SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1533

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE ELLEBRACHT.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To amend chapter 435, RSMo, by adding thereto three new sections relating to the failure to pay arbitration fees.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 435, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto three new sections, to 2 be known as sections 435.500, 435.503, and 435.506, to read as follows:

435.500. 1. In an employment or consumer arbitration that requires, either expressly or through application of state or federal law or the rules of the arbitration administrator, the drafting party to pay certain fees and costs before the arbitration can proceed, if the fees or costs to initiate an arbitration proceeding are not paid within thirty days after the due date, the drafting party is in material breach of the arbitration agreement, is in default of the arbitration, and waives its right to compel arbitration.

2. If the drafting party materially breaches the arbitration agreement and is in
default under subsection 1 of this section, the employee or consumer may do either of
the following:

10 (1) Withdraw the claim from arbitration and proceed in a court of appropriate 11 jurisdiction; or

12 (2) Compel arbitration in which the drafting party shall pay reasonable 13 attorney's fees and costs related to the arbitration.

14 **3.** If the employee or consumer withdraws the claim from arbitration and 15 proceeds with an action in a court of appropriate jurisdiction under subdivision (1) of 16 subsection 2 of this section, the statute of limitations with regard to all claims brought or

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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HB 1533

that relate back to any claim brought in arbitration shall be tolled as of the date of the
first filing of a claim in any court, arbitration forum, or other dispute resolution forum.
4. If the employee or consumer proceeds with an action in a court of appropriate
jurisdiction, the court shall impose sanctions on the drafting party in accordance with
section 435.506.

435.503. 1. In an employment or consumer arbitration that requires, either expressly or through application of state or federal law or the rules of the arbitration provider, that the drafting party pay certain fees and costs during the pendency of an arbitration proceeding, if the fees or costs required to continue the arbitration proceeding are not paid within thirty days after the due date, the drafting party is in material breach of the arbitration agreement, is in default of the arbitration, and waives its right to compel the employee or consumer to proceed with that arbitration as a result of the material breach.

9 2. If the drafting party materially breaches the arbitration agreement and is in 10 default under subsection 1 of this section, the employee or consumer may unilaterally 11 elect to do any of the following:

12 (1) Withdraw the claim from arbitration and proceed in a court of appropriate 13 jurisdiction. If the employee or consumer withdraws the claim from arbitration and 14 proceeds with an action in a court of appropriate jurisdiction, the statute of limitations 15 with regard to all claims brought or that relate back to any claim brought in arbitration 16 shall be tolled as of the date of the first filing of a claim in any court, arbitration forum, 17 or other dispute resolution forum;

(2) Continue the arbitration proceeding, if the arbitration company agrees to continue administering the proceeding, notwithstanding the drafting party's failure to pay fees or costs. The neutral arbitrator or arbitration company may institute a collection action at the conclusion of the arbitration proceeding against the drafting party that is in default of the arbitration for payment of all fees associated with the employment or consumer arbitration proceeding, including the cost of administering any proceedings after the default;

25 (3) Petition the court for an order compelling the drafting party to pay all 26 arbitration fees that the drafting party is obligated to pay under the arbitration 27 agreement or the rules of the arbitration company; or

(4) Pay the drafting party's fees and proceed with the arbitration proceeding. As part of the award, the employee or consumer shall recover all arbitration fees paid on behalf of the drafting party without regard to any findings on the merits in the underlying arbitration.

HB 1533

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32 **3.** If the employee or consumer withdraws the claim from arbitration and 33 proceeds in a court of appropriate jurisdiction under subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 34 this section, both of the following apply:

(1) The employee or consumer may bring a motion, or a separate action, to recover all attorney's fees and all costs associated with the abandoned arbitration proceeding. The recovery of arbitration fees, interest, and related attorney's fees shall be without regard to any findings on the merits in the underlying action or arbitration; and

40 (2) The court shall impose sanctions on the drafting party in accordance with 41 section 435.506.

42 4. If the employee or consumer continues in arbitration under subdivisions (2) to 43 (4) of subsection 2 of this section, inclusive, the arbitrator shall impose appropriate 44 sanctions on the drafting party, including monetary sanctions, issue sanctions, evidence 45 sanctions, or terminating sanctions.

435.506. 1. The court shall impose a monetary sanction against a drafting party that materially breaches an arbitration agreement under subsection 1 of section 435.500 or subsection 1 of section 435.503, by ordering the drafting party to pay the reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees and costs, incurred by the employee or consumer as a result of the material breach.

6 2. In addition to the monetary sanction described in subsection 1 of this section, 7 the court may order any of the following sanctions against a drafting party that 8 materially breaches an arbitration agreement under subsection 1 of section 435.500 or 9 subsection 1 of section 435.503, unless the court finds that the one subject to the sanction 10 acted with substantial justification or that other circumstances make the imposition of 11 the sanction unjust:

12 (1) An evidence sanction by an order prohibiting the drafting party from 13 conducting discovery in the civil action;

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(2) A terminating sanction by one of the following orders:

(a) An order striking out the pleadings or parts of the pleadings of the drafting
 party; or

(b) An order rendering a judgment by default against the drafting party; or

18 (3) A contempt sanction by an order treating the drafting party as in contempt19 of court.

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