# HOUSE BILL NO. 421 

## 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## AN ACT

To repeal sections $162.261,162.281,162.291,162.471,162.481$, and $162.491, \mathrm{RSMo}$, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to school district subdistricts.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections $162.261,162.281,162.291,162.471,162.481$, and 162.491, RSMo, are repealed and six new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 162.261 , $162.281,162.291,162.471,162.481$, and 162.491 , to read as follows:
162.261. 1. The government and control of a seven-director school district, other than an urban district, is vested in a board of education of seven members, who hold their office for three years, except as provided in section 162.241 and subsections 4 and 5 of this section, and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Any vacancy occurring in the board shall be filled by the remaining members of the board; except that if there are more than two vacancies at any one time, the county commission upon receiving written notice of the vacancies shall fill the vacancies by appointment. If there are more than two vacancies at any one time in a county without a county commission, the county executive upon receiving written notice of the vacancies shall fill the vacancies, with the advice and consent of the county council, by appointment. The person appointed shall hold office until the next municipal election, when a director shall be elected for the unexpired term.
2. No seven-director, urban, or metropolitan school district board of education shall hire a spouse of any member of such board for a vacant or newly created position unless the position has been advertised pursuant to board policy and the superintendent of schools submits a written recommendation for the employment of the spouse to the board of education. The names of all applicants as well as the name of the applicant hired for the position [are to] shall be included in the board minutes.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in bold-face type in the above bill is proposed language.
3. The provisions of Article VII, Section 6 of the Missouri Constitution apply to school districts.
4. (1) (a) The school board of any seven-director school district may divide the district into seven subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination the reof and establish the election of board members as provided in this subsection.
(b) A school board desiring to divide a school district under this subsection shall vote on the question of dividing the district under this subsection. Upon the approval of the question by at least four members of the board, the school board shall follow the procedures described in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
(2) (a) A school board dividing a school district under this subsection shall develop and adopt a proposed plan for the division of the district. Such proposed plan shall be adopted upon the approval of at least four members of the board and shall contain at least the following information:
a. A summary of the proposed plan for dividing the district;
b. The time and place of at least two hearings to be held to consider the proposed plan;
c. A statement indicating whe ther the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
d. A description of the are as of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
e. A statement indicating whether the existing school board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members; and
f. Any other information deemed necessary by the school board.
(b) For each hearing held as provided in this subdivision, the school board shall:
a. Publish notice of the hearing, the proposed plan, and any amendments to the proposed plan adopted at a previous hearing on the school district's website and by any other method allowed by law, with the first publication to occur no more than thirty days before the hearing and the second publication to occur no earlier than fifteen days and no later than ten days before the hearing;
b. Hear all alternate proposals for division of the district and receive evidence for or against such alternate proposals;
c. Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against such proposed division;
d. Vote on each alternate proposal and protest, which vote shall be the final determination of such alternate proposal or protest;
e. Adopt any amendments to the proposed plan; and
f. Perform any other actions related to the proposed plan deemed necessary by the school board.
(c) a. After the conclusion of the final hearing proceedings conducted under this subdivision but before adjourning such hearing, the school board shall prepare the final plan to divide the school district developed as a result of the hearings and vote to adopt the final plan.
b. After the board prepares and adopts the final plan, the board shall present the final plan to the election authority of the county in which the school district is located for actions required under subparagraph $c$. of this paragraph and publish the final plan in the same manner as the initial proposed plan was published under subparagraph a. of paragraph (b) of this subdivision. The final plan shall contain at least the following information:
(i) A summary of the final plan for dividing the district;
(ii) A statement indicating whether the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
(iii) A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
(iv) The date of the election of each new school board member under the final plan;
(v) A statement indicating whether the existing school board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members;
(vi) A ballot summary containing no more than fifty words, excluding articles, to place on the ballot to inform voters about the final plan; and
(vii) Any other information deemed necessary by the school board.
c. After receipt of a final plan as provided in this subsection, the election authority shall submit the question to the registered voters of the school district on the next available day for any election. The question submitted shall be in substantially the following form: "Shall $\qquad$ (enter the school district name) be divided into seven subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination the reof?". The ballot summary provided in the final plan shall accompany the question on the ballot. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question approve the question, the election authority shall follow the procedures described in subdivision (3) of this subsection. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question reject the question, the school district shall not be divided and no similar proposal shall be considered by the board under this subsection until at least one year after the date on which the voters rejected the question.
