SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 2506

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

6491H.02C

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To amend chapters 59, 442, and 486, RSMo, by adding thereto seventeen new sections relating to electronic certification of documents, with a penalty provision and a delayed effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapters 59, 442, and 486, RSMo, are amended by adding thereto seventeen

- 2 new sections, to be known as sections 59.568, 59.569, 442.145, 486.410, 486.415, 486.420,
- 3 486.425, 486.430, 486.435, 486.440, 486.445, 486.450, 486.455, 486.460, 486.465, 486.470, and
- 4 486.475, to read as follows:

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- 59.568. 1. If a statute, regulation, or ordinance requires, as a condition for recording, that a document be an original, be on paper or another tangible medium, or be in writing, the requirement is satisfied by an electronic record that otherwise complies with the requirements of this chapter.
- 2. A requirement that a document or a signature associated with a document be notarized, acknowledged, verified, witnessed, or made under oath is satisfied if the electronic signature of the person authorized to perform that act, and all other information required to be included, is attached to or logically associated with the document or signature. A physical or electronic image of a stamp, impression, or seal need not accompany an electronic signature if the notary has attached an electronic notarial certificate that meets the requirements of this chapter.
- 59.569. 1. If a law requires, as a condition for recording, that a document be an original, be on paper or another tangible medium, be in writing, or be signed, the requirement is satisfied by a paper copy of an electronic document bearing an electronic signature that a notary public has certified to be a true and correct copy of a document

that was originally in electronic form and bearing an electronic signature under subsection
3 of this section.

- 2. A requirement that a document or a signature associated with a document be notarized, acknowledged, verified, witnessed, or made under oath is satisfied by a paper copy of an electronic document bearing an electronic signature of the person authorized to perform that act, and all other information required to be included, that a notary public has certified to be a true and correct copy of a document that was originally in electronic form and bearing an electronic signature of the person under subsection 3 of this section.
- 3. A recorder or ex officio recorder shall record a paper copy of a document that was originally in electronic form and that is otherwise entitled to be recorded under the laws of this state, provided that the paper copy has been certified to be a true and correct copy of the electronic original by a notary public duly commissioned under the laws of this state as evidenced by a certificate attached to or made a part of the document. The certificate shall:
- (1) Be signed and dated by the notary public and be signed in the same manner as on file with the secretary of state;
 - (2) Identify the jurisdiction in which the certification is performed;
- (3) Contain the title of the notary public;
 - (4) Indicate the date of expiration, if any, of the notary public's commission; and
- (5) Include an official seal or stamp of the notary public affixed to or embossed on the certificate.
- 4. The following form of certificate is sufficient, for the purposes of this section, if completed with the information required in subsection 3 of this section:

28	State of
29	County of
30	I certify that the foregoing and annexed document entitled
31	(document title, if applicable), (dated) (document date, if
32	applicable), and containing pages is a true and correct copy of an
33	electronic document bearing one or more electronic signatures this
34	(date).
35	***************************************
36	Signature of notary public
37	Seal/stamp
38	()
39	Notary Public
40	My commission expires:
41	My notary registration number is:

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5. A notary public duly commissioned under the laws of this state has the authority to make the certification provided in this section.

- 6. A notary public making the certification provided in this section shall:
- 45 (1) Confirm that the electronic document contains an electronic signature that is 46 capable of independent verification and renders any subsequent changes or modifications 47 to the electronic document evident:
- 48 (2) Personally print or supervise the printing of the electronic document onto 49 paper; and
 - (3) Not make any changes or modifications to the electronic document other than the certification described in subsection 3 of this section.
 - 7. If a certificate is completed with the information required by subsection 3 of this section and is attached to or made a part of a paper document, the certificate shall be conclusive evidence that the requirements of subsection 6 of this section have been satisfied with respect to the document.
 - 8. A document purporting to convey or encumber real property or any interest therein that has been recorded by a recorder or ex officio recorder for the jurisdiction in which the real property is located, although the document may not have been certified in accordance with the provisions of this section, shall impart the same notice to third persons and be effective, from the time of recording, as if the document had been certified in accordance with the provisions of this section.
 - 9. This section does not apply to a plat, map, or survey of real property if, under another law of this state or under a rule, regulation, or ordinance applicable to a recorder or ex officio recorder:
 - (1) There are requirements of format or medium for the execution, creation, or recording of such plat, map, or survey beyond the requirements applicable to a deed to real property; or
- 68 (2) Such plat, map, or survey shall be recorded in a different location than a deed 69 to real property.
 - 442.145. 1. For the purposes of sections 442.150 to 442.360, a person may personally appear before the officer taking the acknowledgment by:
- 3 (1) Being in the same physical location as another person and close enough to see, 4 hear, communicate with, and exchange tangible identification credentials with that 5 individual; or
 - (2) Interacting with another individual by means of communication technology that complies with the provisions of sections 486.410 to 486.475.

