SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1559

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Small Business and Industry, April 30, 2020, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

3966S.02C

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.067, 288.132, and 290.502, RSMo, section 288.036 as enacted by house bill no. 150, ninety-eighth general assembly, first regular session, section 288.036 as enacted by house bill no. 1456, ninety-third general assembly, second regular session, section 288.060 as enacted by house bill no. 150, ninety-eighth general assembly, first regular session, and section 288.060 as enacted by house bill no. 163, ninety-sixth general assembly, first regular session, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating the employeeemployer relationship, with a delayed effective date for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.067, 288.132, and 290.502, RSMo, section 288.036 as enacted by house bill no. 150, ninety-eighth general assembly, first regular 2 3 session, section 288.036 as enacted by house bill no. 1456, ninety-third general assembly, second regular session, section 288.060 as enacted by house bill no. 4 5150, ninety-eighth general assembly, first regular session, and section 288.060 as enacted by house bill no. 163, ninety-sixth general assembly, first regular session, 6 7 are repealed and nine new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 285.050, 285.075, 287.067, 287.069, 288.036, 288.060, 288.132, 288.133, 8 and 290.502, to read as follows: 9

285.050. 1. Any employer may refuse to accommodate the use of
marijuana at the employer's place of business for any purpose allowed
by article XIV of the Missouri Constitution.

2. Any employer may institute a random drug-testing policy for 5 all employees of such employer and all prospective employees. Receipt 6 of a positive drug test for marijuana may be considered grounds for

7 dismissal from employment in the case of an employee or, in the case
8 of a prospective employee, grounds for refusal of employment.

9 **3.** For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

(1) "Employer", any person acting directly or indirectly in the
interest of an employer in relation to an employee, and shall include a
public governmental body;

13 (2) "Marijuana", the same meaning given in article XIV of the
14 Missouri Constitution;

15 (3) "Public governmental body", the same meaning given in16 section 610.010.

285.075. 1. Notwithstanding any voluntary agreement entered
into between the United States Department of Labor and a franchisee
or a franchisor, neither a franchisee nor a franchisee's employee shall
be deemed to be an employee of the franchisor for any purpose, unless
the franchisor exercises direct and immediate control over the hiring,
termination, discipline, and direction of the franchisee's employees.

7 2. For purposes of this section, the terms "franchisee" and 8 "franchisor" shall have the same meaning as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.

287.067. 1. In this chapter the term "occupational disease" is hereby $\mathbf{2}$ defined to mean, unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context, 3 an identifiable disease arising with or without human fault out of and in the course of the employment. Ordinary diseases of life to which the general public 4 is exposed outside of the employment shall not be compensable, except where the 5 diseases follow as an incident of an occupational disease as defined in this 6 section. The disease need not to have been foreseen or expected but after its 7 contraction it must appear to have had its origin in a risk connected with the 8 employment and to have flowed from that source as a rational consequence. 9

2. An injury or death by occupational disease is compensable only if the occupational exposure was the prevailing factor in causing both the resulting medical condition and disability. The "prevailing factor" is defined to be the primary factor, in relation to any other factor, causing both the resulting medical condition and disability. Ordinary, gradual deterioration, or progressive degeneration of the body caused by aging or by the normal activities of day-to-day living shall not be compensable.

17 3. An injury due to repetitive motion is recognized as an occupational

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disease for purposes of this chapter. An occupational disease due to repetitive motion is compensable only if the occupational exposure was the prevailing factor in causing both the resulting medical condition and disability. The "prevailing factor" is defined to be the primary factor, in relation to any other factor, causing both the resulting medical condition and disability. Ordinary, gradual deterioration, or progressive degeneration of the body caused by aging or by the normal activities of day-to-day living shall not be compensable.

4. "Loss of hearing due to industrial noise" is recognized as an occupational disease for purposes of this chapter and is hereby defined to be a loss of hearing in one or both ears due to prolonged exposure to harmful noise in employment. "Harmful noise" means sound capable of producing occupational deafness.