(3) (a) If a final plan is approved by the voters of the school district voting on the question as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, before December first of the calendar year immediately preceding the general municipal election day in the calendar year in which the residents of the school district will vote to elect new school board members as provided in the final plan, the election authority of the county in which the school district is located shall divide the school district into subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination thereof as directed in the final plan. Any subdistricts required by the final plan shall be of contiguous and compact territory and as nearly equal in population as practicable in accordance with the final plan. Within six months after each decennial census is reported to the President of the United States, the election authority shall reapportion the subdistricts to be as nearly equal in population as practicable. After the election authority divides the school district or reapportions the subdistricts, the election authority shall notify the residents of the school district as provided by law.
(b) Any resident of the school district who believes the election authority has divided the school district or reapportioned subdistricts in violation of paragraph (a) of this subdivision may petition the circuit court of the county in which the school district exists for an order directing the election authority to divide the school district or reapportion the subdistricts as provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The petition shall be submitted to the circuit court within ten business days of the election authority's notice provided under paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
(4) On the first day available for candidate filing for the first general municipal election day occurring after the school district is divided under this subsection, any qualified resident who has or will have resided in a subdistrict or at-large district for the year immediately preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the school board as a member representing such subdistrict or at-large district. At the end of the time available for candidate filing, if no qualified resident of a subdistrict has filed as a candidate in that subdistrict, the election authority shall extend the time for candidate filing by seven additional days, and any qualified resident of the school district who has or will have resided in the school district for the year immediately preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the school board as a member representing that subdistrict. The election authority shall determine the validity of all declarations of candidacy.
(5) When the election is held on the general municipal election day, the seven candidates, one from each of the subdistricts or at-large districts, who receive a plurality of the votes cast by the voters of that subdistrict or at-large district shall be elected. Any candidate who is not a subdistrict resident but qualifies as a candidate as a school district
resident under subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be elected by the voters of the school district. Each member shall be elected to a term as provided in the final plan approved under paragraph (c) of subdivision (2) of this subsection.
(6) Each member shall serve until a successor is elected or the member vacates the office. Any vacancy that occurs before the end of the member's term shall be filled as provided in this section.
(7) Except for a member who is not a subdistrict resident but is elected as a school district resident to represent a subdistrict under subdivision (4) of this subsection, each member shall reside in the subdistrict the member represents during the member's term.
(8) All other provisions applicable to seven-director school districts that are not in conflict with this subsection shall apply to school districts divided under this subsection.
5. (1) (a) If any seven-director school district receives a petition, signed by at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the school district voting in the last school board election, calling for the school district to divide into seven subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination thereof and establish the election of board members as provided in this subsection, the school district shall follow the procedures described in paragraph (c) of this subdivision.
(b) Any such petition submitted to the school district under this subsection shall contain a proposed plan for the division of the district. Such proposed plan shall contain at least the following information:
a. A summary of the proposed plan for dividing the district;
b. A statement indicating whether the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
c. A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
d. The proposed date of the election of each new school board member under the proposed plan;
e. A statement indicating whether the existing school board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members; and
f. A ballot summary containing no more than fifty words, excluding articles, to place on the ballot to inform voters about the proposed plan.
