SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 2680

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE GRIFFITH.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 194.210, 194.255, 194.265, 194.285, 194.290, 194.297, 194.299, 194.300, 194.304, 301.020, and 302.171, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to organ donation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 194.210, 194.255, 194.265, 194.285, 194.290, 194.297, 194.299, 2 194.300, 194.304, 301.020, and 302.171, RSMo, are repealed and eleven new sections 3 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 194.210, 194.255, 194.265, 194.285, 194.290, 4 194.297, 194.299, 194.300, 194.304, 301.020, and 302.171, to read as follows: 194.210. 1. Sections 194.210 to 194.294 may be cited as the "Revised Uniform 2 Anatomical Gift Act". 3 2. As used in sections 194.210 to 194.294, the following terms mean: 4 (1) "Adult", an individual who is at least eighteen years of age; 5 (2) "Agent", an individual: 6 (a) Authorized to make health-care decisions on the principal's behalf by a power of 7 attorney for health care; or (b) Expressly authorized to make an anatomical gift on the principal's behalf by any 8 9 other record signed by the principal; (3) "Anatomical gift", a donation of all or part of a human body to take effect after the 10 11 donor's death for the purposes of transplantation, therapy, research, or education; 12 (4) ["Cadaver procurement organization", an entity lawfully established and operated 13 for the procurement and distribution of anatomical gifts to be used as cadavers or cadaver 14 tissue for appropriate education or research;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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15 (5)] "Decedent", a deceased individual whose body or part is or may be the source of 16 an anatomical gift. The term includes a stillborn infant but does not include an unborn child 17 as defined in section 1.205 or 188.015 if the child has not died of natural causes;

18 [(6)] (5) "Disinterested witness", a witness other than the spouse, child, parent, 19 sibling, grandchild, grandparent, or guardian of the individual who makes, amends, revokes, 20 or refuses to make an anatomical gift. The term does not include a person to which an 21 anatomical gift could pass under section 194.255;

[(7)] (6) "Document of gift", a donor card or other record used to make an anatomical
 gift. The term includes a statement or symbol on a driver's license, identification card, or
 donor registry;

[(8)] (7) "Donor", an individual whose body or part is the subject of an anatomical gift provided that donor does not include an unborn child as defined in section 1.205 or section 188.015 if the child has not died of natural causes;

28 [(9)] (8) "Donor registry", a database that contains records of anatomical gifts and 29 amendments to or revocations of anatomical gifts;

30 [(10)] (9) "Driver's license", a license or permit issued by the department of revenue 31 to operate a vehicle whether or not conditions are attached to the license or permit;

32 [(11)] (10) "Eye bank", a person that is licensed, accredited, or regulated under 33 federal or state law to engage in the recovery, screening, testing, processing, storage, or 34 distribution of human eyes or portions of human eyes;

[(12)] (11) "Guardian", a person appointed by a court pursuant to chapter 475. The
 term does not include a guardian ad litem;

37 [(13)] (12) "Hospital", a facility licensed as a hospital under the laws of any state or a
 38 facility operated as a hospital by the United States, a state, or a subdivision of a state;

39 [(14)] (13) "Identification card", an identification card issued by the department of 40 revenue;

41 [(15)] (14) "Know", to have actual knowledge;

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[(16)] (15) "Minor", an individual who is under eighteen years of age;

43 [(17)] (16) "Organ procurement organization", [a person] an entity designated by the
 44 United States Secretary of Health and Human Services as an organ procurement organization;

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[(18)] (17) "Parent", a parent whose parental rights have not been terminated;

46 [(19)] (18) "Part", an organ, an eye, or tissue of a human being. The term does not 47 include the whole body;

48 [(20)] (19) "Person", an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, 49 partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, 50 government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or 51 commercial entity;

52 [(21)] (20) "Physician", an individual authorized to practice medicine or osteopathy 53 under the laws of any state;

[(22)] (21) "Potential donor", an individual whose body or part is the subject of an anatomical gift, except that the term "potential donor" shall not include an unborn child, as defined in section 1.205 or 188.015, if the child did not die of natural causes;

57 (22) "Procurement organization", an eye bank, organ procurement organization, [or] 58 tissue bank, or entity lawfully established and operated for the procurement and 59 distribution of anatomical gifts to be used as donated organs or donated tissues or for 60 appropriate scientific or medical research;