5. "Radiation disability" is recognized as an occupational disease for purposes of this chapter and is hereby defined to be that disability due to radioactive properties or substances or to Roentgen rays (X-rays) or exposure to ionizing radiation caused by any process involving the use of or direct contact with radium or radioactive properties or substances or the use of or direct sexposure to Roentgen rays (X-rays) or ionizing radiation.

36 6. Disease of the lungs or respiratory tract, hypotension, hypertension, or disease of the heart or cardiovascular system, including carcinoma, may be 37 38 recognized as occupational diseases for the purposes of this chapter and are defined to be disability due to exposure to smoke, gases, carcinogens, inadequate 39 oxygen, of paid firefighters of a paid fire department or paid police officers of a 40 paid police department certified under chapter 590 if a direct causal relationship 41 42is established, or psychological stress of firefighters of a paid fire department or paid peace officers of a police department who are certified under chapter 590 if 43a direct causal relationship is established]. 44

45 7. Any employee who is exposed to and contracts any contagious or
46 communicable disease arising out of and in the course of his or her employment
47 shall be eligible for benefits under this chapter as an occupational disease.

8. With regard to occupational disease due to repetitive motion, if the exposure to the repetitive motion which is found to be the cause of the injury is for a period of less than three months and the evidence demonstrates that the exposure to the repetitive motion with the immediate prior employer was the prevailing factor in causing the injury, the prior employer shall be liable for such occupational disease. **287.069.** 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms 2 shall mean:

3 (1) "Emergency medical technician", a person licensed in 4 emergency medical care in accordance with standards prescribed by 5 sections 190.001 to 190.245, and by rules adopted by the department of 6 health and senior services pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

7 (2) "Emergency services telecommunicator", any person employed 8 as an emergency telephone worker, call taker, or public safety 9 dispatcher whose duties include receiving, processing, or transmitting 10 public safety information received through a 911 public safety 11 answering point;

(3) "First responder", a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, a
paramedic, an emergency medical technician, a registered nurse
employed to provide emergency medical services outside of a medical
facility, an emergency services telecommunicator, an officer employed
by the state or a political subdivision at a corrections, detention, or
secure treatment facility, a sheriff or full-time deputy sheriff of any
county, or a member of the state highway patrol;

19 (4) "Mental impairment", a diagnosis of post-traumatic stress20 disorder by a licensed psychiatrist or psychologist; and

(5) "Paramedic", an individual licensed with cognitive knowledge
and a scope of practice that corresponds to that level in the National
EMS Education Standards and National EMS Scope of Practice Model;
(6) "Post-traumatic stress disorder", the condition as described
in the most recently published edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical
Manual of Mental Disorders by the American Psychiatric Association.

272. If, preceding the date of injury or death, an employee who was 28employed on active duty as a first responder is diagnosed with a mental impairment and had not been diagnosed with the mental impairment 29previously, then the mental impairment shall presumptively be 30 considered an occupational disease and shall be presumed to have 31 32arisen out of and in the course of employment. This presumption may be rebutted by substantial factors brought by the employer or 33 insurer. Any substantial factors that are used to rebut this 34presumption and that are known to the employer or insurer at the time 35of the denial of liability shall be communicated to the employee on the 36 denial of liability. 37

38 3. One or more compensable mental impairment claims arising
39 out of a single accident shall constitute a single injury.

40 4. A mental impairment shall not be considered an occupational 41 disease if it results from a disciplinary action, work evaluation, job 42 transfer, layoff, demotion, promotion, termination, retirement, or 43 similar action taken in good faith by the employer.

[288.036. 1. "Wages" means all remuneration, payable or $\mathbf{2}$ paid, for personal services including commissions and bonuses and, except as provided in subdivision (7) of this section, the cash value 3 of all remuneration paid in any medium other than 4 $\mathbf{5}$ cash. Gratuities, including tips received from persons other than 6 the employing unit, shall be considered wages only if required to be 7 reported as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 8 26 U.S.C. Section 3306, and shall be, for the purposes of this 9 chapter, treated as having been paid by the employing 10 unit. Severance pay shall be considered as wages to the extent 11 required pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 12U.S.C. Section 3306(b). Vacation pay, termination pay, severance pay and holiday pay shall be considered as wages for the week with 13respect to which it is payable. The total amount of wages derived 1415from severance pay, if paid to an insured in a lump sum, shall be 16 prorated on a weekly basis at the rate of pay received by the insured at the time of termination for the purposes of determining 17 18unemployment benefits eligibility. The term "wages" shall not include: 19