(c) Upon receipt of a petition and a proposed plan as provided in this subsection, the school board shall set the time and place of at least two hearings to be held to consider the proposed plan. For each hearing held as provided in this paragraph, the school board shall:
a. Publish notice of the hearing, the proposed plan, and any amendments to the proposed plan adopted at a pre vious hearing on the school district's website and by any other method allowed by law, with the first publication to occur no more than thirty days before the hearing and the second publication to occur no earlier than fifteen days and no later than ten days before the hearing;
b. Conduct the hearing on the proposal for division of the district on behalf of the petitioners;
c. Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against such proposed division; and
d. Vote to adopt any proposed plan amendments agreed to by the petitioners as a result of the hearings.
(d) After the adjournment of the final hearing conducted under this subdivision, the board shall submit the petition and the final plan to the election authority of the county in which the school district is located for actions required under subdivision (2) of this subsection and publish the final plan in the same manner as the initial proposed plan was published under subparagraph a. of paragraph (c) of this subdivision. The final plan shall contain at least the following information:
a. A summary of the final plan for dividing the district;
b. A statement indicating whether the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
c. A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
d. The date of the election of each new school board member under the final plan;
e. A statement indicating whether the existing school board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members;
f. A ballot summary containing no more than fifty words, excluding articles, to place on the ballot to inform voters about the proposed plan; and
g. Any other information deemed necessary.
(2) After receipt of such petition and final plan as provided in paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the election authority shall submit the question of whether to divide the school district as provided by the final plan to the registered voters of the school district on the next available day for any election. The question submitted shall be in substantially the following form: "Shall $\qquad$ (enter the school district name) be divided into seven subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination thereof?". The ballot summary provided in the final plan shall accompany the question on the ballot. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question approve the question, the
election authority shall follow the procedures described in subdivision (3) of this subsection. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question reject the question, no division as described in the petition and final plan shall occur and no similar petition shall be presented to the board under this subsection until at least one year after the date on which the voters rejected the question.
(3) (a) If the final plan is approved by the voters of the school district voting on the question as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, before December first of the calendar year immediately preceding the general municipal election day in the calendar year in which the residents of the school district will vote to elect new school board members as provided in the final plan, the election authority of the county in which the school district is located shall divide the school district into subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination there of as directed in the final plan. Any subdistricts required by the final plan shall be of contiguous and compact territory and as nearly equal in population as practicable in accordance with the final plan. Within six months after each decennial census is reported to the President of the United States, the election authority shall reapportion the subdistricts to be as nearly equal in population as practicable. After the election authority divides the school district or reapportions the subdistricts, the election authority shall notify the residents of the school district as provided by law.
(b) Any resident of the school district who believes the election authority has divided the school district or reapportioned subdistricts in violation of paragraph (a) of this subdivision may petition the circuit court of the county in which the school district exists for an order directing the election authority to divide the school district or reapportion the subdistricts as provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The petition shall be submitted to the circuit court within ten business days of the election authority's notice provided under paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
(4) On the first day available for candidate filing for the first general municipal election day occurring after the school district is divided under this subsection, any qualified resident who has or will have resided in a subdistrict or at-large district for the year immediately preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the school board as a member representing such subdistrict or at-large district. At the end of the time available for candidate filing, if no qualified resident of a subdistrict has filed as a candidate in that subdistrict, the election authority shall extend the time for candidate filing by seven additional days, and any qualified resident of the school district who has or will have resided in the school district for the year immediately preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the school board as
a member representing that subdistrict. The election authority shall determine the validity of all declarations of candidacy.
(5) When the election is held on the general municipal election day, the seven candidates, one from each of the subdistricts or at-large districts, who receive a plurality of the votes cast by the voters of that subdistrict or at-large district shall be elected. Any candidate who is not a subdistrict resident but qualifies as a candidate as a school district resident under subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be elected by the voters of the school district. Each member shall be elected to a term as provided in the final plan approved under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
(6) Each member shall serve until a successor is elected or the member vacates the office. Any vacancy that occurs before the end of the member's term shall be filled as provided in this section.
(7) Except for a member who is not a subdistrict resident but is elected as a school district resident to represent a subdistrict under subdivision (4) of this subsection, each member shall reside in the subdistrict the member represents during the member's term.