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8 2. The acknowledging officer shall designate in the acknowledgment form, as provided in section 442.210, whether the principal personally appeared before the officer under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of this section. In cases of a personal 10 11 appearance under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, it shall be deemed in compliance with sections 442.150 to 442.360 if the acknowledging officer amends the 12 13 acknowledgment form to read "before me personally appears by means of communication 14 of technology".

486.410. As used in sections 486.410 to 486.475, the following terms shall mean:

- 2 (1) "Appear" or "personally appear" or "in the presence of ":
 - (a) Being in the same physical location as another person and close enough to see, hear, communicate with, and exchange tangible identification credentials with that individual; or
- (b) Interacting with another individual by means of communication technology that 7 complies with the provisions of sections 486.410 to 486.475;
 - (2) "Communication technology", an electronic device or process that allows a notary public physically located in this state and a remotely located individual to communicate with each other simultaneously by sight and sound, and that, as necessary, makes reasonable accommodations for individuals with vision, hearing, or speech impairments;
 - (3) "Credential analysis", a process or service that meets the standards established by the secretary of state through which a third person affirms the validity of a governmentissued identification credential through review of public and proprietary data sources;
 - (4) "Electronic", relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities;
 - "Electronic record", information that is created, generated, sent, **(5)** communicated, received, or stored by electronic means;
 - "Electronic seal", information within a notarized electronic record that confirms the remote online notary public's name, jurisdiction, identifying number, and commission expiration date and generally corresponds to information in notary seals used on paper documents;
 - (7) "Electronic signature", an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with an electronic record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the electronic document;
 - (8) "Identity proofing", a process or service operating according to standards established by the secretary of state through which a third person affirms the identity of an individual through review of personal information from public and proprietary data

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sources, and which may include dynamic knowledge based authentication or such other means or methods as may conform to standards established by the secretary of state;

- (9) "Notarial act", an act, whether performed with respect to a tangible or electronic record, by a notary public and involving a function authorized under section 486.250. The term includes taking an acknowledgment, administering an oath or affirmation, taking a verification on oath or affirmation, certifying that a copy of a document is a true copy of another document, and performing any other act permitted by law;
- (10) "Outside the United States", outside the geographic boundaries of a state or commonwealth of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, and any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;
 - (11) "Principal", an individual:
 - (a) Whose electronic signature is notarized in a remote online notarization; or
- (b) Making an oath or affirmation or an acknowledgment other than in the capacity of a witness for the remote online notarization;
- (12) "Remote online notarial certificate", the form of an acknowledgment, jurat, verification on oath or affirmation, or verification of witness or attestation that is completed by a remote online notary public, and:
- (a) Contains the online notary public's electronic signature, electronic seal, title, and commission expiration date;
- (b) Contains other required information concerning the date and place of the remote online notarization;
- (c) Otherwise conforms to the requirements for an acknowledgment, jurat, verification on oath or affirmation, or verification of witness or attestation under the laws of this state; and
- (d) Indicates that the person making the acknowledgment, oath, or affirmation appeared remotely online;
- (13) "Remote online notarization" or "remote online notarial act", a notarial act performed by means of communication technology that meets the standards as provided under sections 486.410 to 486.475;
- (14) "Remote online notary public", a notary public who has registered with the secretary of state to perform remote online notarizations under sections 486.410 to 486.475;
- (15) "Remote presentation", transmission to the remote online notary public through communication technology of an image of a government-issued identification credential that is of sufficient quality to enable the remote online notary public to:

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- 66 (a) Identify the individual seeking the remote online notary public's services; and
- 67 (b) Perform credential analysis;

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- 68 (16) "Remotely located individual", an individual who is not in the physical 69 presence of the notary.
 - 486.415. The secretary of state is authorized to adopt rules necessary to implement sections 486.410 to 486.475, including rules to facilitate remote online notarizations.
 - 486.420. 1. The secretary of state by rule shall develop and maintain standards for remote online notarization in accordance with sections 486.410 to 486.475 including, but not limited to, standards for credential analysis and identity proofing.
- 2. In developing standards for remote online notarization, the secretary of state 5 shall review and consider standards established by the National Association of Secretaries of State (NASS) or its successor agency, and national standard setting bodies, such as the Mortgage Industry Standards and Maintenance Organization (MISMO).
 - 3. The rules shall be adopted not later than twelve months from the date of the enactment of sections 486.410 to 486.475.