61 (23) "Prospective donor", an individual who is dead or near death and has been 62 determined by a procurement organization to have a part that could be medically suitable for 63 transplantation, therapy, research, or education. The term does not include an individual who 64 has made a refusal;

65 (24) "Reasonably available", able to be contacted by a procurement organization with 66 reasonable effort and willing and able to act in a timely manner consistent with existing 67 medical criteria necessary for the making of an anatomical gift;

68 (25) "Recipient", an individual into whose body a decedent's part has been or is 69 intended to be transplanted;

(26) "Record", information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in
an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;

(27) "Refusal", a record created under section 194.235 that expressly states an intent
 to bar other persons from making an anatomical gift of an individual's body or part;

(28) "Sign", with the present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:

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(a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or

(b) To attach or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, orprocess;

(29) "State", a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the United
States;

81 (30) "Technician", an individual determined to be qualified to remove or process parts
82 by an appropriate organization that is licensed, accredited, or regulated under federal or state
83 law. The term includes an eye enucleator;

84 (31) "Tissue", a portion of the human body other than an organ or an eye. The term 85 does not include blood unless the blood is donated for purposes of research or education;

86 (32) "Tissue bank", a person that is licensed, accredited, or regulated under federal or
87 state law to engage in the recovery, screening, testing, processing, storage, or distribution of
88 tissue;

(33) "Transplant hospital", a hospital that furnishes organ transplants and othermedical and surgical specialty services required for the care of transplant patients.

194.255. 1. An anatomical gift may be made to the following persons named in the 2 document of gift:

3 (1) A hospital, accredited medical school, dental school, college, university, [or
4 organ] procurement organization, [cadaver procurement organization,] or other appropriate
5 person for appropriate scientific or medical research or education;

6 (2) Subject to subsection 2 of this section, an individual designated by the person 7 making the anatomical gift if the individual is the recipient of the part; or

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(3) An eye bank or tissue bank.

9 2. If an anatomical gift to an individual under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this 10 section cannot be transplanted into the individual, the part passes in accordance with 11 subsection 7 of this section in the absence of an express, contrary indication by the person 12 making the anatomical gift.

3. If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts or of all parts is made in a document of gift that does not name a person described in subsection 1 of this section but identifies the purpose for which an anatomical gift may be used, the following rules apply:

16 (1) If the part is an eye and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, the 17 gift passes to the appropriate eye bank;

(2) If the part is tissue and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, thegift passes to the appropriate tissue bank;

(3) If the part is an organ and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy,
the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement organization as custodian of the organ;

(4) If the part is an organ, an eye, or tissue and the gift is for the purpose of researchor education, the gift passes to the appropriate procurement organization.

4. For the purpose of subsection 3 of this section, if there is more than one purpose of an anatomical gift set forth in the document of gift but the purposes are not set forth in any priority, the gift must be used for transplantation or therapy if suitable. If the gift cannot be used for transplantation or therapy, the gift may be used for research or education.

5. If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts is made in a document of gift that does not name a person described in subsection 1 of this section and does not identify the purpose of the gift, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes in accordance with subsection 7 of this section.

6. If a document of gift specifies only a general intent to make an anatomical gift by words such as "donor", "organ donor", or "body donor", or by a symbol or statement of similar import, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes in accordance with subsection 7 of this section.

36 7. For purposes of subsections 2, 5, and 6 of this section, the following rules apply:

- 37 (1) If the part is an eye, the gift passes to the appropriate eye bank;
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(2) If the part is tissue, the gift passes to the appropriate tissue bank;

39 (3) If the part is an organ, the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement40 organization as custodian of the organ;

41 (4) If the gift is medically unsuitable for transplantation or therapy, the gift may be
42 used for appropriate scientific or medical research or education and pass to the appropriate
43 procurement organization [or cadaver procurement organization].

8. An anatomical gift of an organ for transplantation or therapy, other than an
anatomical gift under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, passes to the organ
procurement organization as custodian of the organ.

9. If an anatomical gift does not pass under subsections 1 through 8 of this section or
the decedent's body or part is not used for transplantation, therapy, research, or education,
custody of the body or part passes to the person under obligation to dispose of the body or
part.