(8) All other provisions applicable to seven-director school districts that are not in conflict with this subsection shall apply to school districts divided under this subsection.
6. After a school district is divided under subsection 4 or 5 of this section, no new plan for division of the school district shall be proposed or adopted under subsection 4 or 5 of this section sooner than five years after a division of the school district under subsection 4 or 5 of this section.
162.281. Except as provided in subsections 4 and 5 of section 162.261 and subsections 3 and 4 of section 162.471, in all seven-director districts, including urban districts, when directors are to be elected for terms of different lengths, each candidate shall declare for a term of a specific number of years and the different terms shall be voted upon as separate propositions.
162.291. Except as provided in subsections 4 and 5 of section 162.261, the voters of each seven-director district other than urban districts shall, at municipal elections, elect two directors who are citizens of the United States and resident taxpayers of the district, who have resided in this state for one year next preceding their election or appointment, and who are at least twenty-four years of age.
162.471. 1. The government and control of an urban school district is vested in a board of seven directors.
2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, each director shall be a voter of the district who has resided within this state for one year next preceding [his] the director's election or appointment and who is at least twenty-four years of age. All directors,
except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, section 162.481, and section 162.492 , hold their offices for six years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. All vacancies occurring in the board, except as provided in section 162.492, shall be filled by appointment by the board as soon as practicable, and the person appointed shall hold [his] office until the next school board election, when [his] a successor shall be elected for the remainder of the unexpired term. The power of the board to perform any official duty during the existence of a vacancy continues unimpaired thereby.
3. (1) (a) Except as provided in section 162.492, the board of directors of any urban school district may divide the district into seven subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination there of and establish the election of board members as provided in this subsection.
(b) A board of directors desiring to divide a school district under this subsection shall vote on the question of dividing the district under this subsection. Upon the approval of the question by at least four members of the board, the board shall follow the procedures described in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
(2) (a) A board of directors dividing a school district under this subsection shall develop and adopt a proposed plan for the division of the district. Such proposed plan shall be adopted upon the approval of at least four members of the board and shall contain at least the following information:
a. A summary of the proposed plan for dividing the district;
b. The time and place of at least two hearings to be held to consider the proposed plan;
c. A statement indicating whether the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
d. A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
e. A statement indicating whether the existing board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members; and
f. Any other information deemed necessary by the board of directors.
(b) For each hearing held as provided in this subdivision, the board of directors shall:
a. Publish notice of the hearing, the proposed plan, and any amendments to the proposed plan adopted at a previous hearing on the school district's website and by any other method allowed by law, with the first publication to occur no more than thirty days
before the hearing and the second publication to occur no earlier than fifteen days and no later than ten days before the hearing;
b. Hear all alternate proposals for division of the district and receive evidence for or against such alternate proposals;
c. Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against such proposed division;
d. Vote on each alternate proposal and protest, which vote shall be the final determination of such alternate proposal or protest;
e. Adopt any amendments to the proposed plan; and
f. Perform any other actions related to the proposed plan deemed necessary by the board of directors.
(c) a. After the conclusion of the final hearing proceedings conducted under this subdivision but before adjourning such hearing, the board of directors shall prepare the final plan to divide the school district developed as a result of the hearings and vote to adopt the final plan.
b. After the board prepares and adopts the final plan, the board shall present the final plan to the election authority of the county in which the school district is located for actions required under subparagraph $c$. of this paragraph and publish the final plan in the same manner as the initial proposed plan was published under subparagraph a. of paragraph (b) of this subdivision. The final plan shall contain at least the following information:
(i) A summary of the final plan for dividing the district;
(ii) A statement indicating whether the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
(iii) A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
(iv) The date of the election of each new board member under the final plan;
(v) A statement indicating whether the existing board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members;
(vi) A ballot summary containing no more than fifty words, excluding articles, to place on the ballot to inform voters about the final plan; and
(vii) Any other information deemed necessary by the board of directors.
c. After receipt of a final plan as provided in this subsection, the election authority shall submit the question to the registered voters of the school district on the next available day for any election. The question submitted shall be in substantially the following form: "Shall $\qquad$ (enter the school district name) be divided into seven subdistricts, at-large
districts, or any combination thereof?". The ballot summary provided in the final plan shall accompany the question on the ballot. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question approve the question, the election authority shall follow the procedures described in subdivision (3) of this subsection. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question reject the question, the school district shall not be divided and no similar proposal shall be considered by the board under this subsection until at least one year after the date on which the voters rejected the question.