20 (1) The amount of any payment made (including any 21 amount paid by an employing unit for insurance or annuities, or 22 into a fund, to provide for any such payment) to, or on behalf of, an 23 individual under a plan or system established by an employing unit 24 which makes provision generally for individuals performing 25 services for it or for a class or classes of such individuals, on 26 account of:

(a) Sickness or accident disability, but in case of payments
made to an employee or any of the employee's dependents this
paragraph shall exclude from the term wages only payments which
are received pursuant to a workers' compensation law; or

31 (b) Medical and hospitalization expenses in connection with 32 sickness or accident disability; or 33 (c) Death; 34(2) The amount of any payment on account of sickness or 35accident disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in 36 connection with sickness or accident disability, made by an 37 employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual performing 38 services for it after the expiration of six calendar months following the last calendar month in which the individual performed services 39 40 for such employing unit; 41 (3) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit 42 to, or on behalf of, an individual performing services for it or his or 43her beneficiary: (a) From or to a trust described in 26 U.S.C. Section 401(a) 44 which is exempt from tax pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 501(a) at 45the time of such payment unless such payment is made to an 46 47employee of the trust as remuneration for services rendered as 48 such an employee and not as a beneficiary of the trust; or 49 (b) Under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such 50payments, meets the requirements of Section 404(a)(2) of the 51Federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.A. Section 404); 52(4) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit 53(without deduction from the remuneration of the individual in 54employment) of the tax imposed pursuant to Section 3101 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.A. Section 3101) upon an 55individual with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for 56domestic service in a private home or for agricultural labor; 57(5) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to 5859 an individual for services not in the course of the employing unit's 60 trade or business: (6) Remuneration paid in the form of meals provided to an 61 62 individual in the service of an employing unit where such 63 remuneration is furnished on the employer's premises and at the 64 employer's convenience, except that remuneration in the form of 65 meals that is considered wages and required to be reported as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. 66

Section 3306 shall be reported as wages as required thereunder;

68 (7) For the purpose of determining wages paid for 69 agricultural labor as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of 70 subsection 12 of section 288.034 and for domestic service as defined 71 in subsection 13 of section 288.034, only cash wages paid shall be 72 considered;

(8) Beginning on October 1, 1996, any payment to, or on
behalf of, an employee or the employee's beneficiary under a
cafeteria plan, if such payment would not be treated as wages
pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

772. The increases or decreases to the state taxable wage base 78for the remainder of calendar year 2004 shall be eight thousand 79 dollars, and the state taxable wage base in calendar year 2005, and 80 each calendar year thereafter, shall be determined by the 81 provisions within this subsection. On January 1, 2005, the state 82 taxable wage base for calendar year 2005, 2006, and 2007 shall be 83 eleven thousand dollars. The taxable wage base for calendar year 2008 shall be twelve thousand dollars. The state taxable wage 84 85 base for each calendar year thereafter shall be determined by the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund of 86 87 the four preceding calendar quarters (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first of the 88 89 preceding calendar year), less any outstanding federal Title XII 90 advances received pursuant to section 288.330, less the principal, 91 interest, and administrative expenses related to any credit 92 instrument issued under section 288.030, and less the principal, 93 interest, and administrative expenses related to any financial agreements under subdivision (17) of subsection 2 of section 94 288.330. When the average balance of the unemployment 95 96 compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December 97 98 thirty-first of the preceding calendar year), as so determined is:

99 (1) Less than, or equal to, three hundred fifty million
100 dollars, then the wage base shall increase by one thousand dollars;
101 or

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(2) Six hundred fifty million or more, then the state taxable

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103 wage base for the subsequent calendar year shall be decreased by 104 five hundred dollars. In no event, however, shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond twelve thousand five hundred dollars, 105106 or decrease to less than seven thousand dollars. For calendar year 107 2009, the tax wage base shall be twelve thousand five hundred 108 dollars. For calendar year 2010 and each calendar year thereafter, 109in no event shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond thirteen thousand dollars, or decrease to less than seven thousand 110 dollars. 111

For any calendar year, the state taxable wage base shall not be reduced to less than that part of the remuneration which is subject to a tax under a federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment compensation trust fund. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the wage base from increasing or decreasing by increments of five hundred dollars.]