10. A person may not accept an anatomical gift if the person knows that the gift was not effectively made under section 194.225 or 194.250 or if the person knows that the decedent made a refusal under section 194.235 that was not revoked. For purposes of this subsection, if a person knows that an anatomical gift was made on a document of gift, the person is deemed to know of any amendment or revocation of the gift or any refusal to make an anatomical gift on the same document of gift.

57 11. A person may not accept an anatomical gift if the person knows that the gift is 58 from the body of an executed prisoner from another country.

59 12. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, 60 nothing in this act affects the allocation of organs for transplantation or therapy.

194.265. 1. When a hospital refers an individual at or near death to a procurement organization, the organization shall make a reasonable search of any donor registry and other applicable records that it knows exist for the geographical area in which the individual resides to ascertain whether the individual has made an anatomical gift.

5 2. A procurement organization must be allowed reasonable access to information in 6 the records of the department of health and senior services and department of revenue to 7 ascertain whether an individual at or near death is a donor.

8 3. When a hospital refers an individual at or near death to a procurement organization, 9 the organization may conduct any reasonable examination necessary to ensure the medical 10 suitability of a part that is or could be the subject of an anatomical gift for transplantation, 11 therapy, research, or education from a donor, **a potential donor**, or a prospective donor. 12 During the examination period, measures necessary to ensure the medical suitability of the

part may not be withdrawn unless the hospital or procurement organization knows a contrary intent had or has been expressed by the individual or an agent of the individual, or if the individual is incapacitated and he or she has no agent, knows a contrary intent has been expressed by any person listed in section 194.245 having priority to make an anatomical gift on behalf of the individual.

4. Unless prohibited by law other than sections 194.210 to 194.294, at any time after a donor's death, the person to which a part passes under section 194.255 may conduct any reasonable examination necessary to ensure the medical suitability of the body or part for its intended purpose.

5. Unless prohibited by law other than sections 194.210 to 194.294, an examination under subsection 3 or 4 of this section may include an examination of all medical records of the donor, **potential donor**, or prospective donor.

6. Upon the death of a minor who was a donor or had signed a refusal, unless a procurement organization knows the minor is emancipated, the procurement organization shall conduct a reasonable search for the parents of the minor and provide the parents with an opportunity to revoke or amend the anatomical gift or revoke a refusal.

7. Upon referral by a hospital under subsection 1 of this section, a procurement organization shall make a reasonable search for any person listed in section 194.245 having priority to make an anatomical gift on behalf of a **donor**, **potential donor**, **or** prospective donor. If a procurement organization receives information that an anatomical gift to any other person was made, amended, or revoked, it shall promptly advise the other person of all relevant information.

35 8. Subject to subsection 9 of section 194.255 and section 58.785, the rights of the person to which a part passes under section 194.255 are superior to rights of all others with 36 respect to the part. The person may accept or reject an anatomical gift in whole or in part. 37 Subject to the terms of the document of gift and this act, a person that accepts an anatomical 38 39 gift of an entire body may allow embalming or cremation and use of remains in a funeral 40 service. If the gift is of a part, the person to which the part passes under section 194.255, 41 upon the death of the donor and before embalming, burial, or cremation, shall cause the part to be removed without unnecessary mutilation. 42

9. Neither the physician who attends the decedent immediately prior to or at death nor
the physician who determines the time of the decedent's death may participate in the
procedures for removing or transplanting a part from the decedent.

10. No physician who removes or transplants a part from the decedent, or a procurement organization, shall have primary responsibility for the health care treatment, or health care decision-making for such individual's terminal condition during the hospitalization for which the individual becomes a donor.

50 11. A physician or technician may remove a donated part from the body of a donor 51 that the physician or technician is qualified to remove.

194.285. 1. A person that acts in accordance with sections 194.210 to 194.294 or 2 with the applicable anatomical gift law of another state that is not inconsistent with the 3 provisions of sections 194.210 to 194.294 or attempts without negligence and in good faith to 4 do so is not liable for the act in any civil action, criminal, or administrative proceeding.

5 2. Neither the person making an anatomical gift nor the donor's estate is liable for any 6 injury or damage that results from the making or use of the gift.