(3) (a) If a final plan is approved by the voters of the school district voting on the question as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, before December first of the calendar year immediately preceding the general municipal election day in the calendar year in which the residents of the school district will vote to elect new board members as provided in the final plan, the election authority of the county in which the school district is located shall divide the school district into subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination thereof as directed in the final plan. Any subdistricts required by the final plan shall be of contiguous and compact territory and as nearly equal in population as practicable in accordance with the final plan. Within six months after each decennial census is reported to the President of the United States, the election authority shall reapportion the subdistricts to be as nearly equal in population as practicable. After the election authority divides the school district or reapportions the subdistricts, the election authority shall notify the residents of the school district as provided by law.
(b) Any resident of the school district who believes the election authority has divided the school district or reapportioned subdistricts in violation of paragraph (a) of this subdivision may petition the circuit court of the county in which the school district exists for an order directing the election authority to divide the school district or reapportion the subdistricts as provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The petition shall be submitted to the circuit court within ten business days of the election authority's notice provided under paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
(4) On the first day available for candidate filing for the first general municipal election day occurring after the school district is divided under this subsection, any qualified resident who has or will have resided in a subdistrict or at-large district for the year immediately preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the board of directors as a member representing such subdistrict or at-large district. At the end of the time available for candidate filing, if no qualified resident of a subdistrict has filed as a candidate in that subdistrict, the election authority shall extend the time for candidate filing by seven additional days, and any qualified resident of the school district who has or will have resided in the school district for the year immediately
preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the board of directors as a member representing that subdistrict. The election authority shall determine the validity of all declarations of candidacy.
(5) When the election is held on the general municipal election day, the seven candidates, one from each of the subdistricts or at-large districts, who receive a plurality of the votes cast by the voters of that subdistrict or at-large district shall be elected. Any candidate who is not a subdistrict resident but qualifies as a candidate as a school district resident under subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be elected by the voters of the school district. Each me mber shall be elected to a term as provided in the final plan approved under paragraph (c) of subdivision (2) of this subsection.
(6) Each member shall serve until a successor is elected or the member vacates the office. Any vacancy that occurs before the end of the member's term shall be filled as provided in this section.
(7) Except for a member who is not a subdistrict resident but is elected as a school district resident to represent a subdistrict under subdivision (4) of this subsection, each member shall reside in the subdistrict the member represents during the member's term.
(8) All other provisions applicable to urban school districts that are not in conflict with this subsection shall apply to school districts divided under this subsection.
4. (1) (a) If any urban school district receives a petition, signed by at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the school district voting in the last election of a member of the board of directors, calling for the school district to divide into seven subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination thereof and establish the election of board members as provided in this subsection, the school district shall follow the procedures described in paragraph (c) of this subdivision.
(b) Any such petition submitted to the school district under this subsection shall contain a propose d plan for the division of the district. Such proposed plan shall contain at least the following information:
a. A summary of the proposed plan for dividing the district;
b. A statement indicating whether the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
c. A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
d. The proposed date of the election of each new board member under the proposed plan;
e. A statement indicating whether the existing board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members; and
f. A ballot summary containing no more than fifty words, excluding articles, to place on the ballot to inform voters about the proposed plan.