486.425. 1. A remote online notary public:

- 2 (1) Is a notary public appointed and commissioned to perform notarial acts under 3 this chapter;
 - (2) May perform notarial acts as provided by this chapter in addition to performing remote online notarizations; and
 - (3) May perform remote online notarizations authorized under this chapter.
 - 2. A notary public commissioned in this state may become a remote online notary public in accordance with sections 486.410 to 486.475. Before a notary performs a remote online notarization, he or she shall register with the secretary of state in accordance with rules for registration as a remote online notary public and identify the technology that the remote online notary public uses, which shall conform to any rules or regulations adopted by the secretary of state.
 - 3. Unless terminated under sections 486.410 to 486.475, the term of registration to perform electronic notarial acts shall begin on the registration starting date set by the secretary of state and shall continue as long as the notary public's current commission remains valid.
 - 4. An individual registering to perform electronic notarial acts shall submit to the secretary of state an application in a format prescribed by the secretary of state, which shall include:
- 20 (1) Disclosure of any and all license or commission revocations or other disciplinary 21 actions against the registrant; and

22 (2) Any other information, evidence, or declaration required by the secretary of 23 state.

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- 5. Upon the applicant's fulfillment of the requirements for registration under this section, the secretary of state shall approve the registration. The applicant's notary public commission number shall act as his or her registration number. Upon successful registration, the notary public shall also be a remote online notary public throughout the period of such registration.
- 6. The secretary of state may reject a registration application if the applicant fails to comply with this section.
 - 486.430. 1. A remote online notary public may perform a remote online notarial act using communication technology in accordance with sections 486.410 to 486.475 and any rules or regulations adopted by the secretary of state for a remotely located individual who is physically located:
 - (1) In this state;

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- (2) Outside this state but within the United States; or
- 7 (3) Outside the United States if:
- 8 (a) The remote online notary public has no actual knowledge of the remote online 9 notarial act being prohibited in the jurisdiction in which the person is physically located; 10 and
 - (b) The person placing his or her electronic signature on the electronic document confirms to the remote online notary public that the requested remote online notarial act and the electronic document:
- a. Are part of or pertain to a matter that is to be filed with or is currently before a court, governmental entity, or other entity in the United States;
 - b. Relate to property located in the United States; or
 - c. Relate to a transaction substantially connected to the United States.
- 2. The validity of a remote online notarization performed by a remote online notary public of this state in accordance with sections 486.410 to 486.475 shall be governed by the laws of this state.
- 486.435. 1. A remote online notary public shall keep a secure electronic journal of notarial acts performed by the remote online notary public. The electronic journal shall contain for each remote online notarization:
- 4 (1) The date and time of the notarization;
- 5 (2) The type of notarial act;
- 6 (3) The type, the title, or a description of the electronic document or proceeding;

- 7 (4) The printed name and address of each principal involved in the transaction or 8 proceeding;
- 9 (5) Evidence of identity of each principal involved in the transaction or proceeding 10 in the form of:
- 11 (a) A statement that the person is personally known to the remote online notary public;
- 13 **(b)** A notation of the type of identification document provided to the remote online notary public;
- 15 (c) A record of the identity verification made under sections 486.410 to 486.475, if applicable; or
 - (d) The following:

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- a. The printed name and address of each credible witness swearing to or affirming the person's identity; and
- b. For each credible witness not personally known to the remote online notary public, a description of the type of identification documents provided to the remote online notary public;
 - (6) The fee, if any, charged for the notarization.
- 24 2. The remote online notary public shall create an audio and video copy of the performance of the notarial act.
 - 3. The remote online notary public shall take reasonable steps to:
 - (1) Insure the integrity, security, and authenticity of remote online notarizations;
- 28 (2) Maintain a backup for the electronic journal required by subsection 1 of this section and the recording required by subsection 2 of this section; and
 - (3) Protect the backup record from unauthorized use.
 - 4. The electronic journal required by subsection 1 of this section and the recording required by subsection 2 of this section shall be maintained for at least ten years after the date of the transaction or proceeding.
- 5. The remote online notary public may designate as custodian of the recording and the electronic journal:
- 36 (1) The employer of the remote online notary public if evidenced by a record signed 37 by the remote online notary public and the employer; or
 - (2) A repository meeting the standards established by the secretary of state.
- 39 6. The secretary of state shall establish:
- 40 (1) Standards for the retention of a video and audio recording of the performance 41 of the notarial act;

- **(2)** Procedures for preservation of the audio and video recording and the electronic 43 journal if the remote online notary public dies or is adjudicated incompetent, or if the 44 remote online notary public's commission or authority to perform notarial acts is otherwise 45 terminated; and
 - (3) Standards for third party repositories for the retention of the audio and video recording of the performance of the notarial act.