288.036. 1. "Wages" means all remuneration, payable or paid, for personal services including commissions and bonuses and, except as provided in $\mathbf{2}$ subdivision (7) of this [section] subsection, the cash value of all remuneration 3 paid in any medium other than cash. Gratuities, including tips received from 4 persons other than the employing unit, shall be considered wages only if required 5 to be reported as wages [pursuant to] under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 6 7 26 U.S.C. Section [3306] 3301, et seq., as amended, and shall be, for the purposes of this chapter, treated as having been paid by the employing 8 9 unit. Severance pay shall be considered as wages to the extent required [pursuant to] under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Section 10 3306(b). Vacation pay, termination pay, severance pay, and holiday pay shall 11 be considered as wages for the week with respect to which it is payable. The 12total amount of wages derived from severance pay, if paid to an insured 13 14 in a lump sum, shall be pro-rated on a weekly basis at the rate of pay received by the insured at the time of termination for the purposes of 1516 determining unemployment benefits eligibility. The term "wages" shall not include: 17

(1) The amount of any payment made (including any amount paid by an
employing unit for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such
payment) to, or on behalf of, an individual under a plan or system established by

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an employing unit which makes provision generally for individuals performingservices for it or for a class or classes of such individuals, on account of:

(a) Sickness or accident disability, but in case of payments made to an
employee or any of the employee's dependents this paragraph shall exclude from
the term wages only payments which are received pursuant to a workers'
compensation law; or

(b) Medical and hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness oraccident disability; or

29 (c) Death;

30 (2) The amount of any payment on account of sickness or accident 31 disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or 32 accident disability, made by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual 33 performing services for it after the expiration of six calendar months following the 34 last calendar month in which the individual performed services for such 35 employing unit;

36 (3) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit to, or on 37 behalf of, an individual performing services for it or his or her beneficiary:

(a) From or to a trust described in 26 U.S.C. Section 401(a) which is
exempt from tax pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 501(a) at the time of such
payment unless such payment is made to an employee of the trust as
remuneration for services rendered as such an employee and not as a beneficiary
of the trust; or

(b) Under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such payments,
meets the requirements of Section 404(a)(2) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code
(26 U.S.C.A. Section 404);

(4) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit (without
deduction from the remuneration of the individual in employment) of the tax
imposed pursuant to Section 3101 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code (26
U.S.C.A. Section 3101) upon an individual with respect to remuneration paid to
an employee for domestic service in a private home or for agricultural labor;

(5) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an individual
for services not in the course of the employing unit's trade or business;

53 (6) Remuneration paid in the form of meals provided to an individual in 54 the service of an employing unit where such remuneration is furnished on the 55 employer's premises and at the employer's convenience, except that remuneration 56 in the form of meals that is considered wages and required to be reported as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Section 3306shall be reported as wages as required thereunder;

59 (7) For the purpose of determining wages paid for agricultural labor as 60 defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 12 of section 288.034 and 61 for domestic service as defined in subsection 13 of section 288.034, only cash 62 wages paid shall be considered;

63 (8) Beginning on October 1, 1996, any payment to, or on behalf of, an
64 employee or the employee's beneficiary under a cafeteria plan, if such payment
65 would not be treated as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