3. In determining whether an anatomical gift has been made, amended, or revoked under sections 194.210 to 194.294, a person may rely upon representations of individuals listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of section 194.245 relating to the individual's relationship to the donor, **potential donor**, or prospective donor unless the person knows that representation is untrue.

194.290. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Advance health-care directive", a power of attorney for health care or a record
3 signed or authorized by a donor, potential donor, or prospective donor, containing the
4 [prospective] donor's direction concerning a health-care decision for the [prospective] donor;

5 (2) "Declaration", a record, including but not limited to a living will, or a do-not-6 resuscitate order, signed by a **donor, potential donor, or** prospective donor specifying the 7 circumstances under which a life support system may be withheld or withdrawn;

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8 (3) "Health-care decision", any decision regarding the health care of the donor,
9 potential donor, or prospective donor.

10 2. If a **donor, potential donor, or** prospective donor has a declaration or advance health-care directive and the terms of the declaration or directive and the express or implied 11 terms of a potential anatomical gift are in conflict with regard to the administration of 12 measures necessary to ensure the medical suitability of a part for transplantation or therapy, 13 the [prospective] donor's attending physician and [prospective] donor shall confer to resolve 14 15 the conflict. If the donor, potential donor, or prospective donor is incapable of resolving the conflict, an agent acting under the [prospective] donor's declaration or directive or, if none or 16 the agent is not reasonably available, another person authorized by law to make health-care 17 decisions on behalf of the [prospective] donor shall act for the donor to resolve the conflict. 18 The conflict must be resolved as expeditiously as possible. Information relevant to the 19 resolution of the conflict may be obtained from the appropriate procurement organization and 20 21 any other person authorized to make an anatomical gift for the prospective donor under 22 section 194.245. Before the resolution of the conflict, measures necessary to ensure the 23 medical suitability of an organ for transplantation or therapy may not be withheld or

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24 withdrawn from the **donor**, **potential donor**, **or** prospective donor if withholding or 25 withdrawing the measures is not contraindicated by appropriate end-of-life care.

194.297. 1. There is established in the state treasury the "Organ Donor Program Fund"[, which shall consist of all moneys deposited by the director of revenue pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.171 and any other moneys donated or appropriated to the fund]. The director of revenue shall credit to and deposit in the fund all amounts received under subsection 8 of section 301.020, section 301.3125, and subsection 2 of section 302.171 and any other amounts that may be received from appropriations, grants, gifts, bequests, the federal government, or any other source. Moneys in the fund shall be expended in the manner set forth in section 194.299.

9 2. The department of health and senior services may pursue funding to support 10 programmatic efforts and initiatives described in section 194.299.

3. The state treasurer shall invest any moneys in excess of five hundred thousand dollars in the organ donor program fund not required for immediate disbursement or program allocation in the same manner as surplus state funds are invested under section 30.260. All earnings resulting from the investment of moneys in the fund shall be credited to the fund.

4. Private contributions, grants, and federal funds may be used and expended by the department of health and senior services for such purposes as may be specified in any requirements, terms, or conditions attached thereto or, in the absence of any specific requirements, terms, or conditions, as the department determines under section 194.299.

5. The acceptance and use of federal funds shall not commit any state funds or place any obligation upon the general assembly to continue the programs or activities outlined in the federal fund award for which the federal funds are available.

6. The state treasurer shall administer the fund, and the moneys in the fund shall be used solely, upon appropriation, by the department of health and senior services[, in consultation]. The department may consult with the organ donation advisory committee[, for implementation of organ donation awareness programs in the manner prescribed in subsection 2 of section 194.300] about implementation of programming and related expenditures.

7. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, moneys in the organ donor program fund at the end of any biennium shall not be transferred to the credit of the general revenue fund. There shall be no money appropriated from general revenue to administer the fund in the event the fund cannot sustain itself.