(c) Upon receipt of a petition and a proposed plan as provided in this subsection, the board of directors shall set the time and place of at least two hearings to be held to consider the proposed plan. For each hearing held as provided in this paragraph, the board shall:
a. Publish notice of the hearing, the proposed plan, and any amendments to the proposed plan adopted at a previous hearing on the school district's website and by any other method allowed by law, with the first publication to occur no more than thirty days before the hearing and the second publication to occur no earlier than fifteen days and no later than ten days before the hearing;
b. Conduct the hearing on the proposal for division of the district on behalf of the petitioners;
c. Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against such proposed division; and
d. Vote to adopt any proposed plan amendments agreed to by the petitioners as a result of the hearings.
(d) After the adjournment of the final hearing conducted under this subdivision, the board of directors shall submit the petition and the final plan to the election authority of the county in which the school district is located for actions required under subdivision (2) of this subsection and publish the final plan in the same manner as the initial proposed plan was published under subparagraph a. of paragraph (c) of this subdivision. The final plan shall contain at least the following information:
a. A summary of the final plan for dividing the district;
b. A statement indicating whether the district will be divided into subdistricts, atlarge districts, or some combination thereof;
c. A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected board member will represent;
d. The date of the election of each new board member under the final plan;
e. A statement indicating whether the existing board members will be replaced by the newly elected board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members;
f. A ballot summary containing no more than fifty words, excluding articles, to place on the ballot to inform voters about the proposed plan; and
g. Any other information deemed necessary.
(2) After receipt of such petition and final plan as provided in paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the election authority shall submit the question of whether to divide the school district as provided by the final plan to the registered voters of the school district on the next available day for any election. The question submitted shall be in substantially the following form: "Shall $\qquad$ (enter the school district name) be divided into seven subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination thereof?". The ballot summary provided in the final plan shall accompany the question on the ballot. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question approve the question, the election authority shall follow the procedures described in subdivision (3) of this subsection. If the registered voters of the school district voting on the question reject the question, no division as described in the petition and final plan shall occur and no similar petition shall be presented to the board under this subsection until at least one year after the date on which the voters rejected the question.
(3) (a) If the final plan is approved by the voters of the school district voting on the question as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, before December first of the calendar year immediately preceding the general municipal election day in the calendar year in which the residents of the school district will vote to elect new board members as provided in the final plan, the election authority of the county in which the school district is located shall divide the school district into subdistricts, at-large districts, or any combination thereof as directed in the final plan. Any subdistricts required by the final plan shall be of contiguous and compact territory and as nearly equal in population as practicable in accordance with the final plan. Within six months after each decennial census is reported to the President of the United States, the election authority shall reapportion the subdistricts to be as nearly equal in population as practicable. After the election authority divides the school district or reapportions the subdistricts, the election authority shall notify the residents of the school district as provided by law.
(b) Any resident of the school district who believes the election authority has divided the school district or reapportioned subdistricts in violation of paragraph (a) of this subdivision may petition the circuit court of the county in which the school district exists for an order directing the election authority to divide the school district or reapportion the subdistricts as provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The petition shall be submitted to the circuit court within ten business days of the election authority's notice provided under paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
(4) On the first day available for candidate filing for the first general municipal election day occurring after the school district is divided under this subsection, any
qualified resident who has or will have resided in a subdistrict or at-large district for the year immediately preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the board of directors as a member representing such subdistrict or at-large district. At the end of the time available for candidate filing, if no qualified resident of a subdistrict has filed as a candidate in that subdistrict, the election authority $s$ hall extend the time for candidate filing by seven additional days, and any qualified resident of the school district who has or will have resided in the school district for the year immediately preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the board of directors as a member representing that subdistrict. The election authority shall determine the validity of all declarations of candidacy.
(5) When the election is held on the general municipal election day, the seven candidates, one from each of the subdistricts or at-large districts, who receive a plurality of the votes cast by the voters of that subdistrict or at-large district shall be elected. Any candidate who is not a subdistrict resident but qualifies as a candidate as a school district resident under subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be elected by the voters of the school district. Each member shall be elected to a term as provided in the final plan approved under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
(6) Each member shall serve until a successor is elected or the member vacates the office. Any vacancy that occurs before the end of the member's term shall be filled as provided in this section.