2. The increases or decreases to the state taxable wage base for the 66 67 remainder of calendar year 2004 shall be eight thousand dollars, and the state 68 taxable wage base in calendar year 2005, and each calendar year thereafter, shall 69 be determined by the provisions within this subsection. On January 1, 2005, the state taxable wage base for calendar year 2005, 2006, and 2007 shall be eleven 70 71thousand dollars. The taxable wage base for calendar year 2008 shall be twelve 72thousand dollars. The state taxable wage base for each calendar year thereafter 73shall be determined by the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding calendar quarters (September thirtieth, June 74thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar 75year), less any outstanding federal Title XII advances received pursuant to 7677section 288.330, less the principal, interest, and administrative expenses related to any credit instrument issued under section 288.030, and less the principal, 7879 interest, and administrative expenses related to any financial agreements under 80 subdivision (17) of subsection 2 of section 288.330. When the average balance of 81 the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters 82 (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year), as so determined is: 83

84 (1) Less than, or equal to, three hundred fifty million dollars, then the85 wage base shall increase by one thousand dollars; or

86 (2) Six hundred fifty million or more, then the state taxable wage base for 87 the subsequent calendar year shall be decreased by five hundred dollars. In no 88 event, however, shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond twelve 89 thousand five hundred dollars, or decrease to less than seven thousand 90 dollars. For calendar year 2009, the tax wage base shall be twelve thousand five 91 hundred dollars. For calendar year 2010 and each calendar year thereafter, in 92 no event shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond thirteen thousand 93 dollars, or decrease to less than seven thousand dollars.

94 For any calendar year, the state taxable wage base shall not be reduced to less 95 than that part of the remuneration which is subject to a tax under a federal law 96 imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to 97 be paid into a state unemployment compensation trust fund. Nothing in this 98 section shall be construed to prevent the wage base from increasing or decreasing 99 by increments of five hundred dollars.

[288.060. 1. All benefits shall be paid through employment offices in accordance with such regulations as the division may prescribe.

2. Each eligible insured worker who is totally unemployed
in any week shall be paid for such week a sum equal to his or her
weekly benefit amount.

7 3. Each eligible insured worker who is partially unemployed in any week shall be paid for such week a partial benefit. Such 8 9 partial benefit shall be an amount equal to the difference between 10 his or her weekly benefit amount and that part of his or her wages for such week in excess of twenty dollars, and, if such partial 11 12benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall 13be reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount. For calendar year 2007 and each year thereafter, such partial benefit shall be an 14amount equal to the difference between his or her weekly benefit 1516 amount and that part of his or her wages for such week in excess 17of twenty dollars or twenty percent of his or her weekly benefit 18 amount, whichever is greater, and, if such partial benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be reduced to the 1920nearest lower full dollar amount. Pay received by an eligible insured worker who is a member of the organized militia for 2122training or duty authorized by Section 502(a)(1) of Title 32, United 23States Code, shall not be considered wages for the purpose of this subsection. 24

4. The division shall compute the wage credits for each individual by crediting him or her with the wages paid to him or her for insured work during each quarter of his or her base period or twenty-six times his or her weekly benefit amount, whichever is the lesser. In addition, if a claimant receives wages in the form of **SCS HB 1559**

30 termination pay or severance pay and such payment appears in a base period established by the filing of an initial claim, the 3132 claimant may, at his or her option, choose to have such payment 33 included in the calendar guarter in which it was paid or choose to 34have it prorated equally among the quarters comprising the base 35 period of the claim. For the purpose of this section, wages shall be 36 counted as wage credits for any benefit year, only if such benefit 37 year begins subsequent to the date on which the employing unit by 38whom such wages were paid has become an employer. The wage credits of an individual earned during the period commencing with 39 the end of a prior base period and ending on the date on which he 40 41 or she filed an allowed initial claim shall not be available for 42 benefit purposes in a subsequent benefit year unless, in addition 43 thereto, such individual has subsequently earned either wages for 44 insured work in an amount equal to at least five times his or her current weekly benefit amount or wages in an amount equal to at 45 46 least ten times his or her current weekly benefit amount. 475. The duration of benefits payable to any insured worker during any benefit year shall be limited to: 48 49 (1) Twenty weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 50 rate is nine percent or higher; (2) Nineteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 5152rate is between eight and one-half percent and nine percent; 53(3) Eighteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 54rate is eight percent up to and including eight and one-half 55percent; (4) Seventeen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 56 57rate is between seven and one-half percent and eight percent; (5) Sixteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 5859rate is seven percent up to and including seven and one-half 60 percent; (6) Fifteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 61 62 rate is between six and one-half percent and seven percent; 63 (7) Fourteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 64 rate is six percent up to and including six and one-half percent; (8) Thirteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment 65

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rate is below six percent.