194.299. The moneys in the organ donor program fund shall be expended as follows:
 (1) [Grants] Contracts that may be entered into by the department of health and senior services [to] with certified organ procurement organizations and other organizations,

4 individuals, and institutions for services furthering the development and implementation
5 of organ donation awareness programs in this state;

6 (2) Initiatives to increase education and awareness of organ, eye, and tissue 7 donation; donor family recognition efforts; training and strategic planning efforts 8 relating to organ, eye, and tissue donation; and donor registry initiatives;

9 (3) Publication of informational pamphlets or booklets by the department of health 10 and senior services and the advisory committee regarding organ donations and donations to 11 the organ donor program fund when obtaining or renewing a license to operate a motor 12 vehicle pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.171;

13 [(3)] (4) Maintenance of a central registry of potential organ, eye, and tissue donors
 14 pursuant to subsection 1 of section 194.304; [and

(4)] (5) Implementation of organ donation awareness programs in the secondary
 schools of this state by the department of elementary and secondary education; and

17 (6) Reimbursements for reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by 18 members of the organ donation advisory committee as described in subsection 2 of 19 section 194.300.

194.300. 1. There is established within the department of health and senior services
2 the "Organ Donation Advisory Committee", which shall consist of the following members
3 appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate:

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(1) Four representatives of organ and tissue procurement organizations;

5 (2) Four members representative of organ recipients, families of organ recipients, 6 organ donors and families of organ donors;

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(3) One health care representative from a hospital located in Missouri; and

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(4) One representative of the department of health and senior services.

9 2. Members of the advisory committee shall receive no compensation for their 10 services, but may be reimbursed for the reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the 11 performance of their duties out of [appropriations made for that purpose] the organ donor 12 program fund established in section 194.297. Members shall serve for five year terms and 13 shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.

194.304. 1. The department of revenue shall cooperate with any donor registry that 2 this state establishes, contracts for, or recognizes for the purpose of transferring to the donor 3 registry all relevant information regarding a donor's making, amendment to, or revocation of 4 an anatomical gift.

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2. A first person consent organ and tissue donor registry shall:

6 (1) Allow a donor, **potential donor**, **prospective donor**, or other person authorized 7 under section 194.220 to include on the donor registry a statement or symbol that the donor 8 has made, amended, or revoked an anatomical gift;

9 (2) Be accessible to a procurement organization to allow it to obtain relevant 10 information on the donor registry to determine, at or near death of the donor, **a potential** 11 **donor**, or a prospective donor, whether the donor [or prospective donor] has made, amended, 12 or revoked an anatomical gift; and

13 (3) Be accessible for purposes of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection seven14 days a week on a twenty-four-hour basis.

3. Personally identifiable information on [a first person consent organ and tissue] the donor registry about a donor, **potential donor**, or prospective donor may not be used or disclosed without the express consent of the donor[, prospective donor,] or the person that made the anatomical gift for any purpose other than to determine, at or near death of the donor [or a prospective donor], whether the donor [or prospective donor] has made, amended, or revoked an anatomical gift.

301.020. 1. Every owner of a motor vehicle or trailer, which shall be operated or
driven upon the highways of this state, except as herein otherwise expressly provided, shall
annually file, by mail or otherwise, in the office of the director of revenue, an application for
registration on a blank to be furnished by the director of revenue for that purpose containing:

5 (1) A brief description of the motor vehicle or trailer to be registered, including the 6 name of the manufacturer, the vehicle identification number, the amount of motive power of 7 the motor vehicle, stated in figures of horsepower and whether the motor vehicle is to be 8 registered as a motor vehicle primarily for business use as defined in section 301.010;

9 (2) The name, the applicant's identification number and address of the owner of such 10 motor vehicle or trailer;

(3) The gross weight of the vehicle and the desired load in pounds if the vehicle is acommercial motor vehicle or trailer.

2. If the vehicle is a motor vehicle primarily for business use as defined in section 301.010 and if such vehicle is ten years of age or less and has less than one hundred fifty thousand miles on the odometer, the director of revenue shall retain the odometer information provided in the vehicle inspection report, and provide for prompt access to such information, together with the vehicle identification number for the motor vehicle to which such information pertains, for a period of ten years after the receipt of such information. This section shall not apply unless:

(1) The application for the vehicle's certificate of ownership was submitted after July1, 1989; and

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(2) The certificate was issued pursuant to a manufacturer's statement of origin.

3. If the vehicle is any motor vehicle other than a motor vehicle primarily for business
use, a recreational motor vehicle, motorcycle, motortricycle, autocycle, bus, or any
commercial motor vehicle licensed for over twelve thousand pounds and if such motor

vehicle is ten years of age or less and has less than one hundred fifty thousand miles on the odometer, the director of revenue shall retain the odometer information provided in the vehicle inspection report, and provide for prompt access to such information, together with the vehicle identification number for the motor vehicle to which such information pertains, for a period of ten years after the receipt of such information. This subsection shall not apply unless:

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33 1, 1990; and

(2) The certificate was issued pursuant to a manufacturer's statement of origin.

