SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1656

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

3234H.02C

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 84.344, 285.040, 320.097, and 320.210, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to requirements of certain public employees.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 84.344, 285.040, 320.097, and 320.210, RSMo, are repealed and

- 2 five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 84.344, 285.040, 285.043,
- 3 320.097, and 320.210, to read as follows:
 - 84.344. 1. Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, any city not
- 2 within a county may establish a municipal police force on or after July 1, 2013, according to
- 3 the procedures and requirements of this section. The purpose of these procedures and
- 4 requirements is to provide for an orderly and appropriate transition in the governance of the
- 5 police force and provide for an equitable employment transition for commissioned and
- 6 civilian personnel.
- 7 2. Upon the establishment of a municipal police force by a city under sections 84.343
- 8 to 84.346, the board of police commissioners shall convey, assign, and otherwise transfer to
- 9 the city title and ownership of all indebtedness and assets, including, but not limited to, all
- 10 funds and real and personal property held in the name of or controlled by the board of police
- 11 commissioners created under sections [84.010] **84.015** to 84.340. The board of police
- 12 commissioners shall execute all documents reasonably required to accomplish such transfer
- 13 of ownership and obligations.
- 3. If the city establishes a municipal police force and completes the transfer described
- 15 in subsection 2 of this section, the city shall provide the necessary funds for the maintenance
- 16 of the municipal police force.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

- 4. Before a city not within a county may establish a municipal police force under this section, the city shall adopt an ordinance accepting responsibility, ownership, and liability as successor-in-interest for contractual obligations, indebtedness, and other lawful obligations of the board of police commissioners subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 84.345.
- 5. A city not within a county that establishes a municipal police force shall initially employ, without a reduction in rank, salary, or benefits, all commissioned and civilian personnel of the board of police commissioners created under sections [84.910] 84.015 to 84.340 that were employed by the board immediately prior to the date the municipal police force was established. Such commissioned personnel who previously were employed by the board may only be involuntarily terminated by the city not within a county for cause. The city shall also recognize all accrued years of service that such commissioned and civilian personnel had with the board of police commissioners. Such personnel shall be entitled to the same holidays, vacation, and sick leave they were entitled to as employees of the board of police commissioners.
- 6. [(1)] Commissioned and civilian personnel of a municipal police force established under this section [who are hired prior to September 1, 2023,] shall not be subject to a residency requirement [of retaining a primary residence in a city not within a county but may be required to maintain a primary residence located within a one-hour response time.
- (2) Commissioned and civilian personnel of a municipal police force established under this section who are hired after August 31, 2023, may be subject to a residency rule no more restrictive than a requirement of retaining a primary residence in a city not within a county for a total of seven years and of then allowing the personnel to maintain a primary residence outside the city not within a county so long as the primary residence is located within a one-hour response time].
- 7. The commissioned and civilian personnel who retire from service with the board of police commissioners before the establishment of a municipal police force under subsection 1 of this section shall continue to be entitled to the same pension benefits provided under chapter 86 and the same benefits set forth in subsection 5 of this section.
- 8. If the city not within a county elects to establish a municipal police force under this section, the city shall establish a separate division for the operation of its municipal police force. The civil service commission of the city may adopt rules and regulations appropriate for the unique operation of a police department. Such rules and regulations shall reserve exclusive authority over the disciplinary process and procedures affecting commissioned officers to the civil service commission; however, until such time as the city adopts such rules and regulations, the commissioned personnel shall continue to be governed by the board of police commissioner's rules and regulations in effect immediately prior to the establishment of the municipal police force, with the police chief acting in place of the board of police

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commissioners for purposes of applying the rules and regulations. Unless otherwise provided for, existing civil service commission rules and regulations governing the appeal of disciplinary decisions to the civil service commission shall apply to all commissioned and civilian personnel. The civil service commission's rules and regulations shall provide that 57 records prepared for disciplinary purposes shall be confidential, closed records available solely to the civil service commission and those who possess authority to conduct investigations regarding disciplinary matters pursuant to the civil service commission's rules and regulations. A hearing officer shall be appointed by the civil service commission to hear 61 any such appeals that involve discipline resulting in a suspension of greater than fifteen days, demotion, or termination, but the civil service commission shall make the final findings of 63 fact, conclusions of law, and decision which shall be subject to any right of appeal under 64 65 chapter 536.