67 As used in this subsection, the phrase "Missouri average unemployment rate" means the average of the seasonally adjusted 68 69 statewide unemployment rates as published by the United States 70Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the time 71periods of January first through March thirty-first and July first 72through September thirtieth. The average of the seasonally 73adjusted statewide unemployment rates for the time period of 74January first through March thirty-first shall be effective on and after July first of each year and shall be effective through 7576December thirty-first. The average of the seasonally adjusted 77statewide unemployment rates for the time period of July first 78through September thirtieth shall be effective on and after January 79 first of each year and shall be effective through June thirtieth; and

(9) The provisions of this subsection shall become effective January 1, 2016.

82 6. In the event that benefits are due a deceased person and 83 no petition has been filed for the probate of the will or for the 84 administration of the estate of such person within thirty days after 85 his or her death, the division may by regulation provide for the 86 payment of such benefits to such person or persons as the division finds entitled thereto and every such payment shall be a valid 87 88 payment to the same extent as if made to the legal representatives 89 of the deceased.

7. The division is authorized to cancel any benefit warrant
remaining outstanding and unpaid one year after the date of its
issuance and there shall be no liability for the payment of any such
benefit warrant thereafter.

8. The division may establish an electronic funds transfer 94 95 system to transfer directly to claimants' accounts in financial institutions benefits payable to them pursuant to this chapter. To 96 97 receive benefits by electronic funds transfer, a claimant shall 98 satisfactorily complete a direct deposit application form authorizing 99 the division to deposit benefit payments into a designated checking 100 or savings account. Any electronic funds transfer system created pursuant to this subsection shall be administered in accordance 101

with regulations prescribed by the division.

1039. The division may issue a benefit warrant covering more104 than one week of benefits.

10510. Prior to January 1, 2005, the division shall institute 106 procedures including, but not limited to, name, date of birth, and 107 Social Security verification matches for remote claims filing via the 108 use of telephone or the internet in accordance with such regulations as the division shall prescribe. At a minimum, the 109 division shall verify the Social Security number and date of birth 110 when an individual claimant initially files for unemployment 111 insurance benefits. If verification information does not match what 112113 is on file in division databases to what the individual is stating, the 114 division shall require the claimant to submit a division-approved form requesting an affidavit of eligibility prior to the payment of 115116 additional future benefits. The division of employment security 117 shall cross-check unemployment compensation applicants and 118 recipients with Social Security Administration data maintained by the federal government at least weekly. The division of 119 120 employment security shall cross-check at least monthly 121 unemployment compensation applicants and recipients with 122department of revenue drivers license databases.]

288.060. 1. All benefits shall be paid through employment offices in 2 accordance with such regulations as the division may prescribe.

3 2. Each eligible insured worker who is totally unemployed in any week4 shall be paid for such week a sum equal to his or her weekly benefit amount.

 $\mathbf{5}$ 3. Each eligible insured worker who is partially unemployed in any week shall be paid for such week a partial benefit. Such partial benefit shall be an 6 amount equal to the difference between his or her weekly benefit amount and 7that part of his or her wages for such week in excess of twenty dollars, and, if 8 such partial benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be 9 reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount. For calendar year 2007 and each 10 year thereafter, such partial benefit shall be an amount equal to the difference 11 12between his or her weekly benefit amount and that part of his or her wages for 13 such week in excess of twenty dollars or twenty percent of his or her weekly 14 benefit amount, whichever is greater, and, if such partial benefit amount is not 15a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be reduced to the nearest lower full

dollar amount. [Termination pay, severance pay, or] Pay received by an eligible
insured worker who is a member of the organized militia for training or duty
authorized by Section 502(a)(1) of Title 32, United States Code, shall not be
considered wages for the purpose of this subsection.

