SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 2692

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE ELLEBRACHT.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 610.021, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to closed meetings of governmental bodies.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 610.021, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 610.021, to read as follows:

610.021. Except to the extent disclosure is otherwise required by law, a public 2 governmental body is authorized to close meetings, records and votes, to the extent they relate 3 to the following:

4 (1) Legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public governmental body 5 and any confidential or privileged communications between a public governmental body or its 6 representatives and its attorneys. However, any minutes, vote or settlement agreement relating to legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public governmental body or any agent 7 or entity representing its interests or acting on its behalf or with its authority, including any 8 9 insurance company acting on behalf of a public government body as its insured, shall be made 10 public upon final disposition of the matter voted upon or upon the signing by the parties of the 11 settlement agreement, unless, prior to final disposition, the settlement agreement is ordered 12 closed by a court after a written finding that the adverse impact to a plaintiff or plaintiffs to the action clearly outweighs the public policy considerations of section 610.011, however, the 13 14 amount of any moneys paid by, or on behalf of, the public governmental body shall be disclosed; 15 provided, however, in matters involving the exercise of the power of eminent domain, the vote 16 shall be announced or become public immediately following the action on the motion to

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

6666H.01I

17 authorize institution of such a legal action. Legal work product shall be considered a closed record;

(2) Leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body where public
knowledge of the transaction might adversely affect the legal consideration therefor. However,
any minutes, vote or public record approving a contract relating to the leasing, purchase or sale
of real estate by a public governmental body shall be made public upon execution of the lease,
purchase or sale of the real estate;

23 (3)Hiring, firing, disciplining or promoting of particular employees by a public 24 governmental body when personal information about the employee is discussed or recorded. 25 However, any vote on a final decision, when taken by a public governmental body, to hire, fire, 26 promote or discipline an employee of a public governmental body shall be made available with 27 a record of how each member voted to the public within seventy-two hours of the close of the 28 meeting where such action occurs; provided, however, that any employee so affected shall be 29 entitled to prompt notice of such decision during the seventy-two-hour period before such 30 decision is made available to the public. As used in this subdivision, the term "personal information" means information relating to the performance or merit of individual employees; 31

32

(4) The state militia or national guard or any part thereof;

(5) Nonjudicial mental or physical health proceedings involving identifiable persons,
 including medical, psychiatric, psychological, or alcoholism or drug dependency diagnosis or
 treatment;

36 (6) Scholastic probation, expulsion, or graduation of identifiable individuals, including 37 records of individual test or examination scores; however, personally identifiable student records 38 maintained by public educational institutions shall be open for inspection by the parents, 39 guardian or other custodian of students under the age of eighteen years and by the parents, 40 guardian or other custodian and the student if the student is over the age of eighteen years;

41 (7) Testing and examination materials, before the test or examination is given or, if it 42 is to be given again, before so given again;

43

(8) Welfare cases of identifiable individuals;

44 (9) Preparation, including any discussions or work product, on behalf of a public 45 governmental body or its representatives for negotiations with employee groups;

46

(10) Software codes for electronic data processing and documentation thereof;

47 (11) Specifications for competitive bidding, until either the specifications are officially48 approved by the public governmental body or the specifications are published for bid;

49 (12) Sealed bids and related documents, until the bids are opened; and sealed proposals
 50 and related documents or any documents related to a negotiated contract until a contract is
 51 executed, or all proposals are rejected;

52 (13) Individually identifiable personnel records, performance ratings or records 53 pertaining to employees or applicants for employment, except that this exemption shall not apply 54 to the names, positions, salaries and lengths of service of officers and employees of public 55 agencies once they are employed as such, and the names of private sources donating or 56 contributing money to the salary of a chancellor or president at all public colleges and 57 universities in the state of Missouri and the amount of money contributed by the source;

58

(14) Records which are protected from disclosure by law;

59 (15) Meetings and public records relating to scientific and technological innovations in 60 which the owner has a proprietary interest;

61 (16) Records relating to municipal hotlines established for the reporting of abuse and 62 wrongdoing;

63 (17) Confidential or privileged communications between a public governmental body
64 and its auditor, including all auditor work product; however, all final audit reports issued by the
65 auditor are to be considered open records pursuant to this chapter;

66 (18) Operational guidelines, policies and specific response plans developed, adopted, or 67 maintained by any public agency responsible for law enforcement, public safety, first response, 68 or public health for use in responding to or preventing any critical incident which is or appears 69 to be terrorist in nature and which has the potential to endanger individual or public safety or 70 health. Financial records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to operational 71 guidelines, policies or plans purchased with public funds shall be open. When seeking to close 72 information pursuant to this exception, the public governmental body shall affirmatively state 73 in writing that disclosure would impair the public governmental body's ability to protect the 74 security or safety of persons or real property, and shall in the same writing state that the public 75 interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records;

(19) Existing or proposed security systems or procedures and structural plans of real property owned or leased by a public governmental body including, but not limited to, evacuation and lock down procedures for the buildings on such real property, and information that is voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity owning or operating an infrastructure to any public governmental body for use by that body to devise plans for protection of that infrastructure including, but not limited to, software or surveillance companies that secure access to such buildings, the public disclosure of which would threaten public safety:

83 (a) Records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to security systems
 84 purchased with public funds shall be open;

85 (b) When seeking to close information pursuant to this exception, the public 86 governmental body shall affirmatively state in writing that disclosure would impair the public 87 governmental body's ability to protect the security or safety of persons or real property, and shall

HB 2692

4

in the same writing state that the public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interestin disclosure of the records;

90 (c) Records that are voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity shall be reviewed by the 91 receiving agency within ninety days of submission to determine if retention of the document is 92 necessary in furtherance of a state security interest. If retention is not necessary, the documents 93 shall be returned to the nonpublic governmental body or destroyed;

94 (20) The portion of a record that identifies security systems or access codes or 95 authorization codes for security systems of real property;

96 Records that identify the configuration of components or the operation of a (21)97 computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, and would 98 allow unauthorized access to or unlawful disruption of a computer, computer system, computer 99 network, or telecommunications network of a public governmental body. This exception shall 100 not be used to limit or deny access to otherwise public records in a file, document, data file or 101 database containing public records. Records related to the procurement of or expenditures 102 relating to such computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, 103 including the amount of moneys paid by, or on behalf of, a public governmental body for such 104 computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network shall be open;

105 (22) Credit card numbers, personal identification numbers, digital certificates, physical 106 and virtual keys, access codes or authorization codes that are used to protect the security of 107 electronic transactions between a public governmental body and a person or entity doing business 108 with a public governmental body. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to close the record 109 of a person or entity using a credit card held in the name of a public governmental body or any 110 record of a transaction made by a person using a credit card or other method of payment for 111 which reimbursement is made by a public governmental body; and

112 (23) Records submitted by an individual, corporation, or other business entity to a public 113 institution of higher education in connection with a proposal to license intellectual property or 114 perform sponsored research and which contains sales projections or other business plan 115 information the disclosure of which may endanger the competitiveness of a business.

1