- 486.440. 1. A remote online notary public shall keep the remote online notary public's electronic record, electronic signature, and electronic seal secure and under the remote online notary public's exclusive control, which requirement may be satisfied by password-controlled access. The remote online notary public shall not allow another person to use the remote online notary public's electronic record, electronic signature, or electronic seal.
- 2. A remote online notary public shall attach the remote online notary public's electronic signature and seal to the electronic notarial certificate of an electronic document in a manner that is capable of independent verification and renders any subsequent change or modification to the electronic document evident.
- 3. A remote online notary public shall immediately notify an appropriate law enforcement agency and the secretary of state of the theft or vandalism of the remote online notary public's electronic record, electronic signature, or electronic seal. A remote online notary public shall immediately notify the secretary of state of the loss or use by another person of the remote online notary public's electronic record, electronic signature, or electronic seal.
- 486.445. 1. A remote online notary public may perform a remote online notarization under sections 486.410 to 486.475 that meets the requirements of such sections and rules adopted thereunder, regardless of whether the principal is physically located in this state at the time of the remote online notarization. A remote online notary public shall perform a remote online notarization authorized under sections 486.410 to 486.475 only while the remote online notary public is physically located within this state.
- 2. In performing a remote online notarization, a remote online notary public shall verify the identity of a person creating an electronic signature at the time that the signature is taken by using communication technology that meets the requirements of sections 486.410 to 486.475 and rules adopted thereunder. Identity shall be verified by:
- 11 (1) The remote online notary public's personal knowledge of the person creating 12 the electronic signature; or
- **(2) Each of the following:**

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14 (a) Remote presentation by the person creating the electronic signature of a 15 government-issued identification credential, including a passport or driver's license, that 16 contains the signature and a photograph of the person;

- (b) Credential analysis of the credential described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision; and
 - (c) Identity proofing of the person described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
- 3. The remote online notary public shall take reasonable steps to ensure that the two-way video and audio communication used in a remote online notarization is secure from unauthorized interception.
 - 4. The electronic notarial certificate for a remote online notarization shall include a notation that the notarization is a remote online notarization.
 - 5. A remote online notarial act meeting the requirements of sections 486.410 to 486.475 satisfies the requirement of any law of this state relating to a notarial act that requires a principal to appear or personally appear before a notary or that the notarial act be performed in the presence of a notary.
 - 486.450. A remote online notary public or the remote online notary public's employer may charge a fee not to exceed twenty-five dollars for performance of a remote online notarization.
 - 486.455. 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, a remote online notary public whose registration terminates shall destroy the coding, disk, certificate, card, software, or password that enable electronic affixation of the online notary public's official electronic signature or seal. The remote online notary public shall certify compliance with this subsection to the secretary of state.
 - 2. A former remote online notary public whose registration terminated for a reason other than revocation or a denial of renewal is not required to destroy the items described in subsection 1 of this section if the former remote online notary public is reregistered as a remote online notary public with the same electronic signature and seal within three months after the former remote online notary public's former registration terminated.
 - 486.460. A person who, without authorization, knowingly obtains, conceals, damages, or destroys the certificate, disk, coding, card, program, software, or hardware enabling an online notary public to affix an official electronic signature or seal shall be guilty of a class D misdemeanor.
- 486.465. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of sections 486.410 to 486.475 and any other law in this state, the provisions of sections 486.410 to 486.475 shall control.

486.470. If the online notarial act is an acknowledgment or jurat, then the acknowledgment form shall indicate that the person signing the document or taking the oath appeared using communication technology. The secretary of state by rule shall promulgate forms for an acknowledgment or jurat performed online.

486.475. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules necessary to administer the provisions of sections 486.410 to 486.475. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after the effective date of this act, shall be invalid and void.

Section B. Section A of this act shall become effective July 1, 2019.

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