204. The division shall compute the wage credits for each individual by 21crediting him or her with the wages paid to him or her for insured work during 22each quarter of his or her base period or twenty-six times his or her weekly benefit amount, whichever is the lesser. In addition, if a claimant receives wages 2324in the form of termination pay or severance pay and such payment appears in a 25base period established by the filing of an initial claim, the claimant may, at his 26or her option, choose to have such payment included in the calendar quarter in 27which it was paid or choose to have it prorated equally among the quarters 28comprising the base period of the claim. The maximum total amount of benefits payable to any insured worker during any benefit year shall not exceed twenty 2930 times his or her weekly benefit amount, or thirty-three and one-third percent of his or her wage credits, whichever is the lesser. For the purpose of this section, 31 32 wages shall be counted as wage credits for any benefit year, only if such benefit year begins subsequent to the date on which the employing unit by whom such 33 wages were paid has become an employer. The wage credits of an individual 34earned during the period commencing with the end of a prior base period and 35 36 ending on the date on which he or she filed an allowed initial claim shall not be 37 available for benefit purposes in a subsequent benefit year unless, in addition thereto, such individual has subsequently earned either wages for insured work 38 39 in an amount equal to at least five times his or her current weekly benefit 40 amount or wages in an amount equal to at least ten times his or her current weekly benefit amount. 41

5. In the event that benefits are due a deceased person and no petition has been filed for the probate of the will or for the administration of the estate of such person within thirty days after his or her death, the division may by regulation provide for the payment of such benefits to such person or persons as the division finds entitled thereto and every such payment shall be a valid payment to the same extent as if made to the legal representatives of the deceased.

6. The division is authorized to cancel any benefit warrant remaining
outstanding and unpaid one year after the date of its issuance and there shall be
no liability for the payment of any such benefit warrant thereafter.

527. The division may establish an electronic funds transfer system to transfer directly to claimants' accounts in financial institutions benefits payable 53to them pursuant to this chapter. To receive benefits by electronic funds transfer, 54a claimant shall satisfactorily complete a direct deposit application form 55authorizing the division to deposit benefit payments into a designated checking 56or savings account. Any electronic funds transfer system created pursuant to this 57subsection shall be administered in accordance with regulations prescribed by the 58division. 59

8. The division may issue a benefit warrant covering more than one weekof benefits.

62 9. Prior to January 1, 2005, the division shall institute procedures 63 including, but not limited to, name, date of birth, and Social Security verification 64 matches for remote claims filing via the use of telephone or the internet in accordance with such regulations as the division shall prescribe. At a minimum, 65 66 the division shall verify the Social Security number and date of birth when an individual claimant initially files for unemployment insurance benefits. If 67 68 verification information does not match what is on file in division databases to what the individual is stating, the division shall require the claimant to submit 69 70 a division-approved form requesting an affidavit of eligibility prior to the payment 71of additional future benefits. The division of employment security shall 72cross-check unemployment compensation applicants and recipients with Social Security Administration data maintained by the federal government at least 7374weekly. The division of employment security shall cross-check at least monthly 75unemployment compensation applicants and recipients with department of 76 revenue drivers license databases.

288.132. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Unemployment Automation Fund", which shall consist of money collected [under $\mathbf{2}$ subsection 1 of section 288.131] pursuant to section 288.133, and such other 3 state funds appropriated by the general assembly. The state treasurer shall be 4 custodian of the fund and may approve disbursements from the fund in 5accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180. Upon appropriation, money in the 6 fund shall be used solely for the purpose of providing automated systems, and the 7 8 payment of associated costs, to improve the administration of the state's 9 unemployment insurance program. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 10 33.080 to the contrary, all moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state 11

treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds areinvested. Any interest and money earned on such investments shall be creditedto the fund.

2. The unemployment automation fund shall not be used in whole or in part for any purpose or in any manner that would permit its substitution for, or a corresponding reduction in, federal funds that would be available in its absence to finance expenditures for the administration of this chapter, or cause the appropriate agency of the United States government to withhold any part of an administrative grant which would otherwise be made.