(1) The application for the vehicle's certificate of ownership was submitted after July

35 4. If the vehicle qualifies as a reconstructed motor vehicle, motor change vehicle, specially constructed motor vehicle, non-USA-std motor vehicle, as defined in section 36 37 301.010, or prior salvage as referenced in section 301.573, the owner or lienholder shall 38 surrender the certificate of ownership. The owner shall make an application for a new certificate of ownership, pay the required title fee, and obtain the vehicle examination 39 40 certificate required pursuant to subsection 9 of section 301.190. If an insurance company 41 pays a claim on a salvage vehicle as defined in section 301.010 and the owner retains the 42 vehicle, as prior salvage, the vehicle shall only be required to meet the examination 43 requirements under subsection 10 of section 301.190. Notarized bills of sale along with a copy of the front and back of the certificate of ownership for all major component parts 44 45 installed on the vehicle and invoices for all essential parts which are not defined as major component parts shall accompany the application for a new certificate of ownership. If the 46 47 vehicle is a specially constructed motor vehicle, as defined in section 301.010, two pictures of the vehicle shall be submitted with the application. If the vehicle is a kit vehicle, the 48 49 applicant shall submit the invoice and the manufacturer's statement of origin on the kit. If the vehicle requires the issuance of a special number by the director of revenue or a replacement 50 51 vehicle identification number, the applicant shall submit the required application and application fee. All applications required under this subsection shall be submitted with any 52 53 applicable taxes which may be due on the purchase of the vehicle or parts. The director of 54 revenue shall appropriately designate "Reconstructed Motor Vehicle", "Motor Change Vehicle", "Non-USA-Std Motor Vehicle", or "Specially Constructed Motor Vehicle" on the 55 current and all subsequent issues of the certificate of ownership of such vehicle. 56

57 5. Every insurance company that pays a claim for repair of a motor vehicle which as 58 the result of such repairs becomes a reconstructed motor vehicle as defined in section 301.010 59 or that pays a claim on a salvage vehicle as defined in section 301.010 and the owner is 60 retaining the vehicle shall in writing notify the owner of the vehicle, and in a first party claim, 61 the lienholder if a lien is in effect, that he is required to surrender the certificate of ownership, 62 and the documents and fees required pursuant to subsection 4 of this section to obtain a prior

63 salvage motor vehicle certificate of ownership or documents and fees as otherwise required 64 by law to obtain a salvage certificate of ownership, from the director of revenue. The 65 insurance company shall within thirty days of the payment of such claims report to the 66 director of revenue the name and address of such owner, the year, make, model, vehicle 67 identification number, and license plate number of the vehicle, and the date of loss and 68 payment.

69 6. Anyone who fails to comply with the requirements of this section shall be guilty of 70 a class B misdemeanor.

71 7. An applicant for registration may make a donation of one dollar to promote a 72 blindness education, screening and treatment program. The director of revenue shall collect the donations and deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the blindness 73 74 education, screening and treatment program fund established in section 209.015. Moneys in 75 the blindness education, screening and treatment program fund shall be used solely for the purposes established in section 209.015; except that the department of revenue shall retain no 76 77 more than one percent for its administrative costs. The donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for registration at the time of issuance or 78 renewal. The director shall inquire of each applicant at the time the applicant presents the 79 80 completed application to the director whether the applicant is interested in making the one dollar donation prescribed in this subsection. 81

82 8. An applicant for registration may make a donation of an amount not less than one 83 dollar to promote an organ donor program. The director of revenue shall collect the donations 84 and deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the organ donor program fund as established in sections 194.297 to 194.304. Moneys in the organ donor fund shall be 85 used solely for the purposes established in sections 194.297 to 194.304, except that the 86 87 department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for 88 89 registration at the time of issuance or renewal. The director shall inquire of each applicant at 90 the time the applicant presents the completed application to the director whether the applicant 91 is interested in making [the] a contribution not less than one dollar [donation] as prescribed 92 in this subsection.