(7) Except for a member who is not a subdistrict resident but is elected as a school district reside nt to represent a subdistrict under subdivision (4) of this subsection, each member shall reside in the subdistrict the member represents during the member's term.
(8) All other provisions applicable to urban school districts that are not in conflict with this subsection shall apply to school districts divided under this subsection.
5. After a school district is divided under subsection 3 or 4 of this section, no new plan for division of the school district shall be proposed or adopted under subsection 3 or 4 of this section sooner than five years after a division of the school district under subsection 3 or 4 of this section.
162.481. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 162.471, this section, and [in] section 162.492, all elections of school directors in urban school districts shall be held biennially at the same times and places as municipal elections.
2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3, 4, and 5 of this section, hereafter when a seven-director district becomes an urban school district, the directors of the prior seven-director district shall continue as directors of the urban school district until the expiration of the terms for which they were elected and until their successors are elected as provided in this subsection.

8 The first biennial school election for directors shall be held in the urban school district at the time provided in subsection 1 which is on the date of or subsequent to the expiration of the terms of the directors of the prior district which are first to expire, and directors shall be elected to succeed the directors of the prior district whose terms have expired. If the terms of two directors only have expired, the directors elected at the first biennial school election in the urban school district shall be elected for terms of six years. If the terms of four directors have expired, two directors shall be elected for terms of six years and two shall be elected for terms of four years. At the next succeeding biennial election held in the urban school district, successors for the remaining directors of the prior seven-director district shall be elected. If only two directors are to be elected they shall be elected for terms of six years each. If four directors are to be elected, two shall be elected for terms of six years and two shall be elected for terms of two years. After seven directors of the urban school district have been elected under this subsection, their successors shall be elected for terms of six years.
3. In any school district in which a majority of the district is located in any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-five thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants, elections shall be held annually at the same times and places as general municipal elections for all years where one or more terms expire, and the terms shall be for three years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified for all directors elected on and after August 28, 1998.
4. For any school district which becomes an urban school district by reason of the 2000 federal decennial census, elections shall be held annually at the same times and places as general municipal elections for all years where one or more terms expire, and the terms shall be for three years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified for all directors elected on and after August 28, 2001.
5. In any school district in any county with a charter form of government and with more than three hundred thousand but fewer than four hundred fifty thousand inhabitants which becomes an urban school district by reason of the 2010 federal decennial census, elections shall be held annually at the same times and places as general municipal elections for all years where one or more terms expire, and the terms shall be for three years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified for all directors elected on and after April 2, 2012.
6. In any urban school district in a county of the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants and with a home rule city with more than seventy-six thousand but fewer than ninety-one thousand inhabitants as the county seat, elections shall be held annually at the same times and places as general municipal elections for all years where one or more terms expire, and upon expiration of any term after

43 August 28, 2015, the term of office shall be for three years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.
162.491. 1. Directors for urban school districts, other than those districts containing the greater part of a city of over one hundred thirty thousand inhabitants, may be nominated by petition to be filed with the secretary of the board and signed by a number of voters in the district equal to ten percent of the total number of votes cast for the director receiving the highest number of votes cast at the next preceding biennial election, except as provided in subsection 4 of this section.
2. This section shall not be construed as providing the sole method of nominating candidates for the office of school director in urban school districts [which] that do not contain the greater part of a city of over three hundred thousand inhabitants.
3. A director for any urban school district containing a city of greater than one hundred thirty thousand inhabitants and less than three hundred thousand inhabitants may be nominated as an independent candidate by filing with the secretary of the board a petition signed by five hundred registered voters of such school district.
4. In any urban school district located in a county of the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants and with a home rule city with more than seventy-six thousand but fewer than ninety-one thousand inhabitants as the county seat, a candidate for director shall file a declaration of candidacy with the secretary of the board and shall not be required to submit a petition.
5. No candidate for election as a school board director representing a subdistrict under subsection 3 or 4 of section 162.471 shall be required to file a declaration of candidacy under this section as the sole method of filing for candidacy.