288.133. 1. Each employer liable for contributions pursuant to this chapter, except employers with a contribution rate equal to zero, shall pay an annual unemployment automation adjustment in an amount equal to fifteen one-thousandths of one percent of such employer's total taxable wages for the twelve-month period ending the preceding June thirtieth.

2. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section to the contrary,
8 the division may reduce the automation adjustment percentage to
9 ensure that the total amount of adjustment due from all employers
10 under this section shall not exceed five million dollars annually.

11 3. Each employer liable to pay an automation adjustment shall be notified of the amount due under this section by March thirty-first 12of each year and such amount shall be considered delinquent thirty 13 days thereafter. Delinquent unemployment automation adjustment 14amounts may be collected in the manner provided under sections 15288.160 and 288.170. All moneys collected under this section shall be 16 deposited in the unemployment automation fund established in section 17 288.132. 18

19 4. For the first quarter of each calendar year, the total amount 20 of contribution otherwise due from each employer liable to pay 21 contributions under this chapter shall be reduced by the dollar amount 22 of unemployment automation adjustment due from such employer 23 pursuant to subsection 1 of this section. However, the amount of 24 contributions due from such employer for the first quarter of the 25 calendar year in question shall not be reduced below zero.

290.502. 1. Except as may be otherwise provided pursuant to sections
2 290.500 to 290.530, effective January 1, 2007, every employer shall pay to each
3 employee wages at the rate of \$6.50 per hour, or wages at the same rate or rates

4 set under the provisions of federal law as the prevailing federal minimum wage
5 applicable to those covered jobs in interstate commerce, whichever rate per hour
6 is higher.

7 2. The minimum wage shall be increased or decreased on January 1, 2008, and on January 1 of successive years, by the increase or decrease in the cost of 8 living. On September 30, 2007, and on each September 30 of each successive 9 10 year, the director shall measure the increase or decrease in the cost of living by 11 the percentage increase or decrease as of the preceding July over the level as of July of the immediately preceding year of the Consumer Price Index for Urban 12Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) or successor index as published by 13 14the U.S. Department of Labor or its successor agency, with the amount of the 15minimum wage increase or decrease rounded to the nearest five cents.

16 3. Except as may be otherwise provided pursuant to sections 290.500 to 290.530, and notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section, effective January 1, 1718 2019, every employer shall pay to each employee wages at the rate of not less than \$8.60 per hour, or wages at the same rate or rates set under the provisions 19 20of federal law as the prevailing federal minimum wage applicable to those covered jobs in interstate commerce, whichever rate per hour is higher. Thereafter, the 2122minimum wage established by this subsection shall be increased each year by 23\$.85 per hour, effective January 1 of each of the next four years, until it reaches \$12.00 per hour, effective January 1, 2023. Thereafter, the minimum wage 24established by this subsection shall be increased or decreased on January 1, 2024, 2526and on January 1 of successive years, per the method set forth in subsection 2 of 27this section. If at any time the federal minimum wage rate is above or is 28thereafter increased above the minimum wage then in effect under this subsection, the minimum wage required by this subsection shall continue to be 29increased pursuant to this subsection, but the higher federal rate shall 30 immediately become the minimum wage required by this subsection and shall be 31increased or decreased per the method set forth in subsection 2 for so long as it 32 33 remains higher than the state minimum wage required and increased pursuant to this subsection. 34

4. (1) For purposes of this section, the term "public employer" means an employer that is the state or a political subdivision of the state, including a department, agency, officer, bureau, division, board, commission, or instrumentality of the state, or a city, county, town, village, school district, or other political subdivision of the state. Subsection 3 of this section shall not 43(2) For purposes of this section, the term "private school" means any nonpublic school or school operated by a religious organization as 44 defined in section 407.453 that is not a public school as defined under 45section 160.011. Subsection 3 of this section shall not apply to 46 employers that are private schools with respect to their 4748 employees. Any employer that is a private school that is subject to subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall continue to be subject to those 49subsections. 50

Section B. The enactment of section 288.133, and the repeal and 2 reenactment of section 288.132 of this act shall become effective January 1, 2021.

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