93 9. An applicant for registration may make a donation of one dollar to the Missouri 94 medal of honor recipients fund. The director of revenue shall collect the donations and 95 deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the Missouri medal of honor 96 recipients fund as established in section 226.925. Moneys in the medal of honor recipients 97 fund shall be used solely for the purposes established in section 226.925, except that the 98 department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The 99 donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for

100 registration at the time of issuance or renewal. The director shall inquire of each applicant at

- 101 the time the applicant presents the completed application to the director whether the applicant
- 102 is interested in making the one dollar donation prescribed in this subsection.

302.171. 1. The director shall verify that an applicant for a driver's license is a 2 Missouri resident or national of the United States or a noncitizen with a lawful immigration 3 status, and a Missouri resident before accepting the application. The director shall not issue a 4 driver's license for a period that exceeds the duration of an applicant's lawful immigration status in the United States. The director may establish procedures to verify the Missouri 5 residency or United States naturalization or lawful immigration status and Missouri residency 6 of the applicant and establish the duration of any driver's license issued under this section. An 7 application for a license shall be made upon an approved form furnished by the director. 8 Every application shall state the full name, Social Security number, age, height, weight, color 9 of eyes, sex, residence, mailing address of the applicant, and the classification for which the 10 applicant has been licensed, and, if so, when and by what state, and whether or not such 11 12 license has ever been suspended, revoked, or disqualified, and, if revoked, suspended or 13 disqualified, the date and reason for such suspension, revocation or disqualification and 14 whether the applicant is making a [one dollar] donation to promote an organ donation 15 program as prescribed in subsection 2 of this section, to promote a blindness education, screening and treatment program as prescribed in subsection 3 of this section, or the Missouri 16 17 medal of honor recipients fund prescribed in subsection 4 of this section. A driver's license, 18 nondriver's license, or instruction permit issued under this chapter shall contain the applicant's 19 legal name as it appears on a birth certificate or as legally changed through marriage or court 20 order. No name change by common usage based on common law shall be permitted. The 21 application shall also contain such information as the director may require to enable the 22 director to determine the applicant's qualification for driving a motor vehicle; and shall state whether or not the applicant has been convicted in this or any other state for violating the laws 23 of this or any other state or any ordinance of any municipality, relating to driving without a 24 25 license, careless driving, or driving while intoxicated, or failing to stop after an accident and 26 disclosing the applicant's identity, or driving a motor vehicle without the owner's consent. The application shall contain a certification by the applicant as to the truth of the facts stated 27 therein. Every person who applies for a license to operate a motor vehicle who is less than 28 29 twenty-one years of age shall be provided with educational materials relating to the hazards of 30 driving while intoxicated, including information on penalties imposed by law for violation of 31 the intoxication-related offenses of the state. Beginning January 1, 2001, if the applicant is 32 less than eighteen years of age, the applicant must comply with all requirements for the 33 issuance of an intermediate driver's license pursuant to section 302.178. For persons mobilized and deployed with the United States Armed Forces, an application under this 34

35 subsection shall be considered satisfactory by the department of revenue if it is signed by a 36 person who holds general power of attorney executed by the person deployed, provided the 37 applicant meets all other requirements set by the director.

38 2. An applicant for a license may make a donation of an amount not less than one 39 dollar to promote an organ donor program. The director of revenue shall collect the donations 40 and deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the organ donor program 41 fund established in sections 194.297 to 194.304. Moneys in the organ donor program fund 42 shall be used solely for the purposes established in sections 194.297 to 194.304 except that 43 the department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant 44 45 for the license at the time of issuance or renewal of the license. The director shall make 46 available an informational booklet or other informational sources on the importance of organ 47 and tissue donations to applicants for licensure as designed by the organ donation advisory committee established in sections 194.297 to 194.304. The director shall inquire of each 48 49 applicant at the time the licensee presents the completed application to the director whether the applicant is interested in making the [one dollar] donation prescribed in this subsection 50 51 and whether the applicant is interested in inclusion in the organ donor registry and shall also 52 specifically inform the licensee of the ability to consent to organ donation by placing a donor symbol sticker authorized and issued by the department of health and senior services on the 53 54 back of his or her driver's license or identification card as prescribed by subdivision (1) of 55 subsection 1 of section 194.225. A symbol may be placed on the front of the license or 56 identification card indicating the applicant's desire to be listed in the registry at the applicant's request at the time of his or her application for a driver's license or identification card, or the 57 58 applicant may instead request an organ donor sticker from the department of health and senior 59 services by application on the department of health and senior services' website. Upon receipt 60 of an organ donor sticker sent by the department of health and senior services, the applicant shall place the sticker on the back of his or her driver's license or identification card to 61 62 indicate that he or she has made an anatomical gift. The director shall notify the department 63 of health and senior services of information obtained from applicants who indicate to the 64 director that they are interested in registry participation, and the department of health and senior services shall enter the complete name, address, date of birth, race, gender and a unique 65 personal identifier in the registry established in subsection 1 of section 194.304. 66

