class E felony.
- 4. The offense of patronizing prostitution is a class [D] B felony if the individual who the person patronizes is [fourteen] fifteen years of age or younger. Nothing in this section shall preclude the prosecution of an individual for the offenses of:
- 17 (1) Statutory rape in the first degree pursuant to section 566.032;
 - (2) Statutory rape in the second degree pursuant to section 566.034;
- 19 (3) Statutory sodomy in the first degree pursuant to section 566.062; or
- 20 (4) Statutory sodomy in the second degree pursuant to section 566.064.

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