- 9. A city not within a county that establishes and maintains a municipal police force under this section:
- (1) Shall provide or contract for life insurance coverage and for insurance benefits providing health, medical, and disability coverage for commissioned and civilian personnel of the municipal police force to the same extent as was provided by the board of police commissioners under section 84.160;
- (2) Shall provide or contract for medical and life insurance coverage for any commissioned or civilian personnel who retired from service with the board of police commissioners or who were employed by the board of police commissioners and retire from the municipal police force of a city not within a county to the same extent such medical and life insurance coverage was provided by the board of police commissioners under section 84.160;
- (3) Shall make available medical and life insurance coverage for purchase to the spouses or dependents of commissioned and civilian personnel who retire from service with the board of police commissioners or the municipal police force and deceased commissioned and civilian personnel who receive pension benefits under sections 86.200 to 86.366 at the rate that such dependent's or spouse's coverage would cost under the appropriate plan if the deceased were living; and
- (4) May pay an additional shift differential compensation to commissioned and civilian personnel for evening and night tours of duty in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the officer's base hourly rate.
- 10. A city not within a county that establishes a municipal police force under sections 84.343 to 84.346 shall establish a transition committee of five members for the purpose of: coordinating and implementing the transition of authority, operations, assets, and obligations from the board of police commissioners to the city; winding down the affairs of the board;

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- making nonbinding recommendations for the transition of the police force from the board to 92 the city; and other related duties, if any, established by executive order of the city's mayor. Once the ordinance referenced in this section is enacted, the city shall provide written notice 93 to the board of police commissioners and the governor of the state of Missouri. Within thirty 94 95 days of such notice, the mayor shall appoint three members to the committee, two of whom shall be members of a statewide law enforcement association that represents at least five 96 97 thousand law enforcement officers. The remaining members of the committee shall include 98 the police chief of the municipal police force and a person who currently or previously served 99 as a commissioner on the board of police commissioners, who shall be appointed to the committee by the mayor of such city. 100
 - 285.040. 1. As used in this section, "public safety employee" shall mean a person trained or authorized by law or rule to render emergency medical assistance or treatment, including, but not limited to, firefighters, ambulance attendants and attendant drivers, emergency medical technicians, emergency medical technician paramedics, dispatchers, registered nurses, physicians, and sheriffs and deputy sheriffs.
 - 2. No public safety employee of a city not within a county [who is hired prior to September 1, 2023,] shall be subject to a residency requirement [of retaining a primary residence in a city not within a county but may be required to maintain a primary residence located within a one-hour response time.
 - 3. Public safety employees of a city not within a county who are hired after August 31, 2023, may be subject to a residency rule no more restrictive than a requirement of retaining a primary residence in a city not within a county for a total of seven years and of then allowing the public safety employee to maintain a primary residence outside the city not within a county so long as the primary residence is located within a one-hour response time].
 - 285.043. No employee of a political subdivision of this state shall be required, as a condition of employment, to reside within a specified jurisdiction. This section shall not apply to and shall be superseded by any requirement of an elected or appointed official.
 - 320.097. 1. As used in this section, "fire department" means any agency or organization that provides fire suppression and related activities, including but not limited to fire prevention, rescue, emergency medical services, hazardous material response, dispatching, or special operations to a population within a fixed and legally recorded geographical area.
 - 2. No employee of a fire department [who has worked for seven years for such department] shall, as a condition of employment, be required to reside within a fixed and legally recorded geographical area [of the fire department if the only public school district available to the employee within such fire department's geographical area is a public school

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district that is or has been unaccredited or provisionally accredited in the last five years of such employee's employment. Employees who have satisfied the seven-year requirement in 11 this subsection and who choose to reside outside the geographical boundaries of the 12 department shall reside within a one-hour response time. No charter school shall be deemed a 13 14 public school for purposes of this section.

3. No employee of a fire department who has not resided in such fire department's fixed and legally recorded geographical area, or who has changed such employee's residency because of conditions described in subsection 2 of this section, shall as a condition of employment be required to reside within the fixed and legally recorded geographical area of the fire department if such school district subsequently becomes fully accredited].

320.210. The state fire marshal shall appoint one assistant director and such other investigators and employees as the needs of the office require within the limits of the appropriation made for such purpose. [Supervising investigators shall be at least twenty-five years of age and shall have either a minimum of five years' experience in fire risk inspection, prevention, or investigation work, or a degree in fire protection engineering from a 5 recognized college or university of engineering.] No person shall be appointed as an investigator or other employee who has been convicted of a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude. Any person appointed as an investigator shall be of good character, shall be a citizen of the United States, [shall have been a taxpaying resident of this state for at least three years immediately preceding his appointment, and shall be a graduate of an accredited 10 four-year high school or, in lieu thereof, shall have obtained a certificate of equivalency from the state department of elementary and secondary education, and shall possess ordinary 12 physical strength and be able to pass such physical and mental examinations as the state fire 13 marshal may prescribe be a resident of Missouri at the time of appointment. An 14 investigator or employee shall not hold any other commission or office, elective or 15 appointive, or accept any other employment that would pose a conflict of interest while he 16 or she is an investigator or employee. An investigator or employee shall not accept any 17 18 compensation, reward, or gift other than his or her regular salary and expenses for the 19 performance of his or her official duties.

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