67 3. An applicant for a license may make a donation of one dollar to promote a 68 blindness education, screening and treatment program. The director of revenue shall collect 69 the donations and deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the blindness 70 education, screening and treatment program fund established in section 209.015. Moneys in 71 the blindness education, screening and treatment program fund shall be used solely for the

purposes established in section 209.015; except that the department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for the license at the time of issuance or renewal of the license. The director shall inquire of each applicant at the time the licensee presents the completed application to the director whether the applicant is interested in making the one dollar donation prescribed in this subsection.

78 4. An applicant for registration may make a donation of one dollar to the Missouri 79 medal of honor recipients fund. The director of revenue shall collect the donations and 80 deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the Missouri medal of honor recipients fund as established in section 226.925. Moneys in the medal of honor recipients 81 82 fund shall be used solely for the purposes established in section 226.925, except that the 83 department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The 84 donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for registration at the time of issuance or renewal. The director shall inquire of each applicant at 85 the time the applicant presents the completed application to the director whether the applicant 86 87 is interested in making the one dollar donation prescribed in this subsection.

88 5. Beginning July 1, 2005, the director shall deny the driving privilege of any person 89 who commits fraud or deception during the examination process or who makes application for an instruction permit, driver's license, or nondriver's license which contains or is 90 91 substantiated with false or fraudulent information or documentation, or who knowingly 92 conceals a material fact or otherwise commits a fraud in any such application. The period of 93 denial shall be one year from the effective date of the denial notice sent by the director. The denial shall become effective ten days after the date the denial notice is mailed to the person. 94 95 The notice shall be mailed to the person at the last known address shown on the person's driving record. The notice shall be deemed received three days after mailing unless returned 96 97 by the postal authorities. No such individual shall reapply for a driver's examination, instruction permit, driver's license, or nondriver's license until the period of denial is 98 99 completed. No individual who is denied the driving privilege under this section shall be 100 eligible for a limited driving privilege issued under section 302.309.

101 6. All appeals of denials under this section shall be made as required by section 102 302.311.

103 7. The period of limitation for criminal prosecution under this section shall be 104 extended under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of section 556.036.

105 8. The director may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer and 106 enforce this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this 107 section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to chapter 536.

9. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter that requires an applicant to provide proof of Missouri residency for renewal of a noncommercial driver's license, noncommercial instruction permit, or nondriver's license, an applicant who is sixty-five years and older and who was previously issued a Missouri noncommercial driver's license, noncommercial instruction permit, or Missouri nondriver's license is exempt from showing proof of Missouri residency.

10. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, for the renewal of a noncommercial driver's license, noncommercial instruction permit, or nondriver's license, a photocopy of an applicant's United States birth certificate along with another form of identification approved by the department of revenue, including, but not limited to, United States military identification or United States military discharge papers, shall constitute sufficient proof of Missouri citizenship.

120 11. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant does not meet 121 the requirements of subsection 9 of this section and does not have the required documents to 122 prove Missouri residency, United States naturalization, or lawful immigration status, the 123 department may issue a one-year driver's license renewal. This one-time renewal shall only 124 be issued to an applicant who previously has held a Missouri noncommercial driver's license, 125 noncommercial instruction permit, or nondriver's license for a period of fifteen years or more 126 and who does not have the required documents to prove Missouri residency, United States 127 naturalization, or lawful immigration status. After the expiration of the one-year period, no 128 further renewal shall be provided without the applicant producing proof of Missouri 129 residency, United States naturalization, or lawful immigration status.

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